



Hypersonic Inflatable Aerodynamic Decelerator Ground Test Development

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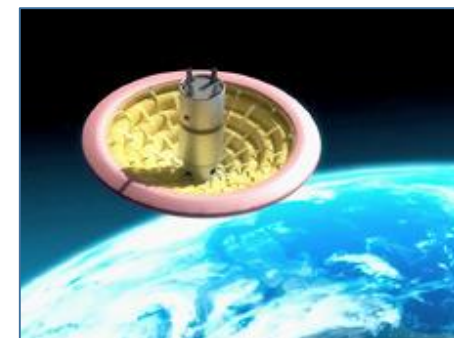
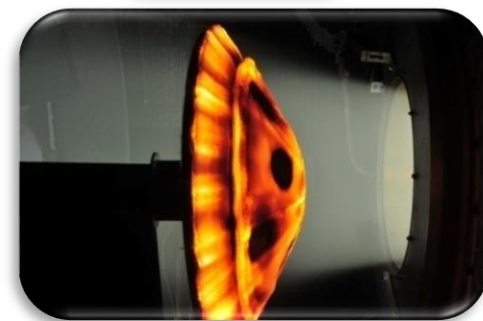
Agenda



- HIAD Context
 - Technology Background (Historical Context)
 - Future Flight and Developments Path
 - Technology Requirements
- HIAD at the end of FY14
 - FTPS Accomplishments and Solutions
 - IS Accomplishments and Solutions
- HIAD-2 “Preparing for Mars”
 - Flexible Systems Development Areas
 - Inflation Systems and Aeroaffector Technology
- Closing Remarks

❖ Systematic and stepwise technology advancement

- ✓ Ground Test: Project to Advance Inflatable Decelerators for Atmospheric Entry (PAI-DAE): Softgoods technology breakthrough
- ✓ Flight Test: Inflatable Reentry Vehicle Experiment (IRVE), 2007: LV anomaly--no experiment
- ✓ Flight Test: IRVE-II, 2009: IRVE “build-to-print” re-flight: Historic first successful HIAD flight
- ✓ Ground Test: HIAD Project improving structural and thermal system performance (Gen 1 & Gen 2): Extensive work on entire aeroshell assembly
- ✓ Flight Test: IRVE-3, 2012: Improved 3m IS & FTPS, higher energy reentry; first controlled lift entry

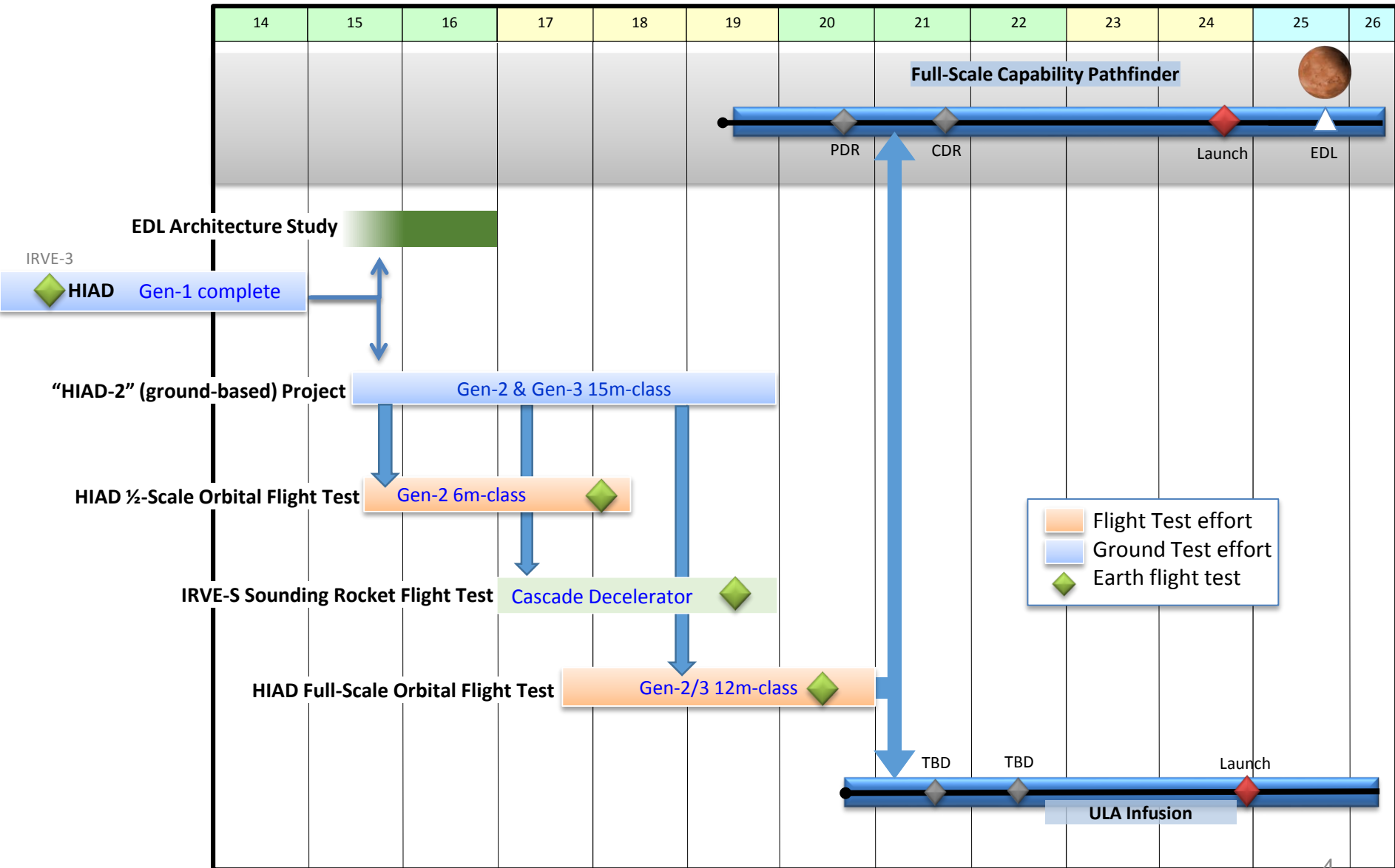


❖ Next Steps

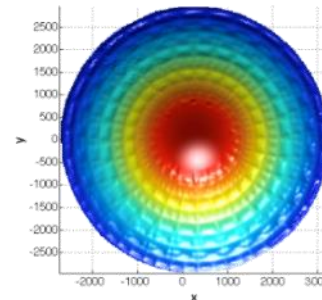
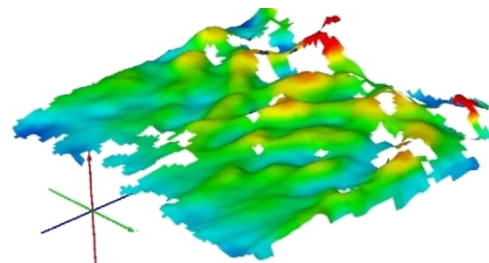
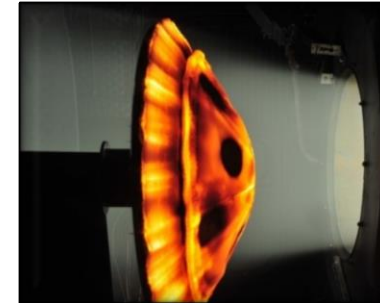
- ⇒ Ground Effort: TRL Maturation Project improving Aeroshell capabilities, including scaling to >10m, manufacturing advancements, controllability and demonstrated staging to secondary decelerator option. **Prepares for large scale flight test demo and readiness for Mars mission.**
- ⇒ Flight Test Possibilities: ULA Asset Recovery Demo at scale and environments relevant to Mars Human Pathfinder .

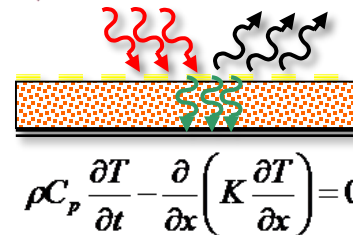


Development Timeline for 2024 Mars Demo, Utilizing ULA

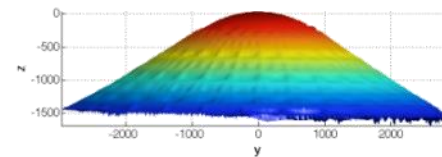


- Manufacturability of full aeroshell system at scale
- Demonstrate performance margin at entry aerothermal environments
- Pack aeroshell to high densities ($\sim 300 \text{ kg/m}^3$ [20lb/ft³] packed, $\sim 40 \text{ kg/m}^3$ deployed)
- Fold materials to a hard crease (near-zero bend radius) without degrading aeroshell performance
- Withstand long duration exposure to in-situ exo-atmospheric environments, without degrading materials capability.
- Deploy and inflate aeroshell after long duration storage at high packing densities without significantly changing thermophysical characteristics of TPS, leak rate of IS, or inflation capability
- Model and reliably calculate material and system performance in order to size TPS for desired trajectory





$$\rho C_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(K \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) = 0$$





IRVE-3 Nosecap Skirt



Plan "B" 3-m (IRVE-3 Clone)



1st Gen 6-m (10-m Class)



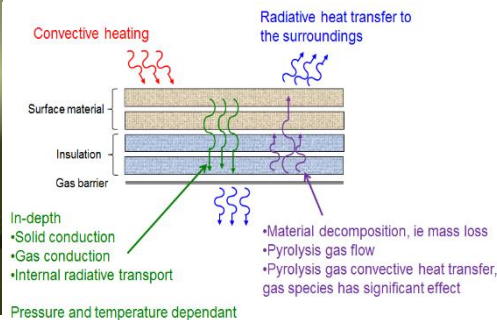
2nd Gen 3.7-m (5-m Class)



Stagnation Testing



Shear Testing

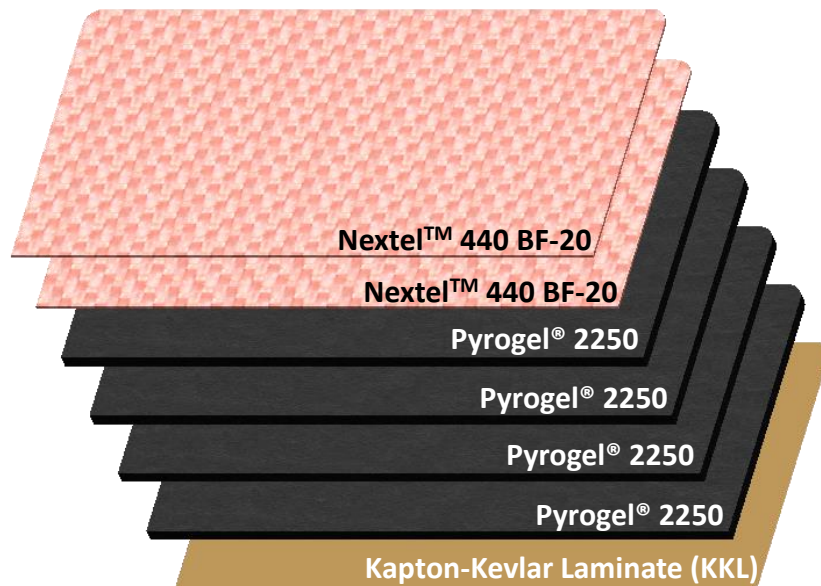


F-TPS Development (FY12-14)

- Fabricated 6-m hybrid 1st Gen/2nd Gen F-TPS and a 3.7-m 2nd Gen F-TPS, and successfully load tested integrated 6-m F-TPS and inflatable structure
- Developed new test methodology used to create aerothermal performance data sets of 1st and 2nd Generation layups and conducted 302 stagnation and 33 shear tests during 3 years
- Developed F-TPS multi-physics thermal model which incorporated measured material properties and physical phenomena; and performed initial validation of model to ground and flight test data
- Developed analysis framework which incorporates the F-TPS multi-physics thermal model and uses probabilistic tools which is being used to reduce margined mass while preventing bondline over-temperature

F-TPS Components	1 st Gen (30 Watts/cm ²)	2 nd Gen (50 Watts/cm ²)
Outer Fabric	Nextel™ 440 BF-20	Hi-Nicalon™ SiC
Primary Insulator	Pyrogel® 2250	Sigratherm® KFA-5
Secondary Insulator	Pyrogel® 2250	Pyrogel® 2250
Gas Barrier	Kapton-Kevlar Laminate (KKL)	Kapton-Zylon Laminate (KZL)
<i>Inflatable Structure Temperature Limit</i>	250°C	400°C

1st Generation



2nd Generation

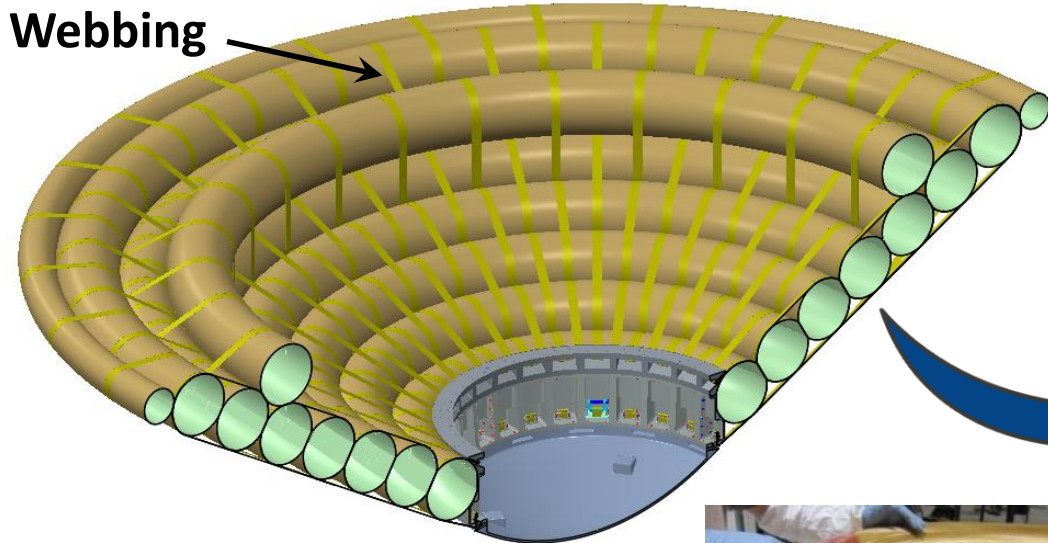




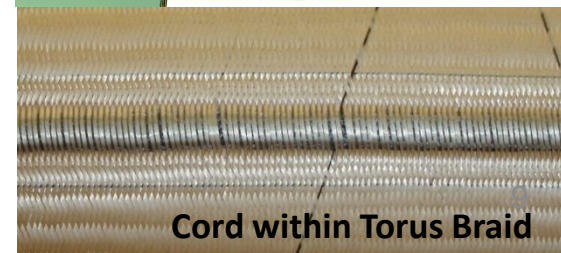
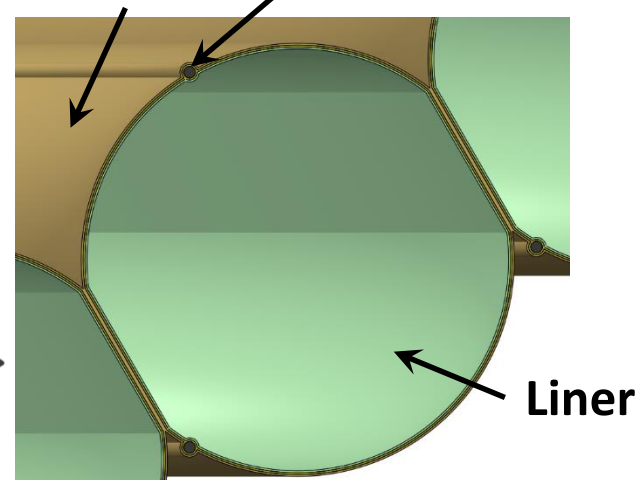
IS Development (FY12-14)

- **Material and Component Characterization Tests:** Verify material strengths and properties for design margin analysis and structural modeling
- **Modeling and Analysis:** Models correlated to test data to evaluate component loads, response to aerodynamic loading, and performance for mission application
- **Fabrication Demonstrations:** 3m and 6m (Gen 1 - 250°C) and 3.7m (Gen 2 - 400°C)
- **Performance Demonstrations:** Static Load Tests, Aero Load Tests (NFAC), Modal Tests
- **Packing:** Folding and Packing to meet stowage volume constraints and packing densities

IS Components	1 st Gen (250°C)	2 nd Gen (400°C)
Webbing	Kevlar, Technora	Zylon
Torus Braid	Kevlar, Technora	Zylon
Cords	Kevlar, Technora	Zylon
Liner	Silicone film	PTFE film
Coatings and Adhesives	Silicone	Silicone



Torus Braid Cords

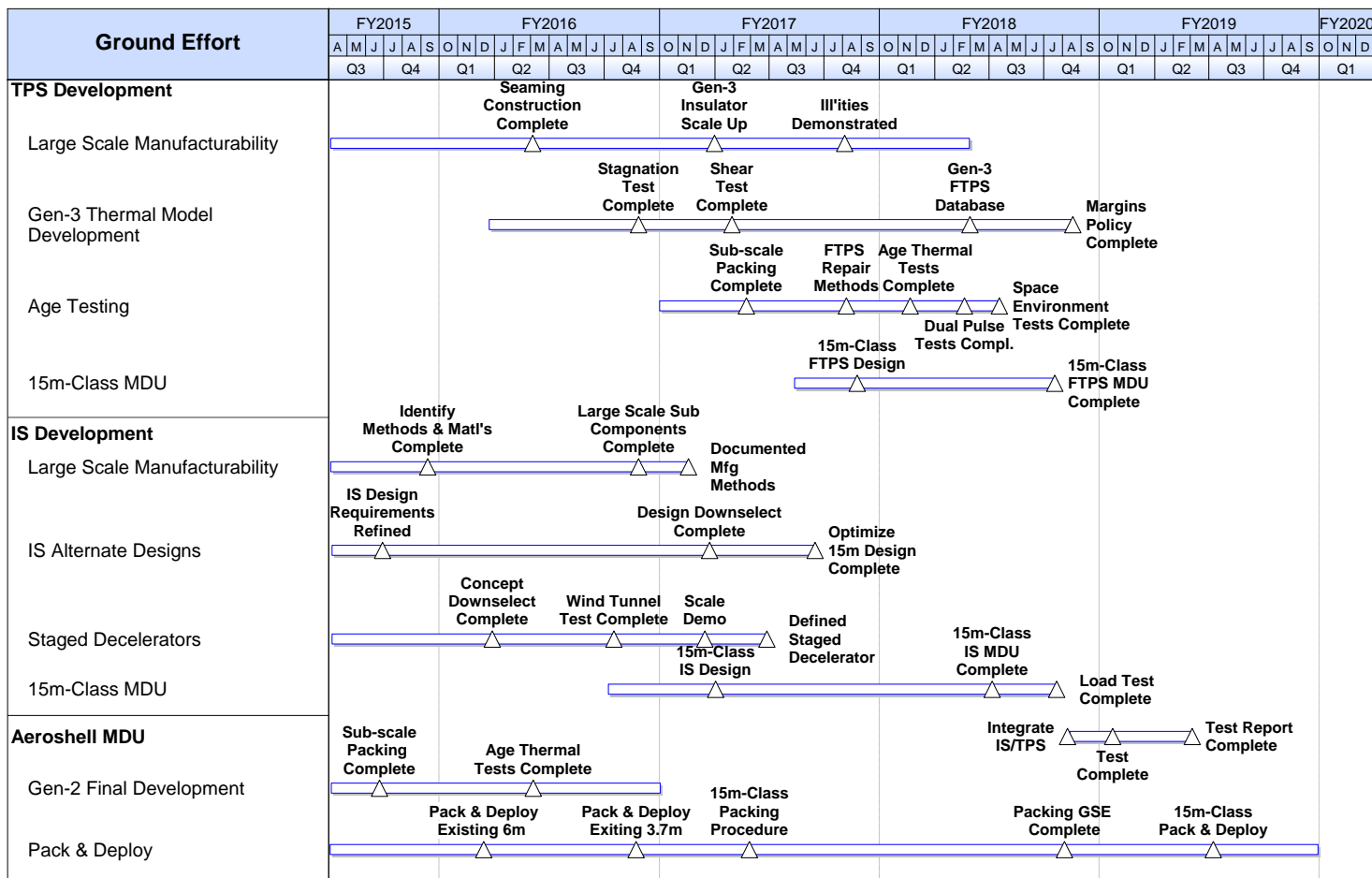




HIAD-2 Flexible System Development



Developments for FTPS	Developments for IS	Developments for Aeroshell
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improve TRL of 3rd Gen F-TPS (75W/cm² @ 400°C) 15-m class manufacturability of 3rd Gen TPS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investigate alternate inflatable structure concepts 15-m class manufacturability Develop cascading decelerator option 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete 2nd Gen FTPS Develop packing techniques Investigate scaling ramifications for 15-m class aeroshell



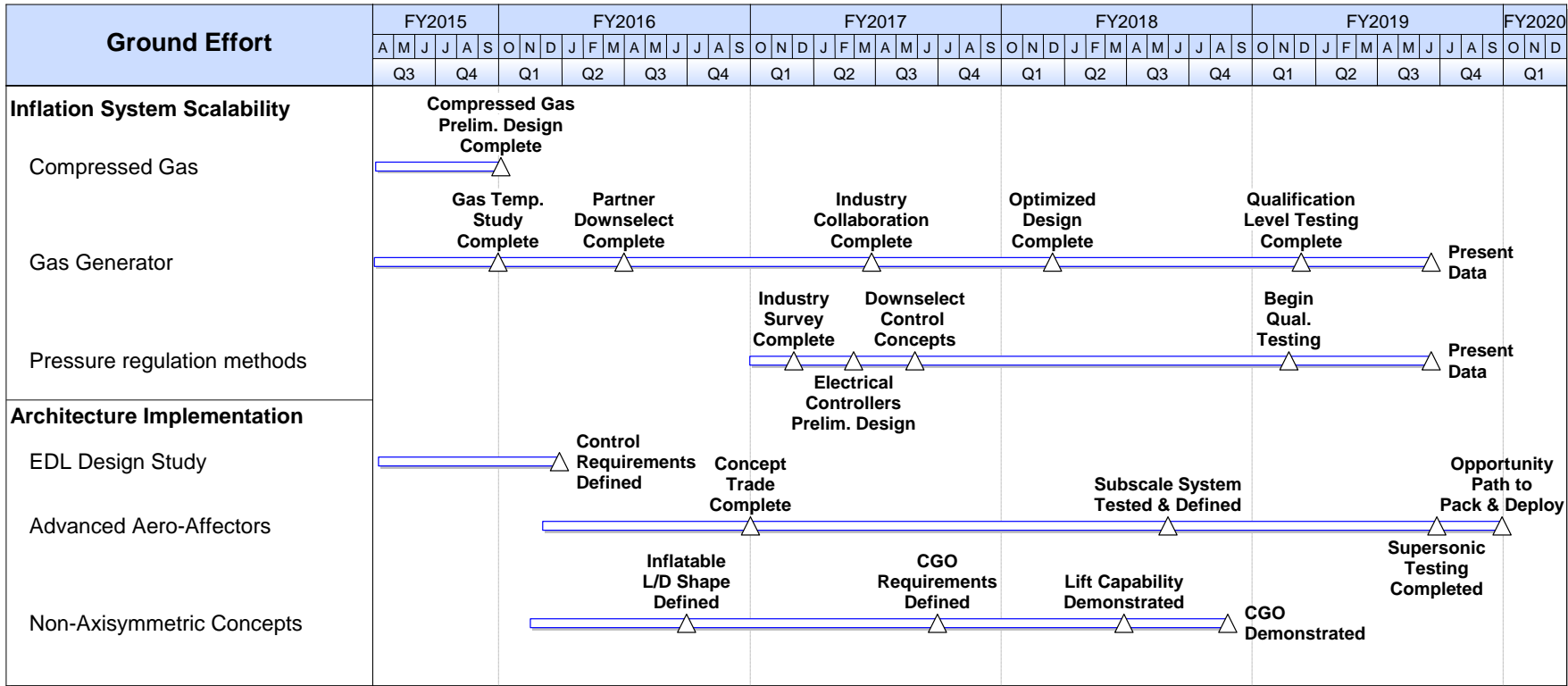


HIAD-2 Inflation System and Aeroeffectors Development



Developments for Inflation System	Developments for Aeroeffectors
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|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define logical limitations of compressed gas systems Comprehensive study to identify candidate gas generation systems (solids & liquids) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design approaches for lift generation via trim tabs and morphing structures Analyze performance of non-axisymmetric shapes Evaluate each with respect to controllability |
|---|--|





Closing Remarks



- HIAD Technology has been actively developed for nearly a decade.
- Significant work has gone into developing test techniques, manufacturing advancements, understanding and characterizing material systems.
- Successful IRVE flights have verified the technology at subscale.
- Future development to focus on scaling to 15-m class systems, targeting the proposed EDL Pathfinder demonstration, and ultimate use for human exploration of Mars.

Questions?

