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NUCLEAR SHUTTLE SYSTEM DEFINITION STUDY, PHASE III FINAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR NASA-MSFC UNDER CONTRACT NAS8-24714 DRL NO. MSFC-DRL-196, LINE ITEM 3

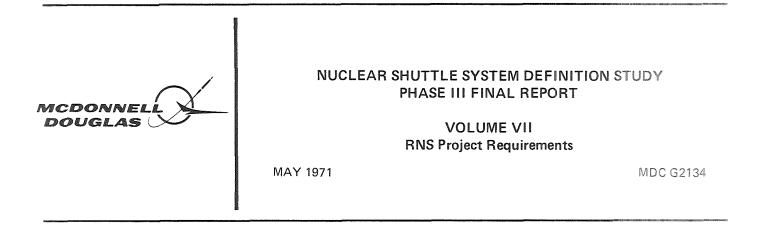
VOLUME VII RNS Project Requirements

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FOREWORD

This document contains the results of the RNS project requirements definition effort performed during the Phase III Nuclear Shuttle System Definition Study. Requirements for both RNS concepts are treated here. This work was accomplished for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, George C. Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, Alabama, under Contract NAS8-24714. The final report was generated to fulfill the requirements of DRL No. MSFC-DRL-196, Line Item 3, and it covers the period from 1 May 1970 to 1 May 1971.

The study effort described in this volume was performed under the direction of S. Gronich and R. G. Riedesel, with G. Markus having the primary responsibility for the functional analysis effort. Additional support was provided by the various members of the study team in the areas of system operations and system design.

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PREFACE

The material contained in this document represents a portion of the final report documentation for the Phase III Nuclear Shuttle System Definition Study. The study effort was performed as a 12-month extension to the existing Nuclear Flight System Definition Study Contract (NAS8-24714), with the objective of establishing Phase A conceptual definition for two classes of reusable nuclear shuttle concepts. The first concept class is characterized as a 33-ft-diameter configuration that is launched integrally to orbit by a Saturn V INT-21 vehicle. The second concept class is characterized as a modular configuration which is assembled in earth orbit from modules carried to orbit in a space shuttle.

The final report documentation has been organized to provide separable information for the two concepts, where appropriate, and to combine report material common to both concepts in singular documents. The total documentation for the study is listed below, with this document identified in the left margin.

0	Volume I:	Executive Summary
	Volume II:	Concept and Feasibility Analysis
		Part A—Class 1 Hybrid RNS
0		Book 1—System Analysis and Operations
0		Book 2—System Definition
		Part B—Class 3 RNS
0		Book 1—System Analysis and Operations
0		Book 2—System Definition
	Volume III:	Program Support Requirements
0		Part A-Class 1 Hybrid RNS
0		Part B-Class 3 RNS
0		Part C—Test Program Analyses and SRT
		Requirements
0	Volume IV:	Cost Data
0		Part A-Class 1 Hybrid RNS
0		Part B-Class 3 RNS
0	Volume V:	Schedules, Milestones, and Networks
0	Volume VI:	Reliability and Safety Analysis
۲	Volume VII:	RNS Project Requirements

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Section 1 RNS PROJECT

The RNS Project Requirements Document contains all working data from functional analysis and operations analysis activities conducted during the RNS Phase III study. In addition, the document is envisioned as containing all other programmatic information affecting the nuclear shuttle. Much of the material presently contained in the guidelines and constraints document furnished by NASA (MSFC Document No. PD-SA-P-70-63, Revision 3, dated February 1, 1971) has also been included here as a basis, with the intent of updating material as warranted during future RNS study activities.

Pertinent data from this document could be used at a later date to formulate an RNS system specification, as well as to provide interface requirements information for use by other elements of the integrated space program.

1.1 GENERAL

A Reusable Nuclear Shuttle (RNS) will be used to transport a payload (cargo and/or personnel) as part of a low-cost space transportation system.

It will be capable of performing the following classes of missions:

- A. Lunar/geosynchronous orbit shuttle missions (Class I)
- B. Unmanned planetary missions (Class II)
- C. Manned planetary missions (Class III)

The specific objectives of the program are to support the exploration of space:

- A. By providing an economically attractive and safe source of transportation.
- B. By demonstrating the practicality of establishing, operating, and maintaining long-lived transportation elements.
- C. By developing new operational techniques and equipment which can substantially reduce the operating costs associated with space transportation.

1.2 MISSIONS

1.2.1 Design and Performance Reference

The RNS will be used to transport manned and unmanned payloads between low earth orbit and lunar orbit. The reference lunar mission for performance reporting purposes and worst condition design analysis will be characterized by the following:

Earth departure/arrival orbit altitude	260 nmi
Earth departure/arrival orbit inclination	31.5 degrees
Lunar arrival/departure orbit altitude	60 nmi
Lunar arrival/departure orbit inclination	90 degrees
Earth-to-moon coast time	108 hours
Moon-to-earth coast time	72 hours
Lunar arrival plane change	30 degrees
Lunar departure plane change	30 degrees
Midcourse ΔV	50 fps per mission leg
Flight performance reserve	0.75 percent ΔV

Multiple impulse maneuvers may be used for accomplishing plane change maneuvers.

Table 1-1 presents the reference mission timeline.

1.2.2 Economics and Operations Reference

The RNS will be used to transport manned and unmanned payloads between low earth orbit and lunar orbit. For economics and operations analyses, the mission profile to be considered will consist of the minimum-energy transfer, having the following characteristics:

Earth departure/arrival orbit altitude	260 nmi
Earth departure/arrival orbit inclination	31.5 degrees
Lunar arrival/departure orbit altitude	60 nmi
Lunar arrival/departure orbit inclination	90 degrees
Earth-to-moon coast time	108 hours
Moon-to-earth coast time	72 hours
Midcourse ΔV	[•] 50 fps/mission leg
Flight performance reserve	0.75 percent ΔV

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Event	Time Hours	* TBi + Δt	Comment
Translunar injection (TLI)	1997 Martin -		108-hr transfer
Start chill Full thrust achieved Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	0 0.5 0.75 120.75	+0 +1 Min. +30 Min. +45 Min. +120.75 hr	Close PSoV's, Wp = 165, 730 lb 5kw,
Midcourse correction(s)	10 - 70(typ)		$Wp_{cd} = 7,300 \text{ lb}$ Total Accum. $\Delta V = 50 \text{ fps}$ Wp = 1,030 lb (W = 2 lb/sec)
Lunar orbit injection (LOI)-I			24-hr period
Start chill Full thrust achieved Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	108.5 108.5 108.5 108.6 121.1	+0 +1 Min. +2. 2 Min. +5. 4 Min. +12. 6 hr +12. 3	Wp = 10,740 lb Wp _{cd} = 770 lb
Apolune plane change			30 degrees
Start chill Full thrus t achieved	120.5 120.5	+0 +1 Min.	Throttle mode (45,000-lb thrust)
Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	120.5 120.6 125.5	+1. 4 Min. +4. 2 Min. +5 hr	Wp~4,800 lb Wp _{cd} ~360 lb
Lunar orbit injection (LOI)-II			60–nmi circular
Start chill Full thrust achieved Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	132.4 132.4 132.5 132.6 151.5	+0 +1 Min. +3.7 Min. +7.8 Min. +19.1 hr	Wp = 19,330 1b Wp _{cd} = 1,350 1b

Table 1-1

LUNAR SHUTTLE MISSION TIMELINE-DESIGN PROFILE

Lunar orbit operations

 $*TB_i \equiv Time Base$

3

Event	Time Hours	$* TBi + \Delta t$	Comment
Transearth injection (TEI)-I			24-hr Period
Start chill Full thrust achieved Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	518.8 518.8 518.8 518.9 533.0	+0 +1 Min. +2.4 Min. +5.8 Min. +14.1 hr	Wp = 11,860 lb Wp _{cd} = 850 lb
Apolune plane change			30 degrees
Start chill Full thrust achieved	530.9 530.9	+0 +1 Min.	Throttle mode (45, 000-lb thrust
Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	530.9 530.9 536	+1 Min. +3.5 Min. +3 hr	Wp ~ 2, 700 lb Wp _{cd} ~200 lb
Transearth injection (TEI)-II			72-hr transfer
Start chill Full thrust achieved Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	542.9 542.9 542.9 543.0 553.1	+0 +1 Min. +1.7 Min. +4.8 Min. +10.1 hr	Wp = 8,200 lb Wp _{cd} = 600 lb
Midcourse correction(s)	558 ~ 603		Total accum. $\Delta V = 50 \text{ fps}$ Wp = 500 lb ($\dot{w} = 2 \text{ lb/sec}$)
Earth orbit injection (EOI)			
Start chill Full thrust achieved Commence throttle Start pulse cooldown Terminate cooldown	$\begin{array}{c} 614. \ 8\\ 614. \ 8\\ 614. \ 9\\ 615. \ 1\\ 660. \ 1\end{array}$	+0 +1 Min. +8.8 Min. +15.2 Min. +45 hr	Wp = 47,530 lb Wp _{cd} = 2,800 lb

Table 1-1 (Continued)

LUNAR SHUTTLE MISSION TIMELINE-DESIGN PROFILE

Earth orbit operations

 $*TB_i \equiv Time Base$

Table 1-2 presents the corresponding mission timeline.

1.2.3 Additional Missions

Although the RNS will be designed for the lunar shuttle mission, it will have the capability to perform the following:

A. The RNS will be used to transport manned and unmanned payloads between low earth orbit and geosynchronous orbit. The reference geosynchronous mission for performance reporting purposes will be characterized by the following:

Earth departure/arrival orbit altitude	260 nmi
Earth departure/arrival orbit inclination	31.5 degrees
Geosynchronous arrival/departure/orbit	
Inclination	0 degrees
Midcourse ΔV	50 fps per mission
	leg

B. An evolutionary version of the RNS will be used to provide propulsion for manned Mars missions. For the purpose of this study, a 1986 outbound Venus swingby Mars mission and a 1990 conjunction class Mars mission will be evaluated. The stopover time for the Venus swingby mission will be 60 days. The reference mission guidelines are as follows:

$\mathbb E$ arth assembly/departure orbit inclination	31.5 degrees
${f E}$ arthassembly/departure orbit altitude	260 nmi
Earth assembly/departure orbit	
eccentricity	0
Mars parking/orbit—periapsis altitude	270 nmi
elliptic orbit period	12 hours
Earth arrival orbit—periapsis altitude	270 nmi
elliptic orbit period	24 hours
Midcourse correction ΔV allowance/	
mission leg	500 fps
Mars orbit trim ΔV	150 fps

An alternate earth assembly/departure orbit eccentricity may be used, but mission weight requirements will include orbit-to-orbit RNS propellant from the 260-nmi circular orbit.

Table 1-2 LUNAR SHUTTLE MISSION TIMELINE FOUR-BURN OPERATIONAL PROFILE

Event	Initiation Time (Days)	Duration	RNS Propellant Used (lb)
Ground launch of shuttle to 260-nmi			
operational orbit	0	-	-
Orbit assembly and checkout operations	0	9 days	-
Translunar injection (108-hr transfer)	9	47 min	174,820
Cooldown	9	125 hr	7,600
Midcourse correction(s) (idle mode)	10	9 min	1,080
Insertion into 60-nmi lunar orbit	13.5	ll min	31,520
Cooldown	13.5	33 hr	2,000
Lunar orbit operations	13.5	18.1 days	-
Transearth injection (72-hr transfer)	31.6	7.8 min	19,400
Cooldown	31.6	23 hr	1,400
Midcourse correction(s) (idle mode)	32.6	4.2 min	500
Earth orbit insertion	34.6	15.2 min	47,530
Cooldown	34.6	45 hr	2,800

1.3 OPERATIONS

A first flight test of the RNS will be in mid-calendar year 1979.

Initial operating capability (IOC) for the RNS will be in calendar year 1981.

The RNS may have an operational interface with the following system elements currently included in NASA planning:

- A. Earth orbital space station/base
- B. Space shuttle
- C. Propellant depot
- D. Space tug
- E. Lunar orbit space station and surface base

- F. Manned and unmanned payloads
- G. Manned planetary mission spacecraft

The program model will consist of lunar shuttle missions only.

The range of lunar mission flights will consider 2, 4, 6, and 8 RNS flights per year.

Earth return payload for each flight will be assumed to be 20,000 lb.

Two space shuttle payload capabilities will be considered for determining the number of space shuttle flights required to support the RNS:

- A. 25,000-lb capability to 55-degree inclination and 270 nmi yielding
 33,000-lb to 260 nmi x 31.5-degree orbit
- B. 40,000-lb capability to 55-degree inclination and 270 nmi yielding
 50,000-lb to 260 nmi x 31.5-degree orbit.

The operational program will be 10 years.

In-orbit maintenance and propellant refueling of the RNS will be accomplished only at the RNS operations orbit defined in Section 1.2.

The RNS will have automated rendezvous and docking capability.

The RNS astrionics system will be independent of payload.

For manned operations, crew will have override capability for RNS control.

The RNS will be checked out in the RNS operations orbit prior to each mission.

Payloads, LH_2 propellants, and maintenance supplies for the RNS will be delivered by the logistics vehicle and assembled in the RNS operations orbit.

The space tug may be used to maneuver the payload to the RNS for assembly.

The RNS will maintain attitude control while the payload is maneuvered and docked to the RNS.

Final automated checkout of the vehicle occurs after payload docking.

Aftercooling pulses on the RNS during a mission will be used to the maximum practical extent for final velocity attainment, midcourse corrections, and/or gross rendezvous maneuvers.

Payload transfer between RNS and the lunar space station or geosynchronous space station may be accomplished by the space tug.

During lunar or geosynchronous orbit operations, the RNS will remain at a safe distance from and in the same orbit as the lunar or geosynchronous space station. The distance is to be determined by radiation dose criteria defined in Section 1.4.

1.4 SAFETY The RNS will be man-rated.

All credible single failure modes or credible combinations of failures and errors which result in loss of crew and passengers or unacceptable risk to general population groups will be eliminated by design change and/or mission modification.

No single failure or credible combination of failures and errors will prevent or preclude operation of the NERVA engine in the emergency mode.

Total radiation dose from the NERVA engine and related sources during reactor power operation will be limited to 10 REM per passenger per round trip shuttle mission. Payload and spacecraft attenuation, unless specifically estimated, will be assumed to be negligible. If a need is identified for a

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crew member to make more than one trip per year, additional protection must be provided so that the dose per trip to that crew member is reduced proportionately. Limits for passenger or crew radiation doses from postshutdown NERVA sources, other nuclear systems, and natural space radiation are not specified. However, no assumption or requirement of any nuclear stage operations or configuration should cause the additional dose received from these sources to exceed 10 REM per round trip.

RNS maintenance personnel will not receive more than 25 REM per year from the RNS.

Total integrated radiation dose from the RNS to any manned space station or manned orbital system will not exceed 0.1 REM during any single NERVA engine burn.

Additional safety guidelines are defined in a paper by F. Gavigan, "Operational Safety of Nuclear Rockets."

1.5 RELIABILITY

The RNS will be designed to achieve a reliability of 0.975 for the intransit phase of each flight. The RNS subsystems will be designed to achieve the reliability allocations in Tables 1-3 and 1-4.

1.6 MAINTAINABILITY

System maintenance will be considered to affect economic operation of the RNS which requires multiple use. Provisions for maintenance shall be an integral part of the system design. The following maintainability criteria will be implemented:

- A. The level of in situ maintenance will be by module replacement.
- B. Man's role for in situ maintenance will be minimized.
- C. Location of terrestrial maintenance and level of refurbishment TBD.

		RELIABILITY ALLOCATION-CLASS 1 HYBRID RNS	TY ALLO	CATION-C	TASS	I HYBRI	D RNS			
		C. et em	Svstem Totals	tals	CCM		Propellant Module	ant le	Propulsion Module	sion le
		Dy sterri								
0 0	Structure		0.9987	0.	0.9998		0.9992		0.9997	
i c			0.9975	0.	0.9999		0.9978		0.9998	
0.0			0 0803		1		0.9970		0.9923	
5.0	Main	Main Propulsion								00000
	5.01	NERVA	0	0.9950		1 1 1		1 1 1		U. 495U
	и С	Pronellant Feed	0	0.9981		1 1 1	0	0.9988		0. 9993
			C	0.9979		1 1 1	0	0.9988		0.9991
	o. vo	Fressurization)	• •						0 9992
	5.09	Fill	0	0.9991		8 5 5		U. 7777		1
	۶ 10	Gound Vent	0	0.9998		I I I)	0.9998		1 1 1
) = + =) L		0	0.9994		1 1 1)	0.9997		0.9997
	D. LL	T TIBIT A ATTC			r [(0 0000	
6.0	Auxil	Auxiliary Propulsion	0.9970	0.	0.9971		1 1 1	1 8 1		
	A ct with children in the c	,	0.9927	0.	0.9934		0.9997		0.9996	
0.1	111917	CULLCE								0 9999
	7.01	Guid, Nav, and Control	0	0.9990		0.4442	-	0.9777		
	7.04	Electrical Power	0	0.9967		0.9967		8 L 1		1 1 5
	7.05	Electrical Networks	0	0.9985		0.9990		0.9998		0.9997
	7 09	Data Memt	0	0.9985		0.9985		1 1 1		1 1 1
C X			0.9998	0.	0.9999		0.99995		0.99995	
0		λ								
	Totals	S	0.9750	0.	0.9901		0.99365		0, 99125	

Table 1-3 JABILITY ALLOCATION-CLASS 1 HYBRID RNS

			System Totals	Totals	CCM	M	Propellant Module	ant e	Propulsion Module	sion le
			(1-8-1	- 1)						
2.0	Structure	ure	0.9987		0.99996		0.99986	0	0.99986	
3.0	Meteoroid	roid	0.9975		0.9999		0.999725	0.	.9998	
5.0	Main	Main Propulsion	0.9848		8 1 8	8 8 8	0.99891	0	0.99352	
	5.01	NERVA		0.9950		 1 		8 1 1	0	0.9950
	5.05	Propellant Feed		0.99598		1 1 1	0	0.99956	0	0.9995
	5.06	Pressurization		0.9955		1 1 1	0	0.9995)	0.9995
	5.09	Fill		0.9993		1 8 9	0	0.99996)	0.99962
	5.10	Ground Vent		0.99992		1 1 1	0	0.99999		8
	5.11	Flight Vent		0.9991		1 1 1	0	0.9999)	0.9999
6.0	Auxili	Auxiliary Propulsion	0.9982		0.9983		1 1 8	0	0.9999	
7.0	Astrionics	onics	0,9960		0.9967		0.99993	0	0.99986	
	7.01	7.01 Guid, Nav & Control		0.9992		0.9994	0	0.99998	0	0.99996
	7.04	Electrical Power		0.9985		0.9985		5 6 8		5 8 8
	7.05	Electrical Networks		0.9993		0.9998	0	0.99995	0	0.9999
	7.09	Data Mgmt		0.9990		0.9990		1 1 1		1 6 1
8.0	Safety		0,9998		0,9999		0.99999	0	0.99998	
	Totals	5 1-1-1	1 3 1		0.99476		0.998415	0	0.99292	
		1-8-1	0.9750		0.99476		0。98732	0	0.99292	

RELIABILITY ALLOCATION-CLASS 3 RNS

Table 1-4

Section 2 PROJECT INTEGRATION DATA

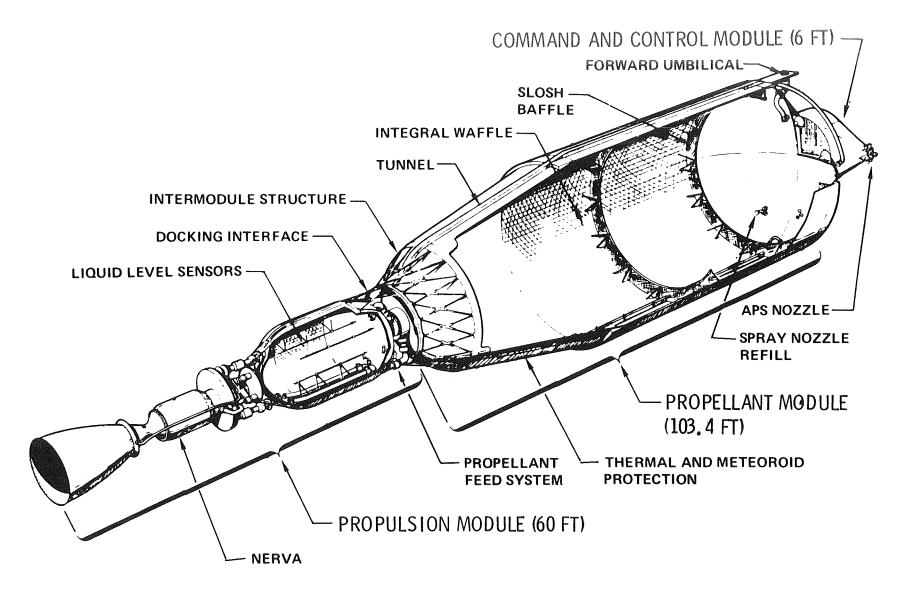
2.1 RNS SYSTEM DEFINITION

The RNS design concepts will provide low-cost transportation for support of the projected lunar exploration program. Two classes of RNS concepts to be considered are:

- A. A three-module system using a 33-ft-diameter single propellant tank configuration, propulsion module, and command and control module, that are launched to orbit by the Saturn INT-21 vehicle and the space shuttle.
- B. A multiple-tank configuration which is assembled in earth orbit from modules carried to orbit in a space shuttle.

Figures 2-1 and 2-2 present typical conceptual drawings of the two configurations.

- Initial RNS design concepts will reflect a 1974 state-of-the-art; consideration will be given to later incorporation of more advanced technology.
- All versions of the RNS will be man-rated, i.e., they will meet all structural, material, and quality standards required for manned application.
- Government facilities and associated utilities and special test equipment will be used to the maximum extent possible. This is particularly so in relation to the ground and flight demonstration programs and the supporting technology programs.
- The design lifetime for the RNS will be up to 3 years in space with the capability for maintenance in earth orbit.
- The RNS will be capable of withstanding the applicable natural environment, during all phases of the mission, as specified by NASA TM X-53865 and NASA TM X-53872.



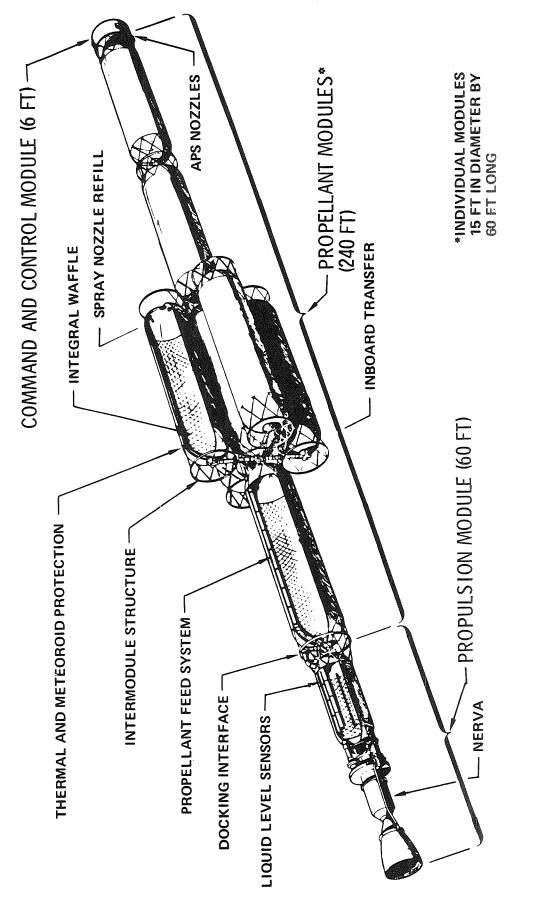


Figure 2-2

• The meteoroid shielding for the RNS propellant tank(s) will be designed for a no tank penetration criteria. The RNS will be assumed to have random orientation, i.e., no advantage will be taken of the apparent directionality of stream meteoroids. The meteoroid shielding will be designed for at least a 0.995 probability of no tank penetration in one lunar mission (maximum 45 days) using the meteoroid flux criteria of NASA TM X-53865.

2.1.1 Class 1 Hybrid RNS

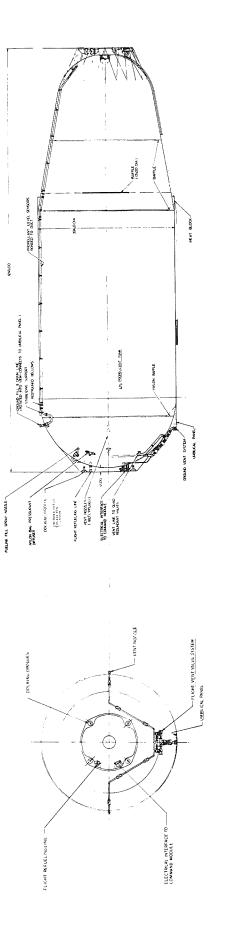
The Class 1 Hybrid RNS (RNS-1H) is a hybrid configuration composed of a 33-ft-diameter propellant module and space shuttle compatible propulsion and command and control modules. The propellant module is launched to orbit with the INT-21 launch vehicle. The propulsion module and command and control module are launched within the space shuttle and mated with the propellant module in the operational earth orbit. The RNS-1H system is composed of these modules plus the GSE, facilities, test hardware and operations, and systems management required to develop, support, test, operate and maintain the system.

2.1.1.1 Propellant Module (Figure 2-3)

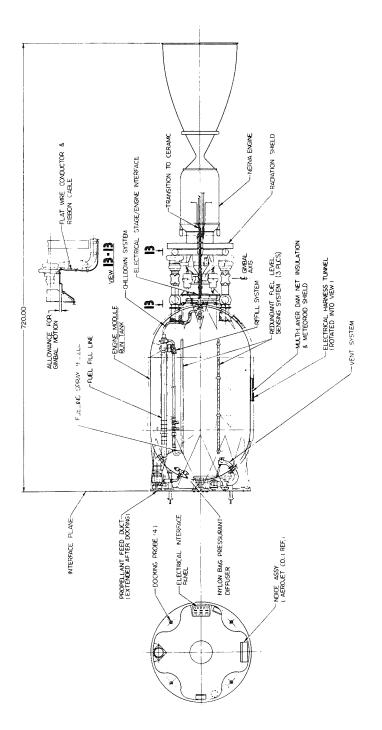
The propellant module provides for storage of propellants. It is sized to contain 289,150 lb of LH₂ with a 5 percent ullage volume. It is passive and responsive to external control. Thermal/meteoroid protection is provided through an integral system composed of HPI blankets surrounded by foam and fiber glass.

2.1.1.2 Propulsion Module (Figure 2-4)

The propulsion module provides propellant supply to the NERVA through a run tank sized for 10,850 lb of LH_2 . Additionally it provides the prepressurization function for engine starts. It has a minimum stabilization and control capability for support of maintenance and assembly operations as well as end-of-life disposal. The propulsion module is designed to be launched within the space shuttle.









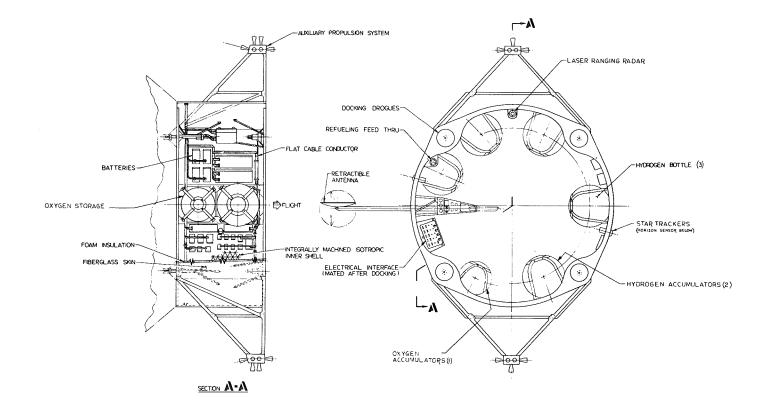
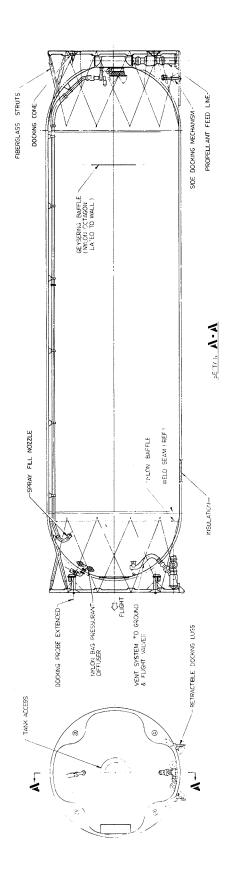
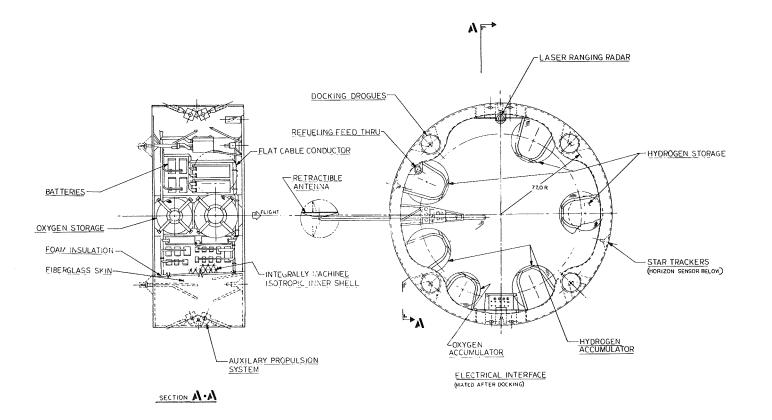


Figure 2-5. Class I Hybrid RNS Command and Control Module







2.1.1.3 Command and Control Module (Figure 2-5)

The CCM provides all the astrionics functions (navigation guidance and control, electrical power, and data management) as well as auxiliary propulsion. Propellant resupply of the RNS is accomplished through the CCM.

2.1.2 Class 3 RNS

The Class 3 RNS (RNS-3) is a multiple tank configuration composed of eight propellant modules, one propulsion module and one command and control module. The elements are launched individually within a space shuttle assembled into an RNS in earth orbit. The RNS-3 system is composed of these modules plus the GSE, facilities, test hardware and operations and systems management required to develop, support, test, operate and maintain the RNS-3.

2.1.2.1 Propellant Modules (Figure 2-6)

The provision for propellant storage is divided among eight individual propellant modules clustered together and having interconnecting plumbing. The overall size of each module is governed by the payload bay of the space shuttle orbiter, i.e., 15-ft diameter by 60 ft long. The resulting propellant capacity for each module is 36,500 lbs with a 5 percent ullage volume. Thermal/meteoroid protection is provided through an integral system composed of HPI blankets and surrounded by foam and fiber glass. Docking and clustering mechanisms are incorporated to allow on-orbit assembly and disassembly.

2.1.2.2 Propulsion Module (Figure 2-4)

The propulsion module for the Class 3 RNS is identical to the RNS-1H propulsion module.

2.1.2.3 Command and Control Module (Figure 2-7) The CCM for Class 3 is similar to that for RNS-1H, with the exception of dimensional characteristics.

2.2 PROJECT SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

The data contained in the following paragraphs are intended to provide top level programmatic information regarding the Reusable Nuclear Shuttle Project. The data will be updated and expanded as appropriated during subsequent RNS study phases.

2.2.1 Work Breakdown Structure

A program WBS to the system level, i.e., level 4, and a project WBS for the RNS to the subsystem level, i.e., level 5, are included in Figure 2-8. The figure is taken directly from the Guidelines and Constraints document furnished by MSFC, and serves as the basis for formulation of the specification tree, as well as the definition of primary and secondary functional areas in Section 4 of this document.

2.2.2 Specification Tree

The specification tree for the RNS project is shown in Figure 2-9. It will be modified as appropriate during subsequent phases of study.

2.2.3 Functional Flow Diagram

The top level functional flow diagram for the RNS is shown in Figure 2-10. It is applicable to either version of the RNS, and to any mission, with the first level breakdown of the blocks indicating differences between RNS configurations and missions. These functional flow diagrams are contained in Section 4.

2.2.4 Project Level Schematic

Preliminary top level pictorials of hardware and facilities and their interrelationships are shown in Figures 2-11 and 2-12 with emphasis on the interactions between facilities and hardware as follows:

Facilities	Hardware
Manufacturing	RNS elements
Testing	RNS launch vehicle(s)
Launch	RNS logistic vehicle
Mission control	

2.2.5 Project Schedule

The project schedule generated during the study is shown in Figure 2-13 for the RNS program.

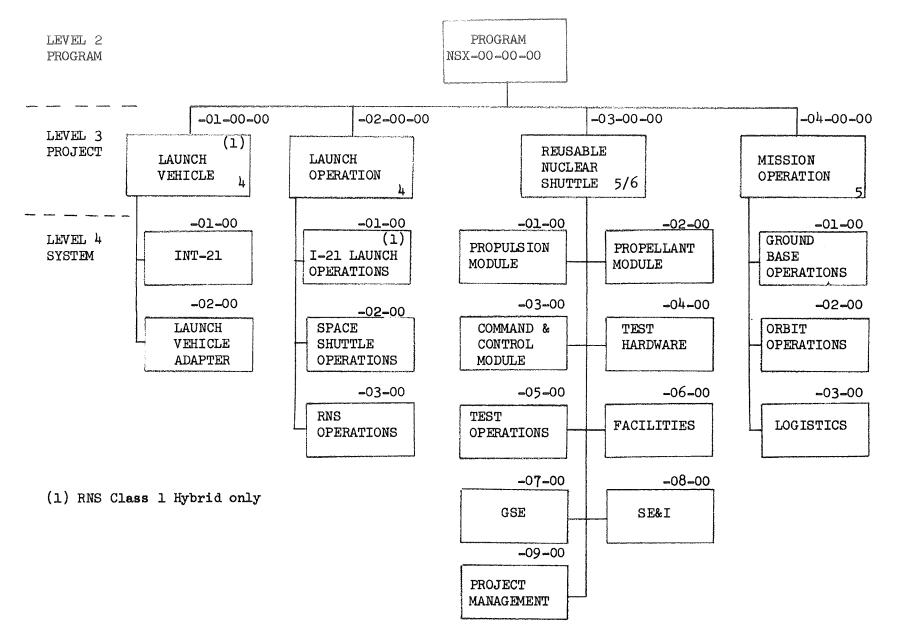


Figure 2-8

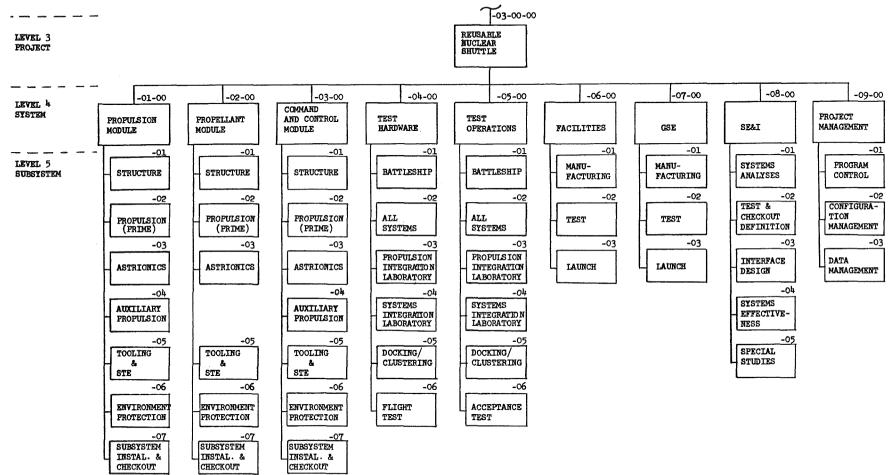
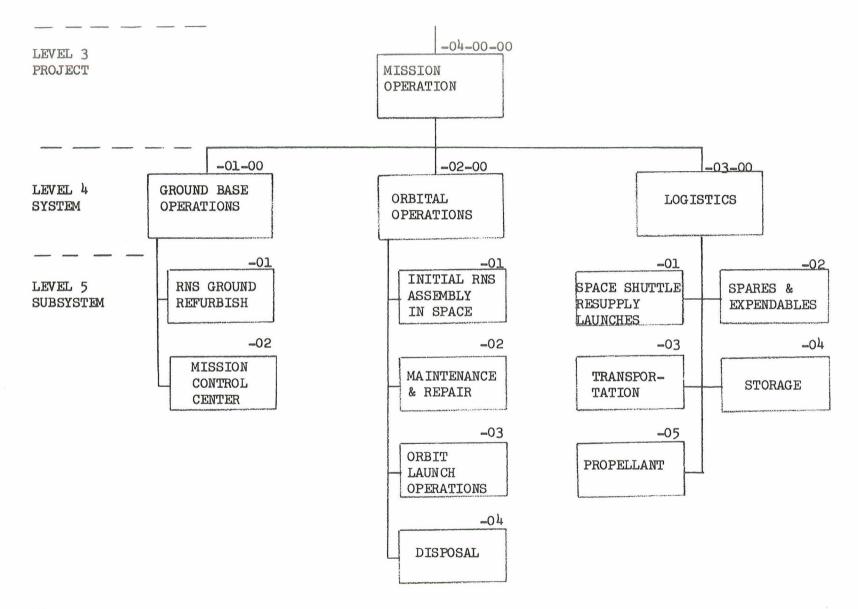


Figure 2-8 RNS WORK BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE (Sheet 2 of 3)



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Figure 2-8

RNS WORK BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE

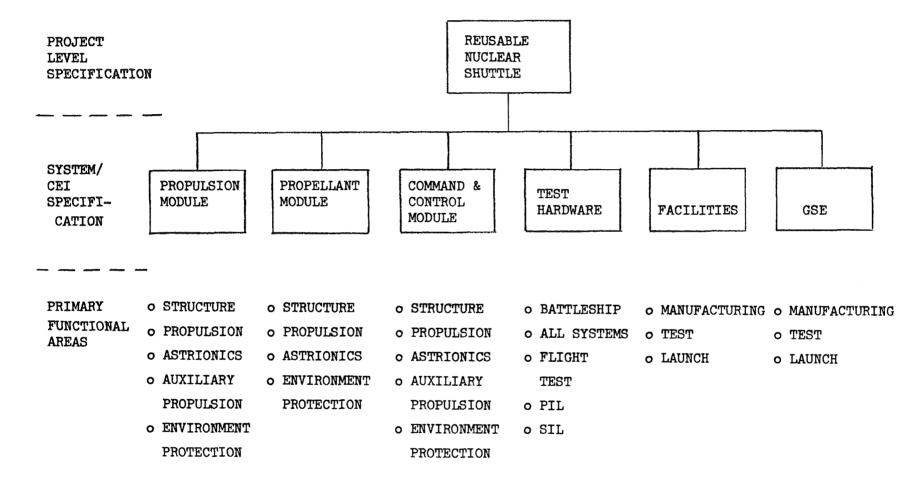


Figure 2-9

RNS PROJECT SPECIFICATION TREE

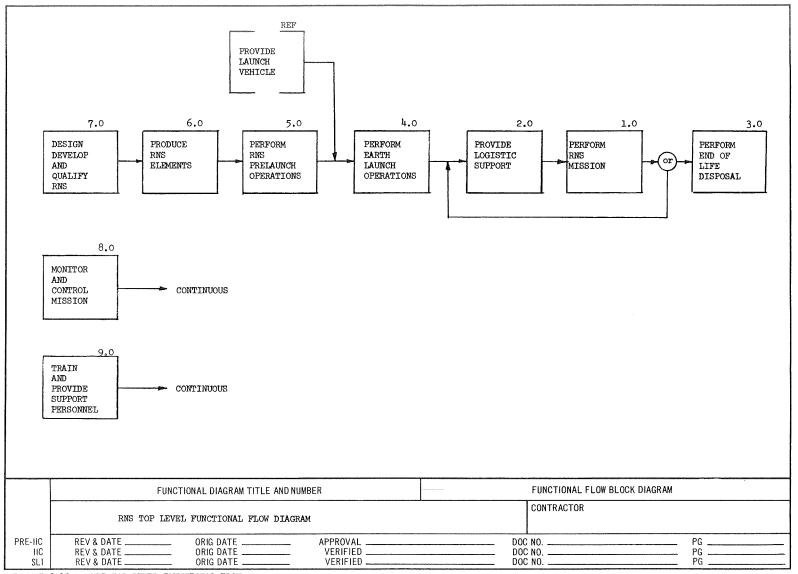
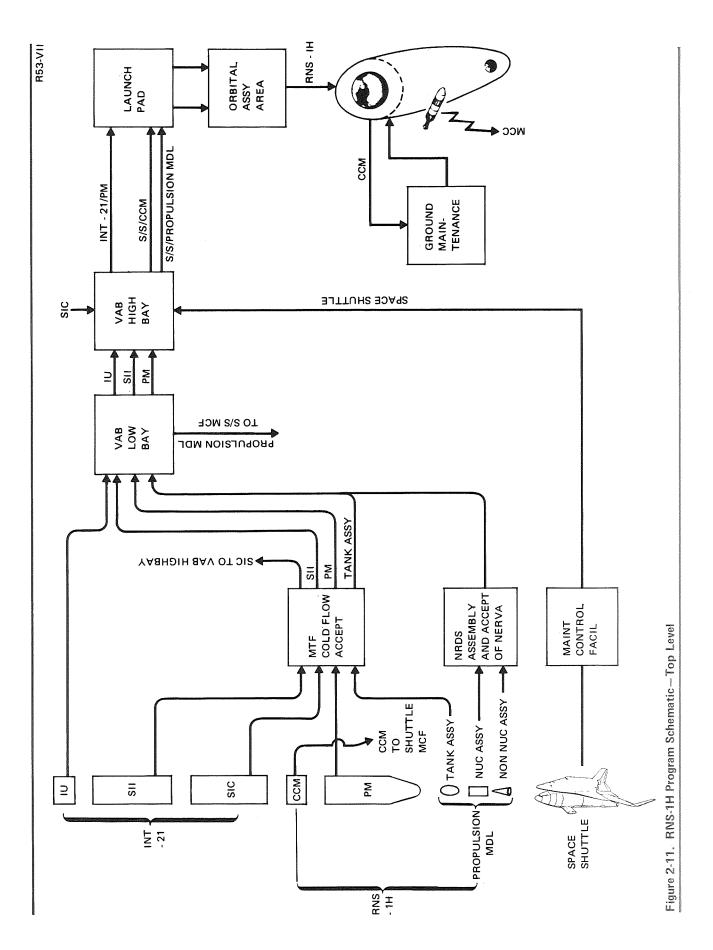


FIGURE 2-10 RNS TOP LEVEL FUNCTIONAL FLOW



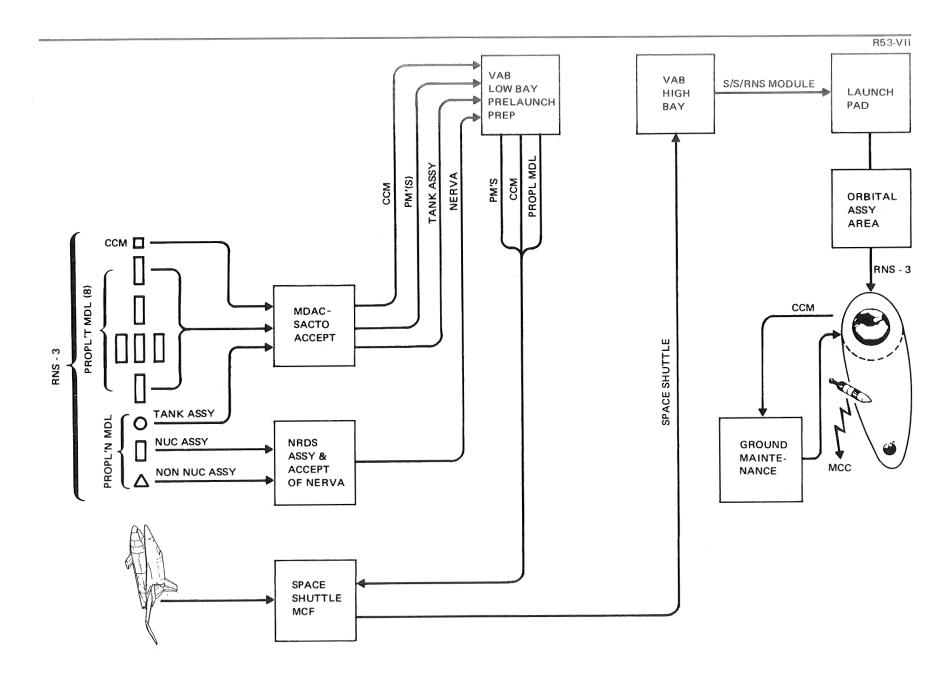
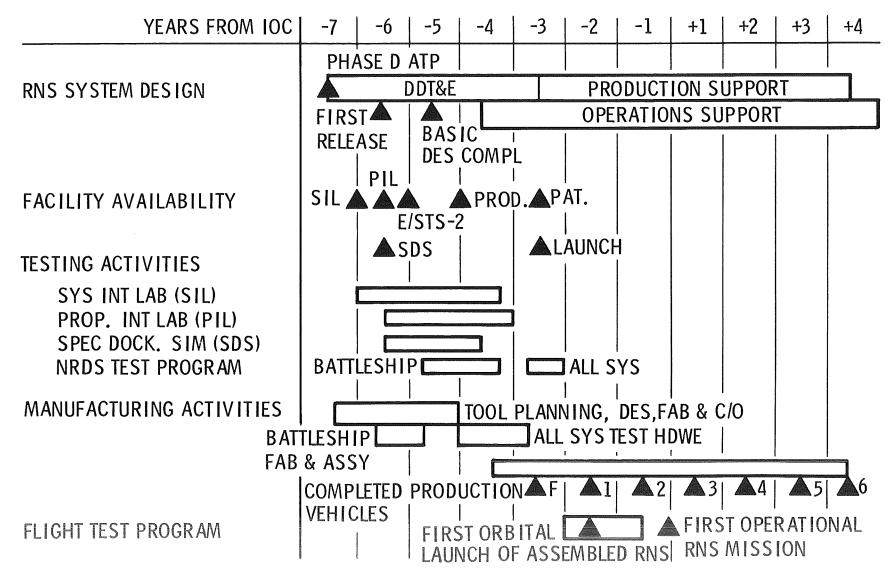


Figure 2-12. RNS-3 Program Schematic—Top Level



Section 3

PROJECT SUPPORT AND INTERFACE REQUIREMENTS

3.1 RNS LAUNCH VEHICLE

3.1.1 General

The launch vehicle for the Class 1 Hybrid RNS configuration defined in Section 2.1 is the Saturn INT-21 vehicle using standard J-2 engines for the propellant module and the space shuttle for propulsion and command and control modules.

The launch vehicle for the multiple module configuration RNS defined in Section 2.1 is the space shuttle for all modules.

3.1.2 Operations

The Saturn INT-21 vehicle is to be launched from Kennedy Space Center.

The space shuttle is to be launched from Kennedy Space Center.

Earth launch vehicles will be available as required to support the RNS test program and subsequent missions.

3.1.3 Configurations

The Saturn INT-21 vehicle is defined in Boeing Documents D5-15583, "Intermediate-21 Launch Vehicle Preliminary Description for a Phase B Space Station Design," August 22, 1969 and Boeing 5-1085-INT-21-07, "Report, Preliminary Analysis of INT-21 Launch Vehicle/McDonnell Douglas (MDAC) Space Station Payload-Mission No. 1," February 23, 1970.

The space shuttle is defined in Section 3.2.

3.2 RNS LOGISTICS SYSTEM

3.2.1 General

The logistics vehicle which supports the RNS will be used to transport LH₂ propellant, maintenance parts and supplies, and payloads from earth to earth orbit.

The logistics vehicle will be the space shuttle.

The space shuttle payload capability to the RNS operations orbit is defined in Figure 3-1.

3.2.2 Configurations

The cargo bay of the space shuttle will be sized to have a clear volume of 15-ft diameter by 60-ft length. This will be interpreted as meaning the external dimensions of the payload may be up to 15-ft in diameter by 60-ft long.

The space shuttle will have provisions for deployment and boarding of a cylindrical payload of 15-ft diameter by 60-ft length.

The impact of alternate cargo bay sizes and increased payload capability over the baseline space shuttle defined here will be considered and assessed in trade studies.

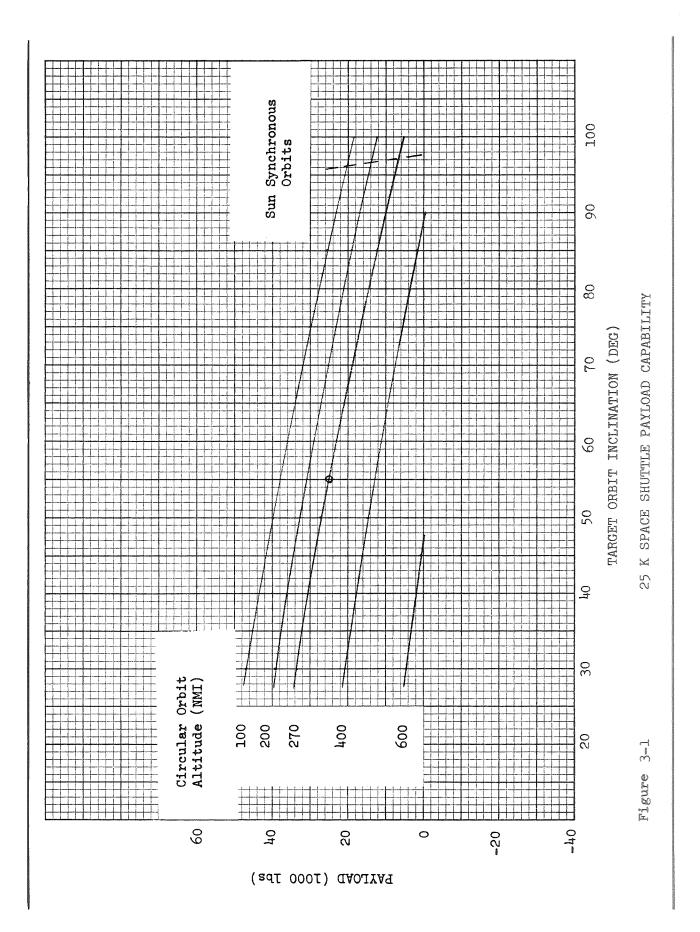
3.2.3 Operations

The space shuttle which supports the RNS will be launched from Kennedy Space Center.

Space shuttles will be available as required to support the RNS.

Baseline operations guidelines for the space shuttle are defined as follows:

- A. The orbiter stage of the space shuttle will be capable of landing with a full payload.
- B. The space shuttle will have an all azimuth launch capability.



- C. Space shuttle trajectory design load factors are 3g.
- D. The space shuttle will be capable of up to 7 days of self-sustaining lifetime. For missions in excess of 7 days, the weight of the expendables will be charged against the payload.
- E. Cargo elements containing hazardous material will have selfcontained protective devices or provisions against all hazards.
- F. The IOC date for the space shuttle is the second half of 1977.
- G. An operational cost of \$5 million per launch of the space shuttle will be assumed for the nuclear shuttle system definition studies.
- H. Additional support functions and interface requirements are TBD.

3.3 RNS OPERATIONS SUPPORT

3.3.1 Space Tug

Unique requirements imposed on the space tug by the RNS operations are TBD. Guidelines for the space tug are defined below.

The space tug may be used with the RNS for support operations in low earth orbit, geosynchronous orbit, and lunar orbit.

The space tug is a vehicle system that will vary in geometric arrangement of its components to adapt to the specific mission that it is called upon to perform. To accomplish this variability, the space tug has four basic modules and appropriate mission-oriented kits. These are:

Basic Modules

Crew Module (CM) Propulsion module (PM/PPE) Cargo Module (CaM)

Intelligence Module (IM)

Typical Kits

Landing Legs (LL) Environmental Control and Life Support System (EC/LS) Manipulator Arms (MA) Propulsion Module-Secondary (PM/SPE) Extendable Support Arms (ESA) The CM, as an RNS payload, will house men during transfer between low earth orbit and the geosynchronous orbit space station or the lunar orbit space station. The CM in conjunction with the PM/PPE and associated kits can service and support the RNS as required. Basic characteristics and requirements of the CM are as follows:

- A. Support up to three men for 28 days plus 14 days contingency in earth orbit for service and support of the RNS.
- B. Support up to six men for 14 days plus 14 days contingency as a crew transporter from low earth orbit to geosynchronous or lunar orbit and return.
- C. CM gross weight is 15,000 lb.

In addition to service and support of the RNS, the PM/PPE will be used to transfer payloads from the lunar orbit space station to the lunar surface and return. Characteristics and requirements of the PM/PPE are as follows:

- A. Land and return payloads of up to 20,000 lb on lunar surface from lunar orbit.
- B. Dry weight of PM/PPE is 10,000 lb.
- C. Maximum propellant capacity of PM/PPE is 60,000 lb of LO_2/LH_2 .

The CaM will be used to carry discretionary payload in inter/intra orbit cargo transfer and from lunar orbit to lunar surface. The CaM weight is 4,000 lb, empty.

The weights of typical kits are as follows:

LL	5,000 lb
EC/LS	5,0001b
IM	2,0001b
MA	500 lb

3.3.2 Lunar Orbital Space Station and Lunar Surface Base

A lunar orbital space station will be in a 60-nmi circular orbit inclined at 90 degress to the equator. Additional guidelines for the lunar orbital space station and lunar surface base are defined below. The lunar orbit space station will begin operations in TBD.

The lunar orbit space station is initially delivered from earth orbit to polar lunar orbit by the RNS.

The lunar orbit space station configuration is an assembly of four decks, each of 22 or 33 ft in diameter by 9-ft-high dimensions. The gross weight of the initial system delivered to lunar orbit is 65,000 lb.

The lunar orbit space station initially has a normal crew complement of six men.

The lunar orbit space station will be capable of operations over a ten year period with resupply.

Crew rotation will occur at six-month intervals.

The lunar surface base (LSB) will support extensive exploration activities, including providing a base for long-range mobility units and will begin operations in TBD.

The LSB configuration is an assembly of two to three decks. Each is 22 or 33 ft in diameter and 9-ft-high. The gross weight of the initial LSB delivered to lunar surface is 65,000 lb.

The LSB will support six to nine personnel in its initial operation, but will have the capability of being expanded to a larger 24 to 48 personnel operation, probably through the landing of additional modules in close proximity to the initial base.

The LSB will operate for extended durations (up to five years) with replenishment of consumables.

Crew rotation will occur at six-month intervals.

3.4 RNS PAYLOAD

3.4.1 Unmanned Payloads

Guidelines for unmanned payloads are TBD.

3.4.2 Manned Payloads

Guidelines for the manned planetary mission spacecraft for the opposition class with a venus swingby and the conjunction class Mars missions are summarized below:

	Opposition Class(4)	Conjunction Class(5)
Planetary Mission Module ⁽¹⁾	145,000 lb	170,000 lb
Manned Mars Excursion $Module(2)$	100,000	200,000(6)
Probes At: Mars ⁽²⁾	30,000	30,000
Venus	6,000	ec-a #000 1005
MEM and Probe Compartment ⁽²⁾	5,500	11,500
Overboard Expendable Rate ⁽³⁾	13 lb/day	13 lb/day

. . .

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NOTES: (1) PMM is retained throughout the mission

- (2) Jettisoned at Mars
- (3) Includes attitude control, atmospheric leaks, etc.
- (4) 560-day mission
- (5) 1,040-day mission
- (6) Two MEM's are included for conjunction class missions

The general weight variation for the PMM is determined by: PMM = 117, 292 + 50.73 T Where T is total mission duration.

Lunar mission payload guidelines are TBD.

Geosynchronous mission payload guidelines are TBD.

Section 4

SYSTEM ENGINEERING DOCUMENTATION

This section contains the following information, as generated during the Phase III study:

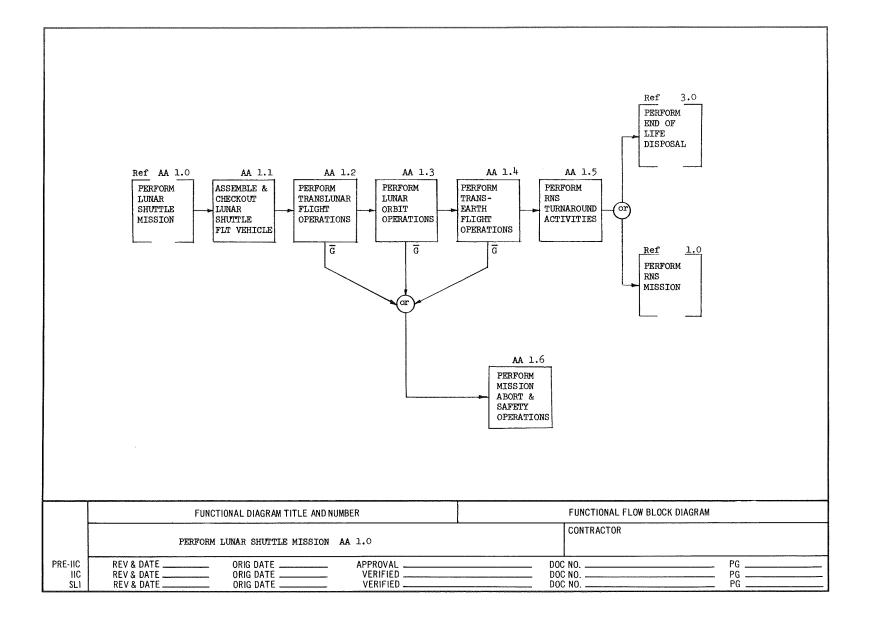
- Functional Flow Block Diagrams
- Requirement Allocation Sheets
- Timeline Sheets

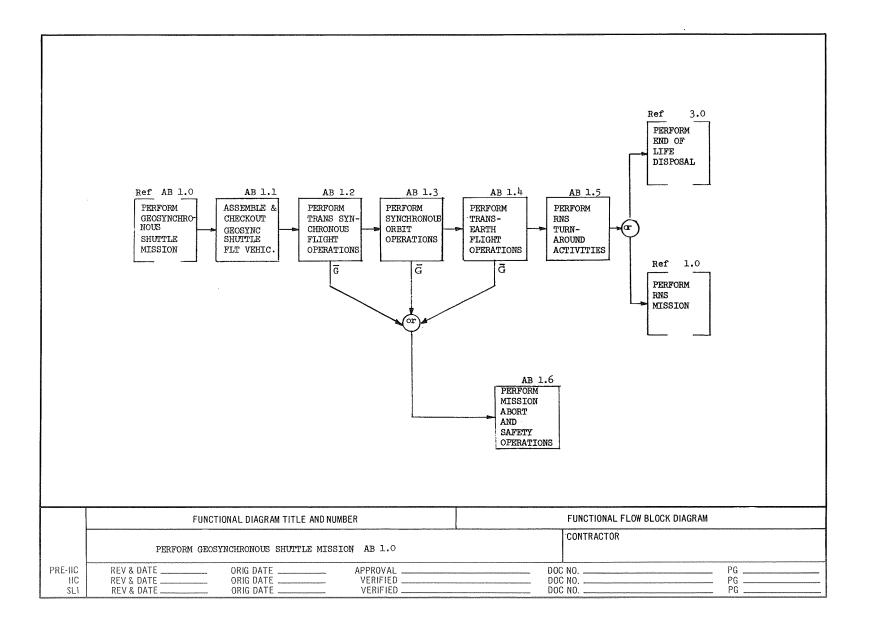
At the present, emphasis is upon the Class I lunar shuttle mission. Other missions are treated only at the first level. Additional missions will be included as appropriate subsections as they are analyzed in future studies.

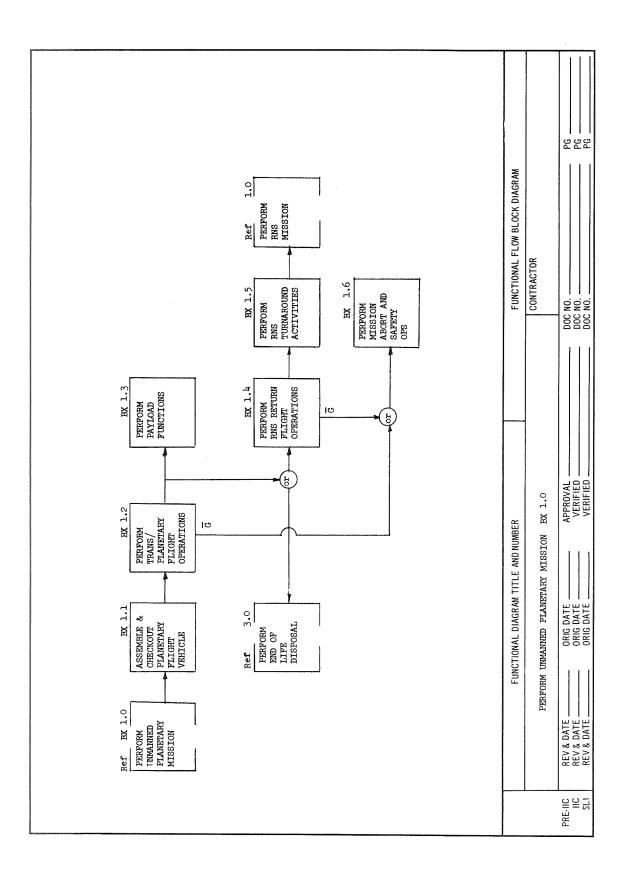
All nomenclature on the functional flow block diagrams in this section is consistent with the top level diagram contained in Section 2.2.3. The system engineering documentation is organized by major top level function, and begins for each of these functions on the following pages of this section:

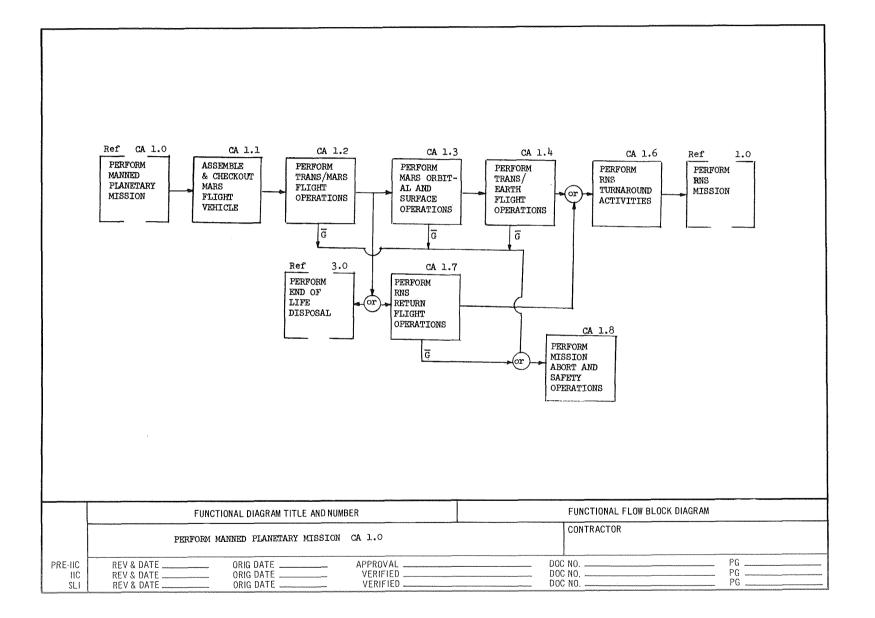
	Page No.
1.0-Perform Lunar Shuttle Mission	42
2.0-Provide Logistic Support	126
3.0-Perform End of Life Disposal	132
4.0-Perform Earth Launch Operations	134
5.0—Perform RNS Prelaunch Operations	230
6.0-Produce RNS Elements	
7.0-Design, Develop and Qualify RNS	
8.0-Monitor and Control Mission	235
9.0-Train and Provide Support Personnel	238

The depth of analysis varies from function to function, and includes first, second, and third level functional flow block diagrams, first, second, and third level requirement allocation sheets, and first and second level timeline sheets. Major emphasis was placed upon functions 1.0 and 4.0. The documentation is applicable to either RNS concept, with unique areas treated separately and noted as M or H to identify the Class 3 or Class 1 Hybrid RNS.









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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
RNS	A Reusable Nuclear Shuttle (RNS) will be utilized to transport a payload (cargo				
MISSION	and/or personnel) as part of a low cost transportation system proposed in a				
1.0	NASA integrated space program plan. It shall be capable of performing the				
	following classes of missions:				
	A. Class I - Lunar/Geosynchronous orbit shuttle missions				
	B. Class II - Unmanned planetary missions				
	C. Class III - Manned planetary missions				
	B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u>				
	1. Initial operational capability of the RNS will be CY 1981.	NASA Guide-			
	2. The baseline RNS operations orbit for lunar shuttle flight vehicle assembly,	lines and			
	initiation of translunar injection, and earth orbit turnaround operations	constraints			
	will be a 260 Nmi. circular orbit at an inclination of 31.5 degrees.	document No.			Evaluate alternate
	3. The following reference mission characteristics shall be used for performance	PD-SA-P-70-63			earth orbit
	reporting purposes and worst condition design analyses:	Revision No.2			altitudes and
	A. Class I - Lunar Mission	Oct. 1, 1970			inclinations (B.2)
	Earth departure/arrival orbit altitude 260 Nmi.				
	Earth departure/arrival orbit inclination 31.5 Deg.				Evaluate lunar
	Lunar arrival/departure orbit altitude 60 Nmi.	u.			phase and ground
	Lunar arrival/departure orbit inclination 90 Deg.				rendezvous
	Earth to moon coast time 108 Hr.				compatibility (B.2)
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	L
	PERFORM RNS MISSION - 1.0		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF		D(DC NO	PG1 of 7

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		ITS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	Moon to earth coast time 72 Hr	•				Evaluate necessity
RNS	Lunar arrival plane change 30 De	ζ.				and method for
MISSION	Lunar departure plane change 30 De	ş.				lunar plane change
1.0	Midcourse ΔV 50 Ft	/sec per mission leg				requirements (B.3)
(CONT'D)	Flight performance reserve 0.75	percent ΔV				Evaluate necessity
	4. The following reference mission characterist	ics shall be used for economics	MDAC Phase			for 50 Ft/sec mid-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and operations analyses:		III Study			course correction
	A. Class I - Lunar mission		Baseline			(B.3)
	Earth departure/arrival orbit altitude	260 Nmi.				Evaluate alternate
	Earth departure/arrival orbit inclination	n 31.5 Deg.				lunar shuttle
	Lunar arrival/departure orbit altitude	60 Nmi.				profiles (B.3)
	Lunar arrival/departure orbit inclination	n 90 Deg.				
	Earth to moon coast time	108 Hr.				
	Moon to earth coast time	72 Hr.				
	Midcourse ΔV	50 Ft/sec per mission leg				
	Flight performance reserve	0.75 Percent ΔV				
	5. Although the RNS shall be designed for the lu	unar shuttle mission, it shall	NASA Guide-			Evaluate alternate
	have the additional capability of performing	the following missions:	lines and			geosynchronous
	Class I - Geosynchronous Mission		Constraints			shuttle mission
	Earth departure/arrival orbit altitude	260 Nmi.	Document No.			profiles (B.5)
	Earth departure/arrival orbit inclination	31.5 Deg.	PD-SA-P-70-6			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE A	ND NUMBER		REQUIREMEN	T ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM RNS MISSION - 1.0			CONTR	ACTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DA REV & DATE	TE APPR VERI	OVAL		DOC NO	PG. 2 of 7

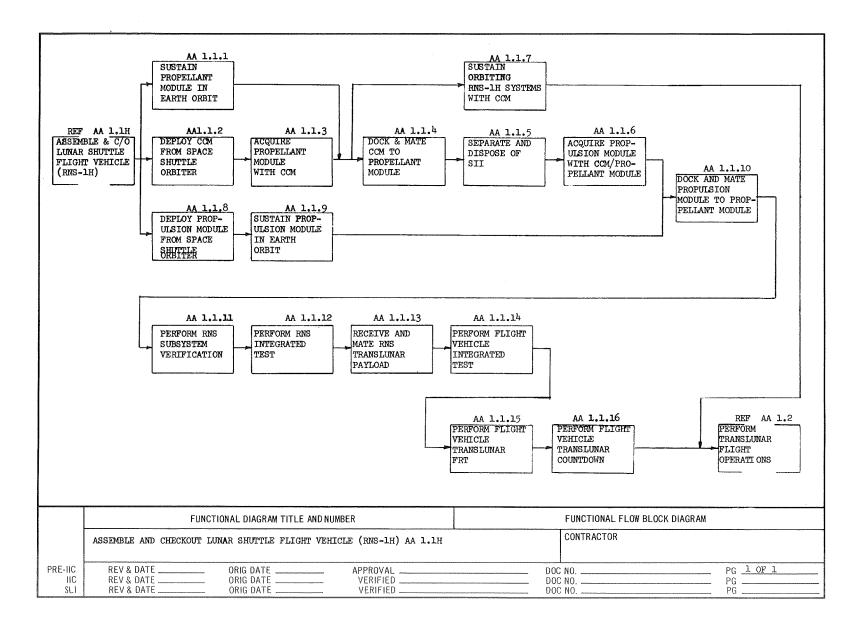
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	Geosynchronous arrival/departure orbit inclination 0 Deg.	Revision			Determine optimum
INS	Midcourse ΔV 50 Ft/sec per mission leg	No. 2,			split of plane
ISSION .0 CONT'D)	Class III - Manned Mars Mission An evolutionary version of the RNS will be used to provide propulsion for	Oct. 1, 1970			change AV between low earth orbit and geosynchronous
	manned Mars missions. For the purpose of this study a 1986 Outbound Venus				orbit (B.5)
	Swingby Mars mission and a 1990 Conjunction Class Mars mission will be				
	evaluated. The stopover time for the Venus Swingby mission will be 60 days.				
	The reference mission characteristics are as follows:				Evaluate alternate
	Earth assembly/departure orbit altitude 260 Nmi.				nanned Mars mission
	Earth assembly/departure orbit inclination 31.5 Deg.				profiles (B.5)
	Earth assembly/departure orbit eccentricity 0			3°	Evaluate alternate
	Mars parking orbit - periapsis altitude 270 Nmi.				earth orbit eccents
	elliptic orbit period 12 Hrs.				icities for assembl
	Earth arrival orbit- periapsis altitude 270 Nmi.				(B.5)
	elliptic orbit period 24 Hrs.				Evaluate module
	Midcourse correction ΔV 500 Ft/sec per mission leg				peculiàr lifetime
	Mars orbit trim ΔV 150 Ft/sec				allocation (B.8)
	6. Initial RNS design concepts will reflect a 1974 state of the art.				
	7. Government facilities and associated utilities and special test equipment				
	will be used to the maximum extent possible.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	1
	PERFORM RAS MISSION - 1.0		CONTRAC	TOR	
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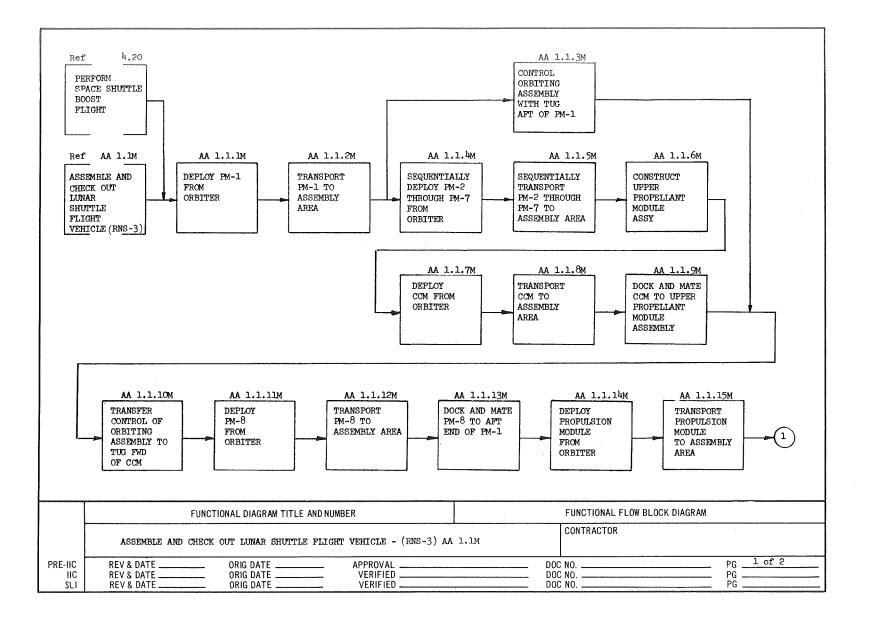
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	8.	The design lifetime for the RNS will be up to 3 years in space with the	NASA Guide-			Establish an in-
RNS		capability for maintenance in earth orbit.	lines and			orbit maintenance
MISSION	9.	In-orbit maintenance and propellant refueling of the RNS will be accomplished	Constraints			policy (B.9)
1.0		only at the RNS operations orbit.	Document No.			
(CONT'D)	10.	The RNS will be functionally independent of the payload.	PD-SA-P-70-63			Evaluate safety
	11.	For manned operations, the crew will have override capability for RNS control.	Revision			for additional site (B.9)
	12.	The RNS will be checked out in the RNS operations orbit prior to each mission.	No. 2,			Establish checkout
	13.	The RNS will have automated rendezvous and docking capability.	Oct. 1, 1970			policy (B.12)
	14.	Payloads, LH ₂ , and maintenance supplies for the RNS will be delivered by the				Evaluate use of
		logistics vehicle and assembled in the RNS operations orbit. The logistics				space shuttle only
		vehicle will be the space shuttle.				for orbital opera-
	15.	The space tug may be used to maneuver the payload to the RNS for assembly.				tions (B.15)
		It may also be used to support geosynchronous and lunar orbit operations.				
	16.	The RNS will be manrated.				Evaluate use of
	17.	The RNS will maintain attitude control while the payload is maneuvered and				RNS C&C module
		docked to the RNS.				only for orbital
	18.	Payload transfer between the RNS and the lunar or geosynchronous space station				operations (B.15)
		may be accomplished by the space tug.				
	19.	Propellant capacity will be about 300,000 lbs. LH ₂ .				Evaluate impact of
		ectiveness Requirements				lowering the
	1.	Reliability				reliability require- ment (D.1)
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
		PERFORM RNS MISSION - 1.0		CONTRAC	TOR	
	1	& DATE ORIG DATE APPR & DATE VERIF		D(DC NO	PG. <u>4 of 7</u>

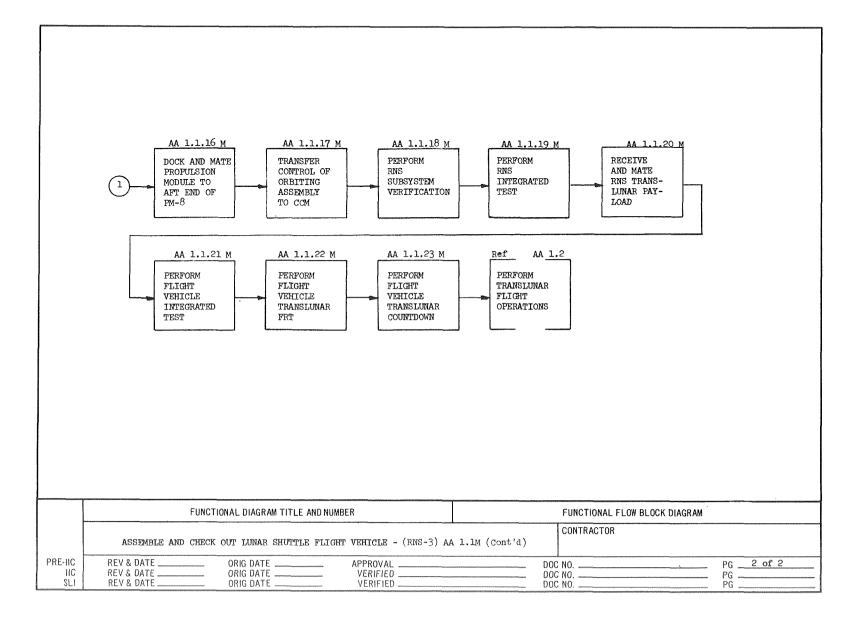
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	T	ne RNS shall have a total mission success probability of 0.975 at the	MDAC-			Evaluate onboard VS
RNS	ir	nitiation of each cycle of operations (exclusive of payload induced mission	allocation			External abort
MISSION	f	ailures).				capability (D.2.A)
1.0	2. St	afety	NASA Guide-		-	
(CONT'D)	A	. All credible single failure modes or credible combinations of failures	lines and			Perform fault tree
		and errors which result in a loss of crew and passengers or unacceptable	Constraints			analyses (D.2.B)
		risk to the general public will be eliminated by design change and/or	Document No.			Evaluate utility of
		mission modification.	PD-SA-P-70-63			NERVA emergency
	В	No single failure or credible combinations of failures and errors will	Revision			operating mode
		prevent or preclude operation of the NERVA engine in the emergency mode.	No. 2,			capability (D.2.B)
	C.	. Total radiation dose from the NERVA engine and plume sources will be	Oct. 1, 1970			Perform failure
		limited to 10 REM per passenger and 3 REM per crew member per round				
		trip shuttle mission. Payload attenuation factor will be assumed to be 3.				mode and effects
	D.	. RNS maintenance personnel (if any) will not receive more than 25 REM				analyses (D.2.B)
		per year from the RNS.				Determine allowable
	E	. Total integrated radiation dose from the RNS to any manned space station				maintenance time
		or manned orbital system will not exceed 0.1 REM during any single				for various classes
		NERVA engine burn.				of maintenance(D.3)
	F	. The RNS will meet all structural, materials, and quality control				
		standards required for manned application.				
	G.	. During lunar or geosynchronous orbit operations the RNS will remain at a				
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
		PERFORM RNS MISSION - 1.0		CONTRA	CTOR	
	REV & D REV & D		OVAL	[DOC NO	PG. <u>5 of 7</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS	safe distance from and in the same orbit as the lunar or geosynchronous				Determine impact
MISSION	space station.				on orbital opera-
1.0	3. <u>Maintainability</u>	NASA Guide-			tions resulting
(CONT'D)	A. The RNS design will reflect the capability to perform maintenance in the operations orbit and on the ground.	lines and Constraints			from this constrain (D.2.E))
	B. The level of on-orbit maintenance shall be restricted to the module	Document			Determine minimum
		Documento			allowable separa-
	level, i.e., propulsion module, command and control module, propellant module.	MDAC-Phase II Study (MDC			tion distance (D.2.G)
	C. While inflight, maintenance shall be restricted to switchable redundancies.	Report No.			Evaluate alternate
	E. Interface Requirements	G0585,Vol II,			modes of target
	1. During RNS mission operation the nuclear shuttle may have an operational	Part 3,			orbit arrival &
	support interface with the following system elements: A. Earth orbital space station/base operating in a 262 nmi, 55 Deg.	May 1970)			departure (D.2.G))
	inclination circular orbit.	MDAC Ground			Mix of terrestrial
	B. Geosynchronous orbit space station at O Deg. inclination.	rule study			and on orbit
	C. Lunar orbital space station operating in a 60 mmi, 90 Deg inclination	NASA Guide-			maintenance (D.3.A)
	circular orbit. D. Propellant depot (if required) deployed in the RNS operations orbit.	lines and			Evaluate selective
	E. Space tug deployed in earth operations and lunar operations orbits.	Constraints			lower levels of
	F. Space shuttle logistics vehicle having a clear volume of 15 foot diameter	Document			on-orbit mainten-
	and 60 foot length, and a self sustaining lifetime of up to 7 days.				ance (D.3.B))
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM RNS MISSION ~ 1.0		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	VAL	D(DC NO	PG. <u>6 of 7</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	ÉQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2. As part of the performance of the RNS mission the nuclear shuttle will have	MDAC			Evaluate require-
RNS	limited interfaces with proposed payloads for data exchange and structural	ground rule			ments for propellan
MISSION	support.				depot (E.1.D)
1.0					
(CONT'D)					Evaluate safety
					benefits from
					having LH ₂ resupply
					capability in lunar
					orbit (E.1.D)
					Perform parametric
					evaluation of the
					size (E.l.F)
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET CONTRACTOR				
	PERFORM RN3 MISSION - 1.0				
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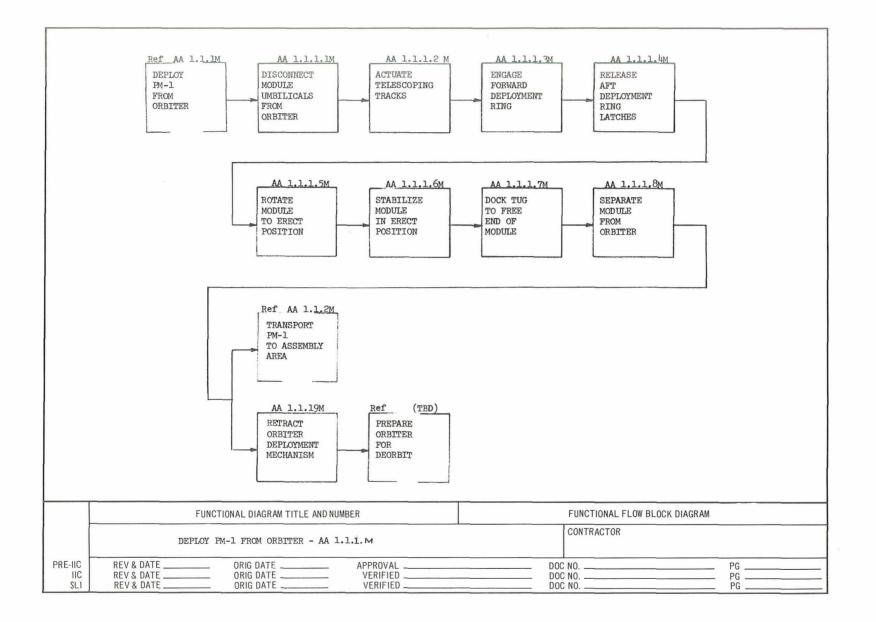
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
ASSEMBLE AND CHECKOUT LUNAR SHUTTLE FLIGHT VEHICLE AA 1.1M	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The RNS-3 is composed of 8 propellant modules (PM's), one propulsion module and one command and control module (CCM). Each is placed into orbit individually via space shuttle. It is the objective of this function to combine these elements to form an integrated stage which when supplied with payload forms the lunar shuttle flight vehicle. This function is initiated with the placement of the first PM in orbit and is terminated with successful flight vehicle countdown. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> A. Functional requirements 1. Provide the capability of deploying RNS-3 modules out of the space shuttle in a uniform manner. 2. Provide the capability of transporting modules from deployment to assembly areas. 3. Provide the capability of on-orbit removal of NERVA poison wire assembly. 4. Provide for sequential checkout of each installed module. 5. Provide for propellant topping. 6. Provide for control of evolving RNS-3 orbiting assembly including 	Baseline Baseline Baseline Baseline Payload limitation			Evaluate effect on propulsion module deployment (A.1) Evaluate use of tug vs space shuttl (A.2) Evaluate removal on launch pad or in VAB (A.3) Evaluate alternate
	attitude control and stabilization, electrical power, data management, etc. 7. Provide end to end docking and side to side clustering mechanisms as required by the flight vehicle configuration.	1			control agents e.g space tug, CCM, space shuttle (A.6)
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	ASSEMBLE AND CHECKOUT LUNAR SHUTTLE FLIGHT VEHICLE - AA 1.1M		CONTRAC	CTOR	ж
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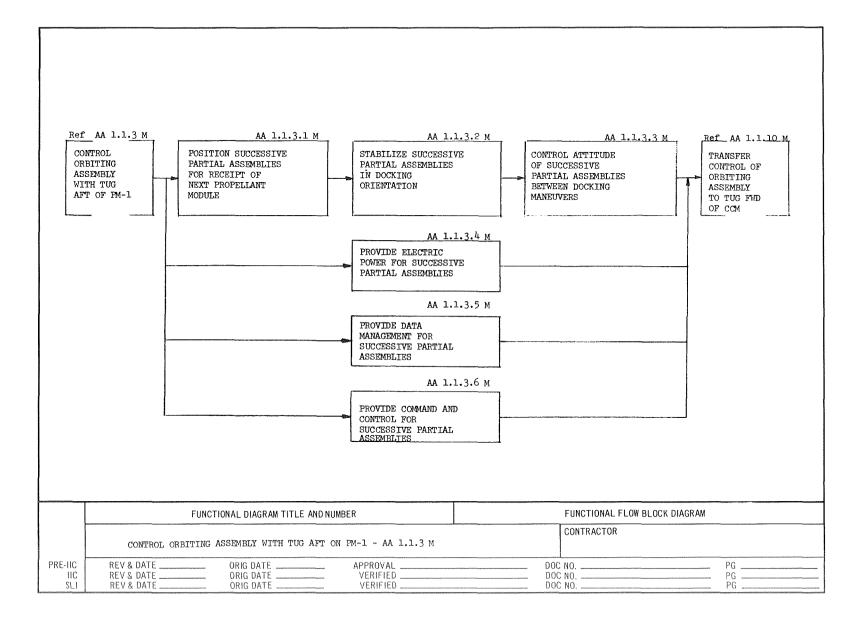
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
ASSEMBLE AND	8. Provide for the integration of a manned/unmanned payload.	NASA G&C.			Analyze dynamics of
CHECKOUT	9. Verify flight readiness of the flight wehicle prior to the initiation	Document Rev-			transfer of the
LUNAR	of each lunar shuttle mission.	ision No. 2 Oct. 1, 1970			control function (A.6)
SHUTTLE	10. Verify successful integration of all modules into an RNS-3 prior to	Baseline			Evaluate impact of
FLIGHT	mating it to its lunar payload.				manned/unmanned
					payloads on config-
VEHICLE	11. Provide functional subsystems on the RNS modules to facilitate automated				uration
AA 1.1M	rendezvous, docking, mating and checkout.				Determine method of
	12. Provide for external monitoring and control of RNS-3 modules'				module cluster
	rendezvous, docking and mating.				(i.e. actuation)
	13. Provide for automated flight vehicle countdown with terrestrial based				(A.7)
	control. For manned payloads provide the backup capability for crew				Evaluate automated
	override.				rendezvous and
					docking concepts (A.11)
	B. Subsystem Requirements				Determine struc-
	1. Structures				
	^o Provide attach points for orbiter deployment mechanism.				tural latching,
	^o Provide sufficient structural integrity to accomodate deployment				fluid line deploy- ment, and electri-
	and assembly loads.				cal connecting
	⁰ Provide a docking and clustering mechanism which aligns the modules,				mechanisms (A.11)
	locks them rigidly together, transmits all subsequent loads, and				Evaluate space base
	allows verification of its integrity.				vs terrestrial
					control (A.13)
	2. Propulsion Subsystem				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	ASSEMBLE AND CHÈCKOUT LUNAR SHUTTLE FLIGHT VEHICLE - AA 1.1M		CONTRAC	CTOR	
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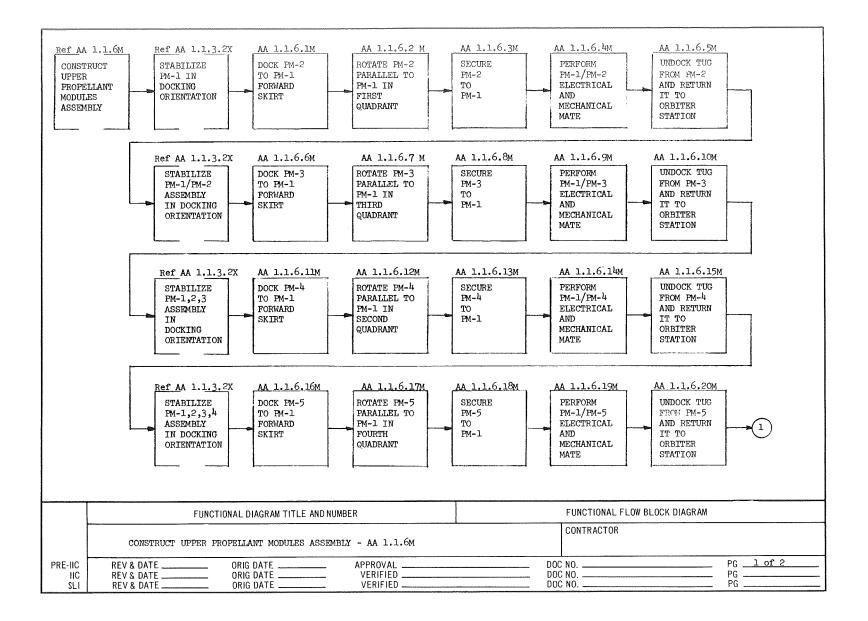
FUNCTION NAME &	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION	FACILITY, GSE	TRADE STUDIES,		
NUMBER	DESIGN RECONCINENTS	SOURCE	CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	REQUIREMENTS	ANALYSES		
ASSEMBLE AND	^O Provide for on orbit topping of propellant.				Evaluate use of		
CHECKOUT	^O Provide for automated functional and leak checks of each module				space base as well		
LUNAR	as it is integrated into the total system.				as complete		
SHUTTLÈ	• All discrete LH ₂ tanks shall be designed to permit isolation.				autonomy (A.13)		
FLIGHT	^o Fluid line coupling and decoupling shall be performed under automatic				· ·		
VEHICLE	and remote control. Docking forces shall not be used for coupling.						
AA 1.1M	^o A pressure sensor controlled vent system shall be utilized to assure						
	on orbit safety. Venting shall not be propulsive.						
	3. Astrionics Subsystem						
	O During assembly operations the astrionics functions of power, data						
	management, stability and control shall be provided by sources						
	external to the RNS.						
	^o Navigational aids will be provided on the RNS modules to aid in						
	rendezvous and docking.						
	^O Instrumentation will be provided on each module to allow its						
	individual checkout. The data shall be compatible with the						
	capabilities of supporting segments (e.g. space tug).						
	^o Subsequent to completion of assembly the astrionics function shall						
	be provided by the CCM.						
	D. Effectiveness Requirements						
	1. Reliability						
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET				
	ASSEMBLE AND CHECKOUT LUNAR SHUTTLE FLIGHT VEHICLE - AA 1.1M REV & DATE ORIG DATE			CONTRACTOR			
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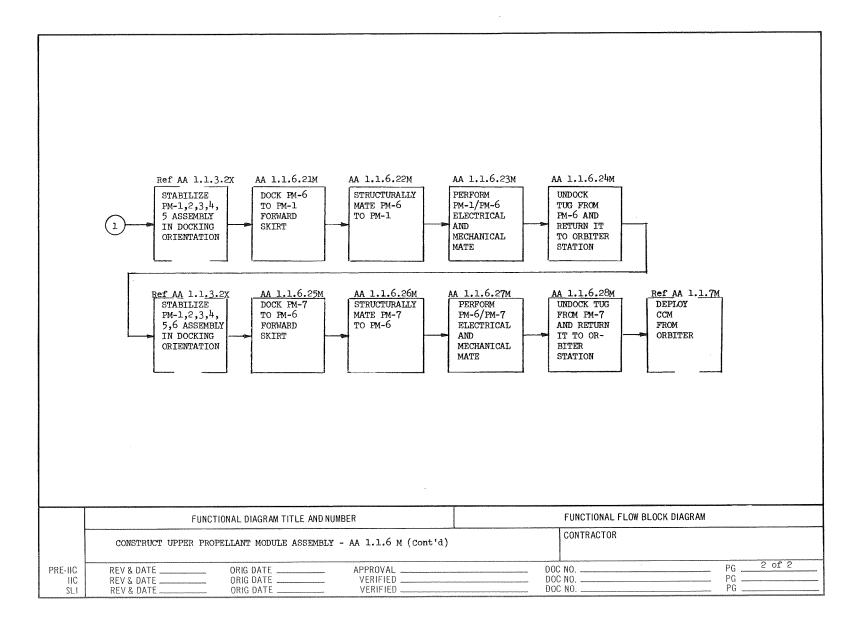
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
ASSEMBLE AND	a. The assembly of the RNS shall have a success probability of 0.99				
CHECKOUT	b. Checkout of the flight vehicle shall assure that a safe vehicle				
LUNAR	is launched with a probability of not less than 0.99 for manned				
SHUTTLE	payloads and 0.99 for unmanned payloads				
FLIGHT	2. Safety				
VEHICLE	TBD				
AA 1.1M	3. Maintainability				
	a. Maintenance and repair of the RNS in orbit shall be restricted to				
	removal and replacement of affected module.				
	E. Interface Requirements				
	1. The docking interfaces between the RNS modules, space tug, payloads,				
	and space shuttle shall be common.				
	2. The RNS modules shall be compatible with space shuttle provisions				
	for deployment.				
	3. The evolving orbiting assembly shall provide monitoring data to the				
	supporting segments (e.g. space tug, space shuttle) for formatting				
	and transmission.				
	4. The evolving orbiting assembly shall draw sustaining power from its				
	supporting orbiting segments during the assembly operations.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	ASSEMBLE AND CHECKOUT LUNAR SHUTTLE FLIGHT VEHICLE - AA 1.1M		CONTRAC	TOR	
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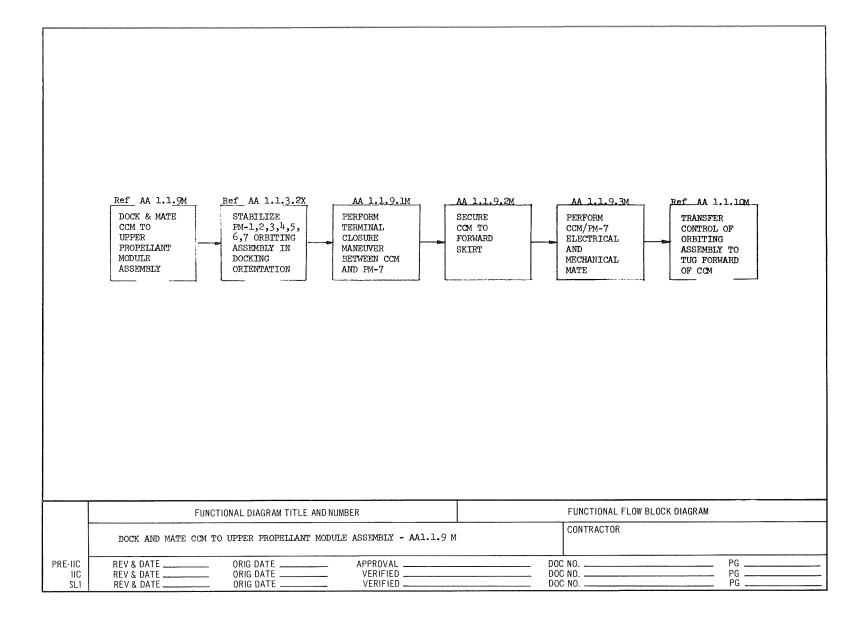


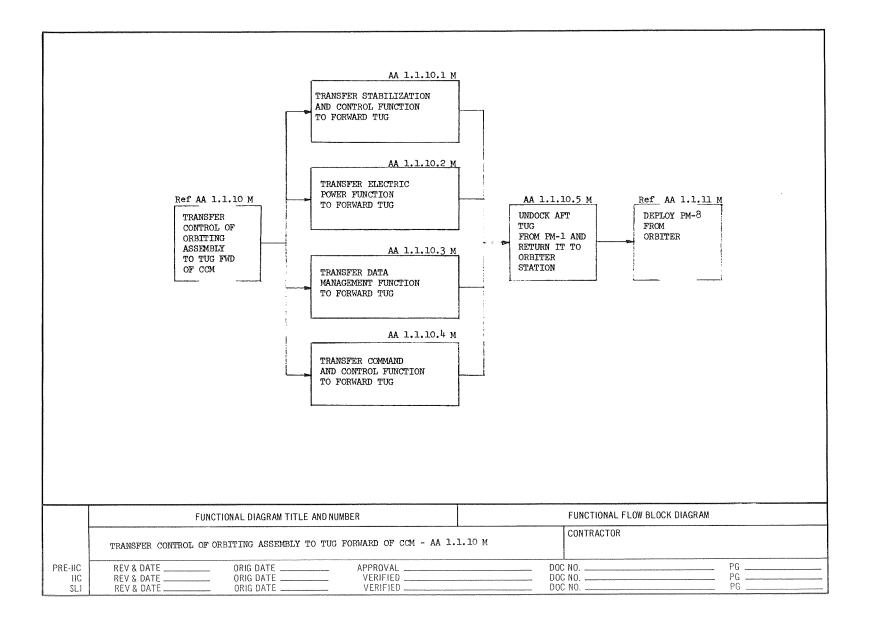


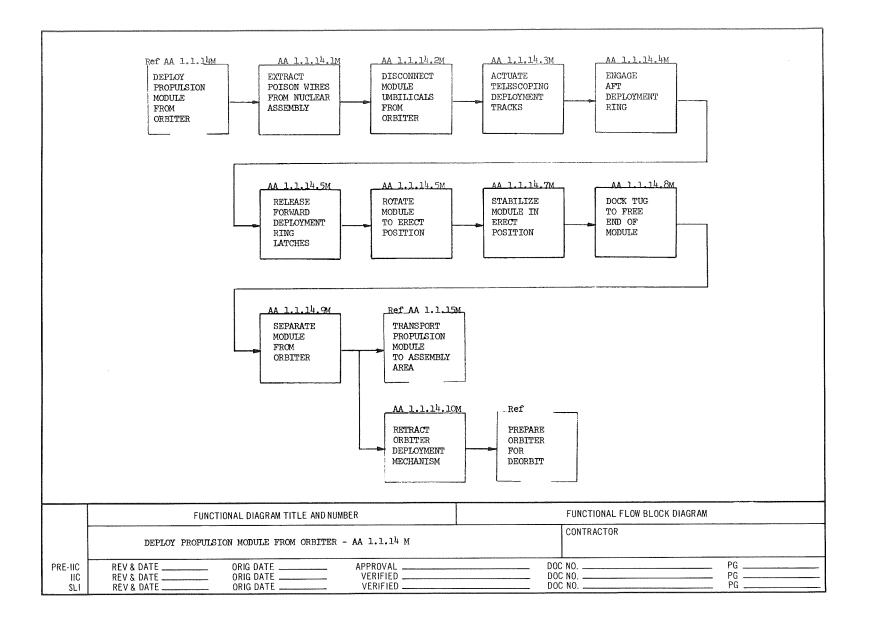


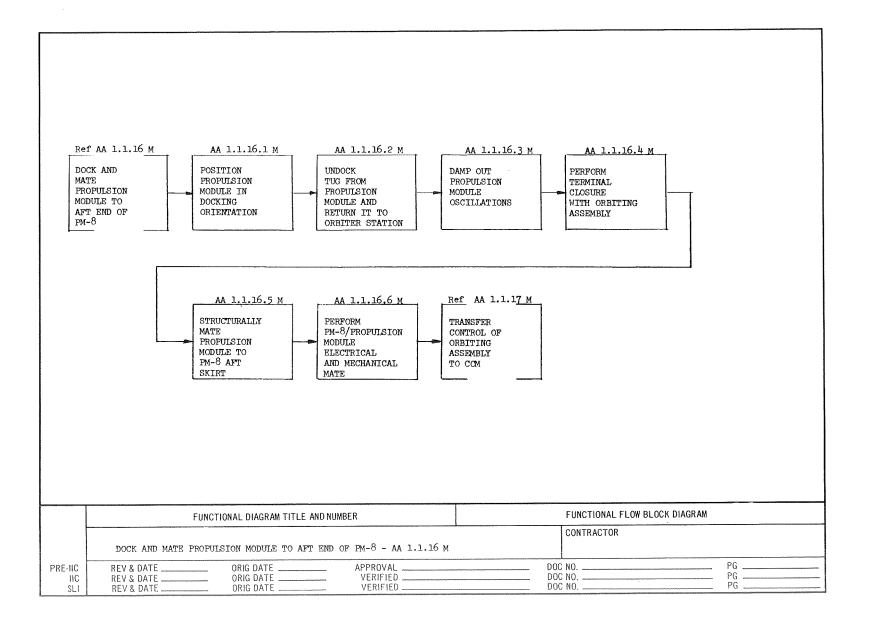


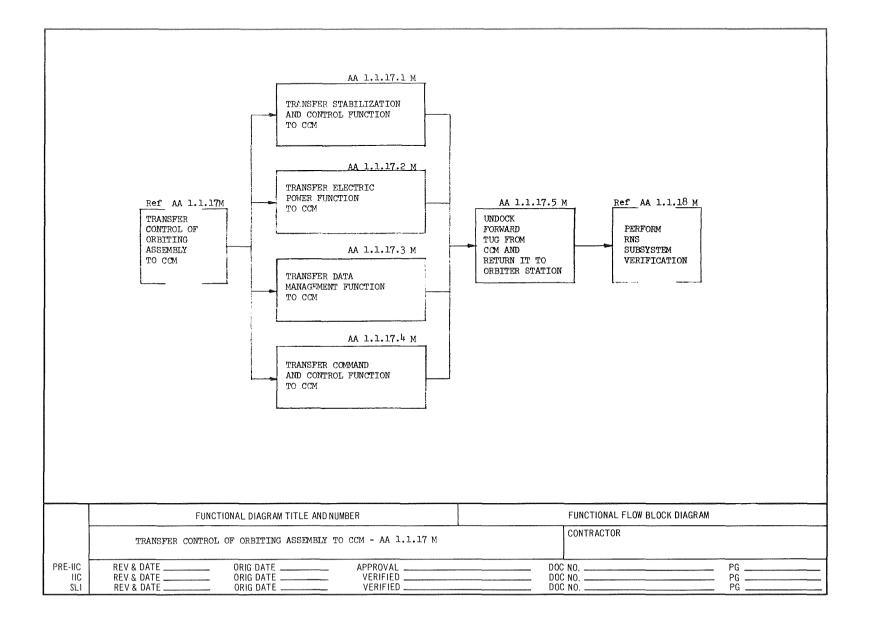
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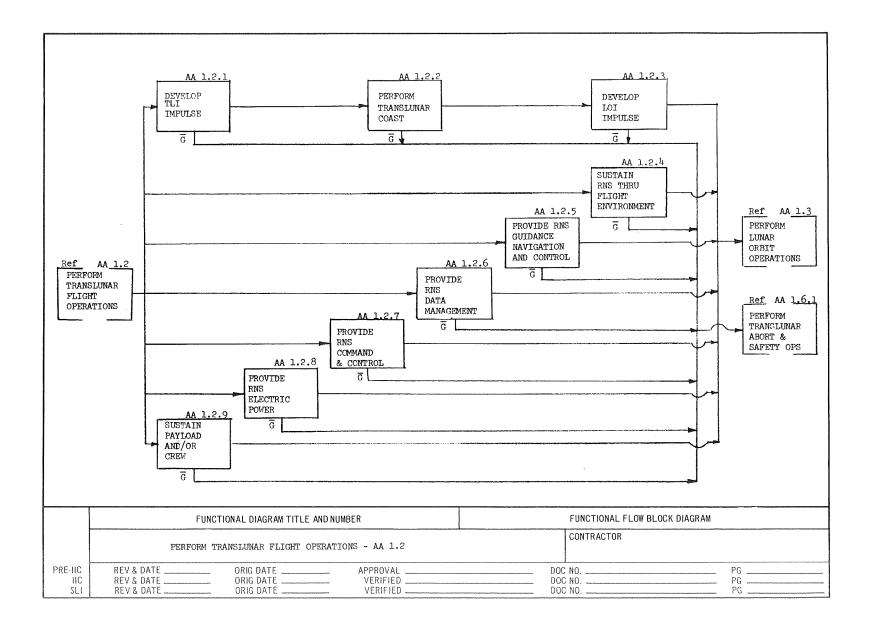












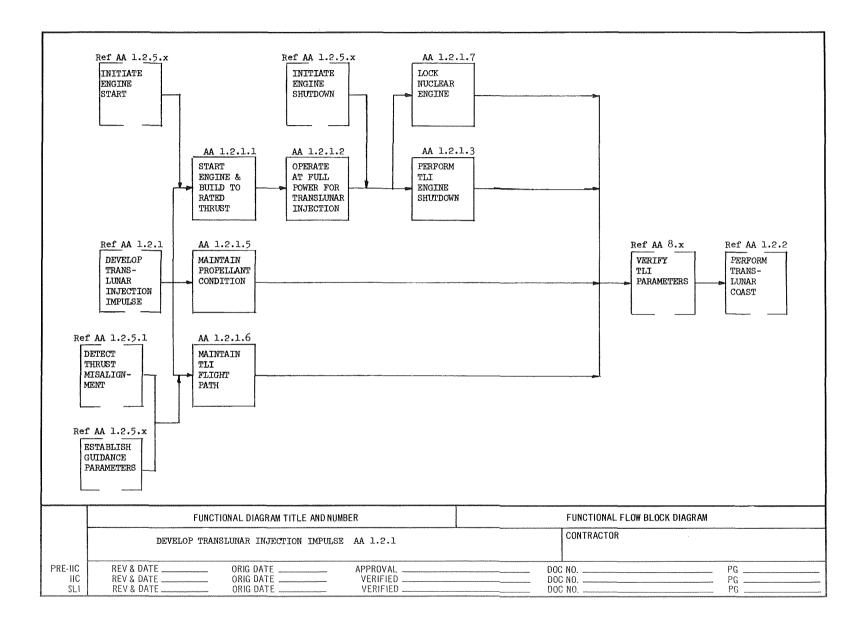
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
TRANSLUNAR	The objective of this function is to perform the flight operations required to				
FLIGHT	transfer a useful payload from the earth operations orbit to the prescribed lunar				
OPERATIONS	operations orbit. This function is initiated at the successful completion of the				
AA 1.2	translunar countdown and is terminated with successful injection into the prescribed				
	lunar target orbit.				
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	a. Functional requirements				
	1. Provide translunar and lunar orbit injection impulses commensurate	NASA G&C			
	with the following:				
	Earth departure orbit-260 NM, 31.5 Deg.				
	Lunar arrival orbit - 60 NM, 90 Deg.				
	Earth-Moon coast time - 108 Hr.				
	2. Provide for midcourse correction to achieve prescribed target orbit	NPRD			
	parameters reflecting a translunar injection error in delivered impulse				
	of \pm 20 K lb sec; time \pm 15 sec				
	3. Provide electrical power, instrumentation and guidance and control to	NASA G&C			
	support the translunar flight overation independent of the payload.				
	4. Provide the means to sustain the flight vehicle through the flight	Baseline			
	environment (induced and natural) encountered in the translunar flight.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	4
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR FLIGHT OPERATIONS - AA 1.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMEN IDENTIFICAT CEI, OR SECON FUNCTIONAL	ION DARY	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	b. Subsystem Requirements					
TRANSLUNAR	1. Structure subsystem					
FLIGHT	o Provide sufficient strength, rigidity and other character-	NASA G&C				
OPERATIONS	istics required to contain 300,000 lbs of LH2. Factors of					
AA 1.2	safety as defined by "Guidelines for Structural Design					
(Cont'd)	Criteria" PD-SA-P-70-193, MSFC memorandum dated Aug. 7, 1970.					
	o Provide sufficient meteoroid protection to survive the					
	translunar environment as defined in NASA TMX-53798 (and					
	augmented by NASA TMX 53957) with a probability of 0.99875.					
	o Provide sufficient thermal protection to control propel-					
	lant loss and tank pressure buildup resulting from natural					
	and induced flight environment. The RNS assembly shall be de-					
	signed for the orbital and mission thermal environment defined					
	in "Space Environment Criteria Guidelines for use in Space					
	Vehicle Development" (1969 Revision), NASA TM-X-53957, Oct. 1969.					
	• Accommodate the environment resulting from the operation					
	of the NERVA engine.					
	2. Propulsion Subsystem					
	o Provide a propellant management capable of providing the					
	NERVA prerequisites as defined in NERVA Program Requirements					
	Document, SNPO-NPRD.1, Jan. 19, 1970; NERVA Reference Data					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIRE	EMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR FLIGHT OPERATIONS - AA 1.2		CC	ONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIRE	AENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	(full flow engine), AGC Rep 4 3	3-130-CP-090290-FL-Prel.				
TRANSLUNAR	Apr. 1970 and NERVA Status Pr	esentation, AGC, 9/3/70.				
FLIGHT	o Pressure level during coast sh	all be at saturation.				
OPERATIONS	o Actuation control for liquid a	nd gas flow shall be provided.				
AA 1.2	o Expulsion pressurization gas s	mall be provided by the engine.				
(Cont'd)	o Controlled venting as well as	safety relief shall be provided				
	during flight as required. Th	e operating band shall be minimized.				
	o Provide APS for thrust vector	control during idle mode for mid-				
	course correction, flight vehi	cle stabilization and orientation				
	control, propellant settling,	rendezvous and docking and				
	separation maneuvers.					
	3. Astrionics Subsystem					
	o Provide an astrionics system i	ndependent of the RNS payload	NASA G&C			
	o Provide both primary and secon	dary power sources and attendant				
	distribution and regulation ne	twork for engine and stage.				
	o Provide the capability to gath	er, format and transmit diagnostic	MDAC G&C			Perform mainten-
	information to predict failure	s, to evaluate performance, and	Ø III Study			ance trade study
	to aid in mission control. Se	lected data shall be made available				to identify
	for display in a manned payloa	d. Transmission of data to ground				required diag-
	shall be compatible with exist	ing processing and receiving				nostics
	capability.					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITI	E AND NUMBER		REQUIREMEN	ALLOCATION SHEET	1
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR FLIGHT OP	ERATIONS - AA 1.2		CONTR	ACTOR	,, <u>, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	o Provide autonomous navigation guidance and control capability for	Ø III Study			Evaluate alternate
TRANSLUNAR	translunar flight operations. Included are determination of posi-	Result			'Navigation,
FLIGHT	tion and velocity, ephemeris, engine command generation, as well				'Guidance and
OPERATIONS	as attitude and roll control command generation. The GN&C require-				Control techniques
AA 1.2	ments shall incorporate the utilization of aftercooling thrust.				
(Cont'd)	o Provide thermal protection to operating equipment commensurate				
	with the design specifications.				
	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
	1. Reliability				
	a. The RNS shall have a 0.9859 probability of successful completion of				
	the translunar flight operations.				
	2. <u>Safety</u>				
	a. The RNS design shall accommodate an emergency mode of operation	NASA G&C			
	reflecting NERVA engine operation at minimums of 30,000 Lbf, 500				
	sec Isp and 10 ⁸ lb-sec impulse.				
	b. Provisions shall be included to limit the exposure due to RNS				
	malfunction to any member of the general public to no more than				
	2.5 Rem.				
-					
	c. Provisions shall be included to detect incipient catastrophic				
	failures allowing sufficient time for remedial actions.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR FLIGHT OPERATIONS - AA 1.2		CONTRAC	CTOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM TRANSLUNAR FLIGHT OPERATIONS AA 1.2 (Cont'd)	 3. <u>Maintainability</u> There shall be no inflight maintenance. E. <u>Interface Requirements</u> System Level <u>Support Systems</u> The RNS shall interface with ground stations for the purpose of mission control and identification of abort options in case of failures. Ground communications shall be compatible with capabilities of DSIF. <u>NERVA Engine</u> The definition of the NERVA engine and its requirements are contained principally in: NERVA Program Requirements, Document, SNPO NPRD-1, Jan. 19, 1970, and NERVA Reference Data (Full Flow Engine), AGC Report S-130-CP-090290-Fl-Pre1, Apr. 1970. The stage shall provide primary power for NERVA operations. <u>Payload</u> A maximum mission payload 15 ft in dia x 140 ft long of uniform density, weighing 118,000 pounds, with a stiffness equal to the				
	propellant + tanks shall be considered. The RNS shall be designed to neither require nor provide electrical services to the payload. A discrete display and control capability for crew override will be provided.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER]		ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR FLIGHT OPERATIONS - AA 1.2		CONTRAC	CTOR	
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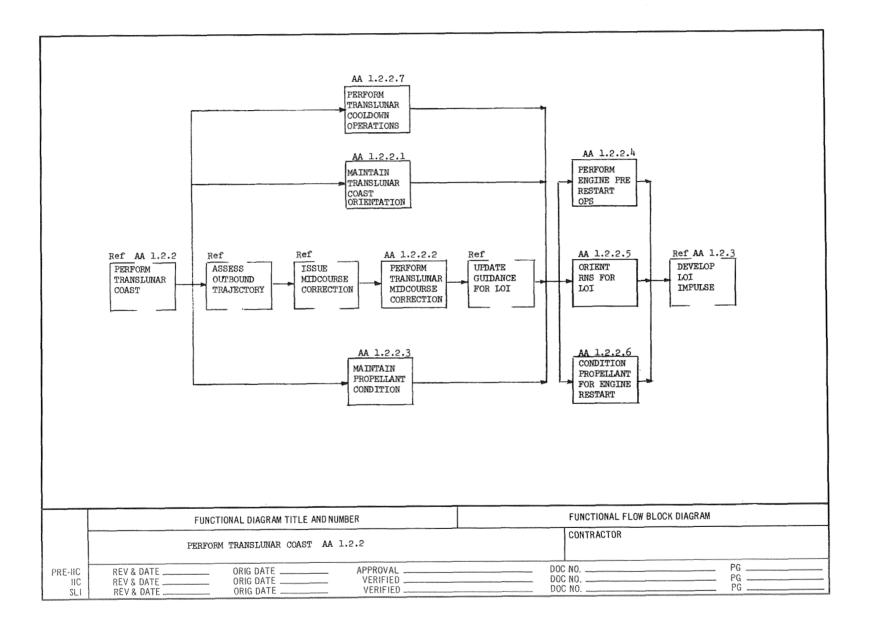
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
DEVELOP	A. Functional Description				
TRANSLUNAR	The objective of this function is to provide the energy and vehicle control				
INJECTION	required to place the flight vehicle into a translunar orbit. This function				
IMPULSE	is initiated with receipt of engine start command and is terminated via		-		
AA 1.2.1	guidance command and verification of injection into the preestablished				
	translunar orbit.				
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	a. Functional Requirements				
	1. Provide for a AV of 10,372 fps	MDAC Ø III			
	Translunar Injection	results			
	Conditions at termination of full thrust (75,000 Lb)				
	$c_3 = -4.518 \text{ km}^2/\text{sec}^2$				
	<pre>e = 0.9157 !(eccentricity)</pre>				
	R = 5122.8 nmi				
	2. Provide thrust vector control for the purpose of maintaining a pre-				
	programmed flight path utilizing commands generated by the onboard				
	guidance subsystem.				
	3. Provide liquid hydrogen at tank outlet commensurate with engine				
	requirements for start, steady state, shutdown and aftercool as				
	defined in the NFRD:				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LLOCATION SHEET	
	DEVELOP TRANSLUNAR INJECTION IMPULSE - AA 1.2.1		CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN RE	DUIREMENTS			REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMI IDENTIFIC CEI, OR SECO FUNCTIONA	ATION DNDARY	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
DEVELOP										
TRANSLUNAR		Flow Rate 1b/sec	Total Pressure PSIA (Min)	Temperature ^O R	Quality % Vapor					
INJECTION	<u>att</u>	0 to 91.9	24 to 30		by Volume O					
IMPUISE	Startup			Saturated						
AA 1.2.1	Steady State	91.0	30		0 - 15					
(Cont'd)	Shutdown	91.9 to 4.0	30	11	0 - 15					
	Aftercooling	4.0	30	*1	0			-		
	4. Provide control control.	discretes for e	ngine operation ar	nd thrust vector						
		vinetina unaleeu	anaine throat in	nualistable and						
	5. Provide for term	-		-	L					
		r allowing 100	percent utilizatio	on of aftercool						
	impulse.					-				
	6. During pulsed af	-	0		-					
	of its neutral p	osition. Attit	ude control shall	be provided by	an					
	auxiliary propul	sion system.								
	b. Subsystem Requiremen	its								
	1. Structure subsys	tem								
	None									
RH RAS	FUNC	TIONAL DIAGRA	M TITLE AND NUMB	ER			REQUI	REMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	DEVELOP	TRANSLUNAR INJ	ection impulse - A	A 1.2.1				CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
DEVELOP	2. Propulsion Subsystem				
TRANSLUNAR	o The roll control system will provide for:				
INJECTION	Roll attitude control during steady state powered				
IMPULSE	flight and coast within ±5 degrees.				
AA 1.2.1	Adequate torque to overcome all steady state dis-				
(Cont'd)	turbances during powered flight and coast.				
	Adequate torque to reestablish attitude control within				
	TBD degrees within TBD seconds after NERVA start.				
	Adequate torgue to establish a roll rate of 0.1/deg/sec				
	within TBD seconds for orbital maneuvers.				
	o The APS shall provide initial orientation and attitude control				
	during startup and shutdown.				
	o The engine shall be preconditioned for satisfactory bootstrap.				
	o The propulsion subsystem shall provide the following diagnostic				
	information for the purpose of performance evaluation, control				
	and safety: <u>TBD</u> .				
	3. Astrionics Subsystem				
	o The N&G system shall maintain knowledge of radial position	Ø III Study			NG&C
	to \pm 1.8 mmi at injection and a velocity to 2 fps.	Result			T ra de Study
	o Update guidance parameters shall be provided by onboard	NPRD			
	equipment at initiation of this function				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	and the second s
	DEVELOP TRANSLUNAR INJECTION IMPULSE - AA 1.2.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
DEVELOP TRANSLUNAR INJECTION IMPULSE AA 1.2.1 (Cont'd)	 The Guidance Navigation and Control subsystem shall command thrust vector control to achieve the required impulse within 20,000 lb-sec and ± 15 sec in time. During cooldown the desired orientation of the flight vehicle shall be held to within ±5 deg in all axes. Flight vehicle characteristics associated with the performance of this function shall be formatted and transmitted to mission control and the manned payload. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> <u>Reliability</u> The RNS shall be capable of performing all required functions for translunar injection with a probability of not less than .9959. <u>Safety</u> For a manned payload module the accumulated dose (for a complete cycle) experienced shall not exceed 3.3 Rem. Correspondingly the dose experienced by the crew during this function shall not exceed 1 Rem as a result of engine operation. In case of mission abort during the performance of this function provision shall be incorporated within the payload module for safe return of its passengers and crew. 	Ø III Study Results			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LUCATION SHEET	<u> </u>
	DEVELOP TRANSLUNAR INJECTION IMPULSE - AA 1.2.1	J	CONTRAC	TOR	
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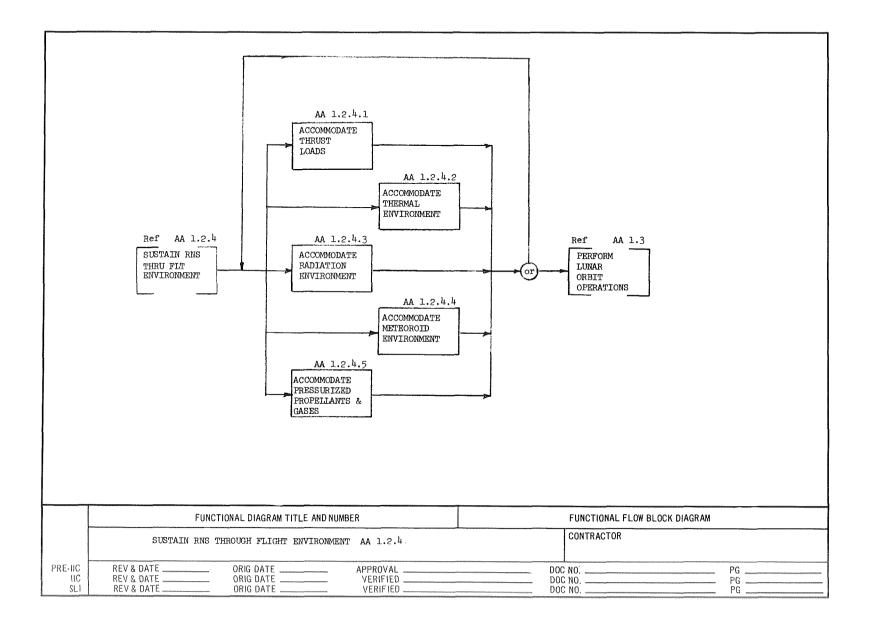
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
DEVELOP					
TRANSLUNAR					
INJECTION					
IMPULSE	3. Maintainability				
AA 1.2.1	a. No inflight maintenance is required.				
(Cont'd)	a. To INTITUM WALKOUNDE IS FOILEFOR				
	E. Interface Requirements				
	1. Engine/Guidance & Control for sequence initiation signals and TVC				
	Commands.				
	2. Engine/Airframe for transmission of loads, environment, and propellant.				
	3. Engine/Airframe for equipment mounting.				
	4. Engine/RNS subsystems for power, telemetry, etc.				
					1
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	DEVELOP TRANSLUNAR INJECTION IMPULSE - AA 1.2.1		CONTRAC	iun	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
TRANSLUNAR	Subsequent to the termination of thrust applied for translunar injection (TLI)				
COAST	the flight vehicle shall coast on a predetermined flight path to the vicinity			1.	
AA 1.2.2	of the moon. This function is initiated at PSOV's closure and is terminated				
	in the vicinity of the moon with preparation of the RNS for the Lunar Orbit			1	
	Injection.			a.	
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	a. Functional Requirements				
	1. Provide for NERVA cooldown after TLI burn.				
	2. Provide the capability for correcting translunar injection errors.				
	3. Provide the capability to stabilize and control vehicle				
	attitude and orientation.			1	
	4. Provide the capability for monitoring flight vehicle status, and				
	functions.				
	5. Provide the capability for maintaining propellant condition at				
	desired condition.				
	6. Provide for engine prestart activities.				
	b. Subsystem Requirements				
	1. Structure				
	o Provide thermal protection of propellant throughout the translunar				
	coast (~ 108 hrs).				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LIOCATION SHEET	1
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR COAST - AA 1.2.2		CONTRAC	TOR	ы.
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROV REV & DATE VERIFI		D	OC NO	PG1 of 3

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	o Provide meteoroid protection consistent with 0.99875 probability				
TRANSLUNAR	of no penetrations during translunar coast.				
COAST	2. Propulsion				
AA 1.2.2	o The RNS shall provide orientation and attitude control during				
(Cont'd)	cooldown, coast and idle mode operations.				
	• The APS shall provide the capability of orienting the flight				
	vehicle at a retro attitude for lunar orbit injection.				
	o Provide the capability to condition the engine and propellant				
	during cooldown, idle mode and to enable a restart for trans-				
	lunar orbit injection. (start conditions defined in RAS AA 1.2).				
	o Provide the capability to monitor the status and functions of				
	the propulsion system for the purpose of performance evaluation,				
	control, and safety.				
	3. Astrionics				
	o The N&G subsystem shall maintain knowledge of position to \pm	Ø III Study			
	15 nmi, velocity to 2 fps and attitude to \pm .05 with respect	Results			
	to inertial space.				
	o Provide the autonomous capability to establish midcourse				
	correction requirements.				
	o Provide the capability to issue discretes for affecting mid-				
	course maneuvers, flight vehicle stabilization, and orienta-				
	tion control. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		DEOLUDEMENT	LUCATION SHEET	
RH RAS			CONTRAC		
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR COAST - AA 1.2.2				
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM TRANSLUNAR COAST AA 1.2.2 (Cont'd)	 o Ground tracking data available as backup for the navigation function. D. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> <u>Reliability</u> The RNS shall perform all functions during coast and have a probability of being ready to develop the Lunar Orbit Injection impulse of not less than .9940 <u>Safety</u> <u>See RAS AA 1.2.1</u> <u>Maintainability</u> No inflight requirement E. <u>Interface Requirement</u> Project/System Level RNS/MCC for monitoring and backup control. RNS/Payload Module (Manned) for status display and control. 2. Subsystem Level Propulsion/Guidance Navigation and Control, for issuance of discretes and control of maneuvers. Power/using subsystems, for regulated supply of electric power. Data Management/all others, for determination of system 				
	performance.			3	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM TRANSLUNAR COAST - AA 1.2.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN	A. Function Description				
RNS	The RSN shall possess sufficient strength, rigidity, and other necessary				
THROUGH	characteristics required to survive the loading conditions that exist during				
FLIGHT	translunar RNS flight operation. In addition it shall possess the capability				
ENVIRONMENT	of protecting its propellant and equipment from the environment either natural				
AA 1.2.4	or induced to which it is exposed during a cycle of operation. The functions				
	to be performed by the RNS include:				
	a. Accommodate thrust loads				
	b. Accommodate thermal environment				
	c. Accommodate radiation environment				
	d. Accommodate meteoroid environment				
	e. Hold pressurized propellants and gases				
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	1. All pressure vessels shall be designed such that pressure stabilization				
	is not required.				
	2. The design limit values for regulated pressures shall be based on the				
	upper limit of the relief valve setting (30 psia for RNS-3, 29 psia				
	for RNS-lH) when pressure is detrimental to structural load-carrying				
	capability.				
	3. When pressure increases structural load carrying capability, the lower				
	limit of the operating pressure schedule (26 psia) shall be the design				
	limit value.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI	OVAL	D	OC NO	PG1 of 7

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN	4. Propellant tanks shall accept the design pressure for mission operations				
RNS	at the temperature of the expulsion pressurant $(250^{\circ}R)$				
THROUGH	5. All pressure vessels shall be capable of withstanding a minimum of 100				
FLIGHT	cycles of pressurization.				
ENVIRONMENT	6. Sufficient meteoroid protection shall be provided for propellant tank(s)				
AA 1.2.4	to ensure zero pitting.				
(Cont'd)	7. Primary load carrying structures shall not be employed as meteoroid				
	protection for RNS subsystems				
	8. The design of the RNS shall account for dynamic loads, including thrust				
	vector interaction, thrust transients, pogo, slosh, staging, docking,				
	aeroelastics, and acoustic conditions.				
	9. The RNS design shall reflect the loads resulting from the following				
	misalignments:				
	a. Payload misalignment				
	b. Guidance System misalignment				
	c. Thrust mount interface misalignment				
	d. Thrust mount misalignment				
	e. Flight control system misalignment				
	f. Nozzle misalignment				
	g. Thrust vector control misalignment				
	h. Module assembly misalignment				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT /	L	1
	SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
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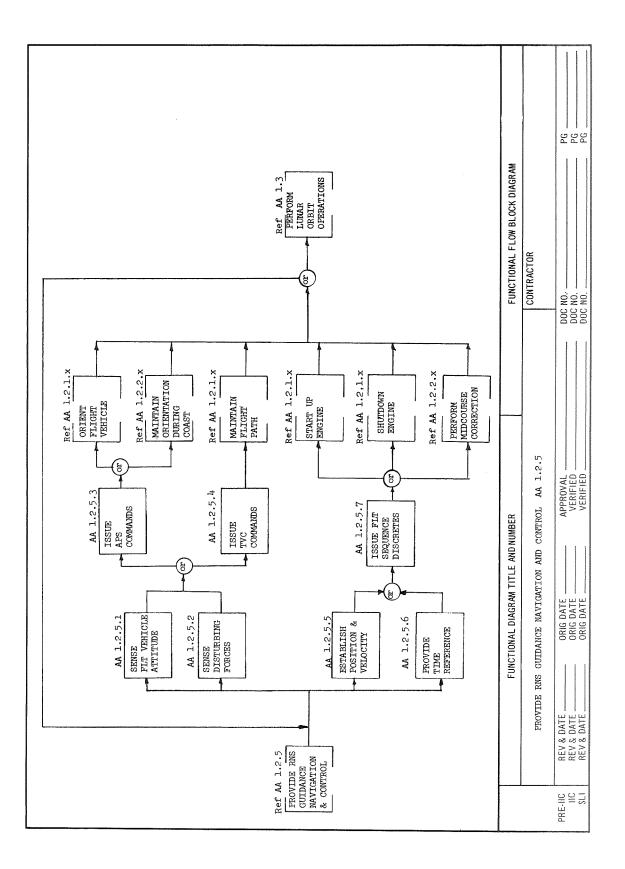
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN	11. Structures shall be designed for normal operational loads, and loads				
RNS	arising from abort conditions shall be limited to those of normal				
THROUGH	operations.				
FLIGHT	12. The induced loads resulting from docking, mating and demating				
ENVIRONMENT	operations shall be less than 60 lbs.				
AA 1.2.4	13. The RNS structure shall withstand engine induced loads (transients,				
(Cont'd)	acceleration, and gimbal hard over) and environments (mechanical,				
	thermal, vibration, and radiation) reflecting the following NERVA				
	parameters:				
	Thrust 75,000 lbs ± 2,000				
	Mass (without 27,800 lbs external shield)				
	Overall length 408 in.				
	Gimbal point 23 in (from interface)				
	Center of gravity 140 in. (from interface)				
	Thrust vector control				
	Displacement 3 deg				
	Velocity 0.75 deg/sec				
	Acceleration 0.5 deg/sec ²				
	$l^{4}(a)$ RNS-3 materials used shall be compatible with the following radiation				
	dose profile:				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE		DC	DC NO	PG3 of 7

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIRE	MENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN	Region	Dose (Rads)				
RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT AA 1.2.4 (Cont'd)	Region Propulsion Module - Aft Propulsion Module - Forward Inboard Propellant Module - Aft Outboard Propellant Module - Forward Inboard Propellant Module - Forward CCM 14(b) RNS-1H materials used shall be compaid dose profile: Region Propulsion Module - Aft Propulsion Module - Forward Propulsion Module - Aft	2.4 x 10^{8} hydrogenous 1.4 x 10^{8} non hydrogenous 5 x 10^{6} 5 x 10^{6} 5 x 10^{6} 1 x 10^{5} 5 x 10^{3} 5 x 10^{3} ; 10^{9} n/cm ² (neutrons)				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TIT	5 x 10 ³ 5 x 10 ³ ; 10 ⁹ n/cm ² (neutrons)			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLICHT EN	VIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4		CONTRA	CTOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN	16. In defining the meteoroid protection for translunar flight the				
RNS	reference flux is				
THROUGH	log N = - 14.46 - 1.213 log m.				
FLIGHT	The effective exposure time is 0.888 times the actual transfer time, i.e,				
ENVIRONMENT	0.888 x 132 = 177 hrs.				
AA 1.2.4	17. The damage criterion for tankage shall provide for no penetration of				
(Cont'd)	the tank wall.				
	18. No vehicle orientation requirements shall be imposed on the RNS during				
	any mission or coast phase for meteoroid protection purposes.				
	19. The RNS surface coatings shall take into account the performance				
	degradation of absorptivity and emissivity after extended exposure				
	in space.				
	20. The RNS HPI design shall account for the effects of blanked design				
	and installation (including perforations, joints, studs, and tank				
	attachment) and effects of environments (including compression,				
	decompression, evacuation, and degradation from meteoroid damage).				
	21. The thermal protection system shall impose no requirements for				
	vehicle orientation during any operation or mission phases. It shall				
	reflect any thermal loads induced by operational requirements for				
	specific orientations.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER				
nn nAo	FONCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NOMBER		CONTRAC	LLOCATION SHEET	
	SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4		CONTRAC		
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN	22. A reference surface temperature of $-90^{\circ}F$ or $370^{\circ}R$ is adopted for thermal				
RNS	protection system design.				
THROUGH	23. The total energy deposition rate at full power is 13 KW (4 KW from				
FLIGHT	gammas and 9 KW from neutrons)				
ENVIRONMENT	D. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> 1. <u>Reliability</u>				
(Cont'd)	a. The RNS shall be capable of surviving the loads and flight environ- ment with a probability of not less than .9859.				
	b. The meteoroid protection subsystem shall provide a survival				
	probability of 0.9975 during transit. 2. <u>Safety</u>				
	The RNS design shall employ manned vehicle factors of safety for				
	all modules				
	a. General Safety Factors:				
	Yield factor of safety = 1.1				
	Ultimate factor of safety = 1.4				
	b. Propellant Tanks				
	Proof Pressure = 1.05 x limit pressure				
	Yield Pressure = 1.10 x limit pressure				
	Ultimate Pressure = 1.40 x limit pressure				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LLOCATION SHEET	Acer - 12052 200 - 22 - 22 - 20 - 24 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14
	SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT AA 1.2.4 (Cont'd)	 3. <u>Maintainability</u> There shall be no inflight maintenance. E. <u>Interface Requirements</u> The RNS shall interface mechanically with the payload module for the purpose of transmitting loads and impulse. The loading characteristics at the RNS payload interface shall be defined in Exhibit 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER SUSTAIN RNS THROUGH FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT - AA 1.2.4 REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO VERIF		CONTRAC	ALLOCATION SHEET TOR	PG. <u>7 of 7</u>

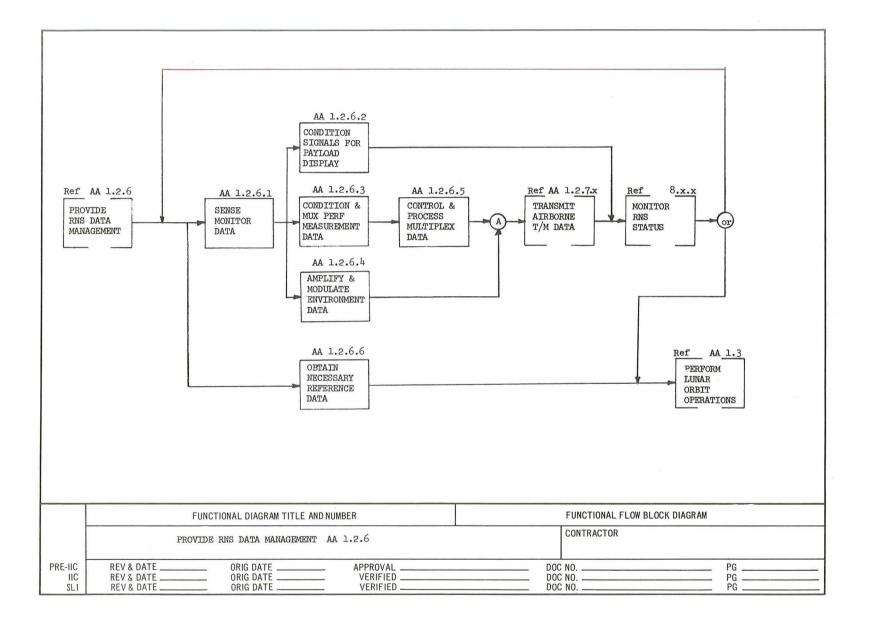


FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	A. Functional Description				
RNS	The RNS shall provide autonomous navigation, guidance and control during its				
GUIDANCE	translunar flight operations, in order to maintain the required trajectory,				
AND	prevent uncontrolled vehicle motion or oscillation, and allow maximum utiliza-				
CONTROL	tion of thrust for the attainment of mission objectives. Included in this				
AA 1.2.5	function are: providing navigation, guidance and control for translunar				
	injection, translunar coast, and lunar orbit injection.				· ·
		10			4
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	1. Provide attitude and disturbance sensing and vehicle control commands.	Ø III Study			
	During translunar coast the flight vehicle shall be controlled to within	Results			
	\pm 5 degrees. Vehicle maneuver rates shall be below $.1^{\circ}/sec.$				
	2. Provide thrust vector control commands during injection maneuvers, with the	n			
	following range of mass inertias and moment arms:				
	Class 1 Class 3		×		~
	Start Mission cg (in) 1197 1946				
	Mass (LB-sec ² /in) 1206 1253				
	Inertia (LB-sec ² /in) 7.55 x 10^8 2.02 x 10^9				
	End Mission cg (in) 665 1385				
	Mass (LB-Sec2/in) 243 274				
	Inertia (LB-Sec ² /in) 1.33×10^8 4.27×10^8				
	Integrated pitch, yaw and roll angle accuracy tolerances shall be <u>TBD</u> of selected angle.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PROVIDE RNS GUIDANCE AND CONTROL - AA 1.2.5		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF		D	OC NO	PG1 of 4

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	3. Provide digital flight control system to provide system sequencers, gain	Ø III Study			
RNS	and filter changes, and torquing the gyros.	Results			
GUIDANCE	4. The engine gimbal deflection in both pitch and yaw shall be \pm 3.0 degrees.	NPRD			
AND	5. The steering command shall reflect an engine capable of being gimballed	NPRD			
CONTROL	at a velocity not to exceed 0. 5 deg/sec. The nominal acceleration of				t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
AA 1.2.5	the gimbaled mass shall be a maximum of 0.5 deg/sec ² .				
(Cont'd)	6. The electrical equipment of the guidance and control function will	Baseline			
	operate on 28 VDC primary power source.	G & C			
	7. The system will not malfunction or exhibit out of tolerance conditions as	11			
	a result of external or internal EMI.				
	8. Whenever possible mounting points shall be selected to minimize assymetric	11			
	forces acting on equipment.				
	9. Ground tracking data is assumed available and utilized by the RNS as	11			
	backup.				
	10. An attitude reference base, to which all guidance, navigation and control	Ø III Study			
	sensors are to be aligned shall be star trackers.	Results			
	ll. The GNC subsystem shall provide the capability of determining RNS position	11			
	and velocity automatically and independent of ground support. These are:				
	TLI \pm 1.8 nmi and 2 fps (radial)				
	Coast ± 15 nmi and 2 fps (radial)				
	EOI ± 10 mmi and 2 fps (radial)				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	<u></u>
	PROVIDE RNS GUIDANCE AND CONTROL - AA 1.2.5		CONTRAC	CTOR	
			D	OC NO	PG2 of 4

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES	
PROVIDE RNS GUIDANCE AND CONTROL AA 1.2.5 (Cont'd)	 12. The GNC shall have the capability of being active or passive in terminal rendezvous and docking maneuvers. 13. The GNC subsystem shall time share a centralized digital computer to perform the required computations. 14. The integrated radiation dose experienced by the GNC equipment shall be limited to 10⁹ n/cm². 	Ø III Study. Results "				
	 D. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> <u>Reliability</u> The probability of performing all required guidance navigation and control functions for the translunar flight operations shall be no less than .9995. 2. <u>Safety</u> The system shall be designed such that no single failure shall cause destruction of the stage, injury to the crew, or hazard to the general public. 	" NASA G & C				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER REQU PROVIDE RNS GUIDANCE AND CONTROL - AA 1.2.5			EQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET		
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES ANALYSES
PROVIDE	3. Maintainability				
RNS	There shall be no inflight maintenance				
GUIDANCE	E. Interface Requirements				
AND	1. Interface requirements between GNC subsystem and other projects.				
CONTROL	a. Provide for cooperative ranging with other systems, e.g., Earth Space				
AA 1.2.5	Base, Lunar Space Station.				
(Cont'd)	b. Provide for receipt of ground tracking data for RNS navigation.				
	c. Provide for control and display from and to a manned payload.				
	2. Interface requirements between GNC subsystems and other RNS subsystems.				
	a. Electrical power from electrical power subsystem power requirement:				
	Normal (Watts) Peak (Watts)				
	Engine operation5002,000Aftercooling400400Coast5050				
	b. Environmental protection from environment control subsystem. Thermal				
	output of GNC subsystem TBD.				
	c. Provide commands to auxiliary propulsion to activate appropriate				
	thrusters for attitude control.				
	d. Provide commands to communication system for initial pointing requirements.				
	e. Provide commands to engine system for thrust vector control and				
	issuance of discretes, e.g., engine start.				
	f. Provide characteristics to data acquisition subsystems for diagnostics				
	and control of the GNC subsystem.				
	g. Provide for 79,200 OPS/sec processing requirements and 16,000 words storage.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
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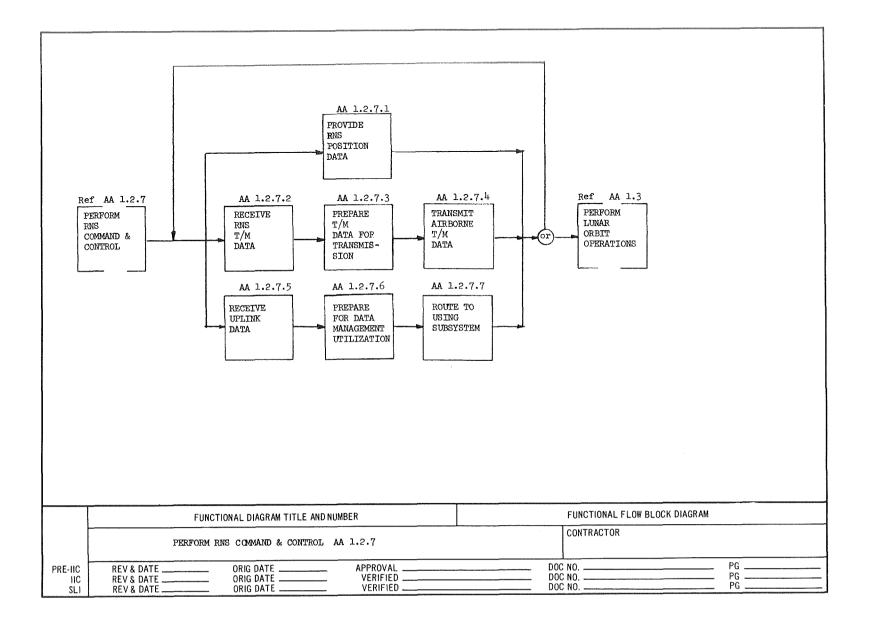
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	A. Functional Description				
RNS	A data management subsystem shall be provided to gather, process, store, and				
DATA	distribute internal performance and environmental data required to determine				
MANAGEMENT	and evaluate subsystem performance, isolate malfunctions and exercise mission				
AA 1.2.6	control. This function is composed of				
	a. Computation				
	b. Data Acquisition				
	c. Data Distribution				
	d. Data Storage				
	e. Display				
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	l. General				
	(a) The Data Management Subsystem (DMS) shall be designed for				
	the operational requirements with kit modifications to be				
	used on development flights.				
	(b) The airborne system shall be designed to operate on 28 VDC power.				
	(c) Instrumentation components developed and/or qualified on pre-				
	ceding programs shall be utilized to maximum extent practicable.				
	(d) The airborne system shall be designed to operate in the thermal,				
	acceleration, temperature, radiation, acoustic, etc., environ-				
	ment established by stage and defined in RNS design criteria.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PROVIDE RNS DATA MANAGEMENT - AA 1.2.6		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF		D0	DC NO	PG1 of 5

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	(e) Internal data distribution, data formatting, timing, maintenance				
RNS	information and display generation shall be under software control.				
DATA	(f) The DMS shall be fully automated with manual override capability.				
MANAGEMENT	(g) The DMS shall provide the primary data for check out of other sub-				
AA 1.2.6	systems as well as itself to the replaceable element level.				
(Cont'd)	(h) The DMS shall be capable of accepting uplink data.				
	(i) Provision shall be included for data compression.				
	2. Specific				
	(a) Computation				
	o The computation function performing automated RNS control shall	MDAC			
	be continuously available and capable of 250,000 equivalent adds/secor	Data Mgmt d Trade			
	o Provisions for replacement or revision of programs shall be	Study			
	included on the ground and via uplink.				
	o Fast and slow access storage shall be available; 38,000 words				
	of 32 bit high speed storage and 100,000 words of bulk				
	storage is required.				
	(b) Data Acquisition				
	o The data acquisition functional element shall provide the				
	signal conditioning, conversion, and message formatting.				
	o The data acquisition functional element shall include the				
	capability for time division multiplexing and digitizing				
	at each data acquisition terminal.	nen martisteretinis-excessionista eta an			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PROVIDE RNS DATA MANAGEMENT - AA 1.2.6		CONTRA	CTOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	o Data acquisition terminals shall be modular, include address				
RNS	decoding, priority queueing and special instruction capability				
DATA	to facilitate the order of message acquisition.				
MANAGEMENT	o Provisions will be made for 591 analog and 141 discrete measure-	MDAC			
AA 1.2.6	ments on the operational vehicle.	Design Criteria			
(Cont'd)	o Sampling rates of encoded digital and analog data will be at	MDAC			
	the rate of 8800 samples per second or 88,000 bits/sec.	Data Mgmt Trade Study			
	(c) Data Distribution				
	o Provision will be made to route command and control data				
	to each module.				
	• Module interface shall be via a data bus capable of a data rate of 0.5 x 0^6 Bits/sec	MDAC Data Mgmt			
		Tr a de Study			
	(d) Data Storage	MDAC			
	 Provide for storage and retrieval of data for onboard process- 	Data Mgmt Trade Study			
	ing, transmission to earth at a rate of 8.5 x 10^3 bits/sec from	Trade Study			
	earth orbit and 10 ³ bits/sec at lunar distances.				
	o Store data for 1 complete earth orbit or 5×10^6 bits of data.				
	(e) Display				
	o Allow for selected display of mission critical parameters in				
	a manned RNS payload.				
				•	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
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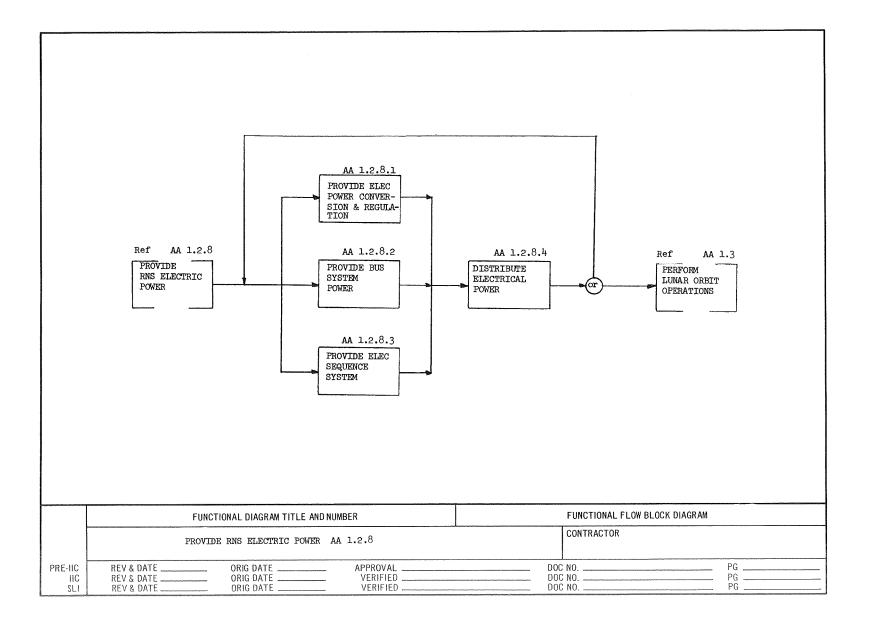
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
RNS	1. <u>Reliability</u>				
DATA	a. The attainment of internal performance data shall not be considered				
MANAGEMENT	a flight critical function.				
AA 1.2.6	b. The probability of not achieving mission objectives due to improper				
(Cont'd)	performance of this function shall be less than 0.0024 based on				
	a 45 day mission.	×			
	2. <u>Safety</u>				
	N/A				
	3. Maintainability				
	No inflight maintenance is required.				
	E. Interface Rèquirements				
	The Data Management Subsystem shall interface with the following:				
	1. Project/system Level				57
	a. The DMS shall provide for display of RNS characteristics				
	in a manned payload module.				
	b. The DMS shall provide for access from ground stations,				
	orbital stations and/or manned payloads.				
	2. Subsystem Level				
	a. Communication - transmission of data, source of T/M data				
	b. Structural - structural support and mounting, source of T/M data				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PROVIDE RNS DATA MANAGEMENT - AA 1.2.6		CONTRAC	TOR	
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FACILITY, GSE TRADE STUDIES, REQUIREMENTS ANALYSES		N SHEET		PG. 5 of 5
EQUIPMENT EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEL OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	CONTRACTOR	DOC NO.
REOMT SOURCE				APPROVAL
DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	 Guidance Navigation and Control - source of T/M data d. Electrical Power - supply of power, source of T/M data e. Propulsion - source of T/M data 3. The DNS data bus shall provide for control signals and supply data to the data bus of the space shuttle or space tug during periods of band connection. 	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	PROVIDE RNS DATA MANAGEMENT - AA 1.2.6	REV&DATE ORIG DATE APPROVAL
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	FROVIDE RNS DATA MANAGEMENT AA 1.2.6 (Cont'd)	RH RAS		



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	A. Functional Description				
RNS	A command and control function is required to enable the transmission of data				
COMMAND	between the RNS and supporting or dependent external elements. These data to				
AND	be utilized for performance evaluation, mission control, and safety operations.				
CONTROL	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
AA 1.2.7	 Provide for direct transmission with ground stations and/or transmission paths through data relay satellites to ground. 				
	 Provide for emergency transmission to accommodate safety or abort actions. Provide for receipt of narrowband signals, demodulating up to <u>TBD</u> 				
	 Kbps of PSK digital data. 4. Provide ranging signals upon request to augment ground tracking. 5. Provide for high and low gain antenna system having <u>TBD</u> characteristics. 				
	 Transmission distances shall vary from earth operations orbit (262 nmi) to lunar distances (220,000 nmi). 				
	 7. Provide for real time communication. D. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> <u>Reliability</u> The probability of successful performance of this function shall not be less than .9995. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PROVIDE RNS COMMAND AND CONTROL - AA 1.2.7		CONTRAC	HOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI			OC NO	PG. 1 of 2

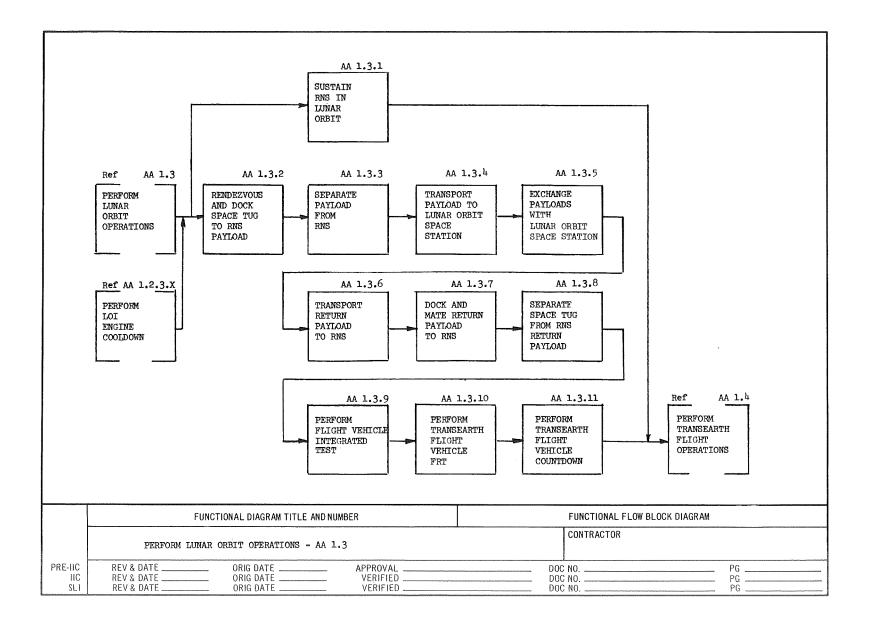
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE RNS COMMAND AND CONTROL AA 1.2.7 (Cont'd)	 <u>Safety</u> The performance of this function shall not be considered flight critical. <u>Maintainability</u> No inflight maintenance. <u>Interface Requirements</u> The command and control subsystem shall be compatible with ground processing and receiving capability. The command and control subsystem shall interface with the data management subsystem for the transmission to the ground of diagnostic data. Allow for control and data transfer with the space shuttle and space tug during periods of physical mating. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	1
	PROVIDE RNS COMMAND AND CONTROL - AA 1.2.7		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI		D0	DC NO	PG2 of 2



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE ELECTRICAL POWER AA 1.2.8	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> Provisions will be made to generate, transmit, control, and distribute electrical power to the RNS's power consuming subsystems during the trans- lunar flight operations. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> During engine operation the electrical power system (EPS) shall provide 3.50 KWe nominal and 6.70 KWe peak for short periods. During the aftercooling phase the EPS shall provide 1.20 KWe nominal and 2.50 KWe peak for short periods. During the coast period the EPS shall provide 0.33 KWe nominal and 0.81 KWe peak for short periods. The EPS shall consist of not less than two independent sources, each of which shall be capable of supplying emergency power for an extended period assuming no second failure mode. The RNS's EPS shall be autonomous. However it shall have the capability of providing or receiving electrical power to or from the payload module as a backup for emergency conditions. Circuit protection devices shall be provided as necessary. The EPS shall provide for remote monitoring capability when the 				
	RNS is used in conjunction with a manned payload.				an antena a constante de constante e co
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			TOR	
	PROVIDE ELECTRICAL POWER - AA 1.2.8 REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRC REV & DATE VERIF)VAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>1 of 3</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE ELECTRICAL POWER AA 1.2.8 (Cont'a)	 8. All components of the electrical system must withstand the environment of the applicable compartment as defined in				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	
	FROVIDE ELECTRICAL POWER - AA 1.2.8		CONTRACTOR	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROVAL REV & DATE VERIFIED	VAL IED	ŏ	DOC NO.	PG . 2 of 3

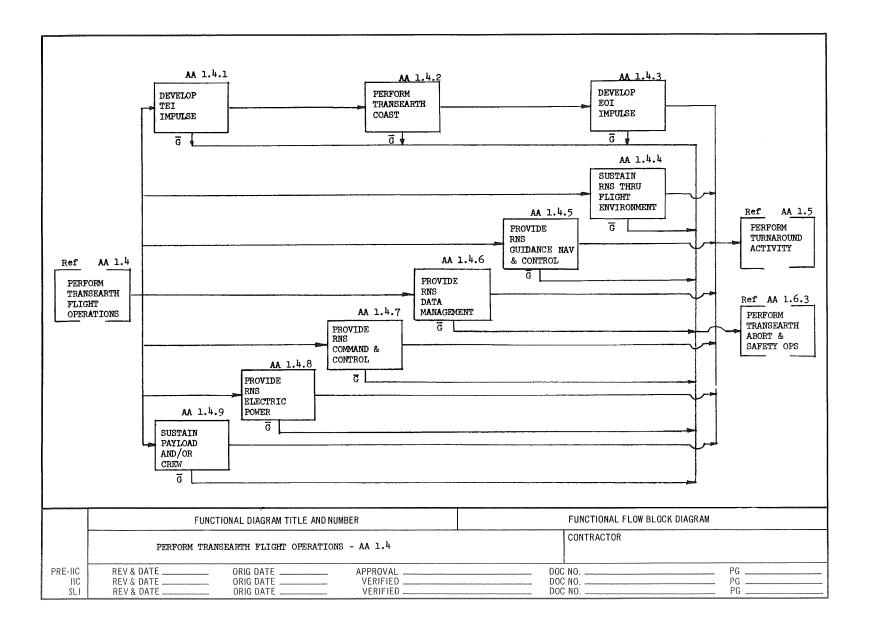
DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REGMT IDE CUI SOURCE CEI, OR YI	IDENTIFICATION IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
Interface Requirements 1. Functional interfaces between power system and the subsystems it supports. 2. Functional interfaces with payload module for emergency backup and remote display. 3. Structural-interfaces for equipment support. 4. Data Management - instrumentation for performance analysis.				
FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	REC	QUIREMENT AL	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	
PROVIDE ELECTRICAL POWER - AA 1.2.8		CONTRACTOR	OR	
REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROVAL REV & DATE VERIEIED			DOC NO.	PG. 3 of 3



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional 1	Description				
LUNAR	Subsequent	to the Lunar Orbit Injection and the associated cooldown maneuver				
ORBIT	lunar orbit	operations will be required to enable the exchange of payloads				
OPERATIONS	between the	RNS and the receiving agency (e.g. lunar space station).				
AA 1.3	3. Design Char	acteristics/Constraints				
	a. Function	nal Requirements				
	l. The	RNS shall act as a passive but cooperative target during rendezvous	Baseline			Evaluate alternate
	wit	n a lunar orbit space tug.				RNS role
	2. The	RNS payload shall provide for docking and mating to the space tug.	Baseline			
	3. The	RNS payload shall be transported to the LOSS via space tug.	Baseline			Evaluate RNS hard
	4. The	RNS shall be capable of sustaining itself while in the lunar operations	Baseline			dock to LOSS
	orb	it.				
	5. The	RNS shall verify flight worthiness prior to injecting into the	Safety			Evaluate using
	tra	nsearth flight.				space tug
	6. Pro	vide the capability of separating and reacquiring payload while in	Baseline			
	the	lunar operations orbit.				
	7. Pro	vide the capability for performing an automatic but remotely	Baseline			Evaluate possible
	con	trolled flight vehicle countdown.				autonomy
	b. Subsyste	em Requirements				
	1. Str	ucture Subsystem				
	°]	Provide a docking mechanism which aligns the payload, locks it rigidly				
RH RAS	<u></u>	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LUCATION SHEET	1
		PERFORM LUNAR ORBIT OPERATIONS AA 1.3	J	CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE REV & DATE	ORIG DATE APPRO	OVAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>l of 3</u>

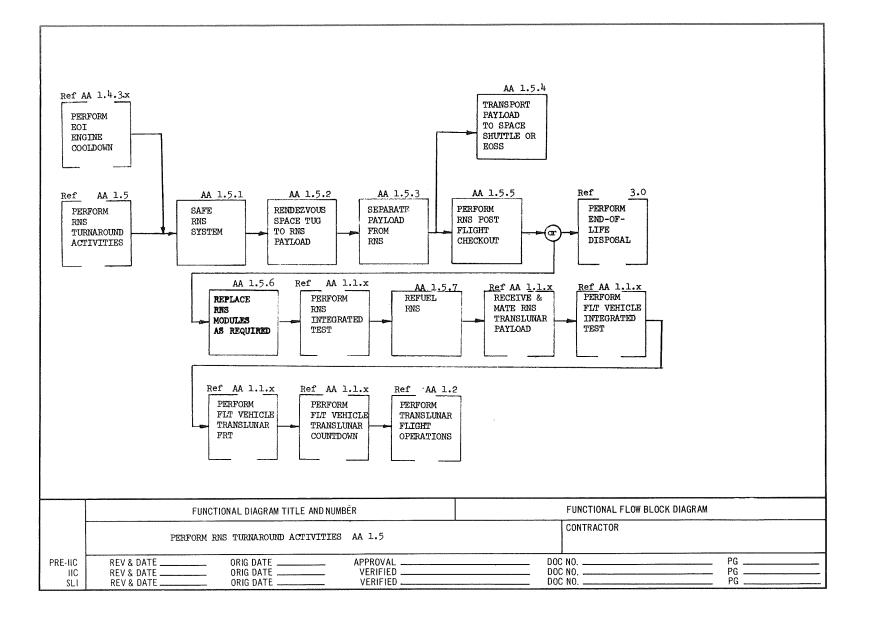
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	to the CCM, transmits all subsequent loads and allows verification				
LUNAR	of its integrity after acquiring the return payload.				
ORBIT	O Provide sufficient meteoroid and thermal protection to survive a				
OPERATIONS	lunar orbit stay of up to 19 days, and ensuring zero pitting.				
AA 1.3	O Provide sufficient structural inegrity to withstand the loads resulting from payload undocking and docking.				
	2. Propulsion Subsystem				
	O Provide an APS for attitude stabilization and control for lunar				
	orbit configurations with and without payload.				
	O Provide a propellant management capability to maintain pressurization				
	within the structural capability of propellant tanks.				
	• Provide for an automated C/O prior to commital to return flight.				
	3. Astrionics Subsystem				
	O Provide the functional subsystems to support power requirements,				
	attitude control and stabilization, telemetry, communication,				
	and flight vehicle checkout while in lunar orbit.				
	O Provide for a low power mode of operation while in a standby mode				
	in lunar orbit.				
	O Provide navigation aids for rendezvous and docking to space tug for				
	payload exchange maneuvers.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM LUNAR ORBIT OPERATIONS AA 1.3	<u> </u>	CONTRAC		çüler yaşışını sociala televening
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM LUNAR ORBIT OPERATIONS AA 1.3	 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS D. Effectiveness Requirements Reliability The probability that the functional subsystems shall degrade in capability so as to endanger the return leg shall not exceed .98. Checkout of the flight vehicle shall assure that no faulty vehicle is launched on the return leg, with a probability of .99 for manned payloads and .99 for unmanned payloads. Safety The RNS shall not expose any lunar orbit system element to a radiation dose greater than 0.1 Rem per single NERVA engine burn. Maintainability There shall be no requirement for lunar orbit maintenance. Interface Requirements The docking interface between CCM and payload returned to earth shall be common to that used for payload delivered to the moon. The RNS shall receive updated navigation data from MCC, as a backup. 		CET, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA		
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER PERFORM LUNAR ORBIT OPERATIONS AA 1.3			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROVE APPROVE VERI		D	OC NO	PG. 3 of 3



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	Α.	Functional Description				
TRANSEARTH		The objective of this function is to perform the flight operations required				
FLIGHT		to return the RNS and its payload to the earth operations orbit from the lunar				
OPERATIONS		operations orbit. This function is initiated at the successful completion				
AA 1.4		of the transearth countdown and is terminated with successful injection into				
		the prescribed earth operations orbit.				
	в.	Design Characteristics/Constraints				
		General:				
		The design characteristics/constraints identified for function AA 1.2 (Perform				
		translunar flight operations) generally apply to this function as well				
		(replacing transearth for translunar). The following are characteristics				
		and constraints peculiar to the transearth portion of the mission.				
		1. Function Requirements				
		a. Provide transearth and earth orbit injection impulses commensurate				
		with the following:				
		Lunar departure orbit - 60 NM, 90 Deg.				
		Earth Arrival orbit -260 NM, 31.5 Deg.				
		Moon-Earth flight time - 72 Hrs.				
		2. Subsystem Requirements				
		a. Structure Subsystem				
		^o Propellant loading varies from 71,000 lbs at initiation to				
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	1
		PERFORM TRANSEARTH FLIGHT OPERATIONS AA 1.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
		REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF	VAL	D(DC NO	PG. 1 of 2

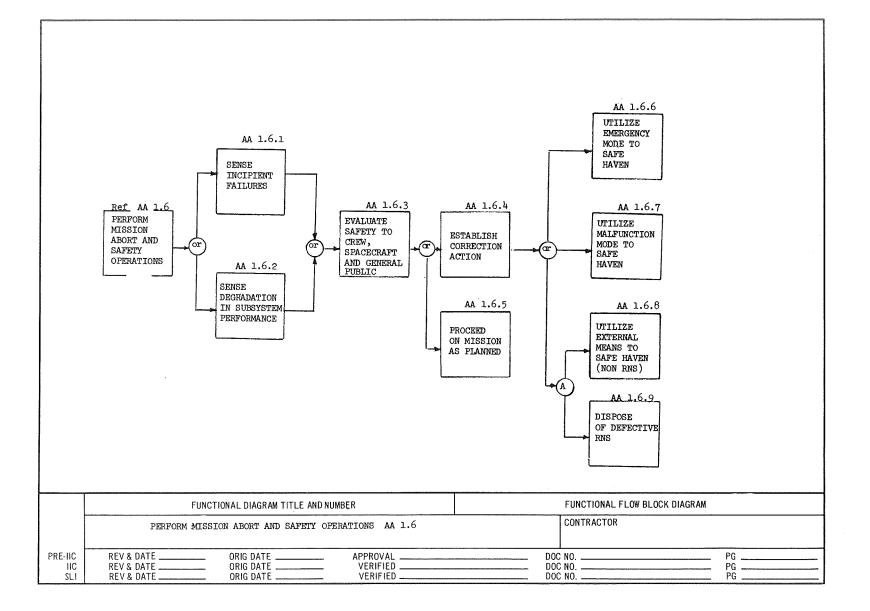
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2,310 lbs (residual) at completion of this function.				
TRANSEARTH	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
FLIGHT	These are identical to Function 1.2 transposing transearth for translunar,				
OPERATIONS	except that the reliability goal is .9800.				
AA 1.4	E. Interface Requirements				
	Same comment as the "D".				
		7474-1-1474-1			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM TRANSEARTH FLIGHT OPERATIONS AA 1.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPA IDENTIFI CEI, OR SEC FUNCTION	CATION	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A.	Functional Descriptions					
RNS		The objective of this function is to perform those operations required to recycle					
TURNAROUND		the RNS on to its next mission. This function is initiated at the completion					
ACTIVITIES		of cooldown required after earth orbit injection and is terminated with					
AA 1.5		successful countdown for translunar injection.					
	в.	Design Characteristics/Constraints					
		The following are requirements in addition to those identified in Function AA 1.2					
		(Assemble and checkout lunar shuttle flight vehicle).					
		1. Functional Requirements					
		a. Provide for positive safing of the RNS system subsequent to powered					
		flight.					
		b. Provide the capability of separating and transporting the return payload					
		to its designated site.					
		c. Provide the capability to perform a post flight checkout for the	Mission				Autonomous vs
		purpose of identifying corrective maintenance.	success				ground control or
		d. Provide the capability to perform in situ maintenance to the module	Requirement				space base control
		level (i.e., CCM, propellant module, propulsion module)					
			Maintenance				Evaluate alternate
			level trade				propellant resupply
			study				concepts
		e. Provide the capability to refuel the RNS with up to 300,000 lbs of LH_2 .	Baseline				
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQU	IREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
		PERFORM RNS TURNAROUND ACTIVITIES AA 1.5			CONTRAC	TOR	
		REV & DATE	IED		. Di	OC NO	PG. <u>1 of 3</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2. Subsystem Requirements				
RNS	a. Structure subsystem same as for Function AA 1.1M.				
TURNAROUND	b. Propulsion subsystem				
ACTIVITIES	Provide the functional subsystems to support on orbit refueling.				
AA 1.5	Included are the provisions for positive acceleration flow level				
	control, etc.				
	c. Astrionics Subsystem				
	^O Provide the data management capability to support post flight checkout				
	and propellant refueling operations.				
	^O Provide attitude stabilization and control for the RNS having a				
	varying weight history reflecting a zero and full propellant load.				
	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
	1. Reliability				
	a. Post flight checkout shall assure identification of a faulty module with				
	a success probability of not less than .99.				
	b. At the completion of the turnaround activities the RNS shall have a				
	mission success probability of not less than .9750 for the ensuing				
	mission.				
	2. Safety				
	a. Total radiation dose for RNS maintenance personnel will not exceed				
	25 Rem per year.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	. I
	PERFORM RNS TURNAROUND ACTIVITIES AA 1.5		CONTRAC	TOR	
<u> </u>	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI	OVAL	D	OC NO	PG. 2 of 3

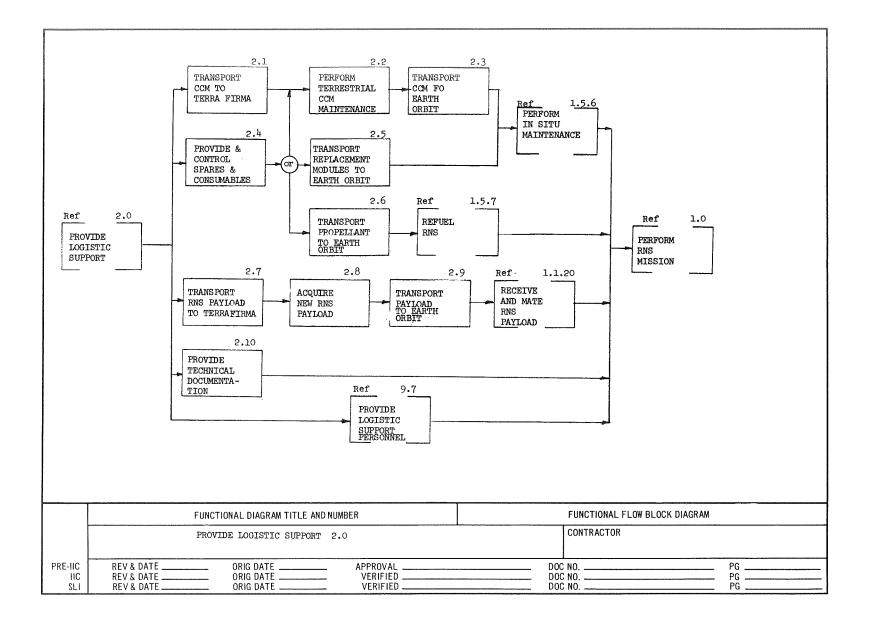
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDAR FUNCTIONAL ARE	Y FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	b. Total integrated radiation dose from the RNS to any manned orbital	NASA G&C			
RNS	support system will not exceed 25 Rem per year.				
TURNAROUND	3. Maintainability				
ACTIVITIES	a. In orbit maintenance shall be restricted to module replacement level.				Evaluate Alternate
AA 1.5					maintenance levels
	b. Only the CCM shall require routine maintenance, maintenance on other				Evaluate logistics
	modules shall be on a need basis.				for return of pro-
					pellant modules to
					earth
	 E. <u>Interface Requirements</u> 1. System Level a. Propellant resupply for the RNS shall be by way of integral source shuttle tanker, as a result functional subsystems shall be required to manage the propellant transfer and control the orbiting configuration. 	First period trade study			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMEN	T ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM RNS TURNAROUND ACTIVITIES AA 1.5		CONTE	ACTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI	OVAL		DOC NO	PG. <u>3 of 3</u>



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARN FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
MISSION	The objective of this function is to provide the means to protect the spacecraft,				
ABORT AND	personnel and general public in the advent of an RNS failure, at any time				
SAFETY	throughout the mission profile.				
OPERATIONS	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
AA 1.6	1. No single failure or credible multiple failures in the RNS shall cause either	NASA Guide-			
	the direct death of the crew or general public, nor the inability of the	lines and			
	crew to reach a safe haven with internal or reasonable external means.	Constraints			
	2. Provision shall be made to accommodate the following classes of failure:	Document			
	a. Failures which do not require an abort or significant alteration				
	of the normal mission plan and do not result in the addition of single				
	failure points to the system.				
	b. Failures which allow the stage to continue at normal rated conditions;				
	do not require an immediate abort but do introduce additional single				
	future points to the system.				
	1. Failures that do not require any action to continue and complete				
	the mission.				
	2. Failures that require some action to allow continued normal operation				
	but completion of the mission is allowed.				
	3. Failures that allow normal operation but at a penalty to				
	consumables thereby creating a situation where mission completion				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMEN	ALLOCATION SHEET	1
	PERFORM MISSION ABORT AND SAFETY OPERATIONS AA 1.6		CONTR	ACTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF	OVAL		DOC NO	PG. <u>1 of 3</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	may not be possible.				
MISSION	c. Failures that result in the loss of ability to achieve or maintain				
ABORT AND	normal conditions but will allow operation at a reduced level.				
SAFETY	d. Failures that result in a prompt loss of RNS control or thrust capability,				
OPERATIONS	or prompt destruction of the RNS.				
AA 1.6	1. Failures which result in loss of control of the flight path.				
	2. Failures that result in complete loss of engine operation except				
	cooldown.				
	3. Failures that result in complete loss of engine operation including				
	cooldown.				6
	4. Failures that result in prompt destruction of the RNS.				
	e. Failures that result in inability to perform earth orbit or lunar				
	orbit operations.				
	3. To the degree possible functional subsystems shall be designed to fail safe.	Baseline			
	4. Provisions will be male for engine operation in an emergency mode for a	NERVA Refer-			
	single cycle yielding the following:	ence Data			
	Sustained thrust - 30,000 Lbs	Sept 1970			
	Specific Impulse - 500 sec				
	Total Impulse - 10 ⁸ lb-sec				
	5. Provisions will be made for engine operation in a malfunction mode resulting	NERVA Refer-			
	from failure in one of the legs in the engine's propellant feed system.	ence Data			
		Sept 1970			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM MISSION ABORT AND SAFETY OPERATIONS AA 1.6				
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO		D	OC NO	PG. 2 of 3

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	The resultant thrust shall be at least 80% of rated value with specific				
MISSION	impulse at rated value. Engine flight operations shall be normal.				
ABORT AND	6. Functional subsystems and software shall be provided to sense incipient				
SAFETY	failures and degradation in subsystem performance the result of which				
OPERATIONS	may endanger the crew, spacecraft, or general public and/or compromise				
AA 1.6	mission success.				
	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
	1. Reliability				
	a. Provisions shall be made for corrective actions that will assure a				
	crew survival probability of not less than .999 at any phase of the				
	mission.				
	E. Interface Requirements				
	1. Provisions shall be made for external control of the RNS to affect abort				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM MISSION ABORT AND SAFETY OPELATIONS AA 1.6		CONTRAC	TOR	
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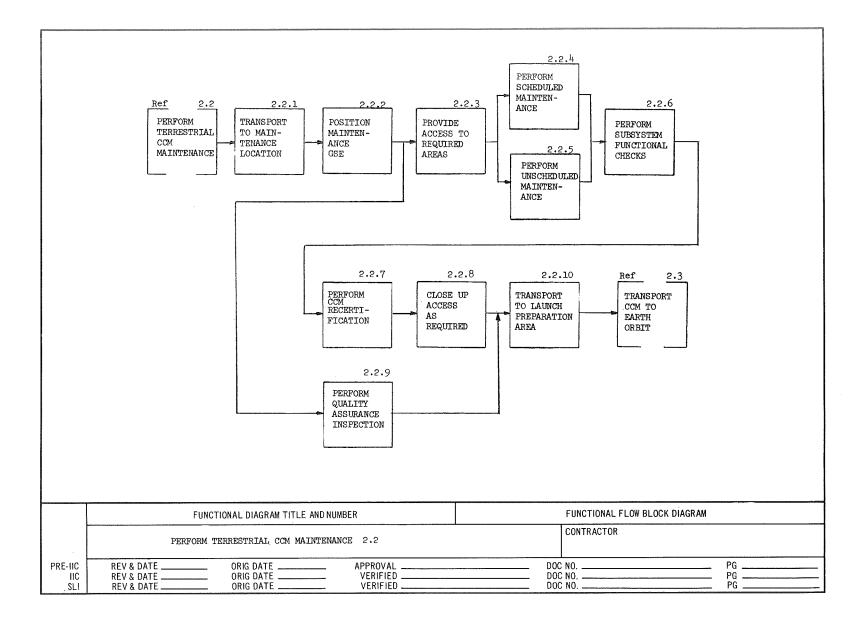
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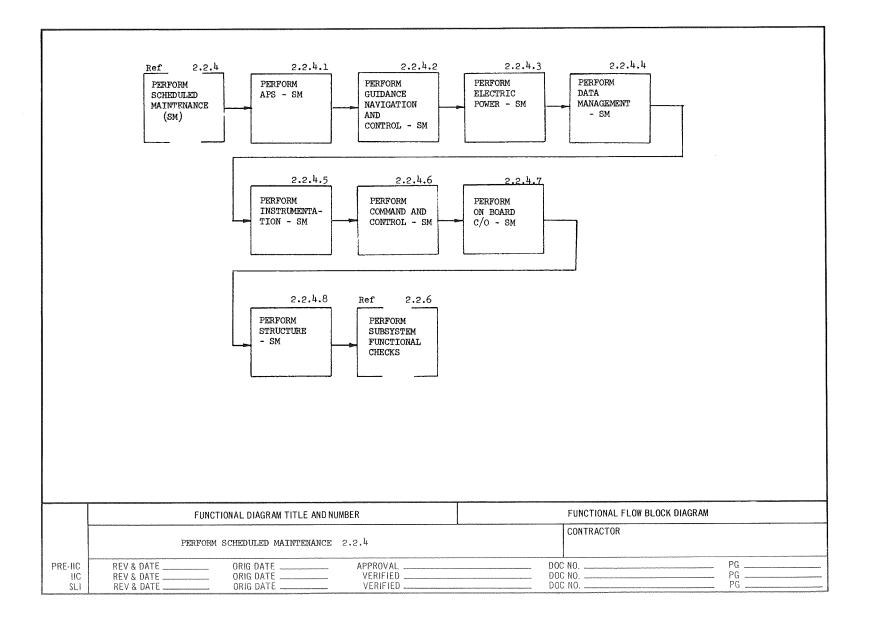
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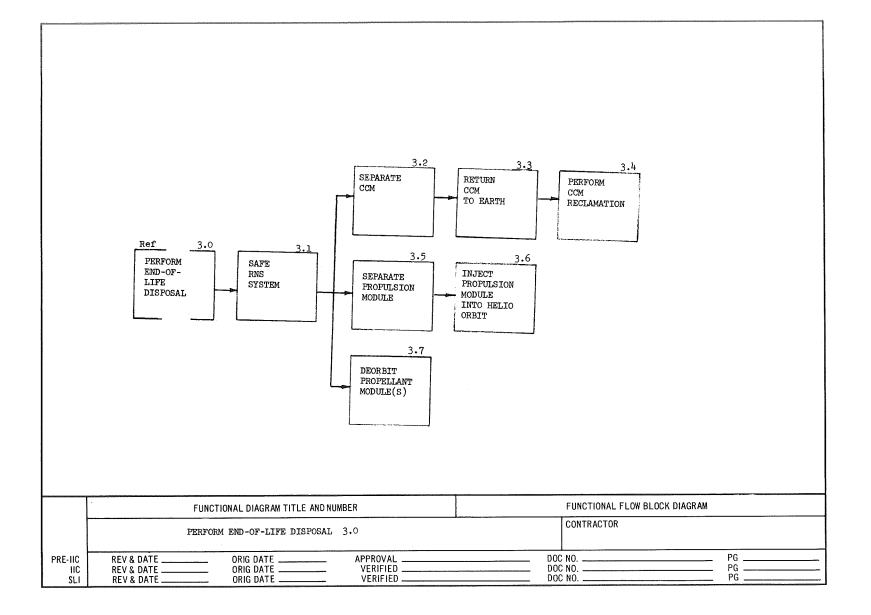
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPM IDENTIFIC CEI, OR SECO FUNCTIONA	ATION	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	Α.	Functional Description					
LOGISTIC		The objective of this function is to define the composite of elements necessary					
SUPPORT		to assure the effective and economical support of the RNS system or equipment					
2.0		at all levels of maintenance for its programmed life cycle.					
	в.	Design Characteristics/Constraints					
		1. In situ maintenance of the RNS shall be restricted to replacement of	Phase III				
		complete modules; e.g., propellant module, command and control module,	Study result				
		propulsion module.					
		2. Terrestrial logistics of RNS modules shall reflect 100 percent replacement	11				
		maintenance capability.					
		3. Replenishment of LH ₂ propelllant shall be via direct transfer from space	11				
		shuttle.					
		4. No EVA shall be required to support in situ maintenance. Disassembly	11				
		and replacement of modules shall be automated.					
		5. Control and management of logistic support operations will be organizationally	**				
		and geographically centralized for RNS support during pre-launch, mission					
		and post flight operations.					
		6. Provide operating and maintenance instructions/procedures for both in situ	11				
		and terrestrial environments. These documentations will be in handbook					
		format so as to facilitate their updating.					
		7. Initial spares and supplies for the RNS shall be based on logistics analyses.	**				
		Provisions will be male to $\mathrm{dr} \mathfrak{A} v$ on them in response to maintenance demands.					
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQU	IREMENT /	ALLOCATION SHEET	
		PROVIDE LOGISTIC SUPPORT 2.0			CONTRAC	TOR	
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PROVIDE	Replenishment of stock will be based on inventory control levels.				
LOGISTIC	8. Provide for the management of spares and supply levels reflecting maintenance				
SUPPORT	activities and pipeline constraints. Included are surveillance accountability				
2.0	and "on line" reporting of all assets, resupply planning to identify long				
	term requirements for each resupply mission, and staging of resupply				
	material,				
	9. Provide for packaging and transportation of spares and supply. Requirements				
	for terrestrial shipments and storage shall be in accordance with $_\{ ext{TBD}}$.				
	Requirements for shipments to earth orbit shall assure survival during				
	launch; and shall facilitate deployment in a weightless environment and				
	in an automatic mode.			1	
	10. Provide configuration management support through identification of				
	inventories and implementation of equipment changes during terrestrial				
	maintenance.				
	11. Maintain a staff of qualified personnel at required locations to assure				
	the availability of required skills to support the logistics operations.				
	12. Provide the capability to perform terrestrial maintenance on the CCM.				
	Included are the functions of preventive maintenance, corrective maintenance,				
	refurbishment and bench repair.				
	D. Effectiveness				
	The probability that the CCM downtime as a result of a subsystem or equipment				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	1
	PROVIDE LOGISTIC SUPPORT 2.0		CONTRAC	TOR	
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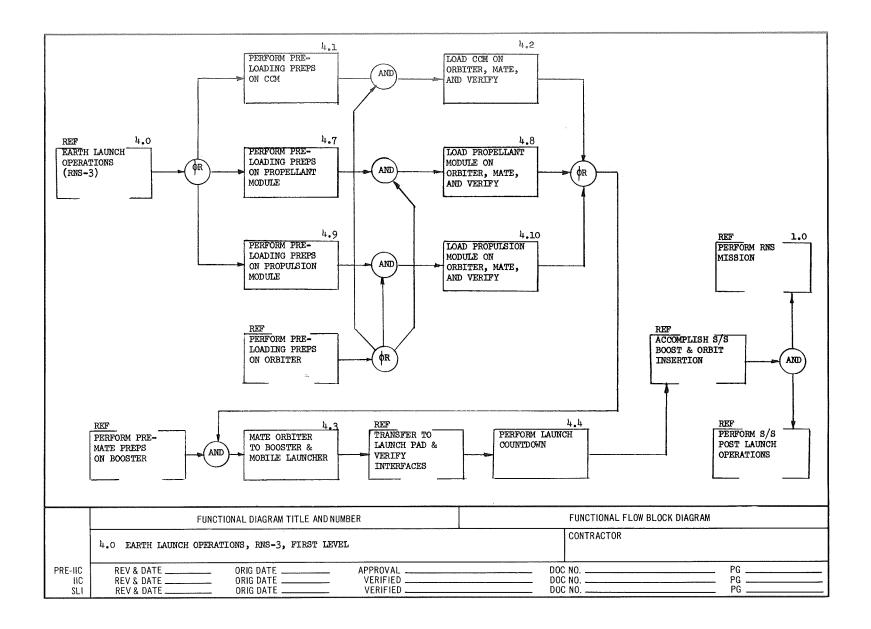
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM LOGISTIC SUPPORT 2.0	<pre>failure will not exceed .05 percent of the allowable downtime for terrestrial maintenance. Sufficient CCM's shall be in the pipeline such that if one regularly scheduled resupply mission is missed, it will not jeopardize the scheduled operation of the RNS. E. Interfaces The logistics support function shall interface with the following: a. Manufacturing - production of spares and supply. b. Configuration Mgmt - identification of incorporated mod kits. c. Space shuttle - scheduling and packaging of spares and supply. d. RNS Operations - scheduling and packaging of spares and supply. Definition of allowable pipelines.</pre>		FUNCTIONAL AREA		
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER PERFORM LOGISTIC SUPPORT 2.0		CONTRA		2.002
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI			DOC NO	PG. <u>3 of 3</u>







FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM END-OF-LIFE DISPOSAL 3.0	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> Provide the means for fractional and integral disposal of the RNS system subsequent to its completion of the 10th cycle of operations. (Disposal requirements resulting from abort are discussed separately in Reference 1.6). B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> Provide the means to inject the propulsion module into a heliocentric orbit. Provide the means for a one way unmanned payload trip to a heliocentric orbit. Provide for return of CCM to earth for possible salvage and/or refurbishment. Disposal of propellant modules(s) shall be passive (i.e. via natural orbit decay). End of life disposal shall be initiated from the nominal earth operations orbit. D. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> Reliability Reliability of a safe disposal of the propulsion module shall be at least .995. Safety Disposal of the propulsion module shall be performed so as to preclude exposure to the general public. Engine integrity during disposal shall be assured. 	MDAC Phase II study MDAC Ground- rule MDAC Ground- rule MDAC Ground- rule			Evaluate integral disposal of RNS Evaluate use of disposal for opera- tional mission Evaluate self dis- posal vs use of external source Evaluate rqmts for positive de- orbit into control- ed area. For RNS-3 include return via space shuttle Evaluate alternate disposal locations
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMEN	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM END-OF-LIFE DISPOSAL 3.0 REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI	OVAL	CONTR	ACTOR DOC NO	PG. <u>1 of 1</u>



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The Class 3 RNS will be received at Launch Complex 39 of KSC in modular form. Each module will be inspected, checked out, prepared for its intended function as appropriate, mated to its launch vehicle, and boosted to a 260 nmi 31.5° inclination circular orbit. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The Class 3 RNS is composed of: Eight propellant modules. Each module is 60 ft long by ft in diameter and has a propellant capacity of 36,500 lb of LH₂. One propulsion module - This module is 59 ft long and 13.3 ft in diameter. It includes a 10,850 lb LH₂ run tank, the NERVA nuclear engine, an AFS, and the associated electrical control equipment. One command & control module - It is 6 ft long and approximately 15 ft in diameter and contains all the astrionics functions, the auxiliary propulsion system, and the electric power system. 	MDAC PHASE III STUDY			Component L.C., Shielding Operations Maintenance, Bevignent Requirements
	2. The Class 3 RNS modules will be launched to orbit by the space shuttle.				
	3. The space shuttle consists of the "orbiter" and the "booster" and will	NASA G&C			
	be as defined by the shuttle studies.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		CONTRAC	ALLOCATION SHEET	**************************************
	PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0				
		APPROVAL	D	OC NO	PG. lof4

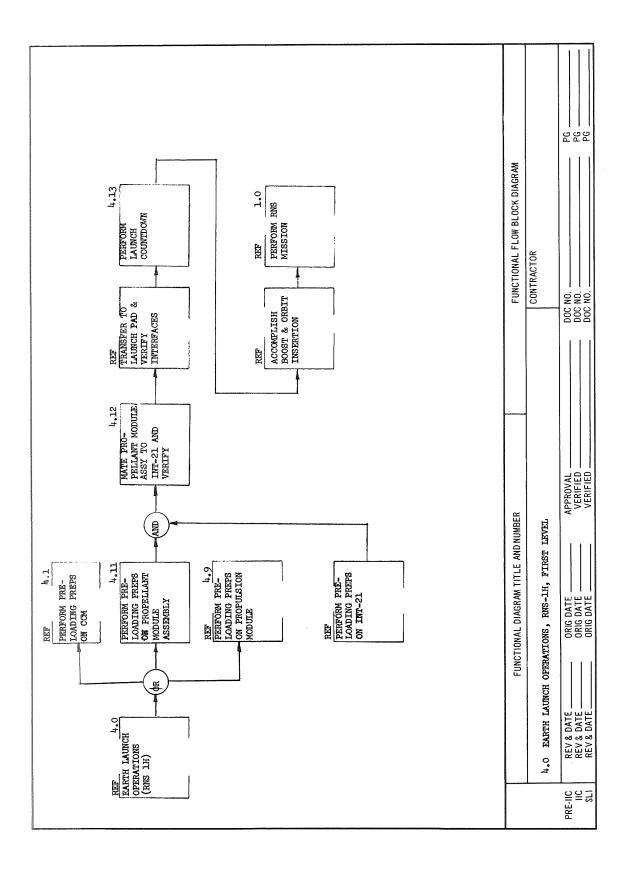
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0	 When launched to orbit, the RNS Class 3 propellant modules will contain approximately 27,000 lbm of LH₂. The propulsion module will contain no propellant when launched to orbit and it will be fully poisoned with poison wires. The command & control module will be launched to orbit fully charged with APS propellant and electric power system reactant. Power will be brought "up" in orbit. 	Wt. Limitation Wt. Limitation MDAC G&C			
	 The individual modules of the Class 3 RNS will be received fully checked out. Their functional interfaces with the orbiter and their contiguous modules in orbit will be verified as correct at the manufacturers through master fixtures. Checkout of the Class 3 RNS propulsion module at KSC will be limited to receiving inspection, and verification of their interfaces' proper installation into the space shuttle orbiter. Modules of the Class 3 RNS will be monitored by the shuttle orbiter after installation of the module into the orbiter with relay capability to mission control. The modules will be passive during boost to orbit except for monitoring required by safety, venting, and pressurization. 	MDAC G&C			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0			LLOCATION SHEET	
		ROVAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>2 of 4</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH IAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0 (Cont'd)	 11. Subsystem checkout of the space shuttle orbiter will be completed prior to loading of r wodule into the orbiter. 12. Environmental protection of the modules will be provided and maintained. External sources will be used. (Includes HPI purge). C. Effectiveness Reliability (same as RNS 1H RAS) 2. Safety (same as RNS 1H RAS) D. Interfaces RNS/Launch Vehicle The interfaces between the RNS Class III modules and the space shuttle launch vehicle will satisfy the following requirements: Provide structural support and stability during launch. Accommodate dimensional changes due to thermal expansion and contraction. Provide propellant and reactants load capability to modules from ground umbilicals. 	MDAC G&C			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0		CONTRAC	TOR	den den en en en en en den
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF		D	OC NO	PG. <u>3 of 4</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH	 Provide payload status monitoring capability to shuttle crew and to mission control, and provide for receipt and relay of ground signals to the payload. 				
OPERATIONS	o Provide the necessary environmental control for the				
4.0 (Cont'd)	module in the cargo bay.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM RNS-3 EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS 4.0		CONTRAC	TOR	
		PROVAL RIFIED	D	OC NO	PG. 4 of 4

TYPE OF MAINTENANCE (IF APPLICABLE)		TIME - WORKING HOURS BEFORE LAUNCH	120 S6 72 48 24											BUILT-IN HOLD					TIME LINE SHEET	DOC NO. PG
LOCATION	KENNEDY SPACE CENTER		240 216 132 168 144				NOI	MOD.	XIFY											APPROVAL D VERIFIED C
FUNCTION	PERFORM EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS - 1st LEVEL CLASS 3 RNS	FUNCTION & CORRESPONDING TASKS (IF APPLICABLE)		PERFORM FRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON CCM LOAD CCM ON ORBITER, MATE, & VERIFY	MATE ORBITER TO BOOSTER & PERFORM SYSTEM TESTS	TRANSFER TO PAD & VERIFY INTERFACES PERFORM LAUNCH COUNTDOWN	ACCOMPLISH SPACE SHUTTLE BOOST & ORBIT INSERTION	PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON FROPEL. MO	LOAD FROPELLANT MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE & VERIFY	PERENEM DEFINATION POERANIAN ON DEPENDING MO	LOAD PROPULSION MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE, & VERIFY									REV & DATE ORIG DATE REV & DATE ORIG DATE REV & DATE ORIG DATE REV & DATE ORIG DATE
	PERFORM EAR CLASS 3 RNS	SOURCE OF FUNCTION		1.1 1.1		(REF) 4.4	(REF)	\square	4.8		4.10									PRE-IIC IIC SLI



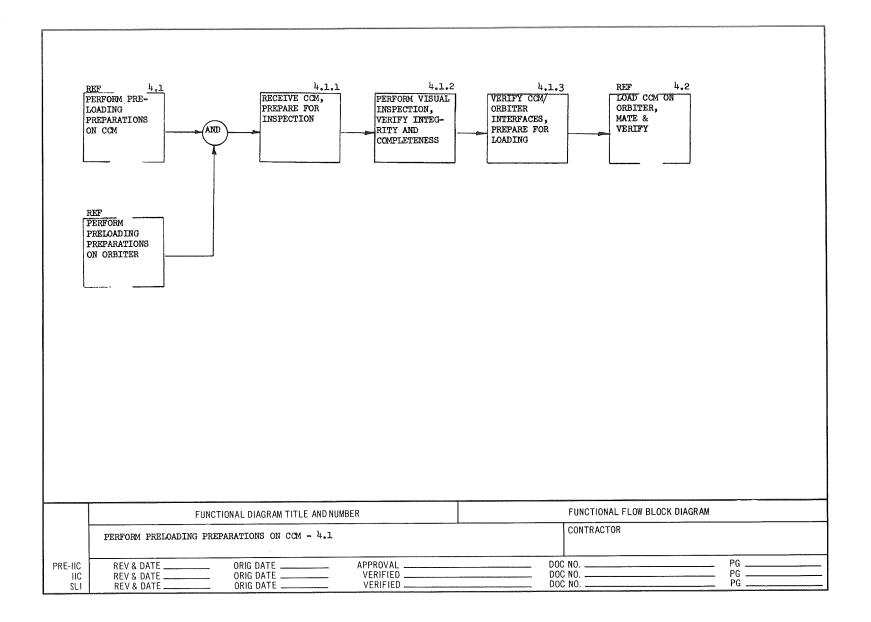
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
EARTH	The RNS-1H will be received at KSC, complex 39, in modular form, inspected, checked				
LAUNCH	out, mated to its launch vehicles, and boosted into its earth operations orbit				
OPERATIONS	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
(RNS-lH)	1. The Class 1 hybrid reusable nuclear stage (RNS-1H) is composed of three modules:	MDAC			Maintenance Shielding,
4.0	a. Propellant Module (PM) - 33 ft diameter, 100 ft long having a propellant capacity of 289,150 Klbs.	PHASE III STUDY NASA G&C			Aft/dome
	 b. Engine Module (EM) - 13.3 ft diameter, 59 ft long. It is composed of the NERVA nuclear engine and a run tank with associated supporting electrical equipment. c. Command and Control Module - 6 ft high, max. diameter of approx 22 ft. It houses the astrionics functions. 2. The RNS-1H will be launched in a fractional mode utilizing the INT-21 for the propellant module, and EOS for the engine module and Command and Control module. 	MDAC PHASE III STUDY MDAC Ground Rule			Shielding, Operations, Component L.O. Evaluate Integral Launch
	 The INT-21 Launch Vehicle (LV) shall consist of the SIC first stage, SII second stage, and a reconfigured 33 ft diameter IU stage. All stages are 	NASA, G&C Document			
	functionally similar to existing systems, and are defined in the Boeing	PD-SA-P-70-			
	Co. documents D5-15583 and 5-1085-INT-21-07	63 5/28/60			
	4. For initial deployment the propellant module will be filled with 92,000 lbs of LH ₂	INT-21 Pld Capability into earth operations			
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	orbit	REQUIREMENT	LALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS (RNS-1H) - 4.0	L	CONTRAC	CTOR	
	REV & DATE	VAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>1 of 4</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	5.	The engine module will be devoid of propellants for launch within the EOS.	Wt. Limitation			
EARTH	6.	Launch will be from KSC complex 39, either pad A or B.	NASA G&C			
LAUNCH	7.	The physical and functional interfaces between the RNS-lH modules and their	11			
OPERATIONS		respective launch vehicles are as described in Section D.				
(RNS-lH)	8.	The engine module launch shall be within one day after the insertion	MDAC G&C			
4.0 (Cont'd)		of the propellant module into orbit.				
	9.	The individual RNS-1H modules shall be received at KSC fully checked out.	"			
		Interfaces between RNS-1H elements will be functionally verified at the				
		factory using master interface substitutes.				
	10.	The onboard checkout system within the command module will be used as the	11			
		basic test instrument for launch operations on the propellant module.				
		Additional GSE will be furnished as required, e.g., power, special stimuli, etc.				
	11.	Checkout of the RNS-1H engine modules at KSC will be restricted to receiving				
		inspection and verification of proper installation into the EOS orbiter.				
	12.	The individual RNS-1H modules will be passive during the boost function with	n			
		the exception of a monitoring and control capability for RNS-1H system				
		safety, e.g., venting and pressurization.				
	13.	All INT-21 launch vehicle assembly and checkout operations will be performed	NASA G&C			
		with existing equipment and procedures. However, some modifications will be				
		required to accommodate a new IU configuration.				
	14.	EOS launch vehicle assembly and checkout TBD.				
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
		PERFORM EARTH LAUNCH OPFRATIONS (RNS-1H) - 4.0	.	CONTRA	CTOR	
		DATE ORIG DATE APPRC DATE VERIF VERIF	IED	C	DOC NO	PG. <u>2 of 4</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	15. The INT-21 Launch Vehicle will have successfully passed the integrated	MDAC G&C			
EARTH	launch vehicle test prior to the mating of the RNS-lH propellant module.				
LAUNCH	16. The EOS orbiter will have accomplished subsystem checkout prior to loading	п			
OPERATIONS	of the RNH-lH engine module and command and control module.				
(RNS-1H)					
4.0 (Cont'd)					
	17. Existing Complex 39 facilities shall be used to the maximum degree feasible.	IT			
	Included are the Mobile Launcher, VAB, Launch Pad, and Launch Control				
1	Center; the Mobile Service Structure will be excluded.				
	18. During launch checkout operations environmental control will be provided	н			
	by external sources.				
	D. Effectiveness				
	1. <u>Reliability</u>				
	a. Assembly, C/O, and launch of the RNS-1H propellant module via INT-21				
	shall be performed within TBD days with a probability of $.90$.				
	b. Assembly, C/O, and launch of the RNS-1H engine module and command and				
	control module via EOS shall be performed within TBD days with a				
	probability of .90.				
	c. The reliability goal of successful injection of the modules into a				
	260 nmi, 31.5 deg orbit shall be 0.895 for the propellant module and				
	TBD for the engine module.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS (RNS-1H) - 4.0		CONTRA	CTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI		Ē	DOC NO	PG. 3 of 4

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2. <u>Safety</u>				
EARTH	a. In the event of a nearby explosion of a facility or launch vehicle	MDAC G&C			
LAUNCH	the flight vehicle shall withstand a peak overpressure of 0.4 psi.				
OPERATIONS	b. The engine module shall be so configured as not to compromise the	11			
(RNS-lH)	safety of the EOS.				
4.0 (Cont'd)	c. A capability for performing a criticality monitoring function on the	"		1	
	NERVA during the launch operations shall be provided.				
	D. Interfaces				
	 Interfaces The interfaces between the RNS-1H modules and their respective launch 				
	vehicles will include the following requirements:				,
	o Provide structural support of the modules during launch - INT-21 for				
	Propellant Module Space Shuttle for Engine Module.				
	o Provide access capability to the Engine Module while installed in the				
	cargo bay of the Space Shuttle orbiter.				
	o Provide capability for transmission of payload status information to				
	mission control and for receipt and relay of ground signals to the				
	payload - INT - 21 for Propellant Module, Space Shuttle for Engine Module.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	1
	PERFORM EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS (RNS-1H) - 4.0		CONTRAC		
	REV & DATE		D(DC NO	PG. <u>4 of 4</u>

TYPE OF MAINTENANCE (IF APPLICABLE)		TIME - WORKING DAYS BEFORE LAUNCH	30 20 10					CTOH NI-JIINE								TIME LINE SHEET	DOC NO. PG
LOCATION	KENNEDY SPACE CENTER		50 ho														APPROVAL VERIFIED
FUNCTION	PERFORM EARTH LAUNCH OPERATIONS - FIRST LEVEL, RNS-1H	FUNCTION & CORRESPONDING TASKS (IF APPLICABLE)		PERFORM FRELOADING PREPS ON PROPELIANT MODULE ASSEMBLY	MATE PROPELIANT MODULE ASSEMBLY TO INT-21 LAUNCH VEHICLE & VERIEV	אנאירעשענטט האאווע אמטממממ	VUACTIVAA TAMAT LUTA SIGT		ACCOMPLISH BOOST & ORBITAL INSERTION								REV & DATE ORIG DATE ORIG DATE REV & DATE ORIG RATE ORIG
	PERFORM FIF	SOURCE OF FUNCTION		4.11	4.12	13 13	2		(REF)								PRE-IIC IIC SLI



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
PRELOADING	The command and control module will be received. It will be inspected,				
PREPARATIONS	tested, checked out, and prepared for its mate to the Space Shuttle Orbiter.				
ON COMMAND	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
AND CONTROL	1. The command and control module consists of the electric power system,				
MODULE	auxiliary propulsion system, and astrionics system for the RNS.				
4.1	2. The CCM will interface with the orbiter so that it accommodates the				
	launch loads imparted to it and provides status information to the				
	orbiter during countdown, boost, and orbital deployment.				
	3. The CCM will be received at the KSC in a fully checkout condition			o CCM instrumenta- tion kit, En-	
	from the manufacturer. It will be received in a hermetic container			vironmental.	
	that is coupled to monitoring instrumentation which maintains a			o CCM instrumenta-	
	record of the environmental stresses to which the CCM is subject			tion trailer, En- vironmental.	
	prior to arrival at KSC.				
	4. The CCM will accommodate the orbiter /mobile launcher umbilical interfaces			o Umbilical kit	
	for loading of APS propellant and charging of the EPS reactants on the				
	launch pad during countdown.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability - The probability of a successful inspection, test and checkout				
	shall be greater than 0.99 2. Safety				
	N/A				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
EICS AND	PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON COMMAND AND CONTROL MODULE 4.1		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF		D	OC NO	PG. <u>lof2</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIËS, ANALYSES
PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON COMMAND AND CONTROL MODULE 4.1 (cont'd)	 D. <u>Interfaces</u> 1. CCM/Receiving - Facility a. The CCM and the launch facility will satisfy the following requirements: Provide an environmentally controlled area that will accommodate the receiving and unloading of the CCM. Provide the capabilities necessary to accomplish the visual inspection of the CCM, its verification as to integrity, and the completeness of the received shipment with respect to the requirements of the launch. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the interface structure of the CCM with the interface structure of the orbiter 			o Access kit o Orbiter subsitute (50% of DSV-48- 267) o CCM Instrumenta- tion checkout unit (100% of 279) o Interface test fixtures CCM/ orbiter CCM/ML	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	<u></u>
	PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON COMMAND AND CONTROL MODULE 4.1		CONTRAC	CTOR	<u></u>
		ROVAL	D	OC NO	PG2 of 2

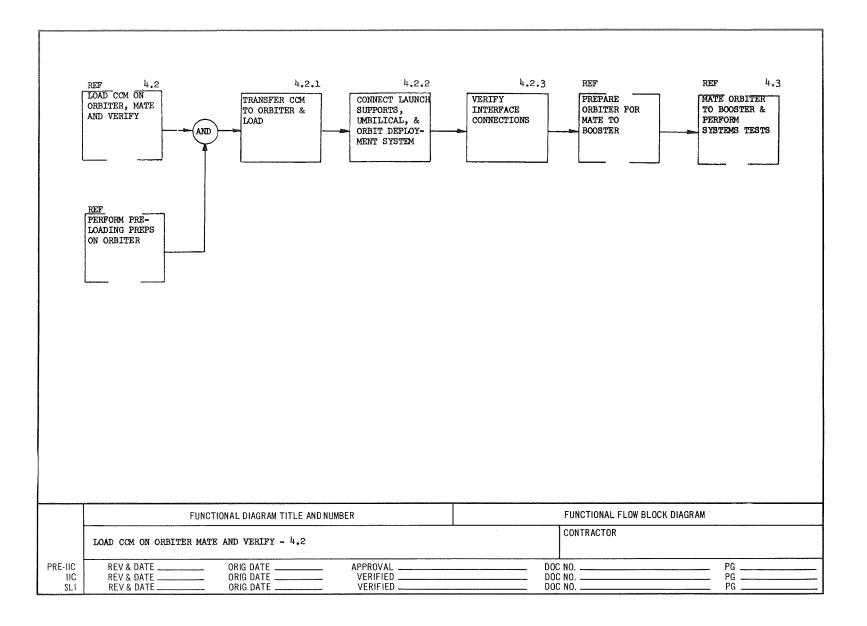
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
RECEIVE COM	A. Functional Description				
PREPARE FOR	The command and control module be received and its protective covers			o Environmental Protection cover	
INSPECTION	removed. It will be installed on an inspection fixture, access kits			kit (25% of 304)	
4.1.1	and test sets installed.			o Handling kit, CCM (25% of 302)	
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints			o Cradles kit, CCM (25% of 301)	
	1. The CCM will be received at the Low Bay of the VAB, unloaded from	PHASE III BASELINE		o Hoist kit, CCM (35% of 303)	
	its transporter, and installed in a Low Bay Cell for receiving	INDEDING		o Special tool kit,	
	inspection.			CCM (50% of 305) o Pneumatic Console	
	2. The handling equipment and inspection fixtures will accommodate the			(100% of 436)	
	CCM together with the necessary protective devices, and not subject				
	it to undue loads or environmental stress.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability				
	N/A				
	2. Safety				
	N/A				
	D. <u>Interfaces</u>				
	1. The CCM will interface with the receiving inspection handling equipment				
	and inspection fixture. These equipment and fixtures will satisfy the				
	following requirements:				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	RECEIVE CCM, PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.1.1		CONTRA	CTOR	
		ROVAL		DOC NO	PG. 1 of 2

TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES				PG. 2 of 2
FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	TOR	DOC NO.
IDENTIFICATION IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA		REQUIREMENT A	CONTRACTOR	
REQMT SOURCE				APPROVAL VERIFIED
DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	 a. Attach to and remove the CCM from its transporter so that the CCM is protected from any degradation of its launch ready condition. b. The environmental protection covers used during shipment will be removed safely. c. The CCM will be installed in its receiving inspection fixture so it can be inspected visually, and its integrity and completeness varified. 	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	RECEIVE CCM, PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.1.1	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROVAI REV & DATE ORIG DATE VERIFIED
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	RECEIVE COM FREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.1.1 (cont'd)	RH RAS		

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION, VERIFY INTEGRITY & COMPLETENESS 4.1.2	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The CCM will receive a walk around inspection and be checked for completeness. Its monitoring systems used during shipment and their records will be removed and checked. B. <u>Design Characteristics and Constraints</u> The inspection fixture will support the CCM safely and without damage. It will support the CCM in a position that provides maximum convenience in facilitating inspection. And it will provide access as necessary to personnel and checkout equipment in order that all inspection functions may be completed. 2. The monitoring equipment, its sensors and recorders will have convenient check points to facilitate verification that it is functioning properly and has properly recorded the status of the CCM during shipment. 3. The sensing devices attached to the CCM will be removable without imposing any compromise on the functional integrity of the CCM. 	PHASE III BASELINE	FUNCTIONAL AREA		
RH RAS	C. <u>Effectiveness</u> <u>Reliability</u> The probability of a successful inspection shall be 0.999. <u>Safety</u> N/A FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION, VERIFY INTEGRITY & COMPLETENESS 4.1.2		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF	VAL	D0	DC NO	PG. lof 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	D. Interfaces				
VISUAL	1. The CCM monitoring equipment will interface with the crew and the CCM.				
INSPECTION,	a. It will be removable while the CCM is installed in the				
VERIFY	inspection fixture.				
INTEGRITY &	b. The parameters measured and their records will be accessible				
COMPLETENESS	to the crew.				
4.1.2	c. The sensors used by the monitoring equipment will be remov-				
(Cont'd)	able if appropriate. Otherwise, they will be designed to				
	remain in place without compromising the integrity of the				
	CCM.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	L
	PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION, VERIFY INTEGRITY & COMPLETENESS 4.1.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
				OC NO	PG2 of 2
	REV & DATE VERI	-IED	·		

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY CCM/	A. Functional Description				
ORBITER	The interfaces of the CCM/orbiter will be verified to be ready for loading.				
INTERFACE,	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints			o CCM/orbiter inter- face verification	
PREPARE FOR	1. The CCM will mate to the Orbiter/CCM verification fixture. Their			fixture (new)	
LOADING	mechanical and electrical interface will be verified.			o Orbiter/CCM inter-	
4.1.3	2. The CCM will mate to the orbital dock & mate verification fixture. Con-			face verification fixture (new)	
	figuration control will be maintained to guarantee that the dock & mate			o CCM/orbiter umbil-	
	characteristics of the CCM conform to its orbital assembly requirements.			ical kit (50% of 314)	
	3. The CCM and its interfaces with the transfer dolly and handling kits will			o CCM substitute, orbiter	
	be verified as necessary to assure safe transfer to the loading area.			(100% of 268)	
				o Orbiter substitute CCM (100% of 268)	1
	C. <u>Effectiveness</u>				
	 Reliability The probability of a successful mating shall be greater than 0.999. 				
	2. Safety				
	N/A				
	D. Interfaces				
	1. The interface of the CCM with its orbiter/CCM interface verification				
	fixture will not degrade the flight readiness of the CCM.				
	2. The interface of the CCM with its dock & mate verification fixture will				
	satisfy its functions in a manner that will not degrade the flight				
	readiness of the CCM.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY CCM/ORBITER INTERFACE, PREPARE FOR LOADING 4.1.3		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	VAL	D(DC NO	PG. lof1



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD	A. Functional Description				
CCM ON	The CCM will be transported to the space shuttle maintenance area. It will				
ORBITER,	be loaded into the orbiter, mated, and interface connections verified.				
MATE, AND	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
VERIFY	1. The transportation dolly will be designed to remove the CCM to the shuttle			o CCM/VAB Trans-	
4.2	maintenance area such that it does not comp romise the launch readiness of			portation dolly	
	the CCM.				
	2. The CCM/orbiter interface will accommodate the umbilical connections re-			o CCM/orbiter al-	
	quired and the loads imparted during boost to orbit.			ignment kit (200% of 339)	
	3. Data from the CCM will be provided to the orbiter on its status.			o CCM/orbiter in- stallation sling	
	C. Effectiveness				
	l. Reliability				
	The probability that the loading operation is successful shall be greater than 0.99. N/A				
	D. Interfaces				
	The CCM VAB transportation dolly will maintain environmental control as necessary				
	to assure CCM arrival at the orbiter in a mate-ready condition.				
	The CCM/orbiter interfaces will provide structural support and stability during				
	prelaunch and launch operations that safely accommodate the loads imposed. It will				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LALLOCATION SHEET	
	LOAD COM ON ORBITER, MATE, AND VERIFY 4.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
*****	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROVAL DOC NO. REV & DATE VERIFIED VERIFIED				

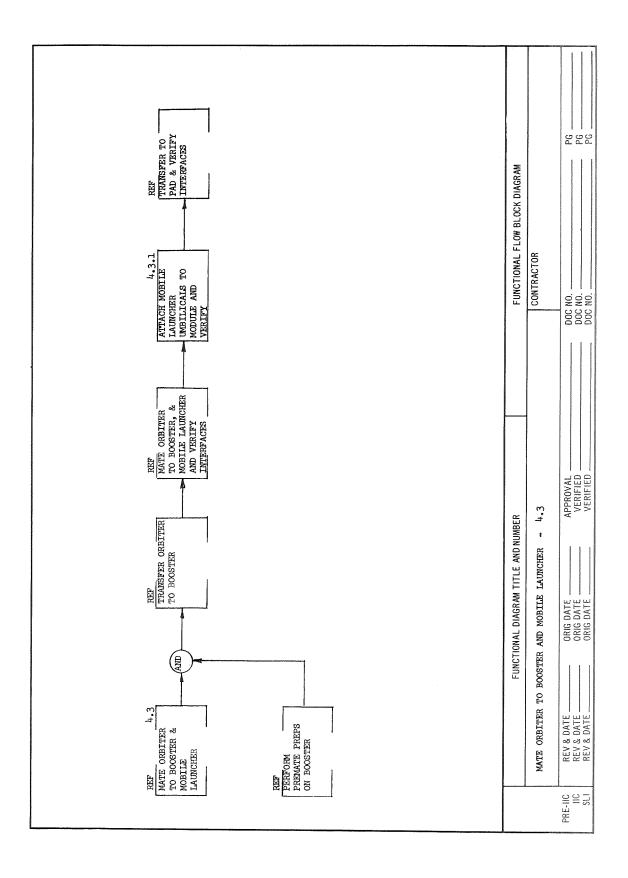
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD CCM ON ORBITER, MATE, AND VERIFY 4.2 (cont'd)	<pre>provide access for mobile launcher umbilicals and the CCM to provide for: Load of AFS propellant Load of EFS reactants Verification of launch-ready condition during countdown. The interface will also provide deployment and recovery capability for the CCM in orbit.</pre>				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LLOCATION SHEET	
	LOAD CCM ON ORBITER, MATE, AND VERIFY 4.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF		D	DC NO	PG2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
TRANSFER CCM TO ORBITER 4.2.1	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The CCM will be transported to the space shuttle maintenance area by a transport dolly. An installation sling will be attached which will facilitate orbiter loading. The CCM will be lowered into the orbiter cargo compartment. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The handling and installation sling used will provide support and protection to the CCM during movement to and loading into the orbiter. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The CCM will interface with the transport dolly and installation sling. They will accommodate attachment to the CCM. The CCM will have hard points appropriately located to accommodate them. Protective devices, as necessary, will be used to preclude damage to the CCM during the loading sequence.			• CCM/orbiter installation protection kit	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	TRANSFER CCM TO ORBITER 4.2.1		CONTRAC	ТОК	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF	VAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>lof l</u>

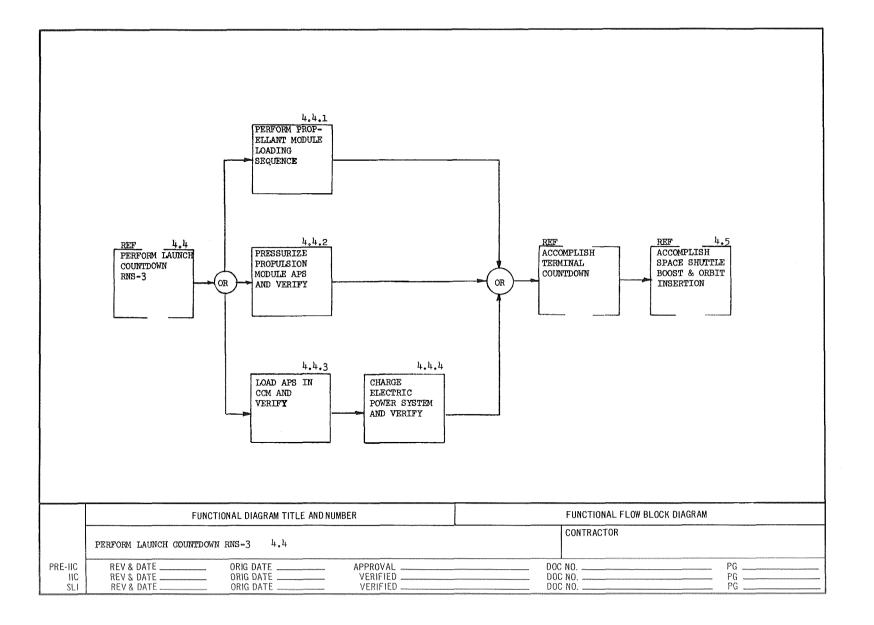
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CONNECT UMBILICALS, LAUNCH SUPPORTS, & ORBIT DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.2.2	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The orbiter/CCM interconnect umbilicals will be attached and verified, the structural supports for launch loads and stability will be attached, and the deployment system to be used in orbit will be attached and verified. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The orbiter/CCM interconnect umbilicals will be attached to the CCM after it has been loaded into the orbiter. They will supply the following functions between the module and the orbiter and/or mission control: a. Status data on the CCM b. Command signals from the orbiter and/or mission control. c. Vent and relief as required during countdown, ascent, and orbit. The orbital deployment system will be attached and verified. It will be designed to supply the following functions: a. Absorb loads from CCM movement after orbit is reached and the launch structural attach points have been released. b. Move the CCM out of the cargo compartment into the deployed position. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER CONNECT UMBILICALS, LAUNCH SUPPORTS & ORBIT DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.2.2		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	<u> </u>
		PROVAL	D0	DC NO	PG 0f 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CONNECT	3. The structural supports for the CCM will be attached and verified.				
UMBILICALS,	They will supply the following functions:				
LAUNCH	a. Absorb the launch loads and stability requirements.				
SUPPORTS,	b. Automatically release for orbital deployment.				
& ORBIT	c. Have manual back-up release capability.				
DEPLOYMENT	C. Effectiveness				
4.2.2	l. Reliability N/A				
(Cont'd)	2. Safety				
	N/A				
	D. Interfaces				
	The CCM/orbiter will interface at the structural attach points and				
	umbilical interconnect. The orbiter must supply a hatch that will				
	provide access to the CCM by the ground umbilicals of the mobile				
	launcher.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		CONTR	ALLOCATION SHEET	1
	CONNECT UMBILICALS, LAUNCH SUPPORTS & ORBIT DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.2.2				
		ROVAL		DOC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY INTERFACE CONNECTIONS 4.2.3	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The interfaces established between the orbiter and the CCM will be verified. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The CCM/orbiter interfaces will be designed for automatic checkout. The automatic checkout functions will supply data necessary to verify the mate status of the CCM/orbiter assembly. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability that the checkout operation is successful shall be greater than 0.99. C. Safety TED D. <u>Interfaces</u> The data system used to verify the CCM/orbiter structural and electrical connection will interface with the automatic checkout out system for the orbiter and its payload. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY INTERFACE CONNECTIONS 4.2.3		CONTRAC		
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF		D0	DC NO	PG. <u>lofl</u>



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
ATTACH	A. Functional Description				
MOBILE	The mobile launcher umbilicals required by the payload modules will be attached				
LAUNCHER	and their connections verified.				
UMBILICALS	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
TO MODULE	The umbilical attachments will be made through the skin of the orbiter by way of				
AND VERIFY	an access hatch. At the time of umbilical attachment the capability of the mobile				
4.3.1	launcher umbilical to be remotely attached will be verified. Leak and electrical				
	continuity checks will be made.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability - The reattach capability of the mobile launcher will have a $\underline{\text{TBD}}$				
	probability of success in a given cycle.				
	2. <u>Safety</u> TED				
	D. Interfaces				
	The RNS module will interface with the module umbilical kit and the mobile				
	launcher.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		BEQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	ATTACH MOBILE LAUNCHER UMBILICALS TO MODULE AND VERIFY 4.3.1				
	REV & DATE	VAL	DC	DC NO	PG1 of 1



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES	
PERFORM	A. Functional Description					
LAUNCH	The launch countdown will be performed which includes the functions					
COUNTDOWN	appropriate to the payload being carried by the Space Shuttle orbiter.					
4.4	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints					
	The functions to be performed on the payload of the orbiter include					
	load of cryogenics, reactants, high pressure gas, and verification					
	of propulsion module safety systems. The umbilical connection to					
	payload from mobile launcher must be capable of being disconnected					
	from the payload and clear the orbiter at lift-off. In the event a					
	scrub occurs after the ejection of the mobile launcher umbilical, the					
	umbilical must have reconnect capability within $\underline{\text{TBD}}$ seconds.					
	The hatch through which the umbilical access is made will be capable					
	of reopening to permit the re-connect of the Mobile Launcher umbilical.					
	If the launch lift-off is successful, the orbiter access hatch will					
	close and latch after ejection of the mobile launcher umbilical.					
	C. Effectiveness					
	1. Reliability					
	The probability of success of the launch countdown shall					
	be greater than 0.95.					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET			
	PERFORM LAUNCH COUNTDOWN 4.4		CONTRAC	TOR		
15/00		PROVAL	D	DC NO	PG 0f 2	

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2. Safety				
LAUNCH	TED				
COUNTDOWN	D. Interfaces				
4.4	The data system used to verify the CCM/orbiter structural and electrical connection				
	will interface with the automatic checkout system for the orbiter and its payload.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		BEOLUBEMEN	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM LAUNCH COUNTDOWN 4.4	<u> </u>	CONTR		
		VAL		DOC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
PROPELLANT	The propellant module will be loaded with liquid hydrogen.				
MODULE LOADING SEQUENCE 4.4.1	 B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> A dry helium purge will be maintained on the insulation system of the propelland module at all times. The cargo compartment will have a dry gas purge to prevent condensation in the compartment. Seals will be provided as necessary on the cargo compartment to minimize the loss of purge gas. Vent and relief will be provided through a propellant module/orbiter interconnect umbilical thence to an orbiter/mobile-launcher umbilical. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module interfaces with the mobile launcher umbilical and the orbiter/propellant module interconnect umbilical. The interface will satisfy the following requirements: Cargo compartment will be purged to remove the moisture as required 			<pre>o Pneumatic con- sole, propellant module - (100% of 432) o Umbilical kit, FM/ML (100% of 315,316) o Umbilibal kit, FM/orbiter (new)</pre>	
	to prevent excessive condensation on the propellant module during				
RH RAS	and after fill with LH ₂ FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	<u></u>
	PERFORM PROPELLANT MODULE LOADING SEQUENCE 4.4.1	1	CONTRAC	TOR	<u></u>
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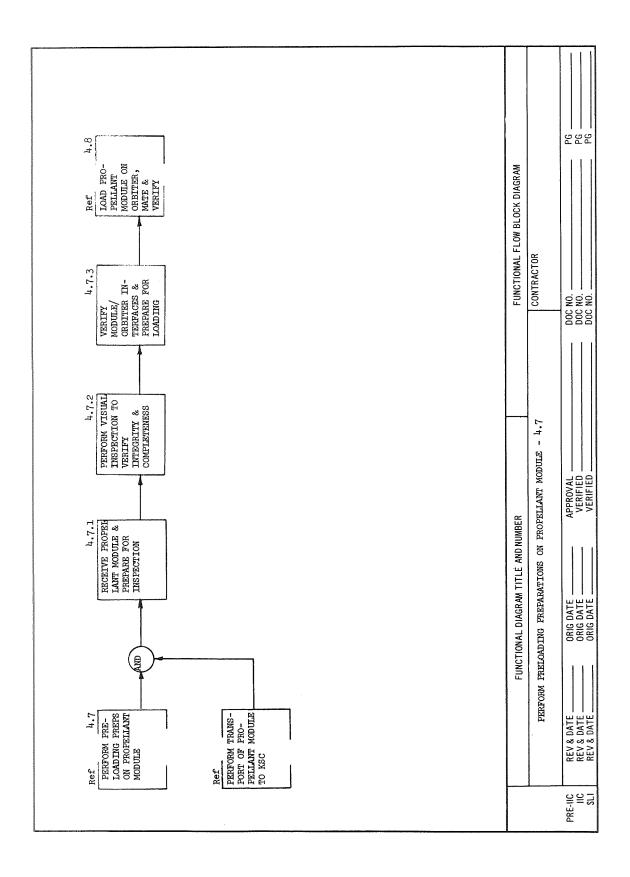
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2. The propellant tank will be purged and prepared for chilldown.				
PROPELLANT	3. The propellant tank will be chilled and filled with liquid				
MODULE	hydrogen. Topping will be maintained until lift-off is				
LOADING	initiated.				
SEQUENCE					
4.4.1					
(Cont'd)					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET		
	PERFORM PROPELLANT MODULE LOADING SEQUENCE 4.4.1		CONTRAC	TOR	
		APPROVAL	D	OC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PRESSURIZE PROPULSION MODULE APS AND VERIFY 4.4.2	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The APS on the propulsion module will be pressurized to full capacity and verified. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The high pressure gas bottles of the propulsion module will be pressurized with gaseous hydrogen to TED psi. The system will have the necessary sensors to provide verification of proper loading. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability of a successful checkout shall be greater than 0.999. Safety - Applicable safety requirements for high pressure gaseous hydrogen shall apply. D. <u>Interfaces</u> The unbilical will be capable of re-attachment in the event it is jettisoned before a launch scrub. Leakage from the APS/unbilical interface will be limited to a TED rate with an attach/detach loss of TED quantity per cycle. 			o Pneumatic Console APS, Propellant Module, (100% of 1874 & 319)	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					PG. <u>lofl</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD AFS IN CCM AND VERIFY 4.4.3	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The APS on the command and control module will be loaded with LOX/IH₂. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The APS of the command and control module will be loaded with LOX and LH₂ through the mobile launcher unbilical. The system will verify its status after it is loaded. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> 1. Reliability N/A 2. Safety Applicable safety requirement for liquid hydrogen and liquid oxygen shall apply. D. <u>Interfaces</u> The command and control module APS will interface with the mobile launcher umbilical and satisfy the following requirements: 1. The ML umbilical and the CCM will be capable of reattachment after jettison in TED seconds. 2. Leakage from the APS/umbilical interface will be less than TED rate during attach time, with an attach/detach loss of TED per cycle.			<pre>o APS Instrumenta- tion kit - fuel (100% of 319 & 1874) o APS Instrumenta- tion kit - oxi- dizer. (100% of 319 & 1875)</pre>	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LUCATION SHEET	
	LOAD APS IN COM AND VERIFY 4.4.3		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE	VAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>l of l</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CHARGE ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM AND VERIFY 4.4.4	 A. <u>Punctional Description</u> The electric power system of the command and control module will be charged with reactants (for the primary fuel cells) and the secondary battery system will be checked as to readiness for activation. (It is assumed that the secondary battery system will not be activated until the target orbit is reached). B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The EPS of the command and control module will satisfy the following requirements: The fuel cells will be chargeable with reactants by the ground umbilical connections. The activation of the CCM power system will take place in orbit in the case of launch in the space shuttle. (It will be activated on the ground in the case of its launch on the INT-21). In either event, the EPS will be capable of being activated upon command from the mission control center. C. Effectiveness Reliability N/A Safety Applicable safety requirement for the handling of liquid hydrogen and liquid oxygen shall apply. 			o EPS fill console	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	CHARGE ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM AND VERIFY 4.4.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	VAL	D	DC NO	PG. 1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CHARGE	D. Interfaces				
ELECTRIC	The command and control module EPS will interface with the ground umbilical.				
POWER	It will be capable of reattachment of the umbilical in the event it is jet-				
SYSTEM	tisoned and then needs to be reattached.				
AND VERIFY					
4.4.4					
(Cont'd)					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	L
	CHARGE ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM AND VERIFY 4.4.4	L	CONTRAC		
	REV & DATE			DC NO	PG,2 of 2



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM PRELOADING PREFS ON PROFELLANT MODULE 4.7	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant module will be received and inspected. The interface with the space shuttle orbiter will be verified and the module prepared for loading. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propellant module will interface with the transporter that will take it to the VAB. It will interface with the inspection and handling equipment, and the interface verification equipment. The propellant module will interface with purge equipment as necessary to maintain the HPI protective purge requirements. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability that the inspection is successful shall be greater than 0.99. Safety N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> Propellant module/transporter The propellant module and its transporter will provide the environmental 			 o Environmental protection cover (70% of 304) o Handling kit, propellant module (70% of 302) o Cradles kit, propellant module (70% of 301) o Hoist kit, fwd & aft propellant module (70% of 303) o Tool kit, special propellant module (100% of 305) o Pneumatic console propellant module (100% of 319) o Horizontal access 	
	control necessary to assure the propellant module arrives in a mate- ready condition.			kit, fwd. (70% of 484)	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM PRELOADING PREPS ON PROPELLANT MODULE 4.7		CONTRAC	TOR	
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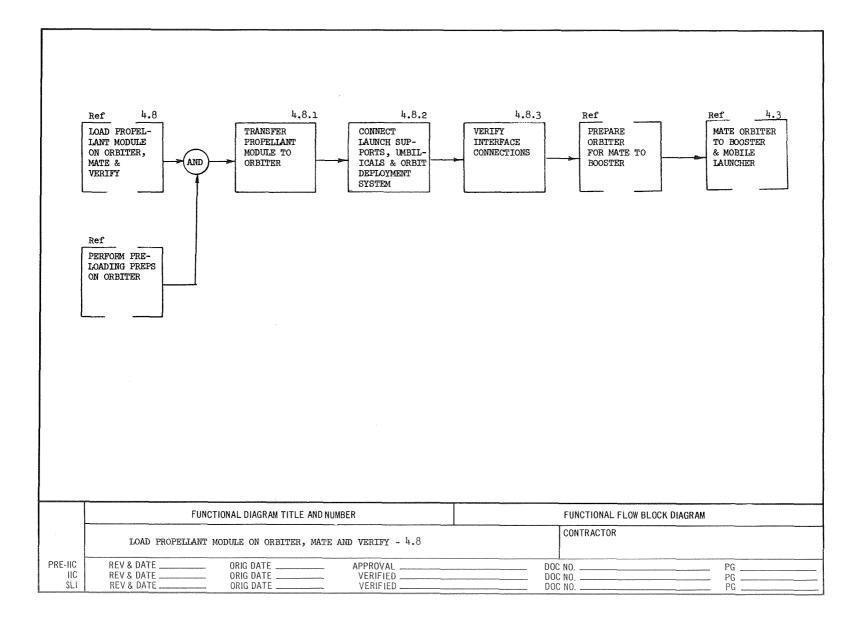
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM PRELOADING PREPS ON PROPELLANT MODULE 4.7 (Cont'd)	 Propellant Module/Facilities - Equipment The propellant module will provide the connections necessary to interface with launch facilities and equipment during receiving inspection and verification. It will provide umbilical interconnections for load of propellant, vent, ground power/checkout. Propellant-Module/Orbiter The propellant-module/Orbiter interface will: Provide structural support and stability required during pre- launch, and boost functions. Provide umbilical connection to accommodate propellant module vent during load, countdown, boost, and orbit operations. Provide verification of deployment system. Provide signal relay capability to and from the space shuttle crew and mission control. Provide deployment capability for the CCM in orbit and provide recovery capability. 			o Horizontal access kit, aft (70% of 485)	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	+	REQUIREMENT	LALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM PRELOADING PREPS ON PROPELLANT MODULE 4.7		CONTRAC	CTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF		D	OC NO	PG. <u>2 of 2</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
NUMBER RECEIVE PROPELLANT MODULE & PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.7.1	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant module will be received in the VAB Low Bay aisle, protective covering removed, placed on transfer dolly, and access platforms installed. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The following functional requirements will be satisfied: The protective shipment cover will be designed and constructed to permit its washdown upon receipt. Handling equipment will be provided to remove the protective covering. The integrity of the insulation purge system will be maintained during preparations for inspection. The propellant module will be designed for support by a transfer dolly. (Note: It might advantageously interface with the orbital docking structure can be thus provided. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A 				
RH RAS	2. Safety N/A FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	RECEIVE PROPELLANT MODULE & PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.7.1 REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO VERIF			DOC NO	PG. 1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
RECEIVE	D. <u>Interfaces</u>				
PROPELLANT	The propellant module will interface with:				
MODULE &	1. The protective covering removal equipment.				
PREPARE FOR	2. The module handling fixtures used to remove it from the transporter,				
INSPECTION	erect it, and emplace it on the transfer dolly.				
4.7.1	3. The inspection fixtures that provide access to the module for				
(Cont'd)	inspection.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	l	CONTRAC	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	RECEIVE PROPELLANT MODULE & PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.7.1		JON TRAC		
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE	APPROVAL	D	OC NO	PG2 of 2
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
VISUAL	The propellant module will be inspected in a VAB Low Bay cell. All portions				
INSPECTION	of the module will be verified for completeness and integrity by visual				
TO VERIFY	inspection. The environmental record accumulated during transportation				
INTEGRITY	will be reviewed and used as a guide to the inspection procedure.				
AND COMPLETENESS 4.7.2	 The following functional requirements will be satisfied: 1. The platforms and fixtures will facilitate access to the appropriate areas of the propellant module. 2. The environmental record accumulated will be sufficiently complete and accurate to enable the verification that the launch-ready status of the module has not degraded during transportation. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability that the visual inspection is successful shall be greater than 0.999 Safety 				
	 D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module will interface with: <u>The horizontal access kits</u> These kits must be capable of being installed and removed in a manner that does not jeopardize the propellant 				
RH RAS	module. They must safely provide the crew access to the module. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	L	
	PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION TO VERIFY INTEGRITY AND COMPLETENESS 4.7.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
		PROVAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>1 of 1</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	A. Functional Description				
MODULE/	The mating interfaces between the module and the orbiter will be verified.				
ORBITER	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints			o Interface	
INTERFACES	The interfaces of the module will be verified by master fixtures to			Verification Fixture,	
& PREPARE	guarantee they are of the proper configuration for mate to the orbiter.			Propellant module/ orbiter (
FOR LOADING	The interfaces will have the following properties:			ng an sa traditional de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la constru La construcción de la construcción d	
+.7.3	1. They will be accessible to the check fixtures such that the module				
	likelihood of damage is minimized.				
	2. The attach points with the orbiter will be verified, as well as the				
	mobile launcher umbilical attach points.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability - The probability that the verification is successful				
	shall be greater than 0.99.				
	2. Safety				
	N/A				
	D. Interfaces				
	The module will interface with the verification fixtures and checkout				
	equipment. These equipments will satisfy the following functional requirements:				
	1. The checkout function will be capable of being performed while the module is				
	supported in its inspection fixtures.				
	The same fixtures, or their certified replications, will be used for all modules of like kind.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY MODULE/ORBITER INTERFACES & PREPARE FOR LOADING 4.7.3		CONTRA	CTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRC	VAL		DOC NO	PGlofl
	REV & DATE VERIF	IED			



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD FROPELLANT MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE & VERIFY 4.8	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant module will be transferred to the space shuttle orbiter and loaded into the cargo compartment. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propellant module will be loaded onto the orbiter in the horizontal position in the space shuttle maintenance area. The propellant module will have all of the interfaces with the space shuttle orbiter and the mobile launcher verified prior to being removed to the mate area. The propellant module preparation will be completed in a manner that assures it will meet the orbiter payload mate schedule. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability that the loading and verification will be successful shall be greater than 0.99. Safety 			o Installation sling, propellant module,orbiter	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	LOAD PROPELIANT MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE & VERIFY 4.8		CONTRA	2000-2014-0-1	
		ROVAL		DOC NO	PG. <u>lof 2</u>

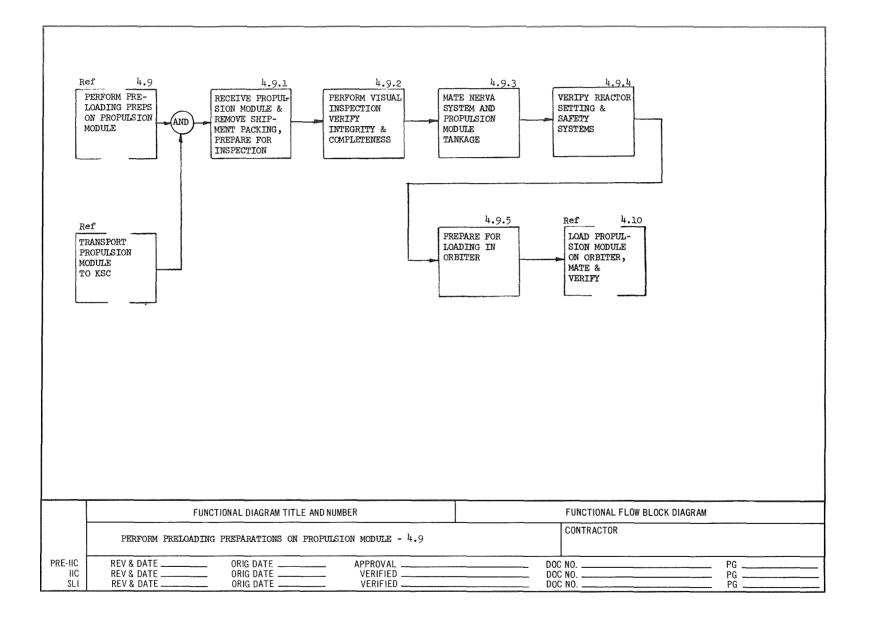
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD	D. 1	nterfaces				
PROPELLANT]	. The propellant module will interface with the handling equipment that				
MODULE		transports it to the space shuttle maintenance area.				
ON ORBITER,	2	P. The propellant module will interface with the orbiter so that it				
MATE &		accommodates the attach structure and the loads imparted to it				
VERIFY		during launch preparation, boost to orbit, and orbit operations.				
4.8 (Cont'd)	3	. The propellant module will interface with orbiter umbilicals to provide				
		propellant vent capability during ground, boost, and orbit operations.				
		Also, it will provide status monitoring and checkout capability to				
		the crews of the orbiter and mission control.				
	1	. The orbiter/propellant-module interface will include deployment				
		capability to extend the propellant module out of the cargo compart-				
		ment while in orbit.				
	5	. The propellant module will interface with the umbilical connections				
		of the mobile launcher and satisfy the requirements of countdown				
		operations and boost.				
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
		LOAD PROPELLANT MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE & VERIFY 4.8		CONTRAC	TOR	
			ROVAL	D(DC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
TRANSFER PROPELLANT MODULE TO ORBITER 4.8.1	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant module will be transferred from the receiving inspection cell in the Low Bay to the orbiter mating position in the space shuttle maintenance area. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> Transfer to the space shuttle maintenance area will be by a transport fixture and dolly. Handling fixtures will be attached which facilitate the emplacement of the payload on the orbiter. The fixtures will provide support and protection for the propellant module during movement to and loading into the orbiter. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> 1. Reliability N/A 			o Propellant module VAB transporta- tion dolly (30% of 300)	
RH RAS	D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module will interface with the transportation dolly and handling kit. Adequate attach points and safety features will be employed. An insulation purge system will be maintained as necessary during the transfer function to insure the continued protection of the insulation. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER TRANSFER PROPELIANT MODULE TO ORBITER 4.8.1			• Pneumatic console, purge control (30% of 319) ALLOCATION SHEET CTOR	
		OVAL	C	DOC NO	PG. <u>lof1</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CONNECT	A. Functional Description				
LAUNCH	The propellant-module/orbiter interconnect umbilicals will be attached				
SUPPORTS,	and verified, the structural supports for launch loads and stability				
UMBILICAL,	will be attached, and the deployment system to be used in orbit will				
AND ORBIT	be attached and verified.				
DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.8.2 RH RAS	 B. Design Characteristics/Constraints The interconnect umbilicals will provide the following functions to the orbiter and/or mission control: a. Propellant module status data. Orbiter and/or mission control command signals. Orbiter and/or mission control command signals. Vent and relief of propellant to space as required during ascent and in orbit. The structural launch supports will be remotely detachable and will carry the loads imposed during ascent and orbital operations. They will have manually activated backup releases and accommodate differential movement caused by thermal effects. The orbital deployment system will be attached and verified. It will be designed to satisfy the following functional requirements: Absorb loads imposed by propellant module movement after the structural launch supports have been released in orbit. Move the propellant module out of the cargo compartment into the deployed position and upon command, release the module. 			 Orbiter substitute, propellant module (50% of 268) Oropellant Module substitute orbiter (50% of 268) Module Substitute orbiter (50% of 268) 	
	CONNECT LAUNCH SUPPORTS, UMBILICAL, AND ORBIT DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.8.2		CONTRAC	CTOR	
		PPROVAL	D	OC NO	PG0f 2

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS DESIGN REQUIREMENTS DESIGN REQUIREMENTS MA A A A A A A A A	REQMT EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION SOURCE CELOR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA REQUIREMENTS ANALYSES	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	CONTRACTOR	DOC NO. PG. 2 of 2
		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	SYSTEM	ORIG DATE

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	A. Functional Description	- -			
INTERFACE	The interfaces established between the propellant module and the				
CONNECTIONS	orbiter will be verified.				
4.8.3	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	1. The propellant-module/orbiter interfaces will be designed for				
	automatic checkout.				
	2. The automatic checkout functions will supply the data necessary				
	to verify the mate status of the propellant-module/orbiter assembly.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability - The probability of a successful verification				
	shall be greater than 0.99.				
	2. Safety				
	N/A				
	D. Interfaces				
	The data systems of the propellant module, and the orbiter, that are				
	used to verify the structural and electrical connections will inter-				
	face with the automatic checkout system.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY INTERFACE CONNECTIONS 4.8.3		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF			DC NO	PG. <u>1 of 1</u>



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMEN IDENTIFICA CEI, OR SECON FUNCTIONAL	TION NDARY	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM PRELOAD ING PREPARATIONS ON THE PROPULSION MODULE 4.9	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The NERVA system and the run tank assembly (RTA) will be received at the VAB Low Bay, mated, and prepared for load onto the orbiter, launch, and orbital deployment and assembly. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The run tank assembly and the NERVA system will be assembled into the propulsion module in the Low Bay of the VAB. The NERVA system will be received without its neutron source in place. The propulsion module will have its interfaces with the orbiter and mobile launcher verified prior to mate with the orbiter. The propulsion module helium purge will be verified for leak tightness and the poison wire removal system of the NERVA, and the neutron source readiness will be verified. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A 					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIR	EMENT A	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON THE ENGINE MODULE 4.9	J	C	ONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF			D	OC NO	PG1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATIO CEI; OR SECONDA FUNCTIONAL AF	DN FACILITY, GS ARY REQUIREMEN REA	SE TRADE STUDIES, TS ANALYSES
PERFORM	D.	Interfaces				
PRELOADING		1. The NERVA system, non-nuclear components, and the run tank assembly will				
PREPARATIONS		interface with the transportation, handling, and access equipment that are				
ON THE		used in VAB Low Bay operations.		×		
PROPULSION		2. The propulsion module will interface with checkout and inspection equipment so				
MODULE		that its engine settings (reactor) and safety systems may be verified.				
4.9 (Cont'd)		3. The propulsion module will interface with check fixtures to verify its readiness				
		for mate with the orbiter.				
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREM	IENT ALLOCATION SHE	ET
		PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON THE ENGINE MODULE 4.9		CON	TRACTOR	
	R	EV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO			DOC NO.	PG 2 of 2
	R	EV & DATE VERIFI	ED			

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
RECEIVE PROPULSION MODULE, REMOVE SHIPMENT PACKING, & PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.9.1	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propulsion module will be received, its protective covers removed, installed in an inspection fixture, and access kits and test sets installed. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propulsion module will be received at the VAB Low Bay in two units: The propulsion module will be received at the VAB Low Bay in two units: The NERVA Systems. The Propulsion Module Tankage They will be transported to KSC by air and moved from the landing site to the VAB Low Bay by ground transporter. The shuttle landing site is assumed to be the place of delivery for the propulsion module. Ground transporters will move the NERVA system and the propulsion module tankage support fixtures used during flight to the VAB area. The handling and inspection fixtures in the VAB Low Bay will accommodate the mate of the NERVA system and the propellant module tankage. They will support each in a manner that facilitates inspection functions, and not subject the subassemblies to undue loads or environmental stress. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A 			 Protective cover kit, environmental propulsion module tank (25% of 304) Protective cover kit, environmental propulsion module engine (25% of 309) Handling kit, tankage (50% of 302) Handling kit engine (70% of 302) Special tool kit, tankage (70% of 305) Special tool kit, engine (70% of 305) 	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER RECEIVE PROPULSION MODULE, REMOVE SHIPMENT PACKING, & PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.9.1			LALLOCATION SHEET	
		DVAL	D	OC NO	PG. <u>1 of 2</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
	 D. <u>Interfaces</u> This function interfaces with the transportation of the propulsion module to KSC and the performance of visual inspection and verification of the integrity and completeness of the propulsion module. The interface operations involve the following requirements: Handling equipment will be available at the landing site used for delivery of the NERVA system and the propellant module tankage. It will be capable of unloading them without the likelihood of damage from the aircraft (Super Guppy) and loading them onto the ground transporter. 	SOURCE	CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	<pre>REQUIREMENTS o Cradles kit tankage (50% of 301) o Cradles kit engine (100% of 301) o Hoist kit, tankage (50% of 303) o Hoist kit, engine (100% of 203)</pre>	
	 Protective systems that have been used during transportation to the landing site will have their functions continued uninterrupted. The transporter used to move the NERVA system and the propellant module tankage to the inspection and mate fixtures will interface with those fixtures in a manner that assures the protection of its cargo. It will also facilitate the transfer of the cargo to the receiving inspection and mate fixtures. The fixtures will interface with the receiving inspection functions and equipment. This interface will facilitate crew access to the modules as well as the emplacement and removal of any inspection equipment required. 			 Access kit, fwd, tankage (50% of 484) Access kit, aft, tankage (50% of 485) 	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER RECEIVE PROPULSION MODULE, REMOVE SHIPMENT PACKING, & PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.9.1			ALLOCATION SHEET	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPI	OVAL FIED	D	OC NO	PG2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
VISUAL INSPECTION & VERIFY	The propulsion module tankage and the NERVA system will be inspected. The environmental records made during transport to KSC will be reviewed to verify the module's launch ready condition.				
INTEGRITY AND COMPLETENESS 4.9.2	 B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> 1. The inspection fixtures will support the propulsion module tankage and the NERVA system safely without damage. They will be supported in a manner that provides maximum convenience and facility for the inspection activity. Access for personnel will be provided as required. Checkout equipment will be accommodated as necessary to complete the 			 Access kit, engine (50% of 485) Tankage, Instrumentation kit, environmental. (100% of 175) 	
	 inspection. 2. The monitoring equipment used, its sensors, and recorders will have convenient check points to facilitate verification that it is functioning properly and has recorded properly the status of the modules during transportation to KSC. 3. The sensing devices attached to the NERVA system or the propulsion module tankage will be removable without compromise of its functional integrity. 			 Engine, Instru-⁻ mentation kit, environmental. (100% of 175) Instrumentation trailer, tankage (GFE?) Instrumentation trailer, engine (GFE?) 	
	 <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability that the inspection operation will be successful shall be greater than 0.999. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMEN	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION & VERIFY INTEGRITY AND COMPLETENESS 4.9.2		CONTR	ACTOR	
		VAL		DOC NO	PG1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	2. Safety				
VISUAL	The NERVA system will have poison wires in place and the control drums				
INSPECTION	will be locked. Access to the vicinity of the engine will be controlled,				
& VERIFY	and provisions will be made for monitoring procedures that will detect				
INTEGRITY	the presence of any significant amount of contamination. The safety				
AND	provisions will be verified as to their reliability and readiness for				
COMPLETENESS	removal in orbit.				
4.9.2	D. Interfaces				· .
(Cont'd)	The inspection and monitoring equipment will interface with the crew and				
	the two modules; both before and after their assembly. It will be removable				
	while the modules are installed in their inspection fixtures.				
	This function will interface with the propulsion module mate activity.				
	1. The checkout equipment will be designed to provide its functions				
	both before and after mate operations.				
	2. Protective systems will remain in the performance of their functions				
	during and after the mate process.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION & VERIFY INTEGRITY AND COMPLETENESS 4.9.2		CONTRAC	1011	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE API	ROVAL	D	OC NO	PG2 of 2
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
MATE NERVA SYSTEM & PROPULSION MODULE TANKAGE 4.9.3	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propulsion module tankage and the NERVA system will be mated. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The interface between the propulsion module tankage and the NERVA system will be designed to be mated in the vertical position in a cell of the VAB Low Bay. The inspection fixtures will accommodate the mate activities and provide access to the attach points. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propulsion-module-tankage and the NERVA system interface with each other and with: The checkout system. 			o Alignment kit, propulsion module (100% of 240)	
RH RAS	2. The support, handling and access fixtures. 3. The crew. The checkout system will be designed to verify not only the integrity of the NERVA-system/propulsion-module-tankage interface, but also the reactor settings and safety systems. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	MATE NERVA SYSTEM & PROPULSION MODULE TANKAGE 4.9.3 REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPROVERIJE)VAL	CONTRAC	OC NO	PG. lof 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
MATE NERVA SYSTEM & PROPULSION MODULE TANKAGE 4.9.3 (Cont'd)	The support, handling, and access fixtures will be designed to accommodate the propulsion module both before and after mate. The crew will be provided access as necessary for it to accomplish this functional requirement.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	-	REQUIREMENT	LLOCATION SHEET	1
	MATE NERVA SYSTEM & PROPULSION MODULE TANKAGE 4.9.3		CONTRAC	TOR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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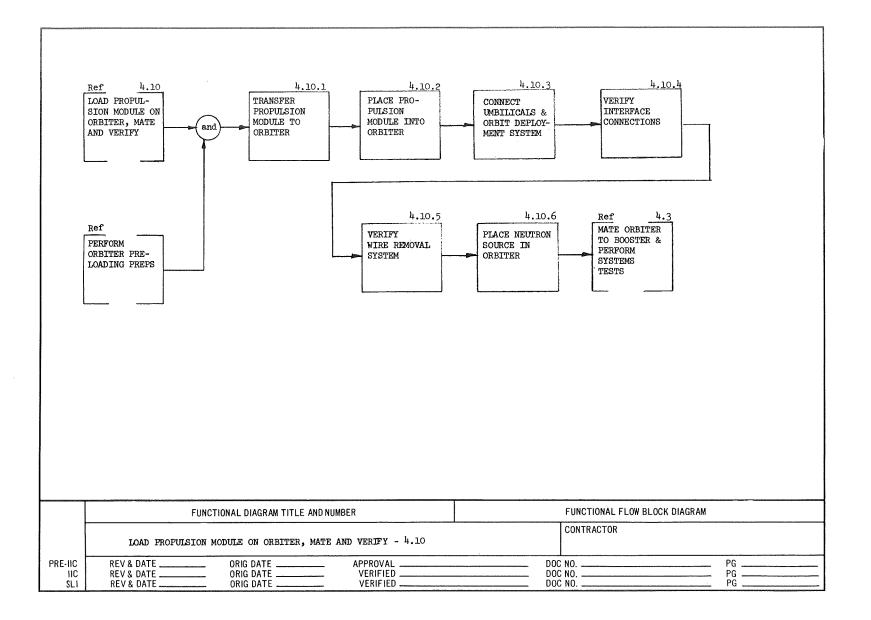
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	A.	Functional Description					
REACTOR		The settings of the reactor, per manufacturer's specifications, will be					
SETTINGS		verified. Each safety device incorporated in the safety system will be					
& SAFETY		verified.					
SYSTEMS	в.	Design Characteristics/Constraints					
4.9.4		The safety system of the propulsion module will be designed to enable the					
		crew to verify its safe status. (A safeguards check list will be used as					
		a guide.) The following checks will be made:					
		1. Control drum vernier settings.					
		2. Poison wire removal system.					
		3. Engine propellant valves.					
		The control drum vernier settings are the zero settings of the control					
		system for the engine as established by the manufacturer at the zero-					
		power acceptance test. These settings will be verified at the launch					
		preparations site prior to load of the propulsion module on the space					
		shuttle.					
		The poison wires and their removal system are installed at the acceptance					
		test site after the zero-power test. This removal system is designed for					
		manual operation in orbit by a member of the orbiter crew. Its readiness					
		for orbital removal and the procedure guide will be verified.					
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	I
		VERIFY REACTOR SETTINGS & SAFETY SYSTEMS 4.9.4			CONTRA	CTOR	
	1		APPROV		[DOC NO	PG1 of 3

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	The engine propellant shut-off valves, their control and monitoring system,				
REACTOR	will be verified.				
SETTINGS	C. Effectiveness				
& SAFETY	l. Reliability				
SYSTEMS	The safety systems and their verification procedures will be sufficiently				
4.9.4	effective to provide a reliability of .9998 in the propulsion module				
(Cont'd)	safety systems.				
	2. Safety				
	The procedural and configurational controls over propulsion module				
	operation will be such as to preclude the exposure of project				
	personnel or general population to hazards, in excess of limits				
	established by the AEC.				
	D. Interfaces				
	The interfaces of this function include:				
	1. Crew/safety systems				
	The safety systems will be designed to facilitate its inspection &				
	verification by the crew. Easy access and operational characteristics				
	will be incorporated into the system configuration.				
	2. Crew/Reactor Settings				
	The requirement for this function has not been fully established.				
	The decision will depend largely on the degree to which the				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A		1
	VERIFY REACTOR SETTINGS & SAFETY SYSTEMS 4.9.4	ł	CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRC REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	WAL	D	DC NO	PG 2 of 3

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICAT CEI, OR SECONE FUNCTIONAL A	T ION DARY AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	propulsion module systems can be in a launch ready state when delivered					
REACTOR	to KSC. Until further requirements are established it is assumed that					
SETTINGS	the control drum zero settings will be established at the acceptance					
& SAFETY	test site and logged. Then these same settings will be verified at					
SYSTEMS	the launch site prior to load of the propulsion module onto the space					
4.9.4	shuttle orbiter.					
(Cont'd)	3. Access-Stands/Propulsion-Module					
	The ground crew must have access to the inspection points necessary,					
	and these points must be designed so that they are easily accessible.					
	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			MENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
RH RAS				ONTRACI		
	VERIFY REACTOR SETTINGS & SAFETY SYSTEMS 4.9.4					
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR	OVAL		DC	DC NO	PG. <u>3 of 3</u>
	REV & DATE VERI	FIED				

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PREPARE FOR LOADING INTO THE ORBITER 4.9.5	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propulsion module will be prepared for transfer to the space shuttle orbiter and placement on board. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propulsion module and its handling/access fixtures will be designed to facilitate the removal of the module to the orbiter. Access fixtures will be designed so they may be removed from the module without hazard to it. The module will be designed to accommodate the handling fixtures used to transfer it to the orbiter. The handling fixtures will be designed to provide the necessary clearance and access for installation of the module in the orbiter cargo compartment. The umbilical interfaces and the docking interface for the propulsion module will be verified for configuration accuracy. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A 				
	D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module will interface with:				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PREPARE FOR LOADING INTO THE ORBITER 4.9.5	L	CONTRA	CTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERII VERII	OVAL		DOC NO	PG1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPME IDENTIFICA CEI, OR SECO FUNCTIONA	ENT ATION DNDARY L AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PREPARE	1. The space shuttle maintenance area and the cargo handling					
FOR LOADING	equipment provided. This interface will require the instal-					
INTO THE	lation of area access controls over personnel. Only specially					
ORBITER	cleared people will be given access to the propulsion module					
4.9.5	during operations involving it.					
(Cont'd)	2. The access, handling, and transfer fixtures and equipment.					
	These equipments will be removable in a manner which affords					
	protection to the propulsion module.					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUI	REMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	L
	FREPARE FOR LOADING INTO THE ORBITER 4.9.5			CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF			D	OC NO	PG. 2 of 2



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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD FROPULSION MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE, & VERIFY 4.10	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propulsion module will be transferred to the space shuttle orbiter and loaded into the cargo compartment. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propulsion module will be loaded onto the orbiter in the horizontal position in the space shuttle maintenance area. The propulsion module will have all of its interfaces with the space shuttle orbiter and the mobile launcher verified before it is moved to the space shuttle maintenance area. The propulsion module will have its interfaces with orbital modules verified and readied before movement to the mate area. The neutron source for the nuclear engine will be mounted in the cargo compartment of the orbiter so it will be accessible and can be installed by an orbiter crew member after orbit is reached. The propulsion module aft end will be accessible to an orbiter orew member while in orbit in order that he may bleed the helium from the engine, remove the nozzle seal, and remove the poison wires from the engine core. Reference note: The engine neutron source will be installed first. Then the mucleonic controls of the engine will be verified before the poison wires are removed. Additionally, the instrumentation will be carefully monitored during the removal of the poison wires.			 0 Umbilical kit, propulsion module/mobile launcher (50% of 315) 0 Propulsion module function simula- tor test set (100% of 268) 0 Orbiter function simulator test set (100% of 268) 	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LALLOCATION SHEET	
		DVAL		DOC NO	PG. 1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD PROFULSION MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE, & VERIFY 4.10 (Cont'd)	 C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability of a successful verification shall be greater than 0.99. Safety - Applicable safety requirements for movement of nuclear devices will apply. <u>Interfaces</u> The propulsion module will interface with the handling equipment that transports it to the space shuttle maintenance area. The propulsion module will interface with the orbiter so that it accommodates the attach structure and the loads imparted to it during launch preparations, boost to orbit, and orbit operations. The propulsion module will interface with the mobile launcher and the orbiter umbilicals to satisfy countdown, boost, and orbital operations requirements. The propulsion module will interface with 1) the manual installation of the neutron source, 2) verification in orbit of the nucleonics of the engine, and 3) the manual removal of the poison wires. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET			
	LOAD ENGINE MODULE ON ORBITER, MATE & VERIFY 4.10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CONTRAC		
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	IED	D0	DC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDAR FUNCTIONAL ARE	Y REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
TRANSFER PROPULSION MODULE TO ORBITER 4.10.1	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propulsion module will be transferred to the space shuttle maintenance area. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propulsion module will be moved to the space shuttle maintenance area on a transfer dolly. This dolly will provide adequate protection, during transfer, to the module. The module will have handling equipment attached to it and be lifted clear of the transfer dolly. The module will be hoisted and moved from the transfer dolly to the space shuttle orbiter and aligned with the installation fixtures. Effectiveness Reliability N/A Safety TED - Applicable safety requirements for movement of nuclear devices will apply. Interfaces The propulsion module will interface, during transfer, with: The handling equipment Hoist beams and tag lines will be used to lift the module clear of 			o Transportation dolly, VAB, propulsion module (30% of 300)	
	its inspection fixtures and lower it onto the transfer dolly.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			NT ALLOCATION SHEET	
	TRANSFER PROPULSION MODULE TO ORBITER 4.10.1		CONT	RACTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERII VERII			DOC NO	PG. lof2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES		
TRANSFER	2. The transfer dolly						
PROPULSION	This dolly will be used to move the module down the aisle of the VAB to						
MODULE	the space shuttle maintenance area. It might be appropriate to						
то	use this dolly as a support fixture in the Low Bay Cell.						
ORBITER							
4.10.1							
(Cont'd)							
					-		
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET				
	TRANSFER PROPULSION MODULE TO ORBITER 4.10.1		CONTINAC				
		ROVAL	D0	DC NO	PG 2 of 2		

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PLACE PROPULSION MODULE INTO ORBITER 4.10.2	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propulsion module will be lowered into the installation fixture and then lowered into the orbiter. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propulsion module will be guided into the orbiter and aligned with its attach points by an installation fixture. This fixture will be designed to maximize protection of the module during the installation procedure. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A 2. Safety - Applicable safety requirements for the movement of muclear devices will apply. D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propulsion module will interface with installation fixture and the orbiter support structure. The installation fixture will provide guidance to the module in the last few inches of travel to facilitate alignment with the orbiter cargo compartment support structure. It will minimize the likelihood of damage or misalignment. The orbiter support structure will provide support to the module during ground handling, boost, and orbital operations.			o Alignment kit, orbiter/propulsion module (200% of 340)	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LUCATION SHEET	
	PLACE PROPULSION MODULE INTO ORBITER 4.10.2	■* eeeee *******************************	CONTRAC	TOR	
w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w_w	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF		D	OC NO,	PG. <u>lofl</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CONNECT	A. Functional Description				
UMBILICALS	The propulsion module will have the interconnect umbilicals and the orbital				
& ORBIT	deployment mechanism attached to it.				
DEPLOYMENT	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
SYSTEM	The interconnect umbilical will attach to the propulsion module and be				
4.10.3	configured, in a manner that will not interfere with the deployment of				
	the module. It will provide the interconnect, as required, of functions				
	between the orbiter and the module to facilitate the monitoring and				
	command functions.	-			
	The orbital deployment mechanism will be capable of moving the module out				
	of the orbiter while in orbit. This mechanism will provide information				
	to the orbiter crew as to its status:				
	1. Locked or open.				
	2. Angular position.				
	3. Cargo attached or not.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	l. Reliability				
	N/A				
	2. Safety				
	N/A		*		
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	CONNECT UMBILICALS & ORBIT DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.10.3		CONTRAC	TOR	
		ROVAL	D(DC NO	PG1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
CONNECT	D. Interfaces				
UMBILICALS	The module will interface with the umbilical interconnect between it and				
& ORBIT	the orbiter. This interconnect will transmit to the orbiter data required				
DEPLOYMENT	to monitor the status of the propulsion module.				
SYSTEM	The module will interface with the orbital deployment mechanism. This				
4.10.3	mechanism will release the module from its support structure, move it				
	out of the orbiter, and hold the module until it has been acquired by				
	orbital operations.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	<u></u>
an nag		<u> </u>	CONTRAC		
	CONNECT UMBILICALS & ORBIT DEPLOYMENT SYSTEM 4.10.3				
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRI REV & DATE VERI	OVAL	D	OC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	A. Functional Description				
INTERFACE	The interfaces established between the propulsion module and the orbiter				
CONNECTIONS	will be verified.				
4.10.4	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	The interface established between the module and the deployment mechanism				
	will supply to the checkout system the data necessary to verify that the				
	interface is complete and that the deployment system will function properly				
	in orbit.				
	The interface between the module and the propulsion-module/orbiter inter-				
	connect umbilicals will be verified. These umbilicals will provide the				
	monitor, purge, vent, and propellant fill functions as required by the				
	propulsion module. The module will be supplied propellant after it reaches				
	orbit. This might be done either by transfer of propellant from the orbiter,				
	or from some orbital source such as a tanker or tank farm.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	l. Reliability - The probability of a successful verification shall				
	be greater than 0.99.				
	2. Safety				
	N/A				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	<u> </u>		LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY INTERFACE CONNECTIONS 4.10.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
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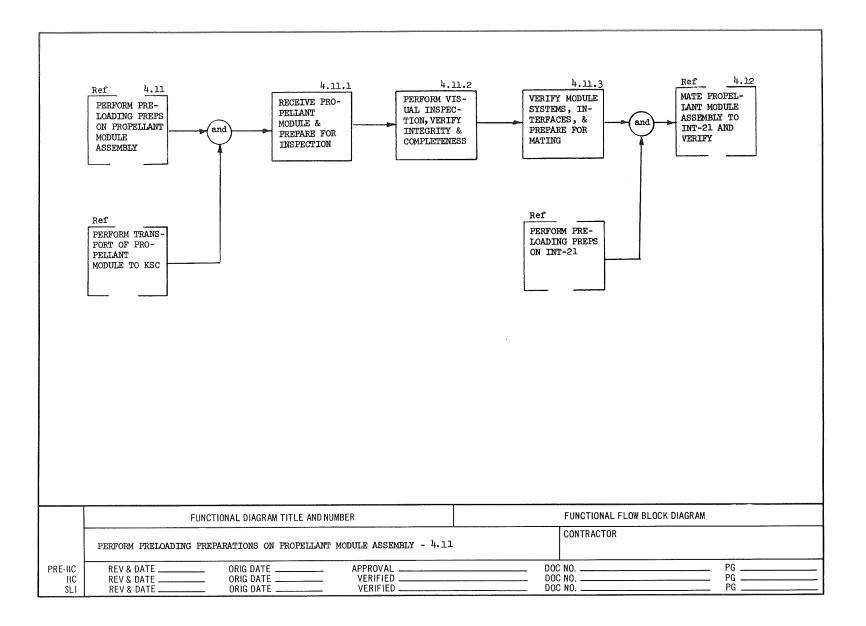
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER		REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	D. Interfaces				
INTERFACE	The propulsion module will interface with the orbital assembly module or tug,				
CONNECTIONS	depending on the orbital operations profile. The orbiter will remain passive				
4.10.4	during the establishment of this interface.				
(Cont'd)					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY INTERFACE CONNECTIONS 4.10.4		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF		D0	DC NO	PG. 2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS		EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY POISON WIRE REMOVAL SYSTEM IN PROPULSION MODULE 4,10.5	 A. F<u>unctional Description</u> Access to the poison wire removal system and the tools, equipment, and procedures for their removal will be verified by a crew member. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The functions to be performed include: Entry of a crew member into the cargo compartment of the orbiter. The verification by the crew member of: Access route. Completeness of tools and equipment required. The readiness of the poison wire removal apparatus. The system will be designed to accommodate the manual removal of the poison wires by an orbiter crew member after the target orbit has been reached. Provisions will be made to continually apprise the crew member who removes the wires of the status of the nucleonics of the engine. This requirement presumes the presence of the neutron source in the engine so that the nucleonic instrumentation is "on scale" during this operation. (These requirements are listed predicated on the assumption, as a baseline, of the need for a neutron source. This requirement has not, as yet, been established). C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability of a successful verification shall 			o Poison wire removal checkout kit (new) o Checkout space suit (can be reject)	
RH RAS	be greater than 0.99. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	<u> </u>
	VERIFY POISON WIRE REMOVAL SYSTEM IN PROPULSION MODULE 4,10.5	I	CONTRAC		
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI	OVAL	D	OC NO	PG 1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY	2. Safety				
	TBD				
POISON WIRE					
REMOVAL	D. Interfaces				
SYSTEM IN	The interfaces between the crew member and the propulsion module and the				
PROPULSION	poison wire removal system will satisfy the following requirements:				
MODULE	1. There will be no protuberances or sharp edges that will offer a potential				
4.10.5	hazard to the crew member while performing these functions in space.				
(Cont'd)	2. Continual contact with the nucleonic status of the engine will be				
	available to the crew member. This capability will be verified.				
				:	
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY POISON WIRE REMOVAL SYSTEM IN PROPULSION MODULE 4.10.5		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO	VAL	D(DC NO	PG. 2 of 2
	REV & DATE VERIFI	IED			

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PLACE NEUTRON SOURCE IN ORBITER FOR INSERTION IN MODULE IN ORBIT 4.10.6	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The neutron source will be placed into a receptacle in the cargo compartment. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The following design requirements will be satisfied: The neutron source will be safely held in a place that is easily accessible to a crew member in orbit. It will be suitably distant or shielded, such that its affect on the engine will be negligible. Handling Provisions will be made and protection provided as necessary to maintain crew man exposure to within permissible limits. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A Safety - Applicable safety requirements for the movement of nuclear devices shall apply. 			 Neutron source shipping & hand- ling cask (new) Neutron source cask handling cart 	
	The neutron source will interface with the following: 1. A support receptacle in the space shuttle orbiter will be provided that:				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
		OVAL		DOC NO	PG. <u>lof 2</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PLACE	a. Is easily accessible to the crew man.				
NEUTRON	b. Is suitable for zero-g operation.				
SOURCE IN	c. Safely retains the source during ascent to orbit and				
ORBITER FOR	orbital operations.				
INSERTION	2. The attach point on the engine will be located so it is easily				
IN MODULE	accessible.				
IN ORBIT	3. There will be a clear route between the neutron source support				
4.10.6	receptacle and its attach point on the engine.				
(Cont'd)					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PLACE NEUTRON SOURCE IN ORBITER FOR INSERTION IN MODULE ORBIT 4.10,6		CONTRAC	TOR	
		PPROVAL		DC NO	PG2 of 2



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER			REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPM IDENTIFIC CEI, OR SEC FUNCTIONA		FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	А.	Functional Description				i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
PRELOADING		The Class 1-H propellant module will be received assembled with the CCM. It					
PREPARATIONS		will be prepared for inspection, inspected, and its interfaces with the					
ON CLASS 1H		INT-21 launch vehicle verified and prepared for mate.					
PROPELLANT MODULE 4.11	в.	Design Characteristics/Constraints_ The propellant module/CCM assembly will be received in a launch ready condition as nearly as practicable. Its readiness will be verified during receiving inspection. The propulsion module interface will be verified as to its readiness for orbital assembly. Monitoring equipment will be used to record the environment and status of the assembly during transportation. This record will be used as					
		a guide for receiving inspection.					
	C. D.	<pre>l. Reliability N/A 2. Safety N/A</pre>					
RH RAS		FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQU		LLOCATION SHEET	
		PERFORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON CLASS 1-H PROPELLANT MODULE 4.11			CONTRAC	TOR	
	1	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF	IED		. D	OC NO	PG. lof 2

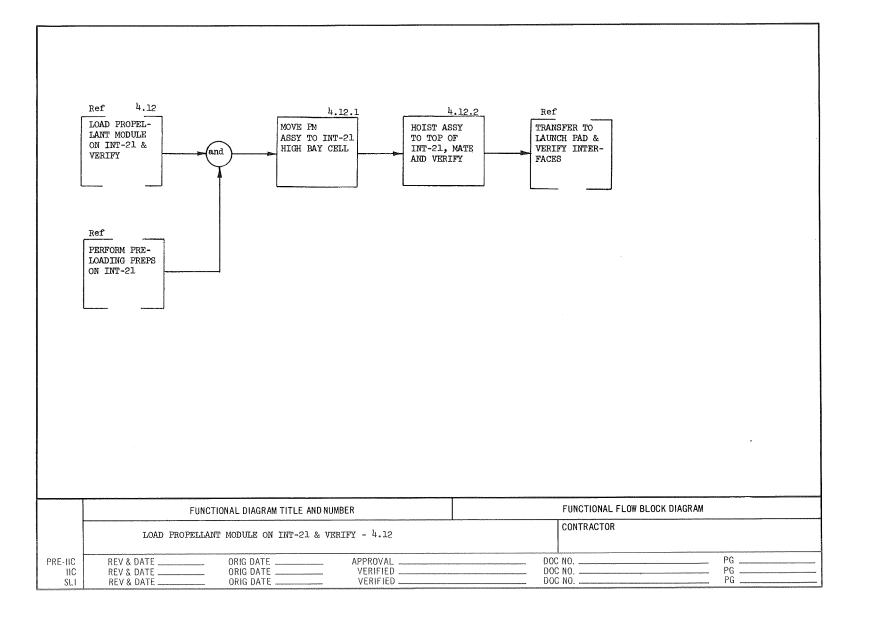
<pre>ppellant Module/Facility propellant module/facility interface will satisfy the following uirements: Provide an environmentally controlled area that will accommodate the receiving and unloading of the propellant module/CCM assembly. Provide capabilities necessary to accomplish the receiving inspection, verification as to integrity, and the completeness of the received shipment with respect to launch requirements. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the INT-21 and the propulsion module.</pre>			
<pre>uirements: Provide an environmentally controlled area that will accommodate the receiving and unloading of the probellant module/CCM assembly. Provide capabilities necessary to accomplish the receiving inspection, verification as to integrity, and the completeness of the received shipment with respect to launch requirements. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the</pre>			
 Provide an environmentally controlled area that will accommodate the receiving and unloading of the provellant module/CCM assembly. Provide capabilities necessary to accomplish the receiving inspection, verification as to integrity, and the completeness of the received shipment with respect to launch requirements. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the 			
the receiving and unloading of the provellant module/CCM assembly. Provide capabilities necessary to accomplish the receiving inspection, verification as to integrity, and the completeness of the received shipment with respect to launch requirements. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the			
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inspection, verification as to integrity, and the completeness of the received shipment with respect to launch requirements. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the			
of the received shipment with respect to launch requirements. Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the			
Provide capability to verify the conformity of the propellant module interface structure with the interface structure of the			
module interface structure with the interface structure of the			
INT-21 and the propulsion module.			
Provide purge capacity as necessary to supply the HPI purge.			
Provide capability to verify the conformity of the CCM interface			
structure of the nose cone.			
			-
FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	 REQUIREMENT A	LUCATION SHEET	<u></u>
	 CONTRAC	TOR	
FORM PRELOADING PREPARATIONS ON CLASS 1-H PROPELLANT MODULE 4.11			
		CONTRAC	CONTRACTOR

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
RECEIVE	A. Functional Description				
PROPELLANT	The CCM/propellant module for the Class 1-H RNS will be unloaded from the				
MODULE AND	Pt. Barrow, or equivalent, at the turning basin. It will be transported to				
PREPARE FOR	the VAB Low Bay Aisle, washed down, protective covers removed, and prepared				
INSPECTION	for inspection.				
4.11.1	 B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The receiving inspection facility will provide protective cover wash-down capability, handling harnesses and fixtures necessary for removal of the protective covers and the propellant module from the transporter. The module will be erected and mounted upon a handling dolly moved in the low bay aisle or in the high bay, and preparations for inspection made. C. Effectiveness Reliability N/A Safety 				
	N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The CCM propellant module will interface with the handling equipment and support dolly. It will interface with the access platforms and fixtures.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	1
	RECEIVE PROPELLANT MODULE AND PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.11.1	1	CONTRA		
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	IED		HOC NO	PG. <u>1 of 2</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REOMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
RECEIVE	Final decision as to the location of receiving inspection for the propellant				
PROPELLANT	module (Low Bay Aisle, High Bay, or new facility) will require more detailed				
MODULE AND	study and definition.				
PREPARE FOR					
INSPECTION					
4.11.1					
(Cont'd)					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	RECEIVE PROPELLANT MODULE AND PREPARE FOR INSPECTION 4.11.1		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE API	ROVAL	DC	DC NO	PG2 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
VISUAL	The status of the CCM/propellant module will be verified against the status as				
INSPECTION	defined by monitors at the acceptance test site and the record of environmental				
TO VERIFY	influences made during transportation. The completeness of any loose				
INTEGRITY &	items and their readiness for installation will be verified.				
COMPLETENESS 4.11.2	 B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The record of environmental influences made during transportation will be available to the receiving inspection function of the propellant module. This record will be used as a guide for the receiving inspection activity. A complete check list of the loose items, if any, will be provided. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability The probability that a successful visual inspection is accomplished shall be greater than 0.999. 				
	 2. Safety N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The CCM/propellant module will interface with the inspection crew and equipment. This interface will be designed to provide all the data necessary and facilitate the inspection process. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	LLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION TO VERIFY INTEGRITY AND COMPLETENESS 4.11.2		CONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	VAL	D(DC NO	PG. lofl

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
VERIFY CCM- PROPELLANT- MODULE/ INT-21 INTERFACE AND PREPARE FOR MATING 4.11.3	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant-module/INT-21 interface will be inspected and verified for mate readiness. The separation devices will be verified for readiness for installation and/or arming. (These functions will be performed at the arming tower.) B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The propellant module/INT-21 interface will be designed to facilitate the mate function. Additionally, it will include the functions required for reliable separation from the INT-21 after orbital injection.				
	 C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability - The probability that the verification is successful shall be greater than 0.99. 2. Safety N/A 				
	D. <u>Interfaces</u> The CCM/propellant module assembly will interface with the inspection crew and equipment. This interface will be designed to provide all the data necessary and to facilitate the inspection process.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	VERIFY PROPELLANT-MODULE/INT-21 INTERFACE AND PREPARE FOR MATING 4.11.3		CONTRAC	iun	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERII VERII	OVAL	D0	DC NO	PG. <u>lofl</u>

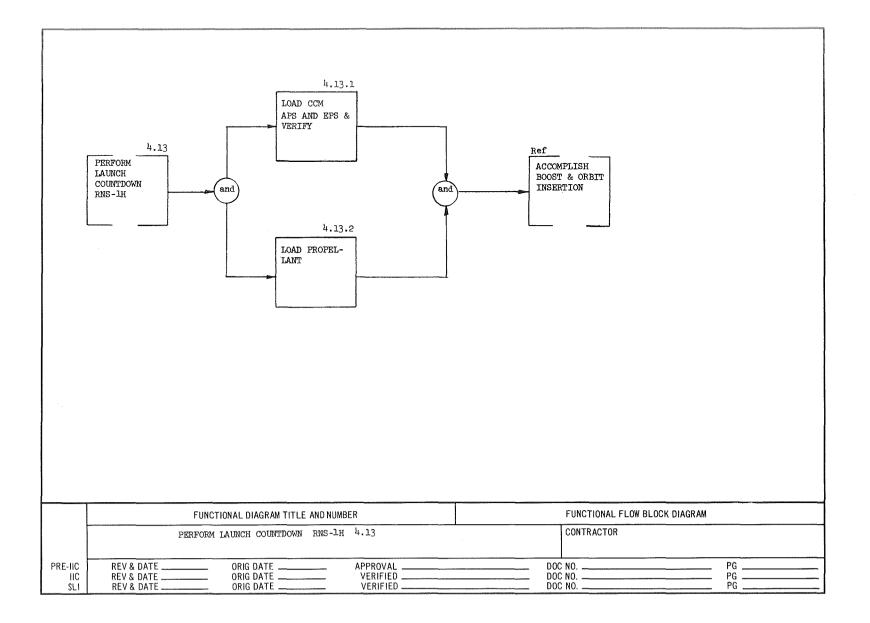


FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD PROPELLANT MODULE ON INT-21 AND VERIFY 4.12	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant module will be moved to the INT-21 high bay cell, hoisted to the top of the INT-21, mated, and verified. The handling ring will be removed and the top of the module prepared for mate with the nose cone. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The handling ring, fixtures, and harnesses will support the propellant module safely and without damage. The equipment will provide maximum convenience and safety to the crew and the module. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> 1. Reliability - The probability that the verification is successful shall be greater than 0.99. 2. Safety N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module will interface with the hoist ring and harnesses. These equipment items will be easily attached and removed and the module will provide hard points to facilitate their attachment and removal. The module will also interface with the INT-21. This interface will satisfy design requirements that facilitate its attachment and verification.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER			LLOCATION SHEET	
	LOAD PROPELLANT MODULE ON INT-21 AND VERIFY 4.12		CONTRAC	TOR	1 -0 1
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF	VAL	D0	DC NO	PG

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
MOVE PROPEILANT MODULE TO INT-21 HIGH BAY CELL I,.12.1	 A. Eunctional Description The propellant module will have handling rings and harnesses attached lifted clear of its dolly by the low bay sisle crame. It will then be moved to the high bey sisle and transferred to the high bay crame. B. <u>Design Considerations/Constraints</u> The transport dolly will support the module assembly while the handling ring and harnesses are being attached. The dolly will then release the assembly while it is hoisted clear by the low bay crame. Teg lines will be used as necessary. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Relability Relability Relability MA D. <u>Interfaces</u> Interface with the handling kits and harnesses. They will be designed to provide adequate protection, and facilitate installation and removal. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT A	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	
	MOVE MODULE TO INT-21 HIGH BAY CELL 4.12.1		CONTRACTOR	IOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE ORIG DATE VERIFIED	AL BD	Ă	DOC NO.	PG. 1 of 2

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
MOVE	D. <u>Interfaces</u> (Cont'd)				
PROPELLANT	A high ranger will be used to assist in the installation of the handling				
MODULE TO	ring. Protective devices will be supplied as required to prevent damage				
INT-21	to the propellant module assembly.				
HIGH BAY					
CELL					
4.12.1					
(Cont'd)					
					1
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	1
	MOVE MODULE TO INT-21 HIGH BAY CELL 4.12.1		CONTRAC	CTOR	
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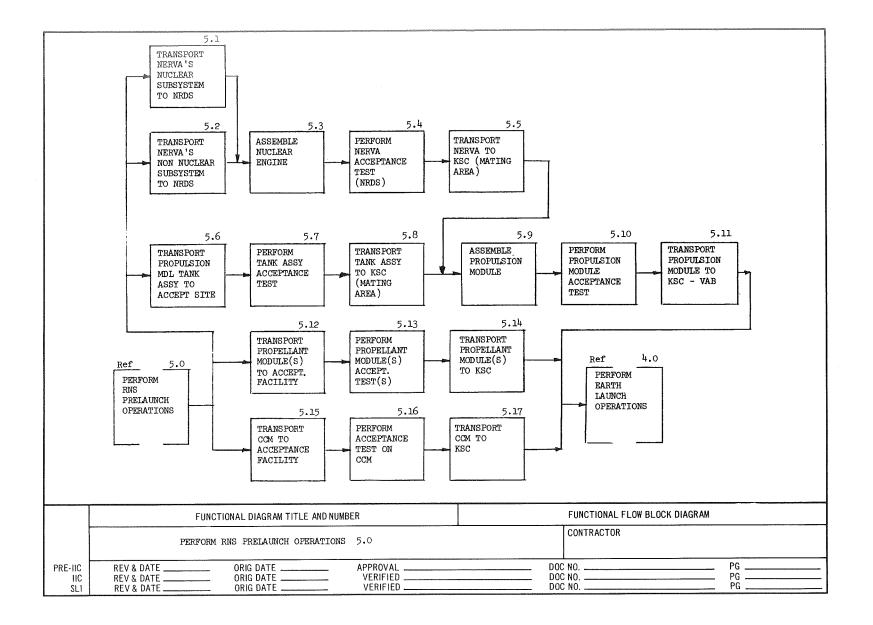
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
HOIST PROPELLANT MODULE TO TOP OF INT-21, MATE AND VERIFY 4.12.2	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The propellant module will be hoisted to the top of the INT-21 launch vehicle and mated. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The hoist beam will be designed to accommodate its transfer from the Low Bay crane to the High Bay crane. The crane will support the assembly while the access platforms are emplaced. C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module will interface with the hoist ring and the handling harnesses. 				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER HOIST MODULE TO TOP OF INT-21, MATE AND VERIFY 4.12.2 REV & DATE		CONTRAC	ILLOCATION SHEET TOR DC NO	PG. <u>1 of 1</u>



FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM	A. Functional Description				
LAUNCH	The launch countdown for the CCM/propellant module will be performed. It will				
COUNTDOWN	include the load of the APS and electric power system of the CCM, and the load				
4.13	of propellant (LH ₂) into the propellant module.		4		
	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
	Load of the CCM and load of the propellant module will be accomplished in				
	parallel and with the countdown sequence of the space shuttle. Methods and		-		
	criteria that obtain on the Saturn V will be used.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability - The probability that the launch countdown is successful				
	shall be greater than 0.95.				
	2. Safety - Applicable safety requirements for the handling of liquid				
	hydrogen and liquid oxygen shall apply.				
	D. Interfaces				
	The CCM/module assembly will interface with the mobile launcher umbilicals. They				
	will perform their functions according to: Saturn V criteria.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	- I
	PERFORM LAUNCH COUNTDOWN 4.13		CONTRA	CTOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF			DOC NO	PG. lofl

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD CCM	A. Functional Description				
APS AND	The APS and the EPS of the CCM will be loaded during countdown with				
EPS AND	propellant and reactant.				
VERIFY					
4.13.1	B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u>				
	LOX and LH ₂ will be loaded into the CCM APS. Purge, chilldown, and fill				
	functions will be provided to conform to Saturn V criteria.				
	C. Effectiveness				
	1. Reliability				
	N/A				
	2. Safety				
	See Item 413.				
	D. Interfaces				
	The CCM will interface with the mobile launcher umbilical. It will perform				
	its function according to Saturn V criteria.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LLOCATION SHEET	1
nn n <i>h</i> o		<u> </u>	CONTRAC		
	LOAD CCM APS AND EPS AND VERIFY 4.13.1				
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	REV & DATE VER	IFIED			

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
LOAD	A. Functional Description				
PROPELLANT	Liquid hydrogen will be loaded into the propellant module.				
IN PROPEL- LANT MODULE 4.13.2	B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The purge, chilldown, and fill functions for the propellant module will be performed in accordance with Saturn V criteria.				
	C. <u>Effectiveness</u> Reliability N/A Safety See Item 413 D. <u>Interfaces</u> The propellant module will interface with the mobile launcher umbilicals. It will perform its function according to Saturn V Criteria.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	LALLOCATION SHEET	
	LOAD PROPELLANT IN PROPELLANT MODULE 4.13.2		CONTRAC		
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERIF VERIF			OC NO	PG. <u>lofl</u>

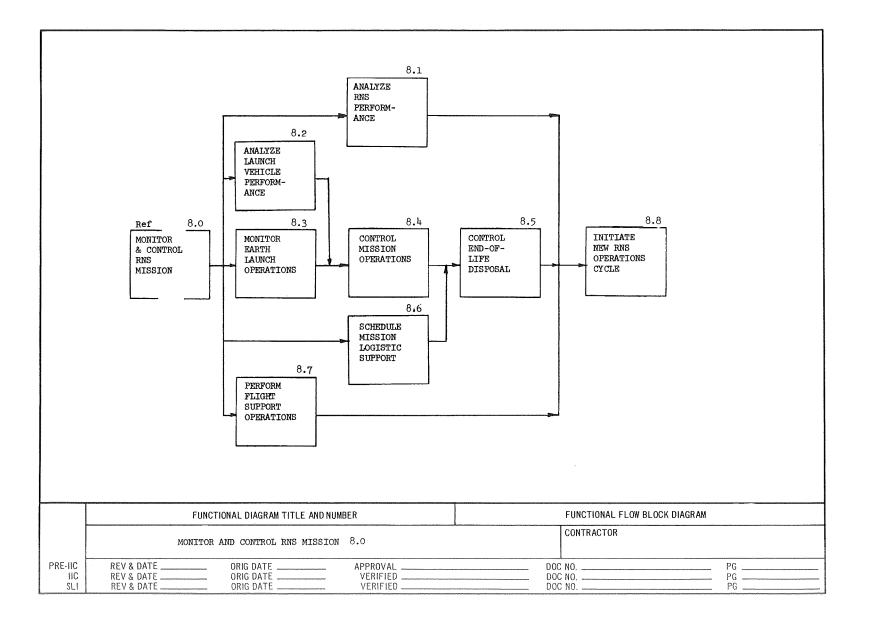


FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMEN IDENTIFICA CEI, OR SECON FUNCTIONAL	TION IDARY	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS	A. Functional Description					
PRE-LAUNCH	This function covers the operations performed on the RNS from the initiation					
OPERATIONS	of shipment from the manufacturing site(s) to delivery at KSC.					
5.0	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints					Evaluate alternate
	1. Mating of propulsion module elements performed at KSC.	Baseline				sites
	2. Provide transportation for individual RNS elements as follows:					51005
	a. NERVA nuclear subsystem - Pittsburgh to NRDS.					Evaluate alternate
	b. NERVA non nuclear subsystem - Sacramento to NRDS.					modes of trans-
	c. NERVA engine system - NRDS to KSC.					portation
	d. Propulsion module run tank - Huntington Beach to MTF to KSC.					
	e. Command and control module - Huntington Beach to KSC.					
	f_1 . RNS-3 propellant modules - Huntington Beach to MTF to KSC.					
	f_{o} . RNS-1H propellant module - Michoud to MTF to KSC.					
	g. Propulsion module - mating area to VAB at KSC.					
	3. Acceptance testing shall be performed on all CEI's and deliverable					
	equipment. To the extent possible, it shall be performed so as to provide					
	a measure of overall quality, detect unsatisfactory items and be performed					
	so that it simulates product end use and function.					
	a. NERVA nuclear subsystem - TBD.					
	b. NERVA non nuclear subsystem - TBD.					
	c. NERVA engine system - TBD.					
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIR	EMENT A	L	
	PERFORM RNS PRE-LAUNCH OPERATIONS 5.0		c	ONTRAC	TOR	
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRO REV & DATE VERII VERII	S S S C LOS INVERSIONNELSCEDER		D	OC NO,	PG. <u>1 of 4</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
PERFORM RNS	d. Propulsion module run tank - cryogenic proof test, electrical continuity	Baseline			Establish require-
PRE-LAUNCH	check and interface functional checks at MTF.				ments for accept-
OPERATIONS	e. Command and control module - functional checks of subsystems including				ance test
5.0	simulated APS firing at SIL in Huntington Beach.				Evaluate alternate
	f. Propellant module(s) - cryogenic proof test, electrical continuity				means of product
	checks and interface functional checks at MTF.				verification
	g. Propulsion module - pose mating simulated functional checks perform				Verification
	at KSC.				
	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
	1. Reliability				
	N/A				
	2. Safety				
	a. Provisions shall be incorporated for position safing of the NERVA				
	engine system element.				
	b. Surface transportaion will be in accord with ICC regulation $\underline{\text{TBD}}$				
	when highways are used and TBD when rail or air transportation is				
	used.				
	c. The transportation of nuclear elements over water bodies shall be				
	minimized to the extent possible and practical.				
	d. All inherent hazards associated with the deisgn, e.g., high gas				
	pressure, high voltage, radiation, etc., shall be identified.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	PERFORM RN3 PRE-LAUNCH OPERATIONS 5.0		CONTRAC	CTOR	
		ROVAL	D	OC NO	PG. 2 of 4 1/

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
 e. The use of incompatible materials, dissimilar metals, materials in the vicinity of potential spills of corrosive liquids shall not be permitted. f. Safety consideration for peronnel shall take precedence over those for equipment. g. Safety design requirements shall minimize degradation of normal operations wherever possible. h. Recommendations of contingency planning committee shall be incorporated where feasible. 3. Maintainability Equipment design shall adhere to the following accepted maintainability features. a. Minimum number and complexity of maintenance tasks. b. Rapid recognition of malfunctions. c. Rapid isolation of malfunctions. d. Optimum equipment/component accessibility. e. Minimum requirements for tools and test equipment. 				
g. Maximum safety for personnel and equipment. E. <u>Interface Requirements</u>				
FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET			
PERFORM RNS PRE-LAUNCH OPERATIONS 5.0				PG. 3 of 4 /
-	<pre>the vicinity of potential spills of corrosive liquids shall not be permitted. f. Safety consideration for peronnel shall take precedence over those for equipment. g. Safety design requirements shall minimize degradation of normal operations wherever possible. h. Recommendations of contingency planning committee shall be incorporated where feasible. 3. Maintainability Equipment design shall adhere to the following accepted maintainability features. a. Minimum number and complexity of maintenance tasks. b. Rapid recognition of malfunctions. c. Rapid isolation of malfunctions. d. Optimum equipment/component accessibility. e. Minimum requirements for maintenance personnel. f. Minimum requirements for tools and test equipment. g. Maximum safety for personnel and equipment. E. Interface Requirements PERFORM RNS PRE-LAUNCH OPERATIONS 5.0 REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPRC</pre>	the vicinity of potential spills of corrosive liquids shall not be permitted. f. Safety consideration for peronnel shall take precedence over those for equipment. g. Safety design requirements shall minimize degradation of normal operations wherever possible. h. Recommendations of contingency planning committee shall be incorporated where feasible. 3. Maintainability Equipment design shall adhere to the following accepted maintainability features. a. Minimum number and complexity of maintenance tasks. b. Repid recognition of malfunctions. c. Rapid isolation of malfunctions. d. Optimum equipment/component accessibility. e. Minimum requirements for tools and test equipment. g. Maximum safety for personnel and equipment. E. Interface Requirements FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER PERFORM RNS PRE-LAUNCH OPERATIONS 5.0 REV & DATE ORIG DATE	the vicinity of potential spills of corrosive liquids shall not be permitted.	the vicinity of potential spills of corrosive liquids shall not be permitted.

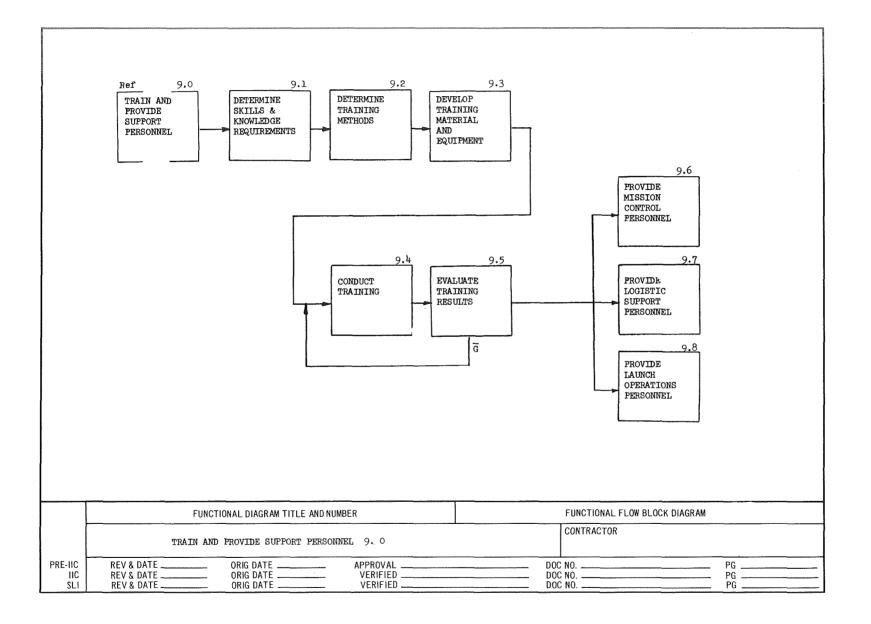
IT FION FACILITY, GSE TRADE STUDIES, AREA REQUIREMENTS ANALYSES		REQUIREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET	CONTRACTOR	DOC NO. PG. 4 of 4
EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA		REQUIR	<u> </u>	
REQMT SOURCE	· · · ·			APPROVAL
DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	 The production of propulsion module run tank and engine hardware shall be in conformance with Interface Control Drawing (ICD) # TBD, to assure proper mating of same at KSC. The interfaces of the elements with the supporting acceptance testing facilities shall be as defined by ICD # TBD. 	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER	FERFORM RNS FRE-LAUNCH OPERATIONS 5.0	REV & DATE ORIG DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VEN
FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	PERFORM RNS OPERATIONS 5.0	RH RAS		



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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
MONITOR AND CONTROL RNS MISSION 8.0	 A. <u>Functional Description</u> The objective of this function is to provide the means for exercising control over the performance of the missions from the initiation of liftoff at KSC ultimate end of life disposal of the RNS. B. <u>Design Characteristics/Constraints</u> The control function is divided into three areas: earth launch operations, missions operations and end-of-life disposal operations control. The control function shall be ground based. LCC shall control earth launch operations, MCC shall control mission and disposal operations. Provisions vill be made at these centers for detailed support in prediction analyses, fault isolation, and remedial planning. Provisions shall be made for receipt of telemetry and transmission of command data between the RNS and control centers. Provide for voice and video communications between control centers and manned RNS. Mission Control Center (MCC) shall perform as backup to the RNS for guidance and navigation during mission operations. MCC shall control the assembly operations and refuelling/resupply of the RNS while in earth orbit. MCC shall have the capability of simultaneously controlling and/or monitoring several program elements (e.g. tug, shuttle, RNS, etc.). 	Baseline			Evaluate alternate locations for control Evaluate mix of centralized versus remote processing of acquisition data
		-	REGINEEMENT		
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER MONITOR AND CONTROL RNS MISSION 8.0				
	REV & DATE ORIG DATE APPR REV & DATE VERI VERI	OVAL FIED		DOC NO	PG. <u>1 of 2</u>

FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPME IDENTIFICA CEI, OR SECO FUNCTIONA	ATION	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
MONITOR AND CONTROL RNS MISSION 8.0	 9. MCC's control shall not be dependent on ENS configuration. 10. MCC shall accommodate real time operations. 11. The MSFN shall be employed for providing instrumentation coverage and flight support for the ENS missions in earth lunar space. D. <u>Effectiveness Requirements</u> Reliability The probability of successful completion of this operation shall be greater than 0.75. E. <u>Interface Requirements</u> The exercise of mission control shall require coordination with the logistics support function for scheduling of spares and resupply. 					Evaluate usage of satellites to facilitate opera- tions Establish whether continuous coverage is required
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUI	IREMENT ALLOCATION SHEET		
	MONITOR AND CONTROL RNS MISSION 8.0	CONTRACTOR				
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FUNCTION NAME & NUMBER	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	REQMT SOURCE	EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION CEI, OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONAL AREA	FACILITY, GSE REQUIREMENTS	TRADE STUDIES, ANALYSES
TRAIN AND	A. Functional Description				
PROVIDE	Provisions will be made to supply qualified personnel to support launching,				
SUPPORT	operating and maintaining the RNS system during its life cycle.				
PERSONNEL	B. Design Characteristics/Constraints				
9.0	1. The RNS system personnel shall fall into the following categories:				
	a. Launch operations - including assembly checkout, loading and launch				
	of the RNS.				
	b. Refurbishment and/or maintenance - on the ground and/or in earth orbit.				
	c. Operations - flight crew performing shuttle mission within a spacecraft				
	attached to the RNS.				
	D. Effectiveness Requirements				
	The RNS system and its subsystems shall require a minimum of highly skilled				
- - - -	and specialized support personnel.				
	E. Interface Requirements				
	RNS support personnel shall be capable of supporting other projects, e.g.,				
	space shuttle.				
RH RAS	FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM TITLE AND NUMBER		REQUIREMENT	ALLOCATION SHEET	
	TRAIN AND PROVIDE SUPPORT PERSONNEL 9.0				
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MCDONNELL DOUGLAS ASTRONAUTICS COMPANY

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