March 27, 1971

TO: USI/Scientific & Technical Information Division
   Attention: Miss Winnie M. Morgan

FROM: GP/Office of Assistant General Counsel for Patent Matters

SUBJECT: Announcement of NASA-Owned U.S. Patents in STAR

In accordance with the procedures contained in the Code GP to Code US1 memorandum on this subject, dated June 8, 1970, the attached NASA-owned U.S. patent is being forwarded for abstracting and announcement in NASA STAR.

The following information is provided:

U.S. Patent No.: 3,346,929
Corporate Source: North American Aviation
Supplementary Corporate Source: El Segundo, California
NASA Patent Case No.: XMS-03745

Please note that this patent covers an invention made by an employee of a NASA contractor. Pursuant to Section 305(a) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act, the name of the Administrator of NASA appears on the first page of the patent; however, the name of the actual inventor (author) appears at the heading of Column No. 1 of the Specification, following the words "... with respect to an invention of...

Gayle Parker

Enclosure: Copy of Patent
The present invention provides a latching mechanism which meets all of the above mentioned criteria and at the same time overcomes the shortcomings of the prior art latches. The present latching mechanism is easily locked by movement of its operating handle in one direction, and is fully disengaged by movement of its operating handle in an opposite direction; it develops a high clamp-up force; it is extremely reliable; and it is capable of being operated by manual, remote control in a limited access area.

The latch of the present invention comprises a base element adapted to be secured to a first member, a pair of arms each having one end pivotally connected to the base, and each having their other end pivotally connected to an operating handle, a hook latch element pivotally connected to the arms intermediate their ends, a linkage connected between said handle and said latch element, support means on said base positioned to engage the linkages and a tension spring means connected between the hook element and the handle. A holding means is provided on the latching mechanism to lock the latching mechanism in a full-open position whenever the mechanism is moved to such a position. This means is easily releasable by merely moving the operating handle toward the locked position.

The latch is held in the full-open position while the first and second members are moved together. The operating handle is moved forward by a remote control rod to release the holding means. Continued movement of the handle in the same direction securely latches the mechanism in a locked position. To release the latch, the handle need only be pulled in the opposite direction.

The actual construction, operation, and the apparent advantages of the invention will be better understood by referring to the drawings in which like numerals identify like parts in the different figures and in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of the latch in accordance with the present invention, in a cocked position.

FIG. 2 is a top view, partly in section, of the latch of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a side view, partly in section and reduced in scale, of the latch in FIG. 1 in an intermediate position between its full-open position and its locked position.

FIG. 4 is a side view, partly in section and reduced in scale, of the latch of FIG. 1 in a locked position.

FIG. 5 is a side view, partly in section and reduced in scale, of the latch of FIG. 1 in a full-open position.

FIG. 6 is an enlarged partial side view, partly in section, of a holding means of the latch of FIG. 1 used to maintain the latch in a full-open position.

Referring more particularly to the drawings, latch 10 has a base 11 which is adapted to be secured to first member 12 which in turn is adapted to be coupled to second member 13. Latch 10 has a pair of flattened V-shaped arms 14 pivotally secured at their one end to base 11 by means of pin 15, and pivotally secured at their other end to an operating handle 16 by means of pin 17. Latch element 18, which has a hook-like means 19 at one end thereof, is pivotally secured at its other end to arms 14 by pin 20.

Latch element 18 has an open, elongated slot 21 longitudinally extending along its upper edge and provided...
with a pair of guide grooves 22, one on either side of the slot. A link 23 having a pair of guides 24 is positioned for slidable movement within slot 21, said guides 24 cooperating respectively with said guide grooves 22, as clearly shown in FIG. 1. Movement of link 23 is limited in slot 21 by means of stop 25 which cooperates with the recess 23a on the underside of link 23 (see FIGS. 4 and 5). An adjustable linkage 26, which is pivotally secured at its one end to handle 16 by pin 27, is pivotally secured at its other end to link 23 by pin 28. Tension spring 29 is coupled at one end to link 23 by means of pin 28 and at its other end to a bracket 30 which in turn is pivotally mounted on handle 16.

Rigidly secured to base 11 are a pair of supports 32, one on either side of the latch. These supports, which have a hook-like protuberance on their outer ends, are positioned to engage pin 28 in link 23 when handle 16 is moved in a locking direction for a purpose more fully explained in the description of the operation set out below.

A holding means 35 is provided on latch 10 to releasably lock the latch in full-open position whenever operating handle 16 is moved to the position shown in FIG. 5. Holding means 35 (FIGS. 1 and 6) comprises a detent means 37 which has a reduced portion slidably mounted in a guide housing 36 on base 11. Spring 38 is positioned within housing 36 to normally bias detent 37 upward as viewed in FIG. 6. Pin 39 which is affixed to detent 37 passes through slot 40 in housing 36 to limit movement of the detent. A cam means is secured to handle 16 by screw 43. Cam 42 is adapted to cooperate with roller 44 on the latch element 37 when the latch is in a locked position when handle 16 is moved to a depress detent 37 for a purpose that will be more fully explained below.

The operation of holding means 35 is as follows. As handle 16 is moved toward a full-open position, tension spring 29 retains handle 16, latch element 19, linkage 26, and arms 14 in a relative position to each other (FIGS. 3 and 5) and all rotate about pin 15. The sloped face of shoulder 41 contains a slope face of detent 37, depressing same downward in housing 36 against the bias of spring 38. This allows the shoulder 41 on arm 14 to move behind detent 37 which in turn allows spring 38 to move detent 37 upward to engage shelter 41 (see FIG. 6) to thereby lock arms 14 in a full-open position. With arms 14 locked, tension spring 29 will hold both handle 16 and latch element 18 in a full-open position, as shown in FIG. 5.

When it is desired to release latch 10 from its full-open position, handle 16 is rotated forward about pin 17 against the bias of spring 29 so that flattened portion 40a of cam 42 once again contacts roller 44 on detent 37 to depress same and release shoulder 41 on arm 14. This allows arm 14 to move forward to the intermediate position shown in FIG. 5. The rounded portion of cam 42 will engage roller 44 when handle 16 is moved forward to fully lock mechanism 16, as will be more fully described below, so that detent 37 is depressed and does not interfere with the locking operation.

The operation of latch 10, itself, is as follows. Latch 10, which has its base 11 secured to a first member 12, is normally in the full-open position shown in FIG. 5. Member 12 is moved into abutment with member 13 to which it is to be latched. Handle 16 is pushed forward (counter-clockwise as viewed in FIG. 3) by a remote control rod (not shown) which can be attached to handle 16 through opening 45. As explained above, this movement of handle 16 releases holding means 45 and moves the latch to the position shown in FIG. 3. In this position, arm 14 rock forward about pin 15 and latch means 19 engages a latching groove 13a in second member 13. Linkage 26 will move link 23 forward in slot 21 of element 18 until pin 28 on link 23 engages supports 32. Continued movement of handle 16 will cause the horizontal component (Fh in FIG. 3) of the operating force F to be reacted at supports 32 which in turn causes arms 14 to rock clockwise about fixed pivot 15 to lock element 18 in a latched position, as shown in FIG. 4. Tension spring 29, which acts as an "over center" spring also aids in keeping latch 10 in a locked position.

As briefly mentioned above, due to the limited access area for operating the latch, it is necessary for the latching mechanism to be capable of being securely locked by a force applied to the handle at angles substantially less than 90° with respect to the longitudinal axis of the mechanism, this angle being designated as $\angle a$ in FIG. 3. In those prior art mechanisms which are capable of being locked by a single movement of the operating handle in one direction, the angle $\angle a$ at which the force is applied to the handle near the end of the locking operation must approach 90° in order to insure proper latching. Through the use of supports 32 and sliding link 23, the present mechanism can be securely latched by a force applied to handle 16 at an angle $\angle a$ substantially less than 90° even during the final stage of locking the mechanism.

Although the invention has been described in conjunction with a space docking operation, it should be realized that a latch made in accordance with the present invention could be used in any environment where latches of this type are commonly used, and that the invention as set forth is intended to cover all changes and modifications which do not constitute a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention.

What is claimed and desired to be secured by Letters Patent is:

1. A latching mechanism having a locked position and a full-open position comprising:
   a base;
   a pair of arms, each arm having one end pivotally secured to said base;
   an operating handle pivotally secured to each of the other ends of said arms;
   a latch element having a hook means on one end thereof and pivotally secured at its other end to each of said arms at a point intermediate the ends of said arms;
   a link slidably mounted on said latch element;
   means to limit movement of said link on said latch element;
   a linkage pivotally secured to one end to said handle and at its other end to said link;
   a spring secured at one end to said link and at its other end to said operating handle; and
   support means on said base adapted to be engaged by said link and said latch element.

2. A latching mechanism as described in claim 1 including:
   a cooperative releasable holding means on one of said arms and said base, respectively, for holding said latching mechanism in the full-open operative position whenever said handle is moved to said full-open position.

3. A latching mechanism as described in claim 2 wherein said cooperative, releasable holding means comprises:
   a guide housing having one end open on said base;
   a set of said co-operating structures mounted on said housing and normally extending out said open end thereof;
   means on said said detent means and said housing for limiting movement of said said detent means in said housing;
   means normally biasing said detent means toward the open end of said housing;
   means on one of said arms adapted to be engaged by said said ditent means when said latching mechanism is in a full-open position; and
   means on said operating handle adapted to engage
said detent means to depress same whenever the handle is moved toward the full-open position and adapted to disengage the detent whenever the handle reaches said full-open position.

4. A latching mechanism as described in claim 1 including:

releasable holding means for holding said latching mechanism in a full-open position whenever said handle is moved to said full-open position.

5. A latching mechanism having a locked position and a full-open position comprising:

a base;
an operating handle;
means connecting said handle to said base;
hook means connected to said means connecting said handle to said base;
link means slidably mounted on said hook means;
linkage means connecting said link means to said handle means;
spring means connected between said handle and said hook means; and
support means on said base adapted to be engaged by said link means when said operating handle is moved toward said hook means.

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