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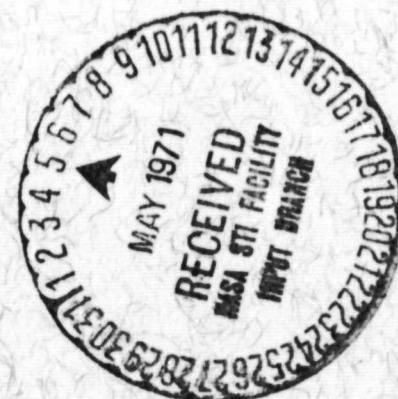
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**SUFFER**  
**A PROGRAM FOR CONSOLE  
EXECUTION OF UTILITY PROGRAMS**

**JOHN S. CAVALLINI  
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**ABSTRACT**

**SUFFER, System Utility Facility For Easy Recovery, is a systems program written for use on IBM S/360 computers. It allows the composition and execution of utility programs at any operator's console. Associated with SUFFER are procedure and control statement libraries. SUFFER's value, use, logic flow and installation are discussed. Examples and source listings are included.**

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## SUFFER

### A PROGRAM FOR CONSOLE EXECUTION OF UTILITY PROGRAMS

#### INTRODUCTION

This paper describes and offers motivation for the use of a program written for IBM S/360 computers. The program is called SUFFER - System Utility Facility For Easy Recovery. It is an on-line tool to be used by systems programs and operators from an operator's console. Using SUFFER, the system programmer can construct and execute utility programs designed to aid in both the investigation of system problems and normal system software maintenance. The use of two data sets, SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB and SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL, containing JCL and utility control statements respectively, allows the construction of these programs from previously defined building blocks. In addition, a job may be created in toto at the operator's console and executed using SUFFER.

The potential values of SUFFER, how to use it, its logic flow and installation are discussed in this paper. Program listings and examples are offered in the Appendices.

#### THE VALUE OF SUFFER

System Programming covers a wide range of functions associated with operating systems and extends from the conception and design of an operating system through to the responsibility of maintaining and debugging an operating system which is already in existence. In this latter aspect of system programming, the most important concern is to keep the operating system performing with a minimal amount of "down time." Fast and accurate isolation of problems causing down time and a solution to the problem, such as a temporary programming fix, constitute a major function of the systems programmer and, hence, it is necessary in attempting to solve the problems of a large operating system to have as much information as possible available to the systems programmer for analysis of the system at that point in time when the problem occurs. Keeping down time to a minimum also involves a program of system maintenance allowing the operating system to continue its operation essentially error free and providing a reliable backup of the software and data stored in the computing system on secondary storage. Obviously, problems are being isolated and solved and information is being stored about present operating systems or there would not be an operating system working. However, any reduction in the amount of time consumed in this area further reduces the amount of time the system is inoperable and,

therefore, increases the time the computing system can be used for production work. The intent of this paper is to discuss how "down time" can be reduced by enhancing the system programmer's ability to communicate with the operating system (thus providing himself with more information about the system) through SUFFER.

Multiple Console Support, providing the features of routing codes, descriptor codes, multiple and dedicated consoles, hard copy and the user exit, could in the extreme case provide the user's system programmer a console unto himself with its own routing and descriptor codes (which could be changed dynamically), however, this is an unnecessary extravagance. Yet, systems work will be proposed to be done with the normal configuration for any installation.

IBM offers the user four different ways of organizing data on secondary storage in the computing system and also uses two of these organizations (partitioned data set and sequential data set) to store the operating system programs and tables. IBM places the responsibility for maintaining data sets of any organization on the user. However, IBM does provide a set of standard utility programs for creating and maintaining operating system data. There are essentially two categories for these utility programs. One is the set of utilities used to maintain system control data at an organizational or system level. The other is the set of utilities used to reorganize, change, or compare data at the data set level and at the record level.

The utility programs are probably the most frequently used programs to gather information about the system when problems develop, to make modifications to the system, to recover lost data, to recreate lost data sets and to correct problems. Consider the example of an installation that reserves a disk pack to accommodate a partitioned data set whose members are the load modules of customer programs. If on some occasion an unusually large number of programs start abending with a system 213 completion code, the first thing to do is to run the utility program IEHLIST to list the VTØC on the disk pack on which the partitioned data set resides. Then for instance, if the data set were scratched (a strong possibility since the operator reply for a normal update to this data set and for scratching it altogether are the same), one would have to use the IEHDASDR or IEHMOVE utility data set to recover the customer partitioned data set.

The job control language for executing the utility programs is illustrated by the following:

```
//JOBNAME (JOB statement)
```

```
//STEPNAME EXEC PGM=PROGRAM
```

**//SYSPRINT (DD statement for message output data set.)**

**DD statements for device allocation.**

**//SYSIN (DD statement for data set containing utility control statements.)**

**/\***

Two of these JCL statements should be discussed. The first are the DD statements for device allocation. For all of the utilities the number of these DD statements remains constant when performing a singular application of the given utility program. It should also be noted that through the proper use of symbolic parameters, these DD statements can be made flexible enough to retain just one copy of the JCL for a singular application of a utility on secondary storage and to use that copy to execute the utility for any device by simply overriding the chosen symbolic parameters. The sysin card also requires consideration since it defines the data set containing the control statements to be used by the utility program. This must be sequential data set, e.g., it can be specified after the card

**//SYSIN DD \***

in the job stream or as a member of a partitioned data set pointed to by the sysin card. This data set is vital to the utility to designate the operation the utility is to perform and the data set and possibly the member on which the operation is to be performed.

Since the utility programs are the main source of information about the system (i.e., with the exception of a core dump and the hard copy), it would seem to be a good idea to make these programs and any others which the system personnel deem necessary more readily available at times when system problems arise and multiple console support offers this capability to the systems programmer. One of the operator commands offered the user in multiple console support is the start command. OS/360 allows the operator to start certain qualified tasks from the operator's console and to pass parameters to these tasks by the start command itself. There must be a procedure in the system procedure library to point to the program to be started, the program must exist in one of the system linkage libraries and the user must update the table (IEEVLNKT) used by the Post Scan Exit Routine to include the program name.

The procedure corresponding to the program is:

**//SUFFER EXEC PGM=SUFFER**



```
//PROCLIB DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB,DISP=SHR  
//CONTROL DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL,DISP=SHR  
//JOB1 DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.JOB1,DISP=SHR  
//JOB2 DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.JOB2,DISP=SHR
```

The PROCLIB and CONTROL DD cards refer to the libraries created to contain SUFFER routines. The JOB1 and JOB2 DD cards are for the data sets to contain the job streams created at the operator's console.

Program SUFFER started in this manner is a system task, operates in protect key 0 and is itself capable of issuing SVC's or performing any other function normally reserved for system tasks.

Since SUFFER is in protect key zero, one of the reserved operations it can perform is issuing the communications Supervisor Call, i.e. SVC 34. In this manner, SUFFER can issue any command which can be entered at the master console. All that is necessary, is that SUFFER point register zero to the message text and specify the text length in the first four bytes. Therefore, SUFFER can start any procedure, system task or, as we will need, its own reader. The standard IBM reader procedure requires three DD statements to be defined. The first named IEFRDER, describes the input stream to the reader/interpreter. The second, named IEFPDSI, describes the procedure library which is to be used by the invoked reader and the last, IEFDATA, describes the intermediate storage of input stream data. Hence, SUFFER, given its own reader procedure, can start programs, in this case utilities and other essential routines, by pointing the IEFPDSI data definition card to its own procedure library containing the necessary procedures to execute the utilities, and by pointing the IEFRDER data definition statement to this same utility procedure library but specifying the member or individual procedure symbolically. Then SUFFER maintains the ability to override this data definition card and can execute any utility program requested by the system programmer working with SUFFER for which a member has been created in this utility procedure library or for which SUFFER has created an input stream for the reader.

In order to initialize utility programs, SUFFER must use several data sets which have been mentioned already. The first data set is the data set to contain symbolic procedures for the utility programs. We have discussed the job control language necessary for executing a utility program but we have not seen any examples of how the use of symbolic parameters can be used to reduce the space necessary for this procedure data set and to facilitate the execution of the utilities. Let us consider two of the most frequently used utility programs, IEHDASDR

and IEHPROGM. IEHPROGM's functions include scratching, renaming, cataloging, and uncataloging data sets. Since data sets can be inadvertently uncataloged, cataloged incorrectly, or scratched, it would be convenient to have this utility available immediately. The symbolic procedure for this utility is as follows:

```
//DEFAULT PROC VOL=M2SYS4  
  
//CATLG EXEC PGM=IEHPROGM  
  
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A  
  
//DD1 DD VOL=REF=SYSRES, DISP=OLD  
  
//DD2 DD VOL=REF=&VOL, DISP=OLD
```

Since IEHPROGM requires a DD card for each volume referred to in the job step and since the catalog is on the system residence device, it is most favorable in this case to have a second card which can be used to describe any other pack which might be used. In this example, the DD2 card will point to the volume M2SYS4 unless overridden. SUFFER allows for this condition with its code option which is illustrated later. IEHPROGM, however, has a different control card for each of the functions mentioned. IEHPROGM by nature requires a data set name specified in the control card and therefore a method of just typing the control card at the console or editing it on secondary storage is necessary. SUFFER provides the option of replacing the sysin card by one specifying an in stream data set and then following it with the desired control cards.

The IEHDASDR utility can be used to analyze and initialize direct access storage devices, and to dump or restore these devices onto or from back up copies kept by the individual user. The procedure for executing the IEHDASDR can be:

```
//DEFAULT PROC VOL=M2DRM1, T=SYSTPE, MEM=DUMP  
  
//DASDR EXEC PGM=IEHDASDR  
  
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A  
  
//DD1 DD VOL=REF=&VOL, DISP=OLD  
  
//TO1 DD VOL=SER=&T, UNIT=(TAPE, DEFER), DSN=&VOL, DISP=  
(,KEEP)  
  
//SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL(&MEM), DISP=OLD
```

SUFFER uses a second data set in which to store a control statement for each function as a member of this partitioned data set (SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL) and then the appropriate member can be selected by just specifying the MEM parameter in the exec card. Here, the two most frequently used functions, the dump and the restore have so little variation in their control statements that it is unnecessary to code them specifically. In general, it is only necessary to include the members DUMP and RESTORE which are:

DUMP FROMDD=DD1,TODD=TO1

and

RESTORE TODD=DD1,FROMDD=TO1

The program SUFFER also utilizes two sequential data sets as temporary storage for the job stream it creates. SUFFER will prepare the final JCL for the procedure together with the proper control cards in one of these data sets to avoid timing problems incurred by trying to create new JCL for starting a second job while RDRSUFR is still processing the JCL for the first one.

There are several reasons to justify a program such as SUFFER. As was mentioned, the information which becomes more readily available is sufficient in itself. But then, SUFFER also can cure problems when the operator is using it while talking to the systems programmer by telephone after working hours. Errors are reduced when operating personnel do not have to code cards. SUFFER also increases the speed in which the utilities can be entered in the system, since all the cards need not be punched up or even modified. SUFFER also decreases the errors which can be made in keypunching by the system programmer.

There are also several improvements which should be made to SUFFER. As it is, SUFFER lacks the ability to format control blocks on the display console. Displaying a given TCB or UCB might prove to be a very handy feature when certain jobs are in the system for long periods of time. Finally, SUFFER does not provide for any output from programs to be returned to the console. In many cases, the utilities output is limited to a few lines and would not clutter up the display, yet it would yield quick response to the utility. In any case, at least the condition code of the utility at completion could be very helpful in determining if DASDI, DUMP/RESTORE performed satisfactorily.

#### HOW TO USE SUFFER

The following section discusses the operation of SUFFER. Appendix A is a reproduction of system log for one SUFFER session.

SUFFER is initiated with a "S SUFFER" command. The user is then queried for the name of the routine in SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB he wishes to use. The specification of the routine name at this point is for display purposes only. He also specifies the display options: all lines of the procedure, the PROC statement, containing default values for parameters, or no display. The abbreviations A, D and N are allowed. The default option is to show the entire procedure. If the user types in a routine name not in the SUFFER library, he is requested to try again. Three consecutive incorrect routine names causes the termination of the SUFFER routine.

After the JCL desired has been displayed, SUFFER asks if the default utility control statements associated with the procedure should be shown. SUFFER then requests the job name to be used. Again there are three options: to specify all eight characters, to specify a three character suffix to K3SYS or to use K3SYSSUF by specifying 'U'. These defaults may be modified as explained in "Installation of SUFFER."

After the job name is specified, the user specifies all JCL and control statements that will make up his job. The first line is an EXEC, generally to invoke the catalogued procedure displayed above. At this point the user modifies any of the default parameters specified in the routine. Following the EXEC statement, any additional DD cards and utility control statements required are entered. After the last line, the user replies 'END' to show completion and to automatically start a reader to the job he has created. SUFFER then returns to the start and requests another routine name. At this point or at any time, the user may reply 'EXIT' to immediately terminate the operation of SUFFER.

SUFFER is simple to use, as the requests cue the user as to the form of the reply desired. A knowledge of the contents of SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB is helpful. It is recommended that at least a listing of the member names be available at the operators console. For simplicity in coding, SUFFER does not allow correction of lines already entered. In the case of errors in typing of JCL, 'EXIT' and restart is the best course.

#### SUFFER LOGIC FLOW

This section of the paper contains a brief narrative of the internal logic flow of SUFFER. The source listings can be found in Appendix B.

SUFFER determines from the start command which console is in use and routes all WTO's and WTOR's to it. After opening SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB and SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL, it requests a routine name and display option. If the routine name cannot be found in the directory, another try is requested. Three

consecutive incorrect names causes termination of SUFFER. If the routine is not to be shown at all, the job preparation code is entered. Otherwise FIND locates the desired member and a BPAM READ is issued for the first block. Logical record counting and subsequent READs are built into the program. Each record is examined to determine if it is part of the PROC statement. If so, the default SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL member name is searched for and the entire line displayed with a WTO. After the PROC statement, no search is done and the line displayed only if option ALL was chosen.

A WTOR then asks if the control statements are to be shown. If so, the same sequence of FIND, READ's and WTO's as above is used to display the control statements. Two alternating data sets are used to contain the job now to be built. A pair of sets is used to guarantee that in the case of consecutive jobs being built by SUFFER, the job data set is not written over before it has been read to the job queue. An one byte flag, JOBNO, determines which data set, SYS2.SUFFER.JOB1 or JOB2 is currently being used. After the correct data set is opened, the user is queried for a job name. He is given the options of eight characters, a three character suffix or allowed to use a default name. His reply is incorporated into a job card fixed at assembly and the result written to the JOB data set. Subsequent WTOR's request card images to be entered into the data set.

When the user is through entering card images, he replies 'END'. This causes the JOB data set to be closed. An SVC 34 is used to start RDRSUFRR to the correct job data set, which is subsequently treated as a normal job by the system. A new routine name is requested and the process begins anew. In reply to any of the WTOR's, the user may type 'EXIT', which causes all data sets to be closed and a RETURN to be issued.

## INSTALLATION OF SUFFER

The following steps must be performed to make SUFFER operational:

1. Assemble SUFFER source code (See Appendix B). Before assembly constants DEFJOBID and JOBREST should be modified to contain the desired default job id and job card format.
2. The assembly output is then link-edited into SYS1.LINKLIB or any link library concatenated to it in SYS1.PARMLIB(LNKLIB).
3. Place the catalogued procedure SUFFER (Appendix C) in SYS1.PROCLIB.

4. Modify **SYS1.LINKLIB(IEEVLNKT)** to allow a **START SUFFER** command to be valid.
5. Place the catalogued procedure **RDRSUFR** (Appendix C) in **SYS1.PROCLIB**.
6. Create and catalog the two **SUFFER** library data sets:

**SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB**

**SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL**

7. Allocate space for and catalog the two **SUFFER** job stream data sets:

**SYS2.SUFFER.JOB1**

**SYS2.SUFFER.JOB2**

A few tracks for each should be sufficient.

Copies of the source code may be obtained by contacting the authors. Further improvements to **SUFFER** are contemplated and will be incorporated into future decks.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The authors wish to acknowledge the valuable assistance of William J. Bradford in the coding and testing of **SUFFER**.

APPENDIX A  
A SAMPLE SUFFER SESSION

```

*IEF429I INITIATOR 'INIT' WAITING FOR WORK
suç suffer      (ç is a backspace)
  ENTER 'EXIT' AT ANY TIME TO STOP SUFFERING.
*08 ENTER ROUTINE NAME AND DISPLAY OPTIONS: ALL, DEFAULTS OR NOTHING
r 08, 'suflist,n'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 08 IS 'suflist,n'
*09 INCORRECT ROUTINE NAME SPECIFIED. TRY AGAIN. } Capitals required at alternate console
r 09, 'SUFLIST,N'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 09 IS 'SUFLIST,N'
*10 ENTER JOBNAME DESIRED OR SUFFIX TO K3SYS OR 'U' TO USE K3SYSSUF.
r 10, 'U'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 10 IS 'U'
*11 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 11, '// EXEC SUFLIST'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 11 IS '// EXEC SUFLIST'
*12 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 12, 'END'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 12 IS 'END'
*13 ENTER ROUTINE NAME AND DISPLAY OPTIONS: ALL, DEFAULTS OR NOTHING
  RRRR JOB D0001 K3SYSSUF ON 330 BY RDRSUFR
r 13, 'DUMP,A'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 13 IS 'DUMP,A'
  //DEFAULT PROC VOL=M2DRM1,T=SYSTPE,MEM=DUMP
  //DMPRES EXEC PGM=IEHDASDR,REGION=100K
  //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
  //DD1 DD VOL=REF=&VOL,DISP=SHR
  //T01 DD UNIT=2400-9,VOL=SER=&T,DISP=(,KEEP)
  //SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL(&MEM),DISP=SHR
*14 DISPLAY CONTROL STATEMENTS? Y OR N.
r 14, 'Y'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 14 IS 'Y'
  DUMP FROMDD=DD1,TODD=T01
*15 ENTER JOBNAME DESIRED OR SUFFIX TO K3SYS OR 'U' TO USE K3SYSSUF.
r 15, 'DMP'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 15 IS 'DMP'
*16 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
  SSS JOB D0001 K3SYSSUF AT 09.12.12 BY INIT
r 16, '// EXEC DUMP,T=SYS)ç073'
  EEE JOB D0001 K3SYSSUF AT 09.12.20 JOBT=0001
  WWW JOB D0001 K3SYSSUF ON 00F, BOX=SYS
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 16 IS '// EXEC DUMP,T=SYS073'
*18 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 18, 'END'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 18 IS 'END'
*19 ENTER ROUTINE NAME AND DISPLAY OPTIONS: ALL, DEFAULTS OR THING
  RRRR JOB D0002 K3SYSDMP ON 330 BY RDRSUFR
  SSS JOB D0002 K3SYSDMP AT 09.14.07 BY INIT
  IEF234E R 0D3,,K3SYSDMP
*IEF233A M 0D3,SYS073,,K3SYSDMP,DMPRES
*IEA000A 0D3,INT REQ,C3,0200,4C24000400,,SYS073,
r 19, 'LISTVTOC,D'
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 19 IS 'LISTVTOC,D'
  //DEFAULT PROC MEM=LISTVTOC,CVOL=M2DRM1,VOL=M2SYS4
  //IEHLIST EXEC PGM=IEHLIST
*20 DISPLAY CONTROL STATEMENTS? Y OR N.
r 20, 'N'
  IEC705I TAPE ON 0D3,SYS073 IS SL, 1600BPI
  IEE600I ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 20 IS 'N'
*21 ENTER JOBNAME DESIRED OR SUFFIX TO K3SYS OR 'U' TO USE K3SYSSUF.
  IEF280E K 0D3,SYS073,K3SYSDMP,DMPRES
  EEE JOB D0002 K3SYSDMP AT 09.16.38 JOBT=0002
  WWW JOB D0002 K3SYSDMP ON 00F, BOX=SYS

```

0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0



```

r 21, 'K3JSCVTC'
  IEE6001 ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 21 IS 'K3JSCVTC'
*22 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 22, '// EXEC LISTVTOC,VOL=M2SYS2'
  IEE6001 ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 22 IS '// EXEC LISTVTOC,VOL=M2SYS2'
*23 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 23, '//SYSIN DD *'
  IEE6001 ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 23 IS '//SYSIN DD *'
*24 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 24, 'LISTVTOC FORMAT,VOL=2314=M2SYS2'
  IEE6001 ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 24 IS 'LISTVTOC FORMAT,VOL=2314=M2S
*25 ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS.  ENTER 'END' TO EXECUTE YOUR JOB.
r 25, 'eEND'
  IEE6001 ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 25 IS 'END'
*26 ENTER ROUTINE NAME AND DISPLAY OPTIONS: ALL, DEFAULTS OR NOTHING
r 26, 'EXIT'
  RRRR JOB D0003 K3JSCVTC ON 330 BY RDRSUFR
  SSS JOB D0003 K3JSCVTC AT 09.19.36 BY INIT
  IEE6001 ACCEPTED REPLY TO MSG 26 IS 'EXIT'
  YOUR SUFFERING IS OVER!
  EEE JOB D0003 K3JSCVTC AT 09.20.05 JOBT=0003
  WWW JOB D0003 K3JSCVTC ON 00F, BOX=SYS

```

**APPENDIX B**  
**SUFFER SOURCE LISTING**

```

SUFFER CSECT 00000100
TITLE 'S U F F R - SYSTEM UTILITY FACILITY FOR EASY RECOVERY' 00000150
* THE FUNCTION OF THIS PROGRAM IS TO ALLOW THE EXECUTION 00000200
* OF SYSTEM UTILITY PROGRAMS FROM EITHER OPERATOR'S 00000300
* CONSOLE. 00000400
* 00000500
* TWO LIBRARIES ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THE PROGRAM: 00000600
* SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB - UTILITY JCL LIBRARY 00000700
* SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL - CONTROL STATEMENT LIBRARY 00000800
* MEMBERS OF THESE LIBRARIES ARE DISPLAYED AT THE 00000900
* OPERATOR'S REQUEST. 00001000
* 00001100
* UTILITY PROGRAMS ARE CREATED BY REPLYING TO SUFFER'S 00001200
* PROMPTING WITH JCL AND CONTROL STATEMENTS. THE RESULTING 00001300
* JOB IS PLACED IN ONE OF TWO DATA SETS: 00001400
* SYS2.SUFFER.JOB1 OR JOB2. 00001500
* A READER IS THEN STARTED TO THE CORRECT JOB DATA SET. 00001510
* 00001700
* 00001800
* 00001900
* WRITTEN BY: 00002000
* DENNIS GIRLIN 00002100
* JOHN CAVALLINI 00002200
* G.S.F.C. SFSO COMPUTING CENTER 00002300
* JANUARY, 1971 00002400
* 00002500
* 00002600
* 00002700
* 00002800
* 00002900
* 00003000
* 00003100
* 00003200
* 00003300
* 00003400
* 00003500
* 00003600
* 00003700
* 00003800
* 00003900
* 00004000
* 00004010
* 00004020
* 00004100
* 00004200
* 00004300
* 00004400
* 00004500
* 00004600
* 00004700
* 00004800
* 00004850
* 00004875
* 00004900
* 00005000
* 00005004
* 00005008
* 00005010
* 00005020
* 00005030

```

```

R0 EQU 0
R1 EQU 1
R2 EQU 2
R3 EQU 3
R4 EQU 4
R5 EQU 5
R6 EQU 6
R7 EQU 7
R8 EQU 8
R9 EQU 9
R10 EQU 10
R11 EQU 11
R13 EQU 13
R12 EQU 12
R14 EQU 14
R15 EQU 15
RW EQU 11
RM EQU 9
SPACE 5
SAVE (14,12)
BALR 12,0
USING *,12
ST R13,SAVE+4
LA R4,SAVE
ST R4,8(R13)
LR R13,R4
LA R1,8(R1)
USING JSCCIR,R1
FJFCT
SETUP EQU *
MVC MESSAGE3+37(5),DEFJOBID
MVC MESSAGE3+57(8),DEFJOBID
TM CIRCNOID,X'01'
RD MASTER

```

```

WTOR WORK REGISTER
PTRNTR TO WTO/WTOR MESSAGE

```

```

CIR POINTER 3RD WORD IN SPL

```

```

IS THIS THE MASTER CONSOLE
CIR PTED TO BY R1 AFTER START COMMAND

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PRECEDING PAGE BLANK NOT FILMED

	MVC	ROUT(2),ROUT13	NO. WORKING AT ALTERNATE	00005040
	R	PROCPEN		00005050
MASTER	MVC	ROUT(2),ROUT1	WORKING AT MASTER CONSOLE	00005060
PROCPEN	EQU	*		00005070
	OPEN	(PROC.(INPUT),CONTROL,(INPUT))		00005100
	LA	RM,MESSAGE4	TELL HOW TO EXIT	00005140
	BAL	R10,EXWTO		00005180
*				00005200
*		ISSUE FIRST WTOR BY LINKING TO EXWTO		00005300
*	REG.	RM MUST POINT TO 2 BYTE LENGTH CODE AND MESSAGE		00005400
*		THE REPLY IS PLACED IN REPLY AND PADDED WITH BLANKS		00005500
WTOR)	LA	RM,MESSAGE1	POINT RM AT FIRST MESSAGE	00005600
	BAL	R10,EXWTO	LINK TO WTOR ROUTINE	00005700
	SR	R8,R8	ERROR COUNT	00005800
*				00005900
*		ANALYZE FIRST REPLY & DETERMINE WHAT TO DISPLAY		00006000
*		OR WHETHER TO TERMINATE.		00006100
*				00006200
REPIANAL	EQU	*		00006300
	SPACE			00006500
*		LOOK FOR OPTION - IF NONE, DEFAULT WILL BE ALL		00006600
	SPACE			00006700
	LA	R2,REPLY		00006800
	LA	R3,9	LIMIT REGISTER	00006900
	SR	R4,R4		00007000
COMCOMP	CLC	0(1,R2),COMMA	IS THIS A COMMA?	00007100
	BE	FOUNDCOM	YES, BRANCH OUT	00007200
	CLC	0(1,R2),BLANK	IS IT A BLANK?	00007300
	BE	SHOWALL	YES, WE WILL SHOW ALL OF PROC	00007400
	LA	R4,1(R4)	INCREMENT COUNT	00007500
	LA	R2,1(R2)	INCREMENT POINTER	00007600
	CR	R4,R3	HAVE WE LOOKED AT 9 CHARACTERS?	00007700
	BNI	ERRPR1	ERROR IF NO BLANK OR COMMA IN	00007800
*			FIRST 9 CHARACTERS.	00007900
	R	COMCOMP	OTHERWISE, GO LOOK AT NEXT CHARACTER	00008000
FOUNDCOM	EQU	*	NEXT CHARACTER SHOULD BE A, D OR N	00000100
	BAL	R14,MEMRMOVE		00000200
	CLC	1(1,R2),N	NONE TO BE SHOWN?	00000300
	BE	NO SHOW		00000400
	CLC	1(1,R2),D	SHOW DEFAULTS ONLY?	00000500
	BE	SHOWDEF		00000600
	MVI	DEFAULT,X'00'	TURN DEFAULT BYTE OFF	00000625
	FJFCT			00000650
SHOWPROC	EQU	*	SHOW ENTIRE PROC	00000700
*			FALL THROUGH FROM ABOVE OR FROM SHOWALL	00000800
	MVI	MEMBER1,X'FF'	SET SWITCH TO SHOW MEMBER NAME	WJR 00000840
*			NOT FOUND YET	WJR 00000880
	FIND	PROC,MEMRNAME,D	LOCATE MEMBER	00000900
	LTR	R15,R15	ZERO RETURN CODE?	00000940
	BP	ERRPR1	NO, GO TRY FOR THE MEMBER NAME AGAIN	00000980
READPROC	L	R5,BLKCOUNT	NUMBER OF BYTES IN BLOCK	00001000
	READ	PROCDFCR,SE,PROC,DATA		00001100
	CHECK	PROCDFCR		00001200
	L	R1,PROCDFCR+16	LOAD A(IOR)	00001300
	SH	R5,14(R1)	14 INTO IOR IS THE NUMBER OF BYTES	00001400
*			IN BLOCK NOT READ	00001500
	SR	R11,R11	CLEAR CARD COUNT REGISTER	00001600
	LA	R6,DATA	START OF DATA	00001700
MOVEPROC	MVC	WTARFA+2(80),0(R6)	MOVE INTO WORK AREA	00001800
	TM	MEMBER1,X'FF'		WJR 00001801

	RND	DEFCHECK	IF MEMBER NAME FOUND, BR TO DEFCHECK	WJR 00001802
	LA	R3,WTOAREA+5		WJR 00001803
	LA	R9,WTOAREA+72		WJR 00001804
	LH	RR,ONE	LOAD INCREMENT INTO RR	WJR 00001805
	SR	R4,R4	CLEAR OUT FOR INCREM. WHEN NAME FOUND	WJR 00001806
NAMECOMP	CLC	0(4,R3),MEM	BEGIN SEARCH FOR MEMBER NAME	WJR 00001807
	RF	FOUNDMEM		WJR 00001808
	CLC	0(5,R3),MEMB		WJR 00001809
	BE	EQUINMEMB		WJR 00001810
	CLC	0(7,R3),MEMBER		WJR 00001811
	RF	FORMEMBER		WJR 00001812
	CLC	0(5,R3),EXEC2		WJR 00001813
	RF	EXECFOUN		WJR 00001814
	LA	R3,1(R3)		WJR 00001815
	BXH	R3,RR,DEFCHECK	IF NOT FOUND AFTER 70 CHARACTERS, BRANCH TO DEFCHECK	WJR 00001816
*	RNF	NAMECOMP	GO BACK TO KEEP SEARCHING	WJR 00001817
	SPACE	3		WJR 00001818
FOUNDMEM	AH	R3,FOUR		00001819
	R	COMPARE1		WJR 00001820
EQUINMEMB	AH	R3,FIVE		WJR 00001821
	R	COMPARE1		WJR 00001822
FORMEMBER	AH	R3,SEVEN		WJR 00001823
	R	COMPARE1		WJR 00001824
	SPACE	3		WJR 00001825
COMPARE1	LR	RR,R3		00001826
COMPARE2	CLC	0(1,R3),BLANK		WJR 00001827
	RF	READYMOV		WJR 00001828
	CLC	0(1,R3),COMMA		WJR 00001829
	RF	READYMOV		WJR 00001830
	LA	R4,1(R4)	INCREMENT COUNT	WJR 00001831
	LA	R3,1(R3)	INCREMENT ADDRESS	WJR 00001832
	RNF	COMPARE2		WJR 00001833
	SPACE			WJR 00001834
EXECFOUN	MVI	MEMBER1,X'00'	TURN SWITCH TO SHOW EXEC CARD FOUND	00001835
	R	DEFCHECK		WJR 00001836
	SPACE			WJR 00001837
READYMOV	RAI	R14,MOVNAME		00001838
SHOWNAME	MVI	MEMBER1,X'00'	TURN SWITCH TO SHOW MEMBER NAME FOUND	WJR 00001839
	R	PROCWTO		WJR 00001840
	SPACE	5		WJR 00001841
DIIMOVE2	MVC	MEMRNAME(0),0(R8)		00001842
	SPACE			WJR 00001843
MOVNAME	SH	R4,ONE		00001844
	MVC	MEMRNAME,BLANK		WJR 00001845
	FX	R4,DIIMOVE2		WJR 00001846
	RR	R14		WJR 00001847
DEFCHECK	TM	DEFAULT,X'FF'	SHOW DEFAULTS ONLY?	00001848
	R0	JCLCHECK	YES, GO ANALYZE	00001900
PROCWTO	FOU	*		00002000
	LA	RM,WTOAREA	PREPARE FOR WTO	00002100
	RAI	P10,FXWTO		00002200
	AH	R6,FIGHTY	POINT AT NEXT CARD	00002300
	SH	R5,FIGHTY	NUMBER OF BYTES LEFT	00002400
	BP	MOVEPROC	IF ANYMORE CARDS ARE LEFT,GO PROCESS	00002500
	R	READPROC	IF NO MORE, GO READ ANOTHER BLOCK	00002600
	SPACE	5		00002700
JCLCHECK	FOU	*	ANALYZE JCL TO FIND PROC CARDS ONLY	00002800
	LTR	R7,R7	IS THIS THE FIRST CARD - IF SO MUST BE A PROC CARD(MY ASSUMPTION)	00002900
*				00003000
				00003100

	LA	R7,1(R7)	BUMP CARD COUNTER	00003200
	RZ	PROCWTO	IF FIRST CARD WTD IT	00003300
	LA	R2,WTOAREA+4	POINT AT FIRST NON-SLASH	00003400
*			(FIRST 2 BYTES OF AREA ARE LENGTH CODE)	00003500
	CLC	0(1,R2),BLANK	CHARACTER A BLANK?	00003600
	RNF	PROCFDD	IF NOT MUST BE THE EXEC CARD	00003700
EXECSCAN	LA	R2,1(R2)	LOOK AT NEXT CHAR.	00003800
	CLC	0(1,R2),BLANK	BLANK?	00003900
	RF	EXECSCAN	YES,LOOK AT NEXT	00004000
	CLC	0(5,R2),EXEC2	IF NON-BLANK, IS IT 'EXEC'?	00004100
	RF	PROCFDD	YES, WE'VE SHOWN ALL DEFAULTS	00004200
	R	PROCWTO	NO,WTD THIS CARD	00004300
	FJFCT			00004400
PROCFDD	FOU	*	THE PROCEDURE HAS BEEN WRITTEN OUT,AS	00004500
*			MUCH AS REQUESTED. NOW WE WILL REPEAT	00004600
*			THE ABOVE FOR THE CONTROL STATEMENTS.	00004700
*			WE WILL ASSUME FOR NOW THAT THE	00004800
*			CONTROL MEMBER IS NAMED THE SAME AS	00004900
*			THE PROC MEMBER. W. BRADFORD WILL	00005000
*			GENERALIZE	00005100
	SPACE	5		00005200
	LA	RM,MESSAGE2	PREPARE FOR WTOR	00005400
	RAL	R10,FXWTO	ASK IF SHOW CONTROL STATEMENTS	00005500
	CLC	REPLY(1),N	NO SHOW?	00005600
	RF	CONTFDD	IF SO, GO TO NEXT PHASE	00005700
	SPACE	5		00005800
	FIND	CONTROL,MEMBNAME,D	LOCATE MEMBER	00005900
	LTR	R15,R15	GOOD RETURN?	00005910
	RZ	READCONT	YES, CONTINUE	00005920
	LA	RM,MESSAGE9	TELL USER WE WONT LIST CONTROLS	00005930
	RAL	R10,FXWTO		00005940
	R	CONTFDD		00005950
READCONT	L	R5,BLKCOUNT	NO. OF BYTES IN BLOCK	00006000
	READ	CONTFDCR,SE,CONTROL,DATA		00006100
	CHECK	CONTFDCR		00006200
	L	R1,CONTFDCR+16	LOAD A(IOR)	00006300
	SH	R5,14(R1)	SEE PROCREAD	00006400
	LA	R6,DATA	START OF DATA	00006500
MOVECONT	MVC	WTOAREA+2(80),0(R6)	MOVE INTO WORK AREA	00006600
	LA	RM,WTOAREA		00006700
	RAL	R10,FXWTO		00006800
	AH	R6,EIGHTY	POINT AT NEXT CARD	00006900
	SH	R5,EIGHTY	NUMBER OF BYTES LEFT	00007000
	RP	MOVECONT	IF ANY MORE GO PROCESS	00007100
	R	READCONT	OTHERWISE, READ ANOTHER BLOCK	00007200
	FJFCT			00007300
CONTFDD	FOU	*	WE ARE NOW READY TO CREATE A JOB.	00000100
NO SHOW	FOU	*	COME HERE FOR NO SHOW OF PROC, CONTROL	00000150
	SPACE	5		00000200
*			FIRST, REQUEST THE JOB NAME. THE REPLY WILL BE R, 3 OR 1	00000300
*			CHARACTERS LONG. IF R THEN THE REPLY IS THE JOB NAME.	00000400
*			IF 3 THEN THE REPLY IS A SUFFIX TO K3SYS.	00000500
*			IF REPLY IS 'III' THEN K3SYSSUF WILL BE USED	00000600
	SPACE	5		00000700
*			FIRST DETERMINE WHICH JOB DATA SET TO BE USED	00000800
	TM	JORBNO,X'FF'	FLIP JORBNO AS SOON AS WE TEST IT.	00000900
*			AFTER FLIP '00' MEANS SET 1.	00001000
*			'FF' MEANS SET2.	00001100
	RND	FLIP		00001200
	MVC	JORBNO,SET1	MOVE IN '00'	00001300

	OPEN	(JOB1,(OUTPUT))		00001400
	R	JORNAME		00001450
FLIP	MVC	JOBNO,SET2	MOVE IN 'FF'	00001500
	OPEN	(JOB2,(OUTPUT))		00001600
JORNAME	EQI	*		00001700
	LA	RM,MESSAGE3	REQUEST JORNAME	00001800
	RAI	R10,FXWTR		00001900
	CLC	REPLY(2),H	DEFAULT?	00002000
	BE	DEFALJOB	YES, WILL USE K3SYSSUE	00002100
	CLC	REPLY+7(1),BLANK	IS EIGHTH CHAR. PRESENT	00002200
	BE	THRECHR	IF IT'S NOT THERE, THEN USE K3SYS	00002300
	MVC	JOBID(8),REPLY	OTHERWISE, USE ALL EIGHT	00002400
	R	PUTJOB		00002500
THRECHR	MVC	JOBID(5),DEFJOBID	K3SYS	00002600
	MVC	JOBID+5(3),REPLY	XY7	00002700
	R	PUTJOB		00002800
DEFALJOB	MVC	JOBID(8),DEFJOBID	K3SYSSUE	00002900
	EJECT			00003000
PUTJOB	EQI	*	WRITE OUT JOBCARD	00003100
	TM	JOBNO,X'FF'	SET 2?	00003200
	RD	PUTJOB2		00003300
	PUT	JOB1,JOBOUT		00003400
	R	INPUTASK		00003500
PUTJOB2	PUT	JOB2,JOBOUT		00003600
	SPACE	5		00003700
INPUTASK	EQI	*		00003800
*		WE ARE NOW READY TO QUERY THE OPERATOR FOR THE		00003900
*		JOB STREAM TO BE EXECUTED. WE ALREADY HAVE THE		00004000
*		JOB CARD. ANY FURTHER CARDS WILL BE TYPED IN NOW		00004100
*		UP TO AN 'END' CARD.		00004200
	SPACE	5		00004300
	LA	RM,MESSAGE5	REQUEST CARD OR 'END'	00004400
	RAI	R10,FXWTR	GO WTOR	00004500
	CLC	REPLY(3),END	END CARD?	00004600
	BE	CLOSESET	YES,GO CLOSE DATA SET	00004700
PUTOUT	TM	JOBNO,X'FF'	SET 2?	00004800
	RD	PUT2	YES, PUT INTO SET 2	00004900
	PUT	JOB1,REPLY	OTHERWISE INTO SET 1	00005000
	R	INPUTASK	GET ANOTHER CARD	00005100
PUT2	PUT	JOB2,REPLY		00005200
	R	INPUTASK	GET ANOTHER CARD	00005300
	SPACE	5		00005400
CLOSESET	EQI	*		00005500
	TM	JOBNO,X'FF'	SET 2?	00005600
	RD	CLOSE2		00005700
	CLOSE	(JOB1)		00005800
	R	SRDR	GO START A READER TO THE DATA SET	00005900
CLOSE2	CLOSE	(JOB2)		00006000
	R	SRDR	GO START A READER TO THE DATA SET	00006100
	EJECT			00006150
EXITCODE	EQI	*		00006200
	CLOSE	(PROC.,CONTROL)		00006300
	LA	RM,MESSAGE7	ANNOUNCE TERMINATION	00006340
	RAI	R10,FXWTR		00006380
	L	R13,SAVE+4		00006400
	RETURN	(14,12)		00006500
	SPACE	5		00006600
SHOWALL	EQI	*		00006700
*		THE SECTION ENTERED IF ONLY THE MEMBER NAME IS ENTERED FOR THE		00006800
*		INITIAL QUERY. THE DEFAULT IS TO SHOW ALL LINES OF THE MEMBER		00006900

	SPACE 3		00007000	
	MVI	DEFAULT,X'00'	TURN DEFAULT BYTE OFF	00007100
	RAI	R14,MEMBMOVE	MOVE MEMBER NAME FOR FIND	00007200
	R	SHOWPROC		00007300
	SPACE 5		00007400	
SHOWDEFI	EQU	*	00007500	
*		THIS SECTION ENTERED IF ONLY THE PROC STATEMENT IS TO BE SHOWN	00007600	
	SPACE 3		00007700	
	MVI	DEFAULT,X'FF'	TURN DEFAULT BYTE ON	00007800
	SR	R7,R7	CLEAR CARD COUNTER	00007850
	R	SHOWPROC		00007900
	SPACE 5		00008000	
ERRORI	EQU	*	00008100	
*		INCORRECT REPLY TO FIRST QUERY	00008200	
*		E.G. TOO LONG A MEMBER NAME	00008300	
	IA	R8,1(R8)	BUMP ERROR COUNT	00008400
	CH	R8,MAXERROR	EXCEEDED MAX?	00008500
	RI	RETRY	LESS THAN 3 TRIES, TRY AGAIN	00008600
	IA	RM,MESSAGE6	OTHERWISE, TERMINATE	00008700
	RAI	R10,EXWTO		00008800
	R	EXITCODE	GO TERMINATE	00008900
	SPACE 5		00009000	
RETRY	EQU	*	00009100	
*		ENTERED IF ERROR COUNT FOR ERRORI IS LESS THAN 3	00009200	
	SPACE 3		00009300	
	IA	RM,MESSAGE8	REQUEST REPLY AGAIN	00009400
	RAI	R10,EXWTOP		00009500
	R	REPLANAL	ANALYZE RESPONSE	00009600
	SPACE 5		00009700	
DUMMYMOV	MVC	MEMBNAME(0),REPLY	USED TO MOVE PROCLIB MEMBER	00009800
*			INTO PLACE FOR FIND WITH AN EX	00009900
	SPACE 5		00010000	
MEMBMOVE	SH	R4,ONE	DECREMENT FOR MVC CODE	00010100
	MVC	MEMBNAME,BLANK	CLEAR OUT MEMBNAME	00010200
	EX	R4,DUMMYMOV	EXECUTE MVC ABOVE	00010300
	BR	R14	GO BACK	00010400
	EJECT			00010500
EXWTOP	MVI	REPLY,X'40'	BLANK OUT REPLY AREA	00000100
	MVC	REPLY+1(119),REPLY		00000200
	MVC	WTORMSG+8(2),0(RM)	MOVE IN MSG LENGTH	00000300
	MVC	WTORMSG+12(120),2(RM)	MOVE IN MSG	00000400
	IA	RM,WTOLN		00000500
	LH	RW,WTOLN		00000600
	AR	RM,RW		00000700
	MVC	0(4,RM),DFSC	MOVE IN ROUT AND DFSC CODES	00000800
	LH	RW,=H'120'	LENGTH OF REPLY	00000900
	MVI	WTORFCB,X'00'	CLEAR FCB	00000925
	MVC	WTORFCB+1(3),WTORFCB		00000950
	WTOR	,REPLY,(RW),WTORFCB,MF=(F,WTORMSG)	ISSUE WTOR	00001000
	WAIT	FCB=WTORFCB	WAIT	00001100
	CLC	REPLY(4),EXIT	DOES USER WISH TO EXIT?	00001140
	BE	EXITCODE	IF SO, GET OUT	00001180
	BR	R10	GET BACK JOJO	00001200
EXWTO	MVC	WTOLN(2),0(RM)		00001300
	MVC	WTOLN+4(120),2(RM)		00001400
	IA	RM,WTOLN		00001500
	LH	RW,WTOLN		00001600
	AR	RM,RW		00001700
	MVC	0(4,RM),DFSC		00001800
	WTO	MF=(F,WTOLN)		00001900



	RR	R10		00002000
SRDR	CLI	JOBNO,X'FF'	SEE IF USING JOB2	00002100
	RNE	ITSA1	NO	00002200
	MVI	NAMQJAL,C'2'		00002300
	R	ITSAOK		00002400
ITSA1	MVI	NAMQJAL,C'1'		00002500
ITSAOK	SR	0,0	SET UP REG 0	00002600
	LA	1,NAMFLN	PUT ADDR OF COMMAND IN REG 1	00002700
	SVC	34	ISSUE SVC FOR START	00002800
	R	WTOR1	GET BACK CORRPTD	00002900
	FJFCT			00000010
	SPACE	5		00000020
*****		SUFFER MESSAGES	*****	00000030
	SPACE	5		00000040
MESSAGE1	DC	H'68'		00000100
	DC	C'ENTER ROUTINE NAME AND DISPLAY OPTIONS: ALL, DEFAULTS	*00000200	00000300
		OR NOTHING. '		
MESSAGE2	DC	H'40'		00000500
	DC	C'DISPLAY CONTROL STATEMENTS? Y OR N.'		00000600
MESSAGE3	DC	H'70'		00000700
	DC	C'ENTER JOBNAME DESIRED OR SUFFIX TO XXXXX OR 'U' TO U*	00000800	
		SE XXXXXXXX. '		00000900
MESSAGE4	DC	H'49'		00000920
	DC	C'ENTER 'EXIT' AT ANY TIME TO STOP SUFFERING.		00000940
MESSAGE5	DC	H'72'		00001000
	DC	C'ENTER JCL OR CONTROL STATEMENTS. ENTER 'END' TO EXE*	00001100	
		CUTE YOUR JOB. '		00001200
MESSAGE6	DC	H'66'		00001300
	DC	C'INCORRECT ROUTINE NAME SPECIFIED THREE TIMES. SUFFER	*00001400	
		NO MORE!'		00001500
MESSAGE7	DC	H'27'		00001600
	DC	C'YOUR SUFFERING IS OVER!'		00001700
MESSAGE8	DC	H'48'		00001800
	DC	C'INCORRECT ROUTINE NAME SPECIFIED. TRY AGAIN.'		00001900
MESSAGE9	DC	H'48'		00002000
	DC	C'MEMBER NOT FOUND OR I/O ERROR. NO LISTING.		00002100
	FJFCT			00000050
	LTORG		BEGINETH THE CONSTANT VARIABLES	00000100
*				00000200
*	AREA	FOR WTOR LIST FORMS		00000300
*				00000400
WTORMSG	DS	OF		00000500
	DS	F	FOR REPLY LENGTH AND ADDR	00000600
	DS	F	FOR ECB	00000700
WTOLN	DC	X'0000'	--- THIS BEGINS WTD LIST F	00000800
	DC	X'8000'	WTOR LIST FORM	00000900
	DC	CL120'	MSG AREA	00001000
DFSC	DC	X'0400'	DESCRIPTOR CODE	00001100
ROUT	DC	X'8000'	ROUTING CODE	00001200
	DS	OF		00001300
WTORFCB	DC	F'0'	ECB FOR WTOR	00001400
REPLY	DS	CL120	REPLY AREA	00001500
*				00001600
*	AREA	FOR DATA SET NAMES FOR RDRSIER		00001700
*				00001800
	DS	OF		00001900
NAMRFG	DS	*		00002000
NAMFLN	DC	AL2(NAMFLN,0)		00002100
NAMFDS	DC	C'S RDRSIER,DSN=SYS2,SUFFER,JOB'		00002200
NAMQJAL	DC	C'1'		00002300

NAMEND	EQ	*		00002400
NAMFLN	EQ	NAMEND-NAMEREG		00002500
SAVE	DS	18F		00002600
JOBNO	DC	X'0000'		00002700
ROUT13	DC	X'0000'	13TH BIT ON	00002800
ROUT1	DC	X'0000'	1ST BIT ON	00002900
BLANK	DC	C'1'		00003100
COMMA	DC	C','		00003200
A	DC	C'A'		00003300
D	DC	C'D'	DEFAULTS	00003400
N	DC	C'N'	NO LISTING	00003500
EXIT	DC	C'EXIT'		00003600
MAXERROR	DC	H'3'		00003700
ONE	DC	H'1'		00003800
		EJECT		00003850
		EJECT		00004100
*				00004200
* MORE CONSTANTS TO BE PRESENTED MONOTONICALLY				00004300
*				00004400
BLKCOUNT	DC	F'800'		00004500
MEMBNAME	DS	CL8		00004600
DATA	DS	1000		00004700
FIGHTY	DC	H'80'		00004800
DEFAULT	DS	CL1		00004900
EXFC	DC	C'EXFC'		00005000
SFT1	DC	X'00'		00005100
SFT2	DC	X'FF'		00005200
*			JOB CARD TO BE BUILT	00005250
JOBOUT	DS	OCL80		00005300
SLASHES	DC	C'///'		00005400
JOBID	DS	CL8		00005500
JOBREST	DC	C' JOB (K30651311G,5,AAAAA,N99200),SYS,MSGLEVEL=1'		00005600
JOBILL	DC	CL22'		00005700
DEFJOBID	DC	C'K3SYSSUF'		00005800
*				00005900
END	DC	C'END'		00006000
WTOAREA	DS	OCL82		00006100
LENGTH	DC	X'0050'	80 BYTES LONG	00006200
WORDS	DS	CL80		00006300
II	DC	C'II'		00006350
SYSIN	DC	C'SYSIN'		00006360
STAR	DC	C'*'		00006370
NEWS	DC	C'DSN=SYS2,SUFFER,UT1,DISP=SHR'		00006380
TWO	DC	C'2'		00006390
		EJECT		00006400
PROC	DC	BLKSIZE=80,LRECL=80,DSORG=PO,DDNAME=PROCLIB,		*00006500
		FOOD=PROCFOD,MACRF=(R),RECFM=FB		00006600
CONTROL	DC	BLKSIZE=80,LRECL=80,DSORG=PO,DDNAME=CONTROL,		*00006700
		FOOD=CONTRFOD,MACRF=(R),RECFM=FB		00006800
JOB1	DC	BLKSIZE=80,LRECL=80,RECFM=FB,DDNAME=JOB1,		*00006900
		DSORG=PS,MACRF=(PM)		00007000
JOB2	DC	BLKSIZE=80,LRECL=80,RECFM=FB,DDNAME=JOB2,		*00007100
		DSORG=PS,MACRF=(PM)		00007200
JSCCIB	P-EJECT			00000100
	DS	OD		00000300
	DS	F		00000500
	DS	XL1		00000700
	DS	XL1		00000900
	DS	XL6		00001100
CIRCUMID	DS	XL1		00001300
	DS	XL1		00001500
	DS	H		00001700
	END			00000700

APPENDIX C  
REQUIRED SUFFER PROCEDURES

71.083 11.09

RDRSUFR

```
//IEFPRJC EXEC PGM=IEFIRC,REGION=50K,          00000100
//      PARM='012030020040249100112314      E00020'  00000200
//IEFRDR DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB(DUMP),DISP=SHR  00000300
//IEFRDSI DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB(DISP=SHR)      00000400
//      DD DSN=SYS1.PROCLIB,DISP=SHR                00000500
//IEFDATA DD UNIT=2314,SPACE=(TRK,(1,20)),CONTIG),  00000600
//      DCB=(RECFM=F,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=80,BUFNO=2,RUFL=60) 00000700
```

END OF MEMBER .... 7 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.083 11.09

SUFFER

```
//SUFFER EXEC PGM=SUFFER          00000100
//PROCLIB DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB(DISP=SHR)      00000200
//CCNTROL DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTRCL,DISP=SHR        00000300
//JOB1 DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.JOB1,DISP=SHR             00000400
//JOB2 DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.JOB2,DISP=SHR             00000500
//SYSABEND DD SYSOUT=A,SPACE=(CYL,(5,2))            00000600
```

END OF MEMBER .... 6 RECORDS PROCESSED.

APPENDIX D

SAMPLE MEMBERS OF SYS2.SUFFER.PROCLIB  
AND SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL

71.077 11.10

DUMP

```
//DEFAULT PROC VOL=M2DRM1,T=SYSTPE,MEM=DUMP 0000100
//DMPRES EXEC PGM=IEHDASDR,REGION=100K 0000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSCUT=A 0000300
//DD1 DD VOL=REF=&VOL,DISP=SHR 0000400
//TO1 DD UNIT=2400-9,VCL=SER=ST,DISP=(,KEEP) 0000500
//SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL(&MEM),DISP=SHR 0000600

END OF MEMBER .... 6 RECORDS PROCESSED.
```

71.077 11.10

IEH10SUP

```
//DEFAULT PROC SYSRES=M2DRM1 0000100
//IO SUP EXEC PGM=IEH10SUP 0000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSCUT=A 0000300
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=SYS1.SWCLIB,DISP=OLD,VCL=REF=&SYSRES 0000400

END OF MEMBER .... 4 RECORDS PROCESSED.
```

71.077 11.10

IEHLIST

```
//DEFAULT PROC MEM=LISTPDS,CVOL=M2DRM1,VOL=M2SYS4 0000100
//IEHLIST EXEC PGM=IEHLIST 0000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSCUT=A 0000300
//CVOLUME DD VOL=REF=&CVCL,DISP=SHR 0000400
//VOLUME DD VOL=REF=&VCL,DISP=SHR 0000500
//SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CNTR0L(&MEM),DISP=SHR 0000600

END OF MEMBER .... 6 RECORDS PROCESSED.
```

71.077 11.10

LISTCTLG

```
//DEFAULT PROC MEM=LISTCTLG,CVOL=M2DRM1,VOL=M2SYS4 0000100
//IEHLIST EXEC PGM=IEHLIST 0000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSCUT=A 0000300
//CVOLUME DD VOL=REF=&CVCL,DISP=SHR 0000400
//VOLUME DD VOL=REF=&VCL,DISP=SHR 0000500
//SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL(&MEM),DISP=SHR 0000600

END OF MEMBER .... 6 RECORDS PROCESSED.
```

71.077 11.10

LISTVTOC

```
//DEFAULT PROC MEM=LISTVTOC,CVOL=M2DRM1,VOL=M2SYS4 00000100
//IEHLIST EXEC PGM=IEHLIST 00000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A 00000300
//CVOLUME DD VOL=REF=CVCL,DISP=SHR 00000400
//VOLUME DD VOL=REF=EVCL,DISP=SHR 00000500
//SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL(&MEM),DISP=SHR 00000600
```

END OF MEMBER ..... 6 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

RENAME

```
//DEFAULT PROC CVCL=M2DRM1 00000100
//CATLG EXEC PGM=IEHPRGM 00000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A 00000300
//CVOLUME DD VOL=REF=CVCL,DISP=SHR 00000400
```

END OF MEMBER ..... 4 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

RESTORE

```
//DEFAULT PROC VOL=M2DRM1,T=SYSTPE,MEM=RESTORE 00000100
//DMPRES EXEC PGM=IEHDASDR,REGION=100K 00000200
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A 00000300
//DD1 DD VOL=REF=EVOL,DISP=SHR 00000400
//FROM1 DD UNIT=2400-9,VOL=SER=ET,DISP=(OLD,KEEP) 00000500
//SYSIN DD DSN=SYS2.SUFFER.CONTROL(&MEM),DISP=SHR 00000600
```

END OF MEMBER ..... 6 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

SUPERZAP

```
//DEFAULT PROC DSN='SYS1.LINKLIB' 00000100
//ZAP EXEC PGM=ZAP 00000200
//SYSLIB DD DSN=SDSN,DISP=SHR 00000300
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A 00000400
//* //SYSIN DD * NEEDED FOR INPUT 00000500
```

END OF MEMBER ..... 5 RECORDS PROCESSED.

1.077 11.10

DUMP

DUMP FROMDD=DD1,TODD=TO1

0000100

END OF MEMBER .... 1 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

IFMLIST

LISTPDS DSNAME=SYS1.SVCLIB

00000

LISTPDS DSNAME=SYS1.LINKLIB1,VOL=2314=M2SYS4

00000

END OF MEMBER .... 2 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

LISTCTLG

LISTCTLG

00000

END OF MEMBER .... 1 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

LISTVTOC

LISTVTOC FORMAT,VOL=2314=M2SYS4

000001

END OF MEMBER .... 1 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

RENAME

THIS IS A DUMMY MEMBER FOR RENAME.

00000

THE ACTUAL CONTROL STATEMENTS MUST BE ENTERED AT THE CONSOLE

00000

THE FORM OF A RENAME STATEMENT IS:

00000

RENAME DSNAME=SYS5.DUMMY,VOL=2314=M2SYS8,NEWNAME=CUM(,MEMBER=TD101)

00000

END OF MEMBER .... 4 RECORDS PROCESSED.

71.077 11.10

RESTORE

RESTORE TODD=DD1,FROMDD=FROM1

00000

END OF MEMBER .... 1 RECORDS PROCESSED.