The Elephant in the Room: Biomedical Challenges for Long Duration Lunar Habitation

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Culture Clash: Engineering and Life Sciences



NASA Version of Culture Clash



Vision for Space Exploration envisions "permanent human presence" on the moon, first by establishing an "**outpost**" capable of supporting seven-day missions in 2020, then incrementally extending mission duration to as long as six months...

Six reasons for returning to the moon Reason 1: "Human Civilization: Extend Human Presence to the Moon to Enable Eventual Settlement"

First Lunar VSE Mission Milestones

Lunar Elapsed Time Milestone

2:01:55:12

3:02:59:40

6:04:48:00

0:21:36:21 Exceed Apollo 11 Lunar Surface Time (LST)

Exceed Average LST of Entire Apollo Program

Exceed Apollo 17 LST

First Lunar VSE Crew Exceeds <u>Cumulative</u> Apollo LST in Total Man-Hours



VSE: Assessing Potential Biomedical Threats

1. Are there biomedical 'showstoppers' that could potentially <u>threaten</u> the VSE or the current CONOPS?

2. What have science <u>and</u> our operational space experiences taught us that could better qualify or quantify potential threats?

3. What are the <u>implications</u> of the above on the viability and eventual success of the VSE or of permanent human lunar settlement itself?

Potential VSE Biomedical Showstoppers

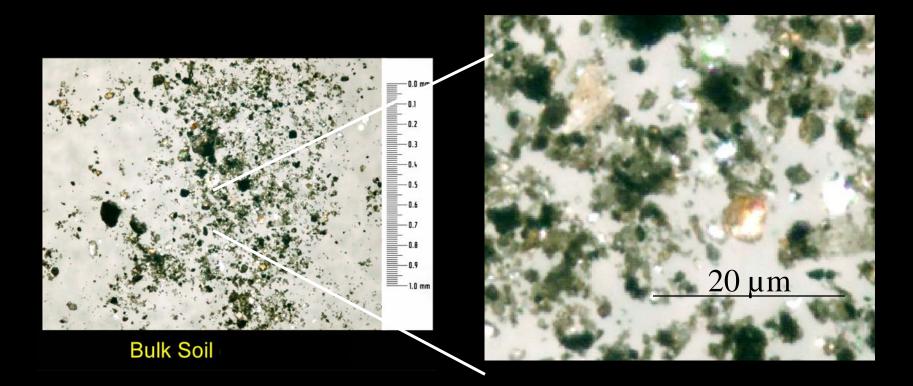
- Lunar Dust Hazards
- Radiation
- Hypogravity
- Synergistic Effects

'Dust was a pain in the #@&%we found it everywhere...coatings, seals, gaskets, filters, switches, windows, lens...it got into our nose, eyes and lungs.'



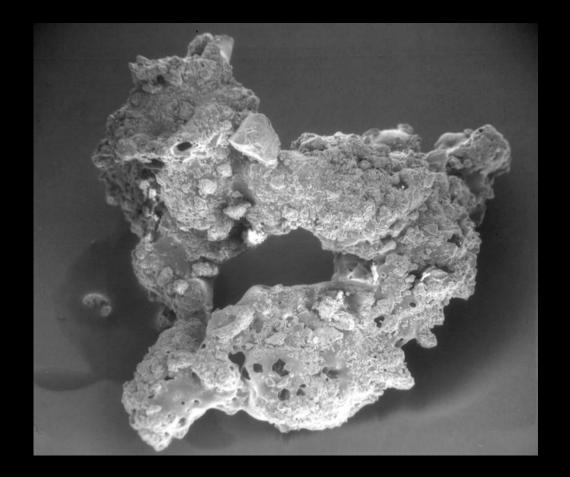


Inhalation Risks



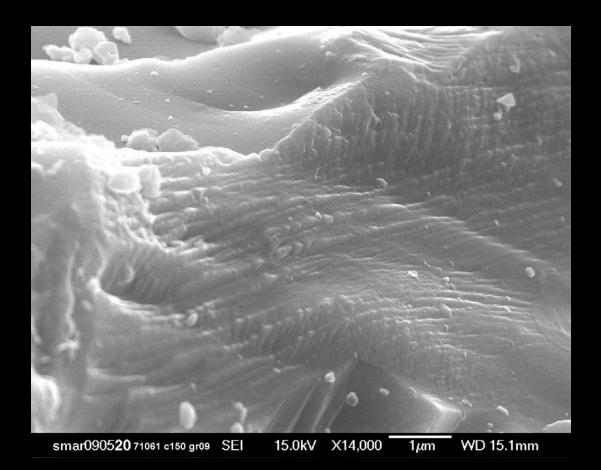
Photos Courtesy of David McKay, NASA JSC

Agglutinate

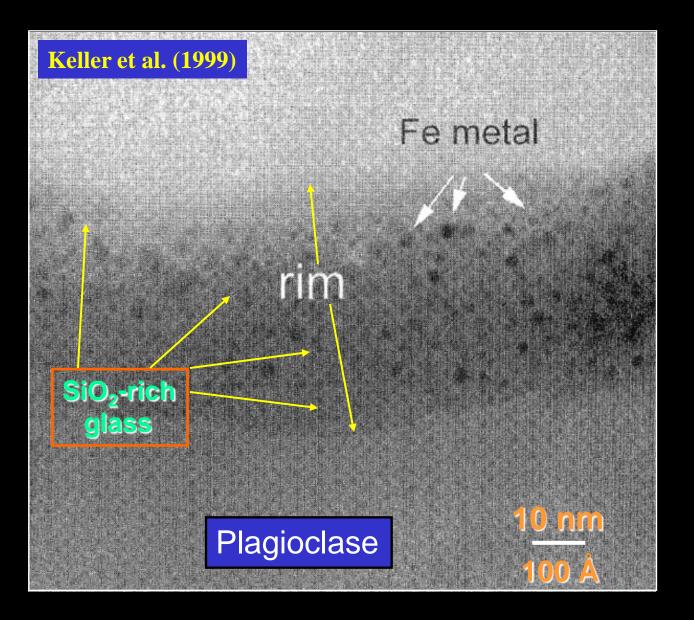


Lunar Grain Surface

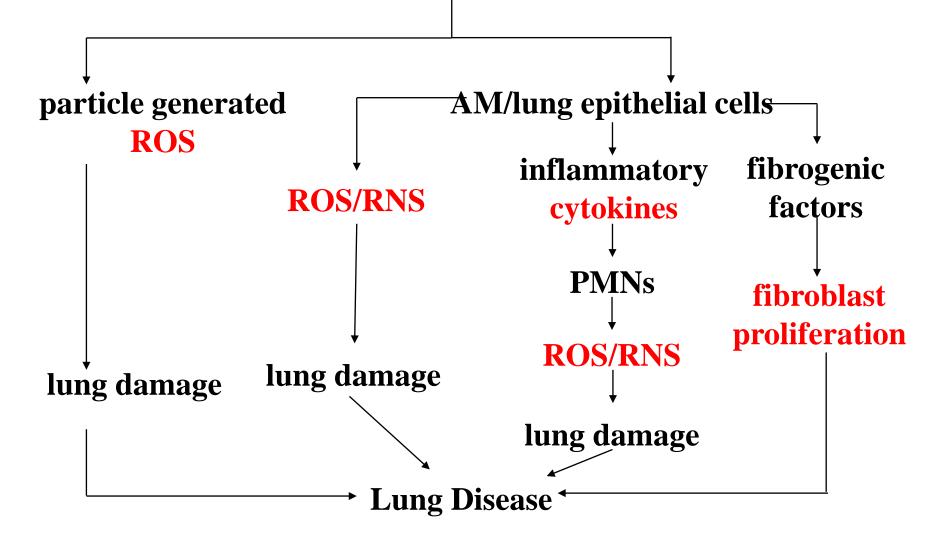
"<u>Etching</u>" by the solar wind generates high density of crystal dislocations which have high biological reactivity



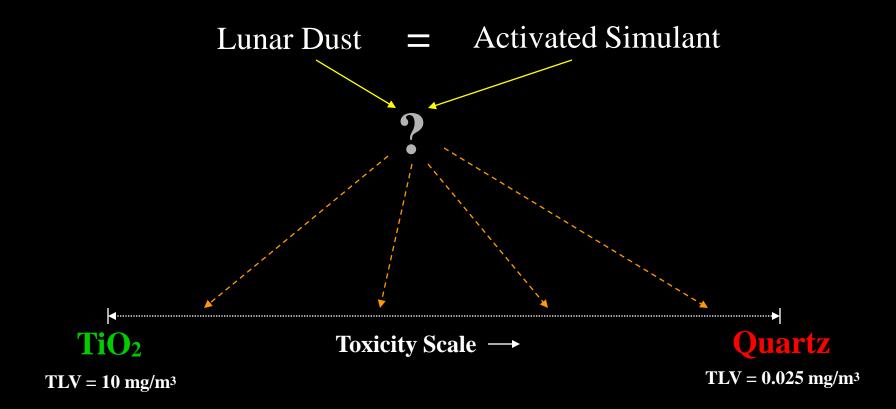
Vapor-Deposited Nanophase Fe^o on Plagioclase



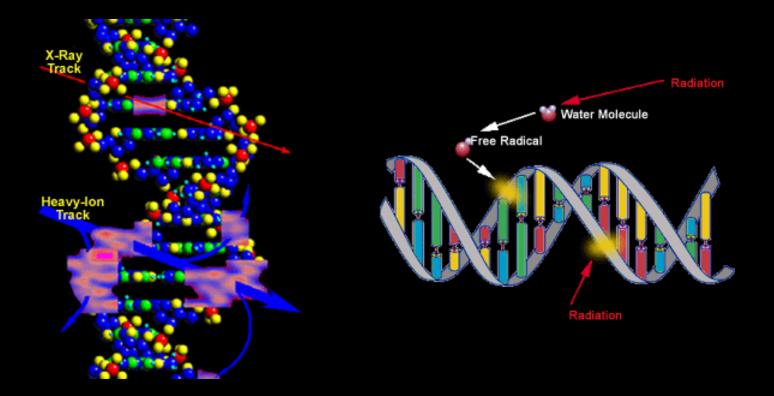
Particle Deposition in Alveolar Lung Compartment



Inhalation Toxicity Studies



Ionizing Radiation



Transfer of linear energy from solar wind and GCR into biological molecules resulting in damage (direct or indirect)

Trends in Radiation Science

Studies indicate radiation effects on human beings are <u>worse</u> than expected

<u>Increasing</u> Relative Biological Effectiveness [LEO: "Q Factor" ~ 1.3 in 1989; 2.5 in 2000]

Large <u>uncertainties</u> in risk estimates for heavy ions and neutrons due to lack of human and animal data to assess risks

Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) keep <u>decreasing</u> over time

Radiation Exposure Limits

Career PEL for 45 y.o. radiation worker was **135 rem** in 1989 but only **45 rem** by 2000 Radiation worker exposures have plummeted (annual limit of 5 rems [50mSv/yr]) (transcontinental pilots ~ 0.5 rem/yr [5 mSv/yr]

In 1976 40,000 workers received average annual dose of 0.82 rem a year [350 received more than 5 rem]

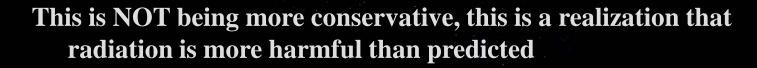
By 1999 108,000 workers received average annual dose of 0.29 rem [none received a dose > 5 rem]

Risk of Exposure Induced Death

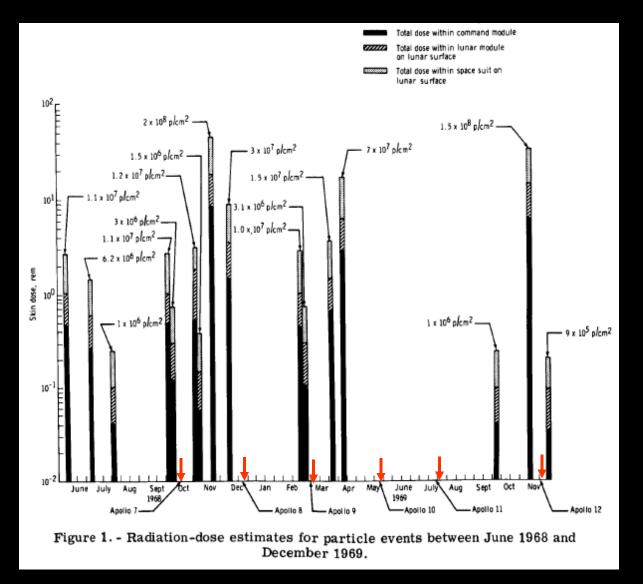
"REID" is a statistical approach pegged to a single radiation effect: DEATH from cancer directly attributable to the exposure

- In 1989 NASA accepted National Committee on Radiation Protection (NCRP) recommendation of career dose limits corresponding to a lifetime **increase of 3% in cancer mortality**
- In 2000, NCRP kept that same 3% recommendation but also reduced (almost by half) the dose expected to reach the 3% lifetime risk.
 - 45 y.o. male astronaut's 10 year 3% career limit went from325 rem in 1989 to 150 rem in 2000

35 y.o. female astronaut's 10 year 3% career limit went from175 rem in 1989 to 60 rem in 2000



From "Apollo Experience Report – Protection Against Radiation" NASA TN D-7080 (1973)



Radiation Exposures on ISS

ISS is beneath protective magnetosphere of the earth

- If you are a 35 year old female when you begin your first six month ISS mission and 40 when you begin your second six month ISS mission (i.e. 5 years between missions), you will have an estimated 2% increased risk of a fatal cancer
- If you are a male (same age and flight schedule), you have a 1% increased risk of a fatal cancer
- Average risk for non-smoker cancer death in the general population is 21% and ~ 41% for a smoker

REID Lunar Mission Profile Variables

Solar Cycle:

Solar Max Solar Min

Duration:

2 weeks (6 days 'deep space' + 8 surface days)
3 months (6 days 'deep space' + 84 surface days)
6 months (6 days 'deep space' + 174 surface days)
9 months (6 days 'deep space' + 264 surface days)

Shielding:

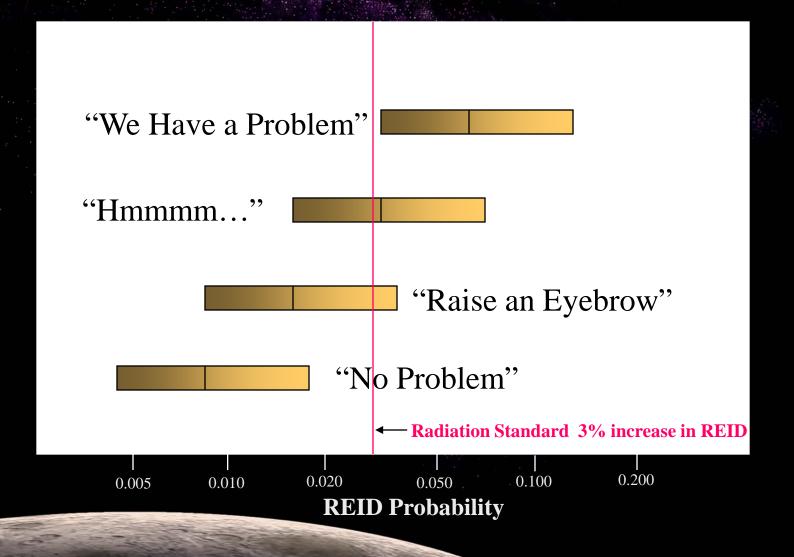
5 g/cm2 20 g/cm2*

Gender:

Male Female

* Can't fly 20 g/cm2

REID Categories of Mission Profile Variables All Data Are Preliminary!!



REID Category Examples*

No Problem:

All sortie missions

Raise an Eyebrow:

Female, Solar Min, 9 months, 20 g/cm2 Female, Solar Max, 9 months, 5g/cm2 Female, Solar Max, 9 months, 20 g/cm2 Male, Solar Min, 9 months, 5 g/cm2 Male, Solar Max, 3 months, 5 g/cm2

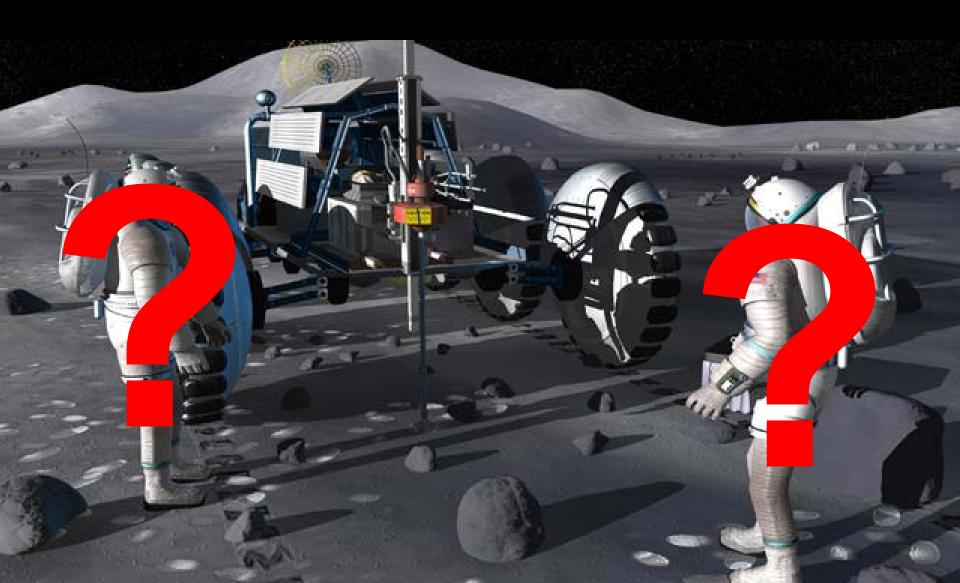
<u>Hmmmm...</u>:

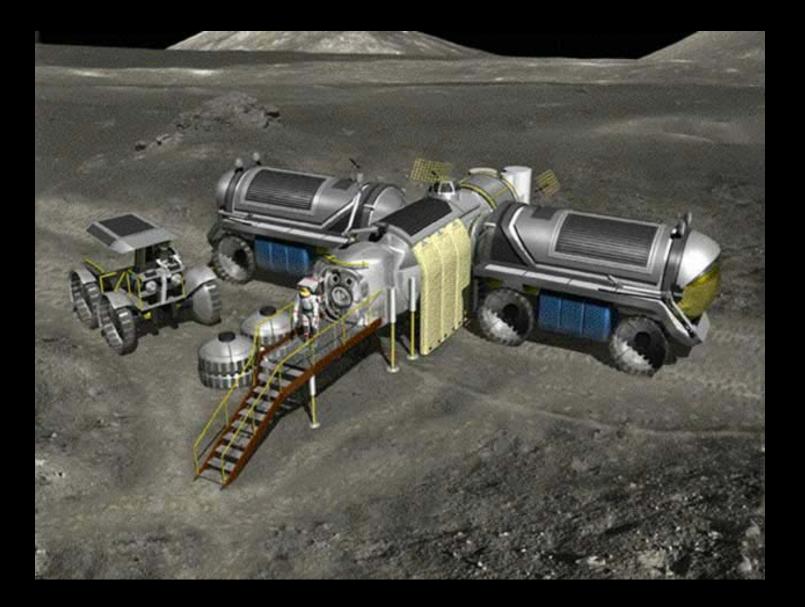
Female, Solar Max, 6 months, 5 g/cm2 Female, Solar Max, 3 months, 5 g/cm2 Male, Solar Max, 6 months, 5 g/cm2

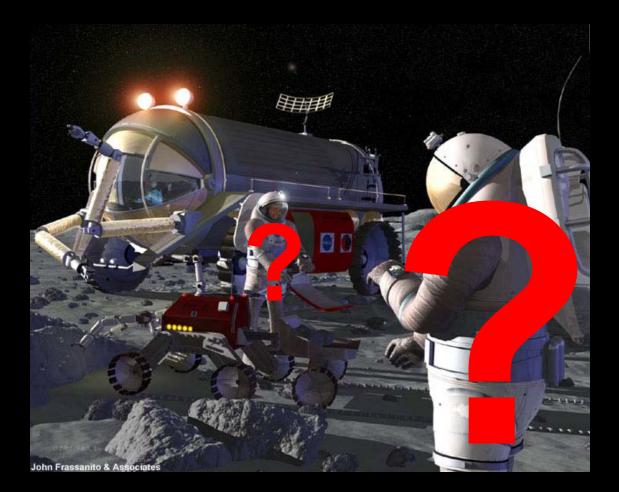
Houston We Have a Problem:

Female, Solar Max, 9 months, 5 g/cm2 Male, Solar Max, 9 months, 5 g/cm2

* No EVA included!

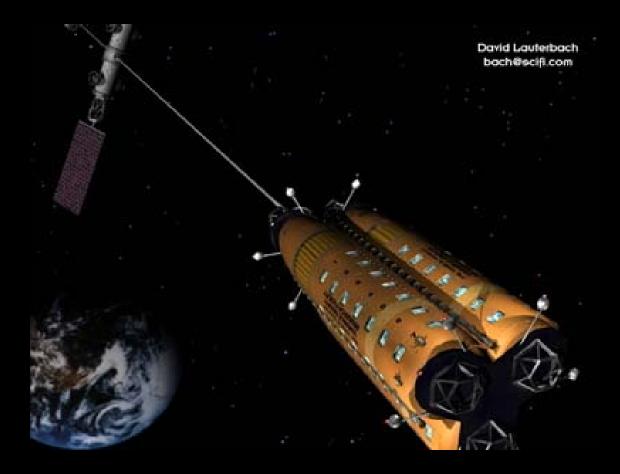








Gravity: It's the Law!



What's the Gravity Prescription?

Dose? Frequency? Side Effects?



Synergistic Effects?

Absolutely!

Are There Biomedical Showstoppers?

It depends ...

...on the definition of... Long Duration? Outpost? Settlement? Frontier? Civilization?

Potential Lunar Long Duration Showstoppers

Element



Radiation

Hypogravity

Synergistic Effects

Potential Lunar Long Duration Showstoppers

Element Sortie

Lunar Dust	
Radiation	
Hypogravity	
Synergistic Effects	

Potential Lunar Long Duration Showstoppers

Element Sortie Outpost

Lunar Dust	
Radiation	EVA Hab
Hypogravity	
Synergistic Effects	

Potential Lunar Long Duration Showstoppers*

Element Sortie Outpost Settlement

Lunar Dust		Wild Card
Radiation	EVA. Hab	Surface (EVA) Depth
Hypogravity		Nonstarter
Synergistic Effects		

* Assuming current technology and goal of "civilization"

Potential Lunar Long Duration Showstoppers*

Element Sortie Outpost Settlement Frontier

Lunar Dust		Wild Card	Wild Card
Radiation	EVA. Hab	Surface (EVA) Depth	Surface (EVA) Depth
Hypogravity		Nonstarter	Nonstarter
Synergistic Effects			

* Assuming current technology and goal of "civilization"

Implications

- Moon <u>may</u> only be a sortie site in near term*
- Long-duration habitats will likely be shielded
- Repetitive lunar EVA may be constrained
- Optimal combination of robotic and human capabilities to be defined
- Robotic precursor missions advisable for reconnaissance and local site preparation
- Strategic *value* of human lunar activities should be prospectively defined (if "*civilization*" is goal)

*At least not without significant investment in enabling research & technology

