MODEL DEFORMATION SYSTEM

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Harlan K. Holmes NASA Langley Research Center Hampton, Virginia The high model loads to be encountered in the National Transonic Facility (NTF) will cause large model deflections, thus creating a new measurement requirement, that of measuring model deformation. Our goal is to be able to measure peak deflections of up to 3 in. with accuracies to within 0.0025 in. over an area 1 m square as the model pitches through an included angle of  $30^{\circ}$ . Stereophotogrammetric techniques are being implemented, with the initial system being an extension of standard techniques. A second system, which will be all electronic, is under development. Both techniques will require targets to be strategically placed on the model. Active targets are being developed for location in the model in order to maximize the signal-to-noise ratio and to approximate a point source. Image-processing techniques and stereo-photogrammetric data reduction programs are being implemented to perform the data reduction tasks.

## SPECIFIC TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

- VIEWING AREA 36 IN. SQUARE
- MODEL PITCH 11 TO +19 DEGREES
- MEASUREMENT TIME < 2 SECONDS</li>
- NUMBER OF POINTS UP TO 50
- MAXIMUM DEFLECTION 3 INCHES
- ACCURACY DESIRED ± 0.0025 INCHES
- ENVIRONMENT

TEMPERATURE	-	140 TO 510°R
PRESSURE	-	130 PSIA MAX
SOUND PRESSURE	-	150dB SPL

## MODEL DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT FOR NTF



SCANNING STEREO PHOTOGRAMMETRY



NOTE: FIELDS.OF VIEW ARE IN A PLANE THROUGH THE TUNNEL CENTER LINE (Z=0)

SETS PRELIMINARY OPTICAL DESIGN (26<sup>0</sup> angle)



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TARGET ORIENTATION



ACTIVE TARGET CONCEPTS





MULTIPLE LED





MULTIPLE FIBER