
ANALYSIS OF FOLDING STRAINS ON
COMPOSITE BLADDER STRUCTURES

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VOLUME II - PROGRAMMING MANUAL

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FOLDING STRAINS ANALYSIS PROGRAM

(BLADER - TRW Program No. AS189)

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Abstract

The Folding Strains Analysis Program (also called BLADER, TRW Computer program AS189) performs a step-by-step large strain, elastoplastic static analysis of a two dimensional continuum. The program allows the user to perform a plane strain analysis using a rectangular coordinate system or to perform an axisymmetric strain analysis using a cylindrical coordinate system. The structure to be studied may consist of one or more homogeneous, isotropic materials whose plastic and elastic properties are temperature and strain rate independent. The structure may be loaded either by specifying certain nodes to be subjected to imposed displacements or by specifying certain sides of some of the finite elements to be subjected to pressure loadings. Boundary conditions which constrain specified nodes from movement in one or both coordinate directions must be imposed by the user.

One of the major features of the program provides for the analysis of folding bladder problems by the specification of a minimum amount of input.

The program employs a dynamic storage feature which allows the program to efficiently use the available computer memory space. Thus small problems require only a relatively small amount of memory while the ability of the program to handle large problems without programming modifications is limited only by the maximum amount of memory available.

The program is written in Fortran IV and was developed and checked out on the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW. With a minimal conversion effort the program should be capable of being compiled and executed on other computing systems.

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1.0 PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

The BLADER Program (TRW Program AS189) performs a step-by-step large strain, elastoplastic static analysis of a two-dimensional continuum. The user may perform a plane strain analysis using a rectangular coordinate system or perform an axisymmetric strain analysis using a cylindrical coordinate system. In either coordinate system the basic finite element used is a triangle with six nodal points, one at each corner and one on the midpoint of each side (fig. 1.1). A quadratic variation of displacement is assumed for each element, and is expressed in terms of two components of displacement at each node, giving a total of twelve degrees of freedom per element or $2N$ degrees of freedom for the system, where N = number of nodes.

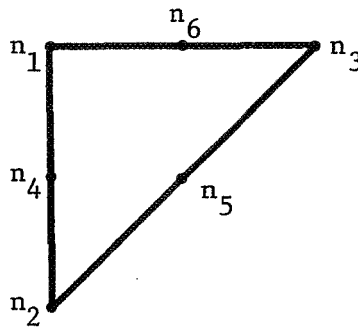


Figure 1.1 Basic Finite Element

The structure consists of one or more homogeneous, isotropic materials whose plastic and elastic properties (i.e., elastic modulus, Poisson's ratio, plastic/elastic modulus ratio, and initial yield point) are temperature and strain rate independent.

The structure may be loaded by three different methods. However, only one method of loading may be applied in a single run. The first method allows the user to require that specified sides of specified elements are to be loaded. Each side S_i loaded may be loaded with a total load P_i which is applied in N equal load steps, or the loading may be specified as a tabulated function of the load step. If the

latter procedure is used, then all sides loaded must be loaded according to the same schedule. In either case some sides may be loaded with a positive load (compression) and other sides may be loaded with a negative load (tension).

The second method of loading allows the user to specify any number of imposed displacement constraints. In this method of loading, each designated node is moved by a specified amount in a specified direction and held in this position during the analysis.

The third method of loading applies only to axisymmetric problems and allows the user to load the structure by shrinking the secondary radius of curvature.

The user must specify boundary conditions which restrain specified nodes from motion in one or both coordinate directions. In addition the user may impose maximum displacement boundary conditions which restrain specified nodes from exceeding certain maximum displacements in specified directions.

The primary application of the program is to be in the analysis of folding bladders which are used in rocket propulsion systems. Accordingly one of the major options of the program called the Bladder Analysis Option allows the analysis of the stress-strain relationships in single folds or double folds of bladders. The specialized nature of such analyses makes it possible to specify the problem completely by a minimum of input quantities. Thus the user is required to specify only the most basic problem parameters such as the number of element layers, the dimensions and material properties of each layer, and the basic loading parameters such as the initial and final radii of curvature.

Another option available as part of the Bladder Analysis Option provides for the calculation of the fatigue life of each layer of elements using input tables of fatigue life versus plastic strain for the materials which make up the structure.

Any consistent set of units may be used by the program. That is, all measures of length should be in the same units, all measures of force should be in the same units, etc.

A more detailed discussion of the engineering aspects of the problem is presented in a companion document written by L. D. Hofmeister.

2.0 INPUT

2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 Keypunch Conventions

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2.1 Introduction

All data input to the BLADER program is specified on punched cards which are read using the Namelist feature of Fortran IV. Because of the dynamic storage feature used in BLADER, the input data is divided into two major categories. The first category of input data is the General Input Data, which consists of an input header, a convergence criterion, option flags, and parameters defining the problem dimensions. The second category of input is the Array Data, which consists of all input arrays other than the input header. The separation of the data into these two categories is a physical as well as a logical separation.

That is, the Namelist cards which specify the General Input Data for a single case are read in first, being initiated by the "Name card"

\$AS189

and being terminated by a dollar sign (\$). (See section 2.1.2, "Name cards, and section 2.1.5, "End-of-Data"). After the program determines the dimensions of the problem and requests the necessary memory for the arrays to be used, the Array Data is read in, being initiated by the "Name card"

\$DATA

and being terminated by another dollar sign.

The data cards should be punched on a standard keypunch machine using the 026 character set. With the exception of a possible P in column 1 of the Name card (defined below), no characters should be punched in any columns other than columns 2-72 of a Namelist data card.

2.1.1 Keypunching Conventions

Due to the similar shapes of many letters, numbers, and symbols it is possible to confuse one character for another. In order to assist the keypuncher in discerning between the many similar characters, the following coding conventions should be observed:

- Ⓝ indicates n blank columns
- ϕ alphabetic as distinguished from 0 (zero) numeric
- ℓ alphabetic as distinguished from 1 (one) numeric
- ℤ alphabetic as distinguished from 2 (two) numeric
- ℄ alphabetic as distinguished from 4 (four) numeric
- ℑ alphabetic as distinguished from 5 (five) numeric
- ℊ alphabetic as distinguished from 6 (six) numeric
- 4 numeric as distinguished from 9 (nine) numeric
- ℄ alphabetic as distinguished from √ alphabetic
- ℭ alphabetic as distinguished from ((left parenthesis)
- ℥ alphabetic as distinguished from + (plus)

2.1.2 Name Cards

The first card of the General Input Data must have \$AS189 punched in columns 2-7. The first card of the Array Data must have \$DATA punched in columns 2-6. When executing on the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW, a P may be punched in column 1 of each Name card if it is desired to list the card images of the Namelist input. In order to maintain compatibility with other computing systems, the rest of the card should be blank.

2.1.3 Head Card

The user may specify alphanumeric information for labeling a given case by entering a card of the form

HEADER = nHbcd... ,

where $n(\leq 60)$ is the number of characters in the header and where bcd... is a string of n characters (including blanks). The terminating comma is required and must not be included in the character count.

Example

HEADER = 21H THIS IS AN EXAMPLE.,

2.1.4 Numeric Data Entries

Data cards other than header cards consist of one or more entries of the form

$\alpha = b_1, b_2, b_3, \dots, b_n,$

where α is the name of a real (i.e., floating point) or integer variable and may have one, two, three, or no positive integer subscripts and where $b_1, b_2, b_3, \dots, b_n$ are decimal constants separated by commas and are to be stored in n successive locations beginning with the location corresponding to the symbol α . With the possible exception of the last data card, a comma should always immediately follow the last value on a card. For example, a card punched in the format
 $\emptyset$ MEGA = 1.3,MAS = 8000,I = 2,Z(5) = -1.8,3,6.15E-6,B = 1,2,3,

would indicate the following:

- 1) The value 1.3 is to be entered for $\emptyset$ MEGA,
- 2) The value 8000 is to be entered for MASS,
- 3) The value 2 is to be entered for I,
- 4) The values -1.8, 3, and 6.15×10^{-6} are to be entered for Z(5), Z(6), and Z(7) respectively,
- 5) The values 1, 2, and 3 are to be entered for B(1), B(2), B(3) respectively.

It should be remarked that the user does not have to be concerned with the mode (i.e., integer of floating point) of decimal input quantities. The program will interpret the proper mode for all decimal input quantities. If no decimal point is input for floating point quantities, the program will assume a decimal point immediately following the rightmost digit (e.g., 10.0, 10., and 10 are all equivalent for floating point quantities. If decimal scaling is desired for floating point quantities, then the notation aEb may be used (where a is a decimal quantity with or without a decimal point and b is the desired scaling factor). Thus to enter 3.123×10^{-6} one could write 3.123E-6 or 3123E-9.

If a decimal point appears in the value entered for a quantity which is typed as an integer by the program, the program will truncate rather than round off the value to an integer. Thus the values 10, 10., 10.0, 10.4, and 10.9999 will all be stored as the value 10 if the mode of the variable is integer.

An additional feature of Namelist allows the user to specify a repetition factor to indicate the same value to be stored in several consecutive locations. Thus the notation n*v indicates n consecutive values of v.

2.1.5 End-of-Data

Each category of input data (i.e., the General Input Data and the Array Data) must be terminated by a \$ immediately following the last item on the last card containing data entries for that category

or by a \$ in column 2 of a card immediately following the last card containing data entries. Any characters punched to the right of the \$ are ignored. Hence the remainder of the end-of-data card may be used for comments.

2.1.6 Stacking Cases

The user may "stack cases" (i.e., request the program to execute more than one case) by placing the input decks for the second and subsequent cases in order behind the input deck for the first case. Because of the dynamic storage feature used in the BLADER program, the input data for each case must be complete. There is no carryover of data from one case to the next. Also because certain coefficients are built into the program by means of DATA statements, the user is not permitted to stack a plane strain analysis problem behind a axisymmetric strain analysis problem.

Example

```
$AS189          Name card for General Input Data.

____
____           }
____           } Cards specifying General Input Data
____           } for case 1.
____           }

$END            End-of-data card

$DATA          Name card for Array Data

____           }
____           } Cards specifying Array Data
____           } for case 1
____           }

$END            End-of-data card

$AS189

____           }
____           } General Input Data for
____           } case 2.
____           }
```

\$END

\$DATA

_____ } Array Data for
 case 2.

\$END

2.2 Summary Listing of Input Quantities

This section consists of a listing of the symbolic names of all possible input quantities for the BLADER program. For the convenience of the potential user, the quantities are divided into subsets according to the nature of their usage. First of all, the quantities are separated into the two major categories mentioned in the introduction (section 2.1):

(1) General Input Data, and (2) Array Data. As mentioned in the introduction this is a physical as well as a logical separation. Each of the two major categories may be subdivided into several subsets according to logical usage. However, this second level of subdivision is strictly a logical separation. No physical separation is required except that certain combinations of input quantities will never appear together because some quantities are defined for one particular option whereas other quantities are not defined, or at least are not input for that option. For example the array NP must be input for the standard strain analysis option, but will be calculated for the Bladder Analysis option. On the other hand the array DEPTH must be input for the Bladder Analysis option, but isn't even defined for the standard strain analysis option.

For convenience the nominal values of optional quantities are indicated by values or expressions enclosed by brackets, e.g., [0]. Also the dimensions of arrays are indicated by values or expressions enclosed by parentheses, e.g., (NUMEL).

2.2.1 General Input Data

A. Quantities which are always required. (At present there are no quantities in this particular category.)

B. Quantities which are optional regardless of the value of BLANAL

HEADER	[blanks]
RECCYL	[0]
NUMAT	[1]
NNDLIM	[0]
MAXST	[25]
ITER	[1 for double fold option; 10 otherwise]
CØNVER	[0.1 for double fold option; 10^{-4} otherwise]
IPRIN	[1]
IRESI	[0]
MAXBW	[50]
MAXBKT	[25000]
RESTR	[0]
SAVETP	[0]
IRSIN	[1 on CDC 6500]
IRSØUT	[3 on CDC 6500]

C. Quantities which are required only for the Bladder Analysis option.

BLANAL
NLAYER
RFINAL

D. Quantities which are optional only for the Bladder Analysis option.

LWRAT	[2]	(single fold option only)
NXINT	[LWRAT*NLAYER]	(single fold option only)

XLNGTH	$\left[\text{LWRAT} * \text{BLTHNS} \text{ where } \text{BLTHNS} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{NLAYER}} \text{DEPTH}(i) \right]$	
	(single fold option only)	
XSTART	[0]	(single fold option only)
YSTART	[0]	(single fold option only)
NANGIN	[18]	(double fold option only)
RPTRAT	$\left[\begin{array}{ll} 1000 & \text{for single fold option,} \\ 10 & \text{for double fold option} \end{array} \right]$	
RSTRAT	[100]	double fold option only
RPFOLD	[RPTRAT*BLTHNS]	
RSFOLD	[RSTRAT*BLTHNS]	(double fold option only)
FLIFE	[0]	
NCYCF	[0]	

E. Quantities which are required only for the standard strain analysis option.

NUMEL	
NUMNP	
NUMCP	
NUMBC	
NLOAD	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{One quantity must be non-zero; the other must} \\ \text{be zero.} \end{array} \right.$
NID	

F. Quantities which are optional for the standard strain analysis option.

NPD	[0]
PRESS	ignored if NPD ≠ 0.

2.2.2 Array Data

A. Arrays	which are always required
VEM	(NMAT)
VXI	(NMAT)
VXU	(NMAT)
VYP	(NMAT)

B. Arrays which are optional regardless of the value of BLANAL.

DLIM (3,NNDLIM) - required if NNDLIM>0.

LSSAVE (2, 20) - required if SAVETP≠0.

XORD (NUMNP) } May be input only on
YORD (NUMNP) } a restart run.

C. Arrays which are required only for the Bladder Analysis option.

DEPTH (NLAYER)

D. Arrays which are optional only for the Bladder Analysis option.

MLAYER (NLAYER) (required if NMAT>1)

CYCTOF (40, NCYCF) —(used only if FLIFE≠0)

CYCM (NLAYER) } Used only if FLIFE≠0.

CYCZ (NLAYER) } May be input or calculated.

E. Arrays which are required only for the standard strain analysis option.

NP (6,NUMEL)

CORNER (3,NUMCP)

VTH (NMAT)

IBCND (2,NUMBC)

DISPL (3,NID) - required if NID>0.

L0ADE (NL0AD) }
L0ADS (NL0AD) } required if NL0AD>0.

F. Arrays which are optional for the Standard Strain Analysis option.

DELTAP (NDP) - required if NDP>0.

MATEL (NMAT) - required if NMAT>0.

VPR (NL0AD)

2.3 Definition of Input Symbols

2.3.1 General Input Quantities

- 1) HEADER - Input header (See section 2.1.3, "Header Card" for details)
- 2) BLANAL - Bladder Analysis option flag:
 ≠0 if Bladder Analysis option is desired;
 =0 if Standard Strain Analysis option is desired.
 [nominal value is 0]
- 3) RECCYL - Coordinate System option flag:
 =0 if rectangular coordinates are desired (single fold analysis if BLANAL≠0);
 ≠0 if cylindrical coordinates are desired (double fold analysis if BLANAL≠0).
 [nominal value is 0]
- 4) NMAT - Number of Materials:
 If NMAT > 1, then the material code of each element must be entered in the array MATEL.
 [nominal value is 1]
- 5) NNDLIM - Number of limiting displacement entries:
 If NNDLIM > 0, then the limiting displacements are specified in the array DLIM.
 [nominal value is 0]
- 6) MAXST - Number of load steps to be used.
 [nominal value is 25]
- 7) ITER - Maximum of iterations to be used for each load step.
 [nominal value is $\begin{cases} 1 & \text{for double fold option} \\ 10 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$]
- 8) CØNVER Convergence criterion:

$$\text{If } \frac{\left[\sum_{i=1}^N (DF(i))^2 \right]^{1/2}}{\left[\sum_{i=1}^N (F(i))^2 \right]^{1/2}} \leq CØNVER,$$

the solution is considered to have converged.

$N = 2 * \text{NUMNP}$,

$\text{DF}(i)$ = residual load for i^{th} degree of freedom,

$\text{F}(i)$ = accumulated load for i^{th} degree of freedom.

$$\left[\text{nominal value} = \begin{cases} 0.1 & \text{for double fold option} \\ 10^{-4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right]$$

- 9) IPRIN - Detailed print interval:

The point strains and stresses will be printed out every IPRIN-th load step starting with load step IPRIN.

[nominal value is 1]

- 10) IRESI - Load residual option flag:

If $\text{IRESI} \neq 0$, then at the start of each load step except the first, the incremental load vector DF will be set equal to the residual load vector from the previous load step.

If $\text{IRESI} = 0$, then at the start of each load step, the incremental load vector DF will be cleared to zero.

[nominal value is 0]

- 11) MAXBW - Maximum band width: i.e., $2 * (\text{maximum difference in node numbers of any single element}) + 2$.

For the Bladder Analysis option MAXBW must be $\geq 8 * \text{NLAYER} + 10$.

[nominal value is 50]

- 12) MAXBT - Maximum size of the Dynamic Storage array. See section 6.2 "Dynamic Storage Array" and section 5.6 "Memory Requirements" for information describing how to estimate the size of the Dynamic Storage array.

[nominal value is 25000]

- 13) RESTRT - Restart dump number:
= n>0 if the current run is to be restart from
dump n of the input restart tape;
= 0 otherwise
[nominal value is 0]
- 14) SAVETP - Restart flag:
≠ 0 if it is desired to save data periodically
on a "save tape" for a possible restart in a
subsequent run;
= 0 otherwise.
If SAVETP ≠ 0, then the frequency at which the
data is saved on the output restart tape must be
specified by the array LSSAVE.
[nominal value is 0]
- 15) IRSIN : Internal file name for input restart tape.
[nominal value is 1 for CDC 6500;
see section 6.6.4 of this report]
- 16) IRSØUT : Internal file name for output restart tape.
[nominal value is 3 for CDC 6500;
see section 6.6.4 of this report]
- 17) NLAYER - Number of element layers for the Bladder Analysis
option.
[no nominal value; must be specified]
- 18) RFINAL - R_f = final inner folding radius.
[no nominal value; must be specified]
- 19) LWRAT - Ratio of the total length in the x-direction to
the total bladder thickness and/or the ratio of
the number of intervals in the x-direction to the
number of element layers (for the single fold
bladder analysis option). See NXINT and XLNGTH
below.
[nominal value is 2]

- 20) NXINT - Number of intervals in the x-direction (for the single fold option).
[nominal value is LWRAT*NLAYER]
- 21) XLNGTH - Total length in the x-direction (for the single fold option).
[nominal value is LWRAT*BLTHNS where

$$BLTHNS = \sum_{i=1}^{NLAYER} DEPTH(i)$$
is the total "depth" of the bladder area]
- 22) XSTART - x_o = x-coordinate of the left edge of the rectangular area (for the single fold option).
[nominal value is 0]
- 23) YSTART - y_o = y-coordinate of bottom edge of the rectangular area (for the single fold option).
[nominal value is 0]
- 24) NANGIN - Number of angular intervals (for the double fold option).
[nominal value is 18 corresponding to angular spacing of 10°]
- 25) RPTRAT - $\frac{R_p}{t}$ = ratio of primary fold radius R_p to total bladder thickness t, where

$$t = \sum_{i=1}^{NLAYER} DEPTH(i).$$
[nominal value is 1000 for the single fold option and 10 for the double fold option]
- 26) RSTRAT - $\frac{R_s}{t}$ = ratio of secondary fold R_s to total bladder thickness t (for the double fold option).
[nominal value is 100]

- 27) RPFOLD - R_p = initial radius of primary fold
 (inner fold radius for double fold;
 radius to median line for single fold.)
 [nominal value is RPTRAT*BLTHNS where BLTHNS = t =
 total bladder thickness]
- 28) RSFOLD - R_s = inner radius of secondary fold (for double
 fold option).
 [nominal value is RSTRAT*BLTHNS]
- 29) FLIFE - Fatigue life option flag.
 $\neq 0$ if the fatigue life is to be calculated and
 printed out;
 $= 0$ otherwise.
 [nominal value is zero]
- 30) NCYCF - Maximum number of pairs of entries ϵ_i and N_i in
 the CYCTOF table for any material, where
 ϵ_i = plastic strain,
 N_i = corresponding value of the fatigue life.
 [nominal value is 0;
 must not exceed 20]
- 31) NUMEL - Number of elements.
- 32) NUMNP - Number of nodal points.
- 33) NUMCP - Number of corner points.
- 34) NUMBC - Number of boundary condition entries in IBCOND
 array.
- 35) NLAD - Number of elements which are pressure loaded:
 a) If BLANAL = 0, then a non-zero value must be
 specified for either NLAD or NID (but not
 both).
 b) If NLAD > 0, then NLAD specifies the number
 of entries in each of the arrays LAD and
 LADS (i.e., the number of elements which are
 pressure loaded).

- c) If RECCYL = 0, then NLOAD must be ≥ 0 .
- d) If RECCYL $\neq 0$, then a negative value may be entered for NLØAD. If NLØAD = -n (where n > 0), then n is the index of the node which is used as a reference for changing the radius of curvature of the secondary fold.
[nominal value is 0]

- 36) NID - Number of imposed displacement constraints.
- a) See NLØAD above for compatibility requirements.
 - b) If NID > 0, then NID specifies the number of imposed displacement specifications in the array DISPL.
[nominal value is 0]

- 37) NDP - Number of pairs of entries in the DELTAP array.
[nominal value is 0]

- 38) PRESS - Total pressure to be loaded:
- a) Ignored if NDP $\neq 0$, or if BLANAL $\neq 0$.
 - b) If BLANAL = 0, if NLØAD > 0, and if NDP = 0, then each side S_i loaded will be loaded in MAXST equal load steps each of magnitude

$$\Delta P_i = \frac{P_i}{\text{MAXST}}.$$

If PRESS is entered, then $P_i = \text{PRESS}$ for each side loaded. If PRESS is not entered then $P_i = \text{VPR}(i)$.

- c) If BLANAL = 0 and if NLØAD = -n < 0, then the structure will be loaded by changing the radius of curvature of node n. The change in the radius will be given by the table DELTAP if NDP > 0 or by PRESS if NDP = 0.

2.3.2 Array Data

With the exception of the array LSSAVE, which is described below, all of the input arrays are stored in the Dynamic Storage Array and are described in detail in section 6.2.4 of this document. Section 6.2.3 lists all of the arrays in alphabetical order for easy reference.

LSSAVE - 2*10 array in which LSSAVE(1,i) specifies N_i and LSSAVE(2,i) specifies n_i , which are used to control the frequency at which dumps of the program data are taken for a possible restart in a subsequent run (provided that SAVETP $\neq$ 0).

Dumps of the restart data are made on load step n_1 and every n_1 load steps until load step N_1 is reached. In general dumps of the restart data are made every n_i load steps for load steps between N_{i-1} and N_i .

A maximum of ten pairs of values (N_i, n_i) may be entered.

Page ... of ...

Priority

NAMELIST INPUT FORM

Keypunched by

1

Verified by

General Input Data for BLADER (AS189)

80

COMMENTS

P \$AS189 [P in column 1⇒print card images (TRW only)]

HEADER=60H [followed by 60 characters including blanks]

RECCYL= [1 for cylindrical coordinates; no entry otherwise]

NMAT= [number of materials; no entry⇒1]

NNDLIM= [number of limiting displacements]

MAXST= [number of load steps desired]

ITER= [max. no. of iterations]

CØNVER= [convergence criterion]

IPRIN= [detailed print interval]

IRESI= [residuals option flag]

MAXBW= [maximum allowable band width]

MAXBKT= [max. size of dynamic storage array]

RESTR= [n to restart from dump n]

SAVETP= [1 to save data for a restart]

BLANAL= [1 for bladder analysis; no entry otherwise]

NLAYER= [no. of element layers]

RFINAL= [final folding radius]

FLIFE= [1 if fatigue life calculations are desired]

[Additional input quantities are described in section 2.2.1]

\$END

Date _____

Page _____ of _____

Name _____

Priority

Problem No. _____

NAMelist INPUT FORM

Keypunched by

No. of Cards _____

T

Verified by 100% 0% 0% 0%

2 TITLE: Array Data for BLADER (AS189)

80

COMMENTS

```
P $DATA [P in column 1=>Print card images (TRW only)]
```

VEM= [elastic modulus for each material]

VXI= [Plastic/elastic modulus ratio for each material]

VXU= [Poisson's ratio for each material]

VYP= [yield point for each material]

DLIM= [limiting displacement specifications]

DEPTH= [depth of each element layer]

MLAYER= [material code for each layer]

\$END

2.5 Restart Procedure

2.5.1 Introduction

An option available in the BLADER program allows a problem which has been interrupted for some reason in one computer run to be continued in a subsequent computer run. In order to restart an interrupted problem the user must have instructed the program to save the necessary data on a restart tape during the initial run. He does this by appropriate entries in the Namelist input of the initial run and by requesting the restart tape to be saved by having the appropriate control cards inserted in the deck. Then in the restart run the user must request the saved restart tape to be mounted again by having appropriate control cards inserted in the deck, and must enter `RESTART ≠ 0` in the Namelist input.

2.5.2 Initial Run

- 1) Enter `SAVETP = 1` in the General Input Data.
- 2) Enter the `LSSAVE` array to specify the frequency of the restart dumps. See section 2.3.2 for a description of the array `LSSAVE`.
- 3) Insert the appropriate control cards to have the restart tape saved.

2.5.3 Restart Run

- 1) Enter `RESTRT = n`, where `n` is the number of the dump corresponding to the load step from which the user wishes to continue. The dump number is printed out during the initial run each time a dump of the restart data is taken.
- 2) Insert the appropriate control cards to have the previously generated restart tape mounted.

2.5.4 Modifying Data on a Restart Run

On a restart run the user is allowed to modify the values of some input quantities through the Namelist input. The original intention of the programmer was to allow the user as much freedom as

possible in modifying the problem on a restart run, but several programming considerations (the most important of which is the Dynamic Storage feature) made it necessary to impose some restrictions on the quantities which may be modified on a restart run. Thus major modifications such as changing coordinate systems or changing the dimensions of the problem are not allowed. In most cases these restrictions do not impose unreasonable limitations on the user. It is unlikely that the user would want to change coordinate systems, or to change the dimensions of the problem in the middle of a given problem.

Below, an attempt has been made to indicate those quantities which may be safely modified on a restart run and those quantities which may not be modified.

1) Quantities which may be modified on any restart run:

HEADER

ITER

CØNVER

IPRIN

IRESI

RESTRT

SAVETP

VEM

VXI

VXU

VYP

DLIM (however it is not possible to remove a constraint
once a node has reached its limiting displacement.)

LSSAVE

XØRD } The arrays XØRD and YØRD are not input on an initial
YØRD } run, but the coordinates of any node may be modified
on a restart run.

2) Additional quantities which may be modified only if BLANAL ≠ 0:

CYCM

CYCZ

3) Additional quantities which may be modified only if

BLANAL = 0:

PRESS : The value of PRESS may be modified, but the method of loading may not be changed. Thus if PRESS was not entered on the initial run, it must not be entered on a restart run.

MAXST

VTH

LØADE

LØADS

DELTAP

MATEL

VPR

4) Quantities which must never be modified:

RECCYL

BLANAL

NLAYER

RFINAL

LWRAT

NXINT

XLNGTH

XSTART

YSTART

NANGIN

RPTRAT

RSTRAT

RPFØLD

RSFØLD

FLIFE

NCYCF

NUMCP

DEPTH

MLAYER
CYCTØF
CØRNER
DISPL

5) Quantities which might be modified with some risk.

A word of explanation is appropriate here. It is recommended that none of the quantities listed below be modified in a restart run. Changing the problem dimensions on a restart is at best hazardous. At worst it could be disastrous. However, in case someone feels particularly adventuresome we list these quantities in the hope that the program won't completely blow its mind if some user desires to change the problem dimensions. One final point is that because of the Dynamic Storage feature used in this program it definitely is not possible to decrease any problem dimensions.

NMAT
NNDLIM
MAXBW
MAXBKT
NUMEL
NUMNP
NUMBC
NLØAD
NID
NDP
NP

} May not change method of loading

IBCØND The boundary conditions are cummulative. It may be possible (but not advisable) to add boundary conditions on a restart run, but existing boundary conditions may not be deleted.

3.0 OUTPUT

There are two basic types of printed output: the printout produced by the operating system and the printout produced by the program itself. The system generated printout consists of such things as the load map, the listing of Namelist card images, the data or program dumps, and the dayfile, and is more or less not under the control of the program. The program generated printout consists of everything printed directly under the control of the program by means of Fortran WRITE and FORMAT statements. The two different types of output may appear interspersed throughout the output listing and may even appear on the same page.

The main reason for distinguishing between the two different types of printout is that while the program generated output is more or less independent of the computing system which the program was run, the system generated output is very much dependent on the computing system. For example, the feature which allows the listing of the Namelist card images may be unavailable on some computing systems.

Below we shall list and, in some cases discuss, the various categories of printout that may be produced. The system generated printout will be indicated by placing "(system)" after each appropriate category. In addition, comments enclosed in parentheses will be used to indicate the conditions under which certain categories of printout will be produced. The categories will be listed in the approximate order in which they may be produced.

- 1) Load map: (system) - see section 5.4 for a load map produced on the CDC 6500 at TRW.
- 2) Listing of card images for the General Input Data: (system).
- 3) Input Parameters: This category consists of the values of parameters such as the number of elements, the maximum number of load steps, etc., which may be input or, in some cases, generated by the program.
- 4) Listing of card images for the Array Data: (system).

- 5) Bladder Analysis Parameters: (BLANAL $\neq$ 0) -
This category consists of such quantities as number of element layers, total length, final fold radius, etc.
- 6) Nodal coordinates: (BLANAL $\neq$ 0) -
The x and y coordinates for the single fold option or the r and z coordinates for the double fold option are printed out for each nodal point.
- 7) Fatigue life as a function of plastic strain for each material: (BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and FLIFE $\neq$ 0).
- 8) Plastic strain coefficients: (BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and FLIFE $\neq$ 0)
M and z are printed out for each material.
- 9) Material and geometric properties: The elastic modulus, Poisson's ratio, etc. are printed out for each material.
- 10) Variable material specification: (NMAT < 1) -
The material code is print out for each element.
- 11) Corner point array: (BLANAL = 0) -
The coordinates (x and y or r and z) of each corner point are printed out.
- 12) Element array: The node numbers $n_1, n_2, \dots, n_6$ for each element are printed out under the headers I, J, K, L, M, and N respectively.
- 13) Boundary conditions: (BLANAL = 0) -
The nodal index and the constraint code are printed out for each boundary condition under the headings PØINT and NFIX respectively. See the description of the input array IBCØND (item 40) in section 6.2.4 of this document for details.
- 14) Nodal displacement limits: (NNDLIM > 0) -
The nodal index, the direction code, and the magnitude of the displacement are printed out for each limiting displacement constraint. See the description of DLIM (item 30) in section 6.2.4.

- 15) Pressure loading specifications: ($NL\emptyset AD > 0$) -
The element index and the side code for each pressure loading condition are printed out. If, in addition, neither of NDP and PRESS is specified, then the pressure loading for each side loaded is also printed out. See the descriptions of $L\emptyset ADE$, $L\emptyset ADS$, and VPR in section 6.2.4 of this document.
- 16) Imposed displacements: ($BLANAL = 0$) -
The nodal index, the direction code and the magnitude of each imposed displacement constraint are printed out. See the description of DISPL (item 39) in section 6.2.4.
- 17) The band width of the stiffness matrix is printed out opposite the heading BAND WIDTH.
- 18) The total length of the dynamic storage array is printed out as a decimal integer and as an octal integer.
- 19) Load step and iteration information:
 - a) Load step number.
 - b) Load step size(s) $(\Delta P)_i$ and total load(s) P_i :
 - i) If $NL\emptyset AD > 0$ and if either NDP > 0 or PRESS was specified in the Namelist input, then $(\Delta P)_i$ is the current value of the incremental pressure loading and P_i is the accumulated pressure load. The two values $(\Delta P)_i$ and P_i apply to all sides loaded.
 - ii) If $NL\emptyset AD > 0$ and neither NDP nor PRESS was specified, then $(\Delta P)_i$ is the incremental pressure load for the i th side loaded and P_i is the corresponding accumulated pressure loading. See the descriptions of $L\emptyset ADE$, $L\emptyset ADS$, DPR and TPR in section 6.2.4 of this document.
 - iii) If $NL\emptyset AD = -n < 0$, then $(\Delta P)_i$ is the current value of the incremental change in primary fold radius and P_i is the accumulated change in fold radius (i.e. $r - r_p$) of node n .

19) Load step and iteration information: (continued)

- iv) If $NL\emptyset AD = 0$ (hence $NID \neq 0$) and if $BLANAL = 0$, then $(\Delta P)_i$ and P_i have no significance.
- v) If $BLANAL \neq 0$ and $RECCYL = 0$ (single fold bladder analysis), then $(\Delta P)_i = 0$ has no significance, but P_i specifies the current value of the fold radius (measured from the origin to the median line).
- vi) If $BLANAL \neq 0$ and $RECCYL \neq 0$ (double fold bladder analysis), then $(\Delta P)_i$ is the incremental change in the secondary inner fold radius and $IPRESS$ is the accumulated change in the secondary inner fold radius.

c) Force norm:

$$\|F\| = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{numnp} F_{xi}^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{numnp} F_{yi}^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

is printed out for each load step.

d) DF norm

$$\|DF\| = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{numnp} (\Delta F_{xi})^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{numnp} (\Delta F_{yi})^2 \right]$$

e) DF/F norm ratio

For each iteration the DF norm $\|DF\|$ and the ratio $\frac{\|DF\|}{\|F\|}$ are printed out.

20) Total force and the total moments: ($RECCYL \neq 0$) -

For each load step, the total force f_θ and the total moments M_r and M_z are printed out.

21) Fold radius: ($NL\emptyset AD < 0$) -

If $NL\emptyset AD = -n < 0$, then the current value of the primary fold radius $R = r_n$ is printed out for each load step.

- 22) Radius of curvature: (single fold analysis) -
For each load step, the inner radius of curvature at the centerline ($x = 0$) is printed out.
- 23) Nodal point forces and displacements -
The x and y (for rectangular coordinates) or the r and z (for cylindrical coordinates) components of displacement, accumulated loads, and residual loads are printed out for each nodal point for each load step.
- 24) Estimated fatigue life (FLIFE and BLANAL $\neq 0$) -
The estimated fatigue life and the maximum equivalent plastic strain, and the index of the node at which the maximum equivalent plastic strain occurs is printed out for each element layer for each load step.
- 25) Point strains -
At load step intervals determined by the input parameter IPRIN, the elastic, plastic and total strains are printed out for each nodal point. If RECCYL = 0, then the following components of strain are printed out for each type of strain:
- $$\epsilon_x, \epsilon_y, \gamma_{xy}$$
- If RECCYL $\neq 0$, then the following components of strain are printed out for each type of strain
- $$\epsilon_r, \epsilon_z, \epsilon_\theta, \gamma_{rz}$$
- 26) Point stresses -
At load step intervals determined by the input parameter IPRIN, the nodal coordinates (x and y or r and z), the point stresses ($\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \sigma_{xy}, \sigma_z$, and $\bar{\sigma}$ if RECCYL = 0, or $\sigma_r, \sigma_z, \sigma_\theta, \tau_{rz}$, and $\bar{\sigma}$ if RECCYL $\neq 0$), and the accumulated plastic work and the incremental plastic work (DWP) are printed out for each nodal point.

- 27) Dump of LBUCKT array and Dynamic Storage Array (System) -
If the solution fails to converge, the program calls the library routine PDUMP to dump out the LBUCKT array, which specifies the D.S.A. pointers, and the Dynamic Storage Array. See section 6.2 for a description of LBUCKT and the D.S.A.

4.0 SAMPLE CASE

4.1 Description of Sample Problem

In this section, a simple single fold aluminum bladder problem is presented in order to illustrate some of the program features. The bladder finite element model consisted of six elements, as shown in Figure 4-1. The material properties are:

$$E = 200 \text{ KSI}$$

$$\mu = 0.33$$

$$X = .167$$

$$\sigma_y = 10 \text{ KSI}$$

The other pertinent input quantities are given in the next sections.

4.2 Load Sheets for Sample Problem

The load sheet for the example problem is shown on the next page.

4.3 Printout for Sample Problem

Following the load sheet is the printout for the single fold problem of Figure 4-1. For brevity, only load steps 1 and 20 (the first and last steps) are shown.

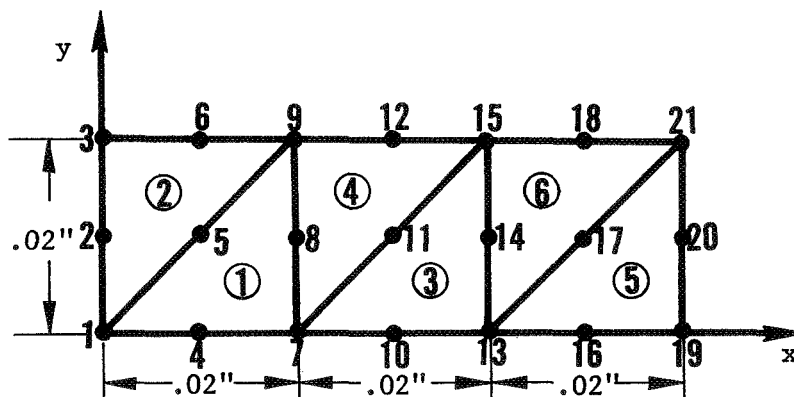


Figure 4-1: Sample Single Fold

Date _____

Page _____ of _____

Name _____

Priority _____

Problem No. _____

NAMELIST INPUT FORM

Keypunched by _____

No. of Cards _____

1

Verified by _____

TITLE:

2

80

COMMENTS

P

\$AS189

CONVER = 1.0E-03,

HEADER = 17H SINGLE @ F @ L D @ M @ DEL,

BLANAL = 1, FLIFE = 1, NCYCF = 2,

NLAYER = 1,

LWRAT = 3,

RFINAL = 0.05,

MAXST = 20,

\$END

\$DATA

VEH = 200., VXI = 0.33, VXU = 0.167, VYP = 10.,

DEPTH = 0.02, CYCT @ F = .28, 10,

.008, 10000,

\$END

LARGE STRAIN, ELASTOPLASTIC FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

PROGRAM ASI89 (BLADER)

```
ASI89
CONVER=1, E=3,
HEADER=17HSINGLE FOLD MODEL,
BLANAL=1, FLIFE=1, NCYCF=2,
NLAYER=1,
LWRAT=3,
RFINAL=0.05,
MAXST=20,
$END
```

SINGLE FOLD MODEL

PLANE STRAIN ANALYSIS

NO. OF ELEMENTS	6
NO. OF CORNER POINTS	8
NO. OF NODAL POINTS	21
NO. OF BOUNDARY CONDITIONS	3
NO. OF ELEMENTS LOADED	0
NO. OF IMPOSED DISPLACEMENTS	6
NUMBER OF MATERIALS	1
NUMBER OF LOAD INCREMENT ENTRIES	0
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STEPS	20
MAXIMUM BAND WIDTH	50
NO. OF DISPL. LIMITS	0

MAX. NO. OF ITERATIONS	10
NO. OF STEPS PER DETAILED PRINT	1
IRESI FLAG	0
CONVERGENCE CRITERION	1.0000E-03
TOTAL PRESSURE LOADING	-0.

NO. OF ELEMENT LAYERS	1
LENGTH TO WIDTH RATIO	3
NO. OF ANGULAR INTERVALS	0
NO. OF X-INTERVALS	3
TOTAL LENGTH	6.00000E-02
PRIMARY FOLD RADIUS	2.00000E+01
SECONDARY FOLD RADIUS	2.00000E+01
FINAL FOLDING RADIUS	5.00000E-C2

NODAL COORDINATES

POINT	X-ORD	Y-ORD
1	0.00000	0.00000
2	0.00000	.01000
3	0.00000	.02000
4	.01000	0.00000
5	.01000	.01000
6	.01000	.02000
7	.02000	0.00000
8	.02000	.01000
9	.02000	.02000
10	.03000	0.00000
11	.03000	.01000
12	.03000	.02000
13	.04000	0.00000
14	.04000	.01000
15	.04000	.02000
16	.05000	0.00000
17	.05000	.01000
18	.05000	.02000
19	.06000	0.00000
20	.06000	.01000
21	.06000	.02000

PLASTIC STRAIN	NO. OF CYCLES TO FAILURE	FOR MATERIAL
2.80000E-01	10	1
8.00000E-03	10000	

PLASTIC STRAIN COEFFICIENTS

MATERIAL	M	Z
1	9.15899E-01	-5.14689E-01

MATERIAL AND GEOM. PROPERTIES

ELASTIC MODULUS	200.00
POISSONS RATIO	.330
INITIAL THICKNESS	1.000
PLASTIC/ELASTIC MODULUS RATIO	1.670E-01
INITIAL YIELD POINT	10.0

ELEMENT ARRAY

ELEMENT	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	1	7	9	4	8	5
2	1	9	3	5	6	2
3	7	13	15	10	14	11
4	7	15	9	11	12	8
5	13	10	21	16	20	17
6	13	21	15	17	18	14

BAND WIDTH = 18

LENGTH OF DYNAMIC STORAGE 2089 (DECIMAL) 004051 (OCTAL)

LOAD STEP 1 = 0. TOTAL LOAD = 2.00000E+01

FORCE NORM = 9.58679E-04

DF NORM	DF/F NORM RATIO
3.53526E-05	3.68764E-02
3.24195E-09	3.38168E-06

RADIUS OF CURVATURE = 1.949522E+01

NODAL POINT FORCES AND DISPLACEMENTS - STEP 1

POINT	X-DIS	Y-DIS	X-LOAD	Y-LOAD	X-RESIDUAL	Y-RESIDUAL
1	0.	7.658808E-07	3.833611E-04	0.	0.	1.786903E-12
2	0.	2.021878E-06	-9.560433E-07	0.	0.	-5.065420E-13
3	0.	7.576803E-07	-3.833394E-04	0.	0.	-1.783586E-12
4	-5.128054E-06	-1.796221E-06	0.	0.	-8.677939E-11	8.451294E-12
5	3.717133E-10	-5.410967E-07	0.	0.	-8.726615E-11	-7.669468E-14
6	5.119467E-06	-1.806739E-06	0.	0.	8.291152E-11	-8.811443E-12
7	-1.025087E-05	-9.462136E-06	0.	0.	2.489247E-10	3.182493E-12
8	1.313332E-09	-8.228513E-06	0.	0.	4.029522E-10	1.694121E-12
9	1.023231E-05	-9.501682E-06	0.	0.	-1.459898E-10	-6.731793E-12
10	-1.540827E-05	-2.225454E-05	0.	0.	-2.609954E-10	2.436666E-11
11	5.022494E-09	-2.103397E-05	0.	0.	-1.415999E-10	-1.020678E-11
12	1.531083E-05	-2.230468E-05	0.	0.	2.365009E-10	-3.241448E-11
13	-2.056081E-05	-4.008297E-05	0.	0.	-1.623822E-09	6.529475E-11
14	4.267225E-08	-3.895127E-05	0.	0.	-1.864845E-09	5.926284E-11
15	2.034053E-05	-4.026622E-05	0.	0.	1.087368E-09	-5.328735E-11
16	-2.558953E-05	-6.300192E-05	0.	0.	5.386724E-10	1.983962E-10
17	1.284580E-07	-6.179329E-05	0.	0.	1.476660E-09	-5.355800E-11
18	2.514371E-05	-6.298858E-05	0.	0.	-4.727146E-10	-2.295153E-10
19	-3.008995E-05	-8.995493E-05	-4.390942E-04	2.307715E-04	0.	0.
20	-8.999996E-08	-8.999993E-05	1.124359E-04	-4.522801E-04	0.	0.
21	2.990996E-05	-9.004493E-05	3.275920E-04	2.215086E-04	0.	0.

LAYER	WAX. EQUIV. PLASTIC STRAIN	ESTIMATED FATIGUE LIFE	AT NODE
1	1.	100,000,000	1

POINT STRAINS

ELASTIC STRAINS

POINT	EPS-X	EPS-Y	EPS-XY
1	-5.121721E-04	2.523380E-04	4.378696E-07
2	4.982439E-07	-3.782582E-07	2.281933E-07
3	5.124070E-04	-2.523979E-04	8.378513E-08
4	-5.121493E-04	2.511468E-04	2.106868E-06
5	1.634005E-07	1.028998E-07	-9.525310E-07
6	5.120079E-04	-2.522802E-04	-6.691594E-07
7	-5.102340E-04	2.507891E-04	5.230091E-06
8	2.237661E-06	-1.421387E-06	8.800281E-07
9	5.119805E-04	-2.521220E-04	-1.415030E-06
10	-5.140617E-04	2.457596E-04	2.439186E-05
11	2.172064E-06	3.233222E-07	-9.980864E-06
12	5.168518E-04	-2.510793E-04	-7.553479E-06
13	-4.996118E-04	2.412966E-04	2.861455E-05
14	9.451240E-06	-7.042507E-06	-1.044274E-05
15	5.041377E-04	-2.511903E-04	-3.048364E-05
16	-4.731579E-04	1.242810E-04	7.673845E-05
17	-1.725182E-05	6.517993E-05	-1.556522E-05
18	4.817799E-04	-2.386251E-04	-9.164963E-07
19	-4.193615E-04	1.586411E-08	1.017655E-04
20	9.229100E-06	4.932141E-09	-2.230864E-05
21	4.584959E-04	-1.127503E-04	-5.433398E-05

PLASTIC STRAINS

POINT	EPS-X	EPS-Y	EPS-XY
1	0.	0.	0.
2	0.	0.	0.
3	0.	0.	0.
4	0.	0.	0.
5	0.	0.	0.
6	0.	0.	0.
7	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.
11	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	0.	0.
13	0.	0.	0.
14	0.	0.	0.
15	0.	0.	0.
16	0.	0.	0.
17	0.	0.	0.
18	0.	0.	0.
19	0.	0.	0.
20	0.	0.	0.
21	0.	0.	0.

TOTAL STRAINS

POINT	EPS-X	EPS-Y	EPS-XY
1	-5.121721E-04	2.523380E-04	4.378696E-07
2	4.982439E-07	-3.782582E-07	2.281933E-07
3	5.124070E-04	-2.523979E-04	8.378513E-08
4	-5.121493E-04	2.511468E-04	2.106868E-06
5	1.634005E-07	1.028998E-07	-9.525310E-07
6	5.120079E-04	-2.522802E-04	-6.691594E-07
7	-5.102340E-04	2.507891E-04	5.230091E-06
8	2.237661E-06	-1.421387E-06	8.800281E-07
9	5.119805E-04	-2.521220E-04	-1.415030E-06
10	-5.140617E-04	2.457596E-04	2.439186E-05
11	2.172064E-06	3.233222E-07	-9.980864E-06
12	5.068518E-04	-2.510793E-04	-7.553479E-06
13	-4.996008E-04	2.412966E-04	2.861455E-05
14	9.451240E-06	-7.042507E-06	-1.044274E-05
15	5.041377E-04	-2.511903E-04	-3.048364E-05
16	-4.731579E-04	1.242810E-04	7.673845E-05
17	-1.725182E-05	6.517993E-05	-1.556522E-05
18	4.817799E-04	-2.386251E-04	-9.164963E-07
19	-4.193615E-04	1.586411E-08	1.017655E-04
20	9.229100E-06	4.932141E-09	-2.230864E-05
21	4.584959E-04	-1.127503E-04	-5.433398E-05

POINT STRESSES

POINT	X-ORD	Y-ORD	SIG-X	SIG-Y	TAU-XY	SIG-Z	EQ. STRESS	PL. WORK	DWP
1	0.0000	.0000	-.1149	.0000	.0000	-.0379	.1014	-.00000	0.00000
2	0.0000	.0100	.0001	-.0000	.0000	.0000	.0001	-.00000	0.00000
3	0.0000	.0200	.1151	-.0000	.0000	.0379	.1016	-.00000	0.00000
4	.0100	-.0000	-.1150	-.0003	.0002	-.0381	.1012	-.00000	0.00000
5	.0100	.0100	.0001	.0001	-.0001	.0000	.0001	-.00000	0.00000
6	.0100	.0200	.1150	-.0000	-.0001	.0379	.1015	-.00000	0.00000
7	.0200	-.0000	-.1145	-.0002	.0005	-.0379	.1009	-.00000	0.00000
8	.0200	.0100	.0005	-.0001	.0001	.0001	.0005	-.00000	0.00000
9	.0200	.0200	.1150	.0000	-.0002	.0379	.1015	-.00000	0.00000
10	.0300	-.0000	-.1164	-.0022	.0020	-.0392	.1010	-.00000	0.00000
11	.0300	.0100	.0007	.0004	-.0008	.0004	.0014	-.00000	0.00000
12	.0300	.0200	.1136	-.0004	-.0007	.0373	.1007	-.00000	0.00000
13	.0400	-.0000	-.1127	-.0014	.0024	-.0377	.0985	-.00000	0.00000
14	.0400	.0100	.0018	-.0007	-.0008	.0004	.0028	-.00000	0.00000
15	.0400	.0200	.1128	-.0008	-.0025	.0369	.1004	-.00000	0.00000
16	.0500	-.0001	-.1220	-.0323	.0060	-.0509	.0826	-.00000	0.00000
17	.0500	.0099	.0044	.0168	-.0011	.0070	.0131	-.00000	0.00000
18	.0500	.0199	.1080	-.0004	-.0003	.0355	.0957	-.00000	0.00000
19	.0600	-.0001	-.1242	-.0613	.0078	-.0612	.0644	-.00000	0.00000
20	.0600	.0099	.0027	.0014	-.0017	.0013	.0032	-.00000	0.00000
21	.0600	.0199	.1195	.0335	-.0043	.0504	.0813	-.00000	0.00000

LOAD STEP 20 = 0. TOTAL LOAD = 5.00000E-02

FORCE NORM = 2.33775E-01

DF NORM	DF/F NORM RATIO
4.01617E-01	1.71796E+00
8.01697E-02	3.42935E-01
1.18167E-02	5.05472E-02
1.61309E-03	6.90016E-03
2.33109E-04	9.97151E-04

RADIUS OF CURVATURE = 3.184695E-02

NODAL POINT FORCES AND DISPLACEMENTS - STEP 20

POINT	X-DIS	Y-DIS	X-LOAD	Y-LOAD	X-RESIDUAL	Y-RESIDUAL
1	0.	1.021160E-03	6.856910E-02	0.	0.	-2.269801E-05
2	0.	1.372670E-03	-2.590045E-02	0.	0.	2.721828E-06
3	0.	7.670427E-04	-4.092467E-02	0.	0.	-1.241295E-06
4	-2.275216E-03	8.430014E-05	0.	0.	-6.628115E-05	4.269729E-05
5	-1.139247E-04	1.867411E-04	0.	0.	3.130186E-05	-3.360311E-05
6	1.823293E-03	-4.593395E-04	0.	0.	2.085349E-08	-3.663469E-06
7	-4.631886E-03	-2.329082E-03	0.	0.	3.978130E-05	-2.959242E-05
8	-4.591965E-04	-2.765087E-03	0.	0.	-3.040958E-05	6.073233E-06
9	3.299155E-03	-4.241141E-03	0.	0.	2.009979E-06	1.742350E-06
10	-7.901515E-03	-6.049334E-03	0.	0.	-8.242325E-05	6.081131E-05
11	-2.142203E-03	-8.131859E-03	0.	0.	-4.379866E-05	3.561549E-05
12	3.586590E-03	-1.002829E-02	0.	0.	3.173579E-06	1.655803E-06
13	-1.166700E-02	-1.139498E-02	0.	0.	-1.238756E-05	-2.087417E-05
14	-4.087967E-03	-1.445606E-02	0.	0.	8.491994E-05	-6.459577E-05
15	2.946051E-03	-1.815270E-02	0.	0.	3.153668E-05	1.087102E-06
16	-1.705829E-02	-1.784394E-02	0.	0.	-4.018735E-05	-4.212112E-05
17	-8.615449E-03	-2.288301E-02	0.	0.	-5.188088E-05	1.805868E-05
18	1.636377E-04	-2.738487E-02	0.	0.	6.495686E-05	6.901879E-05
19	-2.271844E-02	-2.550569E-02	1.330019E-02	9.126282E-02	0.	0.
20	-1.339805E-02	-3.188211E-02	-5.197096E-02	-8.192757E-02	0.	0.
21	-4.077655E-03	-3.825853E-02	3.685713E-02	-9.314154E-03	0.	0.

LAYER	MAX. EQUIV. PLASTIC STRAIN	ESTIMATED FATIGUE LIFE	AT NODE
1	1.60519E-01	29	12

POINT STRAINS

ELASTIC STRAINS

POINT	EPS-X	EPS-Y	EPS-XY
1	-1.511348E-01	6.369261E-02	3.116596E-02
2	8.991753E-03	-1.159244E-02	7.008192E-03
3	1.310921E-01	-6.218864E-02	-2.945451E-03
4	-1.647617E-01	6.070876E-02	6.620244E-02
5	2.778889E-03	1.123030E-04	-2.879681E-02
6	1.279247E-01	-5.830863E-02	-1.863958E-02
7	-1.433222E-01	4.487643E-02	7.540625E-02
8	1.200892E-02	-1.149049E-02	-2.330093E-03
9	1.406753E-01	-6.109633E-02	-5.826291E-02
10	-1.352081E-01	1.858073E-02	6.845244E-02
11	5.156610E-04	2.022815E-02	-2.202931E-02
12	1.227705E-01	-4.627971E-02	-4.979743E-02
13	-1.163476E-01	2.425237E-02	1.168757E-01
14	1.760657E-02	-5.666310E-03	-1.952837E-02
15	1.400775E-01	-2.745728E-02	-1.147507E-01
16	-9.125197E-02	-1.830308E-02	1.052340E-01
17	1.054080E-02	5.560251E-02	-6.334958E-03
18	1.264971E-01	-8.911238E-03	-1.343965E-01
19	-4.432264E-02	-8.983309E-02	1.376080E-01
20	6.592196E-02	3.439979E-03	-9.356658E-02
21	1.397606E-01	6.354181E-02	-2.102675E-01

PLASTIC STRAINS

POINT	EPS-X	EPS-Y	EPS-XY
1	-4.911409E-02	4.024583E-02	5.251549E-03
2	0.	0.	0.
3	5.881397E-02	-4.519035E-02	-6.918611E-04
4	-5.298482E-02	4.281836E-02	2.462640E-02
5	0.	0.	0.
6	5.838227E-02	-4.484832E-02	-1.702363E-02
7	-4.407788E-02	3.016300E-02	3.867976E-02
8	0.	0.	0.
9	5.681848E-02	-4.368118E-02	-4.196489E-02
10	-4.940571E-02	2.510167E-02	8.131137E-02
11	5.692954E-03	-1.360277E-02	-1.286526E-02
12	5.602542E-02	-4.358744E-02	-7.807180E-02
13	-2.411862E-02	9.782225E-03	4.687212E-02
14	0.	0.	0.
15	3.532783E-02	-2.644819E-02	-5.781237E-02
16	-3.946496E-03	-7.829902E-03	6.831633E-02
17	2.529619E-03	-1.771035E-02	-1.215639E-02
18	1.722012E-02	-1.217207E-02	-3.402357E-02
19	-3.741617E-03	1.685061E-03	1.474751E-02
20	-8.144097E-03	-9.093747E-03	6.486725E-02
21	1.271695E-02	-2.296931E-02	1.813482E-02

TOTAL STRAINS

POINT	EPS-X	EPS-Y	EPS-XY
1	-2.002489E-01	1.039384E-01	3.641751E-02
2	8.991753E-03	-1.159244E-02	7.008192E-03
3	1.899061E-01	-1.073790E-01	-3.637312E-03
4	-2.177465E-01	1.035271E-01	9.082884E-02
5	2.778889E-03	1.123030E-04	-2.879681E-02
6	1.863070E-01	-1.031569E-01	-3.566321E-02
7	-1.874001E-01	7.503943E-02	1.140860E-01
8	1.200892E-02	-1.149049E-02	-2.330093E-03
9	1.974938E-01	-1.047775E-01	-1.002278E-01
10	-1.846138E-01	4.368139E-02	1.497638E-01
11	6.208615E-03	6.625384E-03	-3.489458E-02
12	1.787959E-01	-8.986715E-02	-1.278692E-01
13	-1.404662E-01	3.403460E-02	1.637478E-01
14	1.760657E-02	-5.666310E-03	-1.952837E-02
15	1.754054E-01	-5.390547E-02	-1.725630E-01
16	-9.519846E-02	-2.613298E-02	1.735503E-01
17	1.308042E-02	3.789216E-02	-1.849134E-02
18	1.437172E-01	-2.108331E-02	-1.684201E-01
19	-4.806426E-02	-8.814803E-02	1.523555E-01
20	5.777786E-02	-5.653768E-03	-2.869933E-02
21	1.524776E-01	4.057250E-02	-1.921326E-01

POINT STRESSES

POINT	X-ORD	Y-ORD	SIG-X	SIG-Y	TAU-XY	SIG-Z	EQ. STRESS	PL. WORK	DWP
1	0.0000	0.0010	-18.0866	-2.9341	1.6904	-8.4899	13.7225	1.11458	.00024
2	0.0000	0.0114	.9935	-2.0935	.5336	-.3813	2.8337	-.00000	0.00000
3	0.0000	0.0208	15.4787	.6009	-.2028	4.4050	13.3920	1.01801	0.00000
4	0.0077	0.0001	-18.6652	-6.4380	4.8511	-9.9967	13.7570	1.11301	0.00000
5	0.0099	0.0102	.5196	.9197	-2.1518	.4075	4.0153	-.00000	0.00000
6	0.0118	0.0195	14.0885	.4187	-2.6338	3.9119	13.1197	.94925	0.00000
7	0.0154	-.0023	-16.8432	-9.0750	6.7863	-10.1971	13.8607	1.23691	0.00000
8	0.0195	0.0072	1.7806	-1.4790	-.9456	.0215	3.3421	-.00000	0.00000
9	0.0233	0.0158	10.5539	1.6476	-5.2888	3.0727	12.4512	1.00733	0.00000
10	0.0221	-.0060	-19.4704	-16.4501	8.3451	-13.9770	15.2193	1.64142	0.00000
11	0.0279	0.0119	1.7014	5.9432	-.6934	2.1900	4.6314	-.00000	0.00000
12	0.0336	0.0100	6.4244	.6328	-5.6681	1.1941	11.2690	1.16104	0.00000
13	0.0283	-.0114	-14.4040	-16.7843	7.0351	-12.1329	12.9221	.84544	-.00317
14	0.0359	-.0045	3.4447	1.9431	-2.7373	.8610	5.2700	-.00000	0.00000
15	0.0429	0.018	1.0629	-.1081	-6.4833	-.9882	11.6870	.77451	.00089
16	0.0329	-.0178	-15.7560	-23.6009	5.3839	-14.8869	12.4929	.69870	-.00307
17	0.0414	-.0129	2.5410	7.1986	2.4865	1.9840	7.1035	-.00000	0.00000
18	0.0502	-.0074	-.8793	1.6851	-6.4366	-1.0116	11.4552	.38933	.00306
19	0.0373	-.0255	-9.8960	-20.9868	1.2822	-11.5795	10.5878	.15094	-.00098
20	0.0466	-.0219	.8453	3.7306	-4.0969	.9326	7.6442	-.00000	0.00000
21	0.0559	-.0183	-.0710	5.5418	-5.0334	.5044	10.4377	.28874	.00165

03/17/70 SECURE SCOPE 3.1.5 23 MAR 70

```
10.09.00.$INPUT= 00884
10.09.03.$FL=60000 CP=00000.000 PP=00008.227 XX=00000.000 FC=065600
10.09.03.$SEQUENCE,P008.
10.09.03.$NAME,532310,35125,TAYLOR,J.
10.09.03.$PROBLEM,400632.
10.09.03.$PROGRAM,AS189E.
10.09.03.$PRIORITY,C.
10.09.03.$MAXTIM,180. 3 MINUTES
10.09.03.$FLENGTH,60000.
10.09.03.SET(1)
10.09.05.INPUT(LC=100000)
10.09.11.TRUNCATED LABEL COMMON CMESH
10.09.11.LAST PROGRAM PROCESSED GINPUT
10.09.13.TRUNCATED LABEL COMMON CMESH
10.09.13.LAST PROGRAM PROCESSED MSHGEN
10.09.20.TRUNCATED LABEL COMMON CMESH
10.09.20.LAST PROGRAM PROCESSED STEP2
10.09.39.FILE OPENED ON DISK-----OUTPUT
10.09.44.$FL=053300 CP=00000.982 PP=00045.831 XX=00000.000 FC=072300
10.09.44.*-- FL USED DURING EXECUTION -(053300)
10.09.44.*-- FL REQUIRED FOR LOADING -(063100)
10.09.45.$FL=050100 CP=00001.035 PP=00046.346 XX=00000.000 FC=075500
10.09.47.$FL=051400 CP=00001.172 PP=00046.844 XX=00000.000 FC=074200
10.11.05.EXIT
10.11.05.EOF ENCOUNTERED BY INPUTN
10.11.07.$CP 00068.710 SEC.
10.11.07.$PP 00052.110 SEC.
10.11.08.$XX 00000.000 SEC.
10.11.08.$DISK= 000000
10.11.08.EST. PRINTED OUTPUT 01968 LINES
10.11.08.EST. PUNCHED OUTPUT 00000 CARDS
10.11.08. 0002.18 + 0003.77 = 0005.95
10.11.08.CONTROL POINT 2.
```

5.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

5.1 Computing System Requirements

5.1.1 Hardware Requirements

5.1.2 Software Requirements

5.1.3 Input/Output Units

5.2 Deck Setup

5.2.1 Administrative Control Cards

5.2.2 CDC Control Cards

5.2.3 End-of-record and End-of-file cards

5.3 Library Subroutines

5.4 Load Map

5.5 Subroutine Cross-References

5.6 Memory Requirements

5.7 Print/Timing Estimates

5.7.1 Print Volume

5.7.2 Execution Time

5.8 Error Messages

5.1 Computing System Requirements

5.1.1 Hardware Requirements

- 1) High speed digital computer such as CDC 6500 or UNIVAC 1108.
- 2) At least 25K (decimal) memory - (larger memory permits solution of larger problems).
- 3) Two magnetic tape units if full restart capability is desired. One magnetic tape unit would be sufficient if input parameters are set properly (See section 6.6.4).

5.1.2 Software Requirements

- 1) The entire BLADER program is coded in Fortran IV. Although the BLADER program was compiled and checked out primarily on the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW, a great effort has been made to avoid using any programming practices which

- 1) (continued)
would cause significant problems in converting the program to other computing systems which have Fortran IV capability reasonably close to ASA standards.
- 2) The memory release feature of the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW is used, but is not really required and the usage thereof can be easily eliminated.
- 3) The Namelist feature of Fortran IV is used to read input data.

5.1.3 Input/Output Units

- 1) Fortran logical unit 5 is the standard input file (file INPUT on the CDC 6500 computing system).
- 2) Fortran logical unit 6 is the standard output file (file ØUTPUT on the CDC 6500 computing system).
- 3) One magnetic tape unit is required for the input restart if the input parameter RESTRT is nonzero. The Fortran logical unit number for this tape unit is determined by the parameter IRSIN. On the CDC 6500 computing system, the nominal value of IRSIN is 1 corresponding to file TAPE 1 (see section 6.6.4).
- 4) One magnetic tape unit is required for the output restart tape if the input parameter SAVETP is nonzero. The Fortran logical unit number for this tape unit is determined by the parameter IRSØUT. On the CDC 6500 computing system, the nominal value of IRSØUT is 3 corresponding to file TAPE 3 (see section 6.6.4).

5.2 Deck Setup

The deck setup for executing the BLADER program from a binary deck is very simple. The deck setup for executing from a binary program tape or from file service would be equally simple. In this report only the deck setup for executing from a binary deck on the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW is described. From this one basic deck setup, hopefully the deck setup for executing from a binary program tape or from file service or even for running on a different computing system will be suggested.

5.2.1 Administrative Control Cards

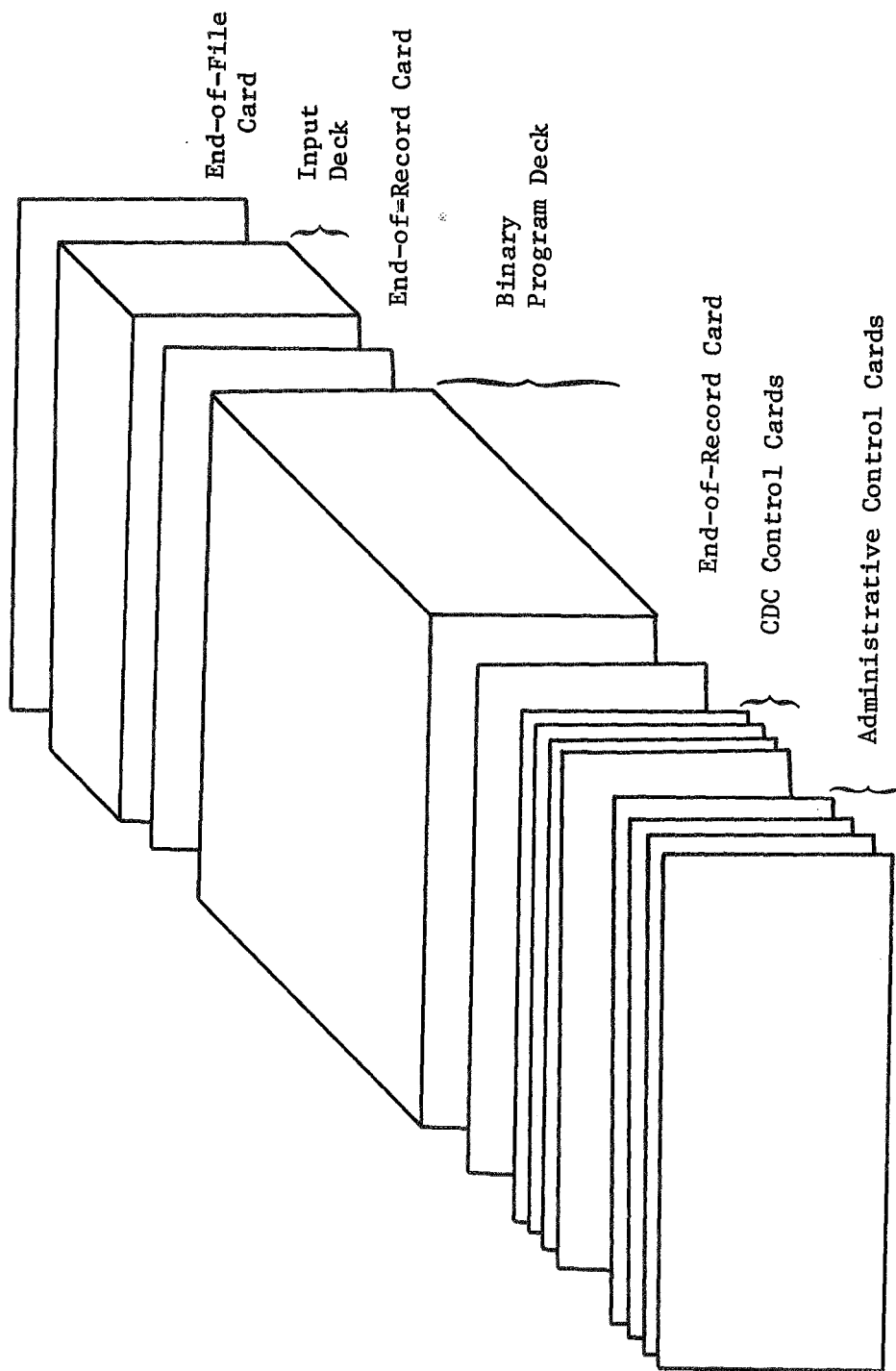
In this section is presented a list of the administrative control cards that are likely to be used when executing the BLADER program on the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW. Because the format of these cards may change from time to time, the reader is referred to section 4.3.6.1 of the TRW Systems Programming Handbook for details.

- 1) \$ NAME
- 2) \$ PROBLEM
- 3) \$ PROGRAM, AS189.
- 4) \$ PRIORITY
- 5) \$ MAXTIM
- 6) \$ FLENGTH (See section 5.6 Memory Requirements)
- 7) \$ PRINT
- 8) \$ TAPE

For example, if we wish to run a case which uses the input restart tape 1234 mounted on unit 1 and which will write an output save tape mounted on unit 3, then we would include the following \$ TAPE cards:

\$ TAPE, TAPE 1, 1234.

\$ TAPE, TAPE 3, S.



BASIC DECK SETUP

5.2.2 CDC Control Card's

In this section is presented a list of the CDC control cards that are required for executing the BLADER program from a binary deck. The general usage of the CDC control cards is described in the CDC SCOPE reference manual.

- 1) SET (1) - presets core to indefinites before program is loaded.

- 2) INPUT. - loads program and starts execution.
When a large amount of printout is expected, the line count should be set to a large value, e.g. INPUT (LC = 1000000).

- 3) EXIT.

- 4) VIV.
Actually, the VIV card is not a standard CDC control card. Rather, it is a special feature of the TRW 6500 computing system and is described in section 4.3.5.1 of the TRW Systems Programming Handbook.

5.2.3 End-of-record and End-of-file Cards

These are standard control cards for the CDC 6500 computing system. An end-of-record card has 7-8-9 punches in column 1, and an end-of-file card has 6-7-8-9 punches in column 1.

5.3 Library Subroutines

The following is a complete list of all library subroutines explicitly called by the BLADER program. This list does not include subroutines such as the I/O routines which may be called indirectly by READ, write, and other I/O statements.

- 1) MRELSE - Memory release routine for the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW. For executing the BLADER program on other computing systems, the two call statements calling MRELSE from the main program BLADER may be removed or a dummy routine for MRELSE may be provided.

- 2) ALØG - Natural logarithm subroutine: Obtains $\ln(x)$ for given x .
- 3) CØS - Cosine subroutine: Obtains $\text{COX}(x)$ for given x (where x is in radians).
- 4) EXP - Exponential subroutine: Obtains $\exp(x) = e^x$ for given x .
- 5) PDUMP - Memory dump subroutine: PDUMP is a more or less standard memory dump routine available on many computing systems. The calling sequence is `call PDUMP (L1, U1, f1, L2, U2, f2, ..., Ln, Un, fn)` where L_i and U_i indicate the lower and upper limits of the memory region to be dumped and f_i is a flag indicating the format of the dump:

$$f_i = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for octal dump,} \\ 1 & \text{for real dump,} \\ 2 & \text{for integer dump.} \end{cases}$$

If the Bladder Program is to be executed on a computing system which does not provide a PDUMP subroutine, then the CALL PDUMP statements in subroutine EERRXX may be deleted or replaced by another dumping procedure.

- 6) SIN - Sine subroutine: Obtains $\sin(x)$ for given x .
- 7) SQRT - Square root subroutine: Obtains $\sqrt{x}$ for given x .

5.4 Load Map

5.5 Subroutine Cross-References

The following is a load map and subroutine cross reference listing produced when executing the BLADER program on the CDC 6500 computing system.

22.38.01. NORMAL CONTROL

TIME LOAD MODE --L1--L2--TYPE--FWA TABLES 050167

FWA LOADER 054066 FWA LOAD--LWA LOAD--BLNK COMN--LENGTH--

PROGRAM--ADDRESS--

BLADER 001140

000100 053200 045310 005670

CALL--FWA LOAD--LWA LOAD--BLNK COMN--LENGTH--

--LBELED--COMMON--

CDIMEN 000100
CMESH 000113
FFLAGS 000117
HEADER 000121
IDIMEN 000130
IFLAGS 000152
INDEX 000164
IUNIT 000212
IPERM 000214
LBUCKT 000217
LSSAVE 000300
MESHIN 000324
PROPS 000335
RSDATA 000347
ST 000412
TEMP 000646
UV 001066
XYCDDR 001132
CDIMEN 000100
IDIMEN 000130
IFLAGS 000152
INDEX 000164
LBUCKT 000217
IDIMEN 000130
IFLAGS 000152
INDEX 000164
MESHIN 000324
PROPS 000335
CDIMEN 000100
IDIMEN 000130
IDIMEN 000130
IPERM 000214
PROPS 000335
XYCDDR 0001132
IDIMEN 000130
IFLAGS 000152
INDEX 000164

BLOC 012212

DIMCHK 012435

DISCHK 013111

FMCALC 013177

GLDM 013033

PROPS	000335
ST	000412
TEMP	000646
UV	001056
XYCOORD	001132
CDIMEN	000100
CMESH	000113
IFLAGS	000117
HEADER	000121
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
IDUNIT	000212
MESHIN	000324
PROPS	000335
RSDATA	000347
CDIMEN	000100
CMESH	000113
IFLAGS	000117
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
MESHIN	000324
PROPS	000335
CDIMEN	000100
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
IDUNIT	000212
LBUCKT	000217
LSSAVE	000300
MESHIN	000324
PROPS	000335
CDIMEN	000100
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
IPERM	000214
PROPS	000335
ST	000412
XYCOORD	000132
CDIMEN	000100

GINPUT 015737

MSHGEN 016667

PRINT 017761

RESID 21624

PRST23 22735

CMESH	000113
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
IOUNIT	000212
LSSAVE	000300
MESHIN	000324
PROPS	000335
RSDATA	000347
CDIMEN	000100
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
Iperm	000214
LBUCKT	000217
PROPS	000335
UV	000166
CDIMEN	000100
FFLAGS	000117
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
Iperm	000214
LBUCKT	000217
LSSAVE	000300
PROPS	000335
CDIMEN	000100
CMESH	000113
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
LBUCKT	000217
MESHIN	000324
PROPS	000335
ST	000412
CDIMEN	000100
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
Iperm	000214
PROPS	000335

SETIC 024233

SETUP 026634

STEP2 031451

STFNS 032645

ST	000412
TEMP	000646
UV	001066
XYCOORD	001132
CDIMEN	000100
CMESH	000113
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
ICUNIT	000212
LSSAVE	000300
MESHIN	000324
IDIMEN	000130
IFLAGS	000152
INDEX	000164
ICUNIT	000212
LBUCKT	000217
PROPS	000335
SCOPE2	135730

WRST2 135066

EERRXX 035524

SYSTEM	135730
MRELSE	137135
OUTPTC	137163
SQRT	140540
ENDFIL	140603
REWINM	140676
INPUTN	140771
INPUTB	142533
OUTPTB	143050
SINCS	143217
RBAREX	143416
ALNLOG	143475
EXP	143554
DUMP	143643
SIN\$	144144
CPC	145127
GETBA	145271

---REFERENCES---

BLADER 1152

GIVPUT 10360

---ENTRY-----ADDRESS-

BLADER 1141

BLOC 12213

DIMCHK 12416

DISCHK	013102	PRINT SETUP	020100 030122	
FMCALC	013200	PRINT	020031	
GEOM	013637	STEP2	031753	031760
GINPUT	015740	BLADER	001151	
MSHGEN	016677	SETUP	027051	027064
PRINT	017776	BLADER EERRXX	001722 035630	001744 035652
RESID	021632	BLADER	001573	001613
RRST23	022772	SETUP	026752	027025
SETIC	024263	BLADER	001511	001554
SETUP	026603	BLADER	001240	001302
STEP2	031471	BLADER	001401	001430
STENS	032646	STEP2	031715	
WRST2	035113	SETUP	030707	030732
EERRXX	035525	BLADER	001667	
Q8NTRY	035731	BLADER	001142	
SYSTEM	036246	CUTPTC SORT FEWIMM INPUTN INPUTB OUTPUTB SINCCS RBAPEX FXD	037177 040505 040756 041554 042574 043237 043362 043455 043617	040344 041603 042530 043305

SYSTEMC 36212
 SYSTEMP 36241
 END 36136

BLADER 011757
 BLOC 012421
 DIMCHK 012643
 DISCHK 013157
 FMCALC 013464
 GINPUT 016414
 MSHGEN 017552
 PRINT 021317
 RESID 022563
 FRST23 024127
 SETIC 026307
 SETUP 030741
 STEP2 032545
 WRST2 035507
 EERRXX 035665

STOP 36165

BLADER 011330
 DIMCHK 012452
 GINPUT 016363
 RRST23 023042
 SETUP 030630
 EERRXX 035655
 DUMP 043745

035663

EXIT 36157

INPUTN 042523

ABNORML 36175

04345

OUTPTC 037200
 ENDFIL 040665
 REWINM 040757
 INPUTN 042102
 INPUTB 042575
 CUTPTS 043240

042531

TERR 36540
 NTERP 36643
 AERR 36846
 PRELSE 37135

BLADER 0116

1332

JSPACE 37152
OUTPIC 37165

BLADER

001311 001313 001315 001316 001323 001325
001326 001624 001626 001627 001650 001652
001654 001655 001665 001666

DIMCHK

012442 012443 012447 012450 012464 012465
012500 012502 012504 012506 012510 012512
012514 012516 012520 012522 012524 012526
012527 012532 012534 012536 012540 012542
012544 012545 012636 012637
013435 013437 013441 013443 013444 013456
013460 013461

FMCALC

015743 015744 016017 016021 016022 016055
016057 016062 016065 016066 016334 016336

GINPUT

016337

MSHGEN

017243 017245 017247 017251 017253 017255
017257 017261 017263 017264 017267 017275
017303 017311 017315 017362 017364 017372
017374 017375 017407 017411 017412 017436
017440 017442 017443 017522 017525 017533
017541 017545

PRINT

020052 020054 020055 020103 020105 020106
020115 020116 020125 020126 020131 020137
020146 020155 020164 020173 020202 020211
020215 020237 020240 020414 020416 020420
020422 020424 020425 020443 020444 020453
020454 020457 020465 020500 020506 020511
020512 020515 020516 020521 020527 020541
020547 020552 020553 020556 020557 020562
020570 020602 020610 020613 020614 020623
020624 020627 020635 020650 020656 020661
020662 020665 020666 020671 020677 020711
020717 020722 020723 020726 020727 020732
020740 020752 020760 020763 020764 020767
020775 021003 021011 021024 021034 021042
021046 021063 021065 021067 021071 021072

PRST23

023033 023035 023037 023040 023502 023504
023505

SETUP

027121 027123 027125 027126 027131 027135
027141 027144 027150 027154 027164 027170
027174 027212 027216 027222 027225 027231

INPUTB C42535 GINPUT
FRST23

016026	016032	016036	023012	023014	023016
023004	023006	023010	023044	023061	023067
023020	023022	023023	023122	023131	023141
023076	023105	023116	023171	023173	023205
023145	023156	023165	023254	023260	023271
023216	023230	023242	023325	023331	023340
023301	023305	023315	023375	023405	023411
023350	023362	023366	023454	023460	023514
023420	023430	023442	023531	023533	023535
023515	023525	023527	023557	023605	023636
023537	023541	023543	023756	023770	024002
023667	023720	023742	024044	024053	024063
024014	024026	024040	024112		
024067	024076	024106			

OUTPTB C43052 GINPUT

016370	016374	016402	016406	016410	016411
021110	021115	021117	021121	021123	021125
021127	021131	021141	021154	021167	021202
021206	021215	021225	021231	021240	021250
021254					
035114	035116	035120	035122	035124	035126
035130	035132	035133	035135	035147	035153
035162	035171	035202	035206	035215	035221
035225	035236	035245	035251	035253	035265
035276	035310	035322	035334	035340	035351
035355	035361	035371	035375	035401	035410
035414	035422	035426	035435	035441	035445
035454	035460	035466	035474	035500	

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DUMPQUT C43316
SIN C43520 MSHGEN
STEP2

COS C43323 MSHGEN
STEP2

REAPERX C43417 MSHGEN
PRINT

ALOG C43511 MSHGEN

017445 017447

ALOG10		043476	RBAREX		043435	
EXP	043565		MSHGEN		017500	
			RBAREX		043440	
PDUMP		043740	EERPRX		035534	035554 035564
DUMP	043743					
BKSPRU.	044440					
FIZBAK.	044450					
POSFIL.	044476		OUTPTC		037215	
			ENDFIL		040655	
RDPRU.	044556		OUTPTC		037246	037262 037524 040306 037222
DAT.	044577					
CJUL.		044414	ENDFIL		040642	040620
			REWINM		040735	040715
			INPUTB.		042623	042636 042734 042761
					043015	
			OUTPTB		043144	043164 043130 043220 043136
					043257	043261 043303
UPEN.		044146	SYSTEM		036551	
			OUTPTC		037205	
			ENDFIL		040614	
			INPUTN		042073	041415
			INPUTB		042710	042667
			OUTPTB		043145	043213
SIO.		044272	OUTPTC		037201	
			INPUTB		042507	
			OUTPTB		043100	
ADVIN.		044505	SYSTEM		036453	
			ENDFIL		040633	
			REWINM		040732	
MVWDS.		044321	INPUTB		042511	

PTSEI.	044515	OUTPTB	043113
		ENDFIL	040627
		OUTPTB	043210
FIZBA.	044524		
CPC	045075	MRELSE	037141 037154
CPC02	045154		
CPC03	045027		
CPC04	045046		
CPC999	045261		
GETBA	045271		
		OUTPIC	037173
		ENDFIL	040610
		REWIND	040704
		INPUTN	041001 042034
		INPUTB	042654
		OUTPTB	043122

-----UNSATISFIED EXTERNALS-----

-----REFERENCES-----

5.6 Memory Requirements

The basic memory requirements for the BLADER program (excluding the variable memory requirements of the Dynamic Storage Array) are relatively modest. On the CDC 6500 computing system, the basic memory requirement is approximately 46000 (octal) $\approx$ 19,500 (decimal) cells. The memory required for the Dynamic Storage Array is extremely variable, depending on the size of the problem. On the CDC 6500 computing system, the program begins with 3000 (decimal) = 5670 (octal) cells in the D.S.A., but may increase or decrease the size of the D.S.A. - depending on the size of the problem. On a computing system which does not have a memory release feature such as that on the CDC 6500 computing system at TRW, it would be necessary to dimension the array BUCKET in the BLADER main program with the maximum dimensions desired for the D.S.A.

Tables 5.6.1 and 5.6.2 should be helpful in estimating the size of the Dynamic Storage Array for a given problem. It turns out that in most cases the only really significant parameters are the number of elements NUMEL and the number of nodal points NUMNP. All of the input parameters are described in section 2.3 of this report.

For a bladder analysis problem (BLANAL $\neq$ 0), many of the dimensional quantities (NUMEL, NUMNP, etc.) are calculated from the basic bladder dimensions as indicated in table 5.6.2. NLAYER, LWRAT, and NANGIN are the basic input dimensions.

Table 5.6.1

Dynamic Storage Requirements

		Rectangular Coordinates (RECCYL = 0)	Cylindrical Coordinates (RECCYL $\neq$ 0)	
NUMEL	X	102	120	} Most significant dimensions
NUMNP	X	33	37	
NMAT	X	5	5	
NDP	X	2	2	
NUMBC	X	2	2	
NID	X	2	2	
NNDLIM	X	5	5	
<u>Plus</u>				
NLØAD	X	2	2	If NLØAD > 0
NLØAD	X	3	3	If NLØAD > 0 and neither NDP nor PRESS is entered.
NUMEL	X	-	3	If NLØAD < 0
NUMEL	X	1	1	If NMAT > 1
NLAYER	X	2	2	If BLANAL $\neq$ 0
NMAT	X	2	2	If FLIFE $\neq$ 0

Plus

2* NUMNP * BANDW for the band matrix; where BANDW is the band width of the system stiffness matrix.

Table 5.6.2
Bladder Analysis Dimensions

	<u>Single Fold</u>	<u>Double Fold</u>
NXINT	LWRAT * NLAYER	NANGIN
NPTSX	2 * NXINT + 1	2*NXINT + 1
NPTSY	2 * NLAYER + 1	2*NLAYER + 1
NUMEL	2 * NLAYER * NXINT	2*NLAYER*NXINT
NUMNP	NPTSX * NPTSY	
NMAT	Input	Input
NDP	0	0
NUMBC	NPTSY	2*NPTSY
NID	2 * NPTSY	0
NNDLIM	Input	Input
NLØAD	0	<0
BANDW	8 * NLAYER + 10	8*NLAYER + 10

Note: If FLIFE $\neq$ 0, then the array CYCTØF will require 40 * NMAT cells. However, since the CYCTØF array is overlaid by the band matrix, which is normally larger than the CYCTØF array, there is usually no need to allow extra storage for the CYCTØF array.

5.7 Print/Timing Estimates

Both the volume of printed output and the execution time are extremely variable being dependent upon such factors as the problem dimensions, the number of load steps, and the options selected. In this section an attempt is made to present information that will assist the user in estimating the volume of printed output and the execution time.

5.7.1 Print Volume

For the purposes of estimating the volume of printed output, the print may be divided into three categories: input printout, standard load step printout, and detailed load step printout. The following algorithms consider only the options which greatly affect the volume of printout and hence provide only an estimate of the printed output.

5.7.1 Print Volume (continued)

1) Input printout:

No. of lines $\approx C + E + P + Z$ where

C = no. of input cards,

E = no. of elements (multiplied by 2 if blank lines are included),

P = no. of points,

$Z \approx \begin{cases} 100 & \text{if blank lines are included,} \\ 60 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

2) Standard load step printout:

No. of lines $\approx \text{MAXST} * (I + P + L + Z)$ where

I = no. of iterations ($\leq \text{ITER}$),

P = no. of points,

L = no. of sides loaded (see VPR in sections 6.2.3 and 6.2.4),

$Z \approx \begin{cases} 20 & \text{if blank lines are included,} \\ 10 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

3) Detailed load step printout:

No. of lines $\approx \frac{\text{MAXST}}{\text{IPRIN}} (4 * P + Z)$

where

P = no. of points,

$Z \approx \begin{cases} 25 & \text{if blank lines are included,} \\ 12 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

In some computing systems blank lines must be included in the estimate of the print volume while in other computing systems only real lines are counted.

5.7.2 Execution Time

Although the problem options (i.e. coordinate system, bladder or standard strain analysis, etc.) have very little effect upon the running time, the problem dimensions, the number of load steps, and the convergence criterion have a great effect upon the running time. It is somewhat difficult to determine the relation between the problem dimensions and the running time. The band matrix size is approximately proportional to the square of the number of nodes, and the number of nodes is in turn

5.7.2 Execution Time (continued)

proportional to the product of the number of intervals in each coordinate direction. The running time per iteration is roughly proportional to the size of the band matrix. Thus we can expect the running time per iteration to be roughly proportional to the square of the number of nodes. For a problem with a given number of nodes, the running time is almost directly proportional to the total number of iterations required, which in turn would be directly proportional to the number of load steps if all load steps required the same number of iterations. Thus a very crude estimate of the running time may be obtained from the formula

$$T = SIN^2$$

where

T = running time

I = total number of iterations

= MAXST * (average number of iterations per load step)

N = no. of nodes

S is a quantity which is roughly constant for a given computer and must be determined through experience in running the program.

Perhaps a few examples will give a rough idea of the running time at least for the CDC 6500 computing system. The running time for other computing systems will have to be determined by experience.

<u>Run</u>	<u>No. of Nodes</u>	<u>No. of Load Steps</u>	<u>Total No. of Iterations</u>	<u>Running Time (sec.)</u>	<u>S*10³</u>	<u>Comments</u>
1	21	10	13	15.5	2.7	
2	21	12	15	20.3	3.07	(with restart)
3	21	10	12	19.8	3.74	cylindrical coords
4	45	10	36	136.0	1.87	
5	45	5	15	60.0	1.98	
6	75	4	4	32.05	1.42	
7	75	20	20	126.9	1.13	2706 lines of output
8	75	20	20	145.1	1.29	6396 lines of output

5.7.2 Execution Time (continued)

It is obvious from the table on the preceding page that the formula $T = \text{SIN}^2$ is only a rough formula since the value of $S = \frac{T}{\text{IN}^2}$ is not the same for all cases.

5.8 Error Messages

This section consists of a list of all error messages which may be printed out directly by the BLADER program. For convenience, the error messages are listed alphabetically, and for each message the name of the subroutine which prints the message is specified. Also, a brief explanation of the meaning of the message and suggested remedial procedures are presented for each message.

Lower case letters are used to indicate numerical or alphabetic variables in the message, and upper case letters are used to indicate the fixed portion of each message.

1. ***** A PLANE STRAIN CASE MAY NOT FOLLOW AN AXISYMMETRIC CASE.

Subroutine: DIMCHK

Explanation: Because the values of certain coefficients are built into the program by means of DATA statements for the rectangular coordinates option but are calculated for the cylindrical coordinates option, a plane strain problem may not be stacked behind an axisymmetric problem. (see section 2.1.6)

Remedy: Reorder the cases placing all problems involving rectangular coordinates in front of all problems involving cylindrical coordinates.

2. ERROR ... IDIMEN(i) = m IS LESS THAN OLD VALUE = n

Subroutine: GINPUT

Explanation: Because of the Dynamic Storage feature, the problem dimensions may not be reduced on a Restart run. The values m and n are the new and old values of the quantity IDIMEN(i) where IDIMEN(2) = NUMEL, IDIMEN(3) = NUMNP, etc... See the description of the labeled COMMON block IDIMEN in section 6.3 of this report

5.8 Error Messages (continued)

2. (continued)

for the significance of IDIMEN(i) for any specific value of i.

Remedy: Compare the new values and the old values of the problem dimensions and restructure the problem to avoid reducing the problem dimensions.

3. ERROR IN PROBLEM DIMENSIONS

Subroutine: DIMCHK

Explanation: An obvious error has been detected in the problem dimensions. The following is a list of possible errors which the program checks for:

- a) $\alpha \leq 0$ where α may be any of the following: NUMEL, NUMNP, NUMCP, NUMBC, NMAT, MAXBW, MAXST.
- b) NID < 0.
- c) NDP < 0.
- d) NUMCP $\geq$ NUMNP.
- e) NLOAD $\neq$ 0 and NID $\neq$ 0.
- f) NLOAD = 0 and NID = 0.
- g) RECCYL = 0 and NLOAD < 0.
- h) NNDLIM < 0 or NNDLIM > NUMNP.
- i) BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and NLAYER $\leq$ 0.
- j) BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and NXINT $\leq$ 0.
- k) BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and NCYCF > 20.
- l) BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RFINAL $\leq$ 0.

Remedy: Check the input problem dimensions very carefully. Also, in the case of a bladder analysis (BLANAL $\neq$ 0) check the calculated problem dimensions and the input parameter RFINAL. In particular, check the printout of the general input data. More than one error may be present so check very carefully. Correct the offending quantities and resubmit the run.

5.8 Error Messages (continued)

4. ERROR ... VPRFLG FROM RESTART TAPE = valuea PROGRAM ALREADY
SET VPRFLG = valueb

Subroutine: RRST23

Explanation: There is an inconsistency between the old (valuea) and new (valueb) values of VPRFLG, the variable pressure flag, where

$$VPRFLG = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } NL\emptyset AD > 0 \text{ and if neither NDP nor PRESS} \\ & \text{is specified,} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Most likely one or more of the input quantities NL $\emptyset$ AD, NDP, and PRESS was changed incorrectly on a restart run.

Remedy: Check the old and new values of the input quantities NL $\emptyset$ AD, NDP, and PRESS. If NDP and PRESS were originally non-zero, then they may not be set to zero on a restart. Similarly, if NDP and PRESS were zero or unspecified on the original run, then they should be left unspecified on a restart run. Also if NL $\emptyset$ AD was originally zero or negative, then it must be zero or negative on a restart run since the method of loading may not be changed on a restart run.

5. ERROR ... m SIDES L $\emptyset$ ADED FOR ELEMENT n

Subroutine: SETUP

Explanation: The user has attempted to specify m (> 3) sides loaded for element n. Since the elements are triangular, no more than 3 sides of any element may be loaded. Also, no side of an element may be loaded with more than one load.

Remedy: Modify the pressure loading specifications (input arrays L $\emptyset$ ADE and L $\emptyset$ ADS)

5.8 Error Messages (continued)

6. ILLEGAL VALUE SPECIFIED FOR VARIABLE varnam WITH
SUBSCRIPT(S) m, n

Subroutine: SETUP

Explanation: The program has detected an obvious error in the array indicated by the symbol varnam. The following table lists the possible errors.

<u>varnam</u>	<u>Subscript(s)</u>	<u>Description of Possible Errors</u>
DELTAP	1	$\text{DELTAP}(1, 1) \leq 0$ or $\text{DELTAP}(2, 1) = 0$.
MATEL	m	$\text{MATEL}(m) \leq 0$ or $\text{MATEL}(m) > \text{NMAT}$.
CORNER	1, n	$\text{CORNER}(1, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{CORNER}(1, n) > \text{NUMNP}$.
NP	m, n	$\text{NP}(m, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{NP}(m, n) > \text{NUMNP}$.
IBCND	1, n	$\text{IBCND}(1, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{IBCND}(1, n) > \text{NUMNP}$.
DLIM	1, n	$\text{DLIM}(1, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{DLIM}(1, n) > \text{NUMNP}$ or $\text{DLIM}(2, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{DLIM}(2, n) > 2$.
LOADE	m	$\text{LOADE}(m) \leq 0$ or $\text{LOADE}(m) > \text{NUMEL}$.
LOADS	m	$ \text{LOADS}(m) > 3$
DISPL	1, n	$\text{DISPL}(1, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{DISPL}(1, n) > \text{NUMNP}$ or $\text{DISPL}(2, n) \leq 0$ or $\text{DISPL}(2, n) > 2$.

Remedy: Correct the offending values in the indicated array.

7. INPUT ERROR. CYCM(m) = value, BUT NO VALUE WAS INPUT FOR CYCZ(m).

Subroutine: MSHGEN

Explanation: The arrays CYCM and CYCZ are in one-to-one correspondence. Thus, if a value is entered for CYCM(m), then a value must be entered for CYCZ(m).

Remedy: Delete the entry for CYCM(m) or enter a value for CYCZ(m).

5.8 Error Messages (continued)

8. LENGTH OF DYNAMIC STORAGE m (DECIMAL) nnnnnn (OCTAL)
EXCEEDS MAXIMUM BUCKET SIZE.
MAXBKT = k.

Subroutine: BLADER

Explanation: The values m and nnnnnn specify the length of the Dynamic Storage array as decimal and octal integers respectively. The value m exceeds the maximum allowable value as indicated by the parameter MAXBKT.

Remedy: Increase the value of MAXBKT through the Namelist input or decrease the problem dimensions so that $m \leq \text{MAXBKT}$. See section 5.6 for a discussion of the size of the Dynamic Storage array.

9. MAX BAND WIDTH OF n EXCEEDED.

Subroutine: SETUP

Explanation: The integer n is the value of the parameter MAXBW and is less than the calculated band width of the band matrix A.

Remedy: Increase MAXBW so that it is at least as large as the calculated band width, or restructure the problem to reduce the band width of matrix A.

10. NEGATIVE OR ZERO AREA, ELEMENT = n

Subroutine: SETUP

Explanation: The area of element n calculated by the relation

$$A = (x_2 - x_1)(y_3 - y_1) - (x_3 - x_1)(y_2 - y_1)$$

is negative or zero, where (x_1, y_1) , (x_2, y_2) and (x_3, y_3) are the coordinates of points 1, 2 and 3 (i.e. the corner points) of element n. If RECCYL = 0, then rectangular coordinates (x, y) are used, but if RECCYL $\neq$ 0, then cylindrical coordinates (r, z) are used.

Remedy: Renumber the nodes, change the point coordinates, or restructure the problem to avoid negative areas.

5.8 Error Messages (continued)

11. SØLUTION FAILED TØ CØNVERGE.

Subroutine: BLADER

Explanation: The solution of the problem (more specifically, the norm of the residual load vector DF) failed to converge within ITER iterations.

Remedy: Examine the sequence of values printed out for the norm of DF and the DF/F norm ratio. If the sequence appears to be converging satisfactorily, then perhaps merely increasing the value of the parameter ITER will allow the problem to converge within a few more iterations. Also, increasing the value of the convergence criterion CØNVER may permit the problem to converge and thus continue (but with reduced accuracy). If the DF norm and the DF/F norm ratio are not converging, then it will be necessary to change some of the problem parameters (such as YP, EM, etc. or the pressure loading parameters PRESS, MAXST, etc.) in order to get the problem to converge.

6.0 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

6.1 Introduction

6.2 Dynamic Storage Array

6.2.1 Introduction

6.2.2 Dynamic Storage Array Pointers

6.2.3 Summary List of Dynamic Storage Arrays

6.2.4 Description of Arrays Stored in the Dynamic Storage Array

6.3 Labeled Common Blocks

6.4 Overall Flowchart

6.5 Summary List of Subroutines

6.6 Restart Feature

6.6.1 Problem Dimensions and Other General Input Quantities

6.6.2 Computed Constants and Input Arrays

6.6.3 Load Step Dependent Quantities

6.6.4 Internal and External File Names

6.1 Introduction

The contents of section 6 of this report describes various programming aspects of the BLADER program and is intended primarily for the benefit of any programmers who might have the responsibility of modifying the program in the future. This section is not as complete as we would like, but hopefully it describes the most significant programming aspects of the program and will prove of value to anyone who needs to understand the coding of the program.

6.2 Dynamic Storage Array

6.2.1 Introduction

The Dynamic Storage Array (D.S.A. for short) BUCKET, which is also referenced by the shorter name B for convenience, is a large block of memory in which all of the arrays which have variable dimensions are stored. Since all of the arrays in the D.S.A. may have variable

6.2.1 Introduction (continued)

dimensions, the origin of each array A_n relative to B is not fixed but rather is dependent upon the dimensions of the arrays $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_{n-1}$ which precede A_n in the D.S.A. The origins of the various individual arrays $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_N$ relative to B are stored in the labeled COMMON block LBUCKT. For example, the origin of the array NP is always B(1) and the origin of the array LOADE is $B(\ell_{NP} + 1)$, where ℓ_{NP} is the total dimension of the array NP ($\ell_{NP} = 6 * \text{NUMEL}$). The relative origin $\ell_{NP} + 1$ of the array LOADE is stored in LLLOADE. Similarly, the relative origin of the array LLOADS is stored in LLLADS and is equal to $1 + \ell_{NP} + \ell_{LOADE}$, where ℓ_{LOADE} is the total dimension of the array LOADE. The origin of LOADS is equivalent to the location $B(\text{LLLOADE} + \ell_{LOADE})$.

On the CDC 6500 version of the BLADER program, the Dynamic Storage Array B is assigned to blank COMMON for two important reasons:

- 1) By being assigned to blank COMMON, the array B may overlay the portion of memory which was occupied by the loader during the final operations of the loading process and which otherwise would not be used during execution.
- 2) The memory allocation/release feature (TRW subroutine MRELSE and CDC control card RFL) of the CDC software may be used to increase or decrease the size of the D.S.A. during execution. Thus, a user with a large problem can obtain the large amount of memory that is required to solve his problem (provided of course that the absolute upper limits of available memory, e.g. 50K or 131K, or whatever, are not exceeded), whereas the user with a small problem will request (and thus pay for) only a relatively small amount of memory and will receive better turn around time as an extra bonus.

6.2.2 Dynamic Storage Array Pointers

Unless explicitly stated otherwise, the name of the D.S.A. pointer for each of the arrays described in the following section is obtained by placing the character L in front of the array name. For example, the D.S.A. pointer for the array NP is LNP, and the D.S.A. pointer for the array BETA is LBETA. The main exceptions are the D.S.A. pointers for arrays whose names already contain six characters. In order to avoid having symbolic names with more than six characters, one or more characters have been deleted from the array name in order to make room for the L prefix. Thus, the pointer for the array MLAYER is LMLAYR, and the pointer for the array CYCTØF is LCYCF. All D.S.A. pointers are stored in the labeled COMMON block LBUCKT.

6.2.3 Summary List of Dynamic Storage Arrays

In this section is presented an alphabetical list of all arrays which are assigned to the Dynamic Storage Array. For each array, the corresponding D.S.A. pointer is given along with the position of that array in the following section, which gives a detailed description of each array.

<u>Array Name</u>	<u>D.S.A. Pointer</u>	<u>Position in Section 6.2.4</u>
A	LA	48
BETA	LBETA	7
CØRNER	LA	46
CØUNT	LCØUNT	18
CYCM	LCYCM	41
CYCTØF	LCYCF	45
CYCZ	LCYCZ	42
DELTAP	LDELTP	37
DEPTH	LDEPTH	44
DF	LDF	19
DIS	LDIS	21
DISPL	LDISPL	39
DLFLAG	LDLFLG	31
DLIM	LDLIM	30

6.2.3 Summary List of Dynamic Storage Arrays (continued)

<u>Array Name</u>	<u>D.S.A. Pointer</u>	<u>Position in Section 6.2.4</u>
DPR	LDPR	50
DR	LDR	20
DSD	LDSD	29
DTST	LDTST	27
DWP	LDWP	16
EEST	LEEST	11
EPST	LEPST	10
ESIG	LESIG	12
EST	LEST	26
ETST	LETST	9
EWP	LEWP	13
F	LF	22
IA	LDISPL	47
IBCØND	LBCØND	40
LØADE	LLØADE	2
LØADS	LLØADS	3
MATEL	LMATEL	6
MLAYER	LMLAYR	43
ND	LND	5
NEBC	LNEBC	4
NP	LNP	1
PST	LPST	25
RESI	LRESI	23
RØRD	LXØRD	14
SIG	LSIG	28
THETA	LTHETA	38
TPR	LTPR	49
TST	LTST	24
VEM	LVEM	32
VPR	LVPR	8
VTH	LVTH	34

6.2.3 Summary List of Dynamic Storage Arrays (continued)

<u>Array Name</u>	<u>D.S.A. Pointer</u>	<u>Position in Section 6.2.4</u>
VXI	LVXI	35
VXU	LVXU	33
VYP	LVYP	36
WP	LWP	17
XØRD	LXØRD	14
YØRD	LYØRD	15
ZØRD	LYØRD	15

6.2.4 Description of Arrays Stored in the Dynamic Storage Array

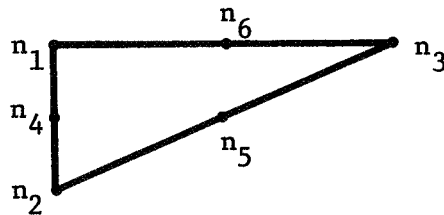
<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
1) NP	- NUMEL *6 array in which NP(i, j) specifies the nodal point index of the j-th point in element i.

However, in subroutine SETUP, the order of the subscripts is reversed so that in subroutine SETUP only NP is a 6* NUMEL array. Thus, in the Namelist input data NP(j, i) specifies the nodal point index of the j-th point in element i. This reversal of the order of the subscripts in subroutine SETUP was done in order to permit the implementation of the Namelist input feature and the Dynamic Storage feature without requiring an excessive amount of recoding. In the original version of the BLADER program, arrays such as NP were given fixed maximum dimensions such as 40*6. Unfortunately, the dimension that limited the size of the problem (e.g. the maximum number of elements) was chosen to be the first dimension. This choice of the order of the dimensions was perhaps slightly inconvenient, but not critical as far as the implementation of the Dynamic Storage feature was concerned. But when, for greater convenience in specifying the input data, the Namelist input feature was implemented, it was discovered that the Namelist

Name (continued)Description (continued)

feature would not permit variable dimensions. Thus, in order to "fool" the Fortran compiler, the order of the dimensions of the NP were reversed in subroutine SETUP. Because of the way a compiler works, the last dimension of an array passed through a calling sequence is a dummy dimension which serves only to identify the array as an n-dimensional array. Thus, in SETUP the array NP was dimensioned 6*1000. Just before exiting from SETUP, the program uses the temporary array IA to take the transpose of the array NP.

Consider the following diagram in which n_1 , n_2 and n_3 represent the nodal point indices of the corner points of element i and n_4 , n_5 and n_6 represent the nodal point indices of the midpoints of element i .



Then the values n_1 , n_2 , ..., n_6 are stored in columns 1-6 of the i -th row of the NP array (except in subroutine SETUP, where the rows and columns are interchanged).

Actually any one of the three corner points may be selected as the starting point for numbering the nodes within the element so long as the three corner points are listed first in cyclic counter-clockwise order followed by the three midpoints again in cyclic counter-clockwise order. The midpoint between the first and second corner points must be the first midpoint listed.

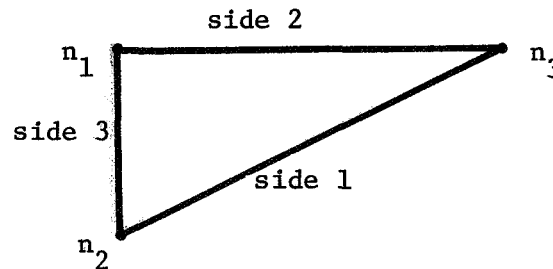
Name (continued)Description (continued)

If BLANAL = 0, then the NP array must be input. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0 (i.e., Bladder Analysis Option), then the NP array will be calculated in the subroutine SETUP.

- 2) LØADE - Vector with dimension NLØAD (provided that NLØAD > 0) in which LØADE(i) specifies the element index for the ith loading condition. If NLØAD $\leq$ 0, then the LØADE array is not used.

If BLANAL = 0 and if NLØAD > 0, then the array LØADE must be input. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then NLØAD is set $\leq$ 0 so that LØADE is not used.

- 3) LØADS - Vector with dimension NLØAD (provided that NLØAD > 0) in which LØADS(i) specifies which side of the element specified by LØADE(i) is loaded.



As shown in the above diagram, sides 1, 2, and 3 are opposite nodes n_1 , n_2 , and n_3 respectively where n_1 , n_2 , and n_3 are the nodal point indices stored in columns 1, 2, and 3 of the jth row of the NP array and where j is stored in LØADE(i).

The sign of LØADS(i) determines whether the loading is a compression (+ or no sign) or a tension (- sign). For example, if LØADE(5) = 12 and LØADS(5) = 2, then side 2 of element 12 is loaded with a compression. If LØADE(5) = -2 instead, then side 2 of element 12 is loaded with a tension. In either case, the magnitude of the loading is $\frac{\text{PRESS}}{\text{MAXST}}$ if

Name (continued)Description (continued)

NDP = 0 or is determined from the array DELTAP if NDP $\neq$ 0.

If NLØAD $\leq$ 0, then the array LØADS is not used.

If BLANAL = 0 and if NLØAD > 0, then the array LØADS must be input. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then NLØAD is set $\leq$ 0 so that LØADS is not used.

- 4) NEBC - Vector with dimension $2 * \text{NUMBC} + \text{NNDLIM}$ that specifies which degrees of freedom are constrained by the boundary conditions. Part of the array NEBC is generated in the subroutine SETUP, and if NNDLIM > 0, part of the array NEBC may be generated in the subroutine DISCHK. If BLANAL = 0, then the input array IBCØND is used to set up that portion of the NEBC array which is generated by the subroutine SETUP. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then the nodes on the "left" and possibly the nodes on the "right" edge are used by subroutine SETUP to generate the NEBC array.

Suppose $\text{NEBC}(i) = 2(n - 1) + k$ where k may have the value 1 or 2. Then for convenience we denote

$$\xi = \begin{cases} x & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \text{ and } k = 1, \\ y & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \text{ and } k = 2, \\ r & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \text{ and } k = 1, \\ z & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \text{ and } k = 2. \end{cases}$$

Then the value $2(n - 1) + k$ for NEBC(i) states that the i-th boundary condition requires node n to be constrained from motion in the direction specified by the coordinate ξ .

- 5) ND - Vector with dimension NID that specifies which degrees of freedom are constrained by imposed displacement conditions. If BLANAL = 0 and NID > 0, then the ND array is obtained from the input array DISPL. If NID > 0, then NLØAD must be zero. Similarly, if NID = 0, then NLØAD must be nonzero.

If BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RECCYL = 0 (single fold bladder analysis option), then NID is set equal to $2 * \text{NPTSY}$ and ND(1) ... ND(NID)

5) ND - (continued)

are set to $2N + 1$, $2N + 2$, ..., $2 * \text{NUMNP}$, where $\text{NPTS} = 2 * \text{LAYER} + 1$ and $N = \text{NUMNP} - \text{NPTS}$. In other words, all of the nodes on the rightmost edge of the area to be analyzed will be subjected to imposed displacements in both the x- and y- directions.

If $\text{BLANAL} \neq 0$ and $\text{RECCYL} \neq 0$ (double fold bladder analysis), then NID will be set to zero.

Suppose $\text{ND}(i) = 2(n - 1) + k$ where k may have the value 1 or 2. Then, using the symbol ξ as described under NEBC above, the value $2(n - 1) + k$ for $\text{ND}(i)$ states that the n -th node is constrained by an imposed displacement in the ξ -direction. The magnitude of the imposed displacement is specified by $\text{DSD}(i)$.

6) **MATEL** - Vector with dimension NUMEL (defined only if $\text{NMAT} > 1$) in which $\text{MATEL}(i)$ specifies the index of the material of which element i is composed. If there is only one material, then the array **MATEL** is not necessary and is therefore not defined. If $\text{BLANAL} \neq 0$ and $\text{NMAT} > 1$, then the **MATEL** array is generated by subroutine **SETUP** from the input array **MLAYER**, if $\text{BLANAL} = 0$ and $\text{NMAT} > 1$, then the array **MATEL** must be input.

7) **BETA** - $\text{NUMEL} * 6$ array in which the variables $\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_6$ for the elasto-plastic constitutive law are stored. $\text{BETA}(i, j)$ specifies β_j , the j th variable for element i .

The arrays **BETA**, **ETST**, **EPST**, **EEST**, and **ESIG** are cleared to zero by subroutine **SETUP** when the Dynamic Storage Array is cleared and then are updated by subroutine **SETIC** each load step.

8) **VPR** - Vector with dimension $\text{NL}\emptyset\text{AD}$ in which $\text{VPR}(i)$ specifies P_1 , the total loading to be applied to side $S_1 = \text{L}\emptyset\text{ADS}(i)$ of element $\text{L}\emptyset\text{ADE}(i)$. The **VPR** vector is defined and used only if $\text{NL}\emptyset\text{AD} > 0$ and if **NDP** and **PRESS** are not specified in the **Namelist** input.

9) **ETST** - $\text{NUMEL} * 6 * K$ array (where $K = 3$ if $\text{RECCYL} = 0$ or $K = 4$ otherwise) in which the accumulated elemental total strains are stored. $\text{ETST}(i, j, k)$ specifies the k -th component of strain for the j -th point of element i . The significance of k is described by

9) ETST - (continued)

the following table:

<u>k</u>	<u>$\epsilon_{T,k}$ for RECCYL = 0</u>	<u>$\epsilon_{T,k}$ RECCYL $\neq$ 0</u>
1	$\epsilon_{T,x}$	$\epsilon_{T,r}$
2	$\epsilon_{T,y}$	$\epsilon_{T,z}$
3	$\gamma_{T,xy}$	$\epsilon_{T,\theta}$
4	-	$\gamma_{T,rz}$

See description of BETA above for addition details.

- 10) EPST - NUMEL * 6 * K array (where K = 3 if RECCYL = 0 or K = 4 otherwise) in which the accumulated elemental plastic strains are stored. EPST(i, j, k) specifies $\epsilon_{p,k}$, the k-th component of strain for the j-th point of element i. The significance of k is indicated in the table under the description of ETST above (substitute $\epsilon_{p,k}$ for $\epsilon_{T,k}$ in each case). Also, see description of BETA above.
- 11) EEST - NUMEL * 6 * K array (where K = 3 if RECCYL = 0 or K = 4 otherwise) in which the accumulated elemental elastic strains are stored. EEST(i, j, k) specifies $\epsilon_{E,k}$, the k-th component of strain for the j-th point of element i. The significance of k is indicated in the table under the description of ETST above (substitute $\epsilon_{E,k}$ for $\epsilon_{T,k}$ in each case). Also, see description of BETA above.
- 12) ESIG - NUMEL * 6 * 5 array in which the accumulated elemental stresses are stored. ESIG(i, j, k) contains the k-th component of stress σ_k for the j-th point of element i. The significance of k is described by the following chart:

12) ESIG - (continued)

<u>k</u>	σ_k for <u>RECCYL = 0</u>	σ_k for <u>RECCYL $\neq$ 0</u>
1	σ_x	σ_r
2	σ_y	σ_z
3	τ_{xy}	σ_θ
4	σ_z	τ_{rz}
5	$\bar{\sigma}$	$\bar{\sigma}$

See description of BETA above for additional details.

- 13) EWP - NUMEL *6 array in which EWP(i, j) specifies the accumulated plastic work for node j of element i.

The array EWP is initially set equal to 10^{-6} by subroutine SETUP and then is updated by subroutine SETIC each load step.

- 14) $\left. \begin{matrix} X\emptyset RD \\ R\emptyset RD \end{matrix} \right\}$ - Vector with dimension NUMNP in which $X\emptyset RD(i)$ specifies the ξ -component for nodal point i, where

$$\xi = \begin{cases} x & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ r & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$$

See the description of $Y\emptyset RD$ below.

- 15) $\left. \begin{matrix} Y\emptyset RD \\ Z\emptyset RD \end{matrix} \right\}$ - Vector with dimension NUMNP in which $Y\emptyset RD(i)$ specifies the ζ - component for nodal point i, where

$$\zeta = \begin{cases} y & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ z & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$$

The arrays $X\emptyset RD$ and $Y\emptyset RD$ are initialized by subroutine SETUP and then are updated by subroutine SETIC each load step. If BLANAL = 0, then in subroutine SETUP, $X\emptyset RD$ and $Y\emptyset RD$ are obtained from the input array CORNER. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then $X\emptyset RD$ and $Y\emptyset RD$ are calculated using the input array DEPTH and the value XLNGTH (the latter may be input directly or calculated from the array DEPTH).

In subroutine FMCALC the arrays XØRD and YØRD are referenced by the names RØRD and ZØRD respectively.

- 16) DWP - Vector with dimension NUMNP in which DWP(i) specifies the incremental average plastic work for nodal point i. The array DWP is calculated in subroutine SETIC and printed in subroutine PRINT.
- 17) WP - Vector with dimension NUMNP in which WP(i) specifies the accumulated average plastic work for nodal point i. The array WP is calculated in subroutine SETIC and printed in subroutine PRINT.
- 18) CØUNT- Vector with dimension NUMNP in which CØUNT(i) specifies the number of elements which contain nodal point i. The array CØUNT is calculated and used in subroutine SETIC.
- 19) DF - Vector with dimension 2* NUMNP in which DF(i) (where $i = 2(n-1) + k$) specifies the incremental load for the ξ -component of node n_1 where ξ and k are related as follows:

$$\xi = \begin{cases} x & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \text{ and } k = 1, \\ y & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \text{ and } k = 2, \\ r & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \text{ and } k = 1, \\ z & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \text{ and } k = 2. \end{cases}$$

The vector DF actually is used in two different ways in order to save memory space. Since this double usage has caused some confusion in the past, it is perhaps worthwhile to describe how DF is used.

First, in subroutine STEP2 the actual incremental loads are calculated and stored in the DF vector. Thus, on the first iteration of each load step, the vector DF will be initially set equal to the vector RESI (which will be zero if the input flag IRESI ≤ 0 ; if IRESI > 0 , then RESI will contain residual loads from the previous load step). Next, still in STEP2, for each element the subroutines STFNS and GEØM are called to calculate the elemental stiffness matrix ST and the incremental load vector CF for the six points within that

19) DF - (continued)

element. Then the elemental incremental loads are added to the system incremental load vector DF. Next, the DF vector may be modified by the consideration of imposed displacement constraints. The vector DF and the system stiffness matrix A are used to calculate the incremental displacement vector DR using the matrix equation

$$[A] [DR] = [DF].$$

Finally (again only on the first iteration for each load step), the incremental load vector DF is added to the accumulated load vector F.

The second usage of the vector DF is by subroutine RESID, which calculates the residual nodal forces to find out how much the structure is out of equilibrium. Thus the DF vector is again cleared to zero. The residual forces for each element are calculated using the total elemental stresses ESIG and are stored in the vector CF. The residual load vector DF for the entire structure is formed by superimposing the vectors CF over all of the elements. Next, the DF vector is modified to account for the boundary conditions and perhaps for the imposed displacement constraints. Finally, unless $NL\emptyset AD < 0$, the accumulated load vector F is added to DF. If $NL\emptyset AD < 0$, then for each degree of freedom n specified in the boundary conditions, DF(n) is set to zero. The purpose of the iteration is to reduce the modulus of the DF vector below an acceptable limit.

If $IRESI > 0$, then the residual load vector DF calculated by subroutine RESID is stored into the vector RESI by subroutine PRINT.

- 20) DR - Vector with dimension $2 * NUMNP$ in which DR(i) specifies the incremental displacement of the ξ -component of node n (where i, ξ , and n are defined as for DF described above). The vector

20) DR - (continued)

DR is calculated in subroutine STEP2 and then added to the vector DIS in subroutine SETIC.

- 21) DIS - Vector with dimension $2 * \text{NUMNP}$ in which DIS(i) specifies the accumulated displacement of ξ -component of node n (where i, ξ , and n are defined as for DF described above).

The array DIS is initially cleared to zero by subroutine SETUP when the D.S.A. is cleared and then is updated by subroutine SETIC each load step by being increased by the vector DR. The array DIS may also be modified by the subroutine DISCHK if $\text{NNDLIM} > 0$.

- 22) F - Vector with dimension $2 * \text{NUMNP}$ in which F(i) specifies the accumulated load for the ξ -component of node n (where i, ξ , and n are defined as for DF described above). See description of DF above.
- 23) RESI - Vector with dimension $2 * \text{NUMNP}$ in which RESI(i) specifies the residual load for the ξ -component of node n (where i, ξ , and n are defined as for DF described above). See description of DF above.
- 24) TST - $\text{NUMNP} * K$ array (where $K = 3$ if $\text{RECCYL} = 0$ or $K = 4$ otherwise) in which TST(i, k) specifies the accumulated total average nodal strain $\epsilon_{T,k}$ for the i-th nodal point. See the description of ETST for the significance of k. The TST array is calculated in subroutine SETIC and is printed in subroutine PRINT.
- 25) PST - $\text{NUMNP} * K$ array (where $K = 3$ if $\text{RECCYL} = 0$ or $K = 4$ otherwise) in which PST(i, k) specifies the accumulated plastic average nodal strain $\epsilon_{P,k}$ for the i-th nodal point. See the description of ETST for the significance of k. The PST array is calculated in subroutine SETIC and is printed in subroutine PRINT.

Name (continued)Description (continued)

26) EST - NUMNP * K array (where K = 3 if RECCYL = 0 or K = 4 otherwise) in which EST(i, k) specifies the accumulated elastic average nodal strain $\epsilon_{E,k}$ for the i-th nodal point. See the description of ETST for the significance of k. The EST array is calculated in subroutine SETIC and is printed in subroutine PRINT.

27) DTST - NUMNP * K array (where K = 4 if RECCYL = 0 or K = 5 otherwise) in which DTST(i, k) specifies the incremental total nodal strain $\epsilon_{T,k}$ for the i-th nodal point. The significance of k is described by the following table:

<u>k</u>	$\epsilon_{T,k}$ for <u>RECCYL = 0</u>	$\epsilon_{T,k}$ for <u>RECCYL $\neq$ 0</u>
1	$\epsilon_{T,x}$	$\epsilon_{T,r}$
2	$\epsilon_{T,y}$	$\epsilon_{T,z}$
3	$\gamma_{T,xy}$	$\epsilon_{T,\theta}$
4	rotation	$\gamma_{T,rz}$
5	--	rotation

The DTST array is calculated by subroutine SETIC using the locally defined arrays DETST and RØT.

28) SIG - NUMNP * 5 array in which SIG(i, k) specifies the accumulated average stress σ_k for the i-th nodal point. The significance of k is described under ESIG.

29) DSD - Vector of dimension NID whose elements are in a one-to-one correspondence with the elements of the vector ND. DSD(i) specifies the magnitude (including sign) of the ith imposed displacement. If BLANAL = 0 and NID > 0, then the DSD array is obtained from the input array DISPL. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RECCYL = 0 (single fold option), then DSD(1), ..., DSD(NID) are calculated in subroutine STEP2 using the quantities XLNGTH, RSFØLD, BLTHNS, etc.

Name (continued)Description (continued)

- 30) DLIM - 3* NNDLIM array in which DLIM(i, j) specifies the following information defining the j-th limiting nodal displacement condition:

<u>i</u>	<u>Description of DLIM(i, j)</u>
1	Nodal point index;
2	Component code: $= 1 \begin{cases} \text{for } x & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ \text{for } r & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$ $= 2 \begin{cases} \text{for } y & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ \text{for } z & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0; \end{cases}$
3	Magnitude (including sign) of the limiting displacement.

The array DLIM is used by subroutine DISCHK (if NNDLIM > 0) to check for limiting nodal displacements. The array DLIM is input if NNDLIM > 0.

- 31) DLFLAG - Vector of dimension NNDLIM that specifies which, if any, nodes have reached their limiting displacements. Suppose DLIM(1, i) contains the node index n. If DLFLAG(i) = 0, then node n has not yet reached its limiting displacement. If DLFLAG(i) $\neq$ 0, then node n has reached its limiting displacement. If NNDLIM > 0, then the vector DLFLAG is initially cleared to zero by subroutine SETUP when the D.S.A. is cleared and the appropriate elements of DLFLAG are set to 1.0 by subroutine DISCHK as the corresponding limiting displacement is reached.

The D.S.A. pointer of DLFLAG is LDLFLG.

- 32) VEM - Vector with dimension NMAT in which VEM(i) specifies E_i , the elastic modulus of the i-th material. VEM must be input.
- 33) VXU - Vector with dimension NMAT in which VXU(i) specifies ν_i , Poisson's ratio for the i-th material. VXU must be input.

- | <u>Name</u> (continued) | <u>Description</u> (continued) |
|-------------------------|--|
| 34) VTH | - Vector with dimension NMAT in which VTH(i) specifies the initial thickness of the i-th material. VTH must be input.
If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, the VTH array is set to indicate unit thickness. |
| 35) VXI | - Vector with dimension NMAT in which VXI(i) specifies $\chi_i = \frac{E_{pi}}{E_i}$, the plastic/elastic modulus ratio for the <u>i</u> th material.
VXI must be input. |
| 36) VYP | - Vector with dimension NMAT in which VYP specifies Y_i , the initial yield point for the i-th material. VYP must be input. |
| 37) DELTAP | - 2* NDP array in which DELTAP(1, i) specifies n_i , the load step index up to (and including) which the load increment ΔP_i is to be used. That is, if $i = 1$, then the load increment ΔP_1 is used from the initial conditions up to load step n_1 . if $i > 1$, then the load increment ΔP_i is to be used for each load step n where $n_{i-1} < n \leq n_i$. The load increment ΔP_i is specified in DELTAP(2, i). If NDP > 0, then the array DELTAP must be input. If NDP = 0 (or is not entered), then the array DELTAP must not be input. |

The D.S.A. pointer for DELTAP is LDELTP.

- 38) THETA - NUMEL * 3 array in which THETA(n, i) specifies

$$\theta_i = \frac{\frac{x_j}{x_i} - 1}{\frac{x_j}{\Delta P} + 1},$$

where n is the element index; i is the point index within element $n(i=1, 2, \text{ or } 3)$; $j = |\text{NLOAD}|$ (where NLOAD < 0); and P is the load step size. If NLOAD < 0, then the array is calculated in subroutine GEOM and is also used in subroutine SETIC.

- 39) DISPL - 3 * NID array which is used, if NID > 0 and if BLANAL = 0, to specify the imposed displacement constraints through the Namelist input data.

39) DISPL - (continued)

- a) DISPL(1, i) specifies the node for which the i-th constraint is to be imposed;
- b) DISPL(2, i) specifies the component code for the i-th constraint:

$$= 1 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{for } x & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \\ \text{for } r & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$= 2 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{for } y & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ \text{for } z & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0; \end{array} \right.$$

- c) DISPL(3, i) specifies the magnitude (including sign) of the i-th imposed displacement.

The information specified in DISPL(1, i) and DISPL(2, i) for each i is used to generate an entry in the ND array. The value specified in DISPL(3,i) is divided by MAXST, the total number of load steps and the quotient is stored in the DSD array. After the Namelist input data is processed by subroutine SETUP, the memory space assigned to the array DISPL is no longer needed and hence is released by redefining the value in the D.S.A. pointer LA.

If NID = 0 or if BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then the array DISPL is not used.

- 40) IBCOND - 2* NUMBC array which is used, provided that BLANAL = 0, to specify the boundary conditions through the Namelist input data.

IBCOND(1, i) specifies n, the nodal index of the i-th node to be constrained, and IBCOND(2, i) specifies C, the corresponding constraint code, where

40) IBCOND - (continued)

$$C = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if node } n \text{ is to be constrained in the x-} \\ & \text{direction only,} \\ 2 & \text{if node } n \text{ is to be constrained in the y-} \\ & \text{direction only,} \\ 0 & \text{if node } n \text{ is to be constrained in both the} \\ & \text{x- and the y-directions.} \end{cases}$$

The information specified in the IBCOND array is used to generate the NEBC vector.

After the NEBC array is used, the IBCOND array is no longer needed, and thus the memory space assigned for the array IBCOND is released to be used for other purposes.

If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then the NEBC array will be generated in a different manner. Therefore no memory space is reserved for the IBCOND array and the user must not attempt to specify any entries for IBCOND in the Namelist input.

The D.S.A. pointer for the array IBCOND is LBCOND.

- 41) CYCM - Vector with dimension NMAT in which CYCM(i) specifies M_i , a coefficient used to calculate the fatigue life of element layers which are composed of the i-th material. The arrays CYCM and CYCZ are calculated in subroutine SETUP and are used in subroutine PRINT only if BLANAL and FLIFE are both non-zero.

M_i and Z_i (see CYCZ below) are coefficients for a least squares fit to the relation

$$\epsilon = MN^Z$$

for the i-th material. Thus, if $(\epsilon_{\max})_i$ is the maximum plastic strain for layer j and if layer j consists of material i, then the fatigue life N_j (i.e. number of cycles to failure) of layer j is calculated from the relation

41) CYCM - (continued)

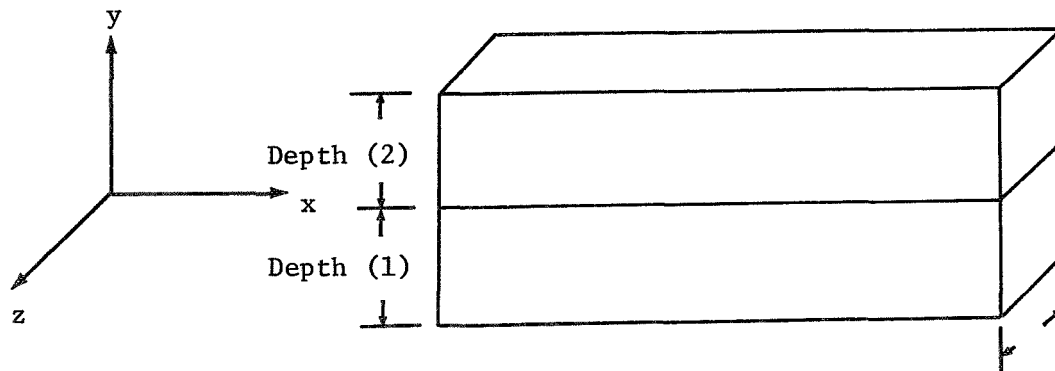
$$N_j = \left[\frac{(\epsilon_{\max})_j}{M_i} \right]^{1/Z_i}$$

42) CYCZ - Vector with dimension NMAT in which CYCZ(i) specifies Z_i , a coefficient used along with M_i stored in CYCM(i) to calculate the fatigue life of element layers which are composed of the i-th material. See the description of CYCM above for further details.

43) MLAYER - Vector with dimension NLAYER in which MLAYER(i) specifies, if BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and if NMAT > 1, the material index for the i-th element layer. If BLANAL = 0, the array MLAYER is not defined. If NMAT = 1, then it is not necessary to specify MLAYER since all elements are composed of the same material.

The D.S.A. pointer for MLAYER is LMLAYR.

44) DEPTH - Vector with dimension NLAYER in which DEPTH(i) specifies the initial "depth" of each element layer provided that BLANAL $\neq$ 0. In this case the array VTH is set to indicate unit "thickness" into the plane of the cross-section as indicated by the following example:



$$VTH(1) = VTH(2) = 1.0$$

44) DEPTH - (continued)

If BLANAL = 0, then the array DEPTH is not defined.

- 45) CYCTØF - 40* NMAT array in which a table of $N(\epsilon)$ may be entered for each material provided that BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and FLIFE $\neq$ 0. $N(\epsilon)$ is the number of cycles to failure as a function of the plastic strain ϵ .

In the CYCTØF array, CYCTØF(2i-1, j) and CYCTØF(2i, j) respectively specify $\epsilon_{i,j}$ and $N_{i,j}$, the ith value of plastic strain and the corresponding number of cycles to failure for the j-th material. The index i may range from 1 to 20. Zero entries for either $\epsilon_{i,j}$ or $N_{i,j}$ will cause the pair to be ignored.

If BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and FLIFE $\neq$ 0, then the array CYCTØF is used by subroutine SETUP to calculate the vectors CYCM and CYCZ. After CYCM and CYCZ are calculated, the array CYCTØF is no longer needed and therefore the memory space for CYCTØF is released for the storage of other arrays.

The D.S.A. pointer for CYCTOF is LCYCF.

- 46) CØRNER - 3* NUMCP array in which the coordinates of the corner points are specified if BLANAL = 0. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then the array CØRNER is not defined.

CØRNER(1, i) specifies the node index n. CØRNER(2, i) specifies x_n if RECCYL = 0 or r_n if RECCYL $\neq$ 0, and CØRNER(3, i) specifies y_n if RECCYL = 0 or z_n if RECCYL $\neq$ 0.

The array CØRNER is used by subroutine SETUP to generate the arrays XØRD and YØRD. The values x_n (or r_n) and y_n (or z_n) are stored in XØRD(n) and YØRD(n) respectively. After the arrays XØRD and YØRD are generated, the array CØRNER is no longer necessary and the memory space may be used for storing other quantities. Thus, the D.S.A. pointer for CØRNER is LA so that the array CØRNER is assigned to the same area of memory as the array A, which is not used until later in the program.

Name (continued)Description (continued)

- 47) IA - Vector of dimension $6 * \text{NUMEL}$ which is used by subroutine SETUP to transpose the array NP. (See the description of NP for details.) The D.S.A. pointer for IA is LDISPL so that the IA array overlays the DISPL array and is subsequently overlaid by the A array.
- 48) A - $(2 * \text{NUMNP}) * \text{IBAND}$ array in which the system stiffness band matrix A is stored. Since the band width IBAND of matrix A is calculated by subroutine SETUP after all of the input data has been read and processed, the memory required for storing A is not requested until after SETUP returns control back to the main program. Then the D.S.A. pointer LA of the array A is adjusted so that the array A overlays arrays such as DISPL and IBCOND (if BLANAL = 0) or CYCTOF (if BLANAL $\neq$ 0), which are no longer needed. The pointer NBUCKT which indicates the total length of the D.S.A. is adjusted to allow for the A array, and the subroutine MRELSE is called to obtain the required amount of memory for the D.S.A.
- 49) TPR - Vector with dimension NL0AD in which $\text{TPR}(i)$ specifies the accumulated load applied to side $S_1 = \text{LOADS}(i)$ of element L0ADE(i).

$$\text{TPR}(i) = n \text{ DPR}(i)$$

where n is the current load step index and where $\text{DPR}(i)$ is as described below.

- 50) DPR - Vector with dimension NL0AD in which $\text{DPR}(i)$ specifies the increment of load to be applied to side $S_1 = \text{LOADS}(i)$ of element L0ADE(i) for each load step. The vectors TPR and DPR are used in connection with the vector VPR and are thus defined and used only if NL0AD > 0 and if NDP and PRESS are not specified in the Namelist input.

6.3 Labeled COMMON Blocks

This section describes the quantities which are defined in each labeled COMMON block.

All of the labeled COMMON blocks are defined in the main program. In general, a COMMON block is defined within a subroutine if one or more quantities in that COMMON block are used in the subroutine.

COMMON Block : CDIMEN (Computed Dimensional Quantities)

- 1) NCDIM - Number of quantities in the CDIMEN COMMON block.
- 2) LREC1 - Length of first record of the restart tape. (33)
- 3) NEQ - Number of degrees of freedom. ($2 * \text{NUMBC} = \text{dimension of several vectors: DF, DR, DIS, F, and RESI.}$)
- 4) NEQBC - Total number of boundary conditions: ($\text{NUMBC} \leq \text{NEQBC} \leq 2 * \text{NUMBC} + \text{NNDLIM.}$)
- 5) IBAND - Band width of matrix A.
- 6) LENA - Number of cells of memory required for band matrix A.
($\text{NEQ} * \text{IBAND}$)
- 7) NEL6 - $6 * \text{NUMEL} = \text{dimension of several arrays: NP, BETA and EWP.}$
- 8) NEL64 - Dimension of several arrays: ETST, EPST and EEST;
$$\text{NEL64} = 6 * n * \text{NUMEL}$$
$$\text{WHERE } n = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ 4 & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$$
- 9) NPTSY - Number of points in "y-direction". (See description of Automatic Mesh Generation Procedure.)
$$\left(\text{NPTSY is calculated and used only if BLANAL} \neq 0 \text{ and } \right. \\ \left. \text{has the value } 2 * \text{NLAYER} + 1. \right)$$
- 10) NPTSX - Number of points in "x-direction." (Similar to NPTSY except
 $\text{NPTSX} = 2 * \text{NXINT} + 1$)
- 11) NCYCF2- $2 * \text{NCYCF.}$

COMMON Block : CMESH

(Computed Quantities Used in Automatic Mesh Generation)

- 1) BLTHNS - Bladder thickness t where

$$t = \sum_{I=1}^{N\text{LAYER}} \text{DEPTH}(I)$$

- 2) XINTN - Same as NXINT = No. of intervals in "x-direction" except XINTN is a "real" (i.e. floating point) quantity.
- 3) XYRAT - Ratio of total length in "x-direction" to total bladder thickness, i.e.

$$\text{XLNGTH} = \text{XYRAT} * \text{BLTHNS}$$

if XLNGTH is not explicitly entered in the Namelist input data. (XYRAT is the floating point equivalent of LWRAT.)

- 4) DPRAT -
$$C = \left(\frac{\text{RFINAL}}{\text{RPFOLD}} \right)^{\frac{1}{\text{MAXST}-1}}$$

Factor calculated in subroutine MSHGEN and used in subroutine STEP2 to modify the fold radius for a single fold analysis.

COMMON Block : FFLAGS

(Fixed Flags)

- 1) NØNTRY - = 100000 to indicate "no entry" for various Namelist input quantities.
- 2) BLANK - Word of blanks for clearing and checking the input header.

COMMON Block : HEADER

HEADER - Input header consisting of up to 64 characters (including blanks).

COMMON Block : IDIMEN

(Input Dimensional Quantities)

- 1) NDIMEN - Number of quantities in the IDIMEN COMMON block.

(18)

COMMON Block : IDIMEN (continued)

- 2) NUMEL - Number of elements.
 - a) Must be input if BLANAL = 0;
 - b) Will be set to $2 * N_{LAYER} * N_{XINT}$ if BLANAL $\neq$ 0.
- 3) NUMNP - Number of nodal points:
 - a) Must be input if BLANAL = 0;
 - b) Will be set to $N_{PTSX} * N_{PTSY}$ if BLANAL $\neq$ 0.
- 4) NUMCP - Number of corner points:
 - a) Must be input if BLANAL = 0;
 - b) Will be set to $(N_{LAYER} + 1) * (N_{XINT} + 1)$ if BLANAL $\neq$ 0.
- 5) NUMBC - Number of boundary condition entries in IBCOND array and must be specified in Namelist input if BLANAL = 0. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then NUMBC will be set to $n * N_{PTSY}$ where

$$n = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \\ & \text{(Single fold option),} \\ 2 & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \\ & \text{(Double fold option).} \end{cases}$$
- 6) NLQAD - Number of elements which are pressure loaded:
 - a) A non-zero value must be specified for either NLQAD or NID (but not for both) if BLANAL = 0.
 - b) If NLQAD > 0, then NLQAD specifies the number of entries in each of the arrays LQADE and LQADS (i.e. the number of elements which are pressure loaded).
 - c) If RECCYL = 0, then NLQAD must be $\geq$ 0.
 - d) If RECCYL $\neq$ 0, then a negative value may be entered for NLQAD. If NLOAD = -n (where $n > 0$), then n is the index of the node which is used as a reference for changing the radius of curvature of the secondary fold.
 - e) If BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then

$$NLQAD = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \text{ (Single fold case)} \\ -(N_{ANGIN} * N_{PTSY} * 1) & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \text{ (Double fold case).} \end{cases}$$

COMMON Block : IDIMEN (continued)

- 7) NID - Number of imposed displacement constraints:
- a) See NLØAD above for compatibility requirements.
 - b) If BLANAL = 0 and
if NID > 0, then NID specifies the number of imposed
displacement specifications in the array DISPL.
 - c) If BLANAL ≠ 0, then NID will be set
equal to
$$\begin{cases} 2 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0 \text{ (Single fold case),} \\ 0 & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0 \text{ (Double fold case).} \end{cases}$$
- 8) NMAT - Number of materials.
(nominal value is 1)
- 9) NDP - Number of pairs of entries in the DELTAP array.
(nominal value is 0)
If BLANAL ≠ 0, then NDP is set to 0.
- 10) MAXBW - Maximum band width allowed for the matrix A.
(nominal value is 50)
- 11) MAXST - Number of load steps.
(nominal value is 25)
- 12) NNDLIM - Number of limiting nodal displacement entries in the array
DLIM.
(nominal value is 0)
- 13) MAXBKT - Maximum allowable size of the dynamic storage array BUCKET.
If the program requests a larger amount of memory than
permitted by MAXBKT, then an error message will be printed
and the run will be terminated.
(nominal value is 25000 (decimal))
- 14) NLAYER - Number of element layers.
(Must be entered if BLANAL ≠ 0)
- 15) LWRAT - Ratio of the total length in the x-direction to the total
bladder thickness and/or the ratio of the number of intervals
in the x-direction to the number of element layers. LWRAT
is significant only if BLANAL ≠ 0 and if RECCYL = 0.

COMMON Block : IDIMEN (continued)

- 15) LWRAT - (continued)
(See XLNGTH and NXINT for further details)
(nominal value is 2)
- 16) NANGIN - Number angular intervals for the double fold option
(i.e. BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RECCYL $\neq$ 0).
(nominal value is 18)
- 17) NXINT - Number of intervals in the "x-direction":
a) Required only if BLANAL $\neq$ 0.
b) If RECCYL = 0, then the nominal value of NXINT is
LWRAT * NLAYER.
c) If RECCYL $\neq$ 0, then NXINT will be set equal to NANGIN.
- 18) NCYCF - Maximum number of pairs of entries (i.e. ϵ_i and N_i)
in the CYCTOF table for any material.
[nominal value is 0;
must not exceed 20.]

COMMON Block : IFLAGS

(Input Flags)

- 1) NFLGS - Number of quantities in the IFLAGS COMMON block. (10)
- 2) RESTRT - Restart dump number:
= n > 0 if the current run is to be a restart
from dump n of the input restart tape;
= 0 otherwise.
(nominal value is zero)
- 3) RECCYL - Coordinate system flag:
= 0 if rectangular coordinates are used (i.e. plane strain
analysis). If, in addition, BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then a single
fold bladder problem is being considered.

 $\neq$ 0 if cylindrical coordinates are used (i.e. axisymmetric
strain analysis). If, in addition, BLANAL $\neq$ 0, then a double
fold bladder problem is being considered.
(nominal value = 0)

COMMON Block : IDIMEN (continued)

- 4) CØNVER - Convergence criterion ϵ :

$$\text{If } \frac{\left| \sum_{i=1}^N (\Delta F_x)_i + \sum_{i=1}^N (\Delta F_y)_i \right|}{\left| \sum_{i=1}^N F_{x,i} + \sum_{i=1}^N F_{y,i} \right|} < \epsilon$$

the solution for a given load step is considered to have converged. N is the number of nodes. $(\Delta F_x)_i$ and $(\Delta F_y)_i$ are the x- and y-components of the incremental load for the ith node. $F_{x,i}$ and $F_{y,i}$ are the x- and y-components of the accumulated load for the ith node. (Nominal value is 10^{-4} , except for the double fold option for which the nominal value is 0.1)

- 5) IPRIN - Print interval:

The strains (elastic, plastic, and total), the stresses, the plastic work (incremental and accumulated), and the coordinates for each nodal point will be printed out every IPRIN load steps.

(nominal value is 1)

- 6) ITER - Maximum number of iterations permitted for a single load step. If the solution does not converge within ITER iterations, then a warning message is printed out, the available data is printed, and the run is terminated.

(nominal value is 10)

- 7) IRESI - Residual loads option flag:

If IRESI > 0, then at the beginning of each load step the incremental load vector (DF) is set equal to the residual load vector (RESI) from the previous step.

If IRESI $\leq$ 0, then at the beginning of each load step the incremental load vector (DF) is cleared to zero.

(nominal value is 0)

COMMON Block : IDIMEN (continued)

- 8) SAVETP - Restart Flag:
≠ 0 if it is desired to save data periodically on a "save tape" for a possible restart in a subsequent run;
= 0 otherwise.
(nominal value is 0)
- 9) BLANAL - Bladder Analysis option flag:
≠ 0 if the Bladder Analysis option is desired,
= 0 otherwise.
(nominal value is 0)
- 10) FLIFE - Fatigue Life option flag:
≠ 0 if the fatigue life is to be calculated and printed out;
= 0 otherwise.
(nominal value is 0)

COMMON Block : INDEX
(Indices and Computed Flags)

- 1) IFIX - First pass flag used by subroutines BLADER, STEP2, and GEOM.
= 0 on the first iteration of each load step;
≠ 0 on subsequent iterations.
- 2) NV - Element index - In particular NV is set by subroutine STEP2 and passed to subroutines STFNS and GEOM.
- 3) ISTEP - Load step index
- 4) JSTEP - Index used with DELTAP array by subroutine STEP2.
- 5) NSTEP - Load step limit used with DELTAP array by subroutine STEP2.
- 6) IMAT - Material code for element NV; used by subroutines RESID, SETIC and STEP2.
- 7) LMAT - Material code for element NV-1; used by subroutines SETIC and STEP2.

COMMON Block : INDEX (continued)

- 8) ERRFLG - Error flag used by subroutines DIMCHK, EERRXX, GINPUT and PRINT.

= 1.0 until an error is detected.

= 0.0 if an error has been detected.

- 9) J34 - Index which is used in subroutines GEOM, PRINT, RESID, SETIC and STFNS to pick up or store τ_{xy} or τ_{rz} in the proper position in the arrays ESIG and DESIG. J34 is also used by subroutine SETIC to store γ_{xy} or γ_{rz} in the proper position in the arrays ETST, EPST, and EEST. Finally, J34 is also used in subroutine STFNS to determine the size of matrices which are used to calculate the stiffness matrix ST.

J34 is set in subroutine DIMCHK as follows:

3 if RECCYL = 0,
J34 =
4 if RECCYL $\neq$ 0.

- 10) J43 - Index used by subroutines SETIC and STFNS to pick up and store σ_z or σ_θ in the proper position in the array ESIG.

J43 is set in subroutine DIMCHK as follows:

4 if RECCYL = 0,
J34 =
3 if RECCYL $\neq$ 0.

- 11) J45 - Index used by subroutine SETIC to store the rotation component of the incremental total nodal strain in the proper position in the array DTST. J45 is set in subroutine DIMCHK as follows:

4 if RECCYL = 0,
J45 =
5 if RECCYL $\neq$ 0.

COMMON Block : INDEX (continued)

- 12) I63 - Index used by subroutine STFNS to determine the maximum value of I in the array C(I, J, K). I63 is set in subroutine DIMCHK as follows:
- $$I63 = \begin{cases} 6 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ 3 & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$$
- 13) I69 - Index used by subroutine STFNS to store the matrix UV in the proper position within the matrix RMM. I69 is set in subroutine DIMCHK as follows:
- $$I69 = \begin{cases} 6 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ 9 & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$$
- 14) I912 - Index used by subroutine STFNS to determine the number of rows and columns of the matrix AA and the number of rows in the matrix RMM. I912 is set by subroutine DIMCHK as follows:
- $$I912 = \begin{cases} 9 & \text{if RECCYL} = 0, \\ 12 & \text{if RECCYL} \neq 0. \end{cases}$$
- 15) LSTEPO - Initial value of load step index ISTEP. If RESTRT = 0 (i.e. an initial run), then LSTEPO is set to 1 in subroutine GINPUT. If RESTRT $\neq$ 0 (i.e. a restart run), then LSTEPO is read in from the restart tape.
- 16) NPRIN - Index used by subroutine PRINT to determine when the next printout of the point strains, nodal coordinates, point stresses, and plastic work is to be made. When the load step index ISTEP reaches NPRIN, then the above quantities are printed out and NPRIN is increased by IPRIN.

NPRIN is initially set equal to IPRIN in subroutine GINPUT. If RESTRT $\neq$ 0 (i.e. on a restart run), NPRIN is set equal to LSTEPO + IPRIN, where LSTEPO is read from the restart tape.

COMMON Block : INDEX (continued)

- 17) NXTLS - Index used by subroutine PRINT to determine when the next dump of the restart data is to be made. When the load step index ISTEP reaches NXTLS, the load step dependent data is written onto the restart tape. NXTLS is initially set equal to LSTEPO - 1 in subroutine BLADER and then is incremented by an appropriate amount in subroutine PRINT on the first load step and each time a dump of the restart data is made.

- 18) INDMP - Index used by subroutine PRINT to determine the frequency of the dumps of the restart data. The load step dependent data is written onto the restart tape every INDMP load steps. INDMP is initially set equal to 5 in subroutine GINPUT. If there are nonzero entries in the input array LSSAVE, then INDMP will be set equal to LSSAVE(2, I) when the load step index ISTEP satisfies
$$\text{LSTEPO} \leq \text{ISTEP} \leq \text{LSSAVE}(1, I) \text{ if } I = 1,$$
or
$$\text{LSSAVE}(1, I-1) \leq \text{ISTEP} \leq \text{LSSAVE}(1, I) \text{ if } I > 1.$$

- 19) LSLIM - Index used by subroutine PRINT to determine the frequency of the dumps of the restart data. LSLIM is the current value of LSSAVE(1, I) mentioned in the description of INDMP above.

- 20) IDUMP - Dump number - used by subroutine PRINT to identify the dumps of the restart data.

- 21) ILSS - Index used by subroutine PRINT to determine the frequency of the dumps of the restart data. ILSS specifies the current value of the index I which indexes the array LSSAVE mentioned in the description of INDMP above. ILSS is initially set equal to 1 in subroutine GINPUT and is incremented when appropriate in subroutine PRINT.

COMMON Block : INDEX (continued)

22) VPRFLG - Variable pressure loading flag:

VPRFLG $\neq$ 0 if NLØAD > 0, and if PRESS and NDP are
not specified in the Namelist input;

VPRFLG = 0 otherwise.

COMMON Block : IØUNIT

(Logical Unit Names for Restart Tapes)

- 1) IRSIN - Logical unit for input restart tape (nominal value
is 1).
- 2) IRSØUT - Logical unit for output restart tape (nominal value is 3).

COMMON Block : IPERM

(Cyclic Permutation of Integers 1,2,3)

IPERM(1) = 2

IPERM(2) = 3

IPERM(3) = 1

COMMON Block : LBUCKT

(Dynamic Storage Array Pointers)

<u>Pointer Name</u>	<u>Array Name(s)</u>
1) LNP	NP
2) LLØADE	LØADE
3) LLØADS	LØADS
4) LNEBC	NEBC
5) LND	ND
6) LMATEL	MATEL
7) LBETA	BETA
8) LVPR	VPR
9) LETST	ETST
10) LEPST	EPST
11) LEEST	EEST

COMMON Block : LBUCKT (continued)

<u>Pointer Name</u>	<u>Array Name(s)</u>
12) LESIG	ESIG
13) LEWP	EWP
14) LXØRD	XØRD
15) LYØRD	YØRD
16) LDWP	DWP
17) LWP	WP
18) LCØUNT	CØUNT
19) LDF	DF
20) LDR	DR
21) LDIS	DIS
22) LF	F
23) LRESI	RESI
24) LTST	TST
25) LPST	PST
26) LEST	EST
27) LDTST	DTST
28) LSIG	SIG
29) LDSD	DSD
30) LDLIM	DLIM
31) LDLFLG	DLFLAG
32) LVEM	VEM
33) LVXU	VXU
34) LVTH	VTH
35) LVXI	VXI
36) LVYP	VYP
37) LDELT	DELTAP
38) LTHETA	THETA
39) LDISPL	DISPL, IA
40) LBCØND	IBCØND
41) LCYCM	CYCM
42) LCYCZ	CYCZ
43) LMLAYR	MLAYER

COMMON Block : LBUCKT (continued)

<u>Pointer Name</u>	<u>Array Name(s)</u>
44) LDEPTH	DEPTH
45) LCYCF	CYCTØF
46) LA	A, CØRNER
47) LTPR	TPR
48) LDPR	DPR
49) NBUCKT	End of Dynamic Storage Array.

COMMON Block : LSSAVE

LSSAVE is a 2* 10 matrix which is used to control the frequency at which dumps of the restart data are made. A detailed description is given in Section 2.3.2 of this document.

COMMON Block : MESHIN

(Automatic Mesh Generation Input Data)

- 1) NMESH - Number of quantities in the MESHIN CØMMON block.
(9)
- 2) XSTART - x_0 = x-coordinate of left edge of the rectangular area (single fold option only).
(nominal value is 0)
- 3) YSTART - y_0 = y-coordinate of bottom edge of the rectangular area (single fold option only).
(nominal value is 0)
- 4) XLNGTH - l = total length of plane area in the x-direction (single fold option only).
(nominal value is LWRAT * BLTHNS. See footnote at end of section.)
- 5) RPFØLD - R_p = initial radius of primary fold: inner fold radius for double fold; radius to median line for single fold.
(nominal value is RPTRAT * BLTHNS. See footnote at end of section.)

COMMON Block : MESHIN (continued)

- 6) RSFOLD - R_s = radius of secondary fold (double fold option only).
(nominal value is RSTRAT * BLTHNS. See footnote at end of section.)
Also used for current value of fold radius (to median line) for single fold.
- 7) RPTRAT - $\frac{R_p}{t}$ = ratio of primary fold radius
to total bladder thickness t.
nominal value is 1000 for the single fold option and 10 for the double fold option.
- 8) RSTRAT - $\frac{R_s}{t}$ = ratio of secondary fold.
 R_s to total bladder thickness t (double fold option only).
nominal value is 100. See footnote at end of section.
- 9) RFINAL - Final inner folding radius R_f (double fold option only).
No nominal value. RFINAL must be specified if BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RECCYL $\neq$ 0.

FOOTNOTE: The total bladder thickness t is stored in BLTHNS and is computed according to the relation

$$t = \sum_{i=1}^{N\text{LAYER}} \text{DEPTH}(i)$$

COMMON Block : PROPS

(Material Properties and Miscellaneous Floating Point Quantities)

- PRESS: Total pressure loading (input quantity).
See description of PRESS under item (36) in section 2.3 of this report.
- DPRESS: Incremental pressure loading: If BLANAL = 0, then DPRESS may be calculated from PRESS, from the DELTAP array, or from the VPR array. If BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RECCYL $\neq$ 0 (double fold), then DPRESS is computed by

COMMON Block : PRØPS

DPRESS: (continued)

$$DPRESS = \frac{(RFINAL - RSFØLD)}{MAXST}$$

If BLANAL $\neq$ 0 and RECCYL = 0 (single fold), then
DPRESS is set equal to zero.

- EM - Elastic modulus for element NV.
- XU - Poisson's ratio for element NV.
- TH - Initial thickness of element NV.
- XI - Plastic/elastic modulus ratio for element NV.
- YP - Initial yield point for element NV.
- AREA - Area of element NV.
- TPRESS - Accumulated pressure loading
- RMAXS - Maximum number of load steps (i.e. MAXST) in floating point format.

COMMON Block : RSDATA

(First Record of Restart Tape)

The COMMON block RSDATA consists of one array, RSDATA. At the time of this writing, the dimension of the array RSDATA is 35 (on the CDC 6500 computer). The significance of RSDATA(I) is specified below. In general, RSDATA(I) is a fixed point integer quantity and is sometimes referenced by the integer name IRSDAT(I). In subroutine RRST23, the quantity RSDATA(I) may be assigned another equivalent name for convenience.

If RESTRT $\neq$ 0 in the Namelist input, then the first record of the restart tape is read into the array RSDATA.

COMMON Block : RSDATA (continued)

<u>I</u>	RRST23	<u>Description</u>
	<u>Equivalent Name</u>	
1	INUMEL	NUMEL
2	INUMNP	NUMNP
3		NUMCP
4		NUMBC
5	INLØAD	NLØAD
6	INID	NID
7	INMAT	NMAT
8	INDP	NDP
9		MAXBW
10		MAXST
11	INDLIM	NNDLIM
12		MAXBKT
13		NLAYER
14		LWRAT
15		NANGIN
16		NXINT
17		NCYCF
18		RECCYL
19		CØNVER
20		IPRIN
21		ITER
22		IRESI
23		SAVETP
24		BLANAL
25		FLIFE
26		PRESS
27		HEADER(1)
28		HEADER(2)
29		HEADER(3)
30		HEADER(4)

COMMON Block : RSDATA (continued)

RRST23		
Equivalent		
<u>I</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
31		HEADER(5)
32		HEADER(6)
33		HEADER(7)
34	Not Used	
35	Not Used	

COMMON Block : ST
(Stiffness Matrix)

The COMMON block ST contains the 12x12 elemental stiffness matrix ST and the incremental element force vector CF (with dimension 12 corresponding to the 12 degrees of freedom for each element).

COMMON Block : TEMP
(Intermediate Stiffness Matrix)

The COMMON block TEMP contains a nx12 matrix which is a intermediate result in the calculation of the conventional elemental stiffness matrix (where $n = 9$ if RECCYL = 0 or $n = 12$ if RECCYL $\neq 0$).

COMMON Block : UV
(U, V Matrices)

The COMMON block UV contains a 3x6x2 array UV in which UV(I, J, 1) specifies U_{ij} and UV(I, J, 2) specifies V_{ij} .

COMMON Block : XYC~~OR~~
(x,y or r,z Coordinates)

	<u>RECCYL = 0</u>	<u>RECCYL $\neq$ 0</u>
X1	x ₁	r ₁
X2	x ₂	r ₂
X3	x ₃	r ₃
Y1	y ₁	z ₁
Y2	y ₂	z ₂
Y3	y ₃	z ₃

6.5 Summary List of Subroutines

This section presents a complete list of all subroutines which make up the BLADER program with the exception of standard Fortran IV library subroutines. A brief description of each subroutine is included.

- 1) BLADER - The main program - defines all labeled COMMON blocks and serves as the basic logic control routine.
- 2) BLØC - Initializes the pointers for the Dynamic Storage Array.
- 3) DIMCHK - Initializes several index quantities and checks the problem dimension input quantities for obvious errors.
- 4) DISCHK - Checks for nodes which have reached their limiting displacements.
- 5) EERRXX - Error procedure routine. Calls PDUMP to dump out various quantities and calls PRINT to print the terminal output.
- 6) FMCALC - Calculates the total force and the total moments for axisymmetric problems.
- 7) GEØM - Calculates the incremental elemental force vector for each element.
- 8) GINPUT - Read the general input data (i.e. problem dimensions, control flags, etc.) from the Namelist input cards. On option the first record of the restart tape will also be read and/or written.
- 9) MSHGEN - Mesh generation routine - generates the element mesh, node coordinates, boundary conditions, loading specifications, etc. for a bladder analysis problem.
- 10) PRINT - Main printout routine - prints out the displacements, accumulated loads, and residual loads. At specified load step intervals the nodal coordinates; nodal elastic, plastic and total strains; nodal stresses; and plastic work are printed out. On option the estimated fatigue life is calculated and printed out. Also on option, the load step dependent quantities are written on the restart tape.

6.5 Summary List of Subroutines (continued)

- 11) RESID - Determines the total error in nodal print equilibrium by calculating the residual nodal point forces.
- 12) RRST23 - Reads the second category of restart data (input arrays) and the third category (load step dependent quantities).
- 13) SETIC - Calculates the incremental and accumulates stresses and strains.
- 14) SETUP - Reads the input array data and initializes various quantities.
- 15) STEP2 - Assembles the incremental system stiffness matrix and solves for the incremental displacements.
- 16) STFNS - Calculates the instantaneous stiffness matrix ST for each element.
- 17) WRST2 - Writes the second category of restart data (input arrays) on the output restart tape.

6.6 Restart Feature

The usage of the restart procedure is described in section 2.5 of this report. In the current section, the programming aspects of the restart feature are described. In particular, the format of the restart tape is described.

The two input parameters SAVETP and RESTRT control the restart logic. An output restart tape will be generated only if SAVETP $\neq$ 0. An input restart tape will be read only if RESTRT $\neq$ 0. The value specified for RESTRT determines which restart dump (i.e. which load step) will be used to restart the problem.

Other input parameters such as NL0AD, NDP, BLANAL, etc. determine the format of the restart tape as described below. The data on the restart tape may be divided into three general categories:

- 1) Problem dimensions and other general input quantities.
- 2) Computed constants and input arrays.
- 3) Load step dependent quantities

6.6 Restart Feature (continued)

The formats of the different categories are described below in sections 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.3.

6.6.1 Problem Dimensions and Other General Input Quantities

The first category of restart data occupies the first record of the restart tape and is both written and read in subroutine GINPUT. The format is as follows:

Restart Tape (First Record)

- 1) NUMEL
- 2) NUMNP
- 3) NUMCP
- 4) NUMBC
- 5) NLØAD
- 6) NID
- 7) NMAT
- 8) NDP
- 9) MAXBW
- 10) MAXST
- 11) NNDLIM
- 12) MAXBKT
- 13) NLAYER
- 14) LWRAT
- 15) NANGIN
- 16) NXINT
- 17) NCYCF
- 18) RECCYL
- 19) CØNVER
- 20) IPRIN
- 21) ITER
- 22) IRESI
- 23) SAVETP
- 24) BLANAL
- 25) FLIFE

Restart Tape (First Record) (continued)

- 26) PRESS
- 27) HEADER(1)
- 28) HEADER(2)
- 29) HEADER(3)
- 30) HEADER(4)
- 31) HEADER(5)
- 32) HEADER(6)
- 33) HEADER(7)

6.6.2 Computed Constants and Input Arrays

The second category of restart data occupies several records. The number of records occupied depends on the values of the input parameters NLØAD, NNDLIM, NDP, NMAT, NID, BLANAL and FLIFE. In addition, the second parameter on the second record is VPRFLG which is nonzero if NLØAD > 0 and if neither NDP nor PRESS is specified. Otherwise, VPRFLG is zero. The value of VPRFLG determines whether or not the array VPR is written on the restart tape.

The second category of restart data is written in subroutine WRST2 and is read in subroutine RRST23.

The format of the second category of the restart data is as follows:

Restart Tape (Second Record)

- 1) NEQ (Input into INEQ)
- 2) VPRFLG
- 3) DPRAT
- 4) XLNGTH
- 5) BLTHNS
- 6) NPTSY - 2* NLayer + 1
- 7) LSSAVE (1, 1)
- 8) LSSAVE (2, 1)
- 9) LSSAVE (1, 2)
- " •
- " •
- " •
- 26) LSSAVE (2, 10)

6.6.2 Computed Constants and Input Arrays (continued)

Restart Tape (Third and Subsequent Records)

- 1) [(NP(I, J); I = 1, 2, ..., NUMEL); J = 1, ..., 6]
- 2) [LØADE(I); I = 1, NLØAD] If NLØAD > 0
[LØADS(I); I = 1, NLØAD]
- 3) [VPR(I); I = 1, NLØAD] If VPRFLG > 0
- 4) [DLIM(I, 1); I = 1, * NNDLIM] If NNDLIM > 0
- 5) [VEM(I); I = 1, NMAT]
- 6) [VXU(I); I = 1, NMAT]
- 7) [VTH(I); I = 1, NMAT]
- 8) [VXI(I); I = 1, NMAT]
- 9) [VYP(I); I = 1, NMAT]
- 10) [DELTAP(I, 1); I = 1, 2* NDP] If NDP > 0
- 11) [MATEL(I); I = 1, NUMEL] If NMAT > 1
- 12) [ND(I); I = 1, NID] If NID > 0
[DSD(I); I = 1, NID]
- 13) [DEPTH(I); I = 1, NLAYER] If BLANAL ≠ 0
- 14) [MLAYER(I); I = 1, NLAYER]
[CYCM(I); I = 1, NMAT] If FLIFE ≠ 0
[CYCZ(I); I = 1, NMAT]

6.6.3 Load Step Dependent Quantities

The third category of restart data also occupies a variable number of records, depending on the value of input parameters and is written in subroutine PRINT and is read in subroutine RREST23. The format is as follows:

Restart Tape (First Record of Each Restart Dump)

- 1) IDUMP - Dump number
- 2) ISTEP - Load step number
- 3) TPRESS - Accumulated loading
- 4) NPRIN - Detailed print index
- 5) NEQBC - Number of boundary constraints
- 6) DPRESS - Incremental loading
- 7) RSFØLD - Current fold radius (single fold bladder analysis)

6.6.3 Load Step Dependent Quantities (continued)

Restart Tape (Second and Possibly Third and Fourth
Records of Each Restart Dump)

- 1) BETA
- 2) ETST
- 3) EPST
- 4) EEST
- 5) ESIG
- 6) EWP
- 7) XØRD
- 8) YØRD
- 9) DIS
- 10) F
- 11) RESI
- 12) NEBC
- 13) DLFLAG (if NNDLIM > 0) - Third record
- 14) TPR (if VPRFLG ≠ 0) - Third or fourth record

6.6.4 Internal and External File Names

The internal symbolic file names for the input and output restart tapes are IRSIN and IRSØUT respectively. The corresponding external file names can be determined by means of arithmetic replacement statements or DATA statements in the main program BLADER. For example, on the CDC 6500 version of BLADER, the statements

IRSIN = 1

IRSØUT = 3

specify that the external file names corresponding to IRSIN and IRSØUT are TAPE1 and TAPE3 respectively. On the CDC 6500 version, the desired external file names (e.g. TAPE1 and TAPE3) must also appear as parameters on the program statement in the main program. For example, the statement PROGRAM BLADER (INPUT, ØUTPUT, TAPE5 = INPUT, TAPE6 = ØUTPUT, TAPE1, TAPE3) permits Fortran logical units 1 and 3 to be used for the input and output restart tapes.

6.6.4 Internal and External File Names (continued)

When executing the BLADER program on other computing systems such as the UNIVAC 1108, the values assigned to IRSIN and IRSØUT may have to be modified to values which correspond to utility magnetic tapes. For example, in a certain UNIVAC 1108 computing system Fortran logical units 1 and 3 correspond to I/Ø devices other than magnetic tape units, but logical units 12 and 14 are two permissible magnetic tape units. Thus, we could set IRSIN = 12 and IRSØUT = 14 when executing BLADER on that computing system.

The parameters IRSIN and IRSØUT have been defined as permissible input quantities in the General Input Data allowing the file assignments to be changed during execution. Thus, for example, an output restart tape may be generated on unit 3 during the first of two stacked cases and then read in as an input restart tape during the second case provided that we set IRSIN = 3 in the General Input Data for the second case. It would be advisable to also set IRSØUT = 1 when we set IRSIN to avoid doing something foolish like writing on top of our input tape during the second case.

A user could get by with only one tape unit provided he does not wish to have distinct input and output restart tapes on the same run.

7.0 SOURCE LISTINGS

This section contains listings of the main program and all sub-routines of the BLADER program except for library subroutines.

```

PROGRAM BLADER(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE5=INPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT,TAPE1,TAPE3)
*****
C LARGE STRAIN, ELASTOPLASTIC FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS PROGRAM
C
C SCLVES PLANE STRESS OR AXISYMMETRIC STRESS PROBLEMS
C USING LST-P3 ELEMENT (SIX NODAL POINT TRIANGLE)
C SMALL OR FINITE DISPLACEMENT ANALYSIS
C
C *****
C ***** THE INDICATED DIMENSION OF THE ARRAY BUCKET IS A DUMMY.
C THE ACTUAL DIMENSION NBUCT IS CALCULATED BY SUBROUTINE BLOCBLAD0150
C AND THE REQUIRED STORAGE IS ALLOCATED BY SUBROUTINE MRELSE.
C
COMMON BUCKET(3000)
DIMENSION B(1)
EQUIVALENCE (B,BUCKET)
C
COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM,LREC1,NEQ,NEQBC,IHAND,LENA,NEL6
1,NEL64,NPTSY,NPTSX,NCYCF2
COMMON /CMESH/ BLTHNS,XINTN,XYRAT,DPRAT
COMMON /FFLAGS/ NONTRY,BLANK
COMMON /HEADER/ HEADER(10)
COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN,NUMEL,NUMNP,NUMCP,NUMBC,NLOAD,NID
1,NMAT,NDP,MAXBW,MAXST,ANDLIM,MAXBKT,NLAYR,LWRAT,NANGIN
2,NXINT,NCYCF
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS,RESTRT,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN,ITER,IRESI
1,SAVETP,BLANAL,FLIFE
COMMON /INDEX/ IFIX,NV,ISTEP,JSTEP,NSTEP,INAT,LMAT
1,ERRFLG,J34,J43,J45,I63,I69,I912,LSTEPO,NPRIN
2,NXTLS,INDMP,LSLIM,IDUMP,ILSS,VPRFLC
COMMON /IQUINIT/ IRSIV,IRSOIT
COMMON /IPERM/ IPERM(3)
***** THE ARRAYS TPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
C

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

BLADER

```

C      ARRAY UPR.  THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR
C      IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCKT DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE
C      POSITION OF TPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY.  *****
000003      COMMON /LBUCKT/  LNP  ,LLOADE,LLOADS,LNEBC ,LND  ,LMATEL,LRETA
1          ,LVPR  ,LETST ,LEPST ,LEEST ,LESIG ,LEWP  ,LXCRD ,LYORD ,LDWP  ,BLAD0380
2          ,LWP   ,LCOUNT,LDF  ,LDR  ,LDIS ,LF   ,LRESI ,LIST  ,LPST  ,BLAD0390
3          ,LEST  ,LDTST ,LSIG ,LUSD  ,LDLIM ,LDLFLG,LVEM  ,LVXU  ,LVTH  ,BLAD0400
4          ,LVXI  ,LVYP  ,LDELTP,LTHETA,LDISPL,LBCOND,LCYCM ,LCYCZ ,LMLAYR,BLAD0410
5          ,LDEPTH,LCYCF ,LA   ,LTPR  ,LDPR  ,BLAD0420
6          ,NBUCKT                                BLAD0430
          COMMON /LSSAVE/  LSSAVE(2,10)          BLAD0440
          COMMON /MESHIN/  NMESH ,XSTART,YSTART,XLNGTH,RPFOLD,RSFOLD,RPTRAT,BLAD0450
1          ,RSTRAT,RFINAL                                BLAD0460
          COMMON /PROPS /  PRESS ,DPRESS,EM  ,XU  ,TH  ,XI  ,YP  ,BLAD0470
1          ,AREA  ,TPRESS,RMAXS                                BLAD0480
          COMMON /RSDATA/  RSDATA(36)                                BLAD0490
          COMMON /ST /  ST(12,12)                                BLAD0500
          COMMON /TEMP /  TEMP(12,12)                                BLAD0510
          COMMON /UV /  UV(3,6,2)                                BLAD0520
          COMMON /XYCOORD/  X1,X2,X3,Y1,Y2,Y3                                BLAD0530
          DATA  NONTRY,BLANK / -100000,1H /                                BLAD0540
          DATA  IRSIN,IRSOUT / 12,14 /                                BLAD0550
          DATA  IPERM/2,3,1/                                BLAD0560
          NCDIM= 11                                BLAD0570
          NCIMEN= 18                                BLAD0580
          NFLGS= 10                                BLAD0590
          NMESH= 9                                BLAD0600
          ***** READ GENERAL INPUT DATA *****                                BLAD0610
          CALL GINPUT                                BLAD0620
          ***** CALCULATE BUCKET LOCATIONS OF ALL VARIABLELY DIMENSIONED                                BLAD0630
          ARRAYS *****                                BLAD0640
          CALL BLOC                                BLAD0650
          *****                                BLAD0660
          *****                                BLAD0670
          *****                                BLAD0680
          *****                                BLAD0690
          *****                                BLAD0700
          *****                                BLAD0710
          *****                                BLAD0720
          *****                                BLAD0730
          *****                                BLAD0740
          *****                                BLAD0750

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          BLADER

000011      IF ( NBUCKET .GT. MAXBKT ) GO TO 270
C          ***** REQUEST REQUIRED AMOUNT OF BUCKET STORAGE *****
000015      CALL MRELSE (BUCKET,NBUCKET)
C          ***** READ THE REMAINDER OF THE INPUT DATA AND INITIALIZE VARIOUS
C          QUANTITIES *****
000017      CALL SETUP ( B(LNP) ,B(LXORD) ,B(LYORD) ,B(LLOADE) ,B(LLCADS)
1          ,B(LNEBC) ,B(LND) ,B(LDSD) ,B(LVEM) ,B(LVXU) ,B(LVTH) )
2          ,B(LVXI) ,B(LVYP) ,B(LDELTP) ,B(LMATEL) ,B(LDLIM) ,B(LDISPL)
3          ,B(LBCOND) ,B(LA) ,B(LDISPL) ,B(LMLAYR) ,B(LDEPTH) ,B(LCYCF)
4          ,B(LCYCM) ,B(LCYCZ) ,B(LVPR) ,B(LTPR) ,B(LDPR) )
C          ***** INCREASE LENGTH OF BUCKET STORAGE TO ALLOW FOR THE ARRAY A.
000141      LA =LDISPL
000143      NBUCKET= LA + LENA
C
000145      270 WRITE (6,510) NBUCKET,NBUCKET
000155      510 FORMAT (26HLENGTH OF DYNAMIC STORAGE,18,10H (DECIMAL),5X,06
1          ,8H (OCTAL) )
C
000155      IF ( NBUCKET .LE. MAXBKT ) GO TO 280
000160      WRITE (6,511) MAXBKT
000165      511 FORMAT (39H EXCEEDS MAXIMUM BUCKET SIZE. MAXBKT = 18 )
000165      STOP
C
000167      280 CALL MRELSE (BUCKET,NBUCKET)
000171      NXTLS= LSTEP0 - 1
C          ***** LOAD STEP LOOP *****
000173      DO 200 ISTEP=LSTEP0,MAXST
C          ***** ITERATION TO INSURE EQUILIBRIUM *****
BLAD0760
BLAD0770
BLAD0780
BLAD0790
BLAD0800
BLAD0810
BLAD0820
BLAD0830
BLAD0840
BLAD0850
BLAD0860
BLAD0870
BLAD0880
BLAD0890
BLAD0900
BLAD0910
BLAD0920
BLAD0930
BLAD0940
BLAD0950
BLAD0960
BLAD0970
BLAD0980
BLAD0990
BLAD1000
BLAD1010
BLAD1020
BLAD1030
BLAD1040
BLAD1050
BLAD1060
BLAD1070
BLAD1080
BLAD1090
BLAD1100
BLAD1120
BLAD1130
BLAD1140

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 BLADER

```

000174 IFIX=0
000175 DO 310 I=1,ITER

000177 C ***** APPLY AN INCREMENT OF LOAD TO THE STRUCTURE AND CALCULATE
C THE RESULTING INCREMENTAL DISPLACEMENT *****
303 CALL STEP2 ( B(LA ),B(LNP ),B(LDELTP),B(LDF ),B(LDR )
1 ,B(LF ),B(LRESI ),B(LNEBC ),B(LND ),B(LDSD )
2 ,B(LVEM ),B(LVXU ),B(LVTH ),B(LMATEL),B(LDEPTH),B(LXORD )
3 ,B(LYORD ),B(LIPR ),B(LDPR ),NUMEL ,NEQ )

000267 C ***** CALCULATE THE INCREMENTAL AND TOTAL STRESSES AND STRAINS ***
CALL SETIC ( B(LNP ),B(LBETA ),B(LSIG ), B(LTST )
1 ,B(LPST ),B(LEST ),B(LDTST ),B(LSIG ),B(LEST ),B(LEPST )
2 ,B(LEEST ),B(LEWP ),B(LXORD ),B(LYORD ),B(LDWP ),B(LWP )
3 ,B(LCOUNT),B(LDR ),B(LDIS ),B(LF ),B(LVEM )
4 ,B(LVXU ),B(LVXI ),B(LVYP ),B(LMATEL),B(LTHETA),B(LNEBC )
5 ,NUMEL ,NUMNP )

000413 C ***** CALCULATE THE TOTAL ERROR IN NODAL POINT EQUILIBRIUM BY
C CALCULATING THE RESIDUAL NODAL POINT FORCES *****
CALL RESID ( B(LNP ),B(LSIG ),B(LXORD ),B(LYORD ),B(LDF )
1 ,B(LF ),B(LNEBC ),B(LND ),B(LMATEL),B(LVTH ),NUMEL )

000442 IF (IFIX .NE. 0) GO TO 305

000443 C ***** IFIX .EQ. 0. FIRST PASS FOR A GIVEN LOAD STEP. *****
IFIX=1

000444 C ***** CALCULATE Y, THE NORM OF THE TOTAL FORCE VECTOR (F) *****
Y=0.
DO 290 N=1,NEQ
000445 F= B(LF+N-1)
000447 Y= Y + F**2
000452 290

000456 Y=SQRT(Y)
000461 WRITE(6,504) Y
000466 FORMAT(1H0, 5X,13HFORCE NORM = ,E12.5//11X,7HDF NORM,9X
1 ,15HDF/F NORM RATIO)

```

```

000466 C          305  ***** CALCULATE X, THE NORM OF THE ERROR VECTOR DF *****
000467          DC 300 N=1,NEQ
000471          DF= B(LDF+N-1)
000474          300  X= X + DF**2
000500          296  X=SQRT(X)
000503          CON=X/Y
000505          WRITE(6,505) X,CON
000514          505  FORMAT (2E20.5)
000514 C          ***** TEST FOR CONVERGENCE
000514          IF (CON .LE. CONVER) GO TO 30
000517          310  CONTINUE
000521          WRITE (6,520)
000525          520  FORMAT (29HISOLUTION FAILED TO CONVERGE. )
000525          CALL EERRXX
000526          30  CALL PRINT ( B(LXORD ),B(LYORD ),B(LDWP ),B(LWP ),B(LTST )
000526              1  ,B(LPST ),B(LEST ),B(LSIG ),B(LDIS ),B(LDF )
000526              2  ,B(LRESI ),B(LNP ),B(LMLAYR),B(LCYCM ),B(LCYCZ )
000526              3  ,NUMNP ,NUMEL )
000603          200  CONTINUE
000606          IF ( SAVETP .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 10
000607          END FILE IRSOUT
000611          REWIND IRSOUT
000613          GO TO 10
000614          END
BLAD1520
BLAD1530
BLAD1540
BLAD1550
BLAD1560
BLAD1570
BLAD1580
BLAD1590
BLAD1600
BLAD1610
BLAD1620
BLAD1630
BLAD1640
BLAD1650
BLAD1660
BLAD1670
BLAD1680
BLAD1690
BLAD1700
BLAD1710
BLAD1720
BLAD1730
BLAD1740
BLAD1750
BLAD1760
BLAD1770
BLAD1780
BLAD1790
BLAD1800
BLAD1810
BLAD1820
BLAD1830
BLAD1840
BLAD1850

```

PROGRAM LENGTH INCLUDING I/O BUFFERS
011050

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS				
10 - 000007	30	- 000526	270	- 000145 280 - 000167
295 - 000456	296	- 000500	303	- 000177 305 - 000466
504 - 000651	505	- 000663	510	- 000631 511 - 000642
520 - 000665				

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

- 005670	CDIMEN	- 000013	CMESH	- 000004	FFLAGS	- 000002
HEADER - 000012	IDIMEN	- 000022	IFLAGS	- 000012	INDEX	- 000026
IUNIT - 000002	IPERM	- 000003	LBUCKET	- 000061	LSSAVE	- 000024
MESHIN - 000011	PROPS	- 000012	RSDATA	- 000044	ST	- 000234
TEMP - 000220	UV	- 000044	XYCOORD	- 000006		

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

B - 000000C01	BLANK	-	000001C04	BUCKET	-	000000C01	CF	-	000220C20
CON - 000737	CONVER	-	000003C07	DF	-	000736	F	-	000734
HEADER - 000000C05	I	-	000731	IFIX	-	000000C10	IPERM	-	000000C12
IRSN - 000000C11	IRSOOT	-	000001C11	ISTEP	-	000002C10	ITER	-	000005C07
LA - 000055C13	LBCOND	-	000047C13	LBETA	-	000006C13	LCOUNT	-	000021C13
LCYCF - 000054C13	LCYCM	-	000050C13	LCYCZ	-	000051C13	LDELTP	-	000044C13
LDEPTH - 000053C13	LDF	-	000022C13	LDIS	-	000024C13	LDISPL	-	000046C13
LDLIM - 000035C13	LDPR	-	000057C13	LDR	-	000023C13	LDSD	-	000034C13
LDTST - 000032C13	LDWP	-	000017C13	LEEST	-	000012C13	LENA	-	000005C02
LEPST - 000011C13	LESIG	-	000013C13	LEST	-	000031C13	LETST	-	000010C13
LEWP - 000014C13	LF	-	000025C13	LLOADE	-	000001C13	LLOADS	-	000002C13
LMATEL - 000005C13	LMLAYR	-	000052C13	LND	-	000004C13	LNEBC	-	000003C13
LNP - 000000C13	LPST	-	000030C13	LRESI	-	000026C13	LSIG	-	000033C13
LSSAVE - 000000C14	LSTEPS	-	000016C10	LTHETA	-	000045C13	LTPR	-	000056C13
LSTST - 000027C13	LVEM	-	000037C13	LVPR	-	000007C13	LVTH	-	000041C13
LVXI - 000042C13	LVXU	-	000040C13	LVYP	-	000043C13	LWP	-	000020C13
LXORD - 000015C13	LYORD	-	000016C13	MAXBKT	-	000014C06	MAXST	-	000012C06

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	BLADER									
N	-	000733	NBUCKT	-	000060C13	NCDIM	-	000000C02	NDIMEN	-	000000C06
NEQ	-	000002C02	NFLGS	-	000000C07	NMESH	-	000000C15	NONTRY	-	000000C04
NUMEL	-	000001C06	NUMNP	-	000002C06	NXTLS	-	000020C10	RSDATA	-	000000C17
SAVEFP	-	000007C07	ST	-	000000C20	TEMP	-	000000C21	UV	-	000000C22
X	-	000735	Y	-	000732						
START OF CONSTANTS											
000616											
START OF TEMPORARIES											
000672											
START OF INDIRECTS											
000676											
EXTERNAL REFERENCES											
	Q8NTRY	GINPUT	BLOC	MRELSE	SETUP	OUTPTC	STOP	STEP2			
	SETIC	RESID	SQRT	EERRXX	PRINT	ENDFIL	REWINM	END			
COMPILER SPACE											
UNUSED -	010600	USED	-	037200							

```

SUBROUTINE BLOC
C
C      CALCULATES BUCKET LOCATIONS OF ALL VARIABLY DIMENSIONED
C      ARRAYS
C
000002      COMMON /CDIMEN/  NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6
1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2
000002      COMMON /IDIMEN/  NNDIMEN ,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGIN
2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF
000002      COMMON /IFLAGS/  NFLGS ,RESTR ,RECCYL ,CONVER ,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1 ,SAVETP ,BLANAL ,FLIFE
000002      COMMON /INDEX /  IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1 ,ERRFLG ,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEP ,NPRIN
2 ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG
C      ***** THE ARRAYS TPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
C      ARRAY UPR.  THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR
C      IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCKT DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE
C      POSITION OF TPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY.  *****
000002      COMMON /LBUCKT/  LNP ,LLOAD ,LLOADS ,LNEBC ,LND ,LMATEL ,LBETA
1 ,LVPR ,LETST ,LEPST ,LEEST ,LESIG ,LEWP ,LXORD ,LYORD ,LDWP
2 ,LWP ,LCOUNT ,LDF ,LDR ,LDIS ,LF ,LRESI ,LPST
3 ,LEST ,LDTST ,LSIG ,LDSO ,LDLIM ,LDLFLG ,LVEM ,LVXU ,LVTH
4 ,LVXI ,LVYP ,LDELTP ,LTHETA ,LDISPL ,LBCOND ,LCYCM ,LCYCZ ,LMLAYR
5 ,LDEPTH ,LCYCF ,LA ,LTPR ,LDPR
6 ,NBUCKT
C
C      NNLOAD= MAXO(NLOAD,0)
C      NEQ=2*NUMNP
C      NNP4= 4*NUMNP
C      NEL6= 6*NUMEL
C
000012      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 110
C
C      ***** RECTANGULAR COORDINATES *****
C      NNP34= 3*NUMNP
C      NNP45= NNP4
C
000010      BLOC0010
000002      BLOC0020
000005      BLOC0030
000006      BLOC0040
000010      BLOC0050
000002      BLOC0060
000007      BLOC0070
000002      BLOC0080
000009      BLOC0090
000010      BLOC0100
000011      BLOC0110
000012      BLOC0120
000013      BLOC0130
000014      BLOC0140
000015      BLOC0150
000016      BLOC0160
000017      BLOC0170
000018      BLOC0180
000019      BLOC0190
000020      BLOC0200
000021      BLOC0210
000022      BLOC0220
000023      BLOC0230
000024      BLOC0240
000025      BLOC0250
000026      BLOC0260
000027      BLOC0270
000028      BLOC0280
000029      BLOC0290
000030      BLOC0300
000031      BLOC0310
000032      BLOC0320
000033      BLOC0330
000034      BLOC0340
000035      BLOC0350
000036      BLOC0360
000037      BLOC0370

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          BLOC

000016      NEL64= 3*NEL6
000020      GO TO 120

C          ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
      110      NNP34= NNP4
000020      NNP45= 5*NUMNP
000021      NEL64= 4*NEL6
000023

      120      LNP = 1
000025      LLOADE= LNP      + NEL6
000026      LLOADS= LLOADE + NNLOAD
000030      LNEBC = LLOADS + NNLOAD
000031      LND = LNEBC + 2*NUMBC + NNDLIM
000033      LMATEL= LND + NID
000036      LBETA = LMATEL
000037      IF (NMAT .GT. 1) LBETA = LMATEL + NUMEL
000041      LVPR = LBETA + NEL6
000046      LTPR = LVPR + NNLOAD
000050      LDPR = LTPR + NNLOAD
000051

      LETST= LVPR
000053      IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) LETST = LDPR + NNLOAD
000054      LEPST = LETST + NEL64
000060      LLEST = LEPST + NEL64
000062      LESIG = LEEST + NEL64
000063      LEWP = LESIG + 5*NEL6
000065      LXORD = LEWP + NEL6
000067      LYORD = LXORD + NUMNP
000071      LDWP = LYORD + NUMNP
000072      LWP = LDWP + NUMNP
000074      LCOUNT= LWP + NUMNP
000075      LDF = LCOUNT + NUMNP
000077      LDR = LDF + NEQ
000100      LDIS = LDR + NEQ
000102      LF = LDIS + NEQ
000103      LRESI = LF + NEQ
000105      LTST = LRESI + NEQ
000106      LPST = LTST + NNP34
000110

```

```

BLOC0380
BLOC0390
BLOC0400
BLOC0410
BLOC0420
BLOC0430
BLOC0440
BLOC0450
BLOC0460
BLOC0470
BLOC0480
BLOC0490
BLOC0500
BLOC0510
BLOC0520
BLOC0530
BLOC0540
BLOC0550
BLOC0560
BLOC0570
BLOC0580
BLOC0590
BLOC0600
BLOC0610
BLOC0620
BLOC0630
BLOC0640
BLOC0650
BLOC0660
BLOC0670
BLOC0680
BLOC0690
BLOC0700
BLOC0710
BLOC0720
BLOC0730
BLOC0740
BLOC0750

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 BLOC
000111 LEST = LPST + NNP34
000113 LDTST = LEST + NNP34
000114 LSIG = LDTST + NNP45
000116 LDSD = LSIG + 5*NUMNP
000120 LDLIM = LDSD + NID
000122 LDLFLG= LDLIM + 3*NNDLIM
000124 LVEM = LDLFLG + NNDLIM
000126 LVXU = LVEM + NMAT
000127 LVTH = LVXU + NMAT
000131 LVXI = LVTH + NMAT
000132 LVYP = LVXI + NMAT
000134 LDELTP= LVYP + NMAT
000135 LTHETA= LDELTP + 2*NDP
000137 LDISPL= LTHETA
000141 IF (NLOAD .LT. 0) LDISPL= LDISPL + 3*NUMEL

000145 IF ( BLANAL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 140

000146 LBCOND= LDISPL + 3*NID
000150 LA = LBCOND + 2*NUMBC
000153 NN= MAX0(NEL6,3*NUMCP)
000157 GO TO 160

C ***** BLADDER ANALYSIS OPTION.
000160 140 IF ( FLIFE .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 150

000161 LCYCM= LDISPL
000162 LCYCZ= LCYCM + NMAT
000164 LDISPL= LCYCZ + NMAT

000166 150 LMLAYR= LDISPL
000167 LDEPTH= LMLAYR + NLAYER
000171 LA = LDEPTH + NLAYER
000172 LCYCF= LA
000174 LDISPL= LA
000175 IF ( NCYCF .NE. 0 ) NN= MAX0(NEL6,40*NMAT)

000203 160 NBUCKT= LA + NN

```

```

BLOC0760
BLOC0770
BLOC0780
BLOC0790
BLOC0800
BLOC0810
BLOC0820
BLOC0830
BLOC0840
BLOC0850
BLOC0860
BLOC0870
BLOC0880
BLOC0890
BLOC0900
BLOC0910
BLOC0920
BLOC0930
BLOC0940
BLOC0950
BLOC0960
BLOC0970
BLOC0980
BLOC0990
BLOC1000
BLOC1010
BLOC1020
BLOC1030
BLOC1040
BLOC1050
BLOC1060
BLOC1070
BLOC1080
BLOC1090
BLOC1100
BLOC1110
BLOC1120
BLOC1130

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70 BLOC

000205 RETURN
000206 END

BLOC1140
BLOC1150
BLOC1160

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70

BLOC

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000223

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS	120	140	150	160
110 -	000020	120	140	150	160
160 -	000203				

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	000013	IDIMEN	000022	IFLAGS	000012	INDEX	000026
LBUCKT	000061						

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

VARIABLE	ASSIGNMENTS	000011C03	LA	000055C05	LBCOND	000047C05
BLANAL	000010C03 FLIFE	000011C03	LA	000055C05	LBCOND	000047C05
LBETA	000006C05 LCOUNT	000021C05	LCYCF	000054C05	LCYCM	000050C05
LCYCZ	000051C05 LDELTP	000044C05	LDEPTH	CC0053C05	LDF	000022C05
LDIS	000024C05 LDISPL	000046C05	LDLFLG	CC0036C05	LDLIM	000035C05
LDPR	000057C05 LDR	000023C05	LDSD	000034C05	LDTST	000032C05
LDWP	000017C05 LEEST	000012C05	LEPST	000011C05	LESIG	000013C05
LEST	000031C05 LETST	000010C05	LEWP	CC0014C05	LF	000025C05
LICADE	000001C05 LLOADS	000002C05	LMATEL	CC0005C05	LMLAYR	000052C05
LND	000004C05 LNEBC	000003C05	LNP	000000C05	LPST	000030C05
LRESI	000026C05 LSIG	000033C05	LTHETA	CC0045C05	LTPR	000056C05
LTST	000027C05 LVEM	000037C05	LVPR	CC0007C05	LVTH	000041C05
LVXI	000042C05 LVXU	000040C05	LVYP	CC0043C05	LWP	000020C05
LXGRD	000015C05 LYORD	000016C05	NBUCKT	CC0006C05	NCYCF	000021C02
NDP	000010C02 NEL6	000006C01	NEL64	CC0007C01	NEQ	000002C01
NID	000006C02 NLAYER	000015C02	NLGAD	CC0005C02	NMAT	000007C02
NN	000222	000013C02	NNLOAD	000216	NNP34	000220
NNP4	000217	000221	NUMBC	000004C02	NUMCP	000003C02
NUMEL	000001C02 NUMNP	000002C02	RECCYL	CC0002C03	VPRFLG	000025C04

START OF CONSTANTS
000210

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	BLOC
START OF TEMPORARIES		
000211		
START OF INDIRECTS		
000216		
EXTERNAL REFERENCES		
END		
COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED - 012200	USED	- 035600

```

SUBROUTINE DIMCHK
C      CHECKS PROBLEM DIMENSIONS SPECIFICATION FOR OBVIOUS ERRORS.
DIMC0010
DIMC0020
DIMC0030
DIMC0040
DIMC0050
DIMC0060
DIMC0070
DIMC0080
DIMC0090
DIMC0100
DIMC0110
DIMC0120
DIMC0130
DIMC0140
DIMC0150
DIMC0160
DIMC0170
DIMC0180
DIMC0190
DIMC0200
DIMC0210
DIMC0220
DIMC0230
DIMC0240
DIMC0250
DIMC0260
DIMC0270
DIMC0280
DIMC0290
DIMC0300
DIMC0310
DIMC0320
DIMC0330
DIMC0340
DIMC0350
DIMC0360
DIMC0370

000002      COMMON /IDIMEN/  NDIMEN,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1             ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM,MAXBKT,NLAYER,LWRAT ,NANGINDIMC0060
2             ,NXINT ,NCYCF
000002      COMMON /IFLAGS/  NFLGS ,RESTR,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1             ,SAVETP,BLANAL,FLIFE
000002      COMMON /INDEX /  IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1             ,ERRFLG,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEP,NPRIN
2             ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG
000002      COMMON /MESHIN/  NMESH ,XSTART,YSTART,XLNGTH,RPFOLD,RSFOLD,RPTRATDIMC0130
1             ,RSTRAT,RFINAL
000002      COMMON /PROPS /  PRESS ,DPRESS,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP
1             ,AREA ,TPRESS,RMAXS

000002      DATA PLANE / 0.0 /

000002      500  FORMAT (29H1ERROR IN PROBLEM DIMENSIONS. )
000002      501  FORMAT (55H0***** A PLANE STRAIN CASE MAY NOT FOLLOW AN AXISYMMETR
1             8HIC CASE. )
000002      516  FORMAT(16H NO. OF ELEMENTS
2             35H NO. OF CORNER POINTS
3             35H NO. OF NODAL POINTS
4             35H NO. OF BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
5             35H NO. OF ELEMENTS LOADED
6             35H NO. OF IMPOSED DISPLACEMENTS
6             35H NUMBER OF MATERIALS
7             35H NUMBER OF LOAD INCREMENT ENTRIES
7             35H MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STEPS
8             19H MAXIMUM BAND WIDTH
9             21H NO. OF DISPL. LIMITS
517      517  FORMAT (23H MAX. NO. OF ITERATIONS
1             32H NO. OF STEPS PER DETAILED PRINT
2             11H IRESI FLAG
3             22H CONVERGENCE CRITERION

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          DIMCHK
      4 23H TOTAL PRESSURE LOADING
000002 518 FORMAT (23H0 PLANE STRAIN ANALYSIS // )      ,E22.5 / 1H1 )
000002 519 FORMAT (30H0 AXISYMMETRIC STRAIN ANALYSIS // )

000002 IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 110

000003 C      **** RECTANGULAR COORDINATES ****
      WRITE (6,518)

000007 IF ( PLANE .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 105

      C      **** ERROR. A PLANE STRAIN CASE MAY NOT FOLLOW AN AXISYMMETRIC
      C      CASE BECAUSE DATA STATEMENTS IN SUBROUTINES GEOM AND RESID
      C      SET VARIOUS COEFFICIENTS FOR THE PLANE STRAIN CASE ****
000010 WRITE (6,501)
000014 STOP

000016 105 J34= 3
000017 J43= 4
000020 J45= 4
000021 I63= 6
000022 I69= 6
000023 I912= 9
000024 GO TO 140

      C      **** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES ****
000025 110 WRITE (6,519)
000031 PLANE= 1.0
000032 J34= 4
000033 J43= 3
000034 J45= 5
000035 I63= 3
000036 I69= 9
000037 I912= 12

000041 140 WRITE (6      ,516)  NUMEL,NUMMCP,NUMNP,NUMBC,NLOAD,NID,NMAT,NDP

```

DIMC0380
 DIMC0390
 DIMC0400
 DIMC0410
 DIMC0420
 DIMC0430
 DIMC0440
 DIMC0450
 DIMC0460
 DIMC0470
 DIMC0480
 DIMC0490
 DIMC0500
 DIMC0510
 DIMC0520
 DIMC0530
 DIMC0540
 DIMC0550
 DIMC0560
 DIMC0570
 DIMC0580
 DIMC0590
 DIMC0600
 DIMC0610
 DIMC0620
 DIMC0630
 DIMC0640
 DIMC0650
 DIMC0660
 DIMC0670
 DIMC0680
 DIMC0690
 DIMC0700
 DIMC0710
 DIMC0720
 DIMC0730
 DIMC0740
 DIMC0750

RUN 2.3I	05/28/70	DIMCHK	
000073	1	MAXST,MAXBW,NNDLIM	DIMC0760
		WRITE (6,517) ITER,IPRIN,IRESI,CONVER,PRESS	DIMC0770
000111		IF (NUMEL .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0780
000113		IF (NUMNP .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0790
000114		IF ((NUMCP .LE. 0) .OR. (NUMCP .GE. NUMNP)) GO TO 200	DIMC0800
000124		IF (NUMBC .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0810
000125		IF (NID .LT. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0820
000127		IF ((NLOAD .NE. 0) .AND. (NID .NE. 0)) GO TO 200	DIMC0830
000135		IF ((NLOAD .EQ. 0) .AND. (NID .EQ. 0)) GO TO 200	DIMC0840
000143		IF ((RECCYL .EQ. 0.0) .AND. (NLOAD .LT. 0)) GO TO 200	DIMC0850
000151		IF (NMAT .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0860
000152		IF (NDP .LT. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0870
000154		IF (MAXBW .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0880
000155		IF (MAXST .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0890
000157		IF ((NNDLIM .LT. 0) .OR. (NNDLIM .GT. NUMNP)) GO TO 200	DIMC0900
000166		IF (RESTRT .NE. 0.0) GO TO 900	DIMC0910
000167		IF (BLANAL .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 900	DIMC0920
			DIMC0930
			DIMC0940
000170		IF (NLAYER .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0950
000171		IF (NXINT .LE. 0) GO TO 200	DIMC0960
000173		IF (NCYCF .GT. 20) GO TO 200	DIMC0970
000176		IF (RFINAL .LE. 0.0) GO TO 200	DIMC0980
			DIMC0990
000177	C	***** NO APPARENT ERRORS *****	DIMC1000
		GO TO 900	DIMC1010
000200	200	WRITE (6,500)	DIMC1020
000204		ERRFLG= 0.0	DIMC1030
000205	900	RETURN	DIMC1040
000206		END	DIMC1050
			DIMC1060
			DIMC1070

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70

DIMCHK

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000445

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS					
105 - 000016	110	-	000025	140	-
500 - 000211	501	-	000216	516	-
518 - 000400	519	-	000405	900	-

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

IDIMEN - 000022	IFLAGS -	000012	INDEX -	000026	MESHIN -	000011
PROPS - 000012						

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

BLANAL - 000010C02	CONVER -	000003C02	ERRFLG -	000007C03	IPRIN -	000004C02
IRESI - 000006C02	ITER -	000005C02	I63 -	000013C03	I69 -	000014C03
I912 - 000015C03	J34 -	000010C03	J43 -	000011C03	J45 -	000012C03
MAXBW - 000011C01	MAXST -	000012C01	NCYCF -	CC0021C01	NDP -	000010C01
NID - 000006C01	NLAYER -	000015C01	NLOAD -	CC0005C01	NMAT -	000007C01
NNDLIM - 000013C01	NUMBC -	000004C01	NUMCP -	000003C01	NUMEL -	000001C01
NUMNP - 000002C01	NXINT -	000020C01	PLANE -	CC0444	PRESS -	000000C05
RECCYL - 000002C02	RESTR -	000001C02	RFINAL -	CC0010C04		

START OF CONSTANTS

000210

START OF TEMPORARIES

000416

START OF INDIRECTS

000444

EXTERNAL REFERENCES

OUTPTC STOP

END

RUN 2.3I	05/28/70	DIMCHK
COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED - 012100	USED -	035700

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

```

C          SUBROUTINE DISCHK (DIS,NEBC,DLIM,DLFLAG)
C          TEST FOR NODAL DISPLACEMENTS REACHING LIMITING DISPLACEMENT.
C          DISC0010
C          DISC0020
C          DISC0030
C          DISC0040
C          DISC0050
C          DISC0060
C          DISC0070
C          DISC0080
C          DISC0090
C          DISC0100
C          DISC0110
C          DISC0120
C          DISC0130
C          DISC0140
C          DISC0150
C          DISC0170
C          DISC0160
C          DISC0180
C          DISC0190
C          DISC0200
C          DISC0210
C          DISC0220
C          DISC0230
C          DISC0240
C          DISC0250
C          DISC0260
C          DISC0270
C          DISC0280
C          DISC0290
C          DISC0300
C          DISC0310
C          DISC0320
C          DISC0330
C          DISC0340
C          DISC0350
C          DISC0360
C          DISC0370

C          ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
C          DIMENSION DIS(1),NEBC(1),DLIM(3,1),DLFLAG(1)

C          COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6
C          1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2
C          COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN ,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
C          1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGIND
C          2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF

C          DG 200 I=1,NNDLIM

C          IF ( DLFLAG(1) .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 200
C          NCDE= DLIM(1,1)
C          IDIR= DLIM(2,1)
C          DLIMIT= DLIM(3,1)
C          II= 2*NODE + IDIR - 2
C          DISPL= DIS(II)
C          IF ( DLIMIT .GT. 0.0 ) GO TO 110

C          ***** DLIMIT .LE. 0.0 *****
C          IF ( DISPL .LE. DLIMIT ) GO TO 120
C          GO TO 200

C          ***** DLIMIT .GT. 0.0 *****
C          110 IF ( DISPL .LT. DLIMIT ) GO TO 200

C          ***** LIMITING DISPLACEMENT EXCEEDED *****
C          120 DLFLAG(1)= 1.0
C          DIS(11)= DLIMIT
C          NEQBC= NEQBC + 1
C          NEBC(NEQBC)= II
C          200 CONTINUE

```

DISCHK

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

000055 RETURN
000055 END

DISC0380
DISC0390
DISC0400

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70

DISCHK

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000076

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS
110 - 000036 120 - 000041 200 - 000052

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS
CDIMEN - 000013 IDIMEN - 000022

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS
DISPL - 000075 DLIMIT - 000073 I - 000070 IDIR - 000072
II - 000074 NEQBC - 000003C01 NNDLIM - 000013C02 NNODE - 000071

START OF CONSTANTS
000057

START OF TEMPORARIES
000061

START OF INDIRECTS
000063

EXTERNAL REFERENCES
END

COMPILER SPACE
UNUSED - 013200 USED - 034600

```

SUBROUTINE EERRXX
C
C ***** THE INDICATED DIMENSION OF THE ARRAY B IS A DUMMY.
C THE ACTUAL DIMENSION NBUCKT IS CALCULATED BY SUBROUTINE BLOCCE
C AND THE REQUIRED STORAGE IS ALLOCATED BY SUBROUTINE MRELSE.
C
000002      COMMON B(1)
000002      COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN, NUMEL, NUMNP, NUMCP, NUMBC, NLOAD, NID
1      , NMAT, NDP, MAXBW, MAXST, NNDLIM, MAXBKT, NLYAYER, LWRAT, NANGINE
2      , NXINT, NCYCF
000002      COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS, RESTRT, RECCYL, CONVER, IPRIN, IITER, IRESI
1      , SAVEITP, BLANAL, FLIFE
000002      COMMON /INDEX / IFIX, NV, ISTEP, JSTEP, NSTEP, IMAT, LMAT
1      , ERRFLG, J34, J43, J45, J63, I69, I912, LSTEP0, NPRIN
2      , NXTLS, INDMP, LSLIM, IDUMP, ILSS, VPRFLG
000002      COMMON /IOUNIT/ IRSIN, IRSOUT
C ***** THE ARRAYS TPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
C ARRAY UPR. THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR
C IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCKT DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE
C POSITION OF TPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY. *****
000002      COMMON /LBUCKT/ LNP, LLOADE, LLOADS, LNEBC, LND, LMATEL, LBETA
1      , LVPR, LETST, LEPST, LLEEST, LESIG, LEWP, LXCRC, LYORD, LDWP
2      , LWP, LCOUNT, LDF, LDR, LDYIS, LF, LRESI, LTST, LPST
3      , LEST, LDTST, LSIG, LDSD, LDLIM, LDLFLG, LVEM, LVXU, LVTH
4      , LVXI, LVYP, LDELTP, LTHETA, LDISPL, LBCOND, LCYCM, LCYCZ,
5      , LDEPTH, LCYCF, LA, LTPR, LDPR
6      , NBUCKT
000002      COMMON /PROPS / PRESS, DPRESS, EM, XU, TH, XI, YP
1      , AREA, TPRESS, RMAXS
C
C WRITE (6,10)
C 10 FORMAT (13H1LBUCKT ARRAY//)
C CALL PDUMP ( LNP, NBUCKT, 0 )
C CALL PDUMP ( NDIMEN, NCYCF, 2, NFLGS, FLIFE, 2, IFIX, VPRFLG, 2
1      , PRESS, RMAXS, 1 )
EERR0010
EERR0020
EERR0030
EERR0040
EERR0050
EERR0060
EERR0070
EERR0080
EERR0090
EERR0100
EERR0110
EERR0120
EERR0130
EERR0140
EERR0150
EERR0160
EERR0170
EERR0180
EERR0190
EERR0200
EERR0210
EERR0220
EERR0230
EERR0240
EERR0250
EERR0260
EERR0270
EERR0280
EERR0290
EERR0300
EERR0310
EERR0320
EERR0330
EERR0340
EERR0350
EERR0360
EERR0370

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70      EERRXX

000025      WRITE (6,11)
000031      11  FORMAT (//22HODYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY// )
000031      CALL PDUMP ( B(LNP),B(LBETA-1),2, B(LBETA),B(LA),1 )

000041      ERRFLG= 0.0
000042      CALL PRINT ( B(LXORD ),B(LYORD ),B(LDWP ),B(LWP ),B(LTST )
1      ,B(LPST ),B(LEST ),B(LSIG ),B(LDIS ),B(LF ),B(LDF )
2      ,B(LRESI ),B(LNP ),B(LMLAYR),B(LCYCM ),B(LCYCZ )
3      ,NUMNP ,NUMEL )

000127      IF ( SAVETP .EQ. 0.0 ) STOP

000132      END FILE IRSOUT
000134      REWIND IRSOUT
000136      STOP
000140      END

EERR0380
EERR0390
EERR0400
EERR0410
EERR0420
EERR0430
EERR0440
EERR0450
EERR0460
EERR0470
EERR0480
EERR0490
EERR0500
EERR0510
EERR0520
EERR0530

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

EERRXX

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000204

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS
10 - 000144 11 - 000153

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

-	000001	IDIMEN	-	000022	IFLAGS	-	000012	INDEX	-	000026
IDUNIT	-	000002	LBUCKT	-	000061	PROPS	-	000012		

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

B	-	000000C01	ERRFLG	-	000007C04	FLIFE	-	000011C03	IFIX	-	000000C04
IRSOUT	-	000001C05	LA	-	000055C06	LBETA	-	000006C06	LCYCM	-	000050C06
LCYCYZ	-	000051C06	LDF	-	000022C06	LDIS	-	000024C06	LDWP	-	000017C06
LEST	-	000031C06	LF	-	000025C06	LMLAYR	-	000052C06	LNP	-	000000C06
LPST	-	000030C06	LRESI	-	000026C06	LSIG	-	000033C06	LTST	-	000027C06
LWP	-	000020C06	LXDRD	-	000015C06	LYORD	-	000016C06	NBUCKT	-	000060C06
NCYCF	-	000021C02	NDIMEN	-	000000C02	NFLGS	-	000000C03	NUMEL	-	000001C02
NUMNP	-	000002C02	PRESS	-	000000C07	RMAXS	-	000011C07	SAVETP	-	000007C03
VPRFLG	-	000025C04									

START OF CONSTANTS
000142

START OF TEMPORARIES
000162

START OF INDIRECTS
000164

EXTERNAL REFERENCES	OUTPTC	PDUMP	PRINT	STOP	ENDFIL	REWINM	END
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COMPILER SPACE

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	EERRXX
UNUSED -	012600	USED - 035200

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

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      SUBROUTINE FMCALC (NP,ESIG,RORD,ZORD,DIS,NNUMEL )
      C
      C ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
      DIMENSION NP(NNUMEL,6),ESIG(NNUMEL,6,5)
      DIMENSION RORD(1),ZORD(1),DIS(1)
      COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
      1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGIN
      2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF
      COMMON /IPERM/ IPERM(3)
      COMMON /PROPS / PRESS ,DPRESS,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP
      1 ,AREA ,TPRESS,RMAXS
      COMMON /XYCOORD/ R1,R2,R3,Z1,Z2,Z3
      DIMENSION RR(3), ZZ(3)
      EQUIVALENCE (RR,R1) , (ZZ,Z1)
      DIMENSION BA(3,2), SIGTH(6)
      SUMFTH= 0.0
      SUMMR= 0.0
      SUMMZ= 0.0
      IF (NLOAD .GE. 0) GO TO 100
      DO 50 I=1,NUMNP
      50 RORD(I)= RORD(I) + DPRESS
      100 DO 200 NV=1,NUMEL
      DO 110 I=1,3
      K1=NP(NV,I)
      RR(I)= RORD(K1)
      IF (NLOAD .LT. 0) RR(I)= RR(I) - RORD(-NLOAD)
      ZZ(I)= ZORD(K1)
      J=IPERM(I)
      K2=NP(NV,J)
      FMCA0010
      FMCA0020
      FMCA0030
      FMCA0040
      FMCA0050
      FMCA0060
      FMCA0070
      FMCA0080
      FMCA0090
      FMCA0100
      FMCA0110
      FMCA0120
      FMCA0130
      FMCA0140
      FMCA0150
      FMCA0160
      FMCA0170
      FMCA0180
      FMCA0190
      FMCA0200
      FMCA0210
      FMCA0220
      FMCA0230
      FMCA0240
      FMCA0250
      FMCA0260
      FMCA0280
      FMCA0270
      FMCA0290
      FMCA0300
      FMCA0310
      FMCA0320
      FMCA0330
      FMCA0340
      FMCA0350
      FMCA0360
      FMCA0370

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          FMCALC

000060          M=IPERM(J)
000062          BA(M,2)=RORD(K2)-RORD(K1)
000067          BA(M,1)=ZORD(K1)-ZORD(K2)
000076          AREA= 0.5*( BA(3,2)*BA(2,1)-BA(2,2)*BA(3,1) )

000102          DC 120 I=1,6
000104          SIGTH(I)= ESIG(NV,I,3)

000123          SUMFTH= SUMFTH + AREA/3.0*( SIGTH(4) + SIGTH(5) + SIGTH(6) )

000131          SUMMR= SUMMR + AREA/60.0*( (2.0*Z1-Z2-Z3)*SIGTH(1)
1          + (2.0*Z2-Z1-Z3)*SIGTH(2) + (2.0*Z3-Z1-Z2)*SIGTH(3)
2          + 8.0*( (Z1+Z2+0.5*Z3)*SIGTH(4) + (0.5*Z1+Z2+Z3)*SIGTH(5)
3          + (Z1+0.5*Z2+Z3)*SIGTH(6) ) )

000171          SUMMZ= SUMMZ + AREA/60.0*( (2.0*R1-R2-R3)*SIGTH(1)
1          + (2.0*R2-R1-R3)*SIGTH(2) + (2.0*R3-R1-R2)*SIGTH(3)
2          + 8.0*( (R1+R2+0.5*R3)*SIGTH(4) + (0.5*R1+R2+R3)*SIGTH(5)
3          + (R1+0.5*R2+R3)*SIGTH(6) ) )

000232          200 CONTINUE

000235          WRITE (6,901) SUMFTH,SUMMR,SUMMZ
000246          901 FORMAT (///24H TOTAL FORCE (F THETA),E16.5/
1          20H TOTAL MOMENT (MR),E20.5,2CH TOTAL MOMENT (MZ),E20.5 )

000246          IF (NLOAD .GE. 0.0) GO TO 300

000253          R= RORD(-NLOAD)
000256          WRITE (6,902) R
000263          902 FORMAT (4H0 R= E16.5 )

000263          300 RETURN
000264          END

```

```

FMCA0380
FMCA0390
FMCA0400
FMCA0410
FMCA0420
FMCA0430
FMCA0440
FMCA0450
FMCA0460
FMCA0470
FMCA0480
FMCA0490
FMCA0500
FMCA0510
FMCA0520
FMCA0530
FMCA0540
FMCA0550
FMCA0560
FMCA0570
FMCA0580
FMCA0590
FMCA0600
FMCA0610
FMCA0620
FMCA0630
FMCA0640
FMCA0650
FMCA0660
FMCA0670
FMCA0680
FMCA0690
FMCA0700
FMCA0710

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

FMCALC

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000434

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS						
100	- 000024	120	-	000104	300	- 000263 901 - 000300
902	- 000316					

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

IDIMEN	- 000022	IPERM	-	000003	PROPS	-	000012	XYCOORDR	-	000006
--------	----------	-------	---	--------	-------	---	--------	----------	---	--------

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

AREA	- 00007C03	BA	-	000406	DPRESS	-	CC0001C03	I	-	000425
IPERM	- 000000C02	J	-	000430	K1	-	CC0427	K2	-	000431
M	- 000432	NLOAD	-	000005C01	NUMEL	-	CC0001C01	NUMNP	-	000002C01
NV	- 000426	R	-	000433	RR	-	CC0000C04	R1	-	000000C04
R2	- 000001C04	R3	-	000002C04	SIGTH	-	CC0414	SUMFTH	-	000422
SUMMR	- 000423	SUMMZ	-	000424	ZZ	-	CC0003C04	Z1	-	000003C04
Z2	- 000004C04	Z3	-	000005C04						

START OF CONSTANTS

000266

START OF TEMPORARIES

000321

START OF INDIRECTS

000366

EXTERNAL REFERENCES

OUTPTC END

COMPILER SPACE

UNUSED	-	012100	USED	-	035700
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```

SUBROUTINE GEOM (NP      ,XORD  ,YORD  ,DPR  ,LOADE ,LOADS ,THETA
1  ,ESIG ,NNUMEL )
C      CALCULATES INCREMENTAL ELEMENTAL FORCE VECTOR.
C      ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
000014 DIMENSION NP(NNUMEL,6),THETA(NNUMEL,3),ESIG(NNUMEL,6,5)
000014 DIMENSION XORD (1),YORD (1),DPR (1),LOADE (1),LOADS (1)
GEOM0010
GEOM0020
GEOM0030
GEOM0040
GEOM0050
GEOM0060
GEOM0070
GEOM0080
GEOM0090
GEOM0100
GEOM0110
GEOM0120
GEOM0130
GEOM0140
GEOM0150
GEOM0160
GEOM0170
GEOM0180
GEOM0190
GEOM0200
GEOM0210
GEOM0220
GEOM0230
GEOM0240
GEOM0250
GEOM0260
GEOM0270
GEOM0280
GEOM0290
GEOM0300
GEOM0310
GEOM0320
GEOM0330
GEOM0340
GEOM0350
GEOM0360
GEOM0370

COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1  ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NPLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGING
2  ,NXINT ,NCYCF
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR1,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1  ,SAVETP,BLANAL,FLIFE
COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1  ,ERRFLG,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEP0,NPRIN
2  ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG
COMMON /PROPS / PRESS ,DPRESS,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP
1  ,AREA ,TPRESS,RMAXS
COMMON /ST / ST(12,12) ,CF(12)
COMMON /TEMP / TEMP(12,12)
COMMON /UV / UV(3,6,2)
COMMON /XYCOORD / X1,X2,X3,Y1,Y2,Y3

DIMENSION HG(3,3,6),AX(3),AY(3),AT(3),R(3,6)
DIMENSION ISIDE(3), DELPR(3)

REAL JXX(3,3),JYY(3,3),JXY(3,3),JTT(3,3)

EQUIVALENCE (R1,X1) , (R2,X2) , (R3,X3)

C      ***** VALUES OF HG FOR RECTANGULAR COORDINATES ARE SET BY THE
C      FOLLOWING DATA STATEMENTS *****
000014 DATA HG/ 6.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,-2.0,-1.0, 0.0,-1.0,-2.0,
1 -2.0, 0.0,-1.0, 0.0, 6.0, 0.0,-1.0, 0.0,-2.0,
2 -2.0,-1.0, 0.0,-1.0,-2.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 6.0,
3 12.0, 8.0, 4.0, 8.0,12.0, 4.0, 4.0, 4.0, 4.0,

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

GEOM

4 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 12.0 8.0 4.0 8.0 12.0
5 12.0 4.0 8.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 8.0 4.0 12.0 /

GEOM0380
GEOM0390
GEOM0400
GEOM0410
GEOM0420
GEOM0430
GEOM0440
GEOM0450
GEOM0460
GEOM0470
GEOM0480
GEOM0490
GEOM0500
GEOM0510
GEOM0520
GEOM0530
GEOM0540
GEOM0550
GEOM0560
GEOM0570
GEOM0580
GEOM0590
GEOM0600
GEOM0610
GEOM0620
GEOM0630
GEOM0640
GEOM0650
GEOM0660
GEOM0670
GEOM0680
GEOM0690
GEOM0700
GEOM0710
GEOM0720
GEOM0730
GEOM0740
GEOM0750

```
000014      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 300

C          **** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES ****
000015      HG(1,1)=(36.*R1+3.*R2+3.*R3)/7.
000023      HG(1,2,1)=(3.*R1-2.*R2-R3)/7.
000031      HG(1,3,1)=(3.*R1-R2-2.*R3)/7.
000037      HG(2,2,1)=(-2.*R1-9.*R2-3.*R3)/7.
000046      HG(2,3,1)=(-R1-3.*R2-3.*R3)/7.
000053      HG(3,3,1)=(-2.*R1-3.*R2-9.*R3)/7.
000062      HG(1,1,2)=(-9.*R1-2.*R2-3.*R3)/7.
000071      HG(1,2,2)=(-2.*R1+3.*R2-R3)/7.
000077      HG(1,3,2)=(-3.*R1-R2-3.*R3)/7.
000105      HG(2,2,2)=(3.*R1+36.*R2+3.*R3)/7.
000113      HG(2,3,2)=(-R1+3.*R2-2.*R3)/7.
000121      HG(3,3,2)=(-3.*R1-2.*R2-9.*R3)/7.
000130      HG(1,1,3)=(-9.*R1-3.*R2-2.*R3)/7.
000137      HG(1,2,3)=(-3.*R1-3.*R2-R3)/7.
000145      HG(1,3,3)=(-2.*R1-R2+3.*R3)/7.
000153      HG(2,2,3)=(-3.*R1-9.*R2-2.*R3)/7.
000162      HG(2,3,3)=(-R1-2.*R2+3.*R3)/7.
000170      HG(3,3,3)=(3.*R1+3.*R2+36.*R3)/7.
000176      HG(1,1,4)=(48.*R1+24.*R2+12.*R3)/7.
000205      HG(1,2,4)=(24.*R1+24.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000213      HG(1,3,4)=(12.*R1+8.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000221      HG(2,2,4)=(24.*R1+48.*R2+12.*R3)/7.
000230      HG(2,3,4)=(8.*R1+12.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000236      HG(3,3,4)=(8.*R1+8.*R2+12.*R3)/7.
000244      HG(1,1,5)=(12.*R1+8.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000252      HG(1,2,5)=(8.*R1+12.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000260      HG(1,3,5)=(8.*R1+8.*R2+12.*R3)/7.
000266      HG(2,2,5)=(12.*R1+48.*R2+24.*R3)/7.
000275      HG(2,3,5)=(8.*R1+24.*R2+24.*R3)/7.
000303      HG(3,3,5)=(12.*R1+24.*R2+48.*R3)/7.
```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          GEOM
000312      HG(1,1,6)=(48.*R1+12.*R2+24.*R3)/7.
000321      HG(1,2,6)=(12.*R1+8.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000327      HG(1,3,6)=(24.*R1+8.*R2+24.*R3)/7.
000335      HG(2,2,6)=(8.*R1+12.*R2+8.*R3)/7.
000343      HG(2,3,6)=(8.*R1+8.*R2+12.*R3)/7.
000351      HG(3,3,6)=(24.*R1+12.*R2+48.*R3)/7.

000360      DO 340 K=1,6
000361      DO 340 N=2,3
000362      NM1= N - 1
000364      DO 340 M=1,NM1
000366      340  HG(N,M,K)=HG(M,N,K)

C      ***** CALCULATE GEOMETRIC STIFFNESS MATRIX *****

000410      DO 350 I=1,3
000412      DO 350 J=1,3
000413      SJXX= 0.0
000414      SJYY= 0.0
000415      SJXY= 0.0
000416      SJTI= 0.0
000417      DO 345 K=1,6
000420      HGIJK= HG(I,J,K)
000426      SJXX= SJXX + HGIJK*ESIG(NV,K,1)
000442      SJYY= SJYY + HGIJK*ESIG(NV,K,2)
000454      SJXY= SJXY + HGIJK*ESIG(NV,K,J34)
000466      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) SJTI= SJTI + HGIJK*ESIG(NV,K,3)
000501      345  CONTINUE

000503      JXX(I,J)= SJXX
000507      JYY(I,J)= SJYY
000513      JXY(I,J)= SJXY
000517      JTI(I,J)= SJTI
000523      350  CONTINUE

000527      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 355

C      ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****

```

```

GEOM0760
GEOM0770
GEOM0780
GEOM0790
GEOM0800
GEOM0810
GEOM0820
GEOM0830
GEOM0840
GEOM0850
GEOM0860
GEOM0870
GEOM0880
GEOM0890
GEOM0900
GEOM0910
GEOM0920
GEOM0930
GEOM0940
GEOM0950
GEOM0960
GEOM0970
GEOM0980
GEOM0990
GEOM1000
GEOM1010
GEOM1020
GEOM1030
GEOM1040
GEOM1050
GEOM1060
GEOM1070
GEOM1080
GEOM1090
GEOM1100
GEOM1110
GEOM1120
GEOM1130

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```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          GEOM
000530      DO 353 I=1,18
000532      353 R(I,1)= 0.0
000537      R(1,1)=2.*AREA/R1
000541      R(2,2)=2.*AREA/R2
000544      R(3,3)=2.*AREA/R3

000546      355 DO 400 J=1,6

000550      DO 360 I=1,3
000551      AX(I)=0.
000553      AY(I)=0.
000555      AT(I)=0.
000557      DO 360 K=1,3
000561      AX(I)=AX(I)+JXX(I,K)*UV(K,J,1)+JXY(I,K)*UV(K,J,2)
000601      AY(I)=AY(I)+JXY(I,K)*UV(K,J,1)+JYY(I,K)*UV(K,J,2)
000620      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 360

C      ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000621      AT(I)=AT(I)+JTT(I,K)*R(K,J)
000632      360 CONTINUE

000636      DO 400 I=1,6
000640      X=0.
000641      DO 380 K=1,3
000643      380 X=X+UV(K,I,1)*AX(K)+UV(K,I,2)*AY(K)

000665      Y= X

000667      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 390

C      ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000670      DO 385 K=1,3
000671      385 X= X + R(K,I)*AT(K)

000702      390 X=X*TH/(720.*AREA)
000706      Y=Y*TH/(720.*AREA)
000711      ST(2*I-1,2*J-1)=ST(2*I-1,2*J-1)+Y
000720      400 ST(2*I,2*J)=ST(2*I,2*J)+X

```

GEOM1140
 GEOM1150
 GEOM1160
 GEOM1170
 GEOM1180
 GEOM1190
 GEOM1200
 GEOM1210
 GEOM1220
 GEOM1230
 GEOM1240
 GEOM1250
 GEOM1260
 GEOM1270
 GEOM1280
 GEOM1290
 GEOM1300
 GEOM1310
 GEOM1320
 GEOM1330
 GEOM1340
 GEOM1350
 GEOM1360
 GEOM1370
 GEOM1380
 GEOM1390
 GEOM1400
 GEOM1410
 GEOM1420
 GEOM1430
 GEOM1440
 GEOM1450
 GEOM1460
 GEOM1470
 GEOM1480
 GEOM1490
 GEOM1500
 GEOM1510

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

GEOM

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000731      C      **** IF IFIX = 1, THEN CF IS NOT CALCULATED SINCE THE LOAD VECTOR
      C      CONSISTS OF THE RESIDUAL NODAL FORCES *****
      IF (IFIX-1) 401,13,401
      C      **** IFIX .NE. 1. APPLY INCREMENT OF LOAD TO STRUCTURE *****
      401 IF (NLOAD) 30,5,50
      50 JLOAD=0
      DO 3 I=1,NLOAD
      IF (LOAD(I)-NV) 3,4,3
      4 JLOAD=JLOAD+1
      ISIDE(JLOAD)=LOADS(I)
      IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) DELPR(JLOAD)= DPR(I)
      3 CONTINUE
      IF (JLOAD .EQ. 0) GO TO 5
      P1=0.
      P2=0.
      P3=0.
      6 DO 7 I=1,JLOAD
      IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) DPRESS= DELPR(I)
      IF (ISIDE(I) .EQ. 1) GO TO 8
      IF (ISIDE(I) .EQ. -1) GO TO 15
      IF (ISIDE(I) .EQ. 2) GO TO 9
      IF (ISIDE(I) .EQ. -2) GO TO 16
      IF (ISIDE(I) .EQ. 3) GO TO 10
      IF (ISIDE(I) .EQ. -3) GO TO 17
      8 P1= DPRESS
      GO TO 7
      15 P1= -DPRESS
      GO TO 7
      9 P2= DPRESS
      GO TO 7
      16 P2= -DPRESS
      GO TO 7
      GEOM1520
      GEOM1530
      GEOM1540
      GEOM1550
      GEOM1560
      GEOM1570
      GEOM1580
      GEOM1590
      GEOM1600
      GEOM1610
      GEOM1620
      GEOM1630
      GEOM1640
      GEOM1650
      GEOM1660
      GEOM1670
      GEOM1680
      GEOM1690
      GEOM1700
      GEOM1710
      GEOM1720
      GEOM1730
      GEOM1740
      GEOM1750
      GEOM1760
      GEOM1770
      GEOM1780
      GEOM1790
      GEOM1800
      GEOM1810
      GEOM1820
      GEOM1830
      GEOM1840
      GEOM1850
      GEOM1860
      GEOM1870
      GEOM1880
      GEOM1890

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 GEOM
001024 10 P3= DPRESS
001026 GC TO 7
001026 17 P3= -DPRESS
001030 7 CONTINUE

001033 CF(1)=TH*(P2*(Y3-Y1)+P3*(Y1-Y2))/6.
001043 CF(2)=TH*(P2*(X1-X3)+P3*(X2-X1))/6.
001053 CF(3)=TH*(P1*(Y2-Y3)+P3*(Y1-Y2))/6.
001063 CF(4)=TH*(P1*(X3-X2)+P3*(X2-X1))/6.
001073 CF(5)=TH*(P1*(Y2-Y3)+P2*(Y3-Y1))/6.
001103 CF(6)=TH*(P1*(X3-X2)+P2*(X1-X3))/6.
001113 CF(7)=2.*TH*P3*(Y1-Y2)/3.
001120 CF(8)=2.*TH*P3*(X2-X1)/3.
001125 CF(9)=2.*TH*P1*(Y2-Y3)/3.
001132 CF(10)=2.*TH*P1*(X3-X2)/3.
001137 CF(11)=2.*TH*P2*(Y3-Y1)/3.
001144 CF(12)=2.*TH*P2*(X1-X3)/3.

001151 IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 13

C ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
001152 CF(1)= CF(1)*X1
001154 CF(2)= CF(2)*X1
001155 CF(3)= CF(3)*X2
001157 CF(4)= CF(4)*X2
001160 CF(5)= CF(5)*X3
001162 CF(6)= CF(6)*X3
001163 CON1= 0.5*(X1+X2)
001166 CON2= 0.5*(X1+X3)
001171 CON3= 0.5*(X2+X3)
001174 CF(7)= CF(7)*CON1
001176 CF(8)= CF(8)*CON1
001177 CF(9)= CF(9)*CON2
001201 CF(10)= CF(10)*CON2
001202 CF(11)= CF(11)*CON3
001204 CF(12)= CF(12)*CON3
001205 GO TO 13

GEOM1900
GEOM1910
GEOM1920
GEOM1930
GEOM1940
GEOM1950
GEOM1960
GEOM1970
GEOM1980
GEOM1990
GEOM2000
GEOM2010
GEOM2020
GEOM2030
GEOM2040
GEOM2050
GEOM2060
GEOM2070
GEOM2080
GEOM2090
GEOM2100
GEOM2110
GEOM2120
GEOM2130
GEOM2140
GEOM2150
GEOM2160
GEOM2170
GEOM2180
GEOM2190
GEOM2200
GEOM2210
GEOM2220
GEOM2230
GEOM2240
GEOM2250
GEOM2260
GEOM2270

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```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          GEOM
001206      5      DC 14 I=1,12
001210     14      CF(I)=0.
001214      GO TO 13
001215     30      J= -NLOAD
001217      DIV= XORD(J)/DPRESS + 1.0
001223      THETA(NV,1)= ( XORD(J)/R1 - 1.0 ) / DIV
001235      THETA1= THETA(NV,1)
001243      THETA(NV,2)= ( XORD(J)/R2 - 1.0 ) / DIV
001256      THETA2= THETA(NV,2)
001264      THETA(NV,3)= ( XORD(J)/R3 - 1.0 ) / DIV
001277      THETA3= THETA(NV,3)
001305
001307     31      DO 31 I=1,12
              CF(I)=-TH*( TEMP(7,I)*THETA1 + TEMP(8,I)*THETA2 + TEMP(9,I)*THETA3
              1      )/24.0
001341
001343     DO 33 I=1,6
001344     DO 33 J=1,3
001345     TTEMP= 0.0
001347     DO 32 K=1,3
001362     TTEMP= TTEMP + R(K,I)*JTT(K,J)
001373     TEMP(I,J)= TTEMP
001374     DO 34 I=1,6
              CF(2*I-1)= CF(2*I-1) - TH*( TEMP(I,1)*THETA1 + TEMP(I,2)*THETA2
              1      + TEMP(I,3)*THETA3 )/360.0
001422     13      RETURN
001423     END
GEOM2280
GEOM2290
GEOM2300
GEOM2310
GEOM2320
GEOM2330
GEOM2340
GEOM2350
GEOM2360
GEOM2370
GEOM2380
GEOM2390
GEOM2400
GEOM2410
GEOM2420
GEOM2430
GEOM2440
GEOM2450
GEOM2460
GEOM2470
GEOM2480
GEOM2490
GEOM2500
GEOM2510
GEOM2520
GEOM2530
GEOM2540
GEOM2550
GEOM2560
GEOM2570

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70

GEOM

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
002104

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS				
3	- 000755 4	-	000743	5	001206
7	- 001030 8	-	001014	9	001020
13	- 001422 15	-	001016	16	001022
30	- 001215 31	-	001307	32	001347
50	- 000735 300	-	000410	340	000366
353	- 000532 355	-	000546	360	000632
385	- 000671 390	-	000702	401	000733

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

IDIMEN	- 000022	IFLAGS	-	000012	INDEX	-	000026	PRDPS	-	000012
ST	- 000234	TEMP	-	000220	UV	-	000044	XYCCOR	-	000006

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

AREA	- 000007C04	AT	-	001754	AX	-	001746	AY	-	001751
CF	- 000220C05	CON1	-	002074	CON2	-	002075	CON3	-	002076
DELPR	- 002004	DIV	-	002077	DPRESS	-	00001C04	ESIG	-	000001
HG	- 001660	HGIJK	-	002065	I	-	002057	IFIX	-	000000C03
ISIDE	- 002001	J	-	002060	JLOAD	-	002070	JTT	-	002042
JXX	- 002007	JXY	-	002031	JYY	-	002020	J34	-	000010C03
K	- 002053	M	-	002056	N	-	002054	NLOAD	-	000005C01
NM1	- 002055	NNUMEL	-	000002	NV	-	00001C03	P1	-	002071
P2	- 002072	P3	-	002073	R	-	001757	RECCYL	-	000002C02
R1	- 000000C10	R2	-	00001C10	R3	-	000002C10	SJTT	-	002064
SJXX	- 002061	SJXY	-	002063	SJYY	-	002062	ST	-	000000C05
TEMP	- 000000C06	TH	-	000004C04	THETA	-	000000	THETA1	-	002100
THETA2	- 002101	THETA3	-	002102	TTEMP	-	002103	UV	-	000000C07
VPRFLG	- 000025C03	X	-	002066	X1	-	000000C10	X2	-	000001C10
X3	- 000002C10	Y	-	002067	Y1	-	000003C10	Y2	-	000004C10
Y3	- 000005C10		-			-			-	

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	GEOM
START OF CONSTANTS		
001425		
START OF TEMPORARIES		
001531		
START OF INDIRECTS		
001643		
EXTERNAL REFERENCES		
END		
COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED - 006200	USED	- 041600

SUBROUTINE GINPUT

000002	COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6	GINP0010
	1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTX ,NCYCF2	GINP0020
000002	COMMON /CMESH / BLTHNS ,XINTN ,XYRAT ,DPRAT	GINP0030
000002	COMMON /FFLAGS/ NONTRY ,BLANK	GINP0040
000002	EQUIVALENCE (FNONTR,NONTRY)	GINP0050
000002	COMMON /HEADER/ HEADER(10)	GINP0060
000002	COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN ,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID	GINP0070
000002	1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGING	GINP0080
	2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF	GINP0090
000002	DIMENSION IDIMEN(13)	GINP0100
000002	EQUIVALENCE (IDIMEN,NDIMEN)	GINP0110
000002	COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR ,RECCYL ,CONVER ,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI	GINP0120
	1 ,SAVEPT ,BLANAL ,FLIFE	GINP0130
000002	DIMENSION IFLAG(8)	GINP0140
000002	EQUIVALENCE (IFLAGS,NFLGS)	GINP0150
000002	COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT	GINP0160
	1 ,ERRFLG ,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEPO ,NPRIN	GINP0170
	2 ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG	GINP0180
000002	COMMON /IOUNIT/ IRSIN ,IRSOUT	GINP0190
000002	COMMON /MESHIN/ NMESH ,XSTART ,YSTART ,XLNGTH ,RPFOLD ,RSFOLD ,RPTRAT	GINP0200
	1 ,RSTRAT ,RFINAL	GINP0210
000002	DIMENSION MESHIN(8)	GINP0220
000002	EQUIVALENCE (MESHIN,NMESH)	GINP0230
000002	COMMON /PROPS / PRESS ,DPRESS ,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP	GINP0240
	1 ,AREA ,TPRESS ,RMAXS	GINP0250
000002	COMMON /RSDATA/ RSDATA(36)	GINP0260
000002	DIMENSION IRSDAT(36)	GINP0270
000002	EQUIVALENCE (IRS DAT ,RSDATA)	GINP0280
		GINP0290
		GINP0300
		GINP0310
		GINP0320
000002	NAMLIST /AS189/ CONVER ,HEADER ,IPRIN ,IRESI ,ITER ,MAXBW ,MAXST	GINP0330
	1 ,NDP ,NID ,NLOAD ,NMAT ,NNDLIM ,NUMBC ,NUMCP ,NUMEL ,NUMNP	GINP0340
	2 ,PRESS ,RECCYL ,RESTR ,SAVEPT ,MAXBKT ,BLANAL ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGING	GINP0350
	3 ,NXINT ,XSTART ,YSTART ,XLNGTH ,RPFOLD ,RSFOLD ,RPTRAT ,RSTRAT ,RFINAL	GINP0360
	4 ,NCYCF ,FLIFE ,IRSIN ,IRSOUT	GINP0370

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 GINPUT

000002 WRITE (6,917)
000006 917 FORMAT ( 1H1,28X,42HLARGE STRAIN, ELASTOPLASTIC FINITE ELEMENT
1 , 9H ANALYSIS//44X,22HPROGRAM AS189 (BLADER)/// )

000006 ERRFLG= 1.0
000010 LRECI= 36
000011 IDUMP= 1
000012 INDMP= 5
000013 ILSS= 1
000014 JSTEP= 1

C ***** INITIALIZE SPECIFIED INPUT QUANTITIES TO INDICATE NO VALUE
C INPUT *****
000015 DO 110 I=2,NDIMEN
000016 IDIMEN(I)= NONTRY
000021 110 CONTINUE
000023 DO 120 I= 3,NFLGS
000025 IFLAGS(I)= NONTRY
000030 120 CONTINUE
000032 DO 130 I=2,NMESH
000034 MESHIN(I)= NONTRY
000037 130 CONTINUE
000041 DO 140 I=1,10
000043 HEADER(I)= BLANK
000046 140 CONTINUE

000050 RESTRT= 0.0
000051 PRESS= FNONTR

C ***** READ PROBLEM DIMENSIONS AND OTHER GENERAL INPUT DATA *****
000052 READ (5,AS189)

000055 IF (RESTRT .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 300

C ***** THIS RUN IS A RESTART FROM A PREVIOUSLY EXECUTED RUN *****
GINP0380
GINP0390
GINP0400
GINP0410
GINP0420
GINP0430
GINP0440
GINP0450
GINP0460
GINP0470
GINP0480
GINP0490
GINP0500
GINP0510
GINP0520
GINP0530
GINP0540
GINP0550
GINP0560
GINP0570
GINP0580
GINP0590
GINP0600
GINP0610
GINP0620
GINP0630
GINP0640
GINP0650
GINP0660
GINP0670
GINP0680
GINP0690
GINP0700
GINP0710
GINP0720
GINP0730
GINP0740
GINP0750

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          GINPUT
000056      WRITE (6,901)  RESTR
000064      901  FORMAT (32H0THIS RUN IS A RESTART FROM DUMP F5.0 )
000064      REWIND IRSIN
C          **** READ GENERAL INPUT QUANTITIES FROM RESTART TAPE INTO
C          RSDATA ARRAY ****
000066      READ (IRSIN) ( RSDATA(I),I=1,LREC1 )
000100      DO 220 I=2,NDIMEN
000102      IF ( IDIMEN(I) .NE. NONTRY ) GO TO 210
C          **** NO VALUE WAS SPECIFIED FOR IDIMEN(I). USE VALUE FROM
C          RESTART TAPE ****
000105      IDIMEN(I)= IRSDAT(I-1)
000110      GO TO 220
000110      210 IF ( IDIMEN(I) .GE. IRSDAT(I-1) ) GO TO 220
C          **** ERROR. DIMENSIONS MAY NOT BE REDUCED ON A RESTART ****
000114      WRITE (6,902)  I, IDIMEN(I),IRSDAT(I-1)
000130      902  FORMAT (16H0ERROR...IDIMEN( I4,2H)= I6,24H IS LESS THAN OLD VALUE=
1 I6 )
000130      ERRFLG= 0.0
000131      220  CONTINUE
C          **** PICK UP OLD VALUES OF RECCYL, CONVER, IPRIN, ITER, IRESI,
C          AND SAVETP FROM RESTART TAPE IF NEW VALUES ARE NOT ENTERED.
II= NDIMEN
000134      DO 240 I=3,NFLGS
000135      IF ( IFLAGS(I) .NE. NONTRY ) GO TO 240
000137      IFLAGS(I)= IRSDAT(II)
II= II + 1
000142      240
000145
GINP0760
GINP0770
GINP0780
GINP0790
GINP0800
GINP0810
GINP0820
GINP0830
GINP0840
GINP0850
GINP0860
GINP0870
GINP0880
GINP0890
GINP0900
GINP0910
GINP0920
GINP0930
GINP0940
GINP0950
GINP0960
GINP0970
GINP0980
GINP0990
GINP1000
GINP1010
GINP1020
GINP1030
GINP1040
GINP1050
GINP1060
GINP1070
GINP1080
GINP1090
GINP1100
GINP1110
GINP1120
GINP1130

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          GINPUT

000151      IF ( PRESS .EQ. FNONTR ) PRESS= RSDATA(II)
000156      II= II + 1

000160      DC 250 I=1,10
000161      IF ( HEADER(I) .NE. BLANK ) GO TO 400
000164      250 CONTINUE

C          ***** NO HEADER WAS INPUT. USE HEADER FROM RESTART TAPE. *****
000166      DC 260 I=1,10
000167      HEADER(I)= RSDATA(II)
000173      260 II= II + 1
000176      GC TO 400

C          ***** THIS RUN IS NOT A RESTART. IF SPECIFIED QUANTITIES WERE NOT
C          ENTERED IN NAMELIST INPUT USE NOMINAL VALUES *****
000177      300      IF ( NMAT .EQ. NONTRY ) NMAT = 1
000202      IF ( MAXBW .EQ. NONTRY ) MAXBW = 5C
000205      IF ( MAXST .EQ. NONTRY ) MAXST = 25
000210      IF ( MAXBKT .EQ. NONTRY ) MAXBKT= 25000
000213      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. FNONTR ) RECCYL= 0.0
000216      IF ( IPRIN .EQ. NONTRY ) IPRIN = 1
000221      IF ( IRESI .EQ. NONTRY ) IRESI = 0
000224      IF ( SAVETP .EQ. FNONTR ) SAVETP= 0.0
000227      IF ( BLANAL .EQ. FNONTR ) BLANAL= 0.0
000232      IF ( FLIFE .EQ. FNONTR ) FLIFE= 0.0
000235      FLIFE= FLIFE*BLANAL

000237      IF ( BLANAL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 350

C          ***** BLADDER ANALYSIS OPTION *****
000240      IF ( NLAYER .LE. 0 ) GO TO 400

GINP1140
GINP1150
GINP1160
GINP1170
GINP1180
GINP1190
GINP1200
GINP1210
GINP1220
GINP1230
GINP1240
GINP1250
GINP1260
GINP1270
GINP1280
GINP1290
GINP1300
GINP1310
GINP1320
GINP1330
GINP1340
GINP1350
GINP1360
GINP1370
GINP1380
GINP1390
GINP1400
GINP1410
GINP1420
GINP1430
GINP1440
GINP1450
GINP1460
GINP1470
GINP1480
GINP1490
GINP1500
GINP1510

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          GINPUT
000241      NPTSY= 2*NLAYR + 1
000243      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 330

C          ***** SINGLE FOLD OPTION *****
000244      IF ( LWRAT .EQ. NONTRY ) LWRAT= 2
000247      IF ( NXINT .EQ. NONTRY ) NXINT= LWRAT*NLAYR
000254      NUMBC= NPTSY
000256      NLOAD= 0
000257      NID= 2*NPTSY
000260      XYRAT= LWRAT
000262      IF ( XSTART .EQ. FNONTR ) XSTART= 0.0
000265      IF ( YSTART .EQ. FNONTR ) YSTART= 0.0
000270      IF ( RPTRAT .EQ. FNONTR ) RPTRAT= 100.0
000274      GO TO 340

C          ***** DOUBLE FOLD OPTION *****
000275      IF ( NANGIN .EQ. NONTRY ) NANGIN= 18
000300      NXINT= NANGIN
000302      NUMBC= 2*NPTSY
000303      NID= 0
000304      NLOAD= -NANGIN*NPTSY - 1
000307      IF ( CONVER .EQ. FNONTR ) CONVER= 0.1
000313      IF ( ITER .EQ. NONTRY ) ITER= 1
000316      IF ( RPTRAT .EQ. FNONTR ) RPTRAT= 10.0
000322      IF ( RSTRAT .EQ. FNONTR ) RSTRAT= 100.0

000326      NPTSX= 2*NXINT + 1
000330      NUMNP= NPTSY*NPTSX
000333      NUMCP= (NLAYER+1)*(NXINT+1)
000337      NUMEL= 2*NLAYR*NXINT
000342      NDP= 0
000343      XINTN= NXINT
000344      NCYCF2= 2*NCYCF

000346      IF ( CONVER .EQ. FNONTR ) CONVER= 1.E-4
000352      IF ( ITER .EQ. NONTRY ) ITER = 10

```

GINP1520
GINP1530
GINP1540
GINP1550
GINP1560
GINP1570
GINP1580
GINP1590
GINP1600
GINP1610
GINP1620
GINP1630
GINP1640
GINP1650
GINP1660
GINP1670
GINP1680
GINP1690
GINP1700
GINP1710
GINP1720
GINP1730
GINP1740
GINP1750
GINP1760
GINP1770
GINP1780
GINP1790
GINP1800
GINP1810
GINP1820
GINP1830
GINP1840
GINP1850
GINP1860
GINP1870
GINP1880
GINP1890

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          GINPUT
000355      DO 360 I=2,NDIMEN
000357      IF ( IDIMEN(I) .EQ. NONTRY ) IDIMEN(I)= 0
000364      360 CONTINUE
000367      LSTEP0= 1
000370      NEQBC= 0
000371      TPRESS= 0.0
000372      RMAXS=MAXST
000373
000373      400 WRITE (6,907) HEADER
000401      907 FORMAT (1H1,5X,10A6)
000401      NPRIN=IPRIN
000403      VPRFLG= 0.0
000404      IF ( (NLOAD .GT. 0) .AND. (PRESS .EQ. FNONTR) .AND. (NDP .EQ. 0)
1 VPRFLG= 1.0
000421      C ***** CHECK PROBLEM DIMENSIONS SPECIFICATION FOR OBVIOUS ERRORS.
000422      CALL DIMCHK
000425      IF ( ERRFLG .EQ. 0.0 ) STOP
000426      IF ( SAVETP .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 900
000427      C ***** WRITE FIRST RECORD OF NEW RESTART TAPE *****
000428      REWIND IRSOUT
000430      WRITE (IRSOUT) ( IDIMEN(I),I=2,NDIMEN ), ( IFLAGS(I),I=3,NFLGS )
1 ,PRESS,HEADER
000453      900 RETURN
000454      END
GINP1900
GINP1910
GINP1920
GINP1930
GINP1940
GINP1950
GINP1960
GINP1970
GINP1980
GINP1990
GINP2000
GINP2010
GINP2020
GINP2030
GINP2040
GINP2050
GINP2060
GINP2070
GINP2080
GINP2090
GINP2100
GINP2110
GINP2120
GINP2130
GINP2140
GINP2150
GINP2160
GINP2170
GINP2180
GINP2190
GINP2200
GINP2210

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70

GINPUT

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000730

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS					
210	- 000110	220	- 000131	240	- 000145	300 - 000177
330	- 000275	340	- 000326	350	- 000346	- 000364
400	- 000373	900	- 000453	901	- 000663	- 000671
907	- 000707	917	- 000644			

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	- 000013	CMESH	- 000004	FFLAGS	- 000002	HEADER	- 000012
IDIMEN	- 000022	IFLAGS	- 000012	INDEX	- 000026	IOUNIT	- 000002
MESHIN	- 000011	PROPS	- 000012	RSDATA	- 000044		

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

BLANAL	- 000010C06	BLANK	- 000001C03	CONVER	- 000003C06	ERRFLG	- 000007C07
FLIFE	- 000011C06	FNONTR	- 000000C03	HEADER	- 000000C04	I	- 000726
IDIMEN	- 000000C05	IDUMP	- 000023C07	IFLAGS	- 000000C06	II	- 000727
ILSS	- 000024C07	INDMP	- 000021C07	IPRIN	- 000004C06	IRESI	- 000006C06
IRSDAT	- 000000C13	IRSN	- 000000C10	IRSDUT	- 000001C10	ITER	- 000005C06
JSTEP	- 000003C07	LREC1	- 000001C01	LSTEP0	- 000016C07	LWRAT	- 000016C05
MAXBKT	- 000014C05	MAXBW	- 000011C05	MAXST	- 000012C05	MESHIN	- 000000C11
NANGIN	- 000017C05	NCYCF	- 000021C05	NCYCF2	- 000012C01	NDIMEN	- 000000C05
NDP	- 000010C05	NEQBC	- 000003C01	NFLGS	- 000000C06	NID	- 000006C05
NLAYER	- 000015C05	NLOAD	- 000005C05	NMAT	- 000007C05	NMESH	- 000000C11
NNDLIM	- 000013C05	NONTRY	- 000000C03	NPRIN	- 000017C07	NPTSX	- 000011C01
NPTSY	- 000010C01	NUMBC	- 000004C05	NUMCP	- 000003C05	NUMEL	- 000001C05
NUMNP	- 000002C05	NXINT	- 000020C05	PRESS	- 000000C12	RECCYL	- 000002C06
RESTR	- 000001C06	RFINAL	- 000010C11	RMAXS	- 000011C12	RPFLD	- 000004C11
RPTRAT	- 000006C11	RSDATA	- 000000C13	RSFOLD	- 000005C11	RSTRAT	- 000007C11
SAVETP	- 000007C06	TPRESS	- 000010C12	VPRFLG	- 000025C07	XINTN	- 000001C02
XLNGTH	- 000003C11	XSTART	- 000001C11	XYRAT	- 000002C02	YSTART	- 000002C11

START OF CONSTANTS

RUN: 2.3I 05/28/70

		SUBROUTINE	MSHGEN (NP	XORD	YORD	DEPTH	CYCM	CYCZ	VTH	MSHG0010		
		1	MLAYER, MATEL	ND	NEBC	CYCTOF	IERROR			MSHG0020		
										MSHG0030		
C		****	THE ARRAY NP IS STORED AS A 6*NUMEL ARRAY AS IN SETUP	****						MSHG0040		
C		****	THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.							MSHG0050		
	0000020		DIMENSION NP(6,1), CYCTOF(40,1)							MSHG0060		
		1	XORD (1), YORD (1), DEPTH (1), CYCM (1), CYCZ (1), VTH (1)							MSHG0070		
		2	MLAYER(1), MATEL (1), ND (1), NEBC (1)							MSHG0080		
										MSHG0090		
	0000020	COMMON	/CDIMEN/ NCDIM	LRECL	NEQ	NEQBC	IBAND	LENA	NEL6	MSHG0100		
		1	NEL64	NPTSY	NPTSX	NCYCF2				MSHG0110		
	0000020	COMMON	/CMESH/ BLTHNS	XINTN	XYRAT	DPRAT				MSHG0120		
	0000020	COMMON	/FFLAGS/ NONTRY	BLANK						MSHG0130		
	0000020	EQUIVALENCE	(FNONTR, NONTRY)							MSHG0140		
	0000020	COMMON	/IDIMEN/ NDIMEN	NUMEL	NUMNP	NUMCP	NUMBC	NLOAD	NID	MSHG0150		
		1	NMAT	NDP	MAXBW	MAXST	NNDLIM	MAXBKT	NLAYER	LWRAT	MSHG0160	
		2	NXINT	NCYCF							MSHG0170	
	0000020	COMMON	/IFLAGS/ NFLGS	RESTR	RECCYL	CONVER	IPRIN	ITER	IRESI	MSHG0180		
		1	SAVETP	BLANAL	FLIFE					MSHG0190		
	0000020	COMMON	/MESHIN/ NMESH	XSTART	YSTART	XLNGTH	RPFOLD	RSFOLD	RPTRAT	MSHG0200		
		1	RSTRAT	RFINAL						MSHG0210		
	0000020	COMMON	/PROPS/ PRESS	DPRESS	EM	XU	TH	XI	YP	MSHG0220		
		1	AREA	TPRESS	RMAXS					MSHG0230		
										MSHG0240		
	0000020	FORMAT	(19H	NODAL	COORDINATES/7HC	POINT	9X	5HX-ORD	10X	5HY-ORD//	MSHG0250	
		1	(17	2F15.5)							MSHG0260	
	0000020	FORMAT	(22H	NO. OF ELEMENT	LAYERS	I18/	22H	LENGTH TO WIDTH	RATIO	MSHG0270		
		1	I18/	25H	NO. OF ANGULAR	INTERVALS	I15/	19H	NO. OF X-INTERVALS	MSHG0280		
		2	I21/	13H	TOTAL	LENGTH	E32.5/	20H	PRIMARY FOLD	RADIUS	MSHG0290	
		3	22H	SECONDARY FOLD	RADIUS	E23.5/	21H	FINAL FOLDING	RADIUS	E24.5	MSHG0300	
		4	//								MSHG0310	
	0000020	FORMAT	(20H	INPUT	ERROR	CYCM	(14	2H)=E15.7	19H	BUT NO	VALUE WAS	MSHG0320
		1	15H	INPUT	FOR	CYCZ	(14	2H)				MSHG0330
	0000020	FORMAT	(1H1	19X	13H	NO. OF	CYCLES/16H	PLASTIC	STRAIN	6X		MSHG0340
		1	10H	TO	FAILURE	10X	12H	FOR	MATERIAL	15		MSHG0350
	0000020	FORMAT	(E14	5	F14.0)							MSHG0360
	0000020	FORMAT	(29H	PLASTIC	STRAIN	COEFFICIENTS/	10H	O	MATERIAL	8X	1HM	MSHG0370

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          MSHGEN
1 15X,1HZ/ (I7,E17.5,E16.5) )
C ***** GENERATE THE NP ARRAY. IF NMAT .GT. 0, ALSO GENERATE MATEL
C      ARRAY *****
      I1= 1
      N= 1
      DO 1140 J=1,NXINT
      DO 1120 I=1,NLAYER
      I2= I1 + NPISY
      I3= I2 + NPISY
      NP(1,N)= I1
      NP(2,N)= I3
      NP(3,N)= I3 + 2
      NP(4,N)= I2
      NP(5,N)= I3 + 1
      NP(6,N)= I2 + 1
      NP1= N + 1
      NP(1,NP1)= I1
      NP(2,NP1)= I3 + 2
      NP(3,NP1)= I1 + 2
      NP(4,NP1)= I2 + 1
      NP(5,NP1)= I2 + 2
      NP(6,NP1)= I1 + 1
      IF ( NMAT .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 1110
      ***** MORE THAN 1 MATERIAL. STORE MATERIAL I.D. FOR ELEMENTS N,N+1
      MLAYI= MLAYER(I)
      MATEL(N)= MLAYI
      MATEL(NP1)= MLAYI
      1110 N= N + 2
      I1= I1 + 2
      1120 CONTINUE
MSHG0380
MSHG0390
MSHG0400
MSHG0410
MSHG0420
MSHG0430
MSHG0440
MSHG0450
MSHG0460
MSHG0470
MSHG0480
MSHG0490
MSHG0500
MSHG0510
MSHG0520
MSHG0530
MSHG0540
MSHG0550
MSHG0560
MSHG0570
MSHG0580
MSHG0590
MSHG0600
MSHG0610
MSHG0620
MSHG0630
MSHG0640
MSHG0650
MSHG0660
MSHG0670
MSHG0680
MSHG0690
MSHG0700
MSHG0710
MSHG0720
MSHG0730
MSHG0740
MSHG0750

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70 MSHGEN
000131      I1= I2 + 3
000133      1140 CONTINUE

000135      C      **** SET VTH ARRAY TO INDICATE UNIT THICKNESS ****
000137      DC 1150 I=1,NMAT
000142      VTH(I)= 1.0
      1150 CONTINUE

000145      C      **** CALCULATE COORDINATES OF NODAL POINTS ****
000146      C      **** FIRST CALCULATE TOTAL WIDTH (I.E. BLADDER THICKNESS ) ****
000147      BLTHNS= 0.0
000152      DC 1210 I=1,NLAYER
      BLTHNS= BLTHNS + DEPTH(I)
      1210 CONTINUE

000154      IF ( RPFOLD .EQ. FNONTR ) RPFOLD= RPTRAT*BLTHNS

000160      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 1300

000161      C      **** DOUBLE FOLD OPTION ****
000163      DELANG= 1.5707963/XINTN
000164      ANGLE= 0.0
      IF ( RSFOLD .EQ. FNONTR ) RSFOLD= RSTRAT*BLTHNS

000170      C      **** INITIALIZE LOADING PARAMETERS ****
      DPRESS= ( RFINAL - RSFOLD ) / RMAXS

000173      I1= 1
000174      DO 1260 J=1,NPTSX
000176      SINANG= SIN(ANGLE)
000200      COSANG= COS(ANGLE)
000202      R= RPFOLD
000203      IEVEN= 0
000204      ILAY= 0

000205      DO 1240 I=1,NPTSX
000212      XORD(I)= RSFOLD - R*COSANG

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MSHG0760
MSHG0770
MSHG0780
MSHG0790
MSHG0800
MSHG0810
MSHG0820
MSHG0830
MSHG0840
MSHG0850
MSHG0860
MSHG0870
MSHG0880
MSHG0890
MSHG0900
MSHG0910
MSHG0920
MSHG0930
MSHG0940
MSHG0950
MSHG0960
MSHG0970
MSHG0980
MSHG0990
MSHG1000
MSHG1010
MSHG1020
MSHG1030
MSHG1040
MSHG1050
MSHG1060
MSHG1070
MSHG1080
MSHG1090
MSHG1100
MSHG1110
MSHG1120
MSHG1130

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 MSHGEN
000217 YORD(II)= R*SINANG
000222 II= II + 1
000223 IF ( I .EQ. NPTSY ) GO TO 1250
000225 IF ( IEVEN .NE. 0 ) GO TO 1220
C ***** I IS ODD. PICK UP NEXT DELTA R *****
000226 IEVEN= 1
000227 ILAY= ILAY + 1
000231 DELTAR= 0.5*DEPTH(ILAY)
000234 GO TO 1230
C ***** I IS EVEN. USE SAME DELTA R *****
000234 1220 IEVEN= 0
000235 1230 R= R + DELTAR
000237 1240 CONTINUE
000242 1250 ANGLE= ANGLE + DELANG
000244 1260 CONTINUE
000247 GO TO 1400
C ***** SINGLE FOLD OPTION *****
C ***** CALCULATE LENGTH IF NOT ENTERED IN INPUT *****
000247 1300 IF ( XLNGTH .EQ. FNONTR ) XLNGTH= XYRAT*BLTHNS
000253 DELTAX= 0.5*XLNGTH/XINTN
000256 X= XSTART
000257 II= 1
000260 DO 1340 J=1,NPTSX
C ***** STORE X AND Y FOR POINT II, WHICH IS THE BOTTOM POINT OF
C LAYER I AND IS IN COLUMN J. *****
000262 Y= YSTART
000264 XORD(II)= X
000266 YORD(II)= Y
000271 II= II + 1
MSHG1140
MSHG1150
MSHG1160
MSHG1170
MSHG1180
MSHG1190
MSHG1200
MSHG1210
MSHG1220
MSHG1230
MSHG1240
MSHG1250
MSHG1260
MSHG1270
MSHG1280
MSHG1290
MSHG1300
MSHG1310
MSHG1320
MSHG1330
MSHG1340
MSHG1350
MSHG1360
MSHG1370
MSHG1380
MSHG1390
MSHG1400
MSHG1410
MSHG1420
MSHG1430
MSHG1440
MSHG1450
MSHG1460
MSHG1470
MSHG1480
MSHG1490
MSHG1500
MSHG1510

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70 MSHGEN
000272      DO 1320 I=1,NLAYER
C      ***** POINTS II AND II+1 ARE THE MIDPOINT AND UPPER POINT
C      RESPECTIVELY OF LAYER I AND ARE IN COLUMN J *****
      XGRD(II)= X
      XGRD(II+1)= X
      DY= DEPTH(I)
      YGRD(II)= Y + 0.5*DY
      Y= Y + DY
      YGRD(II+1)= Y
      II= II + 2
      1320 CONTINUE
000315
000320      X= X + DELTAX
000322      1340 CONTINUE

C      ***** INITIALIZE PARAMETERS SPECIFYING IMPOSED DISPLACEMENTS *****
000324      DPRESS= 0.0
000325      RSFOLD= RPFOLD
000326      DPRAT= (RFINAL/RPFOLD)**(1.0/(RMAXS-1.0) )
000335      NN= NUMNP - NPISY
000337      NN= NN + NN + 1
000341      DO 1360 I=1,NID
000343      ND(I)= NN
000346      NN= NN + 1
000350      1360 CONTINUE
C
000352      1400 WRITE (6,32 ) NLayer,LWRAT ,NANGIN,NXINT,XLNGTH,RPFOLD,RSFOLD
      1 ,RFINAL
000376      WRITE (6,30) ( I,XORD(I),YORD(I),I=1,NUMNP )

C      ***** SET BOUNDARY CONDITION FLAGS *****
C      ***** FOR SINGLE FOLD OPTION CONSTRAIN ALL NODES ON LEFT EDGE
C      FROM MOVEMENT IN THE X-DIRECTION *****
      II= 1
C      ***** FOR DOUBLE FOLD OPTION CONSTRAIN ALL NODES ON BOTH FREE
C      EDGES FROM MOVEMENT IN THE Z-DIRECTION *****

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MSHG1520
 MSHG1530
 MSHG1540
 MSHG1550
 MSHG1560
 MSHG1570
 MSHG1580
 MSHG1590
 MSHG1600
 MSHG1610
 MSHG1620
 MSHG1630
 MSHG1640
 MSHG1650
 MSHG1660
 *****MSHG1670
 MSHG1680
 MSHG1690
 MSHG1700
 MSHG1710
 MSHG1720
 MSHG1730
 MSHG1740
 MSHG1750
 MSHG1760
 MSHG1770
 MSHG1780
 MSHG1790
 MSHG1800
 MSHG1810
 MSHG1820
 MSHG1830
 MSHG1840
 MSHG1850
 MSHG1860
 MSHG1870
 MSHG1880
 MSHG1890

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 MSHGEN
000430 IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) II= 2
000436 DO 1420 I=1,NUMBC
C ***** FOR THE DOUBLE FOLD OPTION THE LAST NPITY POINTS ARE
C CONSTRAINED AS WELL AS THE FIRST NPITY POINTS *****
000440 NEBC(I)= II
000443 IF ( I .EQ. NPITY ) II= 2*(NUMNP-NPITY)
000447 II= II + 2
000451 1420 CONTINUE
000453 NEQBC= NUMBC
000455 1500 IF ( FLIFE .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 2000
000456 IF ( NCYCF .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 1590
000457 C ***** CALCULATE M AND Z ARRAYS FOR FATIGUE LIFE CALCULATIONS *****
000461 DO 1580 M=1,NMAT
C ***** IF CYCM(M) WAS INPUT, THEN DO NOT CALCULATE CYCM(M) AND
C CYCZ(M) FOR MATERIAL M *****
000462 IF ( CYCM(M) .EQ. FNONTR ) GO TO 1510
000465 IF ( CYCZ(M) .NE. FNONTR ) GO TO 1580
000470 IERROR= 0
000471 WRITE (6,36) M,CYCM(M),M
000507 GO TO 1580
000513 C ***** CALCULATE CYCM(M) AND CYCZ(M) FOR MATERIAL M *****
000514 1510 SUMLE = 0.0
000515 SUMLN = 0.0
000516 SUMLEN= 0.0
000517 SUMLN2= 0.0
000524 WRITE (6,37) M
000531 DO 1550 I=2,NCYCF2,2
000536 PLSTI= CYCTOF(I-1,M)
FNCTOF= CYCTOF(I,M)
MSHG1900
MSHG1910
MSHG1920
MSHG1940
MSHG1950
MSHG1930
MSHG1960
MSHG1970
MSHG1980
MSHG1990
MSHG2000
MSHG2010
MSHG2020
MSHG2030
MSHG2040
MSHG2050
MSHG2060
MSHG2070
MSHG2080
MSHG2090
MSHG2100
MSHG2110
MSHG2120
MSHG2130
MSHG2140
MSHG2150
MSHG2160
MSHG2170
MSHG2180
MSHG2190
MSHG2200
MSHG2210
MSHG2220
MSHG2230
MSHG2240
MSHG2250
MSHG2260
MSHG2270

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 MSHGEN
000543 IF ( PLSTI*FNCTOF .EQ. C.0 ) GO TO 1550
000545 WRITE (6,38) PLSTI,FNCTOF
000555 ALNEI= ALOG(PLSTI)
000560 ALNNI= ALOG(FNCTOF)
000562 SUMLE= SUMLE + ALNEI
000564 SUMLN= SUMLN + ALNNI
000566 SUMLEN= SUMLEN + ALNEI*ALNNI
000571 SUMLN2= SUMLN2 + ALNNI*ALNNI
000573 1550 CONTINUE

000601 DENOM= FN*SUMLN2 - SUMLN*SUMLN
000604 ALNM= ( SUMLN2*SUMLE - SUMLN*SUMLEN ) / DENOM
000611 CYCM(M)= EXP(ALNM)
000620 CYCZ(M)= ( FN*SUMLEN - SUMLN*SUMLE ) / DENOM
000626 1580 CONTINUE

000631 1590 WRITE (6,39) ( M,CYCM(M),CYCZ(M),M=1,NMAT )

000657 2000 RETURN
000660 END
*FOLLOWING VARIABLES EQUIVALENCED BUT NOT REFERENCED
NONTRY
MSHG2280
MSHG2290
MSHG2300
MSHG2310
MSHG2320
MSHG2330
MSHG2340
MSHG2350
MSHG2360
MSHG2370
MSHG2380
MSHG2390
MSHG2400
MSHG2410
MSHG2420
MSHG2430
MSHG2440
MSHG2450
MSHG2460
MSHG2470

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SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
001072

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS	36	37	
30 -	000663 32	-	000730	-
38 -	000757 39	-	000123	-
1230 -	000235 1250	-	000247	-
1500 -	000455 1510	-	000573	-
1590 -	000631 2000	-	000657	-

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	000013 CMESH	000004	FFLAGS	000002	IDIMEN	000022
IFLAGS	000012 MESHIN	000011	PROPS	000012		

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

ALNEI	-	001066	ALNM	-	001071	ALNNI	-	001067	ANGLE	-	001041
BLTHNS	-	000000C02	COSANG	-	001044	CYCTOF	-	000005	DELANG	-	001040
DELTAR	-	001050	DELTAX	-	001051	DENOM	-	001070	DPRAT	-	000003C02
DPRESS	-	000001C07	DY	-	001054	FLIFE	-	000011C05	FN	-	001056
FNCTOF	-	001065	FNONTR	-	000000C03	I	-	001033	IERROR	-	000006
IEVEN	-	001046	II	-	001042	ILAY	-	001047	II	-	001030
I2	-	001034	I3	-	001035	J	-	001032	LWRAT	-	000016C04
M	-	001057	MATEL	-	000002	MLAYER	-	000001	MLAYI	-	001037
N	-	001031	NANGIN	-	000017C04	NCYCF	-	000021C04	NCYCF2	-	000012C01
ND	-	000003	NEBC	-	000004	NEQBC	-	000003C01	NID	-	000006C04
NLAYER	-	000015C04	NMAT	-	000007C04	NN	-	001055	NPTSX	-	000011C01
NPTSY	-	000010C01	NPI	-	001036	NUMBC	-	000004C04	NUMNP	-	000002C04
NXINT	-	000020C04	PLSTI	-	001064	R	-	001045	RECCYL	-	000002C05
RFINAL	-	000010C06	RMAXS	-	000011C07	RPFOLD	-	000004C06	RPTRAT	-	000006C06
RSFOLD	-	000005C06	RSTRAT	-	000007C06	SINANG	-	001043	SUMLE	-	001060
SUMLEN	-	001062	SUMLN	-	001061	SUMLN2	-	001063	VTH	-	000000
X	-	001052	XINTN	-	000001C02	XLNGTH	-	000003C06	XSTART	-	000001C06
XYRAT	-	000002C02	Y	-	001053	YSTART	-	000002C06			

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	MSHGEN					
START OF CONSTANTS							
000662							
START OF TEMPORARIES							
001000							
START OF INDIRECTS							
001011							
EXTERNAL REFERENCES							
SIN	COS	RBAREX	OUTPTC	ALOG	EXP	END	
COMPILER SPACE							
UNUSED ~ 010300	USED -	037500					

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SUBROUTINE PRINT (XORD ,YORD ,DWP ,WP ,TST ,PST ,EST ,PRIN0010
1 ,SIG ,DIS ,F ,DF ,RESI ,NP ,MLAYER,CYCM ,CYCZ ,PRIN0020
2 ,NNUMNP,NNUMEL ) PRIN0030
PRIN0040
PRIN0050
PRIN0060
PRIN0070
PRIN0080
PRIN0090
PRIN0100
PRIN0110
PRIN0120
PRIN0130
PRIN0140
PRIN0150
PRIN0160
PRIN0170
PRIN0180
PRIN0190
PRIN0200
PRIN0210
PRIN0220
PRIN0230
PRIN0240
PRIN0250
PRIN0260
PRIN0270
PRIN0280
PRIN0290
PRIN0300
PRIN0310
PRIN0320
PRIN0330
PRIN0340
PRIN0350
PRIN0360
PRIN0370

C PRINTS OUT X AND Y COMPONENTS OF TOTAL DISPLACEMENTS, TOTAL
C FORCES, AND RESIDUAL FORCES
C PRINTS OUT STRAINS, STRESSES, AND PLASTIC WORK FOR EACH
C NODAL POINT *****

C ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
DIMENSION XORD (1),YORD (1),DWP (1),WP (1) PRIN0110
DIMENSION DIS (1),F (1),DF (1),RESI (1) PRIN0120
1 ,MLAYER(1),CYCM (1),CYCZ (1) PRIN0130
DIMENSION TST(NNUMNP,4) , PST(NNUMNP,4) , EST(NNUMNP,4) PRIN0140
1 ,SIG(NNUMNP,5) , NP (NNUMEL,6) PRIN0150
PRIN0160
PRIN0170
C ***** THE INDICATED DIMENSION OF THE ARRAY B IS A DUMMY.
C THE ACTUAL DIMENSION NBUCKT IS CALCULATED BY SUBROUTINE BLOC PRIN0180
C AND THE REQUIRED STORAGE IS ALLOCATED BY SUBROUTINE MRELSE. PRIN0190
PRIN0200
COMMON B(1) PRIN0210
PRIN0220
COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6 PRIN0230
1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2 PRIN0240
COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN ,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID PRIN0250
1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NMLAYER,LWRAT ,NANGIN PRIN0260
2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF PRIN0270
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR1,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI PRIN0280
1 ,SAVETP,BLANAL,FLIFE PRIN0290
COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT PRIN0300
1 ,ERRFLG,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEP0,NPRIN PRIN0310
2 ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG PRIN0320
COMMON /IOUNIT/ IRSIN,IRSOUT PRIN0330
C ***** THE ARRAYS TPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
C ARRAY UPR. THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR PRIN0340
C IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCKT DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE PRIN0350
C POSITION OF TPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY. ***** PRIN0360
PRIN0370

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70

PRINT

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000025      COMMON /LBUCKT/  LNP      ,LLOADE,LLOADS,LNEBC ,LND      ,LMATEL,LBETA  PRIN0380
1      ,LVPR  ,LETST ,LEPST  ,LEEST ,LESIG ,LEWP  ,LXORD  ,LYORD  ,LDWP  PRIN0390
2      ,LWP   ,LCOUNT,LDF   ,LDR   ,LDIS  ,LF    ,LRESI  ,LTST  ,LPST  PRIN0400
3      ,LEST  ,LDTST ,LSIG  ,LDSO  ,LDLIM ,LDLFLG,LVEM  ,LVXU  ,LVTH  PRIN0410
4      ,LVXI  ,LVYP  ,LDELTP,LTHETA,LDISPL,LBCOND,LCYCM ,LCYCZ ,LMLAYRPRIN0420
5      ,LDEPTH,LCYCF ,LA    ,LTPR  ,LDPR
6      ,NBUCKT
000025      COMMON /LSSAVE/  LSSAVE(2,10)
000025      COMMON /MESHIN/  NMESH  ,XSTART,YSTART,XLNGTH,RPFOLD,RSFOLD,RPTRATPRIN0450
1      ,RSTRAT,RFINAL
000025      COMMON /PROPS /   PRESS ,DPRESS,EM    ,XU    ,TH    ,XI    ,YP
1      ,AREA  ,TPRESS,RMAXS
000025      FORMAT ( 5HODUMP 15,38H OF RESTART DATA OCCURRED ON LOAD STEP 15
1      ,5X,16HTOTAL PRESSURE = E15.6 )
000025      FORMAT (44H1NODAL POINT FORCES AND DISPLACEMENTS - STEP,15// )
000025      FORMAT ( 15,2E15.6,2(E20.6,E15.6) )
000025      FORMAT (6H POINT,5X,5HX-DIS,10X,5HY-DIS,15X,6HX-LOAD,9X,6HY-LOAD
2      ,12X,10HX-RESIDUAL,5X,10HY-RESIDUAL / )
000025      FORMAT (6H POINT,5X,5HR-DIS,10X,5HZ-DIS,15X,6HR-LOAD,9X,6HZ-LOAD
1      ,12X,10HR-RESIDUAL,5X,10HZ-RESIDUAL / )
000025      FORMAT (22HORADIUS OF CURVATURE = E15.6 )
000025      FORMAT (1H1,31X,13HPOINT STRAINS//16X,15HELASTIC STRAINS/ )
000025      FORMAT ( 6H0POINT,10X,5HEPS-X,15X,5HEPS-Y,15X,6HEPS-XY/ )
000025      FORMAT (1H1,15X,15HPLASTIC STRAINS/ )
000025      FORMAT (1H1,15X,13HTOTAL STRAINS/ )
000025      FORMAT (16H1 POINT STRESSES//7H POINT,4X,5HR-ORD,5X,5HZ-ORD,
1      ,13X,5HSIG-R,5X,5HSIG-Z,5X,5HSIG-O,4X,6HTAU-RZ,3X,10HEQ. STRESS,
2      ,3X,8HPL. WORK,5X,3HDWP, / )
000025      FORMAT (16H1 POINT STRESSES//7H POINT,4X,5HX-ORD,5X,5HY-ORD,
1      ,13X,5HSIG-X,5X,5HSIG-Y,4X,6HTAU-XY,5X,5HSIG-Z,3X,10HEQ. STRESS,
2      ,3X,8HPL. WORK,5X,3HDWP, / )
000025      FORMAT (16,1X,2F10.4,7X,4F10.4,5X,F8.5,3X,F8.5 )
000025      FORMAT (15,3E20.6)
000025      FORMAT (15,4E20.6)
000025      FORMAT (1H1,13X,11HMAX. EQUIV. 9X,9HESTIMATED/7H LAYER,5X
1      ,14HPLASTIC STRAIN,7X,12HEFATIGUE LIFE,5X,7HAT NODE )
000025      FORMAT (15,E20.5,F15.0,I15)

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          PRINT
000025      631  FORMAT ( 6HPOINT,10X,5HEPS-R,15X,5HEPS-Z,15X,5HEPS-O,15X,6HEPS-RZPRIN0760
1 / )
000025      IF (RECCYL .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 105
C          ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
C          ***** CALCULATE TOTAL FORCE AND TOTAL MOMENTS *****
000026      CALL FMCALC (B(LNP ),B(LESIG ),B(LXORD ),B(LYORD ),B(LDIS )
1 ,NUMEL )
000051      GO TO 110
000055      105  IF ( (BLANAL .EQ. 0.0) .OR. (RECCYL .NE. 0.0) ) GO TO 110
C          ***** SINGLE FOLD OPTION *****
000063      RADIUS= 0.5*XORD(NPTS+1)**2 / ( YORD(1) - YORD(NPTS+1) )
000070      WRITE (6,166) RADIUS
000075      110  IF (NNDLIM .EQ. 0) GO TO 120
C          ***** CHECK FOR NODAL DISPLACEMENTS EXCEEDING LIMITING
C          DISPLACEMENT *****
000102      CALL DISCHK ( B(LDIS),B(LNEBC),B(LDLIM),B(LDLFLG) )
C          ***** PRINTOUT X AND Y COMPONENTS OF TOTAL DISPLACEMENTS, TOTAL
C          FORCES, AND RESIDUAL FORCES *****
000120      120  WRITE(6,162) ISTEP
000126      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 140
C          ***** RECTANGULAR COORDINATES *****
000133      WRITE (6,164)
000136      GO TO 150
C          ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000142      140  WRITE (6,165)
000146      150  WRITE(6,163) (N,DIS(2*N-1),DIS(2*N),F(2*N-1),F(2*N),DF(2*N-1),
PRIN0770
PRIN0780
PRIN0790
PRIN0800
PRIN0810
PRIN0820
PRIN0830
PRIN0840
PRIN0850
PRIN0860
PRIN0870
PRIN0880
PRIN0890
PRIN0900
PRIN0910
PRIN0920
PRIN0930
PRIN0940
PRIN0950
PRIN0960
PRIN0970
PRIN0980
PRIN0990
PRIN1000
PRIN1010
PRIN1020
PRIN1030
PRIN1040
PRIN1050
PRIN1060
PRIN1070
PRIN1080
PRIN1090
PRIN1100
PRIN1110
PRIN1120
PRIN1130

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          PRINT
1  DF(2*N),N=1,NUMNP)
000235  IF (IRESI .LE. 0) GO TO 200
000242  DO 160 N=1,NEQ
000244  RESI(N)=DF(N)
000250  160 CONTINUE

000253  200 IF ( FLIFE .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 300

C  **** CALCULATE AND PRINTOUT FATIGUE LIFE OF EACH LAYER ****
000254  WRITE (6,550)
000260  NVADD= 2*NLAYER - 1
000262  PST43= 0.0
000263  LMAI= 1

000264  DO 280 L=1,NLAYER
000271  NV= 2*L - 1
000273  EPMAX= -1.0
000275  DO 270 J=1,NXINT

000276  DO 260 I=1,9
000277  II= I
000301  IF ( I - 7 ) 250,220,230
C  **** I = 7. CALCULATE POINT 3 OF ELEMENT NV + 1 ****
000304  220 NV= NV + 1
000306  II= 3
000307  GO TO 250
000307  230 IF ( I .NE. 8 ) GO TO 240
C  **** I = 8. CALCULATE POINT 5 OF ELEMENT NV + 1 ****
000311  II= 5
000312  GO TO 250
C  **** I = 9. CALCULATE POINT 6 OF ELEMENT NV + 1 ****
000313  240 II= 6

000314  250 NCDE= NP(NV,II)
000322  PST1= PST(NODE,I)

```

```

PRIN1140
PRIN1150
PRIN1160
PRIN1170
PRIN1180
PRIN1190
PRIN1200
PRIN1210
PRIN1220
PRIN1230
PRIN1240
PRIN1250
PRIN1260
PRIN1270
PRIN1280
PRIN1290
PRIN1300
PRIN1310
PRIN1320
PRIN1330
PRIN1340
PRIN1350
PRIN1360
PRIN1370
PRIN1380
PRIN1390
PRIN1400
PRIN1410
PRIN1420
PRIN1430
PRIN1440
PRIN1450
PRIN1460
PRIN1470
PRIN1480
PRIN1490
PRIN1500
PRIN1510

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 PRINT
000330 PST2= PST(NODE,2) PRIN1520
000335 IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) PST43= PST(NODE,3) PRIN1530
000344 EP2= 0.5*( (PST1-PST2)**2 + (PST1-PST43)**2 + (PST2-PST43)**2 ) PRIN1540
1 + 3.0*PST(NODE,J34)**2 PRIN1550
000365 IF ( EP2 .LE. EPMAX ) GO TO 260 PRIN1560
000367 EPMAX= EP2 PRIN1570
000371 NODEMX= NODE PRIN1580
000372 260 CONTINUE PRIN1590
000374 NV= NV + NVADD PRIN1600
000376 270 CONTINUE PRIN1610
000400 IF ( EPMAX .GT. 0.0 ) GO TO 275 PRIN1620
000403 FLIFEL= 1.E10 PRIN1630
000404 GO TO 276 PRIN1640
000404 PRIN1650
000404 PRIN1660
000404 PRIN1670
000404 PRIN1680
000407 IF ( NMAT .GT. 1 ) LMAT= MLAYER(L) PRIN1690
000420 FLIFEL= ( EPMAX/CYCM(LMAT) )**(1.0/CYCZ(LMAT) ) PRIN1700
000431 276 WRITE (6,551) L,EPMAX,FLIFEL,NODEMX PRIN1710
000445 280 CONTINUE PRIN1720
000453 300 IF ( ERRFLG .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 310 PRIN1730
000454 IF ( ISTEP .NE. NPRIN ) GO TO 400 PRIN1740
000456 NPRIN=NPRIN+IPRIN PRIN1750
000456 PRIN1760
000456 PRIN1770
000456 PRIN1780
000456 PRIN1790
C ***** PRINTOUT STRAINS, STRESSES, AND PLASTIC WORK FOR EACH POINT. PRIN1800
000460 310 WRITE(6,530) PRIN1810
000464 IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 320 PRIN1820
000464 PRIN1830
000464 PRIN1840
000464 PRIN1850
000471 C ***** RECTANGULAR COORDINATES ***** PRIN1860
000471 WRITE (6,531) PRIN1870
000474 WRITE (6,540) ( N, (EST(N,I), I=1,3), N=1, NUMNP ) PRIN1880
000526 WRITE (6,532) PRIN1890

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          PRINT
000532      WRITE (6,531)
000536      WRITE (6,540)      ( N, (PST(N,I), I=1,3), N=1, NUMNP )
000567      WRITE (6,533)
000573      WRITE (6,531)
000577      WRITE (6,540)      ( N, (TST(N,I), I=1,3), N=1, NUMNP )
000630      WRITE(6,535)
000634      GO TO 350

C      **** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES ****
320      WRITE (6,631)
000640      WRITE (6,541)      ( N, (EST(N,I), I=1,4), N=1, NUMNP )
000676      WRITE (6,532)
000702      WRITE (6,631)
000706      WRITE (6,541)      ( N, (PST(N,I), I=1,4), N=1, NUMNP )
000737      WRITE (6,533)
000743      WRITE (6,631)
000747      WRITE (6,541)      ( N, (TST(N,I), I=1,4), N=1, NUMNP )
001000      WRITE (6,534)

350      WRITE(6,538) (N,XORD(N), YORD(N), (SIG(N,I), I=1,5), WP(N), DWP(N),
1      N=1, NUMNP )

C      **** IF ERRFLG .EQ. 0.0, DO NOT BOTHER TO SAVE RESTART DATA ****
400      IF (ERRFLG .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 900
001066      IF ( SAVEIP .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 900
001073

001074      IF ( ISTEP .EQ. LSTEP0 ) GO TO 420
001076      IF ( ISTEP .LT. NXTLS ) GO TO 900

C      **** ISTEP = NXTLS. TIME TO SAVE RESTART DATA ****
C      ***** WRITE THE FOLLOWING ARRAYS ON THE RESTART TAPE ***
C      BETA, E1ST, EPST, EEST, ESIG, EWP, XORD, YORD, DIS, F, RESI,
C      NEBC, DLFLAG, AND TPR *****
      WRITE (6,161) IDUMP, ISTEP, IPRESS
      LO= LVPR - 1
      LI= LDWP - 1
001100
001112
001114
PRIN1900
PRIN1910
PRIN1920
PRIN1930
PRIN1940
PRIN1950
PRIN1960
PRIN1970
PRIN1980
PRIN1990
PRIN2000
PRIN2010
PRIN2020
PRIN2030
PRIN2040
PRIN2050
PRIN2060
PRIN2070
PRIN2080
PRIN2090
PRIN2100
PRIN2110
PRIN2120
PRIN2130
PRIN2140
PRIN2150
PRIN2160
PRIN2170
PRIN2180
PRIN2190
PRIN2200
PRIN2210
PRIN2220
PRIN2230
PRIN2240
PRIN2250
PRIN2260
PRIN2270

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```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          PRINT
001116      L2= LTST - 1
001120      L3= LNEBC + NEQBC
001122      L4= LVEM - 1
001124      L5= LDPR - 1
001126      WRITE (IRSOUT)  IDUMP, ISTEP, IPRESS, NPRIN, NEQBC, DPRESS, RSFOLD
1          , ( B(I), I=LBeta, LO )
1          , ( B(I), I=LEIST, LI ) , ( B(I), I=LDIS, L2 ) , ( B(I), I=LNEBC, L3 )
001226      IF ( NNDLIM .GT. 0 ) WRITE (IRSOUT)  ( B(I), I=LDLFLG, L4 )
001255      IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) WRITE (IRSOUT)  ( B(I), I=LTPR, L5 )
001300      IDUMP= IDUMP + 1
001302      IF ( ISTEP .LT. LSLIM ) GO TO 440
C          **** ISTEP .GE. LSLIM. TIME TO CHANGE INTERVALS BETWEEN DUMPS OF
C          RESTART DATA *****
001304      410  ILSS= ILSS + 1
001306      IF ( ILSS .LE. 10 ) GO TO 420
C          **** ILSS .GT. 10. USE CURRENT VALUE OF INDMP FOR REST OF RUN.
001310      LSLIM= MAXST
001312      GO TO 440
C          **** ILSS .LE. 10. PICK UP NEXT VALUE OF INDMP IF IT IS NON-ZERO.
001312      420  LSLIM= LSSAVE(1, ILSS)
001315      IF ( LSLIM .LE. ISTEP ) GO TO 410
001320      ITEM= LSSAVE(2, ILSS)
001323      IF ( ITEM .GT. 0 ) INDMP= ITEM
001326      440  NXTLS= MIN0( NXTLS+INDMP, LSLIM, MAXST )
001334      900  RETURN
001335      END
PRIN2280
PRIN2290
PRIN2300
PRIN2310
PRIN2320
PRIN2330
PRIN2340
PRIN2350
PRIN2360
PRIN2370
PRIN2380
PRIN2390
PRIN2400
PRIN2410
PRIN2420
PRIN2430
PRIN2440
PRIN2450
PRIN2460
PRIN2470
PRIN2480
PRIN2490
PRIN2500
PRIN2510
PRIN2520
PRIN2530
PRIN2540
PRIN2550
PRIN2560
PRIN2570
PRIN2580
PRIN2590
PRIN2600

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70

PRINT

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
001643

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

[illegible]

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

-	-	000001	CDIMEN	-	000013	IDIMEN	-	000022	IFLAGS	-	000012
INDEX	-	000026	IOUNIT	-	000002	LBUCKT	-	000061	LSSAVE	-	000024
MESHIN	-	000011	PROPS	-	000012						

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

B	00000C01	BLANAL	-	000010C04	CYCM	-	000010	CYCZ	-	000011
DF	000004	DIS	-	000002	DPRESS	-	000001C12	EPMAX	-	001622
EP2	001631	ERRFLG	-	000007C05	EST	-	000000	F	-	000003
FLIFE	000011C04	FLIFEL	-	001633	I	-	001624	IDUMP	-	000023C05
II	001625	ILSS	-	000024C05	INDMP	-	000021C05	IPRIN	-	000004C04
IRESI	000006C04	IRSOUI	-	000001C06	ISTEP	-	000002C05	ITEMP	-	001642
J	001623	J34	-	000010C05	L	-	001621	LBETA	-	000006C07
LDIS	000024C07	LDLFLG	-	000036C07	LDLIM	-	000035C07	LDPR	-	000057C07
LDWP	000017C07	LESIG	-	000013C07	LETST	-	000010C07	LMAT	-	000006C05
LNEBC	000003C07	LNP	-	000000C07	LSLIM	-	000022C05	LSSAVE	-	000000C10
LSTEPSO	000016C05	LTPR	-	000056C07	LTST	-	000027C07	LVEM	-	000037C07
LVPR	000007C07	LXORD	-	000015C07	LYORD	-	000016C07	L0	-	001634
L1	001635	L2	-	001636	L3	-	001637	L4	-	001640

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 PRINT
L5 - 001641 MAXST - 000012C03 MLAYER - 000007 N 001616
NEQ - 000002C02 NEQBC - 000003C02 NLAYER - 000015C03 NMAT - 000007C03
NNDLIM - 000013C03 NNUMEL - 000013 NNUMNP - 000012 NODE 001626
NODEMX - 001632 NP - 000006 NPRIN - 000017C05 NPTSY - 000010C02
NUMEL - 000001C03 NUMNP - 000002C03 NV - 000001C05 NVADD - 001617
NXINT - 000020C03 NXTLS - 000020C05 PST1 - 001627 PST2 001630
PST43 - 001620 RADIUS - 001615 RECCYL - 000002C04 RESI 000005
RSFOLD - 000005C11 SAVETP - 000007C04 SIG - 000001 TPRESS - 000010C12
VPRFLG - 000025C05

```

```

START OF CONSTANTS
001337

```

```

START OF TEMPORARIES
001572

```

```

START OF INDIRECTS
001610

```

```

EXTERNAL REFERENCES
FMCALC OUTPUTC DISCHK SQRT RBAREX OUTPUTB END

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COMPILER SPACE
UNUSED - 006200 USED - 041600

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SUBROUTINE RESID (NP, ESIG, XORD, YORD, DF, F, NEBC
1, ND, MATEL, VTH, NNUMEL)
C
C      CALCULATES THE TOTAL ERROR IN NODAL POINT EQUILIBRIUM BY
C      CALCULATING THE RESIDUAL NODAL POINT FORCES *****
C
C      ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
DIMENSION NP (NNUMEL,6), ESIG (NNUMEL,6,5)
DIMENSION XORD (1), YORD (1), DF (1), F (1), NEBC (1)
1, ND (1), MATEL (1), VTH (1)
C
COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM, LREC1, NEQ, NEQBC, IBAND, LENA, NEL6
1, NEL64, NPTSY, NPTSX, NCYCF2
COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN, NNUMEL, NUMNP, NUMCP, NUMBC, NLOAD, NID
1, NMAT, NDP, MAXBW, MAXST, NNDLIM, MAXBKT, NPLAYER, LWRAT, NANGIN
2, NXINT, NCYCF
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS, RESTRT, RECCYL, CONVER, IPRIN, ITER, IRESI
1, SAVETP, BLANAL, FLIFE
COMMON /INDEX/ IFIX, NV, ISTEP, JSTEP, NSTEP, IMAT, LMAT
1, ERRFLG, J34, J43, J45, I63, I69, I912, LSTEP0, NPRIN
2, NXTLS, INDMP, LSLIM, IDUMP, ILSS, VPRFLG
COMMON /IPERM/ IPERM(3)
COMMON /PROPS/ PRESS, DPRESS, EM, XU, TH, XI, YP
1, AREA, TPRESS, RMAXS
COMMON /ST/ ST(12,12), CF(12)
COMMON /XYCOORD/ R1, R2, R3, Z1, Z2, Z3
C
DIMENSION BA(3,2), W1(3,6), W2(3,6)
C
DIMENSION RR(3), ZZ(3)
EQUIVALENCE (RR,R1), (ZZ,Z1)
C
DATA W1/ 2.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 2.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 2.0,
1 3.0, 3.0, -1.0, -1.0, 3.0, 3.0, 3.0, -1.0, 3.0,
DATA W2/ 2.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 2.0, -1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 2.0,
1 8.0, 8.0, 4.0, 4.0, 8.0, 8.0, 8.0, 4.0, 8.0,
RESI0010
RESI0020
RESI0030
RESI0040
RESI0050
RESI0060
RESI0070
RESI0080
RESI0090
RESI0100
RESI0110
RESI0120
RESI0130
RESI0140
RESI0150
RESI0160
RESI0170
RESI0180
RESI0190
RESI0200
RESI0210
RESI0220
RESI0230
RESI0240
RESI0250
RESI0260
RESI0270
RESI0280
RESI0290
RESI0300
RESI0310
RESI0320
RESI0330
RESI0340
RESI0350
RESI0360
RESI0370

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```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70      RESID

000016      C      ***** CLEAR RESIDUAL FORCES (DF) *****
              DC 150 I=1,NEQ

000017      C      ***** ELEMENT LOOP *****
000023      150      DF(I)=0.
              DO 100 NV=1,NUMEL

000025      C      ***** IF THERE IS MORE THAN ONE MATERIAL, PICK UP THE THICKNESS
000027      C      OF ELEMENT NV *****
000032      IF (NMAT .EQ. 1) GO TO 90
              IMAT= MATEL(NV)
              TH= VTH(IMAT)

000035      90      DO 110 I=1,3
000037      K1=NP(NV,I)
000045      RR(I)= XORD(K1)
000050      J=IPERM(I)
000053      K2=NP(NV,J)
000060      M=IPERM(J)
000063      BA(M,2)=XORD(K2)-XORD(K1)
000070      110      BA(M,1)=YORD(K1)-YORD(K2)

000077      AREA=BA(3,2)*BA(2,1)-BA(2,2)*BA(3,1)

000103      DO 120 I=1,12
000105      CF(I)=0.

000111      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 125

000112      C      ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000120      W1(1,1)=18.*R1+3.*R2+3.*R3
000125      W1(1,2)=-5.*R1-6.*R2-R3
000132      W1(1,3)=-5.*R1-R2-6.*R3
000140      W1(1,4)=24.*R1+8.*R2+4.*R3
              W1(1,5)=4.*R1-8.*R2-8.*R3

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```

RESI0380
RESI0390
RESI0400
RESI0420
RESI0430
RESI0440
RESI0410
RESI0450
RESI0460
RESI0480
RESI0490
RESI0500
RESI0470
RESI0510
RESI0520
RESI0530
RESI0540
RESI0550
RESI0560
RESI0570
RESI0580
RESI0590
RESI0600
RESI0610
RESI0620
RESI0630
RESI0640
RESI0650
RESI0660
RESI0670
RESI0680
RESI0690
RESI0700
RESI0710
RESI0720
RESI0730
RESI0740
RESI0750

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70 RESID
000145 W1(1,6)=24.*R1+4.*R2+8.*R3 RESI0760
000153 W1(2,1)=-6.*R1-5.*R2-R3 RESI0770
000160 W1(2,2)=3.*R1+18.*R2+3.*R3 RESI0780
000165 W1(2,3)=-R1-5.*R2-6.*R3 RESI0790
000172 W1(2,4)=8.*R1+24.*R2+4.*R3 RESI0800
000200 W1(2,5)=4.*R1+24.*R2+8.*R3 RESI0810
000206 W1(2,6)=-8.*R1+4.*R2-8.*R3 RESI0820
000214 W1(3,1)=-6.*R1-R2-5.*R3 RESI0830
000221 W1(3,2)=-R1-6.*R2-5.*R3 RESI0840
000226 W1(3,3)=3.*R1+3.*R2+18.*R3 RESI0850
000233 W1(3,4)=-8.*R1-8.*R2+4.*R3 RESI0860
000241 W1(3,5)=4.*R1+8.*R2+24.*R3 RESI0870
000247 W1(3,6)=8.*R1+4.*R2+24.*R3 RESI0880
000255 W2(1,1)=24.*R1 RESI0890
000257 W2(1,2)=-8.*R1-4.*R3 RESI0900
000262 W2(1,3)=-8.*R1-4.*R2 RESI0910
000266 W2(1,4)=48.*R1+32.*R2+16.*R3 RESI0920
000274 W2(1,5)=16.*(R1+R2+R3) RESI0930
000300 W2(1,6)=48.*R1+16.*R2+32.*R3 RESI0940
000306 W2(2,1)=-8.*R2-4.*R3 RESI0950
000311 W2(2,2)=24.*R2 RESI0960
000313 W2(2,3)=-4.*R1-8.*R2 RESI0970
000317 W2(2,4)=32.*R1+48.*R2+16.*R3 RESI0980
000325 W2(2,5)=16.*R1+48.*R2+32.*R3 RESI0990
000333 W2(2,6)=16.*(R1+R2+R3) RESI1000
000337 W2(3,1)=-4.*R2-8.*R3 RESI1010
000342 W2(3,2)=-4.*R1-8.*R3 RESI1020
000346 W2(3,3)=24.*R3 RESI1030
000350 W2(3,4)=16.*(R1+R2+R3) RESI1040
000354 W2(3,5)=16.*R1+32.*R2+48.*R3 RESI1050
000362 W2(3,6)=32.*R1+16.*R2+48.*R3 RESI1060

C ***** LOOP FOR POINTS WITHIN ELEMENT NV ***** RESI1070
C ***** CALCULATE RESIDUAL FORCES FOR ELEMENT NV ***** RESI1080
C 125 DO 130 I=1,6 RESI1090
C 130 ESIG1= ESIG(NV,I,1) RESI1100
C 130 ESIG2= ESIG(NV,I,2) RESI1110
C 130 RESI1120
C 130 RESI1130

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 RESID
000415 ESIG34= ESIG(NV,I,J34)
000425 W11I= W1(1,I)
000430 W12I= W1(2,I)
000434 W13I= W1(3,I)
000437 W21I= W2(1,I)
000443 W22I= W2(2,I)
000446 W23I= W2(3,I)
000452 TERM1= BA(1,1)*ESIG1 + BA(1,2)*ESIG34
000455 TERM2= BA(1,1)*ESIG34 + BA(1,2)*ESIG2
000461 TERM3= BA(2,1)*ESIG1 + BA(2,2)*ESIG34
000465 TERM4= BA(2,1)*ESIG34 + BA(2,2)*ESIG2
000471 TERM5= BA(3,1)*ESIG1 + BA(3,2)*ESIG34
000475 TERM6= BA(3,1)*ESIG34 + BA(3,2)*ESIG2
000501 CF(1)= CF(1) + W11I*TERM1
000504 CF(2)= CF(2) + W11I*TERM2
000507 CF(3)= CF(3) + W12I*TERM3
000512 CF(4)= CF(4) + W12I*TERM4
000515 CF(5)= CF(5) + W13I*TERM5
000520 CF(6)= CF(6) + W13I*TERM6
000523 CF(7)= CF(7) + W21I*TERM3 + W22I*TERM1
000530 CF(8)= CF(8) + W21I*TERM4 + W22I*TERM2
000535 CF(9)= CF(9) + W22I*TERM5 + W23I*TERM3
000542 CF(10)= CF(10) + W22I*TERM6 + W23I*TERM4
000547 CF(11)= CF(11) + W23I*TERM1 + W21I*TERM5
000554 CF(12)= CF(12) + W23I*TERM2 + W21I*TERM6
130
000563 CON1= 30.0
000565 IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 135
C
000566 ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
CON1= 360.0
000567 DO 200 I=1,3
000571 K=NP(NV,I)
000577 DO 200 J=1,6
000600 CF(2*I-1)=CF(2*I-1)+AREA*W2(I,J)*ESIG(NV,J,3)/(4.*XORD(K))
200
RESI1140
RESI1150
RESI1160
RESI1170
RESI1180
RESI1190
RESI1200
RESI1210
RESI1220
RESI1230
RESI1240
RESI1250
RESI1260
RESI1270
RESI1280
RESI1290
RESI1300
RESI1310
RESI1320
RESI1330
RESI1340
RESI1350
RESI1360
RESI1370
RESI1380
RESI1390
RESI1400
RESI1410
RESI1420
RESI1430
RESI1440
RESI1450
RESI1460
RESI1470
RESI1480
RESI1490
RESI1500
RESI1510

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 RESID
000635 135 DO 140 I=1,12
000637 140 CF(I)=-TH*CF(I)/CON1
C ***** ACCUMULATE THE RESIDUAL FORCES FOR EACH NODAL POINT *****
000645 DO 160 I=1,6
000646 L=NP(NV,I)
000654 DF(2*L-1)=DF(2*L-1)+CF(2*I-1)
000661 160 DF(2*L)=DF(2*L)+CF(2*I)
000667 100 CONTINUE
000672 DO 560 M=1,NEQBC
000673 NR=NEBC(M)
000676 F(NR)=-DF(NR)
000701 IF (NLOAD .LT. 0) DF(NR)= 0.
000705 560 CONTINUE
000710 IF (NLOAD .LT. 0) GO TO 900
000711 IF (NID .LE. 0) GO TO 700
000713 DO 660 M=1,NID
000714 NR=ND(M)
000717 660 F(NR)=-DF(NR)
C ***** ADD THE ACCUMULATED NODAL FORCES (F) TO THE RESIDUAL FORCES.
000725 700 DO 170 I=1,NEQ
000727 170 DF(I)=DF(I)+F(I)
000735 900 RETURN
000736 END
*FOLLOWING VARIABLES EQUIVALENCED BUT NOT REFERENCED
ZI
RESI1520
RESI1530
RESI1540
RESI1550
RESI1560
RESI1570
RESI1580
RESI1590
RESI1600
RESI1610
RESI1620
RESI1630
RESI1640
RESI1650
RESI1660
RESI1670
RESI1680
RESI1690
RESI1700
RESI1710
RESI1720
RESI1730
RESI1740
RESI1750
RESI1760
RESI1770
RESI1780
RESI1790
RESI1800
RESI1810

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

RESID

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
001111

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS			
90	-	000035	125
560	-	000705	700

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	-	000013	IDIMEN	-	000022	IFLAGS	-	000012	INDEX	-	000026
IPERM	-	000003	PROPS	-	000012	ST	-	000234	XYCDOR	-	000006

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

AREA	-	000007C06	BA	-	001007	CF	-	0C0220C07	CON1	-	001105
ESIG1	-	001066	ESIG2	-	001067	ESIG34	-	0C1070	I	-	001061
IMAT	-	000005C04	IPERM	-	000000C05	J	-	001063	J34	-	000010C04
K	-	001106	K1	-	001062	K2	-	0C1064	L	-	001107
M	-	001065	MATEL	-	000002	ND	-	0C0001	NEBC	-	000000
NEQ	-	000002C01	NEQBC	-	000003C01	NID	-	000006C02	NLOAD	-	000005C02
NMAT	-	000007C02	NNUMEL	-	000004	NR	-	0C1110	NUMEL	-	000001C02
NV	-	000001C04	RECCYL	-	000002C03	RR	-	000000C10	R1	-	000000C10
R2	-	000001C10	R3	-	000002C10	ST	-	000000C07	TERM1	-	001077
TERM2	-	001100	TERM3	-	001101	TERM4	-	0C1102	TERM5	-	001103
TERM6	-	001104	TH	-	000004C06	VTH	-	000003	W1	-	001015
W111	-	001071	W121	-	001072	W131	-	0C1073	W2	-	001037
W211	-	001074	W221	-	001075	W231	-	0C1076	ZZ	-	000003C10

START OF CONSTANTS

000740

START OF TEMPORARIES

000763

START OF INDIRECTS

000773

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	RESID
EXTERNAL REFERENCES		
END		
COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED - 010100	USED -	037700

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70

RRST23

```

000045      EQUIVALENCE      ( IRS, RSDATA( 1 ) )
000045      EQUIVALENCE      ( RS, INUMEL, RSDATA( 1 ) ), ( INUMNP, RS( 2 ) )
1      , ( INLOAD, RS( 5 ) ), ( INID , RS( 6 ) ), ( INMAT , RS( 7 ) )
2      , ( INDP , RS( 8 ) ), ( INDLIM, RS(11) )

000045      NLayer= IRS(13)

000046      READ (IRSIN) INEQ, VPRFL , DPRAT, XLNGTH, BLTHNS, NPTSY, LSSAVE

000067      IF ( VPRFL .EQ. VPRFLG ) GO TO 200
000075      WRITE (6,11) VPRFL , VPRFLG
000104      FORMAT (36H0ERROR... VPRFLG FROM RESTART TAPE =F5.1,5X,
11      1 28HPROGRAM ALREADY SET VPRFLG =F5.1 )
000104      STOP

C      **** READ NP ARRAY IN TRANSPOSE ORDER FOR USE BY SUBROUTINE SETUPRRST0540
000106      200      READ (IRSIN) ( ( NP(I,J), J=1, INUMEL ), I=1,6 )

000133      IF ( INLOAD .LE. 0 ) GO TO 400
000140      READ (IRSIN) ( LOADE(I), I=1, INLOAD ), ( LOADS(I), I=1, INLOAD )
000166      IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) READ (IRSIN) ( VPR(I), I=1, INLOAD )

000215      IF ( INDLIM .LE. 0 ) GO TO 500
000217      NNDL3= 3*INDLIM
000220      READ (IRSIN) ( DLIM(I) , I=1, NNDL3 )

000235      READ (IRSIN) ( VEM(I), I=1, INMAT ), ( VXU(I), I=1, INMAT )
1      , ( VTH(I), I=1, INMAT ), ( VXI(I), I=1, INMAT ), ( VYP(I), I=1, INMAT )

000324      IF ( INDP .LE. 0 ) GO TO 700
000331      INDP2= 2*INDP
000333      READ (IRSIN) ( DELIAP(I) , I=1, INDP2 )

000351      IF ( INMAT .LE. 1 ) GO TO 800
000357      READ (IRSIN) ( MATEL(I), I=1, INUMEL )

000375      IF ( INID .LE. 0 ) GO TO 900
RRST0380
RRST0390
RRST0400
RRST0410
RRST0420
RRST0430
RRST0440
RRST0450
RRST0460
RRST0470
RRST0480
RRST0490
RRST0500
RRST0510
RRST0520
RRST0530
RRST0540
RRST0550
RRST0560
RRST0570
RRST0580
RRST0590
RRST0600
RRST0610
RRST0620
RRST0630
RRST0640
RRST0650
RRST0660
RRST0670
RRST0680
RRST0690
RRST0700
RRST0710
RRST0720
RRST0730
RRST0740
RRST0750

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 RRST23
000402 READ (IRSIN) ( ND(I),I=1,INID ), ( DSD(I),I=1,INID ) RRST0760
000432 IF ( BLANAL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 200C RRST0770
000437 READ (IRSIN) ( DEPTH(I),I=1,NLAYER ) RRST0780
000455 IF ( FLIFE .NE. 0.0 ) READ (IRSIN) ( MLAYER(I),I=1,NLAYER ) RRST0790
1 , ( CYCM(I),I=1,INMAT ), ( CYCZ(I),I=1,INMAT ) RRST0800
RRST0810
RRST0820
RRST0830
RRST0840
RRST0850
RRST0860
RRST0870
RRST0880
RRST0890
RRST0900
RRST0910
RRST0920
RRST0930
RRST0940
RRST0950
RRST0960
RRST0970
RRST0980
RRST0990
RRST1000
RRST1010
RRST1020
RRST1030
RRST1040
RRST1050
RRST1060
RRST1070
RRST1080
RRST1090
RRST1100
RRST1110
RRST1120
RRST1130

C ***** READ LOAD STEP DEPENDENT QUANTITIES FROM RESTART TAPE *****
C ***** SKIP OVER TO THE PROPER DUMP ON THE RESTART TAPE *****
2000 NSKIP= RESTR - 1.0
IF ( NSKIP .EQ. 0 ) GO TO 2200
MSKIP= NSKIP
IF ( INDLIM .GT. 0 ) NSKIP= NSKIP + NSKIP
IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) NSKIP= NSKIP + MSKIP
WRITE (6,10) NSKIP
10 FORMAT (48HNO. OF RECORDS OF INPUT RESTART TAPE SKIPPED =15 )
DO 2100 I=1,NSKIP
READ (IRSIN)
2100 CONTINUE

2200 READ (IRSIN) JDUMP,LSTEP,TPRESS,NPRN,NEQBC,DPRESS,RSFOLD
1 , ( ( BETA(I,J),I=1,INUMEL ), J=1,6 )
2 , ( ( ETST(I,J,K),I=1,INUMEL ), J=1,6 ) , K=1,J34 )
3 , ( ( EPST(I,J,K),I=1,INUMEL ), J=1,6 ) , K=1,J34 )
4 , ( ( EEST(I,J,K),I=1,INUMEL ), J=1,6 ) , K=1,J34 )
5 , ( ( ESIG(I,J,K),I=1,INUMEL ), J=1,6 ) , K=1,5 )
6 , ( ( EWP(I,J),I=1,INUMEL ), J=1,6 )
7 , ( XORD(I),I=1,INUMNP )
8 , ( YORD(I),I=1,INUMNP )
9 , ( DIS(I),I=1,INEQ )
1 , ( F(I),I=1,INEQ )
2 , ( RESI(I),I=1,INEQ )
3 , ( NEBC(I),I=1,NEQBC )

IF ( INDLIM .GT. 0 ) READ (IRSIN) ( DLFLAG(I),I=1,INDLIM )
001110

```

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	RRST23	
001137	IF (VPRFLG .NE. 0.0)	READ (IRSIN)	(TPR(I),I=1,INLOAD)
001162	RMAXS=MAXST - LSTEP0		RRST1140
001165	NPRIN= LSTEP0 + IPRIN		RRST1150
001167	LSTEP0= LSTEP0 + 1		RRST1160
001170	RETURN		RRST1170
001171	END		RRST1180
			RRST1190
			RRST1200

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
001276

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS				
10	- 001216 11	200	- 000106	300	- 000133
400	- 000215 500	600	- 000324	700	- 000351
800	- 000375 900	2000	- 000530	2200	- 000567

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	- 000013 CMESH	IDIMEN	- 000022	IFLAGS	- 000012
INDEX	- 000026 IOUNIT	LSSAVE	- 000024	MESHIN	- 000011
PROPS	- 000012 RSDATA				

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

BETA	- 000015 BLANAL	BLTHNS	- 000000C02	CYCM	- 000024
CYCZ	- 000025 DELTAP	DEPTH	- 000026	DIS	- 000010
DISPL	- 000005 DLFLAG	DPRAT	- 00003C02	DPRESS	- 00001C11
DSD	- 000032 EEST	EPST	- 000017	ESIG	- 000021
ETST	- 000016 EWP	F	- 000011	FLIFE	- 000011C04
I	- 001265 INDLIM	INDP	- 00007C12	INDP2	- 001270
INEQ	- 001263 INID	INLOAD	- 00004C12	INMAT	- 000006C12
INUMEL	- 000000C12 INUMNP	IPRIN	- 00004C04	IRS	- 000000C12
IRSIN	- 000000C06 J	JDUMP	- 001273	J34	- 000010C05
K	- 001275 LSSAVE	LSTEPO	- 000016C05	MATEL	- 000004
MAXST	- 000012C03 MLAYER	MSKIP	- 001272	ND	- 000031
NEBC	- 000013 NEQBC	NLAYER	- 000015C03	NNDL3	- 001267
NNUMEL	- 000033 NPRIN	NPRN	- 001274	NPTSY	- 000010C01
NSKIP	- 001271 RESI	RESTR	- 000001C04	RMAXS	- 000011C11
RS	- 000000C12 RSDATA	RSFOLD	- 000005C10	TPR	- 000030
TPRESS	- 000010C11 VPR	VPRFL	- 001264	VPRFLG	- 000025C05
VTH	- 000000 VXI	VYP	- 000002	XLNGTH	- 000003C10
XORD	- 000006 YORD				

START OF CONSTANTS

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	RRST23
001173		
START OF TEMPORARIES		
001225		
START OF INDIRECTS		
001263		
EXTERNAL REFERENCES		
INPUTB	OUTPTC	STOP
END		
COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED - 007400	USED -	040400

```

SUBROUTINE SETIC (NP ,BETA ,ESIG , ,TST ,PST ,EST
1 ,DTST ,SIG ,ETST ,EPST ,EEST ,EWP ,XORD ,DWP
2 ,WP ,COUNT ,DR ,DIS ,F ,VEM ,VXU ,VXI
3 ,VYP ,MATEL ,THETA ,NEBC ,NNUMEL ,NNUMNP )
SETI0010
SETI0020
SETI0030
SETI0040
SETI0050
SETI0060
SETI0070
C CALCULATES THE INCREMENTAL AND TOTAL STRESSES AND STRAINS
C
C ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
DIMENSION NP (NNUMEL,6) ,BETA(NNUMEL,6) ,ESIG(NNUMEL,6,5)
1 ,TST (NNUMNP,4) ,PST (NNUMNP,4)
2 ,EST (NNUMNP,4) ,DTST(NNUMNP,5) ,SIG (NNUMNP,5)
3 ,ETST(NNUMEL,6,4) ,EPST(NNUMEL,6,4) ,EEST(NNUMEL,6,4)
4 ,EWP (NNUMEL,6) ,THETA(NNUMEL,3)
DIMENSION XORD (1),YORD (1),DWP (1),WP (1),COUNT (1)
1 ,DR (1),DIS (1),F (1),VEM (1),VXU (1)
2 ,VXI (1),VYP (1),MATEL (1),NEBC (1)
000040
DIMENSION DETST(6,4),ROT(6),BA(3,2),DEPST(4)
DIMENSION DEEST(4),S(4),DESIG(4),SIGP(6,4)
C ***** THE INDICATED DIMENSION OF THE ARRAY B IS A DUMMY.
C THE ACTUAL DIMENSION NBUCKT IS CALCULATED BY SUBROUTINE BLOCSETI0220
C AND THE REQUIRED STORAGE IS ALLOCATED BY SUBROUTINE MRELSE.
COMMON B(1)
000040
COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6
1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2
COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN ,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGINSETI0300
2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR ,RECCYL ,CONVER ,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1 ,SAVETP ,BLANAL ,FLIFE
COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1 ,ERRFLG ,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEP0 ,NPRIN
2 ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG
COMMON /IPERM/ IPERM(3)
SETI0310
SETI0320
SETI0330
SETI0340
SETI0350
SETI0360
SETI0370

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 SETIC

C ***** THE ARRAYS TPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
C ARRAY UPR.  THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR
C IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCKT DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE
C POSITION OF TPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY.  *****
0000040 COMMON /LBUCKT/ LNP ,LLOADE,LLOADS,LNEBC ,LND ,LMATEL,LBETA
1 ,LVPR ,LEIST ,LEPST ,LEEST ,LESIG ,LEWP ,LXGRD ,LYORD ,LDWP
2 ,LWP ,LCOUNT,LDF ,LDR ,LDIS ,LF ,LRESI ,LTST ,LPST
3 ,LEST ,LDTST ,LSIG ,LDSD ,LDLIM ,LDLFLG,LVEM ,LVXU ,LVTH
4 ,LVXI ,LVYP ,LDELTP,LTHETA,LDISPL,LBCOND,LCYCM ,LCYCZ ,LMLAYR
5 ,LDEPTH,LCYCF ,LA ,LTPR ,LDPR
6 ,NBUCKT
0000040 COMMON /PROPS / PRESS ,DPRESS,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP
1 ,AREA ,TPRESS,RMAXS
0000040 COMMON /UV / UV(3,6,2)
0000040 ER=EM/(1.-XU-2.*XU*XU)

C ***** CLEAR DWP, WP, AND COUNT ARRAYS *****
0000044 LL= LDF-1
0000046 DO 110 I=LDWP,LL

C ***** CLEAR TST, PST, AND EST ARRAYS *****
0000050 110 B(I)= 0.0
0000055 LL= LDTST-1
0000057 DO 115 I=LTST,LL

C ***** CLEAR SIG ARRAY *****
0000061 115 B(I)= 0.0
0000066 LL= LDSD - 1
0000070 DO 120 I=LSIG,LL

0000072 120 B(I)= 0.0
0000077 DO 130 N=1,NEQ

000100 130 DIS(N)=DIS(N)+DR(N)
000107 LMAT= 0
SETI0380
SETI0390
SETI0400
SETI0410
SETI0420
SETI0430
SETI0440
SETI0450
SETI0460
SETI0470
SETI0480
SETI0490
SETI0500
SETI0510
SETI0520
SETI0530
SETI0540
SETI0550
SETI0560
SETI0570
SETI0590
SETI0600
SETI0580
SETI0610
SETI0620
SETI0640
SETI0650
SETI0630
SETI0660
SETI0670
SETI0690
SETI0680
SETI0700
SETI0720
SETI0730
SETI0710
SETI0740
SETI0750

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          SETIC

C      ***** ELEMENT LOOP *****
000110      DC 300 NV=1,NUMEL

000111      IF (NMAT.EQ.1) GO TO 140
000113      IMAT= MATEL(NV)
000116      IF (IMAT.EQ. LMAT) GO TO 140

C      ***** STORE PROPERTIES FOR THE CURRENT ELEMENT *****
000120      EM= VEM(IMAT)
000123      XU= VXU(IMAT)
000126      XI= VXI(IMAT)
000131      YP= VYP(IMAT)
000134      ER=EM/(1.-XU-2.*XU*XU)
000140      LMAT= IMAT

140      DO 150 I=1,3
000142      DO 151 K=1,J34
000144      DETSI(I,K)=0.
151      ROT(I)=0.
000145      K1=NP(NV,I)
000155      J=IPERM(I)
000157      K2=NP(NV,J)
000164      M=IPERM(J)
000167      BA(M,2)=XORD(K2)-XORD(K1)
000174      BA(M,1)=YORD(K1)-YORD(K2)
000177      BA(M,1)=YORD(K1)-YORD(K2)
000204      150

000214      AREA=BA(3,2)*BA(2,1)-BA(2,2)*BA(3,1)

C      ***** CALCULATE UV MATRIX *****
000220      DO 160 L=1,3
000222      L1=IPERM(L)
000225      L2=IPERM(L1)
000227      L3=L+3

000231      DO 160 N=1,2
000233      D0=BA(L,N)/AREA

```

```

SETI0760
SETI0770
SETI0780
SETI0790
SETI0810
SETI0800
SETI0820
SETI0830
SETI0840
SETI0850
SETI0860
SETI0870
SETI0880
SETI0890
SETI0900
SETI0910
SETI0920
SETI0930
SETI0940
SETI0950
SETI0960
SETI0970
SETI0980
SETI0990
SETI1000
SETI1010
SETI1020
SETI1030
SETI1040
SETI1050
SETI1060
SETI1070
SETI1080
SETI1090
SETI1100
SETI1110
SETI1120
SETI1130

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 SETIC

000240 D1=BA(L1,N)/AREA
000245 UV(L,N)=3.*D0
000252 UV(L1,L,N)=-D0
000260 UV(L2,L,N)=-D0
000266 UV(L,L3,N)=4.*D1
000274 UV(L1,L3,N)=4.*D0
000302 160 UV(L2,L3,N)=0.

C ***** CALCULATE STRESS DEVIATORS AND STORE TEMPORARILY IN SIGP *****
000313 DO 180 J=1,6
000315 X=ESIG(NV,J,1)
000327 Y=ESIG(NV,J,2)
000340 Z=ESIG(NV,J,J43)
000350 COMM=(X+Y+Z)/3.
000354 SIGP(J,1)=X-COMM
000357 SIGP(J,2)=Y-COMM
000362 SIGP(J,J34)=2.0*ESIG(NV,J,J34)
000376 SIGP(J,J43)=Z-COMM

000403 K=2*NP(NV,J)

C ***** CALCULATE INCREMENTAL TOTAL STRAINS AND ROTATION FOR EACH
C CORNER OF ELEMENT NV *****
000411 DO 180 I=1,3
000412 UVIJ1=UV(I,J,1)
000416 UVIJ2=UV(I,J,2)
000422 DETST(I,1)=DETST(I,1)+UVIJ1*DR(K-1)
000427 DETST(I,2)=DETST(I,2)+UVIJ2*DR(K)
000434 TERM1=UVIJ2*DR(K-1)
000440 TERM2=UVIJ1*DR(K)
000443 DETST(I,J34)=DETST(I,J34)+TERM1+TERM2
000452 180 ROT(I)=ROT(I)+TERM1-TERM2

000462 IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 182

C ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000463 DO 183 I=1,3
000464 J=NP(NV,I)

```

```

SETI1140
SETI1150
SETI1160
SETI1170
SETI1180
SETI1190
SETI1200
SETI1210
SETI1220
SETI1230
SETI1240
SETI1250
SETI1260
SETI1270
SETI1280
SETI1290
SETI1300
SETI1310
SETI1320
SETI1330
SETI1340
SETI1350
SETI1360
SETI1370
SETI1380
SETI1390
SETI1400
SETI1410
SETI1420
SETI1430
SETI1440
SETI1450
SETI1460
SETI1470
SETI1480
SETI1490
SETI1500
SETI1510

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 SETIC
000472 TEMP= DR(2*J-1)/XORD(J)
000476 IF (NLOAD .LT. 0) TEMP= TEMP + THETA(NV,I)
000506 183 DETST(I,3)= TEMP + 0.5*TEMP**2
C ***** CALCULATE SECOND ORDER TERMS OF INCREMENT TOTAL STRAINS *****
000515 182 DO 185 I=1,3
000517 UX= DETST(I,1)
000522 VY= DETST(I,2)
000524 UY= 0.5*(DETST(I,J34)+ROT(I) )
000533 VX= 0.5*(DETST(I,J34)-ROT(I) )
000542 DETST(I,1)= UX + 0.5*(UX**2+VX**2)
000550 DETST(I,2)= VY + 0.5*(VY**2+UY**2)
000555 185 DETST(I,J34)= DETST(I,J34) + UX*UY + VX*VY
C ***** OBTAIN INCREMENTAL TOTAL STRAINS AND ROTATIONS AT THE
C MIDPOINTS BY AVERAGING THE VALUE AT THE PROPER CORNER
000567 187 DO 190 I=1,3
000571 I1=IPERM(I)
000574 L=I+3
000576 ROT(L)=(ROT(I)+ROT(I1))/2.
000605 DO 190 J=1,J34
000607 DETST(L,J)=(DETST(I,J)+DETST(I1,J))/2.
C ***** LOOP FOR POINTS WITHIN ELEMENT NV *****
000635 DO 300 I=1,6
000637 N=NP(NV,I)
000645 DO 220 J=1,J34
000646 DEPT(J)=0.
000650 DEEST(J)=DETST(I,J)
000660 IF (BETA(NV,I)) 250,250,251
000665 S(1)=SIGP(I,1)
000670 S(2)=SIGP(I,2)
000672 S(3)=SIGP(I,3)
SETI1520
SETI1530
SETI1540
SETI1550
****SETI1560
SETI1570
SETI1580
SETI1590
SETI1600
SETI1610
SETI1620
SETI1630
SETI1640
SETI1650
SETI1660
SETI1670
SETI1680
SETI1690
SETI1700
SETI1710
SETI1720
SETI1730
SETI1740
SETI1750
SETI1760
SETI1770
SETI1780
SETI1790
SETI1800
SETI1810
SETI1820
SETI1830
SETI1840
SETI1850
SETI1860
SETI1870
SETI1880
SETI1890

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETIC

000674      S(J34)= 0.5*SIGP(I,J34)
          C      ***** CALCULATE PLASTIC AND ELASTIC INCREMENTAL STRAINS
          C      (DEPST AND DEEST) *****
          DO 240 J=1,J34
          DO 230 K=1,J34
          DEPST(J)=DEPST(J)+DEIST(I,K)*S(K)*BETA(NV,I)*SIGP(I,J)
          DEEST(J)=DEEST(J)-DEPST(J)
          C      ***** CALCULATE INCREMENTAL STRESSES (DESIG) *****
          250  DESIG(1)=ER*((1.-XU)*DEEST(1)+XU*DEEST(2))
          DESIG(2)=ER*(XU*DEEST(1)+(1.-XU)*DEEST(2))
          DESIG(J34)= ER*(0.5-XU)*DEEST(J34)
          DESIG(J43)= ER*XU*(DEEST(1)+DEEST(2))
          IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 260

          C      ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
          TTEMP= ER*XU*DEEST(3)
          DESIG(1)= DESIG(1) + TTEMP
          DESIG(2)= DESIG(2) + TTEMP
          DESIG(3)= DESIG(3) + ER*DEEST(3) - TTEMP
          C      ***** CALCULATE THE INCREMENT OF PLASTIC WORK (DEWP) *****
          260  DEWP=0.
          DO 273 J=1,J34

          C      ***** ADD INCREMENTAL ELEMENTAL STRESSES (DESIG) TO TOTAL
          C      ELEMENTAL STRESSES (ESIG) *****
          273  DEWP=DEWP+(ESIG(NV,I,J)+.5*DESIG(J))*DEPST(J)
          DO 270 J=1,4
          ESIG(NV,I,J)=ESIG(NV,I,J)+DESIG(J)
          C      ***** ADD INCREMENT OF PLASTIC WORK (DEWP) TO EWP(NV,I), THE TOTAL
          C      PLASTIC WORK FOR NODE I OF ELEMENT NV IF DEWP IS POSITIVE.
          IF (DEWP) 271,271,272
          EWP(NV,I)=EWP(NV,I)+DEWP
          272

000702      SETI1900
000703      SETI1910
000704      SETI1920
000736      SETI1930
          SETI1940
          SETI1950
          SETI1960
          SETI1970
          SETI1980
          SETI1990
          SETI2000
          SETI2010
          SETI2020
          SETI2030
          SETI2040
          SETI2050
          SETI2060
          SETI2070
          SETI2080
          SETI2090
          SETI2100
          SETI2110
          SETI2120
          SETI2130
          SETI2140
          SETI2150
          SETI2160
          SETI2180
          SETI2190
          SETI2200
          SETI2170
          SETI2210
          SETI2220
          SETI2230
          SETI2240
          SETI2250
          SETI2260
          SETI2270

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETIC

001072          C      ***** ACCUMULATE EWP(NV,I) IN WP(N) (WHERE N IS THE EXTERNAL NODE
C      INDEX OF THE I-TH NODE IN ELEMENT NV) *****
          271      WP(N)=WP(N)+EWP(NV,I)
001102          C      ***** ADD DEMP TO DWP(N), WHICH WILL BE USED TO CALCULATE THE
C      AVERAGE INCREMENTAL PLASTIC WORK FOR NODE N *****
          C      DWP(N)=DWP(N)+DEWP
001106          C      ***** ADD THE APPROPRIATE INCREMENTAL STRAINS TO THE ELEMENTAL
C      TOTAL STRAINS (ETST), PLASTIC STRAINS (EPST), AND ELASTIC
C      STRAINS (EEST) *****
          275      DO 280 J=1,J34
001110          C      ETST(NV,I,J)=ETST(NV,I,J)+DETST(I,J)
001125          C      EPST(NV,I,J)=EPST(NV,I,J)+DEPST(J)
001137          C      EEST(NV,I,J)=EEST(NV,I,J)+DEEST(J)

          C      ***** CALCULATE THE NODAL POINT INCREMENTAL STRAINS (DTST), TOTAL
C      STRAINS (TST), PLASTIC STRAINS (PST), AND ELASTIC STRAINS
C      (EST) *****
          C      DTST(N,J)=DETST(I,J)
001151          C      TST(N,J)=TST(N,J)+ETST(NV,I,J)
001162          C      PST(N,J)=PST(N,J)+EPST(NV,I,J)
001177          C      EST(N,J)=EST(N,J)+EEST(NV,I,J)
          280
001215          C      DTST(N,J45)= ROT(I)
001234

          C      ***** CORRECT THE TOTAL ELEMENTAL STRESSES (ESIG) *****
          C      E11=DETST(I,1)
          C      E22=DETST(I,2)
          C      E33= 0.0
          C      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) E33= DETST(I,3)
          C      GAM12=DETST(I,J34)
          C      OMEGA=ROT(I)
          C      C1=GAM12+OMEGA
          C      C2=GAM12-OMEGA
          C      S11=ESIG(NV,I,1)

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETIC
001300      S22=ESIG(NV,I,2)
001310      S12=ESIG(NV,I,J34)
001320      S33=ESIG(NV,I,J43)
001330      ESIG1= ( 1.0+E11-E22-E33 ) *S11 + C1*S12
001336      ESIG(NV,I,1)= ESIG1
001347      ESIG2= ( 1.0-E11+E22-E33 ) *S22 + C2*S12
001355      ESIG(NV,I,2)= ESIG2
001366      ESIG34= 0.5*( C2*S11+C1*S22 ) + ( 1.0-E33 ) *S12
001376      ESIG(NV,I,J34)= ESIG34
001406      ESIG43= ( 1.0-E11-E22+E33 ) *S33
001413      ESIG(NV,I,J43)= ESIG43
001423      ESIG5= SQRT( 0.5*( (ESIG1-ESIG2)**2 + (ESIG1-ESIG43)**2
1          + (ESIG2-ESIG43)**2 + 6.0*ESIG34**2 ) )
001441      ESIG(NV,I,5)= ESIG5

C          ***** CONSTRAIN EACH PLASTIC NODE POINT TO LIE ON THE YIELD
C          SURFACE *****
001455      YEQSG=SQRT(YP**2+2.*XI*EM*EWP(NV,I)/(1.-XI))
001473      COMM= ESIG5/YEQSG
001475      BETA(NV,I)=0.
001505      IF (DEWP) 380,340,350
001507      340  IF (COMM-0.999) 380,380,350
001512      350  DO 360 J=1,5
001514      360  ESIG(NV,I,J)=ESIG(NV,I,J)/COMM
001531      CONS=2.*XI/(3.*(1.-XI))
001536      DENM=2.*ESIG(NV,I,5)**2*(CONS*(1.+XU)+1.)
001553      BETA(NV,I)=3./DENM

C          ***** COUNT THE NUMBER OF ELEMENTS COMMON TO NODE N *****
001561      380  COUNT(N)=COUNT(N)+1.

C          ***** ADD INCREMENTAL NODAL POINT STRESSES TO THE TOTAL NODAL
C          POINT STRESSES *****

```

```

SETI2660
SETI2670
SETI2680
SETI2690
SETI2700
SETI2710
SETI2720
SETI2730
SETI2740
SETI2750
SETI2760
SETI2770
SETI2780
SETI2790
SETI2800
SETI2810
SETI2820
SETI2830
SETI2840
SETI2850
SETI2860
SETI2870
SETI2880
SETI2890
SETI2900
SETI2910
SETI2920
SETI2930
SETI2940
SETI2950
SETI2960
SETI2970
SETI2980
SETI2990
SETI3000
SETI3010
SETI3020
SETI3030

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETIC

001565      DO 300 J=1,5
001566      SIG(N,J)=SIG(N,J)+ESIG(NV,I,J)
001610      300  CONTINUE

C          ***** COMPUTE AVERAGE NODAL QUANTITIES *****

001617      DO 400 N=1,NUMNP
001621      CNT=COUNT(N)
001624      WP(N)=WP(N)/CNT
001627      DWP(N)=DWP(N)/CNT

305      DO 310 J=1,J34
001632      DTST(N,J)=DTST(N,J)/CNT
001634      TST(N,J)=TST(N,J)/CNT
001642      PST(N,J)=PST(N,J)/CNT
001650      EST(N,J)=EST(N,J)/CNT
001655      310

001665      DTST(N,J45)= DTST(N,J45)/CNT

001673      DO 320 J=1,5
001675      SIG(N,J)=SIG(N,J)/CNT

001706      400  CONTINUE

C          ***** TRANSFORM FORCE VECTOR (F) *****

001711      DO 500 N=1,NUMNP
001712      E11=DTST(N,1)
001720      E22=DTST(N,2)
001726      E33= 0.0
001727      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) E33= DTST(N,3)
001736      E12=DTST(N,J34)
001744      OMEGA=DTST(N,J45)
001752      C1=E12+OMEGA
001754      C2=E12-OMEGA

C          ***** SET F1 = 0 IF 2*N-1 = NEBC(I) FOR ANY I.
C          SET F2 = 0 IF 2*N = NEBC(I) FOR ANY I.

SETI3040
SETI3050
SETI3060
SETI3070
SETI3080
SETI3090
SETI3100
SETI3110
SETI3120
SETI3130
SETI3140
SETI3150
SETI3160
SETI3170
SETI3180
SETI3190
SETI3200
SETI3210
SETI3220
SETI3230
SETI3240
SETI3250
SETI3260
SETI3270
SETI3280
SETI3290
SETI3300
SETI3310
SETI3320
SETI3330
SETI3340
SETI3350
SETI3360
SETI3370
SETI3380
SETI3390
SETI3400
SETI3410

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70 SETIC
001756 F1FLG= 1.0
001760 F2FLG= 1.0
001761 NN= N+N
001763 DO 430 I=1,NEQBC
001764 IF ( NN-1 .NE. NEBC(I) ) GO TO 410
001770 F1FLG= 0.0
001771 GO TO 420
001771 410 IF ( NN .NE. NEBC(I) ) GO TO 430
001775 F2FLG= 0.0
001776 420 IF ( (F1FLG+F2FLG) .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 440
002000 430 CONTINUE
002003 F1= F1FLG*F(NN-1)
002007 F2= F2FLG*F(NN)
002012 F(2*N-1)=(1.-E22-E33)*F1+0.5*C1*F2
002023 500 F(2*N)=0.5*C2*F1+(1.-E11-E33)*F2

C ***** UPDATE NODAL POINT COORDINATES *****
002036 DO 510 N=1,NUMNP
002040 XORD(N)=XORD(N)+DR(2*N-1)
002045 510 YORD(N)=YORD(N)+DR(2*N)
002054 RETURN
002055 END

SETI3420
SETI3430
SETI3440
SETI3450
SETI3460
SETI3470
SETI3480
SETI3490
SETI3500
SETI3510
SETI3520
SETI3530
SETI3540
SETI3550
SETI3560
SETI3570
SETI3580
SETI3590
SETI3600
SETI3610
SETI3620
SETI3630

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

SETIC

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
002403

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS					
140	- 000142 151	-	000145	182	-	000515 183 000506
187	- 000567 190	-	000607	230	-	000704 250 000744
251	- 000665 260	-	001005	270	-	001042 271 001072
272	- 001063 273	-	001010	275	-	001106 305 001632
320	- 001675 340	-	001507	350	-	001512 360 001514
380	- 001561 410	-	001771	420	-	001776 430 002000
440	- 002003					

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

BLOCK NAMES	AND LENGTHS					
INDEX	- 000001 CDIMEN	-	000013	IDIMEN	-	000022 IFLAGS 000012
UV	- 000026 IPERM	-	000003	LBUCKET	-	000061 PROPS 000012
	- 000044					

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

AREA	- 000007C10 B	-	000000C01 BA	-	002234 CNT	-	002374
COMM	- 002334 CONS	-	002372 COUNT	-	000012 CI	-	002356
C2	- 002357 DEEST	-	002246 DENM	-	002373 DEPST	-	002242
DESIG	- 002256 DETST	-	002176 DEWP	-	002350 DIS	-	000014
DR	- 000013 DTST	-	000000 DWP	-	000010 DO	-	002327
D1	- 002330 EEST	-	000004 EM	-	00002C10 EPST	-	000003
ER	- 002312 ESIG1	-	002364 ESIG2	-	002365 ESIG34	-	002366
ESIG43	- 002367 ESIG5	-	002370 ETST	-	000002 EWP	-	000005
E11	- 002351 E12	-	002375 E22	-	002352 E33	-	002353
F	- 000015 F1	-	002401 F1FLG	-	002376 F2	-	002402
F2FLG	- 002377 GAM12	-	002354 I	-	002314 IMAT	-	000005C05
IPERM	- 000000C06 I1	-	002346 J	-	002320 J34	-	000010C05
J43	- 000011C05 J45	-	000012C05 K	-	002316 K1	-	002317
K2	- 002321 L	-	002323 LDF	-	000022C07 LDSD	-	000034C07
LDTST	- 000032C07 LDWP	-	000017C07 LL	-	002313 LMAT	-	000006C05
LSIG	- 000033C07 LTST	-	000027C07 L1	-	002324 L2	-	002325

RUN 2.3I		05/28/70		SETIC							
L3	-	002326	M	-	002322	MATEL	-	000022	N	-	002315
NEBC	-	000024	NEQ	-	000002C02	NEQBC	-	000003C02	NLOAD	-	000005C03
NMAT	-	000007C03	NN	-	002400	NNUMEL	-	000025	NNUMNP	-	000026
NUMEL	-	000001C03	NUMNP	-	000002C03	NV	-	000001C05	OMEGA	-	002355
RECCYL	-	000002C04	ROT	-	002226	S	-	002252	SIG	-	000001
SIGP	-	002262	S11	-	002360	S12	-	002362	S22	-	002361
S33	-	002363	TEMP	-	002341	TERM1	-	002337	TERM2	-	002340
THETA	-	000023	TTEMP	-	002347	UV	-	000000C11	UVI J1	-	002335
UVI J2	-	002336	UX	-	002342	UY	-	002344	VEM	-	000016
VX	-	002345	VXI	-	000020	VXU	-	000017	VY	-	002343
VYP	-	000021	WP	-	000011	X	-	002331	XI	-	000005C10
XORD	-	000006	XU	-	000003C10	Y	-	002332	YEQSG	-	002371
YORD	-	000007	YP	-	000006C10	Z	-	002333			

START OF CONSTANTS
002057

START OF TEMPORARIES
002074

START OF INDIRECTS
002136

EXTERNAL REFERENCES
SQRT END

COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED -	004600	USED 043200


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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETUP

000037      1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2
000037      COMMON /FFLAGS/ ,NONTRY ,BLANK
000037      EQUIVALENCE ( ,FNONTR ,NONTRY )
000037      COMMON /IDIMEN/ ,NDIMEN ,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1          ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NPLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGIN
2          ,NXINT ,NCYCF
000037      COMMON /IFLAGS/ ,NFLGS ,RESTR ,RECCYL ,CONVER ,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1          ,SAVETP ,BLANAL ,FLIFE
000037      COMMON /INDEX / ,IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1          ,ERRFLG ,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,J69 ,I912 ,LSTEPO ,NPRIN
2          ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG
000037      COMMON /IPERM/ ,IPERM(3)
C          ***** THE ARRAYS IPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
C          ARRAY UPR.  THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR
C          IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCKT DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE
C          POSITION OF IPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY.  *****
000037      COMMON /LBUCKT/ ,LNP ,LLOADS ,LLOADS ,LNEBC ,LND ,LMATEL ,LBETA
1          ,LVPR ,LEST ,LEPST ,LEEST ,LESIG ,LEWP ,LXORD ,LYORD ,LDWP
2          ,LWP ,LCOUNT ,LDF ,LDR ,LDIS ,LF ,LRESI ,LST ,LPST
3          ,LEST ,LDTST ,LSIG ,LDS ,LDLIM ,LDLFLG ,LVEM ,LVXU ,LVTH
4          ,LVXI ,LVYP ,LDELTP ,LTHEIA ,LDISPL ,LBCOND ,LCYCM ,LCYCZ ,LMLAYR
5          ,LDEPTH ,LCYCF ,LA ,LTPR ,LDPR
6          ,NBUCKT
000037      COMMON /LSSAVE/ ,LSSAVE(2,10)
000037      COMMON /PROPS / ,PRESS ,DPRESS ,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP
1          ,AREA ,TPRESS ,RMAXS
000037      EQUIVALENCE ( ,IBANDW ,IBAND )
000037      DATA ,HPRESS ,HDELTP ,HMA TEL ,HCORNR ,HNP ,HBCOND ,HDLIM ,HLOADS
1          ,HLOADS ,HDISPL
2          / ,5HPRESS ,6HDELTP ,5HMA TEL ,6HCORNER ,2HNP ,6HIBCOND
3          ,4HDLIM ,5HLOADS ,5HLOADS ,5HDISPL /
000037      NAMELIST /DATA / ,DELTA P ,DISPL ,DLIM ,IBCOND ,LOADS ,MATEL
1          ,NP ,VEM ,VTH ,VXI ,VXU ,VYP ,CORNER ,XORD ,YORD
2          ,LSSAVE ,MLAYER ,DEPTH ,CYCTOF ,CYCM ,CYCZ ,VPR

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          SETUP

000037 1   FORMAT (37H0ILLEGAL VALUE SPECIFIED FOR VARIABLE,5X,A6,5X
1       1 ,17HWITH SUBSCRIPT(S),2I6 )
000037 19  FORMAT ( 31H1 MATERIAL AND GEOM. PROPERTIES,///
1       1 16H ELASTIC MODULUS,17X,5F12.2/(33X,5F12.2) )
000037 20  FORMAT(1H1,15HELEMENT ARRAY ,//,8H ELEMENT,5X,1H1,5X,1HJ,5X,1HK,
1       1 5X,1HL,5X,1HM,5X,1HN,//)
000037 21  FORMAT (15H0POISSONS RATIO,16X,5F12.3/(31X,5F12.3) )
000037 22  FORMAT (18H0INITIAL THICKNESS,13X,5F12.3/(31X,5F12.3) )
000037 23  FORMAT (30H0PLASTIC/ELASTIC MODULUS RATIO,3X,5E12.3/(33X,5E12.3) )
000037 24  FORMAT (20H0INITIAL YIELD POINT,11X,5F12.1/(31X,5F12.1) )
000037 25  FCRMAT (25H0ARC SEGMENT (IN DEGREES),6X,5F12.3/(31X,5F12.3) )
000037 26  FORMAT(1H0,2X,7I6)
000037 27  FORMAT (32H1VARIABLE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION//
1       1 2(20H ELEMENT MATERIAL ),6H ETC./(17,19,4(11,19)) )
000037 29  FORMAT(1H1,19H CORNER POINT ARRAY,//,6H POINT,10X,5HX-ORD,10X,
1       1 5HY-ORD,/,1X)
000037 31  FORMAT(1H ,16,2F15.5)
000037 33  FORMAT(1H0,15,1I6)
000037 34  FORMAT (1H+,E41.5)
000037 35  FORMAT(1H1,14H PRESSURE LOAD,//,8H ELEMENT,8X,11HSIDE LOADED)
000037 36  FORMAT (1H+,E61.5,E20.5)
000037 40  FORMAT(1H1,20H BOUNDARY CONDITIONS,//,6H POINT,2X,4HNFIX,/,1X)
000037 41  FCRMAT(1H1,22H IMPOSED DISPLACEMENTS,//,8H NODE ,8X,
1       1 11HDIRECTION ,8X,9HMAGNITUDE,/)
000037 43  FORMAT(1H ,16,9X,16,9X,E12.5)
000037 44  FCRMAT(1H0,2I6)
000037 45  FCRMAT (27H1 NODAL DISPLACEMENT LIMITS//
1       1 30H NODE DIRECT, DISPL. LIMIT// )
000037 46  FORMAT (15,17,E17.5)
000037 48  FORMAT (1H+,30X,10HTOTAL LOAD)
000037 49  FCRMAT (1H+,50X,10HINCR. LOAD,10X,11HACCUM. LOAD )
000037 61  FCRMAT ( 9H0ERROR,.,15,25H SIDES LOADED FOR ELEMENT,18 )
000037 62  FORMAT (33H0NEGATIVE OR ZERO AREA, ELEMENT = 15)
000037 65  FORMAT (13H0BAND WIDTH = 15)
000037 70  FORMAT (18H0MAX BAND WIDTH OF 13, 9H EXCEEDED)

000037 II= 1

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RUN 2-3I 05/28/70 SETUP

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000040      IERROR = 1
C
000041      ***** CLEAR BUCKET STORAGE REGION *****
000043      NCLEAR= NBUCKET - 1
000044      DO 100 I=1,NCLEAR
000051      B(I)= 0.0
000052      IF ( FLIFE .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 103
000053      DO 102 I=1,NMAT
000056      CYCM(I)= FNONTR
102      CONTINUE
C
000061      ***** READ INPUT ARRAYS AND LOAD STEP DEPENDENT QUANTITIES FROM
C      RESTART TAPE *****
103      IF ( RESTRY .NE. 0.0 )
1          CALL RST23 (NP ,LOADE ,LOADS ,DLIM ,VEM ,VXU ,VTH
2          ,VXI ,VYP ,DELTAP,MATEL ,DISPL ,XORD ,YORD
3          ,B(LDIS ),B(LF ),B(LRESI ),NEBC ,B(LDLFLG),B(LBETA )
4          ,B(LEIST ),B(LEPST ),B(LEEST ),B(LESIG ),B(LEWP ),MLAYER
5          ,CYCM ,CYCZ ,DEPTH ,VPR ,TPR ,ND ,DSD ,NUMEL )
C
000176      ***** READ REMAINDER OF NAMELIST INPUT DATA FOR THIS CASE *****
      READ (5,DATA)
C
000201      IF ( (BLANAL .EQ. 0.0) .OR. (RESTRY .NE. 0.0) ) GO TO 2000
C
000213      CALL MSHGEN (NP ,XORD ,YORD ,DEPTH ,CYCM ,CYCZ ,VTH
1          ,MLAYER,MATEL ,ND ,NEBC ,CYCLOF,IERROR )
C
000231      2000 IF ( (BLANAL .NE. 0.0) .OR. (VPRFLG .NE. 0.0) ) GO TO 110
000243      IF (NDP .NE. 0) GO TO 105
C
000244      DPRESS= (PRESS - TPRESS) / RMAXS
000247      GO TO 110
SETU1140
SETU1150
SETU1160
SETU1170
SETU1180
SETU1190
SETU1200
SETU1210
SETU1220
SETU1230
SETU1240
SETU1250
SETU1260
SETU1270
SETU1280
SETU1290
SETU1300
SETU1310
SETU1320
SETU1330
SETU1340
SETU1350
SETU1360
SETU1370
SETU1380
SETU1390
SETU1400
SETU1410
SETU1420
SETU1430
SETU1440
SETU1450
SETU1460
SETU1470
SETU1480
SETU1490
SETU1500
SETU1510

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETUP
C      **** VARIABLE LOAD STEP SIZES ****
105  NSTEP= DELTAP(1,1)
      DPRESS= DELTAP(2,1)
      IF ( (NSTEP .GT. 0) .AND. (DPRESS .NE. 0.0) ) GO TO 110
      IERROR= 0
      WRITE (6,1) HDELT,PI
C      **** MATERIAL PROPERTIES ****
110  WRITE (6,19) (VEM(I),I=1,NMAT)
      WRITE (6,21) (VXU(I),I=1,NMAT)
      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 115
      IF ( BLANAL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 115
C      **** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES. CONVERT THICKNESS FROM DEGREES
      TO RADIANS ****
      WRITE (6,25) (VTH(I),I=1,NMAT)
      DO 112 I=1,NMAT
112  VTH(I)= 0.0174532925*VTH(I)
      GO TO 116
115  WRITE (6,22) (VTH(I),I=1,NMAT)
116  WRITE (6,23) (VXI(I),I=1,NMAT)
      WRITE (6,24) (VYP(I),I=1,NMAT)
      IF (NMAT .GT. 1) GO TO 120
C      **** ONLY ONE MATERIAL. PROPERTIES ARE CONSTANT ****
      EM= VEM(1)
      XU= VXU(1)
      TH= VTH(1)
      XI= VXI(1)
      YP= VYP(1)
      GO TO 130
C      **** MATERIAL SPECIFICATION FOR EACH ELEMENT (IF NMAT .GT. 1) ***
120  WRITE (6,27) (I,MATEL(I),I=1,NUMEL)

```

```

SETU1520
SETU1530
SETU1540
SETU1550
SETU1560
SETU1570
SETU1580
SETU1590
SETU1600
SETU1610
SETU1620
SETU1630
SETU1640
SETU1650
SETU1660
SETU1670
SETU1680
SETU1690
SETU1700
SETU1710
SETU1720
SETU1730
SETU1740
SETU1750
SETU1760
SETU1770
SETU1780
SETU1790
SETU1800
SETU1810
SETU1820
SETU1830
SETU1840
SETU1850
SETU1860
SETU1870
SETU1880
SETU1890

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETUP

000453      DO 125 I=1,NUMEL
000460      IF ( (MATEL(I) .GT. 0) .AND. (MATEL(I) .LE. NMAT) ) GO TO 125
000472      IERROR= 0
000473      WRITE (6,1)  HMATEL,I
000502      125 CONTINUE

C      ***** COORDINATES OF CORNER POINTS *****
000510      130 IF ( RESTRT .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 135
000511      IF ( BLANAL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 135

000512      WRITE (6,29)
000516      DO 140 I=1,NUMCP
000523      N= CORNER(1,I)
000527      X= CORNER(2,I)
000533      Y= CORNER(3,I)
000536      WRITE (6,31)  N,X,Y
000550      IF ( (N .GT. 0) .AND. (N .LE. NUMNP) ) GO TO 141
000564      IERROR= 0
000565      WRITE (6,1)  HCORNR,II,I
000576      GO TO 140

000602      141 XCRD(N)= X
000605      YCRD(N)= Y
000607      140 CONTINUE

000612      135 WRITE (6,20)
000616      DO 146 N=1,NUMEL

C      ***** NODE SPECIFICATION FOR EACH ELEMENT *****
000623      WRITE (6,26)  N,(NP(I,N),I=1,6)
000643      IF ( BLANAL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 146

000650      DO 145 I=1,6
000651      K=NP(I,N)
000655      IF ( (K .GT. 0) .AND. (K .LE. NUMNP) ) GO TO 142

SETU1900
SETU1910
SETU1920
SETU1930
SETU1940
SETU1950
SETU1960
SETU1970
SETU1980
SETU1990
SETU2000
SETU2010
SETU2020
SETU2030
SETU2040
SETU2050
SETU2060
SETU2070
SETU2080
SETU2090
SETU2100
SETU2110
SETU2120
SETU2130
SETU2140
SETU2150
SETU2160
SETU2170
SETU2180
SETU2190
SETU2200
SETU2220
SETU2210
SETU2230
SETU2240
SETU2250
SETU2260
SETU2270

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          SETUP
000666      IERROR= 0
000667      WRITE (6,1)  HNP,I,N
000700      142  IF ( I .GT. 3)  GO TO 145
000707      IF ( RESTR1 .NE. 0.0 )  GO TO 145
C      ***** CALCULATE COORDINATES OF ALL MIDPOINTS *****
000710      J=IPERM(I)
000712      L=NP(J,N)
000716      IF ( (L .GT. 0) .AND. (L .LE. NUMNP) )  GO TO 143
000727      IERROR = 0
000730      WRITE (6,1)  HNP,J,N
000741      143  IP3= I + 3
000743      M=NP(IP3,N)
000753      IF ( (M .GT. 0) .AND. (M .LE. NUMNP) )  GO TO 144
000764      IERROR = 0
000765      WRITE (6,1)  HNP,IP3,N
000776      144  IF ( IERROR .EQ. 0)  GO TO 145
001003      XGRD(M)=0.5*(XORD(K)+XORD(L))
001012      YORD(M)=0.5*(YORD(K)+YORD(L))
001022      145  CONTINUE
001024      146  CONTINUE
001027      IF ( RESTR1 .NE. 0.0 )  GO TO 185
001030      IF ( BLANAL .NE. 0.0 )  GO TO 185
C      ***** BOUNDARY CONDITIONS *****
001031      J= NEQBC
001032      WRITE (6,40)
001036      DO 200 I=1,NUMBC
001043      N= IBCOND(I,I)
001046      IF ( (RESTR1 .NE. 0.0) .AND. (N .EQ. 0) )  GO TO 200
SETU2280
SETU2290
SETU2300
SETU2310
SETU2320
SETU2330
SETU2340
SETU2350
SETU2360
SETU2370
SETU2380
SETU2390
SETU2400
SETU2410
SETU2420
SETU2430
SETU2440
SETU2450
SETU2460
SETU2470
SETU2480
SETU2490
SETU2500
SETU2510
SETU2520
SETU2530
SETU2540
SETU2550
SETU2560
SETU2570
SETU2580
SETU2590
SETU2600
SETU2610
SETU2620
SETU2630
SETU2640
SETU2650

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```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          SETUP
001054      NFIX= IBCOND(2,I)
001057      WRITE (6,44)  N,NFIX
001066      IF ( (N .GT. 0) .AND. (N .LE. NUMNP) ) GO TO 165
001102      IERROR= 0
001103      WRITE (6,1)  HBCOND,II,I
001114      GO TO 200
001120      165  JY=2*N
001122      JX=JY-1
001124      IF (NFIX-1) 170,175,180
001126      C      **** NODE CONSTRAINED IN BOTH X AND Y DIRECTIONS ****
001130      170  J=J+2
001132      NEBC(J-1)=JX
001135      NEBC(J)=JY
001135      GO TO 200
001135      C      **** NODE CONSTRAINED IN ONLY THE X DIRECTION ****
001137      175  J=J+1
001137      NEBC(J)=JX
001141      GO TO 200
001142      C      **** NODE CONSTRAINED IN ONLY THE Y DIRECTION ****
001144      180  J=J+1
001144      NEBC(J)=JY
001146      200  CONTINUE
001151      NEQBC=J
001152      185  IF (NNDLIM .EQ. 0) GO TO 195
001153      C      **** LIMITING DISPLACEMENTS ****
001157      WRITE (6,45)
001164      DO 190 I=1,NNDLIM
001164      NODE= DLIM(I,I)

```

```

SETU2660
SETU2670
SETU2680
SETU2690
SETU2700
SETU2710
SETU2720
SETU2730
SETU2740
SETU2750
SETU2760
SETU2770
SETU2780
SETU2790
SETU2800
SETU2810
SETU2820
SETU2830
SETU2840
SETU2850
SETU2860
SETU2870
SETU2880
SETU2890
SETU2900
SETU2910
SETU2920
SETU2930
SETU2940
SETU2950
SETU2960
SETU2970
SETU2980
SETU2990
SETU3000
SETU3010
SETU3020
SETU3030

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```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETUP

001170      IDIR= DLIM(2,I)
001174      DLIMIT= DLIM(3,I)
001200      WRITE (6,46) NODE, IDIR, DLIMIT
001211      IF ( (NODE .GT. 0) .AND. (NODE .LE. NUMNP) .AND. (IDIR .GT. 0)
1          .AND. (IDIR .LT. 3) ) GO TO 190
001235      IERROR= 0
001236      WRITE (6,1) HDLIM, II, I
001247      CONTINUE
190

001255      IF ( RESTRT .NE. 0.0 ) CALL DISCHK ( B(LDIS),NEBC,DLIM,B(LDLFLG))
001273      IF (NLOAD .LE. 0) GO TO 160

C      ***** PRESSURE LOADING SPECIFICATIONS *****
001275      WRITE (6,35)
001300      IF ( VPRFLG .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 196
001305      WRITE (6,48)
001310      IF ( RESTRT .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 196
001315      WRITE (6,49)
001320      DO 150 N=1,NLOAD
001325      LELEM= LOADE(N)
001330      LSIDE= LOADS(N)
001332      WRITE (6,33) LELEM,LSIDE
001342      IF ( VPRFLG .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 153
C      ***** VARIABLE PRESSURE LOADING DESIRED. COMPUTE PRESSURE
C      INCREMENT FOR SIDE LOADS(N) OF ELEMENT LOADE(N) *****
001347      WRITE (6,34) VPR(N)
001355      DPR(N)= ( VPR(N) - TPR(N) ) / RMAXS
001365      IF ( RESTRT .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 153
001372      WRITE (6,36) DPR(N),TPR(N)

153      IF ( (LELEM .GT. 0) .AND. (LELEM .LE. NUMEL) ) GO TO 151
001417      IERROR= 0
001420      WRITE (6,1) HLOADS,N
001427      IF ( IABS(LSIDE) .LT. 4 ) GO TO 150
001436      IERROR = 0
001437      WRITE (6,1) HLOADS,N

```

```

RUN 2.3I 05/28/70          SETUP
001446      150  CONTINUE
001454          DO 155 NV=1,NUMEL
001456              ICNT= 0
001457          DO 152 N= 1,NLOAD
001461              IF ( NV .EQ. LOADE(N) ) ICNT= ICNT + 1
001465          152  CONTINUE
001470              IF ( ICNT .LT. 4 ) GO TO 155
001472              IERROR= 0
001473              WRITE (6,61) ICNT,NV
001502          155  CONTINUE

001510      160  IF (NID .LE. 0) GO TO 220
001512          IF ( BLANAL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 220

C          **** IMPOSED DISPLACEMENTS ****
001513          WRITE (6,41)
001516          DO 210 I=1,NID
001523              N= DISPL(1,I)
001527              IF ( (RESTRT .NE. 0.0) .AND. (N .EQ. 0) ) GO TO 210
001535              J= DISPL(2,I)
001541              DISP= DISPL(3,I)
001544              WRITE (6,43) N,J,DISP
001556              IF ( (N .GT. 0) .AND. (N .LE. NUMNP) .AND.
1              (J .GT. 0) .AND. (J .LT. 3) ) GO TO 205
001602              IERROR= 0
001603              WRITE (6,1) HDISPL,I,I
001614          205  L=2*(N-1)+J
001617              ND(I)=L
001622              DSD(I)=DISP /RMAXS
001626          210  CONTINUE

C          CHECK FOR ZERO OR NEGATIVE ELEMENT AREAS
C          AND COMPUTE BAND WIDTH
C          220 NPD = 0
001634

```

```

SETU3420
SETU3430
SETU3440
SETU3450
SETU3460
SETU3470
SETU3480
SETU3490
SETU3500
SETU3510
SETU3520
SETU3530
SETU3540
SETU3550
SETU3560
SETU3570
SETU3580
SETU3590
SETU3600
SETU3610
SETU3620
SETU3630
SETU3640
SETU3650
SETU3660
SETU3670
SETU3680
SETU3690
SETU3700
SETU3710
SETU3720
SETU3730
SETU3740
SETU3750
SETU3760
SETU3770
SETU3780
SETU3790

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETUP
001635      DO 250  N = 1, NUMEL
001637      I = NP(1,N)
001643      J = NP(2,N)
001646      K = NP(3,N)
001652      X = XORD(I)
001654      Y = YORD(I)
001657      AREA = (XORD(J)-X)*(YORD(K)-Y) - (XORD(K)-X)*(YORD(J)-Y)
001675      IF (AREA.GT.0.) GO TO 240
001700      IERROR= 0
001700      WRITE(6,62)N
001706      240 DO 250  I = 1,5
001713      K = I + 1
001715      DO 250  J = K,6
001716      M = NP(I,N) - NP(J,N)
001725      L = IABS(M)
001727      IF (L.GT.NPD) NPD = L
001733      250 CONTINUE
001742      IBANDW = 2*NPD + 2
001744      WRITE(6,65)IBANDW
001751      IF (IBANDW.LE.MAXBW) GO TO 280
001757      IERROR= 0
001760      WRITE (6,70)MAXBW

001766      280 IF (IERROR .EQ. 0) STOP
001775      LENA= NEQ*IBANDW
002000      IF ( RESTRT .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 400

C      ***** INITIALIZE EWP ARRAY *****
002001      LL= LXORD-1
002003      DO 330 I=LEWP,LL

C      ***** TRANSPOSE THE NP ARRAY USING THE IA ARRAY AS SCRATCH CORE.
002005      330 B(I)= -1.E-6
002012      400 L= 1
002013      DO 410 I=1,6

```

```

SETU3800
SETU3810
SETU3820
SETU3830
SETU3840
SETU3850
SETU3860
SETU3870
SETU3880
SETU3890
SETU3900
SETU3910
SETU3920
SETU3930
SETU3940
SETU3950
SETU3960
SETU3970
SETU3980
SETU3990
SETU4000
SETU4010
SETU4020
SETU4030
SETU4040
SETU4050
SETU4060
SETU4070
SETU4080
SETU4090
SETU4100
SETU4110
SETU4120
SETU4140
SETU4150
SETU4130
SETU4160
SETU4170

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          SETUP
002015      DC 410 N=1,NUMEL
002016      1IA(L)= NP(I,N)
002024      410      L= L+1
002032      NEL6= 6*NUMEL
002034      DC 420 I=1,NEL6

002036      420      NP(I,1)= IA(I)
002047      IF ( SAVETP .NE. 0.0 )
1          CALL WRST2 (NP
1              ,VXI ,VYP ,DELTAP,MATEL ,LOADS ,LOADS ,DLIM ,VTH
2              ,VPR ,DEPTH ) ,VEM ,VXU ,VND ,DSD
          RETURN
002103      END
002104
*FOLLOWING VARIABLES EQUIVALENCED BUT NOT REFERENCED
NONTRY
IBAND
SETU4180
SETU4190
SETU4200
SETU4210
SETU4220
SETU4240
SETU4230
SETU4250
SETU4260
SETU4270
SETU4280
SETU4290
SETU4300

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

SETUP

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
002604

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS										
1	-	002216	19	-	002230	20	-	002244	21	-	002256
22	-	002264	23	-	002272	24	-	002302	25	-	002311
26	-	002320	27	-	002323	29	-	002340	31	-	002351
33	-	002354	34	-	002357	35	-	002362	36	-	002371
40	-	002374	41	-	002403	43	-	002416	44	-	002422
45	-	002425	46	-	002440	48	-	002443	49	-	002447
61	-	002455	62	-	002464	65	-	002472	70	-	002476
103	-	000061	105	-	000247	110	-	000273	115	-	000354
116	-	000367	120	-	000436	125	-	000502	130	-	000510
135	-	000612	140	-	000607	141	-	000602	142	-	000700
143	-	000741	144	-	000776	145	-	001022	146	-	001024
150	-	001446	151	-	001427	152	-	001465	153	-	001403
155	-	001502	160	-	001510	165	-	001120	170	-	001126
175	-	001135	180	-	001142	185	-	001152	190	-	001247
195	-	001273	196	-	001320	200	-	001146	205	-	001614
210	-	001626	220	-	001634	240	-	001706	250	-	001733
280	-	001766	400	-	002012	420	-	002036	2000	-	000231

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

IFLAGS	-	000001	CDIMEN	-	000013	FFLAGS	-	000002	IDIMEN	-	000022
LSSAVE	-	000012	INDEX	-	000026	IPERM	-	000003	LBUCKT	-	000061
	-	000024	PROPS	-	000012						

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

AREA	-	000007C12	B	-	000000C01	BLANAL	-	000010C05	CORNER	-	000014
CYCM	-	000021	CYCTOF	-	000020	CYCZ	-	000022	DELTAP	-	000007
DEPTH	-	000017	DISP	-	002601	DISPL	-	000012	DLIM	-	000011
DLIMIT	-	002575	DPR	-	000025	DPRESS	-	000001C12	DSD	-	000001
EM	-	000002C12	FLIFE	-	000011C05	FNDNTR	-	000000C03	HBCOND	-	002547
HCORNR	-	002545	HDELTTP	-	002543	HDISPL	-	002553	HD LIM	-	002550

RUN	2.3I	05/28/70	SETUP
HLOADS	-	002552	HMATL
I	-	002557	IA
ICNT	-	002600	IDIR
IPERM	-	00000C07	IP3
JY	-	002571	K
LDIS	-	000024C10	LDLFLG
LENA	-	000005C02	LEPST
LEMP	-	000014C10	LF
LSSAVE	-	002577	LSSAVE
MATL	-	000010	MAXBW
NBUCKT	-	000060C10	NCLEAR
NEL6	-	000006C02	NEQ
NID	-	000006C04	NLOAD
NODE	-	002573	NPD
NUMCP	-	000003C04	NUMEL
PRESS	-	000000C12	RECCYL
SAVETP	-	000007C05	TH
VEM	-	000002	VPR
VXI	-	000005	VXU
XI	-	000005C12	XU
Y	-		
Z	-		
START OF CONSTANTS			
002215			
START OF TEMPORARIES			
002512			
START OF INDIRECTS			
002530			
EXTERNAL REFERENCES			
RRST23	INPUTN	MSHGEN	OUTPIC
COMPILER SPACE			
UNUSED -	003600	USED	044200

```

SUBROUTINE STEP2 (A ,NP ,DELTA ,DF ,DR ,F ,RESI ,STEP0010
1 ,NEBC ,ND ,DSD ,VEM ,VXU ,VTH ,MATEL ,DEPTH ,XORD ,STEP0020
2 ,YORD ,TPR ,DPR ,NNUMEL ,NNEQ ) ,STEP0030
,STEP0040
C ASSEMBLES THE INCREMENTAL SYSTEM STIFFNESS MATRIX AND
C SOLVES FOR INCREMENTAL DISPLACEMENTS. ,STEP0050
,STEP0060
,STEP0070
C ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS. ,STEP0080
DIMENSION A(NNEQ,1),NP(NNUMEL,6),DELTAP(2,1) ,STEP0090
DIMENSION DF (1),DR (1),F (1),RESI (1) ,STEP0100
1 ,NEBC (1),ND (1),DSD (1),VEM (1),VXU (1),VTH (1) ,STEP0110
2 ,MATEL (1),DEPTH (1),XORD (1),YORD (1),TPR (1),DPR (1) ,STEP0120
,STEP0130
C ***** THE INDICATED DIMENSION OF THE ARRAY B IS A DUMMY. ,STEP0140
THE ACTUAL DIMENSION NBUCKT IS CALCULATED BY SUBROUTINE BLOC ,STEP0150
AND THE REQUIRED STORAGE IS ALLOCATED BY SUBROUTINE MRELSE. ,STEP0160
,STEP0170
COMMON B(1) ,STEP0180
,STEP0190
COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6 ,STEP0200
1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2 ,STEP0210
COMMON /CMESH / BLTHNS,XINTN ,XYRAT ,DPRAT ,STEP0220
COMMON /IDIMEN/ NCIMEN,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID ,STEP0230
1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDDLIM,MAXBKT,NLAYER,LWRAT ,NANGIN ,STEP0240
2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF ,STEP0250
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR1,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI ,STEP0260
1 ,SAVETP,BLANAL,FLYFE ,STEP0270
COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT ,STEP0280
1 ,ERRFLG,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEPO,NPRIN ,STEP0290
2 ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG ,STEP0300
C ***** THE ARRAYS TPR AND DPR ARE STORED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE ,STEP0310
ARRAY UPR. THUS THE POSITION OF THE POINTERS LTPR AND LDPR ,STEP0320
IN THE COMMON BLOCK LBUCTK DOES NOT INDICATE THE RELATIVE ,STEP0330
POSITION OF TPR AND DPR IN THE DYNAMIC STORAGE ARRAY. ***** ,STEP0340
COMMON /LBUCTK/ LNP ,LLOADE,LLLOADS,LNEBC ,LND ,LMATEL,LBETA ,STEP0350
1 ,LVPR ,LETST ,LEPST ,LEEST ,LESIG ,LEWP ,LXCOR ,LYORD ,LDWP ,STEP0360
2 ,LWP ,LCOUNT,LDF ,LDR ,LIDS ,LFF ,PRESI ,LTST ,LPST ,STEP0370

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70 STEP2
3  ,LEST ,LDIST ,LSIG ,LDSD ,LDLIM ,LDLFLG,LVEM ,LVXU ,LVTH STEP0380
4  ,LVXI ,LVYP ,LDELIP,LTHETA,LDISPL,LBCOND,LCYCM ,LCYCZ ,LMLAYR STEP0390
5  ,LDEPTH,LCYCF ,LA ,LIPR ,LDPR STEP0400
6  ,NBUCKT STEP0410
COMMON /MESHIN/ NMESH ,XSTART,YSTART,XLNGTH,RPFOLD,RSFOLD,RPTRAT STEP0420
1  ,RSTRAT,RFINAL STEP0430
COMMON /PROPS / PRESS ,DPRESS,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP STEP0440
1  ,AREA ,TPRESS,RMAXS STEP0450
COMMON /ST / ST(12,12) ,CF(12) STEP0460
STEP0470
000030 902 FORMAT(1H1,5X,11HLOAD STEP ,I4,3H =E15.5,5X,12HTOTAL LOAD =E15.5 STEP0480
1 // ) STEP0490
000030 903 FORMAT (1H1,5X,9HLOAD STEP,I6///9X,11HACCUM. LOAD//((15,E15.5) ) STEP0500
STEP0510
000030 IF (IFIX .NE. 0) GO TO 70 STEP0520
STEP0530
000031 IF ( BLANAL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 40 STEP0540
STEP0550
000032 C ***** BLADDER ANALYSIS OPTION. STEP0560
IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 60 STEP0570
STEP0580
C ***** SINGLE FOLD OPTION ***** STEP0590
30 TPRESS= RSFOLD STEP0600
000035 GO TO 60 STEP0610
STEP0620
000035 40 IF (NDP .GT. 1) GO TO 50 STEP0630
STEP0640
000041 IF ( VPRFLG .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 60 STEP0650
STEP0660
STEP0670
C ***** VARIABLE PRESSURE LOADING DESIRED. PRINT PRESSURE STEP0680
C INCREMENT AND TOTAL PRESSURE FOR EACH SIDE LOADED ***** STEP0690
000042 DO 45 I=1,NLOAD STEP0700
000043 TPR(I)= TPR(I) + DPR(I) STEP0710
000050 CONTINUE STEP0720
000052 WRITE (6,903) ISTEP(I,TPR(I),I=1,NLOAD) STEP0730
000075 GO TO 111 STEP0740
STEP0750

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STEP2
C      ***** MORE THAN 1 PRESSURE INCREMENT SPECIFIED *****
000101 50 IF (ISTEP .LE. NSTEP) GO TO 60
000104 JSTEP= JSTEP + 1
000105 IF ( JSTEP .LE. NDP ) GO TO 55
C      ***** NO MORE ENTRIES IN DELTAP ARRAY. USE CURRENT VALUE OF
C      DPRESS FOR THE REST OF THE RUN *****
000110 NSTEP= MAXST
000111 GO TO 60
000112 55 NSTEP= DELTAP(1,JSTEP)
000116 DPRESS= DELTAP(2,JSTEP)
000120 GO TO 50
000121 60 TPRESS= TPRESS + DPRESS
000123 WRITE(6,902) ISTEP,DPRESS,TPRESS
C      ***** IFIX .EQ. 0. AN INCREMENT OF LOAD IS BEING APPLIED. STORE
C      RESIDUAL LOAD VECTOR INTO INCREMENTAL LOAD VECTOR (DF) *****
000135 111 DO 113 I=1,NEQ
C      ***** CLEAR SYSTEM STIFFNESS MATRIX (A) AND INCREMENTAL
C      DISPLACEMENT VECTOR (DR) *****
000142 113 DF(I)=RESI(I)
000150 70 DO 100 I=1,LENA
000152 100 A(I,1)= 0.0
000163 DO 110 I=1,NEQ
000164 110 DR(I)=0.
000170 112 LMAT= 0
C      ***** ELEMENT LOOP *****
000171 DO 1 NV=1,NUMEL
STEP0760
STEP0770
STEP0780
STEP0790
STEP0800
STEP0810
STEP0820
STEP0830
STEP0840
STEP0850
STEP0860
STEP0870
STEP0880
STEP0890
STEP0900
STEP0910
STEP0920
STEP0930
STEP0940
STEP0950
STEP0960
STEP0980
STEP0990
STEP1000
STEP1010
STEP0970
STEP1020
STEP1030
STEP1040
STEP1060
STEP1070
STEP1050
STEP1080
STEP1090
STEP1100
STEP1110
STEP1120
STEP1130

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70 STEP2
000173 IF (NMAT .EQ. 1) GO TO 120
000175 IMAT= MATEL(NV)
000200 IF (IMAT .EQ. LMAT) GO TO 120

000202 ***** PICK UP EM, XU, AND TH FOR ELEMENT NV (WHICH CONSISTS OF
000205 MATERIAL IMAT) *****
000210 EM= VEM(IMAT)
000213 XU= VXU(IMAT)
TH= VTH(IMAT)
LMAT= IMAT

000214 C ***** CALCULATE THE INSTANTANEOUS STIFFNESS MATRIX AND LOAD
C VECTOR FOR ELEMENT NV.
120 CALL STFNS ( B(LNP ),B(LBETA ),B(LESIG ),B(LXORD ),B(LYORD)
1 ,NUMEL )

000237 CALL GEOM ( B(LNP ),B(LXORD ),B(LYORD ),B(LDPR ),B(LLOADE)
1 ,B(LLOADS),B(LTHETA),B(LESIG ),NUMEL )

000302 C ***** ADD THE STIFFNESS MATRIX (ST) FOR ELEMENT NV TO THE SYSTEM
000307 C STIFFNESS MATRIX (A) *****
000311 DO 150 I=1,6
000317 IK=2*I-1
000321 L=NP(NV,I)
000322 NR=2*L-1
000324 DO 150 J=1,6
000332 JK=2*J-1
000334 M=NP(NV,J)
000337 IF (L-M) 149,149,150
000338 NC=2*(M-L)+1
000339 A(NR+1,NC)=A(NR+1,NC)+ST(IK+1,JK+1)
000340 A(NR,NC+1)=A(NR,NC+1)+ST(IK,JK+1)
000341 A(NR,NC)=A(NR,NC)+ST(IK,JK)
000373 IF (NC-1) 150,150,148
000376 A(NR+1,NC-1)=A(NR+1,NC-1)+ST(IK+1,JK)
000410 148 CONTINUE
150
STEP1150
STEP1140
STEP1160
STEP1170
STEP1180
STEP1190
STEP1200
STEP1210
STEP1220
STEP1230
STEP1240
STEP1250
STEP1260
STEP1270
STEP1280
STEP1290
STEP1300
STEP1310
STEP1320
STEP1330
STEP1340
STEP1350
STEP1360
STEP1370
STEP1380
STEP1390
STEP1400
STEP1410
STEP1420
STEP1430
STEP1440
STEP1450
STEP1460
STEP1470
STEP1480
STEP1490
STEP1500
STEP1510

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RUN 2.3I 05/28/70 STEP2
000414 IF ( IFIX .EQ. 1) GO TO 1
C ***** ADD THE FORCE VECTOR (CF) FOR ELEMENT NV TO THE INCREMENTAL
C LOAD VECTOR (DF) *****
114 DO 160 I=1,6
000416 L=NP(NV,I)
000420 DF(2*L-1)=DF(2*L-1)+CF(2*I-1)
000426 DF(2*L)=DF(2*L)+CF(2*I)
000433 160
000441 1 CONTINUE
000444 IF (NID .LE. 0) GO TO 200
000445 IF ( BLANAL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 165
000446 IF ( IFIX .NE. 0 ) GO TO 165
C ***** NID .GT. 0 AND BLANAL .NE. 0. SINGLE FOLD OPTION *****
000447 ALPHA= XLNGTH/RSFOLD
000451 SINA= SIN(ALPHA)
000454 COSA= COS(ALPHA)
000456 IEVEN= 0
000457 ILAY= 0
000460 XYFLG= 0.0
C ***** CALCULATE RO = CURRENT INNER FOLD RADIUS *****
000461 RO= RSFOLD - 0.5*BLTHNS
000464 R= RO
000465 RSFOLD= DPRAT*RSFOLD
000467 NN= NUMNP - NPTS
C ***** CONSIDER IMPOSED DISPLACEMENTS *****
165 DO 190 I=1,NID
000471 NR=ND(I)
000476 DISPL= 0.0
000501 IF ( BLANAL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 169
000502
STEP1520
STEP1530
STEP1540
STEP1550
STEP1560
STEP1570
STEP1580
STEP1590
STEP1600
STEP1610
STEP1620
STEP1630
STEP1640
STEP1650
STEP1660
STEP1670
STEP1680
STEP1690
STEP1700
STEP1710
STEP1720
STEP1730
STEP1740
STEP1750
STEP1760
STEP1770
STEP1780
STEP1790
STEP1800
STEP1810
STEP1820
STEP1830
STEP1840
STEP1850
STEP1860
STEP1870
STEP1880
STEP1890

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70 STEP2
C ***** SINGLE FOLD OPTION *****
000503 IF ( IFIX .NE. 0 ) GO TO 175
000504 IF ( XYFLG .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 166
000505 ***** CALCULATE X-COMPONENT OF IMPOSED DISPLACEMENT *****
000511 DISPL= R*SINA - XORD(NN+1)
000512 XYFLG= 1.0
GO TO 175
C ***** CALCULATE Y-COMPONENT OF IMPOSED DISPLACEMENT *****
000513 166 DISPL= R*COA - R0 - YORD(NN+1)
000521 XYFLG= 0.0
000522 IF ( IEVEN .NE. 0 ) GO TO 167
C ***** I IS ODD. PICK UP NEXT DELTA R *****
000523 IF ( I .EQ. NID ) GO TO 175
000525 IEVEN= 1
000526 ILAY= ILAY + 1
000527 DELTAR= 0.5*DEPTH(ILAY)
000533 GO TO 168
C ***** I IS EVEN. USE SAME DELTA R *****
000533 167 IEVEN= 0
000534 R= R + DELTAR
000536 NN= NN + 1
000540 GO TO 175
000540 169 IF ( IFIX .EQ. 0 ) DISPL= DSD(I)
000544 175 A(NR,1)=1.0
000552 DO 180 J=2,IBAND
000553 L=NR+J-1
000556 IF (NEQ .LT. L) GO TO 170
000560 DF(L)=DF(L)-A(NR,J)*DISPL
000570 170 A(NR,J)=0.
STEP1900
STEP1910
STEP1920
STEP1930
STEP1940
STEP1950
STEP1960
STEP1970
STEP1980
STEP1990
STEP2000
STEP2010
STEP2020
STEP2030
STEP2040
STEP2050
STEP2060
STEP2070
STEP2080
STEP2090
STEP2100
STEP2110
STEP2120
STEP2130
STEP2140
STEP2150
STEP2160
STEP2170
STEP2180
STEP2190
STEP2200
STEP2210
STEP2220
STEP2230
STEP2240
STEP2250
STEP2260
STEP2270

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RUN 2.3I	05/28/70	STEP2	
000575	K=NR-J+1		STEP2280
000600	IF (K .LE. 0) GO TO 180		STEP2290
000601	DF(K)=DF(K)-A(K,J)*DISPL		STEP2300
000610	A(K,J)=0.		STEP2310
000615	CONTINUE	180	STEP2320
000620	DF(NR)=DISPL	190	STEP2330
			STEP2340
			STEP2350
			STEP2360
000625	DO 161 I=1,NEQ	200	STEP2370
000627	DR(I)=DF(I)	161	STEP2380
000635	DO 240 M=1,NEQBC		STEP2400
000636	NR=NEBC(M)		STEP2390
000641	A(NR,1)=1.		STEP2410
000647	DR(NR)=0.		STEP2420
			STEP2430
			STEP2440
000651	DO 230 J=2,IBAND		STEP2450
000652	A(NR,J)=0.		STEP2460
000657	L=NR-J+1		STEP2470
000662	IF (L .LE. 0) GO TO 230		STEP2480
000663	A(L,J)=0.		STEP2490
000670	CONTINUE	230	STEP2500
			STEP2510
			STEP2520
000673	CONTINUE	240	STEP2530
			STEP2540
			STEP2550
	**** TRANSFORM BAND MATRIX INTO AN UPPER TRIANGULAR MATRIX		STEP2560
C	ON THE FORWARD PASS *****		STEP2570
	NR=NEQ-1		STEP2580
000675	DO 350 N=1,NR		STEP2590
000677	M=N-1		STEP2600
000701	PIVOT=A(N,1)		STEP2610
000703	MR=IBAND		STEP2620
000711	LESS=NEQ-M		STEP2630
000712	IF (LESS-IBAND) 321,322,322		STEP2640
000714	MR=LESS	321	STEP2650
000717			

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	STEP2	
000721	322	DO 320 L=2,MR	STEP2660
000723		C=A(N,L)/PIVOT	STEP2670
000731		I=M+L	STEP2680
000733		J=0	STEP2690
			STEP2700
000734		DO 300 K=L,MR	STEP2710
000736		J=J+1	STEP2720
000740	300	A(I,J)=A(I,J)-C*A(N,K)	STEP2730
			STEP2740
000755		DR(I)=DR(I)-C*DR(N)	STEP2750
000762	320	A(N,L)=C	STEP2760
			STEP2770
000772	350	DR(N)=DR(N)/PIVOT	STEP2780
			STEP2790
000777		DR(NEQ)=DR(NEQ)/A(NEQ,1)	STEP2800
			STEP2810
			STEP2820
			STEP2830
	C	***** CALCULATE DISPLACEMENTS (DR) ON THE BACKWARD PASS *****	STEP2840
001005		DO 400 I=2,NEQ	STEP2850
001007		M=NEQ-I	STEP2860
001011		N=M+1	STEP2870
001013		MR=IBAND	STEP2880
001015		IF (I-IBAND) 401,402,402	STEP2890
001017	401	MR=I	STEP2900
			STEP2910
001021	402	DO 400 K=2,MR	STEP2920
001023		L=M+K	STEP2930
001025	400	DR(N)=DR(N)-A(N,K)*DR(L)	STEP2940
			STEP2950
			STEP2960
001042		IF (NID .LE. 0) GO TO 720	STEP2970
001044		DO 710 I=1,NEQ	STEP2980
			STEP3000
001045	710	DF(I)=0.	STEP2990
001051	720	IF (IFIX-1) 121,132,132	STEP3010
			STEP3020
	C	***** IFIX .NE. 1. ADD INCREMENTAL FORCE VECTOR (DF) TO TOTAL	STEP3030

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	STEP2	
	C	FORCE VECTOR (F)	*****
001054	121	DO 123 N=1,NEQ	
001056	123	F(N)=F(N)+DF(N)	
001064	132	RETURN	
001065		END	
			STEP3040
			STEP3050
			STEP3070
			STEP3060
			STEP3080
			STEP3090

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
001163

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS				
1	- 000441	30	- 000033	40	- 000035
55	- 000112	60	- 000121	70	- 000150
111	- 000135	112	- 000170	114	- 000416
121	- 001054	132	- 001064	148	- 000376
150	- 000410	165	- 000471	166	- 000513
168	- 000534	169	- 000540	170	- 000570
180	- 000615	200	- 000625	230	- 000670
322	- 000721	401	- 001017	402	- 001021
902	- 001072	903	- 001102		

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

IFLAGS	- 000001	CDIMEN	- 000013	CMESH	- 000004	IDIMEN	- 000022
PROPS	- 000012	INDEX	- 000026	LBUCKT	- 000061	MESHIN	- 000011
	- 000012	ST	- 000234				

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

ALPHA	- 001142	B	- 000000C01	BLANAL	- 000010C05	BLTHNS	- 000000C03
C	- 001162	CF	- 000220C12	COSA	- 001144	DELTAR	- 001154
DEPTH	- 000010	DISPL	- 001153	DPR	- 000014	DPRAT	- 000003C03
DPRESS	- 000001C11	DSD	- 000003	EM	- 000002C11	I	- 001132
IBAND	- 000004C02	IEVEN	- 001145	IFIX	- 000000C06	IK	- 001133
ILAY	- 001146	IMAT	- 000005C06	ISTEP	- 000002C06	J	- 001136
JK	- 001137	JSTEP	- 000003C06	K	- 001155	L	- 001134
LBETA	- 000006C07	LDPR	- 000057C07	LENA	- 000005C02	LESIG	- 000013C07
LESS	- 001161	LLOADE	- 000001C07	LLOADS	- 000002C07	LMAT	- 000006C06
LNP	- 000000C07	LTHETA	- 000045C07	LXORD	- 000015C07	LYORD	- 000016C07
M	- 001140	MATEL	- 000007	MAXST	- 000012C04	MR	- 001160
N	- 001156	NC	- 001141	ND	- 000002	NDP	- 000010C04
NEBC	- 000001	NEQ	- 000002C02	NEQBC	- 000003C02	NID	- 000006C04
NLOAD	- 000005C04	NMAT	- 000007C04	NN	- 001152	NNEQ	- 000016

RUN	2.3I	05/28/70	STEP2										
	N	NUMEL	-	000015	NPTSY	-	000010C02	NR	-	001135	NSTEP	-	000004C06
	N	NUMEL	-	000001C04	NUMNP	-	000002C04	NV	-	000001C06	PIVOT	-	001157
	R		-	001151	RECCYL	-	000002C05	RESI	-	000000	RSFOLD	-	000005C10
	R	RO	-	001150	SINA	-	001143	ST	-	000000C12	TH	-	000004C11
	T	TPR	-	000013	TPRESS	-	000010C11	VEM	-	000004	VPRFLG	-	000025C06
	V	VTH	-	000006	VXU	-	000005	XLNGTH	-	000003C10	XORD	-	000011
	X	XU	-	000003C11	XYFLG	-	001147	YORD	-	000012			
START OF CONSTANTS													
		001067											
START OF TEMPORARIES													
		001114											
START OF INDIRECTS													
		001122											
EXTERNAL REFERENCES													
		OUTPIC	STFNS	GEOM	SIN	COS	END						
COMPILER SPACE													
	UNUSED	-	007600	USED	-	040200							

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

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SUBROUTINE STFNS (NP      ,BETA ,ESIG ,XORD ,YORD ,NNUMEL )
      STFN0010
      STFN0020
      STFN0030
      STFN0040
      STFN0050
      STFN0060
      STFN0070
      STFN0080
      STFN0090
      STFN0100
      STFN0110
      STFN0120
      STFN0130
      STFN0140
      STFN0150
      STFN0160
      STFN0170
      STFN0180
      STFN0190
      STFN0200
      STFN0210
      STFN0220
      STFN0230
      STFN0240
      STFN0250
      STFN0260
      STFN0270
      STFN0280
      STFN0290
      STFN0300
      STFN0310
      STFN0320
      STFN0330
      STFN0340
      STFN0350
      STFN0360
      STFN0370

C      CALCULATES THE INSTANTANEOUS STIFFNESS MATRIX FOR EACH
C      ELEMENT.

C      ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
      DIMENSION NP(NNUMEL,6) , BETA(NNUMEL,6) , ESIG(NNUMEL,6,5)
      DIMENSION XORD (1),YORD (1)

      COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6
1      ,NEL64 ,NPTSY ,NPTSX ,NCYCF2
      COMMON /IDIMEN/ NIDIMEN ,NUMNP ,NUMCP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1      ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGIN
2      ,NXINT ,NCYCF
      COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR1,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1      ,SAVEPT,BLANAL,FLIFE
      COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1      ,ERRFLG,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,I63 ,I69 ,I912 ,LSTEPO,NPRIN
2      ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS
      COMMON /IPERM/ IPERM(3)
      COMMON /PROPS / PRESS ,DPRESS,EM ,XU ,TH ,XI ,YP
1      ,AREA ,TPRESS,RMAXS
      COMMON /ST / ST(12,12) ,CF(12)
      COMMON /TEMP / TEMP(12,12)
      COMMON /UV / UV(3,6,2)
      COMMON /XYCOORD/ X1,X2,X3,Y1,Y2,Y3

      DIMENSION C(6,4,4) , BA(3,2) ,SGP(6,4) ,RMM(12,12)
      DIMENSION AA(12,12) ,FN(3,3)
      DIMENSION CR1(6) , CR2(6) , CR3(6) , CR4(6) , CR5(6) , CR6(6)
      DIMENSION C33C1( 6) ,C33C2( 6) ,C33C3( 6)

      EQUIVALENCE (R1,X1) , (R2,X2) , (R3,X3)

      DATA CR1 / 46.0, 7.0, 7.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0 /
      DATA CR2 / 2.0, 7.0, 1.0, 46.0, 7.0, 2.0 /
      DATA CR3 / 2.0, 1.0, 7.0, 2.0, 7.0, 46.0 /

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFNS

000011      DATA  CR4 / 50.0,35.0,15.0,50.0,50.0,15.0,10.0 /
000011      DATA  CR5 / 10.0,15.0,15.0,50.0,35.0,50.0 /
000011      DATA  CR6 / 50.0,15.0,35.0,10.0,15.0,50.0 /

000011      I1=NP(NV,1)
000015      I2=NP(NV,2)
000022      I3=NP(NV,3)
000026      X1=XORD(I1)
000030      X2=XORD(I2)
000032      X3=XORD(I3)
000034      Y1=YORD(I1)
000036      Y2=YORD(I2)
000040      Y3=YORD(I3)

C      ***** CALCULATE GEOMETRIC MATRIX  BA *****
000042      DO 120 I=1,3
000044      J=IPERM(I)
000047      K=NP(NV,I)
000053      K1=NP(NV,J)
000060      N=IPERM(J)
000062      BA(M,2)=XORD(K1)-XORD(K)
000067      BA(M,1)=YORD(K)-YORD(K1)
120

000076      AREA=0.5*(BA(3,2)*BA(2,1)-BA(2,2)*BA(3,1))

000102      ER=EM/(1.-XU-2.*XU*XU)
000107      CON1= EM/(1.0+XU)
000112      CON2= ER*(1.0-XU)
000115      CON3= ER*XU
000117      CON5= ER*(0.5-XU)

C      ***** CALCULATE STRESS DEVIATORS *****
000122      DO 130 I=1,6
000123      S11=ESIG(NV,I,1)
000134      S22=ESIG(NV,I,2)
000144      S33=ESIG(NV,I,3)
000153      HYDR=(S11+S22+S33)/3.

STFN0380
STFN0390
STFN0400
STFN0410
STFN0420
STFN0430
STFN0440
STFN0450
STFN0460
STFN0470
STFN0480
STFN0490
STFN0500
STFN0510
STFN0520
STFN0530
STFN0540
STFN0550
STFN0560
STFN0570
STFN0580
STFN0590
STFN0600
STFN0610
STFN0620
STFN0630
STFN0640
STFN0650
STFN0660
STFN0670
STFN0680
STFN0690
STFN0700
STFN0710
STFN0720
STFN0730
STFN0740
STFN0750

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFNS
000157          SGP(I,1)=S11-HYDR
000163          SGP(I,2)=S22-HYDR
000166          SGP(I,J34)= ESIG(NV,I,J34)
000177          130  SGP(I,J43)= S33 - HYDR

C          ***** CALCULATE INSTANTANEOUS STRESS-STRAIN MATRIX C *****
000206          DO 190 I=1,I63

000210          CON4= BETA(NV,I)*CON1
000216          DO 140 J=1,J34
000217          DO 140 K=J,J34
000220          140  C(I,J,K)= - CON4*SGP(I,J)*SGP(I,K)

000247          C(I,1,1)= C(I,1,1) + CON2
000252          C(I,2,2)= C(I,2,2) + CON2
000255          C(I,3,3)= C(I,3,3) + CON5
000260          C(I,1,2)= C(I,1,2) + CON3

000263          IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 190

C          ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000264          C(I,1,3)= C(I,1,3) + CON3
000267          C(I,2,3)= C(I,2,3) + CON3
000272          C(I,3,3)= C(I,3,3) + 0.5*ER
000276          C(I,4,4)= C(I,4,4) + CON5

000301          190  CONTINUE

000304          IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 300

C          ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000305          290  C2R1 = 2.0*R1
000307          C3R1 = 3.0*R1
000311          C12R1= 12.0*R1
000313          C2R2 = 2.0*R2

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STFN0760
STFN0770
STFN0780
STFN0790
STFN0800
STFN0810
STFN0820
STFN0830
STFN0850
STFN0840
STFN0860
STFN0870
STFN0880
STFN0890
STFN0900
STFN0910
STFN0920
STFN0930
STFN0940
STFN0950
STFN0960
STFN0970
STFN0980
STFN0990
STFN1000
STFN1010
STFN1020
STFN1030
STFN1040
STFN1050
STFN1060
STFN1070
STFN1080
STFN1090
STFN1100
STFN1110
STFN1120
STFN1130

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFNS

000315      C3R2 = 3.0*R2
000317      C12R2= 12.0*R2
000321      C2R3 = 2.0*R3
000323      C3R3 = 3.0*R3
000325      C12R3= 12.0*R3

C      **** CALCULATE COEFFICIENTS USED IN COMPUTING 3*3 MATRICES N(I,J)
000327      C33C1( 1)= C12R1 + C3R2 + C3R3
000332      C33C1( 2)= C3R1 + C2R2 + R3
000335      C33C1( 3)= C3R1 + R2 + C2R3
000340      C33C1( 4)= C2R1 + C3R2 + R3
000343      C33C1( 5)= R1 + R2 + R3
000346      C33C1( 6)= C2R1 + R2 + C3R3
000351      C33C2( 1)= C33C1( 2)
000353      C33C2( 2)= C33C1( 4)
000354      C33C2( 3)= C33C1( 5)
000356      C33C2( 4)= C3R1 + C12R2 + C3R3
000361      C33C2( 5)= R1 + C3R2 + C2R3
000364      C33C2( 6)= R1 + C2R2 + C3R3
000367      C33C3( 1)= C33C1( 3)
000370      C33C3( 2)= C33C1( 5)
000372      C33C3( 3)= C33C1( 6)
000373      C33C3( 4)= C33C2( 5)
000375      C33C3( 5)= C33C2( 6)
000376      C33C3( 6)= C3R1 + C3R2 + C12R3

C      **** CALCULATE ELEMENTAL STIFFNESS MATRIX AA *****
C      **** I AND J ARE THE ROW AND COLUMN INDICES OF THE SUBMATRICES
C      N(I,J) WHICH MAKE UP THE LARGE MATRIX AA *****
C      **** K AND L ARE THE ROW AND COLUMN INDICES OF THE INDIVIDUAL
C      ELEMENTS WITHIN THE LARGE MATRIX AA *****
C      **** M AND N ARE THE ROW AND COLUMN INDICES OF THE INDIVIDUAL
C      ELEMENTS WITHIN EACH MATRIX N(I,J) *****

STFNI1140
STFNI1150
STFNI1160
STFNI1170
STFNI1180
STFNI1190
STFNI1200
STFNI1210
STFNI1220
STFNI1230
STFNI1240
STFNI1250
STFNI1260
STFNI1270
STFNI1280
STFNI1290
STFNI1300
STFNI1310
STFNI1320
STFNI1330
STFNI1340
STFNI1350
STFNI1360
STFNI1370
STFNI1380
STFNI1390
STFNI1400
STFNI1410
STFNI1420
STFNI1430
STFNI1440
STFNI1450
STFNI1460
STFNI1470
STFNI1480
STFNI1490
STFNI1500
STFNI1510

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFNS
000401      300  KK= 1
000402      DO 490 I=1,J34
000404      LL= KK
000406      DO 480 J=I,J34

000410      C1= C(1,I,J)
000416      C2= C(2,I,J)
000424      C3= C(3,I,J)
000432      C4= C(4,I,J)
000440      C5= C(5,I,J)
000446      C6= C(6,I,J)

C          ***** CALCULATE MATRIX N(I,J) *****

000454      400  II= 1
000455      DO 450 M=1,3
000457      NMIN= M
000461      DO 440 N=NMIN,3
000462      IF ( RECCYL .NE. 0.0 ) GO TO 412

C          ***** RECTANGULAR COORDINATES *****
000463      411  AAA= ( C1*CR1(II) + C2*CR2(II) + C3*CR3(II) + C4*CR4(II)
000510      1      + C5*CR5(II) + C6*CR6(II) ) / 80.0
000510      GO TO 420

C          ***** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES *****
000510      412  AAA= ( C1*C33C1(II) + C2*C33C2(II) + C3*C33C3(II) ) / 15.0

C          ***** STORE ELEMENT (M,N) IN MATRIX N(I,J) *****
000522      420  FN(M,N)= AAA
000526      IF (M .NE. N) FN(N,M)= AAA

```

STFNI1520
STFNI1530
STFNI1540
STFNI1550
STFNI1560
STFNI1570
STFNI1580
STFNI1590
STFNI1600
STFNI1610
STFNI1620
STFNI1630
STFNI1640
STFNI1650
STFNI1660
STFNI1670
STFNI1680
STFNI1690
STFNI1700
STFNI1710
STFNI1720
STFNI1730
STFNI1740
STFNI1750
STFNI1760
STFNI1770
STFNI1780
STFNI1790
STFNI1800
STFNI1810
STFNI1820
STFNI1830
STFNI1840
STFNI1850
STFNI1860
STFNI1870
STFNI1880
STFNI1890

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFNS

000534      430  II= II + 1
000536      440  CONTINUE

000540      450  CONTINUE

      C      ***** STORE SUBMATRIX N(I,J) IN LARGE MATRIX AA *****

000542      455  K= KK
000544      DO 470 M=1,3
000545      L= LL
000547      DO 460 N=1,3

000550      AAA= FN(M,N)
000554      AA(K,L)= AAA

000560      IF (I.EQ. J) AA(L,K)= AAA

000567      L= L + 1
000571      460  CONTINUE

000573      K= K + 1
000574      470  CONTINUE

000576      LL= LL + 3
000600      480  CONTINUE

000602      KK= KK + 3
000604      490  CONTINUE

      C      ***** COORDINATE TRANSFORMATION *****

000606      DO 210 L=1,3
000610      L1=IPERM(L)
000613      L2=IPERM(L1)
000615      L3=L+3

```

STFN1900
STFN1910
STFN1920
STFN1930
STFN1940
STFN1950
STFN1960
STFN1970
STFN1980
STFN1990
STFN2000
STFN2010
STFN2020
STFN2030
STFN2040
STFN2050
STFN2060
STFN2070
STFN2080
STFN2090
STFN2100
STFN2110
STFN2120
STFN2130
STFN2140
STFN2150
STFN2160
STFN2170
STFN2180
STFN2190
STFN2200
STFN2210
STFN2220
STFN2230
STFN2240
STFN2250
STFN2260
STFN2270

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFN5
000617      DO 210 N=1,2
000621      DO=BA(L,N)
000625      D1=BA(L1,N)
000631      UV(L,L,N)=3.*DO
000636      UV(L1,L,N)=-DO
000644      UV(L2,L,N)=-DO
000652      UV(L3,L,N)=4.*D1
000660      UV(L1,L3,N)=4.*DO
000666      210 UV(L2,L3,N)=0.

000677      DO 211 I=1,144
000701      211 RMM(I,1)=0.

000706      DO 212 I=1,3
000707      DO 212 J=1,6
000710      RMM(I,J)=UV(I,J,1)
000716      RMM(I+3,J+6)=UV(I,J,2)
000723      II= I + I69
000725      RMM(II,J)= UV(I,J,2)
000733      212 RMM(II,J+6)= UV(I,J,1).

000745      IF ( RECCYL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 214

C      **** CYLINDRICAL COORDINATES ****
000746      I4= NP(NV,4)
000753      I5= NP(NV,5)
000757      I6= NP(NV,6)
000764      AREA2= 2.0*AREA
000766      RMM( 7,1)= AREA2/R1
000770      RMM( 8,2)= AREA2/R2
000772      RMM( 9,3)= AREA2/R3

000774      214 DO 213 I=1,I912
000776      DO 213 J=1,6
000777      TEMP(I,2*J-1)=RMM(I,J)
001007      213 TEMP(I,2*J)=RMM(I,J+6)

001022      DO 215 I=1,I912

```

```

STFN2280
STFN2290
STFN2300
STFN2310
STFN2320
STFN2330
STFN2340
STFN2350
STFN2360
STFN2370
STFN2380
STFN2390
STFN2400
STFN2410
STFN2420
STFN2430
STFN2440
STFN2450
STFN2460
STFN2470
STFN2480
STFN2490
STFN2500
STFN2510
STFN2520
STFN2530
STFN2540
STFN2550
STFN2560
STFN2570
STFN2580
STFN2590
STFN2600
STFN2610
STFN2620
STFN2630
STFN2640
STFN2650

```

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70          STFNS
001023      DO 215 J=1,12
001024      215  RMM(I,J)=TEMP(I,J)

      C      **** CALCULATE CONVENTIONAL STIFFNESS MATRIX ****
001042      DO 134 I=1,I912
001043      DO 134 J=1,12
001044      TTEMP= 0.0
001045      DO 1340 K=1, I912

001047      1340 TTEMP= TTEMP + AA(I,K)*RMM(K,J)
001064      134  TEMP(I,J)= TTEMP

001075      DO 135 I=1,12
001077      DO 135 J=1,12
001100      SST= 0.0
001101      DO 1350 K=1, I912

001103      1350 SST= SST + RMM(K,I)*TEMP(K,J)
001120      135  ST(I,J)= SST*TH/(48.0*AREA)

001133      RETURN
001133      END

```

```

STFN2660
STFN2670
STFN2680
STFN2690
STFN2700
STFN2710
STFN2720
STFN2730
STFN2750
STFN2740
STFN2760
STFN2770
STFN2780
STFN2790
STFN2800
STFN2810
STFN2830
STFN2820
STFN2840
STFN2850
STFN2860
STFN2870
STFN2880

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RUN 2.31 05/28/70

STFNS

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
002221

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT	ASSIGNMENTS				
140	- 000220 190	-	000301	211	- 000701 214 - 000774
215	- 001024 290	-	000305	300	- 000401 400 - 000454
411	- 000463 412	-	000510	420	- 000522 430 - 000534
455	- 000542 1340	-	001047	1350	- 001103

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	- 000013 IDIMEN	-	000022	IFLAGS	-	000012 INDEX	-	000025
IPERM	- 000003 PROPS	-	000012	ST	-	000234 TEMP	-	000220
UV	- 000044 XYCOORDR	-	000006					

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

AA	- 001617 AAA	-	002204	AREA	-	000007C06 AREA2	-	002216
BA	- 001341 C	-	001201	CF	-	000220C07 CON1	-	002147
CON2	- 002150 CON3	-	002151	CON4	-	002157 CON5	-	002152
CR1	- 002050 CR2	-	002056	CR3	-	002064 CR4	-	002072
CR5	- 002100 CR6	-	002106	C1	-	002173 C12R1	-	002162
C12R2	- 002165 C12R3	-	002170	C2	-	002174 C2R1	-	002160
C2R2	- 002163 C2R3	-	002166	C3	-	002175 C3R1	-	002161
C3R2	- 002164 C3R3	-	002167	C33C1	-	002114 C33C2	-	002122
C33C3	- 002130 C4	-	002176	C5	-	002177 C6	-	002200
D0	- 002211 D1	-	002212	EM	-	000002C06 ER	-	002146
FN	- 002037 HYDR	-	002156	I	-	002141 II	-	002201
IPERM	- 000000C05 I1	-	002136	I2	-	002137 I3	-	002140
I4	- 002213 I5	-	002214	I6	-	002215 I63	-	000013C04
I69	- 000014C04 I912	-	000015C04 J	J	-	002142 J34	-	000010C04
J43	- 000011C04 K	-	002143	KK	-	002171 K1	-	002144
L	- 002205 LL	-	002172	L1	-	002206 L2	-	002207
L3	- 002210 M	-	002145	N	-	002203 NMIN	-	002202
NV	- 000001C04 RECCYL	-	000002C03 RMM	R	-	001377 R1	-	000000C12
R2	- 000001C12 R3	-	000002C12 SGP	SGP	-	001347 SST	-	002220

RUN	2.3I	05/28/70	STFNS									
ST	-	000000C07	S11	-	002153	S22	-	002154	S33	-	002155	
TEMP	-	000000C10	TH	-	000004C06	TTEMP	-	002217	UV	-	000000C11	
XU	-	000003C06	X1	-	000000C12	X2	-	000001C12	X3	-	000002C12	
Y1	-	000003C12	Y2	-	000004C12	Y3	-	000005C12				
START OF CONSTANTS												
001135												
START OF TEMPORARIES												
001152												
START OF INDIRECTS												
001166												
EXTERNAL REFERENCES												
END												
COMPILER SPACE												
UNUSED	-	007100	USED	-	040700							

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

```

SUBROUTINE WRST2 (NP ,LOADE ,LOADS ,DLIM ,VEM ,VXU ,VTH
1 ,VXI ,VYP ,DELTAP ,MATEL ,MLAYER ,CYCM ,CYCZ ,ND ,DSD
2 ,VPR ,DEPTH )
C
C WRITES THE SECOND CATEGORY OF RESTART DATA (INPUT ARRAYS)
C ONTO THE RESTART TAPE
C
C ***** THE FOLLOWING DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS ARE DUMMY DIMENSIONS.
C DIMENSION NP
1 ,VXU (1),VTH (1),DLIM (1),VEM (1)
2 ,MLAYER(1),CYCM (1),VYP (1),DELTAP(1),MATEL (1)
3 ,DEPTH (1),CYCZ (1),ND (1),DSD (1),VPR (1)
C
COMMON /CDIMEN/ NCDIM ,LREC1 ,NEQ ,NEQBC ,IBAND ,LENA ,NEL6
1 ,NEL64 ,NPTSX ,NPTSY ,NCYCF2
COMMON /CMESH / BLTHNS,XINTN ,XYRAT ,DPRAT
COMMON /IDIMEN/ NDIMEN,NUMEL ,NUMNP ,NUMBC ,NLOAD ,NID
1 ,NMAT ,NDP ,MAXBW ,MAXST ,NNDLIM ,MAXBKT ,NLMAYER ,LWRAT ,NANGIN
2 ,NXINT ,NCYCF
COMMON /IFLAGS/ NFLGS ,RESTR1,RECCYL,CONVER,IPRIN ,ITER ,IRESI
1 ,SAVETP,BLANAL,FLIFE
COMMON /INDEX / IFIX ,NV ,ISTEP ,JSTEP ,NSTEP ,IMAT ,LMAT
1 ,ERRFLG,J34 ,J43 ,J45 ,J63 ,J69 ,J912 ,LSTEPO,NPRIN
2 ,NXTLS ,INDMP ,LSLIM ,IDUMP ,ILSS ,VPRFLG
COMMON /IUNIT/ IRSIN,IRSOUP
COMMON /LSSAVE/ LSSAVE(2,10)
COMMON /MESHIN/ NMESH ,XSTART ,YSTART ,XLNGTH ,RPFOLD ,RSFOLD ,RPTRAT
1 ,RSTRAT ,RFINAL
C
WRITE (IRSOUP) NEQ,VPRFLG,DPRAT,XLNGTH,BLTHNS,NPTSX,LSSAVE
C
WRITE (IRSOUP) ( NP(1) ,I=1,NEL6 )
C
300 IF ( NLOAD .LE. 0 ) GO TO 400
WRITE (IRSOUP) ( LOADE(I),I=1,NLOAD ) , ( LOADS(I),I=1,NLOAD )
IF ( VPRFLG .NE. 0.0 ) WRITE (IRSOUP) ( VPR(I),I=1,NLOAD )

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```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70 WRST2
000144 400 IF ( NNDLIM .LE. 0 ) GO TO 500
000146 NNDL3= 3*NNDLIM
000147 WRITE (IRSOUT) ( DLIM(I) , I=1,NNDL3 )
000164 500 WRITE (IRSOUT) ( VEM(I) , I=1,NMAT ) , ( VXU(I) , I=1,NMAT )
1 , ( VTH(I) , I=1,NMAT ) , ( VXI(I) , I=1,NMAT ) , ( VYP(I) , I=1,NMAT )
000253 600 IF ( NDP .LE. 0 ) GO TO 700
000260 NDP2= 2*NDP
000262 WRITE (IRSOUT) ( DELTAP(I) , I=1,NDP2 )
000274 700 IF ( NMAT .LE. 1 ) GO TO 800
000302 WRITE (IRSOUT) ( MATEL(I) , I=1,NUMEL )
000314 800 IF ( NID .LE. 0 ) GO TO 900
000321 WRITE (IRSOUT) ( ND(I) , I=1,NID ) , ( DSD(I) , I=1,NID )
000341 900 IF ( BLANAL .EQ. 0.0 ) GO TO 2000
000346 WRITE (IRSOUT) ( DEPTH(I) , I=1,NLAYER )
000360 IF ( FLIFE .NE. 0.0 ) WRITE (IRSOUT) ( MLAYER(I) , I=1,NLAYER )
1 , ( CYCM(I) , I=1,NMAT ) , ( CYCZ(I) , I=1,NMAT )
000417 2000 RETURN
000420 END
WRST0380
WRST0390
WRST0400
WRST0410
WRST0420
WRST0430
WRST0440
WRST0450
WRST0460
WRST0470
WRST0480
WRST0490
WRST0500
WRST0510
WRST0520
WRST0530
WRST0540
WRST0550
WRST0560
WRST0570
WRST0580
WRST0590
WRST0600
WRST0610
WRST0620

```

RUN 2.31 05/28/70

WRST2

SUBPROGRAM LENGTH
000436

FUNCTION ASSIGNMENTS

STATEMENT ASSIGNMENTS						
300	-	000066	400	-	000144	500
700	-	000274	800	-	000314	900

BLOCK NAMES AND LENGTHS

CDIMEN	-	000013	CMESH	-	000004	IDIMEN	-	000022	IFLAGS	-	000012
INDEX	-	000026	IDUNIT	-	000002	LSSAVE	-	000024	MESHIN	-	000011

VARIABLE ASSIGNMENTS

BLANAL	-	000010C04	BLTHNS	-	000000C02	CYCM	-	CC0006	CYCZ	-	000007
DELTAP	-	000003	DEPTH	-	000013	DPRAT	-	CC0003C02	DSD	-	000011
FLIFE	-	000011C04	I	-	000433	IRSDUT	-	CC00001C06	LSSAVE	-	000000C07
MATEL	-	000004	MLAYER	-	000005	ND	-	CC0010	NDP	-	000010C03
NDP2	-	000435	NEL6	-	000006C01	NEQ	-	CC0002C01	NID	-	000006C03
NLAYER	-	000015C03	NLOAD	-	000005C03	NMAT	-	CC0007C03	NNDLIM	-	000013C03
NNDL3	-	000434	NPTSY	-	000010C01	NUMEL	-	CC00001C03	VPR	-	000012
VPRFLG	-	000025C05	VTH	-	000000	VXI	-	CC00001	VYP	-	000002
XLNGTH	-	000003C10									

START OF CONSTANTS

000422

START OF TEMPORARIES

000424

START OF INDIRECTS

000433

EXTERNAL REFERENCES
OUTPTB END

RUN 2.31	05/28/70	WRST2
COMPILER SPACE		
UNUSED - 011600	USED	- 036200

TRW/S+ISD SCOPE SYSTEM
SYSTEM STATUS REPORT NO. 80
MAY 25, 1970

1. THE -RETURN- CONTROL CARD WILL NOW AUTOMATICALLY REWIND OR UNLOAD.
2. THE -DMP- CONTROL CARD WILL NOT BE HONORED FOR CLASSIFIED JOBS THAT DO NOT HAVE FILE -OUTPUT- ON TAPE.
3. A NEW VERSION OF SUBROUTINE QRAL IS AVAILABLE FROM THE LIBRARIAN WHICH CORRECTS AN ERROR ASSOCIATED WITH DIVISION BY ZERO.

```

05/28/70 CDC 6500 SECURE SCOPE 3.1.5 25 MAY 1970
16.33.58.$INPUT= 03311
16.33.59.$SEQUENCE,E609.
16.33.59.$NAME,532310,35125,TAYLOR,J.
16.33.59.$PROBLEM,334005.
16.33.59.$PROGRAM,AS189E.
16.33.59.$MAXTIM,60. 1 MINUTES
16.33.59.$FLENGTH,50000. 20480 CELLS
16.33.59.$TAPE,OUTPUT,S,PR,X,C1.
16.35.08.(54 ASSIGNED) *****REEL=C667
16.35.10.$FL=050000 CP=00000.000 PP=00003.917 XX=00000.000 FC=143200
16.35.10.RUN(S) COMPILE WITH LIST,NO EXECUTE
16.35.12.FILE OPENED ON DISK-----LGO
16.35.18.MT 54 WRITE PARITY ERROR RECOVERED PRU = 000347
16.35.54.$CP 00023.647 SEC.
16.35.54.$PP 00050.146 SEC.
16.35.54.$XX 00000.000 SEC.
16.35.54.$DISK= 000005
16.35.54.EST. PRINTED OUTPUT 00000 LINES
16.35.54.EST. PUNCHED OUTPUT 00000 CARDS
16.35.54.ESTIMATED COST = $0004.46 +$0005.00 =$0009.46
16.35.54.CONTROL POINT 6. FC=142600

```