SMALL GAS TURBINE COMBUSTOR PRIMARY ZONE STUDY

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SUMMARY OF PRESENTATION

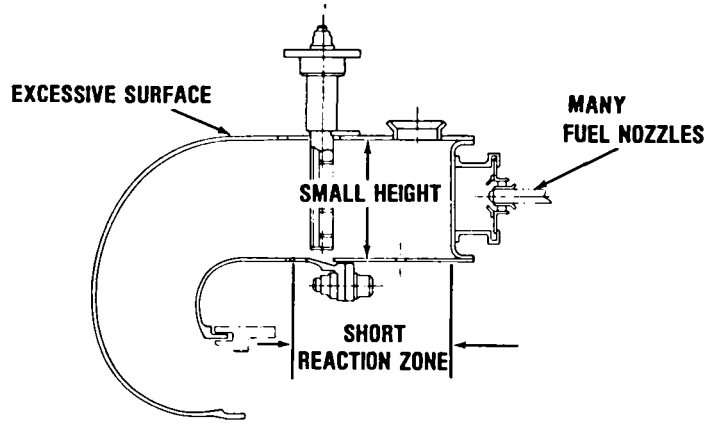
This talk will summarize the combustion research program sponsored by NASA Lewis Contract No. NAS3-22762, "Small Gas Turbine Combustor Primary Zone Study." Recent publication on this effort was the June 22, 1982 AIAA Paper 82-1159 authored by R. Sullivan, A. Novick, G. Miles of Detroit Diesel Allison, and by D. Briehl of NASA Lewis Research Center, who is the Project Manager.

The presentation will describe the basic elements of a design methodology program to obtain the maximum performance potential of small reverse-flow annular combustors. Three preferred combustion design approaches for internal flame stabilization patterns were selected for study. Design features were incorporated in the combustors to address the performance limiting problem areas associated with small annular combustors. Performance was predicted using a 3-D aerodynamic/chemical kinetic elliptic flow analysis, initially developed by Garrett Corporation for the USARTL. The analytical performance predictions are compared with actual test results, measured at the exit plane of the primary zone. The findings illustrate that the analytical flowfield predictive models provide a very useful design tool for understanding the combustion performance of a small reverse-flow annular combustor.

OBJECTIVE

- FORMULATE UNDERSTANDING OF PRIMARY ZONE AERODYNAMICS
  - RELATE TO PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION
- IMPROVE DESIGN METHODOLOGY OF REVERSE FLOW ANNULAR COMBUSTORS
  - INTERACTIVE DESIGN, ANALYSIS AND TEST

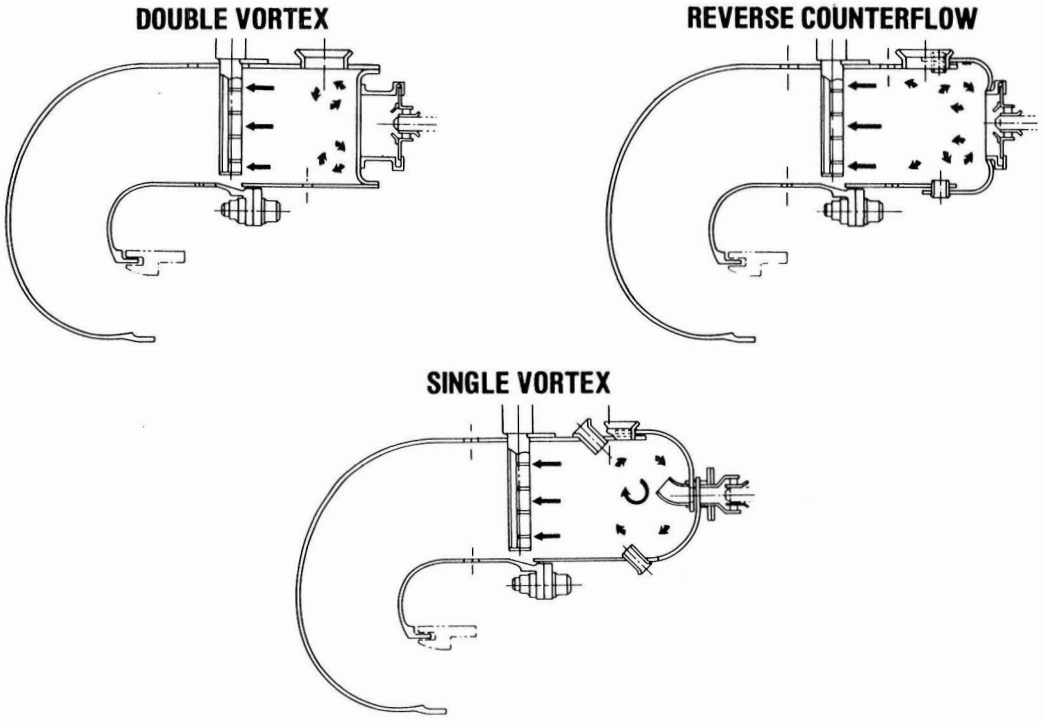
CHARACTERISTICS OF REVERSE FLOW ANNULAR COMBUSTOR



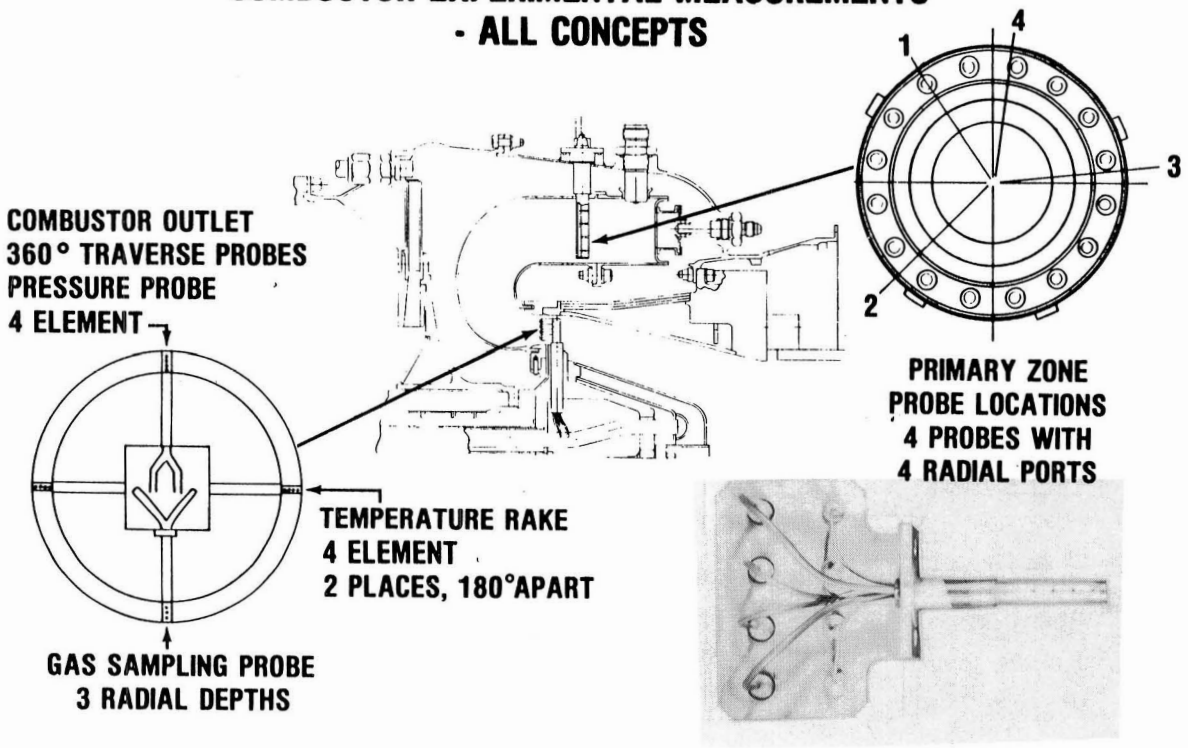
CONCERNS:

- COOLING
- ATOMIZATION
- FUEL IMPINGEMENT
- WALL QUENCHING
- REACTION TIME

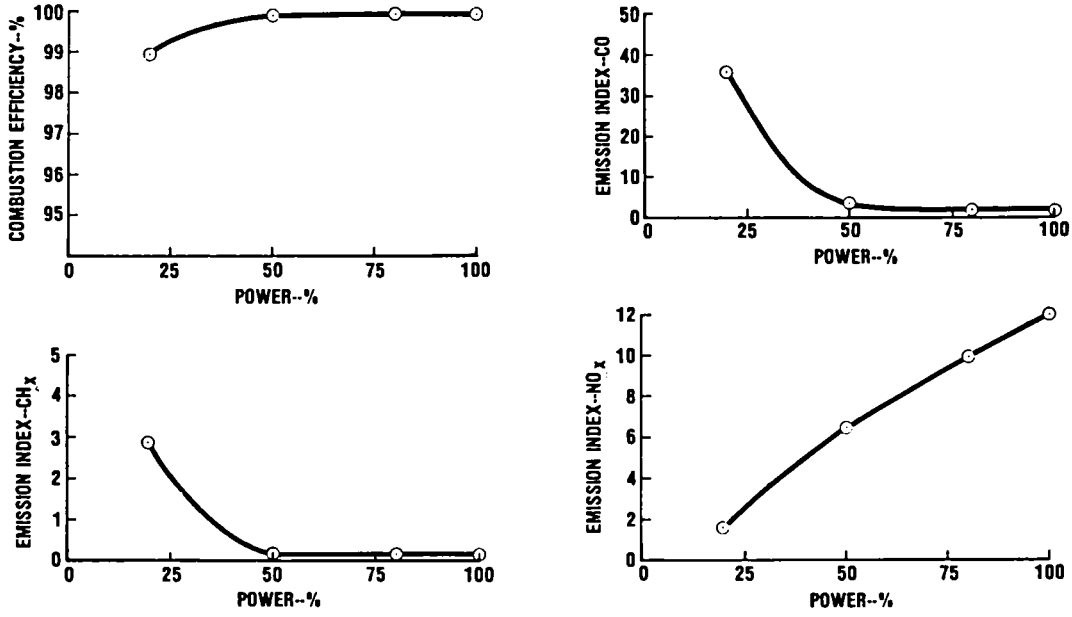
COMBUSTOR PRIMARY ZONE CONCEPTS



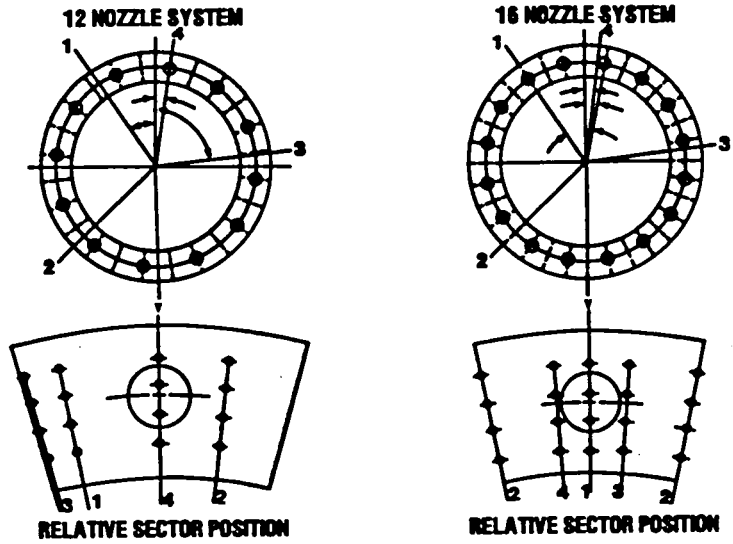
COMBUSTOR EXPERIMENTAL MEASUREMENTS - ALL CONCEPTS



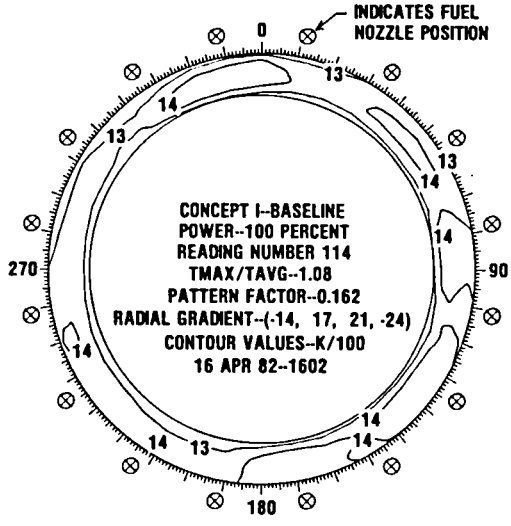
TYPICAL TEST RESULTS
CONCEPT I COMBUSTOR
EFFICIENCY AND EMISSIONS

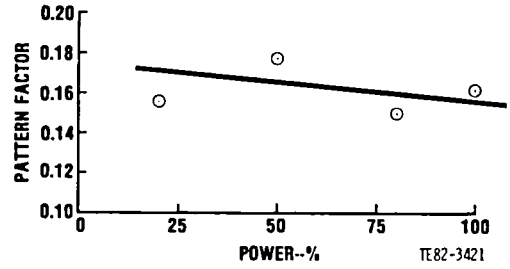


PRIMARY ZONE PROBE LOCATIONS

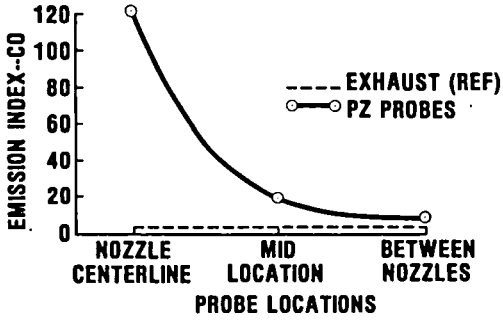


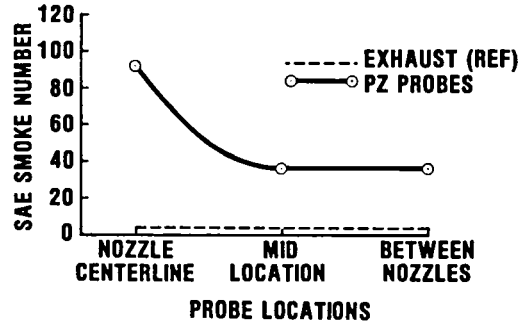
TYPICAL TEST RESULTS
CONCEPT I COMBUSTOR
PATTERN FACTOR

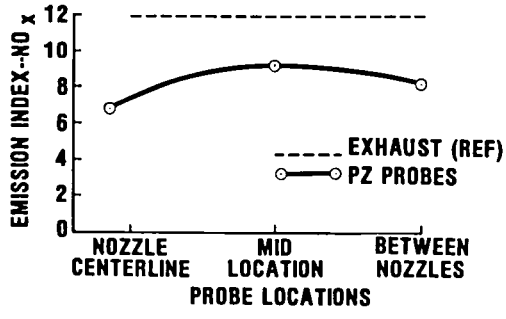


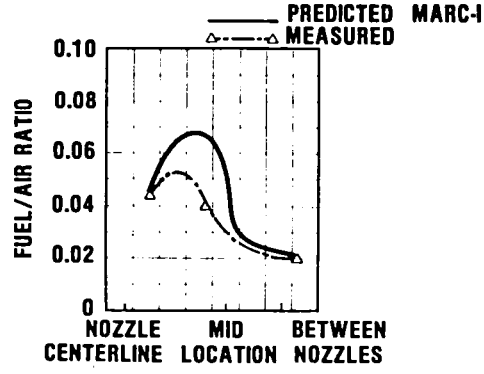


TYPICAL TEST EVALUATION AND CORRELATION WITH ANALYSIS
CONCEPT I COMBUSTOR









ANALYTICAL DESIGN PROCEDURE

- INCORPORATE ANALYTICAL ANALYSIS TO PREDICT FUEL-AIR DISTRIBUTION
  - DEFINE PRIMARY ZONE AERODYNAMICS
  - TAILOR FUEL PLACEMENT TO AIR PATTERNS
- CORRELATE TEST RESULTS TO UPDATE DESIGN PROCEDURES
  - USE ANALYTICAL ANALYSIS TO GUIDE COMBUSTOR MODIFICATIONS
  - RELATE OVERALL PERFORMANCE TO CONDITIONS IN PRIMARY ZONE

MARC-I CODE DESCRIPTION

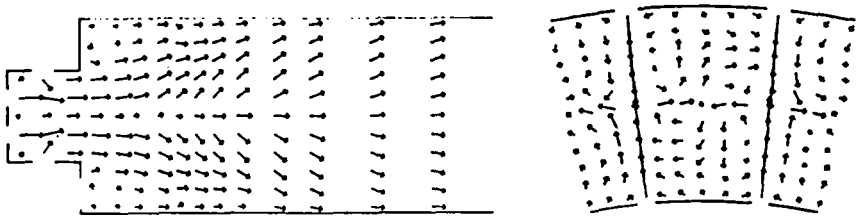
- 3-D AERODYNAMIC/REACTING ELLIPTIC FLOW ANALYSIS
- ARMY/GARRETT CODE USED AS BASELINE
- PRIMITIVE-VARIABLE, FINITE-DIFFERENCE CODE
- SOLVES NAVIER-STOKES EQUATIONS IN 3-D

MARC-I CODE ELEMENTS

- K-ϵ TURBULENCE MODEL
- FUEL SPRAY VAPORIZATION MODEL
- TWO-STEP REACTION MODEL BASED ON ARRHENIUS AND EDDY-BREAKUP CONCEPTS

$$C_XH_Y \longrightarrow CO \longrightarrow CO_2$$

TYPICAL COMPUTER OPERATION



LONGITUDINAL CROSS-SECTION

SECTOR CROSS-SECTION

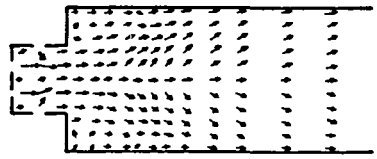
GRID SIZE:	17 X 13 X 13
REQUIRED ITERATIONS:	300 (NEW DESIGN)
	100 (DESIGN REVISION)
COMPUTER TIME (IBM 370):	15 MINUTES ($100/100 ITERATIONS)
GRID SPACING:	0.15 - 0.20 INCH

DDA MODIFICATIONS

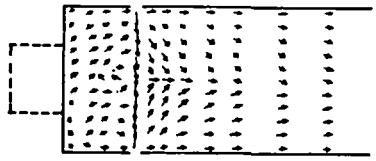
- GEOMETRIC REFINEMENT
  - PRECHAMBERS
  - SWIRLERS
  - VARIABLE DOME SHAPES
  - COOLING AIR ADMISSION
- IMPROVED DATA PRESENTATION
  - VELOCITY VECTOR VISUALIZATION
  - 3-D CONTOUR PLOTS
- RESTART CAPABILITY
  - DATA STORAGE FOR SIMILAR DESIGNS

ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE

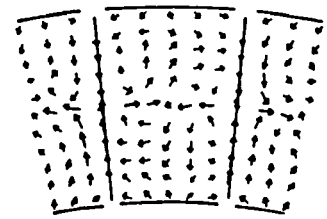
- **MARC-I**
  - **VELOCITY VECTOR AND TEMPERATURE CONTOUR PLOTS**



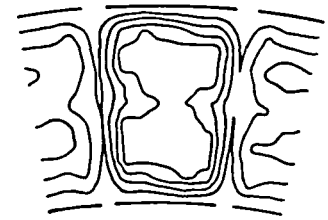
(A) LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH PRECHAMBER



(B) LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH PRIMARY HOLES



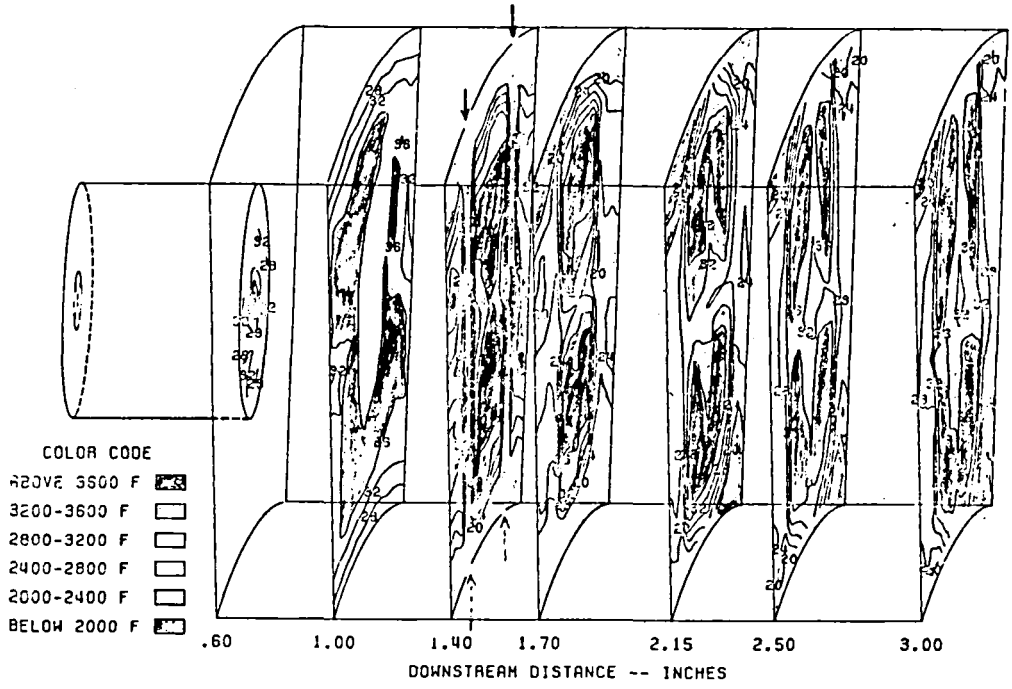
(A) VELOCITY-VECTOR PLOT



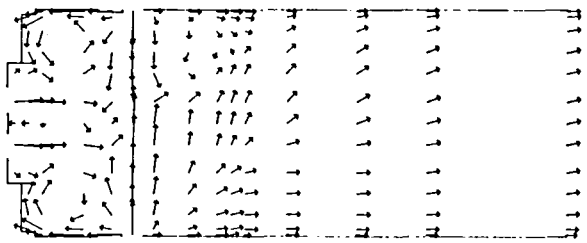
(B) TEMPERATURE CONTOUR PLOT

MARC-I

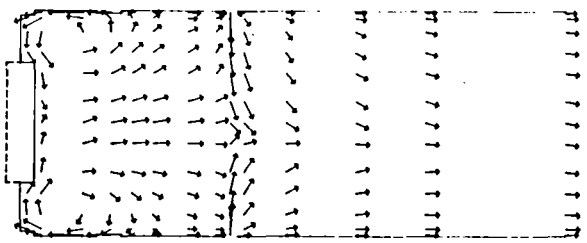
- TEMPERATURE CONTOURS (DEG F/100)



VELOCITY VECTOR PLOTS (CONCEPT II)

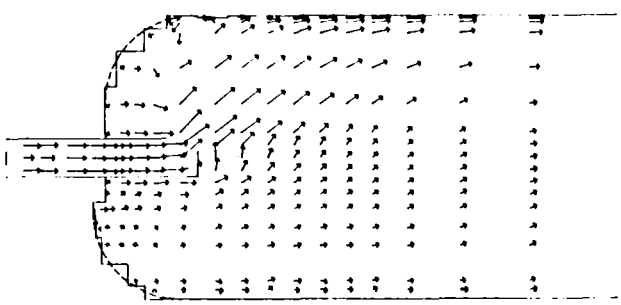


(A) LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH AXIAL SWIRLER AND PRIMARY HOLES

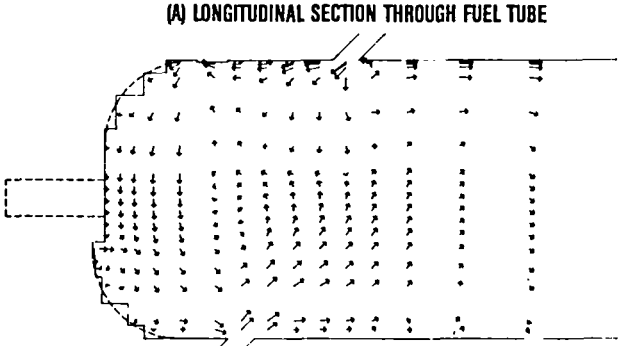


(B) LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH INTERMEDIATE HOLES

VELOCITY VECTOR PLOTS (CONCEPT III)



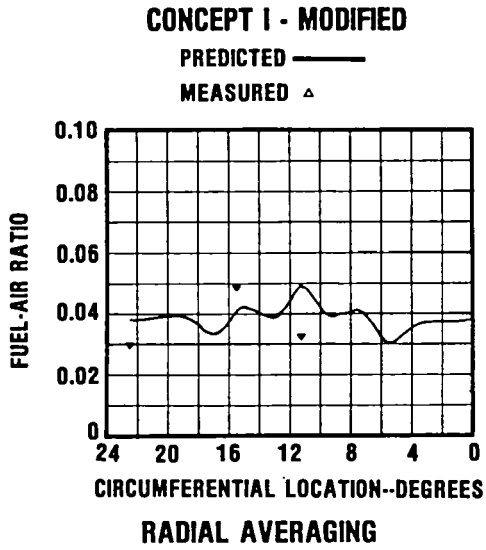
(A) LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH FUEL TUBE

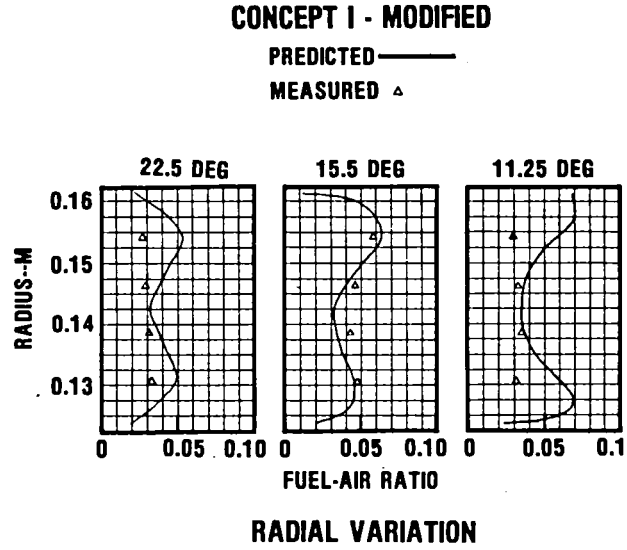


(B) LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH PRIMARY BUSHINGS

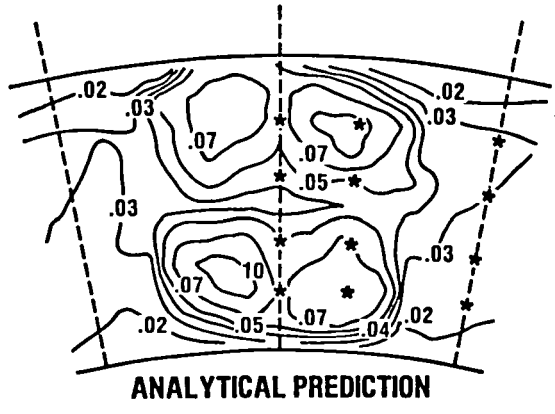
PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION OF COMBUSTOR MODIFICATIONS

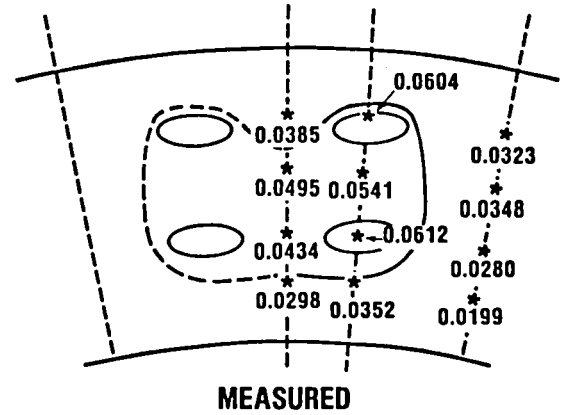
- ANALYTICAL ANALYSIS, MARC-I, USED TO GUIDE COMBUSTOR CONCEPT I MODIFICATIONS





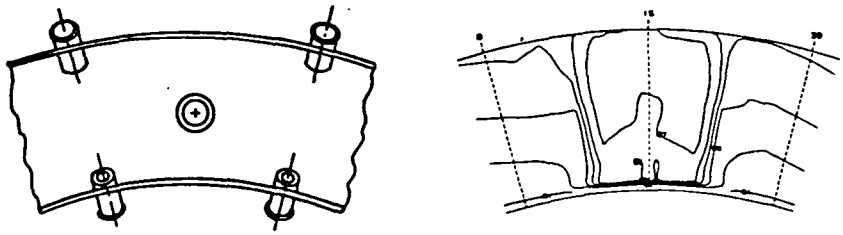
CONCEPT I — MOD I — 80-PERCENT POWER
FUEL-AIR RATIO



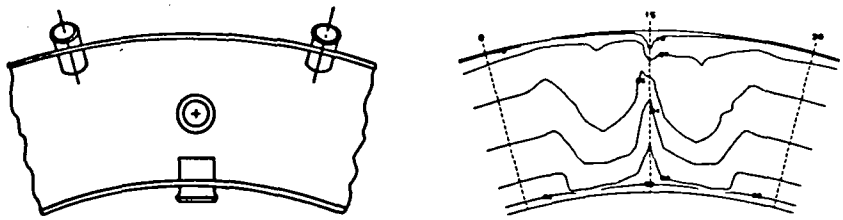


* SAMPLING REFERENCE

APPLICATION OF MARC-I TO DESIGN



(A) CONCEPT III BASELINE SECTOR WITH FUEL-AIR PROFILE AT PRIMARY ZONE EXIT



(B) CONCEPT III MODIFICATION (ADDENDUM)

SUMMARY

- USED 3-D MODEL TO DEFINE PRIMARY ZONE AERODYNAMIC AND FUEL DISTRIBUTION PATTERNS
- EXPLORED POTENTIAL OF COMBUSTOR CONCEPTS DESIGNED TO ADDRESS PROBLEMS OF REVERSE-FLOW ANNULAR COMBUSTORS
- OBTAINED PRIMARY ZONE GAS SAMPLES USING EFFECTIVELY DESIGNED WATER-COOLED PROBE
- CORRELATED PRIMARY ZONE MEASUREMENTS TO ANALYTICAL PREDICTIONS AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE