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STC

Program

#4

Vol

IV

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16. Abstract <p>This report describes the improvements which have been incorporated in the Streamtube Curvature (STC) Program to enhance both its computational and diagnostic capabilities. In Volume I, detailed descriptions are given of the revisions incorporated to more reliably handle the jet stream-external flow interaction at trailing edges. Also presented are the augmented boundary layer procedures and a variety of other program changes relating to program diagnostics and extended solution capabilities. Volume II consists of the updated User's Manual, and includes information on the computer program operation, usage, and logical structure.</p> <p>User documentation includes an outline of the general logical flow of the program and detailed instructions for program usage and operation. From the standpoint of the programmer, the overlay structure is described. The input data, output formats, and diagnostic printouts are covered in detail and illustrated with three typical test cases. The program listing is included as a separate document (Volume II).</p>			
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This appendix to the User Manual for the Streamtube Curvature Analysis contains the computer program listing. It should be noted that the listing includes explanatory statements and titles so that the program flow is readily discernable. The computer program listing is in CDC Fortran 2.3 source language form, except for three subroutines, GETIX, GETRLX, and SAVIX, which are in Compass 1.1 language.

```

*DECK MAIN
OVERLAY(STC,0,0)
PROGRAM STCA(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE5;TAPE6=OUTPUT,
* TAPE1,TAPE2*TAPE4=TAPE2)
COMMON /BCOMN/ PROG4,TAPIN,TAPOT,REF(5),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL TAPIN,TAPOT, FILIN,FILOT
EQUIVALENCE (IPROG4,PROG4)
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB,DUM1(2),ENDCRD
LOGICAL ENDJOB, ENDCRD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
EQUIVALENCE (IBLANK,BLANK)
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(8),CARRY,ICHN
LOGICAL CARRY
COMMON /IXORIG/ IIDUM(21),NM,IIIDUM(11)
COMMON /KEYS / KEYA(11),KEYB(11),KODA(22)
DIMENSION XKEYA(11)
EQUIVALENCE (XKEYA(1),KEYA(1))
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

C
COMMON /ADJWF1/ MODE,LFF,MODE0,LFO
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CMAX4 / ES2MX,ZMX,RMX,DS2MX, LDUMY
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
LOGICAL GREFIN
COMMON /CPRINT/ PPDUM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CSTALO/ NSSPTS
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFO,TEXI2,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DMDS2,TOLES2,NSWP,
1 DS1DMP,DS1MXA,DS1MXB,DS1RMS,DMES2,DS1RMO
*, SG1REF,TOLINR
C DS1DMP= DAMPING FACTOR ON DS1, #0 FOR NO DAMPING, =1 FOR NOMINAL
C DS1MXA= MAX=DS1
C DS1MXB= MAX CALCULATED DS1 BEFORE DAMPING
C DS1RMS= RMS OF THE CALCULATED DS1'S
C ES2MX = MAX SL POSITION ERROR AS DETERMINED BY THE FLOW BALANCE
C NOW STORED IN COMMON / CMAX4 /-
C DS2MX = MAX CALCULATED SL ADJUSTMENT
C NOW STORED IN COMMON / CMAX4 /-
C NSWP = NUMBER OF LRELAX SWEERS
COMMON /TAPES / NTAPO,NTAPN
DIMENSION AA(8)
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
DATA KA/1HA/ KBDY/3HBDY/, STC/3HSTC/
DATA ITRUE/1HT/

NTAPO = 1
NTAPN = 2
WRITE (6,7760)
7760 FORMAT(1H1,22X,28H* * C A R D I N P U T * *//)
C INITIALIZE--- AFTER READING NAMELISTS ID,DIP
ENDFILE 5
REWIND 5
7777 FORMAT(1H1)
7778 FORMAT(8A10)
7775 READ (5,7778) AA
IF( EOF,5 ) 7781,7776
7776 WRITE (6,7778) AA

```

```

GO TO 7775
7781 REWIND 5
      READ(5,1001) NAME
      READ(5,1001) ADDRES
      READ(5,1001) IDENT
1001 FORMAT (1X,6A10)
      READ (5,1002) IN1,PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT
1002 FORMAT (I2,1X,A10,L1,9X,L1)
      11 WRITE (6,1100) PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT
1100 FORMAT (1H1,10X,16HEXECUTING PROGME,A6/10X,6HTAPIN=,L2,5X,
* 6HTAPOT=,L2/)
      XKEYA(4)= PROGM
      PROGSV= PROGM
      ENDCRD= ,FALSE;
      ERRMAJ= .FALSE;
      PRERR = .FALSE;
      DO 2 I=1,3
      KEYA(I)= IBLANK
      2 KEYB(I)= IBLANK
      3 FILIN = TAPIN
      FILOT = TAPOT
      TAPIN = ,FALSE;
      TAPOT = .FALSE;
      ERR = .FALSE;
      DATA IBDY/3HBDY/
      K5 = IBDY
      4 PROGM = BITS
      8 K5 = KA
      GO TO 12
C CONSECUTIVE DIP LIST READ
      5 READ (5,1003) IN1,IN2,IN3,IN4
1003 FORMAT(I2,1X,3A10)
      IF(EOF,5) 19*7

      7 GO TO (20,9,10),IN1
      9 K5 = KBDY
      K5(2) = IN3
      ICHN = IN4
      GO TO 12
      10 K5 = IN2
      K5(2) = IN3

C -INPUT SECTION----- ENTRY STCN TO (1,0)
      12 LENTRY= 1
      LOVER = 1
      CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,0,6HRECALL)
      IF((,NOT,INERR) .AND, (.NOT,ERR) ) GO TO 5
      15 WRITE (6,1004) LOVER,LENTY
1004 FORMAT (//2X,9HERR = T,5X,7HERRCOD=,12,5X,7HLENTY=,12)
      CALL ERROR(6HERR=T )
      WRITE (6,1000)
1000 FORMAT(1H1//10X,26H***** JOB TERMINATED ***** )
      STOP
      19 ENDJOB= ,TRUE;

C INPUT PROCESSING COMPLETE== BUILD TABLES
      20 LENTRY= 2
      LOVER = 1
      CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,0,6HRECALL)
      IF(ERR) GO TO 15
      CALL FHEAD

```

WRITE (6,1140)
RESTRY=.TRUE.

C REFINE, INNER LOOP INITIALIZATION

210 LFF = 0
DS2MX = BITS
NSWP = 0
GREFIN=.TRUE.
INRCTR= 0
IF(RESTRY) GO TO 215
LOVER = 3
LENTRY=1
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15
IF(.NOT.GREFIN) GO TO 230
MAJCTR= MAJCTR+1

C BEGIN INNER ITR LOOP, CALC STREAMLINE CURVATURE

C ORTHOGONALIZE (GE220)

215 RESTRY=.FALSE.
LOVER = 3
LENTRY= 2
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15

C ADJUST FLOWS AT CHOKED STATIONS.

TEXI2 = BITS
TWF = BITS
TERWF = BITS
LFO = 0
MODE0 = 0
LOVER = 2
LENTRY= 1
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF (ERR) GO TO 15

C PERFORM FLOW BALANCE, BEGIN FLOW ADJUSTMENT LOOP

227 LOVER = 2
LENTRY= 4
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15
AES2MX = ABS (ES2MX)
ES2LIM = SG1REF * TOLINR
FES2LM = CLEN * TOLES2
IF(MAJCTR.GE.MAXIT .OR. .NOT.GREFIN) ES2LIM = FES2LM
TOLWFP = TOLWF
IF(AES2MX.GE.ES2LIM .OR. MAJCTR.EQ.0) GO TO 228
MODE = -1
LENTRY = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)

IF(ERR) GO TO 15
228 TWF = TWF/CG
TERWFP = TERWF/CG
IF(TEXI2.EQ.BITS) GO TO 2303
WRITE (6,1252) MAJCTR,NM,INRCTR,NSSPTS,NSWP,DS2MX,ES2MX,
1 ES2LIM,ZMX,RMX,TEXI2,TWFP,TERWFP
GO TO 230

2303 WRITE(6,1252) MAJCTR,NM,INRCTR,NSSPTS,NSWP,DS2MX,ES2MX,ES2LIM,
2 ZMX,RMX

230 MCTR = MAX0(1,MAJCTR)
IF(INRCTR.GE.NINNER(MCTR)) GO TO 232

```

IF (NOT GREFIN) ES2LIM=CLEN*TOLES2
IF ( INRCYR .EQ. 0 .OR. AES2MX .GE. ES2LIM ) GO TO 240
C   ES2 CONVERGED
IF (MODE.EQ.3 .OR. MAJCTR.EQ.00) GO TO 282
MODE = 1
LENTRY = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF ( MODE=2 ) 231,231,232
231 DS2MX = BITS
NSWP = 18BITS
TEXI2 = BITS
TWF = BITS
TERWF = BITS
GO TO 227
C   ES2 AND FLOW ADJ ARE CONVERGED
232 IF (MAJCTR.GE.MAXIT .OR. .NOT.GREFIN) GO TO 300
GO TO 210

C   MATRIC SOLUTION
240 LOVER = 4
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,4,0)
IF (ERR) GO TO 15
C   ADJUST STREAMLINES
250 LOVER = 3
LENTRY = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF (ERR) GO TO 15
INRCYR = INRCYR+1
GO TO 215

C   ES2 AND FLOW ADJ CONVERGED, REFINEMENT SATISFIED
300 LOVER = 2
LENTRY = 2
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF (PDUM(10).EQ.2.) CALL EDUMPS
IF (ERR) GO TO 15
IF (ENDJOB) GO TO 100
IF ( IN3.EQ.ITRUE ) TAPIN = TRUE;
IF ( IN4.EQ.ITRUE ) TAPOT = TRUE;
IPROGM IN2
GO TO 11

C
100 WRITE (6,2000)
2000 FORMAT (1H1/10X,26H***** ENDJOB ***** )
1140 FORMAT (1H0,55X,19HSOLUTION HISTORY/
1 55X,21H-----//
2 2X,12HREFINEMENT + INNER ITERS + MATRIX SOLUTION + = -
3 FLOW BALANCE ERROR FLOW FRACTIONAL/ KUTTA ITERATION/
4 100X,31HTRAILING FLOW FRACTIONAL/
5 1X,130HREFIN GRID INRCYR NSSPTS NSWEEPS MAX=DS2 MAX-
6ES2 LIM=ES2 Z R EDGE=XI2 RATE FLOW
7 ERROR/
8 30H PTS (/)
1252 FORMAT (15,6X,13,5X,12,4X,14,6X,13,4X,F9,6,2X,F9,6,2X,F9,6,
1 3X,F8,3,3X,F8,3,6X,F4,0,4X,F9,4,4X,F7,4)
STOP
END

```



```

•DECK USECDG
  BLOCK DATA USECDG
•USECDG      REPLACE LFIELD USE CARDS
COMMON /ALLCOM/ C1(24)
COMMON /CAO / AO
COMMON /CPRINT/ C32(26)
COMMON /CTHICK/ C7(302)
COMMON /CIDEX / C5(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ C3(6)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ C30(20)

COMMON /CDS2 / C12(900)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(768)

COMMON /CHDATA/ C9(2200)
COMMON /CEND / C2(2)
COMMON /CCURY / CURV(768)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(768)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(768)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(768)
COMMON /SLTAB / C8(384)
COMMON /CM / JMS(768)

COMMON /CB / B(768)
COMMON /CZ / Z(768)
COMMON /CR / R(768)
COMMON /CVM / VM(768)
COMMON /CFRFLD/ C4(830)
COMMON /ERASE2/ C31(1536)
END

```

```
DECK BLBLOK
BLOCK DATA BLBLOK
COMMON /IXORIG/ IDUM1(14),LDO,LDE,IDUM2(17)
COMMON /BLBDW/ IBLB(60)
COMMON /VISCS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON
REAL MUREF
COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
LOGICAL RESTBL
DATA IBLB/60*0/
DATA TREF,MUREF,SCON/518,688,10,E-7,198.6/
DATA LDO,LDE/1,0/
DATA RESTBL/F/
END
```

*DECK STCBLK
 BLOCK DATA STCBLK
 *STCBLK STC BLOCK DATA 'STCBLK'

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
& MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
& DAXIT, SCALEA, YTE, CHOTST
  LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC, CHOYST
  REAL MACHA(1), MACHC
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2), ACF(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL, CRXOL, CRXSS, CRXE, CRXC, DCRX
  DIMENSION CRX(6)
  EQUIVALENCE (CRX, CRXSL)
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
  LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON /CGRAY / GG
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS, RHOAMP, IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR, RDUM, NINNER(16), CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2), FREE(2), PRES(2), PSPISV, NZP,
& ZP(10), PSP(10), NZP1, DISBOT, ADUM(6)
  INTEGER FARFLD, FREE, PRES, PSPISV
COMMON /CIVP / IVP, VPDUM, NRF(2), INR(2), XIVP(2)
& MXLRLX
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES, OMITFK, PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF, NREFIN, GREFIN, TL
COMMON /CNORM / RHL, RM, AHL, ARM
COMMON /CPI / PI, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
COMMON /CPRPN/ PRPRN
  INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT, ICOB, NODENS, FBASTG
  LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CREFIN/ DREFIN, SG21, VMG1, VMG2, NGR, NGZ, SGR(10), GR(10),
& SGZ(10), GZ(10)
  DIMENSION G40(40)
  EQUIVALENCE (G40, SGR)
COMMON /CSLC / BRANCH(4)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML, SSEF, SSEANG, SSDF, SSFEND, SSFND1,
& DSS(2), RHOW, RHOWSS, TSIC, RHOC, RHOCSS
  INTEGER SSFML
  LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF, TOLWFO, TEXI2, TWF, TERWF, JRET
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL, MAXSWP, CLEN, DTOLR1, TOLES2, NSWP,
& DS1DMP, DS1DP1, DTOLR2(4), SG1REF, TOLINR
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
& LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
& MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
& LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
COMMON /SLTAB2/ PTR(128)

```

C COMMONS NOT PRESENT IN GE VERSION

```

COMMON /CBEND / NRCB(2), ANGE(2), CURVE(2), FB(2)
COMMON /CBOW / BSHOCK, DUMBS(8)
  LOGICAL BSHOCK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2), C1(2), C2(2), FEND(2)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CLFIT1/ LFOUT
  LOGICAL LFOUT
COMMON /CPRINT/ PPK(6), PDUM(20)
COMMON /LINMAX/ LMAX
DATA MACHA/0877777777777777/, PSA,PTA/2*14.696/, TSA,TTA/2*518.7/,
& AXIA/,TRUE./, RGA/1716.2/, GAMA/1.4/, SCALEA/1./,

```

```

& TTE/0;/W CWOYST/,TRUE,/
DATA NBCIN/2#2/,ACF/0,,0./
DATA BITS/0377777777777777/,BLANK/1H /
DATA CRX/.,375.,.375.,.125,0.,0.,0./
DATA PASS1/,TRUE./
DATA CG/32,174/
DATA RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM/,5.,5,0/
DATA NINNER/56*10/,CNVF/16*1./
C GE LINES DELETED
DATA PSPISV,NZP,NZP1/0,0,0/
C NOTE - ADUM(1) IS USED TO EXTEND FAR FIELD BOUNDARY
DATA NRF/1.0/,INR/1.0/,XIVP/1.#6*0./,MXLRLX/5/
C GE LINE DELETED
DATA TL/1,E6/
DATA RN/0,/
DATA PI/3.,14159265/,TWOPI/6.2831853/,PIQ2/1,57079632/,
& PIQ4/.,78539816/,YODEG/57.2957795/,TORAD/.,0174532925/
DATA PRPRN/0/
DATA VELPOT/F/,ICOB/-1/,NODENS/0/,FBASTG/0:/
DATA G40/40*0377777777777777/,NBR/1/,
& VMG1,VMG2/100.,.100.,/,SGM/10.,.9*0.,/,SG21/1,/
DATA BRANCH/8*999./
DATA SSFML/1/,SSEF/,FALSE:/,SSEANG/0./,SSDF/,FALSE:/
& SSFEND,SSFND1/.,75.,.75/,TSIC/2./,
& RHOW,RHOWSS,RHOC,RHOCSS/1.,.1.,.1.,.1./
DATA TOLWF/.,001/
DATA TOLRL/1,E=3/,MAXSWP/200/,TOLES2/1,E=3/,
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1/0.,.5/,SG1REF/0./,TOLINR/.,05/
DATA LHO,LHE/1.0/,MO,NM/1.0/,NFCOLS/20/,MAXNJ,MAXOL/128,96/,
& LEO,LEE/1.0/,LRO,LRE/1.0/
DATA PTR/128*1./
C
C DATA DIFFERENT FROM OR NOT PRESENT IN GE VERSION
DATA MACHA/1,E15/,PSA,PTA/2*14,696/,TSA,TTA/2*518,7/
DATA PSA,PTA,TSA,TTA,RG/5*1:/
DATA BITS/1,E15/
DATA (FARFLD(I),I=1,2)/10HFF ,10H /
DATA (FREE(I),I=1,2)/10HFREE1 ,10HFREE2 /
DATA (PRES(I),I=1,2)/10HPRES1 ,10HPRES2 /
DATA ADUM/.,29.5*0./
DATA (PTITLE(I),I=1,6)/6H ,6H STRE,6HAMTUBE,6H CURVA,
& 6HTURE P,6HROGRAM/
DATA G40/40*1.E15/,VMG1,VMG2/.,1.,.1/
DATA NGZ/0/,SGZ/10*0./,DREFIN/.,01/
DATA DS1DMP/.,02/,SG1REF/10.E6/
C
DATA BSHOCK/F/
DATA NBC/2*0/,C1,C2,FEND/2*0.,.2*0.,.2*0./
DATA IGDMP/1/
DATA LFOUT/F/
DATA PPK/6*0./,PDUM/0.,.1.,.0.,.1.,.16*0./
DATA LMAX/64/
END

```

```

*DECK EDUMPS
SUBROUTINE EDUMPS
*EDUMPS TERMINAL EDUMP
SUBROUTINE EDUMPS
VEDUMPS:

```

```
COMMON /CHDATA/ TABLES(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(97)
```

```

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSB,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

```

```

I1TAB = LWO
CALL TABPRT(&HWAKETB, TABLES, LWE, 2)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(&HCADJWF, TABLES, LFE, 8)
I1TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT(&HSTATAB, TABLES, LESTA, 5)
L = LO
LMAX = LESTA
OMITFK = .TRUE.
LINES = 64
190 MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB-MA+2)
IF (LINES.EQ.(MB-MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)
DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
& CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L.LE.LMAX) GO TO 190
1200 FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H J M MU MD I S1
& S2 Z R PHI1 CURV V
&M B RHS DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,15,315,12,2F11,6,2F12,6,F11,6,F12,7,2F11,3,2F10,5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )
RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK ERRORK
SUBROUTINE ERRORK(NAME)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL GHOTST
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAD(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRN(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRN,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
C FIELD TABLES
C INDEX= M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,CRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

C STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L;E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM,ZBT),(LBA,RBT),(LBB,ANGBT)
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE

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```

C INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E.
C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E.
C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E.
C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T,E. (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR,
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E.
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E.
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORYCHN LIST FOR THE T,E.
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E.
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL PRIM
DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

EQUIVALENCE (BDT,X1F,X1),(LBNEXT,X2F,LNEXT),(LBZ1,X1BF,MLB)
EQUIVALENCE (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB),(UP,S1F,PRIM)
EQUIVALENCE (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB),(ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
EQUIVALENCE (RBT,JORDER,ILB),(ANGBT,VNR,FLB)

COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB

WRITE (6,100) NAME
100 FORMAT(/,2X,13HERRORK CALL--,1A6/)

CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
I1TAB = LBDO
CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB,BDT,LBDE,3)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,8)
I1TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

L = LO
LMAX = LESTA
180 OMITFK = .TRUE.
LINES = 64
190 MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB-MA+2)
IF (LINES.EQ.(MB-MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)

```

```

DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
1 CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LE,LMAX) GO TO 190

```

C ERASE2 DUMP

```

300 NK = MINO(NK,96)
GO TO (400,310,330,350,360);IGOBMP
310 WRITE (6,1000)
DO 315 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J*I,672,96)
315 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002)
DO 320 I=1,NK
IP = 672*I
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J*IP, 1536,96)
320 CONTINUE
GO TO 400

```

```

330 WRITE (6,1003)
I = 0
L = LNEXT(L0)
DO 335 IL=L0*LESTA,L
I = I+1
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J*I,768,128)
335 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1005)
DO 340 I=1,NK
IP = 768*I
WRITE (6,1006) (AREA(J),J*IP,1248,96)
340 CONTINUE
GO TO 400

```

```

350 WRITE (6,1007) (AREA(I),I=1152,1183)
WRITE (6,1009)
I = 0
L = LNEXT(L0)
DO 355 IL=L0*LESTA,L
I = I+1
WRITE (6,1010) (AREA(J),J*I,1152,128)
355 CONTINUE
GO TO 400

```

```

360 WRITE (6,1011) (AREA(I),I=1024,1037)
WRITE (6,1012)
I = 0
L = LNEXT(L0)
DO 365 IL=L0*LESTA,L
I = I+1
WRITE (6,1013) (AREA(J),J*I,1024,128)
365 CONTINUE
400 CONTINUE

```

```

1000 FORMAT (//2X,40HS'BROUTINES BRHS, FLOBAL, WRIBDY, WRIOUT//
1 11X,4HAREA,8X,5HAREAO,9X,4HDISP,11X,2HPT,7X,6HLAMBDA,10X,
2 3HRHO,7X,6HSQRTVV)
1001 FORMAT (2X,9E13.5)

```



```

1002 FORMAT (//13X,2HTS,11X,2HYT,9X,4HVMSQ,7X,6HVVKQKP,10X,3HWQA,9X,
1          4HWSTA,11X,2HRG,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFGR)
1003 FORMAT (//2X,17HSUBROUTINE PTMOVE// 12X,3HX1L,11X,2HSC,11X,2HVC
1          10X,8HVDS,9X,4HFVDS,10X,3HSCX)
1005 FORMAT (//11X,4HPHI2,10X,3HDS1,11X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,2X,5HWEZPT)
1006 FORMAT (2X,4E13,5,5X,L2)
1007 FORMAT (//2X,17HSUBROUTINE REFINE//2X,3HIA=,16I7/2X,3HIB=,16I7)
1009 FORMAT (//13X,2HCR,9X,4HDELS,8X,5HDELVM,2X,4HLSTA,3X,3HMJ2,10X,
1          3HSQX,10X,3HSGY,10X,3HRAV,10X,3HZAV)
1010 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,2I6,4E13,5)
1011 FORMAT (//2X,14HSUBROUTINE SLC//2X,6HCURSS=,6E13,5/
1          2X,6HQV =,8E,3,5)
1012 FORMAT (//13X,2HRB,11X,2HZB,10X,3HANG,8X,5HCURVB,10X,3HS1B,11X,
1          2HBI,2X,6HJ2DNE,3X,3HMSV)
1013 FORMAT (2X,6E13,5,2X,2I6)
1202 FORMAT (1W )
1201 FORMAT (1X, I3, 3I5, I2, 2F11.6, 2F12.6, F11.6, F12.7, 2F11.3, 2F10.5)
1200 FORMAT (57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H      J      M      MU      MD I      S1
*          S2          Z          R          PHI1          CURV
*VM          B          RHS          DS2 )

LSTOP = 5
IF(LSTOP.EQ.5) STOP
RETURN
1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE=//17X32HJ          X2          SLCHN
*          W/(I18,F12.6,6X,A6,F12.6,))
END

```

*DECK ATAN3
FUNCTION ATAN3(DY,DX,ANGREF)
ATAN3 ARCTAN FUNCTION WITH REFERENCE ANGLE *ATAN3*

C LIMITS ARE (-PI) ;LE; (ATAN3=ANGREF) ;LT; (+PI)

COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI
DATA KNAME/6HATAN3 /

ANG = ATAN2(DY,DX)
N = 20
50 N = N-1
IF(N,EQ,0) CALL ERROR(KNAME)
DANG = ANG-ANGREF
IF(PI-DANG) 60,70,70
60 ANG = ANG-TWOPI
GO TO 50
70 IF(DANG*PI) 80,90,90
80 ANG = ANG*TWOP
GO TO 50
90 ATAN3 = ANG
RETURN
END

•DECK BARC
 SUBROUTINE BARC(I)
 •BARC= BOUNDARY INTERVAL CURVALINEAR DIST •BARC•

C INPUT=
 C BDY = BOUNDARY TABLE OF Z,R,ANG
 C I = INDEX OF COOR-Z RELATIVE TO BDY-TABLE ORIGIN

C OUTPUT=
 C DR = DELTA-R = R(IV+1)-R(IV)
 C DZ = DELTA-Z = Z(IV+1)-Z(IV)
 C DX = CHORD CONNECTING THE POINTS OF THE INTERVAL
 C YPA = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-IV
 C YPB = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-IV+1
 C SINTVL = CURVALINEAR DISTANCE BETWEEN POINTS IV, IV+1
 C (ALSO-YPASQ, YPBSQ, YPAB)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
 C INDEX- LB=LBD0, LBDE
 C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
 C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
 C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
 C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
 C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L'E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
 C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAME, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
 C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
 1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
 2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP
 INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAME
 DIMENSION BDNAME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
 EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)
 COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR, DZ, YPA, YPB, F, G, DX, YGD, ZM, RM, ANGM, CURVM, S1M

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD, SINTVL, YPASQ, YPAB, YPBSQ
 LOGICAL RZONLY

DZ = ZBT(I+3)-ZBT(I)
 DR = RBT(I+3)-RBT(I)
 DX = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
 IF(DX, EQ, 0.) GO TO 90
 ANGCHD = ATANS(DR, DZ, ANGBT(I))
 YPA = ANGBT(I)-ANGCHD
 YPB = ANGBT(I+3)-ANGCHD
 YPASQ = YPA*YPA
 YPAB = YPA*YPB
 YPBSQ = YPB*YPB
 90 SINTVL = DX*(1. + (YPASQ+.5*YPAB+YPBSQ)/15.)

RETURN
 END

•DECK BARCS

FUNCTION BARCS(NAME,IV1,IV2)

•BARCS•

ARC DISTANCE BETWEEN BOUNDARY PTS

•BARCS•

C INPUT-

C NAME = BOUNDARY NAME

C IV1,IV2=INDEX OF POINTS IN THE GIVEN BOUNDARY

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX- LB=LBD0,LBDE

C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY

C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO

C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED

C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY

C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L/E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY

C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),

1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1).

2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP

INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME

DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C

COMMON /CBEA#2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,P,G,DX,YGDY,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,8INTVL,YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ

LOGICAL RZONLY

C

INDEX- M=M0,MM

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C

INDEX IN /BDYTAB/

LB = LBF(NAME)

C

SUM THE ARC DISTANCES FOR INTERVALS IV1 TO (IV2-1)

I = LB+LBZ1(LB)+3*(IV2-1)

IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) I=I+3

ISTOP = I+3*(IV2-IV1)

S = 0.

75 IF(I=ISTOP)88,90,90

80 CALL BARC(I)

S = S+SINTVL

I = I+3

GO TO 75

90 BARCS = S

RETURN

END

```

*DECK BEAM
SUBROUTINE BEAM(X,Y,ANG,N)
*BEAM=C ROTATED CUBICS SIMILATING A BEAM *BEAM=C
C FIT TO COORDINATE POINTS

DIMENSION X(100),Y(100),ANG(100)

C INPUT=
C X,Y = COORDINATES OF POINTS
C ANG = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE GIVEN POINTS; RADIANS (MA=1)
C ANG(1) = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C N = NUMBER OF POINTS
C MA = 0 IF THE VALUES OF ANGLES ARE NOT ESTIMATED,
C = 1 IF ESTIMATED ANGLES ARE GIVEN
C MB = NO OF ITERATIONS
C KD = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG
C KORDER = 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C = -1 TO SKIP THE POINT ORDER CHECK
C = .GE.1 IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION
C (IF NOT INPUT MA=0, MB=1, KD=1, AND KORDER=0)
C SUBROUTINE BEND MUST BE PROVIDED TO CALCULATE THE FOLLOWING COEFFI
C A(2,1),A(3,1),B(1), A(1,N),A(2,N),B(N)

C OUTPUT=
C ANG = CALCULATED VALUE OF THE CURVE ANGLE; RADIANS
C B = SLOPE IN ROTATED COORDINATES, LEFT END OF SEGMENT
C YPB = SLOPE IN ROTATED COORDINATES, RIGHT END OF SEGMENT
C ACHD = ANGLE (RELATIVE TO HORIZONTAL) OF THE LINE SEGMENTS, RADIA
C CHD = LENGTHS OF THE LINE SEGMENTS BETWEEN THE INPUT POINTS; CMO
C KORDER = INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS, NOT=0 ON ENTRY

C NOTE=COMMON /ERASE/ MUST BE 8*N IN LENGTH; ITS LENGTH MAY BE CHANG
C BY A SUSE CARD WITHOUT PROGRAM RECOMPILATION!

C ORDER OF STORAGE IN COMMON /ERASE/ IS = A(1,3),A(1,1);A(1,2),B(1),
C YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(1), A(2,1),A(2,2);A(2,3),B(2),YPB(2),DA(

COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /CPI / PI,PIDUM(5)
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1);YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)
DIMENSION YPA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (YPA,B)
DATA KNAME/'WBEAM/'

IF(N,LE,1) CALL BRRORK(KNAME)
M = MA
N8 = 8*N-7

C CALCULATE THE CHORDS CONNECTING THE GIVEN POINTS
C AND CALC THE TURNING ANGLES BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE CHORDS
K = 1
I = 1
IMB = 1
ACHD(1)=ANG(I)
100 KP = K+KD
SX = X(KP)-X(K)
SY = Y(KP)-Y(K)
B(I) = ANG(M)
CHD(I) = SQRT(SX*SX+SY*SY)
ACHD(I) = ATAN2(SY,SX,ACHD(IMB))
DA(I) = DANG

```

```

      IF(I,GT,9 ,AND, (ABS(DA(I))+ABS(DA(IM8))),GT,PI ,AND,
      * KORDER.NE.(=1)) GO TO 800
130 IM8   = I
      I    = I+8
      K    = K+KD
      IF(I-N8) 100,140,140
140 ACHD(I)=ACHD(I-8)
      DA(I) = 0.
      B(I)  = ANG(K)

C   SLOPES IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM
C   FROM THE ESTIMATED INPUT ANGLES
      I    = 1
      IF(M) 160,180,160
160 YPA(I)= TAN(B(I)-ACHD(I))
      YPB(I)= TAN(B(I+8)-ACHD(I))
      I    = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 160,200,200

C   SLOPES EQUAL TO A FRACTION OF THE LINE SEGMENT TURNING
180 YPA(I)= .2*DA(9)
      I    = 9
185 YPB(I-8)=.4*DA(I)
      YPA(I)= -YPB(I-8)
      I    = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 185,190,190
190 YPB(I-8)=.2*DA(I-8)

C   END EQUATIONS
200 CALL BEND(N)

C   MATCHING ANGLE AND CURVATURE EQUATIONS
      IF(N-2) 250,800,250
250 I    = 9
      GO TO 260
255 A(I) = CHD(I)*(1+.5*YPA(I)*YPA(I))
      A(I+2)= CHD(I-8)*(1+.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))
      A(I+1)= 2.*(A(I)+A(I+2))
      B(I)  = -2.*(A(I) *DA(I) + A(I+2)*DA(I+8))
      I    = I+8
260 IF(I-N8) 255,300,300

C   ROUTINE TDSEQ = TRIDIAGONAL SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C   SOLUTION TO AX=B. ON RETURN SOLUTION VECTOR X IS STORED IN B
300 A(3) = A(3)/A(2)
      B(1) = B(1)/A(2)
      I    = 9
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(1,3)
      A(1) = A(1)/A(2)
      A(10) = A(10)-A(9)*A(3)
      A(11) = (A(11)-A(9)*A(1))/A(10)
      GO TO 312
310 A(I+1)= A(I+1)-A(I)*A(I-6)
      A(I+2)= A(I+2)/A(I+1)
312 B(I) = (B(I)-A(I)*B(I-8)) / A(I+1)
      I    = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 310,320,340
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(N,N-2)
320 A(I) = A(I)-A(I+2)*A(I-14)
      B(I) = B(I)-A(I+2)*B(I-16)
      GO TO 310

```

```

C   BACK SUBSTITUTION
340 I   = N8
350 I   = I-8
      IF(I-1) 400,355,360
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(I,I)
355   B(I) = B(I)-A(I)*B(I+1)
360 B(I) = B(I)-A(I+2)*B(I+8)
      GO TO 350

C   REEVALUATE YPB
400 I   = 9
405 YPB(I-8) = B(I)*DA(I)
      I   = I+8
      IF(I=N8) 405,405,450

C   RETURN FOR ANOTHER ITERATION
450 M   = M+1
      IF(M=MB) 200,200,500

C   ANGLES
500 I   = 1
      K   = 1
505 ANG(K) = ACHD(I)+ATAN(B(I))
      I   = I+8
      K   = K+K0
      IF(I=N8) 505,505,530
530 KORDER = 0
      GO TO 900

C   ERROR = OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 IF(KORDER.EQ.0) CALL ERROR(KNAME)
      KORDER = K

900 RETURN
      END

```

•DECK CBEAM
BLOCK DATA BEAMBK
•CBEAM DATA FOR /CBEAM /
COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
DATA MA,MB,KD,KORDER/0,1,2,0/
END

•CBEAM•

*DECK BEND
 SUBROUTINE BEND(NN)
 *BEND= END CONDITIONS FOR THE BEAM FIT *BEND*

C ON ENTRY =
 C N = NUMBER OF POINTS
 C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY = IN COMMON/CBEND/
 C NBC(L) = BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)
 C = 0, 1, OR 2
 C ANGE(L) = ANGLE IN DEGREES IF NBC(L)=1
 C CURVE(L) = CURVATURE IF NBC(L)=2
 C FEND(L) = RATIO OF SHEAR OF THE END TO NEXT TO END INTERVAL, NBC(L)

C ON RETURN =
 C COEFFICIENTS = A(2),A(3),B(1) AND A(N8),A(N8+1),B(N8)
 COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
 COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
 COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

C INITIALIZE
 C N = NN
 C N8 = INDEX FOR RIGHT END POINT
 C N8 = 8*N-7
 A(1) = 0;
 A(2) = 1;
 A(3) = 0;
 A(N8) = 0;
 A(N8+1) = 1;
 A(N8+2) = 0.

C A STRAIGHT LINE IS USED FOR N=2 IF NBC(1)=NBC(2)=0
 NBCS = NBC(1)+NBC(2)
 IF(N,GT,2,OR,NBCS,GT,0) GO TO 80
 B(1) = 0;
 B(9) = 0;
 B(2) = 0;
 GO TO 900

C CHECK IF PARABOLA (F=0) SHOULD BE USED
 80 IF(N,EQ,3,AND,NBCS,EQ,0) GO TO 90
 F1 = FEND(1)
 F2 = FEND(2)
 GO TO 110
 90 F1 = 0;
 F2 = 0.

C NBC=01, Y AND ANGLE SPECIFIED
 C LEFT END
 110 IF(NBC(1),NE,01) GO TO 120
 B(1) = TAN(TORAD*ANGE(1)*ACHD(1))
 C RIGHT END
 120 IF(NBC(2),NE,01) GO TO 210
 B(N8) = TAN(TORAD*ANGE(2)*ACHD(N8))

C NBC=02, Y AND CURVATURE SPECIFIED
 C LEFT END
 210 IF(NBC(1),NE,02) GO TO 220
 A(2) = 4;
 A(3) = 2;
 B(1) = -2,*(DA(9)+CHD(1)+CURVE(1))*(1,+.1,5*B(1)+B(1))
 C RIGHT END

```

220 IF(NBC(2);NE(0)) GO TO 310
   A(N8) = 2;
   A(N8+1)=4;
   B(N8) = CHD(N8-8)*CURVE(2)*(1+.15*YPB(N8-8)*YPB(N8-8))

```

```

C   NBC=0;   YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)

```

```

C   LEFT END

```

```

310 IF(NBC(1);NE(0)) GO TO 320
   IF(N.EQ.2) GO TO 315
   DX1SQ = CHD(1)*CHD(1)
   DX2SQ = CHD(9)*CHD(9)
   A(2) = DX2SQ
   A(1) = -F1*DX1SQ
   A(3) = A(2)+A(1)
   B(1) = F1*DA(17)*DX1SQ + DA(9)*DX2SQ

```

```

   GO TO 320

```

```

315 A(3) = 1;
   B(1) = 0.

```

```

C   RIGHT END

```

```

320 IF(NBC(2);NE(0)) GO TO 900
   IF(N.EQ.2) GO TO 325
   DXNSQ = CHD(N8-8)*CHD(N8-8)
   DXMSQ = CHD(N8-16)*CHD(N8-16)
   A(N8+2)=-F2*DXNSQ
   A(N8+1)=DXMSQ
   A(N8) = A(N8+1)+A(N8+2)
   B(N8) = F2*DA(N8-8)*DXNSQ

```

```

   GO TO 900

```

```

325 A(N8) = 1;
   B(N8) = 0.

```

```

900 RETURN
   END

```

```
*DECK CBEND
BLOCK DATA BENDBK
*CBEND= DATA FOR /CBEND /
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2), ANGE(2), CURVE(2), FEND(2)
DATA NBC, ANGS, CURVE, FEND/2*0.6*0./
END
```

CBEND

•DECK BFI
 SUBROUTINE BFI
 •BFI--• BEAM FIT INTERPOLATION

•BFI•

C INPUT-
 C DR = R(I+1)-R(I)
 C DZ = Z(I+1)-Z(I)
 C YPA = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT I
 C YPB = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT I+1
 C F = X/DX
 C G = (DX-Z)/DX
 C RZONLY = T IF YQDX, RM AND ZM ONLY ARE TO BE COMPUTED
 C

C OUTPUT DATA AT THE INTERMEDIATE POINT WITHIN THE INTERVAL
 C YQDX = Y/DX, DISTANCE NORMAL TO THE CHORD
 C ZM = Z-Z(I)
 C RM = R-R(I)
 C DX = LENGTH OF THE CHORD
 C ANGM = ANG-ANGCHD
 C CURVM = CURVATURE
 C S1M = CURVALINEAR DISTANCE FROM POINT-I
 C

C NOTES-
 C CHORD = LINE BETWEEN POINTS I AND I+1

COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
 1 RZONLY
 LOGICAL RZONLY

DOUBLE PRECISION C1,C2,C3,C4,C5

YQDX = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
 RM = YQDX*DZ+F*DR
 ZM = F*DZ*YQDX*DR
 IF(RZONLY) GO TO 990
 DX = SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
 ANGM = YPA*(3.*G-2.)*G + YPB*(3.*F-2.)*F
 CURVM = (YPA*(6.*G-2.)*YPB*(-6.*F-2.))/(DX*(1.+1.5*ANGM*ANGM))
 YPASQ = YPA*YPA
 YPAB = YPA*YPB
 YPBSQ = YPB*YPB
 C1 = 1.+3.*YPASQ
 C2 = 2.*YPASQ-YPAB
 C3 = (11.*(YPASQ+YPAB) + YPBSQ+YPBSQ)/3,
 C4 = -3.*YPASQ + 4.5*YPAB - 1.5*YPBSQ
 C5 = 9.*(YPASQ+YPAB+YPAB+YPBSQ)/40.
 S1M = DX*(F*(C1+F*(C2+F*(C3*F*(C4+F*C5))))

990 RETURN
 END

```
*DECK CBF1
BLOCK DATA BFIBLK
*CBF1*-          BLOCK DATA FOR BEI          *CBF1*
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
1              RZONLY
LOGICAL        RZONLY
DATA RZONLY/'FALSE.'/
END
```

```
*DECK CRTIME  
SUBROUTINE CRTIME(TIME)  
COMMON /ERASE2/ IA(200),DUM(1336)  
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK FHEAD
SUBROUTINE FHEAD(LA1)
CFHEAD--- CDC VERSION
COMMON /ADAM81/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /LINMAX/ LMAX

LA = LA1

C ADJUST LINE COUNT
5 LINTOT = LINES+LA
IF( LINTOT.GT.LMAX ) GO TO 8
LINES = LINTOT
6 RETURN
C RESTORE AND PRINT IDENTIFICATION IF LINE COUNT.GT.LMAX
8 WRITE (6,810) TITLE,PTITLE,IDENT
LINES = LA+3
GO TO 6
810 FORMAT(1H1,6A10,33X,6A6/1X,6A10)
END

```

```

*DECK GETIX
  IDENT  GETIX
  ENTRY  GETIX,SAVIX
*
* SUBROUTINE GETIX
*
* COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
* COMMON /CIDEX  / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
* INPUT=
* JMS      = ARRAY CONTAINING PACKED INDICES J,MU,MD,ISTAG
* M        = INDEX OF "JMS" ARRAY
* OUTPUT=
* J        = STREAMLINE NUMBER
* MU       = M= UPSTREAM
* MD       = M= DOWNSTREAM
* ISTAG    = INDICATOR FOR STAGNATION POINT, ETC.

```

```

GETIX  BSSZ  1
      SA1   M           CONTENTS OF M IN X1
      SA2   X1+JMS-1    JMS(M) IN X2
      SB3   0           INITIALIZE
      SB4   3
* LOOPG
      SA3   MASK1+B3    LOAD MASK
      BX6   X2*X3      AND TO MASK
      SA1   SHIFT+B3   SHIFT BITS IN X1
      SB5   X1         MOVE TO B5
      AX6   X6,B5      SHIFT
      SA6   J+B3       STORE
      SB3   B3+1
      LE    B8,B4,LOOPG
      JP    GETIX      TRA FOR RETURN

```

```

* SUBROUTINE SAVIX
* INPUT=
* M      = INDEX OF JMS ARRAY
* J      = STREAMLINE NUMBER
* MU     = M= UPSTREAM
* MD     = M= DOWNSTREAM
* ISTAG  = INDICATOR FOR STAGNATION POINT, ETC.
* OUTPUT=
* JMS(M) = PACKED J,MU,MD,ISTAG

```

```

SAVIX  BSSZ  1
      MX3   0
      SB3   0           INITIALIZE
      SB4   3
* LOOPS
      SA2   B8+J       J IN X2
      SA1   SHIFT+B3
      SB5   X1
      LX2   X2,B5      SHIFT LEFT
      BX3   X3*X2      OR TO X3
      SB3   B3+1
      LE    B8,B4,LOOPS
      SA1   M
      BX6   X8         MOVE TO X6
      SA6   X1+JMS-1   STORE JMS(M)
      JP    SAVIX      TRA FOR RETURN
* MASK1
      DATA 00000000077600000000
      DATA 00000000000177770000
      DATA 00000000000000007774
      DATA 00000000000000000003
* SHIFT
      DATA 28
      DATA 15

```



```
DATA 2
DATA 0
USE /CM/
JMS BSS 300
USE /CIDEX/
M BSS 1
J BSS 1
MU BSS 1
MD BSS 1
ISTAG BSS 1
END
```

```

*DECK GETRLX
      IDENT  GETRLX
      ENTRY  GETRLX
*
GETRLX  BSSZ   1
        SB4   25          INITIALIZE REGISTERS
        SB7  -5
LOOP    SB7   B7+5        INDEX B7
        GE   B7,B4,GETRLX
LOOP2   SA1   B7+M        CONTENTS OF M IN X1
        SA2  X1+JMS-1     JMS(M) IN X2
        SA3  MASK1        MU=MASK IN X3
        BX6  X2*X3        EXTRACT MU
        SA1  SHIFT
        SB3  X1           SHIFT BITS
        AX6  X6,B3        SHIFT RIGHT
        NZ   X6,UP0      TEST FOR STREAMLINE ORIGIN
        SA4  M            M= TO X4
        BX6  X4           MOVE TO X6
UP0     SA6   B7+MU        STORE CURRENT MU
        SA3  MASK1+1      MD=MASK IN X3
        BX6  X2*X3        EXTRACT MD
        SA1  SHIFT+1
        SB3  X1           SHIFT BITS
        AX6  X6,B3        SHIFT RIGHT
        NZ   X6,DN0      TEST FOR STREAMLINE TERMINATION
        SA4  M            M= TO X4
        BX6  X4           MOVE TO X6
DN0     SA6   B7+MD        STORE CURRENT MD
        SA3  MASK1+2      IFLAG=MASK IN X3
        BX6  X2*X3        EXTRACT IFLAG
        SB6  3
        SB3  X6           MOVE LOW ORDER BITS TO B3
        NE   B3,B6,NOTPO  TEST FOR PARTIAL ORTHOGONAL
        ZR   B7,NOTPO    BRANCH IF MID-POINT
        SB3  5
        EQ   B3,B7,UPPO
        SB3  15
        EQ   B3,B7,UPPO
        SA4  B7+MD        CURRENT MD IN X4
        BX6  X4           MOVE TO X6
        SA6  B7+M        RESET M TO MOVE RIGHT
        JP   LOOP2
*
UPPO    SA4   B7+MU        CURRENT MU IN X4
        BX6  X4           MOVE TO X6
        SA6  B7+M        RESET M TO MOVE LEFT
        JP   LOOP2
*
NOTPO   SB3   15
        GE   B7,B3,LOOP   CONTINUE IF ON EXTREME(M2,M6) POINTS
        NZ   B7,TEST1     CONTINUE CHECK
        SA4  MU           MU IN X4
        BX6  X4           MOVE TO X6
        SA6  M+5          SET UP FOR M3,M5
        SA4  MD
        BX6  X4           MOVE TO X6
        SA6  M+10
        JP   LOOP
*
TEST1   SB3   5
        NE   B7,B3,TEST2

```

	SA4	B7+MU	SET UP M2 POINT
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	M15	
	JP	LOOP	
TEST2	SA4	B7+MD	SET UP M6 POINT
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	M20	
	JP	LOOP	
MASK1	DATA	0000000000001777700000	
	DATA	0000000000000000007777	
	DATA	0000000000000000000003	
SHIFT	DATA	13	
	DATA	2	
	USE	/EM/	
JMS	BSS	300	
	USE	/CIDEXR/	
M	BSS	2	
MU	BSS	1	
MD	BSS	1	
ISTAG	BSS	21	
	END		

```
*DECK JMSVRT
SUBROUTINE JMSVRT
*JMSVRT PRINT INDEX ARRAY, JMS
```

```
*JMSVRT*
```

```
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
*
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO, NM, NJ, NCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, CRB, LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
```

```
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /ERASE / IOU(800).
```

```
C RESTOR PAGE
WRITE (6,1000)
```

```

M = 1
IS = 30
40 I = 1
MA = M
50 CALL GETIX
IOU(I)=J
IOU(I+1)=MU
IOU(I+2)=MD
IF(ISTAG .EQ. 0) GO TO 60
IOU(IS+1) = M
IOU(IS+2) = ISTAG
IS = IS + 2
60 I = I+3
M = M+1
IF(I.LT.30 .AND. M.LE.NM) GO TO 50
IB = I-1
WRITE (6,1002) MA, (IOU(L), L=1, IB)
IF(M.LE.NM) GO TO 40
WRITE (6,1004) (IOU(I), I=31, IS)
1000 FORMAT(8H1J, MU=MD)
1002 FORMAT(1X, I5, 30I4)
1004 FORMAT(/8H M=ISTAG/(6X, 20I5))
RETURN
END
```

*DECK LBF
 FUNCTION LBF(BDYNAM)
 *LBF--= BOUNDARY TABLE INDEX FROM BDY NAME *LBF*

INTEGER BLANK,BDYNAM

C
 C BOUNDARY TABLE
 C INDEX = LB=LBD0,LBDE
 C LBNEXT = INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
 C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
 C CHNAME = CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
 C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
 C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E? POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
 C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
 C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
 C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
 1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
 2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP
 INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
 DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
 EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C
 COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
 * LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
 * MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
 * LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
 DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
 COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

C SEARCH FOR MATCHING BOUNDARY NAME
 LB = LBDO
 60 IF(BDT(LB).EQ.BLANK .OR. LB.GE.LBDE) GO TO 80
 IF(BDT(LB).EQ.BDYNAM) GO TO 70
 LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
 GO TO 60
 70 LBF = LB
 RETURN
 80 LBF = 0
 RETURN
 END

```

*DECK LFIT1
SUBROUTINE LFIT1(X,Y,NPTS, XC,YC,NXC)
*LFIT1 LINEAR FIT INTERPOLATION @LFIT1
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10)

```

```

C INPUT-
C X,Y = LIST OF COORDINATES DESCRIBING THE INPUT FUNCTION
C NPTS = NUMBER OF X,Y POINTS
C XC = LIST OF X-S AT WHICH INTERPOLATION IS TO BE PERFORMED
C NXC = NUMBER OF XC-VALUES

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C YC = LIST OF VALUES INTERPOLATED AT XC(IC),IC=1,NXC

```

```

C NOTES-
C IF XC IS OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE OF X, THE END VALUE OF Y IS SU
C FOR YC.
C X MUST BE LISTED FROM SMALLEST TO LARGEST.
C DOUBLE X-POINTS ARE ALLOWED FOR A FUNCTION DISCONTINUITY.

```

```

COMMON /CLFIT1/ LFOUT
LOGICAL LFOUT
N = NPTS
I = 1

```

```

C BEGIN INTERPOLATION LOOP FOR XC(IC),IC=1,NXC

```

```

IC = 1
60 XCIC = XC(IC)
IF(N,GT,1) GO TO 100
YC(IC)=Y(1)
GO TO 190

```

```

100 XG = X(I+1)-XCIC
IF(XG) 114,114,102
102 XF = XCIC*X(I)
IF(XF) 110,120,120

```

```

C F,LT,0; (F IS THE FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL)

```

```

110 I = I-1
IF(I) 100,114,100
111 I = 1
YC(IC)=Y(I)
IF (LFOUT) YC(IC)=0;
GO TO 190

```

```

C F,GE,1;
114 I = I+1
IF(I-N) 100,115,100
115 I = N-1
YC(IC)=Y(N)
GO TO 190

```

```

C INTERPOLATE
120 YC(IC)= (Y(I)*XG+Y(I+1)*XF)/(XG+XF)

```

```

C INDEX TO NEXT XC(IC)
190 IC = IC+1
IF(IC,LE,NXC) GO TO 60

```

```

RETURN
END

```

```
*DECK LOC2
      FUNCTION LOC2(IA,IB)
CLOC2== CDC VERSION
C      IABS( ADDRESS(1B)=ADDRESS(1A) )
      LOC2 = IABS( LOCF(1B)=LOCF(1A) )
      RETURN
      END
```

```

*DECK LSPFIT
SUBROUTINE LSPFIT(X,Y,NPTS, XC, YC, NXC, ND)
*LSPPFIT INTEGRATE OR INTERPOLATE *LSPPFIT*
INTEGRATE OR INTERPOLATE USING A PARABOLA WHICH PASSED THROUGH THE
AND (I+1) POINTS BUT MISSES THE (I+1) AND (I+2) POINTS (IF THEY BO
EXIST) SUCH THAT THE SQUARE OF THE DEVIATION IS A MINIMUM, NOTE
THAT I IS GENERALLY SELECTED SUCH THAT
X(I), LB, XC, LT, X(I+1)
THE EQUATION FOR THE PARABOLA IS
Y=Y(I) + B*(X-X(I)) + C*(X-X(I))**2

DIMENSION X(10), Y(10), XC(10), YC(10)
NOTE: THE DIMENSION *10* DOES NOT NEED TO AGREE WITH THE CALLING

C INPUT-
C X, Y PTS: ON CURVE
C NPTS NO. OF X
C XC LIST OF X AT WHICH CALC TO BE DONE
C YC(1) INTEGRATION CONSTANT IF ND=-1
C NXC NO. OF XC
C ND =0 TO GET COORD, =1 TO GET 1ST DERIVATIVE,
C =-1 FOR INTEGRATION
C LEND = LINEAR FIT IN END INTERVAL, T OR F

C OUTPUT
C YC COORDINATE OR DERIVATIVE AT XC OR
C YC(IC)= INTEGRAL(Y*DX) FROM XC(1) TO XC(IC) WHERE IC=2,NXC

C NOTES-
C *X* MAY BE IN EITHER ASCENDING OR DESCENDING ORDER;
C FOR INTEGRATION *XC* MUST BE IN THE SAME ORDER AS *X*. FOR INTERP
C NO SPECIAL ORDER IS REQUIRED;

COMMON /CLSPF / I,LEND
LOGICAL LEND

LOGICAL WITHIN
DATA KNAME/6HLSPPFIT/

N = NPTS-1
IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) I=1
ISAVE = 0
SGN = SIGN(1.,X(N+1)-X(1))

C BEGIN INTERPOLATION LOOP FOR XC(IC) IC=1,NXC
IC = 1

C LOCATE APPROPRIATE INTERVAL
100 I = MAX(1,MIN(1,N))
WITHIN=.FALSE.
NCOUNT= N
102 IF(NCOUNT) 119,103,103
103 NCOUNT= NCOUNT-1

XI = X(I)
XD = XC(IC)-XI
IF(N) 104,120,104
104 IF(SGN*XD) 105,107,110

C F,LT,0; (F IS THE FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL)
105 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 120
IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 119

```



```

      I = I-1
      GO TO 102

C      F,LE,0
107 IF (X(I+1),NE,XI) GO TO 120
      IF (I,GE,N) GO TO 105
      GO TO 116

C      F,GT,0:
110 IF (SGN*(XC(IC)-X(I+1))) 120,112,114

C      F,EQ,1;0; CHECK FOR INTEGRATION AND DOUBLE POINT BEFORE INCREMEN.
112 IF ((ND,EQ,(-1)) .OR. (I,NE,N .AND. X(I+1),EQ,X(I+2))) GO TO 120

C      F,GT,1;0
114 IF (I,EQ,N) GO TO 120
      IF (ND,EQ,(-1)) GO TO 122
116 I = I+1
      GO TO 102

119 CALL ERRORK(KNAME)

C      PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS FOR INTERPOLATION OR INTEGRATION
120 WITHIN=TRUE;
122 IF (I-ISAVE) 124,129,124
124 ISAVE = I
      Y1 = Y(I)
      X3 = X(I+1)-X1
      Y3 = Y(I+1)-Y1
      C = 0;
      TOP = 0;
      BOT = 0;
      IF (LEND .AND. (I,EQ,1 .OR. I,EQ,N)) GO TO 128
      IF (I,LE,1) GO TO 127
      X1 = X(I-1)-X1
      X13 = X(I-1)-X(I+1)
      TOP = X1*(Y3*X1-(Y(I-1)-Y1)*X3)*X13
      BOT = X1*X1*X13*X13*X3
127 IF (I,GE,N .OR. (XD,EQ,0, .AND. BOT,NE,0,)) GO TO 128
      X4 = X(I+2)-X1
      X43 = X(I+2)-X(I+1)
      Y4 = Y(I+2)-Y1
      TOP = TOP + X4*(Y3*X4-Y4*X3)*X43
      BOT = BOT + X4*X4*X43*X43*X3
128 IF (BOT,NE,0,) C = -TOP/BOT
      B = 0;
      IF (N,GT,0 .AND. X3,NE,0,) B = (Y(I+1)-Y1)/X3 - C*X3
129 IF (ND) 130,140,141

C      ND=#1, INTEGRATE
130 IF (NOT;WITHIN) XD=X3
      S1 = (Y1 + (B/2, + C/3,*XD)*XD)*XD
      IF (WITHIN) GO TO 135
C      I IS BEING INCREMENTED TO FIND APPROPRIATE INTERVAL. HENCE;
C      CUMULATE THE INTEGRAL OF THE ITH INTERVAL,
      SA = SA + S1
      GO TO 116
C      APPROPRIATE INTERVAL FOUND. X(I)=XC(IC)-X(I+1)
135 IF (IC,EQ,1) SA=YC(IC)-S1
      IF (IC,NE,1) YC(IC)=SA+S1
      GO TO 150

```

```

C      ND=0, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
140  YC(IC)= YI + (B + C*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C      ND=1, FIRST DERIVATIVE
141  YC(IC)= B + 2.*0*XD
      GO TO 150

150  IC      = IC+1
      IF(NXC=IC) 900,160,160
160  IF(ND.NE.(-1).AND.XC(IC).EQ.XC(IC-1)) I=I+1
      GO TO 100

900  RETURN
      END

```

```
*DECK LSUM
SUBROUTINE LSUM(X,Y,N, S)
CUMOLATIVE TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION
*LSUM*
DIMENSION X(9),Y(9),S(9)
DO 90 I=2,N
90 S(I) = .5*(Y(I)+Y(I-1))*(X(I)-X(I-1)) +S(I-1)
RETURN
END
```

```

•DECK MBEGIN
      FUNCTION MBEGIN(J2)
•MBEGIN      FIND FIRST FIELD POINT
C            FOR A GIVEN STREAMLINE
                                                    •MBEGIN•

C      INPUT
C      J2      = STREAMLINE INDEX
C      OUTPUT-
C      MBEGIN= FIELD INDEX OF FIRST POINT ON THE SL

      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
*                LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*                MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                LEO,LEE, LRO,LRB,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)

      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      DATA KNAME/6HMBEGIN/

C      SEARCH FOR FIRST POINT ON STREAMLINE J
101 M      = 1
105 CALL GETIX
      IF (J.EQ.J2 .AND. MU.EQ.0) GO TO 115
110 IF(M.EQ.NM) CALL ERRORR(KNAME)
112 M      = M+1
      GO TO 105

115 MBEGIN= M
      RETURN
      END

```

```
•DECK MNMX  
SUBROUTINE MINMAX(A,I1,I2,AMIN,IMIN,AMAX,IMAX)  
MINIMUM-MAXIMUM SEARCH ROUTINE
```

```
C  
C  
C  
C  
C
```

```
THIS PROCEDURE DETERMINES THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM  
FLOATING POINT VALUES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE  
POSITIONS IN A SPECIFIED AREA OF AN ARRAY.
```

```
DIMENSION A(1)  
AMIN=A(I1)  
IMIN=I1  
AMAX=A(I1)  
IMAX=I1  
DO 5 I=I1,I2  
IF(A(I).GE.AMIN) GO TO 10  
AMIN=A(I)  
IMIN=I  
GO TO 5  
10 IF(A(I).LE.AMAX) GO TO 5  
AMAX=A(I)  
IMAX=I  
5 CONTINUE  
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK MOVE
SUBROUTINE MOVE(NR,X1,Y1,N1,ND1,X2,Y2,N2,ND2,X3,Y3,N3,ND3)
CMOVE ===== FORTTRAN SIMULATION OF MOVE (CDC)
DIMENSION X1(1),Y1(1),X2(1),Y2(1),X3(1),Y3(1)
DO 100 L=1,NR
GO TO (5,10,15) , L
5 N = IABS(N1)
ND = ND1
IF( N1,LT,0 ) ND*-1
NS = N1
GO TO 40
10 N = IABS(N2)
ND = ND2
IF( N2,LT,0 ) ND*-1
NS = N2
GO TO 40
15 N = IABS(N3)
ND = ND3
IF( N3,LT,0 ) ND*-1
NS = N3
40 K = 1
IF(NS)401,100,41
401 K = N
41 IF( (K,LE,0) .OR. (K,GT,N) .OR. NS,EQ,0 ) GO TO 100
GO TO (45,50,55) , L
45 Y1(K) = X1(K)
GO TO 80
50 Y2(K) = X2(K)
GO TO 80
55 Y3(K) = X3(K)
80 K = K+ND
GO TO 41
100 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```
•DECK SETM
SUBROUTINE SBTM(NR,VAL,X1,N1,X2,N2,X3,NS)
DIMENSION X1(1),X2(1),X3(1)
CSETM ---- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF SETM(CDC)
DO 200 L=1,NR
GO TO (105,110,115) , L
105 NS = N1
GO TO 140
110 NS = N2
GO TO 140
115 NS = N3
140 DO 180 K=1,NS
GO TO (145,150,155) , L
145 X1(K) = VAL
GO TO 180
150 X2(K) = VAL
GO TO 180
155 X3(K) = VAL
180 CONTINUE
200 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```

*DECK FMPYC
SUBROUTINE FMPYC(NR,C,X1,Y1,N1,X2,Y2,N2,X3,Y3,N3)
DIMENSION X1(1),Y1(1),X2(1),Y2(1),X3(1),Y3(1)
CFMPYC --- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF FMPYC (CDC)
DO 300 L=1,NR
GO TO (205,210,215) , L
205 NS = N1
GO TO 240
210 NS = N2
GO TO 240
215 NS = N3
240 DO 280 K=1,NS
GO TO (245,250,255) , L
245 Y1(K) = C*X1(K)
GO TO 280
250 Y2(K) = C*X2(K)
GO TO 280
255 Y3(K) = C*X3(K)
280 CONTINUE
300 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```



```

*DECK QIREM
SUBROUTINE QIREM(X,Y, XJP, QV)
*QIREM= QUADRATIC INTERPOLATION ROOT EVALUATION *QJREM*
C FOR FUNCTIONS WITH MAXIMUMS

```

```

DIMENSION QV(8)
DATA KNAME/6HQIREM /

```

```

C INPUT-
C X = ABSCISSA
C Y = ORDINATE (OR ERROR)
C XJP = X-JUMP TO BE TAKEN BEFORE ROOT/MAX IS SPANNED. THE SIGN I
C A POSITIVE ERROR
C QV = STORAGE FOR EIGHT ELEMENT QIRE VECTOR
C QV(1) = CTR #0; (FIRST ENTRY ONLY)
C YTOL = TOLERANCE ON THE ERROR
C YO = ORDINATE TO BE OBTAINED (OPTIONAL)
C DYDX = ESTIMATE OF SLOPE FOR 2ND GUESS (OPTIONAL)
C CTRMAX= MAXIMUM NO. OF ITERATIONS (#25 IF NOT SPECIFIED)

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C X = NEXT X ESTIMATE
C QV(1) = 0. IF YTOL HAS BEEN SATISFIED
C QV(5) = 0. IF MAX PT HAS BEEN FOUND WITHIN YTOL.
C AND ABS(E),QV,YTOL.

```

```

C NOTES-
C C = THIRD COEFFICIENT IN THE EQUATION- Y=A+B*X+C*X**2
C = D12 IN QIRE NOTATION
C N1 = EXIT VALUE OF QV(5); N1=4 IF X IS THE PREDICTED MAX PT,
C N1=#9(-5) IF X IS JUST TO THE LEFT(RIGHT) OF THE PREVIOUSL
C PREDICTED MAX PT, N1=6 IF X IS THE SECOND PT CLOSE TO THE
C OTHERWISE N1=N,
C M = ENTRY VALUE OF QV(5)
C SGM = SIGN OF M IF ABS(M)#5
C SDYDX = SIGN OF THE SLOPE OF THE CURVE
C XJ = JUMP TO BE TAKEN FROM LAST X
C XJA = ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MAXIMUM JUMP = ABS(XJP)
C XM = DISTANCE FROM CENTRAL PT TO MAX/MIN OF PARABOLA. =XMAX=XX(
C OR = DISTANCE FROM CENTRAL PT TO THE ROOT, =XROOT=XX(2)
C X1 = INPUT (OR LAST) X VALUE

```

```

COMMON /QJREM/ YTOL, YO, DYDX, CTRMAX
COMMON /ERASE / BOT, C, DXDY, E, I, II, IN, ISPAN, M, N, RADICL, SDYDX, SGN,
1 TOP, X1, X13, X13P, XJ, XJA, XM, DX(3), DY(3), QV1(10)
DIMENSION XX(4), YY(4)
EQUIVALENC (CTR, QV1(1)), (N1, QIND, QV1(5)),
1 (XX, QV1(2)), (YY, QV1(6))

```

```

C INITIALIZING AND PRELIMINARY CHECKING
IF(CTRMAX.EQ.0.) CTRMAX=25;
DO 30 I=1,8
30 QV1(I)=QV(I)
N1 = IFIX(QV1(5))
E = Y-YO
M = N1
IF(CTR.EQ.0.) M=0
SGM = 1;
IF(M.GE.0) GO TO 36
M = 5;
SGM = -1;
36 N = MIN0(M,3)

```

```

C      SDYDX = SIGN(1.,XJP)
C      (ALTERNATE CALC TO CIRCUMVENT COMPILER ERROR)
      IF(XJP) 41,48,42
41     SDYDX = 1.
      GO TO 43
42     SDYDX = -1.
43     XJA   = ABS(XJP)
      X1    = X
      IF(M=5) 44,45,46
44     IF(ABS(E),LE,YTOL) GO TO 800
      IF(M,EQ,4, .AND, ABS(E-YY(2)),LE,YTOL) GO TO 700
      IF(CTR,GE,CTRMAX) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)
      GO TO 50
46     M    = 3
45     X13P = XX(3)-XX(1)

C      DETERMINE INDEX FOR INSERTING CURRENT X,E INTO XX,YY TABLE WHICH IS
C      ORDERED ACCORDING TO X,
50     IN   = 1
      IF(N,EQ,0) GO TO 90
60     IF(XX(IN).GT,X1) GO TO 70
      IN   = IN+1
      IF(IN.LE,N) GO TO 60
      GO TO 90

C      RELOCATE IN PREPARATION FOR INSERTING X,E
70     II   = N+1
80     XX(II)= XX(II-1)
      YY(II)= YY(II-1)
      II   = II-1
      IF(II.NE,IN) GO TO 80

C      INSERT NEW POINT
90     N    = N+1
      XX(IN)= X1
      YY(IN)= E

C      LOCATE INTERVAL WHICH SPANS ROOT
      ISPAN = 0
      IF(N,EQ,1) GO TO 200
      DO 110 I=2,N
      IF(SDYDX*YY(I).GT,0, .AND, SDYDX*YY(I-1).LT,0,) ISPAN=I
110    CONTINUE

C      REDUCE XX,YY TABLE TO THREE POINTS
      IF(N.LE,3) GO TO 200
      IF(ISPAN.EQ,0) GO TO 140
      (ROOT HAS BEEN SPANNED)
C
122   IF(ISPAN,EQ,N) GO TO 150
      IF(ISPAN,EQ,2) GO TO 175
      IF(ABS(YY(1)).GT,ABS(YY(4))) GO TO 150
      GO TO 175

C      (ROOT HAS NOT BEEN SPANNED)
140   IF(IN.LE,2) GO TO 175

C      DELETE FIRST POINT
150   DO 160 I=1,N
      XX(I) = XX(I+1)
160   YY(I) = YY(I+1)
      ISPAN = ISPAN-1

```

```

C   DELETE FOURTH POINT
175 N   = N-1

C   SIMPLE X-JUMP PREDICTION
200 N1  = N
      IF(ISPAN.GT.0 .OR. DYDX.NE.0.) GO TO 205
C   XJ   = SDYDX*SIGN(XJA,-E)
C   (ALTERNATE CALC TO CIRCUMVENT COMPILER ERROR)
      XJ   = XJP
      IF(E.LT.0.) XJ=-XJ
      GO TO 900

C   CURVE FIT PREDICTIONS
205 IF(N=2) 210,220,300

C   ONE POINT PREDICTION BASED ON INPUT VALUE OF DXDY
210 XJ   = -E/DYDX
      GO TO 900

C   TWO POINT STRAIGHT LINE PREDICTION
220 BOT  = YY(2)-YY(1)
      IF(BOT.EQ.0.) GO TO 230
      DXDY = (XX(2)-XX(1))/BOT
      IF(DXDY*SDYDX.GT.0.) GO TO 240
C   (CURVE SLOPE IS WRONG = MOVE TOWARD MAXIMUM POINT)
230 XJ   = .3.*SDYDX*XJA
      GO TO 900

C   (CURVE SLOPE IS CORRECT)
240 XJ   = -E*DXDY
      GO TO 900

C   PARABOLIC CURVE FIT PREDICTION
300 DX(1) = XX(1)-XX(2)
      DX(3) = XX(3)-XX(2)
      DY(1) = YY(1)-YY(2)
      DY(3) = YY(3)-YY(2)
      BOT  = DX(1)*DY(3) - DX(3)*DY(1)
      IF(ABS(BOT).LT.1.E-12) GO TO 600
      TOP  = DX(1)*DX(1)*DY(3) - DX(3)*DX(3)*DY(1)
      XM   = .5*TOP/BOT
      X13  = XX(3)-XX(1)
      IF(ABS(XM).GT.ABS(1.E3*X13)) GO TO 600
C   = BOT/(DX(1)*DX(3)*X13)
      RADICL = XM*XM - YY(2)/C
      IF(RADICL.LE.0.) GO TO 360
      SGN   = SIGN(1.,SDYDX*C)
      XM   = XM + SGN*SQRT(RADICL)
      GO TO 890

C   (IMAGINARY ROOT; HENCE WE ARE LOOKING FOR THE MAXIMUM POINT,
C   PREDICT MAX PT IF M=3, SELECT PTS ON LEFT/RIGHT SIDE OF PREVIOUSLY
C   PREDICTED PT IF M=4/5)
360 IF(M=4) 363,364,365
363 IF(ABS(XM).LT.XJA) N1=4
      GO TO 890
364 XJ   = .5*X13/8.
      N1  = 5
      IF(IN.GT.2) GO TO 900
      XJ  = -XJ
      N1  = .5
      GO TO 900
365 XJ   = SQM*X13P/4,

```

```
N1 = 6  
GO TO 900
```

```
C RETREAT TO LINEAR INTERPOLATION  
600 IF (ISPAN.GT.0) GO TO 122  
GO TO 140
```

```
C MAXIMUM FOUND  
700 QIND = 0.  
GO TO 930
```

```
C SOLUTION FOUND  
800 CTR = 0.  
GO TO 930
```

```
C FINIS  
890 X1 = XX(2)+XM  
GO TO 910  
900 X1 = X1+XJ  
910 CONTINUE  
X = AMAX1(XX(1)-XJA, AMIN1(XI, XX(N)+XJA))  
CTR = CTR+1.  
930 DO 950 I=1,8  
950 QV(I) = QV1(I)  
QV(5) = FLOAT(N1)  
999 RETURN  
END
```

•DECK SS5PT
 SUBROUTINE SS5PT
 •SS5PT SUPERSONIC 5-PT FORMULA

•SS5PT•

C INPUT-
 C X(1-4) = POINT SPACING FROM POINT ZERO
 C A4FACT = 1 FOR CUBIC, = 0 FOR SAME A4 AS A PARABOLA

C OUTPUT-
 C A0, A1, A2, A3, A4 = INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS FOR D2Y/DX2 AT X(4)

COMMON /CSS / SSFML, SSEF, SSEANG, SSDF, SSFEND, SSFND1
 1 ; SSDLE, A4FACT, BRLX, CURRLX, TSIC
 INTEGER SSFML
 LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

COMMON /CSS5PT/ X(4), Y(4), X21, X31, X32, X41, X42, X43, A0, A1, A2, A3, A4

X43 = X(4)*X(3)
 X42 = X(4)*X(2)
 X41 = X(4)*X(1)
 X32 = X(3)-X(2)
 X31 = X(3)*X(1)
 X21 = X(2)*X(1)

A4 = 2. / (X42*X43) * (1. + A4FACT*(X42+X43)/X41)
 A1 = (-A4*X(4)*X42*X43 + 2.*(X(4)+X42+X43)) /
 1 (X(1)*X21*X31)
 A2 = (-A4*X(4)*X41*X43 + 2.*(X(4)+X41+X43)) /
 1 (X(2)*X21*X32)
 A3 = (-A4*X(4)*X41*X42 + 2.*(X(4)+X41+X42)) /
 1 (X(3)*X31*X32)
 A0 = -(A1+A2+A3+A4)

RETURN
 END

```

*DECK TABPRT
SUBROUTINE TABPRT(NAME, A,NA,NCOL1)
CTABPRT-- CDC VERSION
DIMENSION A(10)
C INPUT*
C NAME = ARRAY NAME TO BE PRINTED
C A = ARRAY TO BE PRINTED
C NA = NUMBER OF ELEMENTS
C NCOL1 = NUMBER OF COLS. TO BE USED IN PRINT FORMAT
C $$$$$ (MAXIMUM = NA )
C I1TAB = LOC. OF FIRST ELEMENT IN A TO BE PRINTED
C
COMMON /CBITS / IBITS,BLANK
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
EQUIVALENCE (LSPACE,ASPACE) , (IB,B)
DIMENSION FMT(12)
REAL I12
INTEGER HOLL,HTEST
DATA IBCI/0010000000000/
DATA (FMT(J),J=1,12)/10H(1X,I5 ,10H ,10H ,10H
*10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H
*10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H
*10H //
DATA
* F1, F8, F6, E5, BCD, OCT, I12/
*6H,F12,1, 6H,F12,3, 6H,F12,6, 6H,E12,4, 6H,6X,A6, 6H,6X,O4, 4H,I12
*/
DATA HMASK/0000000000000077777777// , HTEST/0000000000000055555555//,
* INMASK/037777777700000000000000/
DATA NINMSK/0777700000000000000000/

NCOL = MIN0(NCOL1,10)
NB = NA

C WRITE HEADING
WRITE (6,1000) NAME

45 I1 = I1TAB
I = I1
I2 = 0

C WRITE LINE SPACE
47 WRITE (6,1002)
C LOCATION OF NEXT LINE SPACE IS GIVEN BY A(I+1)
ASPACE= A(I+1)
IF( LSPACE,LE,1 ,OR, LSPACE,GE,IBCI ) LSPACE=IBCI
LSPACE= LSPACE+I-1
GO TO 110

C BEGIN LOOP TO DEFINE LINE FORMAT
48 II = 1
C
50 B = A(I)

C SPECIAL NUMBERS
NN = NINMSK,AND,B
IF( NN,EQ,NINMSK ) GO TO 82
C TEST FOR HOLLERITH (6H-***- MAX.)
HOLL = HMASK,AND,B
IF( HOLL,EQ,HTEST ) GO TO 80
C TEST FOR INTEGER (BITS 36-58=0 FOR MAX 635 INTEGER
C FLOATING POINT NUMBERS NORMALIZED

```

```

IF( IB, EQ, IBITS ) GO TO 85
INTGR = INMASK.AND. IB
IF( INTGR, EQ, 0 ) GO TO 82
C REAL NUMBER -> NORMALIZED
B = ABS(B)
FMT(II+1) = E9
IF( B, LT, 1.E-3 ; OR, B, GE, 1.E8 ) GO TO 90
65 FMT(II+1) = F6
IF( B, GE, 1.E8 ) FMT(II+1) = F3
IF( B, GE, 1.E9 ) FMT(II+1) = F1
GO TO 90

C BCD
80 FMT(II+1) = BCD
GO TO 90

C INTEGER
82 FMT(II+1) = I12
GO TO 90

C OCTAL
85 FMT(II+1) = OCT
90 II = II+1
I = I+1
IF( I, GT, LSPACE ) GO TO 100
IF( II, LE, NCOL ; AND, I, LE, NB ) GO TO 50
100 I2 = I-1
WRITE (6, FMT) I1, (A(K), K=I1, I2)
I1 = I
110 IF( I, GE, NB ) GO TO 990
IF( I, GT, LSPACE ) GO TO 47
GO TO 48
990 I1TAB = 1
1000 FORMAT(/2X, A6)
1002 FORMAT(1H )
RETURN

END

```

```
•DECK TAN
  FUNCTION TAN(X)
•TAN--
  TAN = SIN(X)/COS(X)
  RETURN
  END
```

•TAN•


```

*DECK LBDYBL
FUNCTION LBDYBL(BNAME,LOWER)
CLBDYBL LOCATE INDEX IN BL INPUT TABLE
      LOGICAL LOWER
      INTEGER BNAME

C
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L/E POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNOME, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL UP
      INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNOME
      DIMENSION BDNOME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (BDNOME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

C
COMMON /BLDTA1/ BNAMSV
      INTEGER BNAMSV
COMMON /BCOLWT/ ZBCOL
COMMON /CBITS / IBITS, IBLANK
EQUIVALENCE (BITS, IBITS)

C
LBDYBL=0 IF NO BOUNDARY LAYER
C LBDYBL=INDEX OF BOUNDARY IN BL INPUT TABLE

COMMON /BLBDV / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB, BLB)

ZBCOL = BITS
BNAMSV = BNAME
LBDYBL = 0
1 LB = LBF(BNAME)
NCOLLB = LBZ1(LB)/3
ASSIGN 20 TO LGO
ASSIGN 40 TO JGO
ASSIGN 140 TO KGO
IBDC = BDT(LB)
IF( NCOLLB ) 5,5,2
C SEQUENCE FOR COLLATED BOUNDARIES
2 ASSIGN 10 TO LGO
ASSIGN 3 TO KGO
ASSIGN 3 TO JGO
LBC = LB-3
NCOLB1 = NCOLLB
IF(LEDEX(LB).EQ.0) GO TO 222
IF (.NOT.LOWER) GO TO 223
LBC = LB
NCOLB1 = NCOLLB-1
GO TO 222
223 ASSIGN 20 TO LGO
ASSIGN 40 TO JGO
ASSIGN 140 TO KGO
222 NBC = 0

```

```

3 IF( NBC.GE.NCOLB1 ) GO TO 40
  NBC = NBC+1
  LBC = LBC+3
4 IBDC = BDNAM(LBC)
5 IBL = -2
6 IBL = IBL+3
  IF( IBLB(IBL).EQ.IBDC ) GO TO LGO.(20,10)
  IF( IBL.GE.50 .OR. IBLB(IBL).EQ.IBITS ) GO TO KGO.(140,3)
  GO TO 6
10 LBT = LB+LBZ1(LB)+LBA(LBC)
  IF(LOWER) GO TO 12
  LBT = LB+LBZ1(LB)+LBB(LBC)
12 ZBCOL = ZBT(LBT)
20 IF( IBLB(IBL+1).EQ.0 ) GO TO JGO.(40,3)
  LBDYBL = IBL
40 RETURN
140 CALL ERRORK(6HLBDYBL)
  GO TO 40
  END

```

```

*DECK STAND
SUBROUTINE STAND(M,LR,UPPER)
*STANO= STATION INDEX FROM FIELD POINT
LOGICAL UPPER
*STANO*

```

```

C INPUT=
C M = FIELD PT INDEX
C LR = 0 FOR FIRST ENTRY OTHERWISE LR,NE,0
C OUTPUT=
C LR = STATION TABLE INDEX
C UPPER = T IF M IS AN UPPER BOUNDARY POINT. =F OTHERWISE

```

```

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

```

```

C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
DATA KNAME/6HSTAND /

```

```

L = LR
IF(L,EQ,0) L = LO
UPPER = .FALSE.
LSAV = L
LSTOP = 999999

```

```

120 IF(L,GE,LSTOP) CALL ERRORX(KNAME)
IF(MUB(L),EQ,M) GO TO 150
IF(M,GE,MLB(L),AND, M,LE,MUB(L)) GO TO 160
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LT,LESTA) GO TO 120
L = LO
LSTOP = LSAV
GO TO 120

```

```

150 UPPER = .TRUE.
160 LR = L

```

```

RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK STAX1
SUBROUTINE STAX1(X1FIND,X2B,X2A,LXB,LXA)
*STAX1= STATION INDEX FROM X1 AND X2-COORDINATES *STAX1@

C INPUT-
C X1FIND= X1-COORDINATE
C X2B = X2-COORDINATE OF UPPER BOUNDARY (I.E. STATION BELOW THE BO
C X2A = X2-COORDINATE OF LOWER BOUNDARY (I.E. STATION ABOVE THE BO

C OUTPUT-
C LXB = INDEX OF STATION WHICH CONTAINS COORDINATES=X1FIND,X2B
C LXA = INDEX OF STATION WHICH CONTAINS COORDINATES=X1FIND,X2A

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWBV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
C DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
C INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
DATA KNAME/6HSTAX1 /

NFOUND= 0
IF(X2B.GE.0.) NFOUND=1
IF(X2A.GE.0.) NFOUND=NFOUND+1
L = LO

110 IF(X1(L).NE.X1FIND) GO TO 120
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
IF(X2(J).NE.X2B) GO TO 115
LXB = L
NFOUND= NFOUND+1
GO TO 120
115 M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
IF(X2(J).NE.X2A) GO TO 120
LXA = L
NFOUND= NFOUND+1
120 L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(NFOUND.EQ.0) GO TO 130
IF(L.LT.LESTB) GO TO 110
CALL ERRORK(MNAME)

130 RETURN

```

END

```

•DECK STCN
  OVERLAY(STC,1,0)
  PROGRAM STCN
  COMMON /CTAPOS/  RESTRT,ENDBDY,STCFIL,K6SV
  LOGICAL          RESTRT,ENDBDY,STCFIL
  COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
  1 GO TO (5,10) , LENTRY
C  READ INPUT
  5 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,1,6HRECALL)
  GO TO 20
C  BUILD TABLES
  10 IF(RESTRT) GO TO 15
  LENTRY= 1
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,3,6HRECALL)
  LENTRY= 2
  12 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,4,6HRECALL)
  GO TO 20
C  RESTRT CASE
  15 LENTRY= 2
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,3,6HRECALL)
  LENTRY= 3
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  20 RETURN
  END

```

*DECK ERRORN
 SUBROUTINE ERROR1
 CEDUMPN STC EDUMP - INPUT LINK

•EDUMPNO

```

C COMALL
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX= LH=LHO,LWE
  DIMENSION CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1          TSO(1),RSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2          RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4          BB(75)
  LOGICAL VARY
  INTEGER CHNAM
  DIMENSION VO(1)
  REAL MACHO
  EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E, POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
  DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1          CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2          ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
  LOGICAL UP
  INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
  DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LYNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
  DIMENSION CH(1),LYNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1          LRCU(1),
2          CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3          FGR(1),AREATB(485)
  DIMENSION XCH(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
  DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
  DIMENSION DST(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
C X2W,LWNEXT(#2*2N), S1W(1),S1W(2),,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),,DST(N)
C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T,E,
C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE

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C      X2F  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C      X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C      X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C      S1F  = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
C           IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C      LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      LRF  = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C      LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C      JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C           = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C           = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C      JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C      DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1          S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C      EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C      DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL  = SHARR CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL  = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C      COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
&          VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&          ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&          ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C      DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C      INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
C      EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
C      EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
C      EQUIVALENCE (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB),(PTO,UP,LT,S1F,PRIM)
C      EQUIVALENCE (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
C      EQUIVALENCE (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
C      EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB),(AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
C      EQUIVALENCE (VARY,C2CP,S1LB),(RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
C      EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB),(NR,FGR,IUB),(NC,FGR,FUB)
C      EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB),(BB,ANGTE)
C      EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL),(TAB(5),SLSWI),(TAB(6),MCL)
C
C      COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1          MACHC,PSC, TSC,PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2          DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
C      REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
C      LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
C      LOGICAL CHOTST
C
C      STREAMLINE TABLE
C      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
C      INTEGER SLCHN
C
C      FIELD TABLES
C      INDEX= M=MO,NM
C      COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
C      COMMON /CR / R(300)
C      COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
C      COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
C      COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
C      COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

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COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA,LSO,LESE,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),
* MO,NM, NJ,NPCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRB,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C INDEX- LE=LEO,LEE,10
C NLE,NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS. RESPECTIVELY
C CHL,CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT. RESPECTIVELY
C BDL,BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1),YE(1),ANGE(1),NLE(1),NTE(1),
1 CHL(1),CHU(1),BDL(1),BDU(1),NUSED(491)
INTEGER CHL,CHU,BDL,BDU
C TABLE OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY EACH ORTHOGONAL
C INDEX- LR=LRO,LRB,LRD
C LRD = NUMBER OF CHANNELS PLUS ONE, LR INDEX INCREMENT
C LEDGE = INDEX OF THE ORTHOGONAL POINT IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
C LRPREV= POINTER OF LINE OF UPSTREAM CHANNELS IN ORTCHN=TABLE
C CHNA = CHANNEL NAMES
COMMON /ORTCHN/ LEDGE(1),LRPREV(1),CHNA(479)
INTEGER CHNA
DIMENSION JCHNA(1)
EQUIVALENCE (JCHNA,CHNA)

EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LINEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
EQUIVALENCE (MTFLOW,LBZ1,NRT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
EQUIVALENCE (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,UP,LTT,S1F,PRIM)
EQUIVALENCE (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
EQUIVALENCE (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JQORDER,ILB), (AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGM,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CREDIN/ ZTRANS,RTRANS,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,SCALE,NB,TBB(9)
EQUIVALENCE (XTRANS,ZTRANS),(YTRANS,RTRANS),(XPIVOT,ZPIVOT)
1 (YPIVOT,RPIVOT)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG, NI,NIH
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEV1(100)
COMMON /CSMOOC/ DUM1(200),ANG(100),DUM2(400),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /BLBDV / IBLB(60)
DATA TXA/2HXA/,TZA/2HZA/

IGGO = 1
GO TO 1777
ENTRY EDUMP

```

```

IGGO = 2
1777 CONTINUE
1100 FORMAT(///1X36HCHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE, /CHDATA/ -)
WRITE (6,1100)
I1TAB = LHO
NCX = NC
IF(NCX,LT,3) NCX=5
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,CHNAM,LHE,NCX)

1120 FORMAT(///1X94HBOUNDARY COORDINATES AND ANGLES IN RADIANS, /BDYTAB
*/ =)
WRITE (6,1120)
I1TAB = LBDO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,BDT,LBDE,3)

1110 FORMAT(///1X41HTABLE OF CONVICTED PROPERTIES, /CONVTB/ -)
WRITE (6,1110)
I1TAB = LTO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,CH,LTE,7)

IF(LEE,LT,LEO) GO TO 140
1130 FORMAT(///1X125HORDERED LIST OF UPSTREAM BOUNDARY PNTS, L.E, PNTS,
* Y,E, PNTS, AND DOWNSTREAM PNTS WITH REFERENCES TO CHANNELS AND BO
*UNDARIES, /1X10H/LETEPT/ =//4X2HLE6X,2HX810X,15HYE ANGE12X,
*3HNLE9X,12HNTE CHL9X,3HCHU9X,3HBDL9X,3HBDU10X,5HNUSED)
WRITE (6,1130)
I1TAB = LEO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,XE,LEE,10)

140 IF(LRE,LT,LRO) GO TO 150
1140 FORMAT(///1X98HTABULATION OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY THE ORTHOGONALS
*WHICH PASS THROUGH THE ABOVE POINTS, /ORTCHN/ =//4X26HLR
*LE LR-PRV)
WRITE (6,1140)
I1TAB = LRO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,LEDGE,LRE,LRO)

1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE, /17X32HJ X2 SLCHN
* W/(118,F12,6,6X,A6,F12,6,1,1)
150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

1190 FORMAT(///1X37HWAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, /WAKETB///11X19HX2W/S1
*W DST)
WRITE (6,1190)
I1TAB = LWO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X2W,LWE,2)

1180 FORMAT(///1X43HTABLE OF FLOW ADJUSTMENT STATIONS, /CADJWF///15X8HX
*1F9X,3HX2F8X,4HX1BF8X,4HX1AF9X,3HS1F8X,4HNCHB8X,16HNCHA JORDE
*R)
WRITE (6,1180)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X1F,LFE,NFCOLS)

1160 FORMAT(///1X25HSTATION TABLE, /STATAB/ -)
WRITE (6,1160)
I1TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X1,LESTA,5)

```

```

C PRINT OVERALL DATA
CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)

```

```

IF( IBLB(1);NE:0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY,IBLB,60,3)
IF( LDE;EQ:0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(9HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE

IF(LESTA,LE:0) GO TO 900
L = LO
LMAX = LESTA
180 OMITFK= .TRUE.
LINES = 64
190 MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB-MA+2)
IF (LINES;EQ:(MB-MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)
DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
1 CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LE,LMAX) GO TO 190
1200 FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H J M MU MD I S1
1 S2 Z R PHI1 CURV V
2M B RHS DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,I3,3I5,I2,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10;5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )

IF( IGGO;EQ:2 ) RETURN
LSTOP = 5
GO TO (900,1977) , LSTOP
900 RETURN
END

```

•DECK REDBLK

BLOCK DATA REDBLK

•REDBLK

REDINP BLOCK DATA

•REDBLK•

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW

COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV

COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV

LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDY,STCFIL

DATA MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW/400,200,200,200/

END

```

*DECK DBSRT1
SUBROUTINE DBSRT1( F,M,INTR1,INTR2,A,N,II )
*DBSRT1
C DATE OF THIS VERSION - SEPTEMBER 20,1965
C SINGLE PRECISION DOUBLE BACK SUBSTITUTION SUBROUTINE USED WITH
C LRMSD1 SUBROUTINE TO SOLVE SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
  DIMENSION F(II,1),A(II,II),INTR1(1)
  NN=N
  NM1=NN-1
  MM=M
  IF(INTR1(1)) 10,140,10
10 IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 40
  DO 30 K=1,NM1
  I1=INTR1(K+1)
  IF(I1) 15,30,15
15 DO 20 J=1,MM
  X=F(K,J)
  F(K,J)=F(I1,J)
20 F(I1,J)=X
30 CONTINUE
40 DO 90 J=1,MM
  DO 80 L=1,NN
  IF(F(L,J)) 50,80,50
50 F(L,J)=F(L,J)/A(L,L)
  IF(L.EQ.NN) GO TO 80
  DO 70 I=L,NM1
  IF(A(I+1,L)) 60,70,60
60 F(I+1,J)=F(I+1,J)-A(I+1,L)*F(L,J)
70 CONTINUE
80 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
  IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 140
100 DO 130 J=1,MM
  IF(F(NM1+1,J)) 110,130,110
110 DO 120 I=1,NM1
120 F(I,J)=F(I,J)-A(I,NM1+1)*F(NM1+1,J)
130 CONTINUE
  NM1=NM1-1
  IF(NM1) 100,140,100
140 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK ISORT
SUBROUTINE ISORT(X,Y,Z,B,LB,KGO)
CISORT== CDC VERSION ==MOVE COLUMN DATA TO ARRAYS
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
DIMENSION X(1),Y(1),Z(1), B(1)
C INPUT=
C X,Y,Z = NEW COLUMNS OF DATA
C B = LOCATION OF COLUMN DATA TO BE RELOCATED
C LB = B*COLUMN LENGTH

K = 1
I = 1
GO TO ( 10,30 ), KGO
10 IF( B(I).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 20
X(K) = B(I)
Y(K) = B(I+1)
Z(K) = B(I+2)
20 I = I+3
K = K+1
IF( I.LT.LB ) GO TO 10
GO TO 50

30 IF(B(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 40
X(K) = B(I)
Y(K) = B(I+1)
40 I = I+2
K = K+1
IF(I.LT.LB) GO TO 30
50 RETURN
END

```

```
*DECK LOOP
SUBROUTINE LOOP(A,B,C,N)
*LOOP
C THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED BY SUBROUTINE LRMDs1
  DIMENSION A(1),B(1)
  DO 10 I=1,N
 10 A(I)=A(I)+B(I)*C
  RETURN
  END
```

```

*DECK LRMDS1
SUBROUTINE LRMDS1(A,N,INTR1,INTR2,DET,IFACTR,III)
*LRMDS1
C DATE OF THIS VERSION = SEPTEMBER 20,1965
C SINGLE PRECISION LEFT RIGHT MATRIX DECOMPOSITION SUBROUTINE
C DETERMINANT = DET*(2,0**IFACTR)
C WHERE (,5) LESS THAN (ABS(DET)) LESS THAN OR EQUAL (1.0)
DIMENSION A(1),INTR1(1)
IDIM=III
NN=N
NBASE=(NN-1)*IDIM
NTR=1
IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 30
DO 25 K=2,NN
INTR1(K)=0
D=0.0
M=K
KM1=K-1
L=KM1
JSTOP=KM1+NBASE
KBASE=(KM1-1)*IDIM
KKM1=K+KBASE
KK=KM1+KBASE
ISTOP=NN+KBASE
DO 6 I=KK,ISTOP
B=A(I)
IKBASE=I-KBASE

```

* MODIFICATION TO SELECT THE PIVOT ELEMENT AS 1,0 IF PRESENT...

* DAVE FERGUSON 10/18/66

```

IF(B,NE:1.) GO TO 70
D=1.
L=IKBASE
M=IKBASE
GO TO 80
70 CONTINUE

```

```

IF(ABS(B).LE."ABS(D) ) GO TO 3
D=B
L=IKBASE
3 IF(B)4,6,4
4 M=IKBASE
6 CONTINUE
80 CONTINUE
KM=K-M
KSTOP=M-KM1
IF(D) 8,7,8
7 NTR=0
INTR2=KM1
GO TO 60
8 LKM1=L-KM1
IF(LKM1) 10,17,10
10 DO 11 J=KM1,JSTOP,IDIM
LJ=J+LKM1
X=A(J)
A(J)=A(LJ)
11 A(LJ)=X
INTR1(K)=L
NTR=-NTR

```



```

17 KK=KK+IDIM
   DO 22 I=KK,JSTOP,IDIM
   IF(A(I)) 19,22,19
19 A(I)=A(I)/D
   IF(KM) 20,20,22
20 Q=-A(I)
   CALL LOOP(A(I+1),A(KKM1),Q,KSTOP)
22 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
30 D=0.0
   KM1=NN
   KSTOP=NN+NBASE
   IF(A(KSTOP)) 40,7,40
40 IFAC=0
   D=1.0
   IDIM1=IDIM+1
   DO 55 K=1,KSTOP,IDIM1
   IF(ABS(A(K))GE,1.0) GO TO 51
   D=D*2.0
   IFAC=IFAC-1
51 D=D*A(K)
52 IF(ABS(D)=1.0) 53,55,54
53 D=D*2.0
   IFAC=IFAC-1
   GO TO 52
54 D=D/2.0
   IFAC=IFAC+1
   IF(ABS(D)GT,1.0) GO TO 54
55 CONTINUE
   IFACTR=IFAC
   IF(NTR,EQ,1) GO TO 60
   D=D
60 DET=D
   INTR1(1)=NTR
   RETURN
   END

```

```
•DECK STCNR  
OVERLAY(STC,1,1)  
PROGRAM STCNR  
CALL REDINP  
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK BACES
SUBROUTINE BACES(X,Y,ANG,CURV,E,S,KA,KB)
*BFACES      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE,      *BFACES*
C            E AND S
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10),B(10),S(10)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      = COORDINATES
C  ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C  ANG(1)   = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C  KA,KB    = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C  KD       = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S
C  KORDER   = 0 IF ERROR IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C            = NON ZERO IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION

C  OUTPUT-
C  ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C  CURV     = CURVATURE
C  E        = APPLIED FORCES = F/EI (UNITS ARE 1'/L**2)
C  S        = ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)
C  KORDER   = INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS, NOT=0 ON ENTRY

COMMON /CBEAM/ MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

NK      = KB

CALL BEAM(X(KA),Y(KA),ANG(KA),(KB-KA+KD)/KD)
IF(KORDER.NE.0) GO TO 800

C  (K=KA)
C  I      = 1
C  K      = KA
C  SK     = S(K)
C  E(K)   = 6.*(B(1)+YPB(1))/(CHD(1)*CHD(1))
C  (K=KA,KB-1)
60 CURV(K) = (4.*B(1)+2.*YPB(1))/(CHD(1)*(1.+1.5*B(1)+B(1)))
IF(KA=K) 65,80,80
C  (K=KA+1,KB-1)
65 E(K)   = 6.*(B(1)+YPB(1))/(CHD(1)*CHD(1))
1        = (B(I-8)+YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*CHD(I-8))
C  (K=KA+1,KB)
70 SK     = SK + CHD(I-8)*(1.+(B(I-8)*B(I-8)-.5*B(I-8)*YPB(I-8)+
1        YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))/15.)
S(K)     = SK
IF(K=NB) 80,90,90
80 I      = I+8
K         = K+KD
IF(K=NB) 60,70,70

C  (K=KB)
90 CURV(K) = (-2.*B(I-8)-4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)+YPB(I-
1        8)))
E(K)     = -6.*(B(I-8)+YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*CHD(I-8))
GO TO 900

C  OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 KORDER = KA+KORDER-KD
900 RETURN

END

```

```

•DECK ELLIP
  SUBROUTINE ELLIP(X1,Y1,ANG1,X2,Y2,ANG2,ALPHAD)
•ELLIP      ELLIP AND OTHER SMOOTH DUMMY SUBROUTINES
C  SUBROUTINE TO FIT AN ELLIPSE GIVEN TWO POINTS AND THE ORIENTATION

      ENTRY ELLIPT
C  SUBROUTINE TO FIT AN ELLIPSE WHOSE ORIGIN AND DIMENSION ARE GIVEN IN
C  A ROTATED AND TRANSLATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

      ENTRY XTRUNC
C  FUNCTION TO TRUNCATE XX TO AN EVEN MULTIPLE OF DX

      ENTRY ATDMR
C  SUBROUTINE FOR AUGMENTED TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX REDUCTION

      ENTRY BAD
C  SUBROUTINE TO DELETE BAD DATA BY ADJUSTING DATA LISTS

      ENTRY CUBER
C  SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE YPP IN TERMS OF Y FOR CUBIC SPLINE EQUATIONS
C  WITH ARBITRARY END CONDITIONS

      ENTRY SMULTI
C  SUBROUTINE TO MULTIPLY TRIADIAGONAL AND SQUARE MATRIX

      ENTRY HYPYS
      ENTRY HYPER1
      ENTRY HYPER2
      RETURN
      END

```

```
*DECK RELOXY
SUBROUTINE RELOXY(I1,I2, NPYS, IM1,IM2)
*RELOXY          RELOCATE X,Y,ANG,ANGD,CURV,S,FOK          *RELOXY*
```

```
C INPUT-
C I1,I2 = INDEX RANGE OF SEGMENT DATA IN XA,YA-ARRAYS
C NPYS = NO OF PTS REQD FOR SEGMENT DEFINITION IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C IM1 = INDEX OF FIRST POINT OF THE SEGMENT IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C IM2 = INDEX OF LAST POINT OF THE SEGMENT IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C NIM = LENGTH OF X,Y-ARRAYS
C N = SEGMENT INDEX
```

```
C OUTPUT-
C IM2 = INDEX OF LAST POINT IN RELOCATED X,Y-ARRAYS
C RELOCATED X,Y,...=ARRAYS
C ADJUSTED IMA,IMB INDEX LIMIT VALUES
```

```
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG, NI,NIB
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FOK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
```

```
NADD = NPYS - (I2-I1+1)
IF = IM2+1
IT = IF+NADD
NMOVE = NIM-IM2
IF(NADD,GE,0) NMOVE=-NMOVE
NIM = NIM+NADD
IF(NIM,LE,100) GO TO 30
ERR = .TRUE.
WRITE (6,1030)
RETURN
```

```
1030 FORMAT(/1X67HSORRY - THE NO. OF OUTPUT PTS, EXCEEDS THE ALLOCATED
*STORAGE (200);)
```

```
30 IF(NMOVE+NADD,EQ,0) GO TO 50
CALL MOVE(3, X(IF),X(IT),NMOVE,1,
1 Y(IF),Y(IT),NMOVE,1,
2 ANG(IF),ANG(IT),NMOVE,1)
CALL MOVE(3, ANGD(IF),ANGD(IT),NMOVE,1,
4 CURV(IF),CURV(IT),NMOVE,1,
5 S(IF),S(IT),NMOVE,1)
CALL MOVE(3, FOK(IF),FOK(IT),NMOVE,1,
7 DEV(IF),DEV(IT),NMOVE,1,
8 CURVB(IF),CURVB(IT),NMOVE,1)
```

```
50 IM2 = IM1 + NPYS-1
IF(IM2,LT,IM1) GO TO 70
DO 60 I=IM1,IM2
DEV(I)= 0.
CURVB(I)=0.
60 FOK(I)= 0.
70 IMB(N)= IM2
NP1 = N+1
IF(NP1,GT,NSEG) GO TO 900
DO 80 NN=NP1,NSEG
IMA(NN)=IMA(NN)+NADD
80 IMB(NN)=IMB(NN)+NADD
```

```
900 RETURN
END
```

```

*DECK SERS1
SUBROUTINE SERS1(X1,Y1, X2,Y2; A)
*SERS1= NACA SERIES-1 COWL CONTOUR

```

```
*SERS1*
```

```

C INPUT-
C X1,Y1 = COORDINATES AT HIGHLIGHT
C X2,Y2 = COORDINATES ON COWL SURFACE
C A = X/X LIMIT POINT

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C CALC VALUES OF X,Y,ANG,ANGD,CURV,S

```

```

COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CSEGM/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG,NI,NIM
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION ANGB(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ANGB,CURVB)

DIMENSION XS1(40),YS1(40),TS1(40)

```

```

DATA XS1/
*0.,.000106,.0003062,.0006461,.0012998,.0020031,.0039664,.0060027
*008,.01,.015,.02,.025,.03,.035,.04,
*045,.05,.06,.07,.08,.09,.1,.12,
*14,.16,.18,.20,.22,.25,.3,.35,
*4,.45,.5,.6,.7,.8,.9,1.0/

```

```

DATA YS1/
*0.,.0112,.019,.0275,.0388,.047969,.066707,.08117,
*093118,.10386,.127271,.147458,.165786,.182977,.199304,.214829,
*229594,.243677,.270135,.29478,.318041,.340196,.361381,.40087,
*43654,.468883,.498788,.526959,.553714,.591484,.648994,.700757,
*74746,.789479,.827209,.89087,.939554,.973716,.993649,1./

```

```

DATA TS1/
*0.,.52,52592,80,79679,21,04343,14,69820,
*11,71671,7,996274,6,397164,5,618328,5,133687,
*4,308968,3,821510,3,533277,3,342515,3,183152,
*3,029897,2,884790,2,755270,2,545330,2,388930,
*2,268497,2,145982,2,068093,1,875127,1,697514,
*1,552614,1,446208,1,368108,1,303797,1,217213,
*1,090491,.981545,.885102,.797348,.715438,
*.560407,.412448,.269017,.13063,8./

```

```

C DETERMINE CUT-OFF POINT, NPTS
IF(.05,LE,A AND, A,LE,1,) GO TO 50
WRITE (6,1050) A
CALL ERROR1
50 DO 60 K=1,40
IF(XS1(K),GT,A) GO TO 70
60 NPTS = K

```

```

C RELOCATE ARRAYS
70 I1 = IA(N)
I2 = IB(N)
IM1 = IMA(N)
IM2 = IMB(N)
CALL RELOXY(I1,I2, NPTS, IM1,IM2)
XR = X2-X1
YR = Y2-Y1
AR = YR/XR

```

```

K      = 1
DO 120 I=IM1,IM2
X(I)  = X1+XR*XS1(K)
Y(I)  = Y1+YR*YS1(K)
IF(I,EQ,IM1) GO TO 115
ANG(I)= ATAN(AR*TS1(K))
GO TO 118
115 ANG(I)=PIQ2
118 ANGDI)=ANG(I)*TODEG
120 K  = K+1

NBC(1)= 1
NBC(2)= 1
ANGE(1)=ANGDI)IM1}
ANGE(2)=ANGDI)IM2}
ANGB(IM1)=ANG(IM1)
CALL BFASES(X,Y,ANGB,CURV,FQK,S, IM1,IM2)

CALL FHEAD(51)
WRITE (6,1150) X1,Y1,X2,Y2,A
K      = 1
DO 160 I=IM1,IM2
ANGB(I)=ANGB(I)*TODEG
WRITE (6,1160)
* XS1(K),YS1(K),X(I),Y(I),ANGDI),ANGB(I),CURV(I),S(I)
160 K  = K+1
CALL MOVE(1,CURV(IM1),CURVB(IM1),K=1,1)
RETURN

1050 FORMAT(/1X70H*** INPUT ERROR, PARAMETER A DOES NOT SATISFY .05=A-
*1.0 CRITERIA, A=F6.3,)
1150 FORMAT(/22X,30H* NACA SERIES-1 COWL CONTOUR *//4X16HINPUT DATA, X
*1=F9.5,3X3HY1=F9.5, /17X3HX2=F9.5,3X3HY2=F9.5,3X2HA=F6.3,///4X16HCO
*ORDINATE DATA-//71X,29H----- BEAM CALCULATED -----/10X3HX,7X,3H
*Y/Y14X,1HZ14X,1HR9X,35HANGD ANGB CURV S)
1160 FORMAT(7X,F8.6,F10.5,F16.5,F15.5,F11.3,F12.3,F11.6,F10.5.)
END

```

```

*DECK SMOINP
SUBROUTINE SMOINP
*SMOINP INPUT/OUTPUT AND SPECIAL CONTOUR ROUTINE *SMOINP
COMMON PROG(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CALCPT/ DX,XMOD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CELLRT/ DZETA
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(2),INCLUD(2),DELETE(2),INSERT,CARRY
LOGICAL CARRY
EQUIVALENCE (BDY,STA)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG,NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20),FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20),NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
DIMENSION ZA(100),RA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ZA,XA),(RA,YA)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION DUM(100)
EQUIVALENCE (DUM,CURVB)
DIMENSION Z(100),R(100)
EQUIVALENCE (Z,X),(R,Y)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR,ERRCAS
EQUIVALENCE (ERRCAS,INERR)

LOGICAL UPPER

DIMENSION CNames(4)
DATA CNames/990,992,993,991:/

```

C*** DEFINE THE NUMBER OF SEGMENTS AND THE INDEX LIMITS

```

C NSEG = NUMBER OF SEGMENTS
C N = SEGMENT INDEX
C IA(N),IB(N)=LIMITS OF SEGMENT IN THE XA,YA LISTS
C TYPE(N)=TYPE OF SEGMENT
45 N = 1
I = 1
IJUNCT = 1
GO TO 55
50 IF(XA(I).EQ.XA(I-1),AND,YA(I).EQ.YA(I-1)) GO TO 70
55 IF(I=NI) 60,155,155
60 DO 65 J=1,4
65 IF(XA(I).EQ.CNames(J)) GO TO 75
IF(I.EQ.IJUNCT) GO TO 70
I = I+1
GO TO 50

```

```

C CONTOUR JUNCTURE
70 J = 1
75 JTYPE(N)=J
IA(N) = I
N = N+1
GO TO (110,120,130,140),J

```

C ARBITRARY CURVE


```

110 IB(N-1)=0
    I      = I+1
    GO TO 50

C   ELLIPSE
120 IB(N-1)=I+3
    IF((I+2).EQ.NI) .OR. (XA(I+2).EQ.XA(I+3) .AND. YA(I+2).EQ.YA(I+3))
    +IB(N-1)=I+2
    GO TO 150

C   SPIRAL
130 IB(N-1)=I+3
    GO TO 150

C   SERIES 1
140 IB(N-1)=I+2
150 I      = IB(N-1)+1
    IJUNCT= I
    GO TO 55

C   END OF INPUT DATA; FILL ZERO IB(N)
155 NSEG = N-1
    IB(N-1)=NI
    DO 160 N=1,NSEG
160 IF (IB(N).EQ.0) IB(N)=IA(N+1)-1
    RETURN

C*** FIT THE SPECIAL CONTOURS
ENTRY CONTRS
DO 195 N=1,NSEG
    IMA(N)= IA(N)
195 IMB(N)= IB(N)
    NIM   = IB(NSEG)
    N     = 1
200 J     = JTYPE(N)
    IF(J,LE,1) GO TO 790
    OMITFK= .TRUE.
    CALL FHEAD(6)
    WRITE (6,1208) N,BDY
    I     = IA(N)
    I2    = IB(N)
    IM    = IMA(N)
    IM2   = IMB(N)
    X1    = XA(I+1)
    Y1    = YA(I+1)
    IF(N,LE,1) GO TO 206
    X1    = X(IM+1)
    Y1    = Y(IM+1)
206 X2   = XA(I+2)
    Y2   = YA(I+2)
    IF(N,EQ,NSEG .OR. JTYPE(N+1).NE,1) GO TO 220
    X2   = X(IM2+1)
    Y2   = Y(IMB+1)
220 IF(IM,LE,1) GO TO 222
    ANG1 = ANGDI(IM-1)
222 IF((I2=I).EQ.3 .AND. (XA(I+3).NE,BITS .AND. XA(I+3).NE,999,))
    *   ANG1=XA(I+3)
    IF(IM2,GE,NIM) GO TO 224
    ANG2 = ANGDI(IM2+1)
224 IF((I2=I).EQ.3 .AND. (YA(I+3).NE,BITS .AND. YA(I+3).NE,999,))
    *   ANG2=YA(I+3)

```

IF(J-3) 250,300,400

```
C   FIT THE ELLIPSE
250 CALL ELLIP(X1,Y1,ANG1, X2,Y2,ANG2, YA(I))
    IF(ERR) GO TO 790
    DZETA = 5.*TORAD
    CALL ELLIPT
    GO TO 790

C   FIT THE HYPERBOLIC SPIRAL
300 IF(YA(I).EQ.2.) GO TO 320
    CALL HYPER1(X1,Y1,ANG1, X2,Y2,ANG2)
    GO TO 350
320 CURV1 = YA(I*3)
    CALL HYPER2(X1,Y1,ANG1,CURV1, X2,Y2)
350 IF(ERR) GO TO 790
    CALL HYPTS
    GO TO 790

C   SERIES 1 COWL LIP.
400 CALL SERS1(X1,Y1, X2,Y2, YA(I))

C   INDEX TO THE NEXT SEGMENT
790 IF(ERR) ERRCAS=.TRUE,
    ERR = .FALSE.
    N = N+1
    IF(N.LE.NSEG) GO TO 200

C   IF ERR HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED, DO NOT WRITE OUTPUT FILE
    IF(.NOT.ERRCAS) GO TO 800
    ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
    ERRCAS= .FALSE.
    RETURN

C   MAKE THE CURVALINEAR DISTANCE CONTINUOUS
800 DS = 0.
    DO 805 I=2,NIM
    IF(S(I).EQ.0.) DS=S(I-1)
805 S(I) = S(I)+DS

C*** WRITE TOTAL COMPUTED DATA FOR THE BOUNDARY
    OMITFK= .TRUE.
    CALL FHEAD(NIM+4)
    WRITE (6,1800) (I,S(I),X(I),Y(I),ANG(I),CURVB(I),FQK(I),I=1,NIM)
1800 FORMAT(/21X24HCONSOLIDATED OUTPUT DATA//4X59HI          S          X,Z
*          Y,R          ANGD          CURV          FQK/40X7HDEGREES/(2X,13,OPF10,5
*.2F11.5,F9.3,F10.6,F10.5,).)

    RETURN

1040 FORMAT(/1X59H*** ERROR = NUMBER OF INPUT POINTS (XA,YA) IS LESS T
*HAN 2.)
1042 FORMAT(/1X34HINPUT TAPE RETRIEVAL INFORMATION @//2X7HFOUND #L3,)
1202 FORMAT(/8H SEGMENT,13,9H OF #DY=.A6/26H -----)
*)
END
```

```

*DECK SMOO
SUBROUTINE SMOO
*SMOO-- ANGLE, CURVATURE AND ARC LENGTH *SMOO*
C OF A SMOOTH CURVE PASSING CLOSE TO GIVEN POINTS
C THE SMOOTHING OPTION HAS NOT BEEN INCLUDED, INSTEAD, A
C CURVE IS FITTED TO THE GIVEN X,Y POINTS.

C INPUT>
C NA MEANS NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS VERSION
C IA,IB = RANGE OF INDEX IN LISTS XA,YA,DEVI,DEV,X,Y,ANG,CURV,E,S
C XA = LIST OF INPUT X
C YA = LIST OF INPUT Y
C NA DEVI = LIST OF POINT MOVEMENT PARAMETERS
C NA TORQ1 = TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCE - FIRST END
C NA TORQ2 = TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCE - SECOND END
C NBC(L) = BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR FIRST(L=1) AND SECOND(L=2)
C = 0, 1, OR 2
C ANGE(L) = ANGLE IN DEGREES, IF NBC(L)=1
C CURVE(L) = CURVATURE, IF NBC(L)=2
C FEND(L) = RATIO OF SHEAR FORCE, END/NEXT TO END INTERVAL, IF NBC(L)

C NOTES-
C THE UNITS OF XA,YA,DEVI,TORQ1 AND TORQ2 MUST BE THE SAME,
C FOR EXAMPE, INCHES. DEVI IS PROPORTIONAL TO THE CUBE ROOT OF
C THE SPRING COMPLIANCES. TORQS ARE DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE
C END TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCES. LARGER VALUES OF DEVI YIELD
C LOWER APPLIED FORCES (AND GREATER DEVIATIONS), LARGER VALUES OF
C TORQ YIELD LOWER APPLIED END MOMENTS.

C OUTPUT BASED ON ADJUSTED POINTS-
C NA DEV=V = DEVIATION FROM THE INPUT POINTS IN THE NORMAL DIRECTION, IN
C X,Y = ADJUSTED COORDINATES
C NA ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C NA ANGD = ANGLE IN DEGREES
C NA CURV = CURVATURE, 1/IN
C NA FQEI = APPLIED FORCES, DELTA Y000, 1/IN2
C NA S = LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, IN
C NA ED = ENERGY OF EQUIVALENT SPRINGS UNDER DEFLECTION DEV, 1/IN
C NA ET = SPRING ENERGIES, 1/IN
C NA RMSDEV = ROOT MEAN SQUARE DEVIATION OF POINTS WITH DEVI, NE, 0
C NA RMSF = ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE OF F/EI, 1/IN2
C NA RMSF1 = ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE OF F/EI FOR UNADJUSTED BEAM

COMMON /CCURV / NN, IDIM, G(2)
COMMON /CB / A(2)
DIMENSION U(2)
EQUIVALENCE (U, G)
DIMENSION V(100), W(100)
EQUIVALENCE (W, V)
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2), ANGE(2), CURVE(2), FEND(2)
EQUIVALENCE (NBC1, NBC), (NBC2, NBC(2))
COMMON /CCUBE / NBCS(2), SAVS(4), FENDS(2)
COMMON /CSEGME / IIA(10), IIB(10), IMA(10), IMB(10), JTYPE(10),
1 N, NSEG, NI, NIM
COMMON /CSMOOB / XA(100), YA(100), DEVI(100)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100), Y(100), ANG(100), ANGD(100), CURV(100),
1 S(100), FQK(100), DEV(100), CURVB(100)
DIMENSION E(100)
EQUIVALENCE (E, FQK)
COMMON /CSMOOD / SGAMMA, SZETA1, SZETAN
COMMON /ERASE / H(8, 100)
DIMENSION CHD(8, 99), G1(100), GN(100), INTER1(100)

```

```

EQUIVALENCE (CHD,H(8,1)), (INTER1,G1,H(1,1)), (GN,H(1,14))
COMMON /CSMOOE/ GAMMA(100)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL BRR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

DIMENSION ENDPAR(3)
DATA ENDPAR/9HFENDA,4HANGA,5HCURVA/

```

C WRITE OUT END CONDITIONS

```

ANGE(1)=FEND(1)
ANGE(2)=FEND(2)
CURVE(1)=FEND(1)
CURVE(2)=FEND(2)
WRITE (6,1020) ENDPAR(NBC1+1),FEND(1), ENDPAR(NBC2+1),FEND(2)
1020 FORMAT(10X,47H* A CURVE HAS BEEN FITTED TO GIVEN X,Y POINTS *//
1 6X,18HEND CONDITIONS - , A5,4H(1)*,F9,5, 10X,A5,4H(2)*,F9,5)
*H(2)=F9,5;)

```

```

IA = IIA(N)
IB = IIB(N)
NPTS = IB-IA+1
IAB = NPTS

```

C CALC FORCES, F/EI, APPLIED TO THE BEAM WHICH PASSES THROUGH POINTS

```

CALL BFACTS(XA,YA,ANG,CURVB,E,S,IA,IB)
CALL MOVE(2,XA(IA),X(IA),IAB,1, YA(IA),Y(IA),IAB,1)
I = IA
K = 1
405 ANGDI=ANG(I)*57,29578
415 K = K+1
I = I+1
IF(NPTS=K) 430,405,405

```

C SMOOTHING LOGIC HAS BEEN REMOVED

```

430 WRITE (6,1100)
WRITE (6,1110) (XA(I),YA(I),DEVI(I),DEV(I),X(I),Y(I),ANGDI,
1 CURVB(I),FOK(I),S(I),I=IA,IB)
1100 FORMAT(72X,10X,15HAPPLIED ARC/6X17HINPUT COORDINATES17X,20HADJ
*USTED COORDINATES22X,17HFORCES LENGTH/7X89HXAZA YA*RA
* DEVI DEV X,Z Y,R ANGD CURV FOK
* S/33X,37H*1000 DEGREES)
1110 FORMAT(2X,2F11,5,F7,2,3PF7,2,0P2F11,5,F9,3,F10,6,2F10,5,)
RETURN

```

END

•DECK SMOTH
SUBROUTINE SMOTH
•SMOOTH MAIN PROGRAM FOR SMOOTH

•SMOOTH•

C READ INPUT; DETERMINE NUMBER AND TYPE OF SEGMENTS
CALL SMOINP

C SMOOTH ARBITRARY SEGMENTS
CALL SMOXEO

C CALC SPECIAL-CONTOUR SEGMENTS, WRITE OUTPUT
CALL CONTRS

RETURN
END

*DECK SMOEXQ
 SUBROUTINE SMOXEQ
 *SMOXEQ ARBITRARY SEGMENT SMOOTHING

SMOXEQ

```

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(2),INCLUD(2),DELETE(2),INSERT,CARRY
EQUIVALENCE (BDY,STA)
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG, NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20), FENDA(20), ANGA(20), CURVA(20), NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FOK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERRCAS
EQUIVALENCE (ERRCAS,INERR)
LOGICAL DONE
  
```

C*** SMOOTH ARBITRARY CURVES

```

NSWEEP= 1
170 DONE = .TRUE.
    ANGREF= 0.
    N = 1
    NARB = 1
175 IF(JTYPE(N)=1) 189,176,190
176 I = IA(N)
    I2 = IB(N)
C   END CONDITIONS
    DEVI(1)=0.
    DEVI(2)=0.
    FEND(1)=0.
    FEND(2)=0.
    NBC(1)= 0
    NBC(2)= 0
    L = 0
180 LL = NARB$20*L
    IF(FENDA(LL).EQ,BITS) GO TO 181
    NBC(1)= L
    FEND(1)=FENDA(LL)
181 IF(FENDA(LL+1).EQ,BITS) GO TO 182
    NBC(2)= L
    FEND(2)=FENDA(LL+1)
182 L = L+1
    IF(L,LE,2) GO TO 180
C   CHECK FOR UNDEFINED END CONDITIONS
C   END=1
    IF(FEND(1).NE,999.) GO TO 184
    IF(N.EQ,1) GO TO 187
    IF(JTYPE(N-1).GE,0) GO TO 187
    IF(NBC(1).EQ,1) FEND(1)=ANGD(I-1)
    IF(NBC(1).EQ,2) FEND(1)=CURV(I-1)
C   END=2
184 IF(FEND(2).NE,999.) GO TO 186
    IF(N.GE NSEG).GO TO 200
    IF(JTYPE(N+1).GE,0) GO TO 187
    IF(NBC(2).EQ,1) FEND(2)=ANGD(I+1)
    IF(NBC(2).EQ,2) FEND(2)=CURV(I+1)
  
```

```

186 IF(DEVA(NARB),NE,BITS) DEVI(I)=DEVA(NARB)
   IF(DEVA(NARB+1),NE,BITS) DEVI(I2)=DEVA(NARB+1)
   OMITFK= .TRUE.
   CALL FHEAD(17+I2-1)
   WRITE (6,1186) N,BDY
   S(I) = 0.
   ANG(I)= ANGRF
   CALL SMOO
   JTYPE(N)=1
   I2 = IB(N)
   ANGRF=ANG(I2)
   GO TO 188
187 DONE = .FALSE.
188 IF(ERR) ERRCAS=.TRUE.
   ERR = .FALSE.
189 NARB = NARB+2
190 N = N+1
   IF(N,LE,NSEG) GO TO 175

```

```

C RETURN TO 170 TO LOOP THROUGH SEGMENTS AGAIN
C TO PICK UP THOSE WHICH HAD UNDEFINED END CONDITIONS
  IF(DONE) RETURN
  NSWEEP= NSWEEP+1
  IF(NSWEEP,LE,10) GO TO 170
200 WRITE (6,1200)
   ERRCAS=.TRUE.
   RETURN

```

```

1186 FORMAT(/8H SEGMENT,I3,9H OF BDY=,A6/26H -----*)
1200 FORMAT(1X50H*** ANGA,CURVA = 999 END OPTION USED INCORRECTLY)
      END

```

*DECK RBD
 SUBROUTINE RBD
 *RBD--- READ IN BOUNDARY DATA

RBD

```

C INPUT-
C ENDBDT= END OF BDY/STC TAPE RECORDS, T OR F
C ENDCRD= END OF ALL STC CARD INPUT, T OR F
C K6SV = VALUE OF KEY(6) OF LAST RECORD READ FROM TAPE
C RESTR= RESTART (WITH EXISTING TABLES) IS TRUE ONLY
C IF CARD BDY-DATA HAS NOT YET BEEN ENCOUNTERED
C STCFIL= T IF A STC-SUBFILE EXISTS ON TAPE=ORGF.
C OUTPUT-
C ENDBDT=
C K6SV =
C RESTR=

INTEGER REFS, BDY, CHN

BOUNDARY TABLE
INDEX= LB=LBD0, LBDE
LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
BDNAME, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAME
DIMENSION BDNAME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

COMMON /BCOMM/ RROGM(8), PROGSV, FILIN, FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN, FILOT

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA, PSA, TSA, PTA, TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1 MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1), MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC, CHOTST
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)

COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB, NUMPLT, PLOTTED, ENDCRD
LOGICAL ENDJOB, PLOTTED, ENDCRD
COMMON /CBITS/ BITS, BLANK
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES, OMITFK, PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CNTRL/ K5, BDY(6), INSERT, CARRY, CHN
EQUIVALENCE (BDY, IBDY)
COMMON /CPI/ PI, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
COMMON /CREDIN/ ZTRANS, RTRANS, ROTATE, ZPIVOT, RPIVOT, SCALE, NB, TAB(9)
EQUIVALENCE (XTRANS, ZTRANS), (YTRANS, RTRANS), (XPIVOT, ZPIVOT),
1 (YPIVOT, RPIVOT)

```



```

COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
COMMON /ERASE / B(800)
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

C SMOOTH COMMONS

```

COMMON /ADAMQ1/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CALCRT/ DX,XMOD
COMMON /CELLPT / DZETA
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),N,NSEG,
1 NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOQA/ DEVA(20),FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20),NARB
COMMON /CSMOQB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
DIMENSION ZA(100),RA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ZA,XA),(RA,YA)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),S(100),
1 FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION Z(100),R(100),DUM(100)
EQUIVALENCE (Z,X),(R,Y),(DUM,CURVB)

```

```

COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
LOGICAL BL
DATA LBLB/1/

```

LOGICAL DATAIN,ENDBDC,UPPER,ZRONLY

DATA KBDY/3HBDY/, KHIGH/6H /

	NAMELIST /A/	B,	NB,	TAB,	DBLPTS,	ZRONLY,
1	BDY,	CHN,	UPPER,	X,Z,	Y,R,	ANGD,
2	ROTATE,	ZPIVOT,	RPIVOT,	ZTRANS,	RTRANS,	SCALE,
3	FLIP,	XPIVOT,	YPIVOT,	XTRANS,	YTRANS,	DUM,
4	IDENT,	DX,	XMOD,	DEVA,	FENDA,	ANGA,
5	CURVA,	ZA,XA,	RA,YA,	DEVI,	NII,	DEV,
6	ANG,	CURV,	CURVB,	FQK,	S,	NIM,
7	UPPER					
*	,CAPX ¹ ,BL					

C DEFINITE DOUBLE POINT TOLERANCE, DPTOL

DPTOL = 1.E-5

C INITIALIZE

```

C ENDBDC= END OF BDY CARD INPUT, T OR F
ENDBDC= .FALSE.
IF(K5.NE.KBDY .OR. ENDCRD) ENDBDC=,TRUE.
15 DATAIN= .FALSE.
DBLPTS= .01
JFOUND= 0
CAPX1 = 0.
BL = .FALSE.

```

C READ BDY INPUT CARDS

```

35 IF( ENDBDC ) GO TO 40
FLIP = 1.
ROTATE= 0.
ZPIVOT= 0.
RPIVOT= 0.

```

```

SCALE = SCALEA
ZTRANS= 0.
RTRANS= 0.
ZRONLY= .FALSE.
CALL SETM(1,71, DEVI,100)
CALL SETM(3,BITS,XA,200,DEVA,80,B,300)
CALL SETM(1,BITS,X,200)
READ (5,A)
IF(ZRONLY) CALL ISORT(XA,YA,DUM,B,200,2)
IF(.NOT.ZRONLY) CALL ISORT(X,Y,ANGD,B,300,1)
IF(INERR) ERRMAJ=.TRUE.
DATAIN= .TRUE.
RESTRT= .FALSE.

```

C COUNT THE LENGTH OF THE Z-LIST

```

40 IF(.NOT.DATAIN) GO TO 900
   IF( JFOUND .EQ.1 ) GO TO 43
   NI = 0
   DO 41 I=1,100
     IF(XA(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 42.
41 NI = I
42 IF(NI .EQ. 0) GO TO 43
   LINES = 64
   CALL SMOTH
   JFOUND= 1
43 NZ = 0
   DO 45 I=1,100
     IF(Z(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 50
45 NZ = I
50 IF(NZ-2) 55,100,100
55 WRITE (6,1055) BDY(1)
   ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
   RETURN

```

C DELETE DOUBLE POINTS FROM SMOOTH BOUNDARY RECORDS

```

100 OMITFK= .TRUE.
   CALL FHEAD(NZ+10)
   WRITE (6,1090) (BDY,CHN,UPPER,BL
   IF(JFOUND.NE.1 .OR. DBLPTS.EQ.0. .OR. NZ.LE.2) GO TO 150
   WRITE (6,1100) DBLPTS,DBLPTS
   I = 1
110 I = I+1
   IF(I.GT.NZ) GO TO 150
   IF(ABS(Z(I)-Z(I-1)).GE.DPTOL .OR.
1 ABS(R(I)-R(I-1)).GE.DPTOL) GO TO 110
   ANGDI= ABS(ANGD(I)-ANGD(I-1))
   IF (ANGDIF.GE.DBLPTS) GO TO 110
   NMOVE = NZ-I
   ANGSV = .5*(ANGD(I)+ANGD(I-1))
   IF(ANGD(I)+ANGD(I-1).EQ.0. .AND. ANGDI.LE.0005) ANGSV=0.
   ANGD(I-1)=ANGSV
   CALL MOVE(3, Z(I+1),Z(I),NMOVE,I,
1 R(I+1),R(I),NMOVE,I,
2 ANGD(I+1),ANGD(I),NMOVE,1)
   NZ = NZ-1
   GO TO 110

```

C CALCULATE CURVATURES FOR PRINTOUT

```

150 I = 1
   CURV(1)=0.0
155 CURVB(I)=BITS

```

```

CURV(I+1)=CURV(I)
DX      = Z(I+1)-Z(I)
DY      = R(I+1)-R(I)
CHD     = SQRT(DX*DX+DY*DY)
IF(CHD.LT.:00001) GO TO 160
ACHD    = ATAN3(DY,DX,ANGD(I)*TORAD)
YPA     = ANGD(I)*TORAD-ACHD
YPB     = ANGD(I+1)*TORAD-ACHD
CURVB(I)=(4.*YPA*2.*YPB)/(CHD*(1.+1.5*YPA*YPA))
CURV(I+1)=(-2.*YPA*4.*YPB)/(CHD*(1.+1.5*YPB*YPB))
GO TO 165
160 IF(I,EG,1) GO TO 165
IF(CURVB(I-1).EQ.81TS) CURVB(I)=CURVB(I)
165 I    = I+1
IF(I,LT,NZ) GO TO 155
CURVB(I)=0.0
*RELO13 RELOCATE FROM A ONE TO A THREE DIMENSIONED ARRAY *RELO13*
C      SUBROUTINE RELO13

C      INPUT-
C      Z,R    = BOUNDARY COORDINATES
C      ANGD   = ANGLE OF THE BOUNDARY (DEGREES)
C      NZ     = NUMBER OF BOUNDARY COORDINATE POINTS
C      FLIP   = SCALAR ON R(I) BEFORE ROTATION OR TRANSLATION
C      ROTATE = ANGULAR ROTATION IN DEGREES
C      ZPIVOT,RPIVOT=PIVOT POINT FOR ROTATION BEFORE SCALING
C      SCALE  = MULTIPLICATIVE CONSTANT ON INPUT COORDINATES
C      ZTRANS = Z-TRANSLATION AFTER SCALING
C      RTRANS = R-TRANSLATION AFTER SCALING
C      BDY    = BOUNDARY NAME
C      UPPER  = T IF UPPER BOUNDARY, = F IF LOWER BOUNDARY
C      CHN    = CHANNEL NAME
C      LBDE   = NEXT AVAILABLE LOCATION IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

C      OUTPUT-
C      BDT    = TABLE OF Z,R,ANG IN 3-D ARRAY FORM
C      LBDE   = NEXT AVAILABLE LOCATION IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

IF(FLIP.NE.1. .OR. ROTATE.NE.0. .OR. SCALE.NE.1. .OR. ZTRANS.NE.0.
1 .OR. RTRANS.NE.0.) WRITE (6,1151) FLIP,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT
2 SCALE,ZTRANS,RTRANS
WRITE (6,1152)
LB1   = LBDE
LB2   = LB1+3*(NZ-1)
LB    = LB1
BDT(LB)=BDY
CHNAME(LB)=CHN
LBZ1(LB)=0
UP(LB)=UPPER
LEDEX(LB)=0
I     = 1
LBDEL = 3
ADDPI = 0.
IF(.NOT.UPPER) GO TO 240
LB    = LB2
LBDEL = -3
ADDPI = PI
240 ROTAT = ROTATE*TORAD
SN      = SIN(ROTAT)
CS      = COS(ROTAT)
250 IF(ROTATE.NE.0.) GO TO 260

```

```

ZBT(LB)=Z(I)*SCALE + ZTRANS
RBT(LB)=R(I)*FLIP*SCALE + RTRANS
GO TO 270
260 RFLP = R(I)*FLIP
ZBT(LB)=(ZPIVOT+CS*(Z(I)-ZPIVOT)-SN*(RFLP-RPIVOT))*SCALE + ZTRANS
RBT(LB)=(RPIVOT+CS*(RFLP-RPIVOT)+SN*(Z(I)-ZPIVOT))*SCALE + RTRANS
270 ANGDI=ANGD(I)*FLIP + ROTATE
ANGBT(LB)=ANGD(I)*TORAD + ADDPI
WRITE (6,1280) I,ZBT(LB),RBT(LB),ANGD(I),CURV(I),CURVB(I)
IF(I,GE,NZ) GO TO 300
I = I+1
LB = LB+LBDEL
GO TO 250
300 LBDE = LB2+9
LBNEXT(LB1)=LBDE-LB1
BDT(LBDE)=BLANK
C END SUBROUTINE RELO13

```

C SET UP BOUNDARY LAYER INPUT TABLE

```

IBLB(LBLB)=IBDY
IBLB(LBLB+1)=0
IF(BL) IBLB(LBLB+1)=1
BLB(LBLB+2)=CAPX1
LBLB = LBLB+3
900 RETURN

1055 FORMAT(//1X48H** NO COORDINATE INPUT WAS FOUND FOR BDY=A6,/)
1090 FORMAT(///1X45HB O U N D A R Y C O O R D I N A T E S, BDY=A6,
* 5X4HCHN=A6,9X6HUPPER=
*L2,6X,3HBL=L2, )
1100 FORMAT(/6X46HDOUBLE POINTS WITH ANGLE DIFFERENCES LESS THANF6,3,1X
*24HARE ELIMINATED (DBLPTS=F5,3,2H), )
1151 FORMAT(/6X5HFLIP=F7,3,3X7HROTATE=F8,3,3X7HZPIVOT=F10,5,3X7HRPIVOT=
*F11,5,3X5HSCALEF7,3,3X7HZTRANS=F10,5,3X7HRTRANS=F10,5, )
1152 FORMAT (/9X48HI X,Z Y,R ANGD CURV= CURV. )
1280 FORMAT(I10,2F10,5,F10,3,2F10,4)
END

```

```
*DECK CRBD
BLOCK DATA R8DBLK
*CRBD--      BLOCK DATA FOR RBD ROUTINE
*SMOBLK      SMOOTH BLOCK COMMON
COMMON /CSMOOD/ SGAMMA,SZETA1,SZETAN
DATA SGAMMA,SZETA1,SZETAN/ 1.,1.E2,1.E2/
END
```

```
@CRBD@
@SMOBLK@
```

•DECK RCD
 SUBROUTINE RCD
 •RCD--= READ IN CHANNEL DATA •RCD*

C INPUT-
 C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
 C LHE = NEXT AVAILABL LOCATION IN CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
 C

C OUTPUT-
 C LCHE = NEXT AVAILABL LOCATION IN CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
 C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE INCLUDING NEW INPUT VALUES

C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
 C INDEX= LH=LHO,LHE
 COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
 1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
 2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
 4 BB(75)
 LOGICAL VARY
 INTEGER CHNAM
 DIMENSION VO(1)
 REAL MACHO
 EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)

C
 COMMON PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)
 LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
 COMMON /CAO / AOSV
 COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
 COMMON /CNTRL / K5,CHN(6),INSERT
 INTEGER CHN
 EQUIVALENCE (ICHN,CHN)
 COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
 COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL,K6SV
 LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL
 COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
 COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
 LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
 COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
 * LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
 * MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
 * LEO,LEE, LRO,CRE,LRD
 DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
 COMMON /ERASE / DUM(16),B(784)
 NAMELIST /A/ CHN,WTFLOW,TTO,TT,PTO,RT,
 1 TSO,PSO,MACHO,AO,VARY,
 2 GAM,RG,
 3 NR,NB,TAB,B

C RESTART CASE WITH CHANNEL FLOW DATA REVISIONS
 C RELOCATE CHDATA FOR CHANNEL=CHN INTO FIRST POSITION
 C FIRST FIND INDEX LH FOR CHNAM=CHN
 LH = LHO
 12 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 20
 IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHN) GO TO 14
 LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
 GO TO 12
 14 IF(LH.EQ.LHO) GO TO 16
 LNG = LHNEXT(LH)

```

LH1 = LHO+LNG
LH2 = LH+LNG
LH3 = LH2+LNG
CALL MOVE(3, CHNAM(LHO),CHNAM(LH1),LHO-LHE-1,1,
1      CHNAM(LH2),CHNAM(LHO),LNG,1,
2      CHNAM(LH3),CHNAM(LH2),LHE+LNG,LH3+1,1)
16 LHNXT = LHO+LHNEXT(LHO)
   GO TO 30

20 CALL MOVE(1, CHNAM,CHNAM(21),LHO-LHE-1,1)
   LHNEXT= 20
   LHNXT = 21
   LHE = LHE+20

C INITIALIZE
  CALL SETM(1,BITS,WTFLOW,10)
  VARY = .TRUE.

C READ CHN INPUT CARDS
30 CALL SETM(1,BITS, B,400)
   READ (5,A)
   AOSV = A0(LH)
   IF(INERR) ERRMAJ*,TRUE.

C RESET CHNAM IF CHANNEL NAME HAS BEEN REDEFINED
  CHNAM = CHN

C COUNT THE LENGTH OF THE B-ARRAY
  NR = 0
  NC1 = NC
  DO 40 I=1,400,NC1
    IF(B(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 50
40 NR = NR+1
50 NCR = NC*NR

C RELOCATE AND INSERT B-ARRAY INTO CHDATA-TABLE
  IF(NCR.EQ.0) GO TO 950
  LHNXTT= LHO+20+NCR
  NMOVE = LHE-LHNXT+1
  IF(LHNXTT.GT.LHNXT) NMOVE=-NMOVE
  CALL MOVE(2, CHNAM(LHNXT),CHNAM(LHNXTT),NMOVE,1, B,BB,NCR,1)
  LHE = LHE+LHNXTT-LHNXT
  LHNEXT= 20+NCR

950 IF(LHE.LT.LBDO) GO TO 980
   WRITE (6,1960) LHO,LHE,MAXLH,LBDO
   CALL ERROR1
980 RETURN
1960 FORMAT(/1X81H*** THE CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE HAS EXCEEDED ALLOTT
*ED MEMORY. INCREASE MAXLH:/6X4HLHO=I4,3X4HLHE=I4,3X6HMAXLH=I4,3X
*5HLBDO=I4;)
   END

```

•DECK REDINP
 SUBROUTINE REDINP
 •REDINP STC READ INPUT

•REDINP•

```

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
  LOGICAL          FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ADAM02/ BNDJOB,NUMPLT,PLOTE,ENDCRD
  LOGICAL      ENDJOB,          PLOTE,ENDCRD
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
&
&
  MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTA,AXIC,RGC,GAMC;
  LOGICAL      DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
  REAL        AXI,AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
  EQUIVALENCE MACHA(1),MACHC,MACHO(1)
&
&
  (MACHO,MACHC),(PSO,PSC),(TSO,TSC),(PTO,PTC),
  (TTO,TTA),(AXI,AXIC),(RG,RGC),(GAM,GAMC)
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CMXSS,CRXE,CRXC,DCRX
  DIMENSION    CRX(6)
  EQUIVALENCE  (CRX,CRXSL)
COMMON /CEND / TBLND(2)
COMMON /CGRAY / CG
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),PSPISV,NZP,
&
&
  ZP(10),PSP(10),NZP1
  DIMENSION    PPS(10)
  EQUIVALENCE  (PPS,PSP)
  INTEGER      FARFLD,FREE,PRES,PSPISV
COMMON /CIVP / IVP,VPDUM,NRF(2),INR(2),XIVP(2)
COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,TL
  LOGICAL      GREFIN
  EQUIVALENCE  (MAXREF,MAXIT)
COMMON /CNTR / KS,STA(6),INSERT
COMMON /CPLOT1/ PLOT,SAMEXY,XSCALE(4),YSCALE(4),XORG,YORG,SX,SY
  LOGICAL      PLOT,SAMEXY
  EQUIVALENCE  (PLOT,PLOT)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDD(6),PDUM(20)
  EQUIVALENCE  (PRTES2,PDD)
COMMON /CPRPN/ PRPRN
  INTEGER      PRPRN
COMMON /CPTHOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
  LOGICAL      VELPOT
COMMON /CREFIN/ DREFIN,SG21,VRG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
&
&
  SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
&
&
  DSS(2),RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
  INTEGER      SSFML
  LOGICAL      SSEF,          SSDF
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,STCFIL
  LOGICAL      RESTRT,STCFIL
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFU,YEXI2,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(25),THKY(25),THIK2D(250)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
&
&
  DS1DMP,DS1DP1,DTOLR2(4),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /FILES / ORGF,UPDF,NEWF,BCRF
  INTEGER      ORGF,UPDF,NEWF,BCRF
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFB;
&
&
  LO,LESA,LSO,USE,LDQ,LDE,LDUM(4),
  MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE;

```



```

&
DIMENSION          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
                   LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE        (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /KEYS /     KEYA(10),KEYB(10)
COMMON /SLTAB /    W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER            SLCHN
COMMON /SPACER/    MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/    ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL            ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

COMMON /CHDATA/    TABLES(2046)
COMMON /CB /       B(768)
COMMON /CM /       JMS(768)
COMMON /CR /       RF(768)
COMMON /CS1 /      S1(768)
COMMON /CS2 /      S2(768)
COMMON /CVM /      VMF(768)
COMMON /CZ /       ZF(768)

```

```

LOGICAL            FIRST

```

```

DATA KA/1HA/ & KBDY/3HBDY/, KCHN/3HCHN/, KSTA/3HSTA/
DATA FIRST/T/
COMMON / CNORM /   RHL, RM, AHL, AMM
COMMON /TAPES /   NTAPO, NTAPN

```

```

COMMON /BLBDY /   BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
INTEGER BNAM
COMMON /VISCOS/   TREF, MUREF, SCON
REAL              MUREF
COMMON /REBL /    RESTBL
LOGICAL           RESTBL

```

```

C STCFIL= T IF A STC=SUBFILE EXISTS ON TAPE=ORGF.

```

```

NAMELIST /A/ IDENT,
& MACHO,PSO,TSO,PTO, TTO,AXI, RG, GAM, SCALE, TTE, CHOTST,
& NBCIN,ACF, CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRX,
& CG, RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM, INRCYR,NINNER,CNVF,
& FARFLD,FREE,PRES,PSPISV,NZP,ZP,PSP,PPS,NZP1,
& NRF,INR,XIV,MXLRLX,
& MAXREF,MAXIT,NREFIN,TL, RN, PLOT,IPLLOT,SAMEXY,XSCALE,YSCALE,
& PRTES2,PDD,RDUM,
& PRPRN, VELROT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG,
& SG21,VMG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR,GR,SGZ,GZ,
& SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
& RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS,
& TOLWF,NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX,THKY,THK2D,
& TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,DS1DMP,DS1DP1,SG1REF,TOLINR,
& MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW,
& LIMITS,TABLES, B,JMS,RF,S1,S2,VMF,ZF, W,X2,SLCHN
& TREF,MUREF,SCON,RHL,RM,INPBLR

```

```

C** INITIALIZE AND READ OVERALL (A) INPUT DATA
IF(.NOT.FIRST .AND. (K5.NE.KA .OR. ENDCRD)) GO TO 200
IF(FIRST .AND. K5.EQ.KA) GO TO 100
WRITE (6,1000)
ERR = .TRUE.
PROGSV= 0.
GO TO 200

```

```

100 PROGSV= 0;
    ENDBDT= .FALSE;
    INPBLR= 0
    FIRST = .FALSE;
    LINES = 64
    NREFIN= 0
    NTHKX = 0
    RESTRT= ,TRUE;
    STCFIL= .FALSE;
    CALL SETM(1,BITS, MACHO,8)

C    DETERMINE FIELD ARRAY SIZE
    MAXLE = LOC2(TABLES,TBLEND)
    MAXNM = LOC2(RF,ZF)

C    READ INPUT FILE
120 IF(.NOT.FILIN) GO TO 130
    REWIND NTAPO
    READ (NTAPO) STCFIL,(LIMITS(I),I=1,24)
    LWOSV = LWO
    IF(STCFIL) GO TO 125
    ENDBDT= .TRUE;
    WRITE (6,1120)
    GO TO 130

125 READ (NTAPO) ((IDENT(I),I=1,6),AXI,RG,GAM,MACHO,PSO,TSO,PTO,TTO,
1  PRPRN,TTT,CHOTST,MAXIT,MAJCTR,(NINNER(I),I=1,16),VELPOT,ICOB,
& NODENS,RN,NGR,NGZ,(SGR(I),I=1,40),VMG1,VMG2,INRCTR,DREFIN,SG21,
3  NBCIN(1),NBCIN(2),ACF(1),ACF(2),SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,
& SSFND1,(DSS(I),I=1,5),(FARFLD(I),I=1,8),
* RHOC,RHOCSS,RHL,RM,
* TREF,MUREF,SCOV,(BLB(I),I=1,60),
5  (ZP(I),I=1,28),(TABLES(I),I=1,LESTA),(B(I),I=1,NM),(JMS(I),
6  I=1,NM),(S1(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM),(ZF(I),I=1,NM),(RF(I),
7  I=1,NM),(VMF(I),I=1,NM),(W(I),I=1,NJ),(X2(I),I=1,NJ),
& (SLCHN(I),I=1,NJ),TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,TOLINR,DS1DMP,DS1DP1,
& (DTOLR2(I),I=1,4),SG1REF,
& (CRX(I),I=1,6),RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,NTHKX,NTHKY,
& (THKX(I),I=1,300),TOLWF)

C    CHECK TO SEE IF STC-A INPUT DATA EXCEEDED DIMENSIONS
    IF(NM.GT.LOC2(RF,ZF),OR,LESTA.GT.LOC2(TABLES,TBLEND)) ERR=.TRUE;
    IF(LDE.NE.0) RESTBL=.TRUE;

C    READ CARD INPUT
130 READ (5,A)
    DO 135 I=1,8
135 IF(MACHO(I).NE.BITS) MACHA(I)=MACHO(I)

C    DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTIC LENGTH; CLEN
142 CLEN = SGR(1)
    IF(NGR.LE.1) GO TO 146
    DO 144 I=2,NGR
144 CLEN = CLEN*SGR(I)
146 IF(NGZ.LE.0) GO TO 149
    DO 148 I=1,NGZ
148 CLEN = CLEN*SGZ(I)
149 CLEN = CLEN/FLOAT(NGR+NGZ)
    IF(SG1REF.EQ.0.) SG1REF=10.*CLEN

    IF(INPBLR.EQ.0) GO TO 155

```

```

C   READ BL INPUT CARDS(FIXED) FORMAT
    DO 155 I=1,INPBLR
      READ (5,156) BNAM,CAPX1
156  FORMAT (1X,A10,F10,6)
C   SEARCH BL TABLE FOR ENTRY
      IBL = -2
157  IBL = IBL+5
      IF (IBLB (IBL).EQ.BNAM) GO TO 158
      IF ( IBLB (IBL).EQ.1BITS ,OR. IBL.GE.58 ) GO TO 155
      GO TO 157
158  IBLB (IBL+1) = 1
      BLB (IBL+2) = CAPX1
155  CONTINUE

C   SET UP INDEX-ORIGIN TABLE IF THERE IS NO STC-TAPE INPUT
C   ORDER OF TABLES IN BLOCK COMMON
C   LH   /CHDATA/
C   LB   /BDYTAB/
C   LT   /CONVTB/
C   LW   /WAKETB/
C   LF   /CADJWF/
C   L    /STATAB/
      IF (STCFIL) RETURN
      RESTRT = .FALSE.
      LBDO = LHO+MAXLH
      LBDE = LBDO
      RETURN
C   (OTHER INDEX LIMITS ARE SET IN SUBROUTINE BLDTBS)

C   READ BOUNDARY DATA
200  CALL RBD
      IF (ENDCRD) GO TO 700
      IF (K5.EQ.KBDY) RETURN

C   READ CHANNEL DATA
300  IF (K5.NE.KCHN) GO TO 400
C   IF RESTRT, UNPACK TABLES TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW CHDATA AND CONVTB,
      IF (.NOT.RESTRT .OR. LBDO.GT.(LHE+1)) GO TO 350
      MOVE1 = LOC2 (TABLES,S1)-LESTA
      MOVE2 = MOVE1/2
      LWTO = LWO+MOVE1
      LBTO = LBDO+MOVE2
      CALL MOVE (2* TABLES (LWO),TABLES (LWTO),LWO,LESTA-1,1,
1      TABLES (LBDO),TABLES (LBTO),LBDO,LTE-1,1)
      LBDO = LBDO+MOVE2
      LTE = LTE+MOVE2
      LBDE = LBDE+MOVE2
      LTO = LTO+MOVE2
      LWO = LWO+MOVE1
350  CALL RCD
      RETURN

400  WRITE (6,1690) K5
      ERRMAJ = .TRUE.
      RETURN

C   CONSTRUCT LETEPT, ORTCHN, CONVTB, SLTAB, STATAB AND THE FIELD TABLE
700  IF (ERRMAJ .OR. LBDE.EQ.LBDO) ERR = .TRUE.
900  RETURN
1000 FORMAT (/1X73#ERROR# THE K5=A INPUT DATA DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY FOLLO
      #W THE PROG#BTC CARD)

```

1120 FORMAT(//1X43H*** NO STC DATA FOUND ON THE INPUT TAPE.//)
1136 FORMAT(/29H *** NZP EXCEEDS DIM OF (10))
1690 FORMAT(//1X44H** PLEASE CHECK THE INPUT VALUE OF K5 (K5=A6Z18H);
* IT MUST BE ONE/6X37HOF THE FOLLOWING* A: BDY, CHN, STA.//)
END

```

*DECK BUILDT
OVERLAY(STC,1,2)
PROGRAM BUILDT
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
LOGICAL GREFIN
COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2,PRTB,PRTA,PRREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(20)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY

```

```

GO TO (5,10,15) , LENTRY
5 CALL BLDTAB
GO TO 20
10 CALL BPSORT
MAJCTR= 0
C INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES IN THE STATION TABLE
15 CALL ISBOT
IF(ERR) CALL ERROR1
IF(PDUM(10).NE.0.) CALL EDUMP
20 RETURN
END

```

*DECK BLDTAB
 SUBROUTINE BLDTAB
 *BLDTAB COALLATE BDY-TABLE; BUILD LE-TE PT TABLE *BLDTAB*

C INPUT-
 C BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
 C CHANNEL INPUT DATE, /CHDATA/

C OUTPUT-
 C CONDENSED BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
 C ORDERED EDGE POINTS, /LETEPT/

C BOUNDARY TABLE
 C INDEX= LB=LBD0, LBDE
 C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
 C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
 C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
 C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
 C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
 C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
 C BDNAME, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
 C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
 1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
 2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP
 INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAME
 DIMENSION BDNAME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
 EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

C
 COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA, PSA, TSA, PTA, TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
 1 MACHC, PSC, YSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
 2 DAXIT, SCALEA, YTE, CHOTST
 REAL MACHA(1), MACHE
 LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC, CHOTST
 COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBD0, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
 * LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
 * MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
 * LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
 DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)

C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS

C INDEX= LE=LEO, LEE, 10
 C NLE, NTE= NO. OF L,E, AND T,E; COINCIDENT PTS, RESPECTIVELY
 C CHL, CHU= NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT, RESPECTIVELY
 C BDL, BDU= BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
 C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
 COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1), YE(1), ANGE(1), NLE(1), NTE(1),
 1 CHL(1), CHU(1), BDL(1), BDU(1), NUSED(491)
 INTEGER CHL, CHU, BDL, BDU

COMMON /CBITS / BITS, IBLANK
 COMMON /CPI / PI, TWOPI, PIO2, PIO4, TODEG, TORAD
 COMMON /ERASE / XX(1), YY, ANGG, NL, NT, CNL, CNU, BNL, BNU, NZERO
 DIMENSION IXX(10)
 EQUIVALENCE (IXX, XX)
 INTEGER GNL, CNU, BNL, BNU
 COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR
 LOGICAL ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR

INTEGER BD1, BD2, BNAME2, CHN, HLOWER, HUPPER, UPPER
 LOGICAL WALL

DATA HLOWER,HUPPER/5HLOWER,5HUPPER/

```
C RELOCATE BDY-TABLE DOWN AND ADJACENT TO CHDATA-TABLE
  NMOVE = LBDE-LBDO+1
  CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LBDO),BDT(LHE+1),NMOVE,1)
  LBDO = LHE+1
  LBDE = LHE+NMOVE

C DEFINE DOUBLE POINT TOLERANCE, DPTOL
  DPTOL = 1.E-5

C** BOUNDARY TABLE SORT
C RELOCATE TOGETHER THE BOUNDARIES WHICH BELONG TO THE SAME WALL
  LB1 = LBDO
305 LB2 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
  IF (LB2,GE,LBDE) GO TO 350
C COMPARE CHANNEL NAME AND UPPER(LOWER) WALL
310 IF(CHNAME(LB2),NE,CHNAME(LB1) ,OR, (UP(LB2),AND, .NOT,UP(LB1))
  * ,OR, (UP(LB1),AND, .NOT,UP(LB2)) ) GO TO 340
C DOES LB2 FOLLOW LB1, COMPARE THE Z,R VALUES OF THE END POINTS
  L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9
  IF (ABS(ZBT(LB2)-ZBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL ,AND,
1 ABS(RBT(LB2)-RBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL) GO TO 315
C DOES LB2 PRECEED LB1
  L2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)-9
  IF (ABS(ZBT(L2)-ZBT(LB1)),GE,DPTOL ,OR,
1 ABS(RBT(L2)-RBT(LB1)),GE,DPTOL) GO TO 340
  LI = LB1
  GO TO 316
315 LI = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
316 NB2 = LBNEXT(LB2)
  LT = LI+NB2
  L2 = LB2+NB2
  L22 = L2+NB2
  IF (LB2,EQ,LI) GO TO 340
  CALL MOVE(3, BDT(LI),BDT(LT),LI-1-LBDE,1,
1 BDT(L2),BDT(LI),NB2,1,
2 BDT(L22),BDT(L2),LBDE=L2+1,1)
  IF (LI,EQ,LB1) GO TO 305
340 LB2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)
  IF (LB2,LT,LBDE) GO TO 310
  LB1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
  GO TO 305

C** COALLATE THE BOUNDARIES ALONG ONE WALL INTO ONE CONTOUR
350 LB1 = LBDO
355 NCOAL = 0
  CHN = CHNAME(LB1)
  WALL = UP(LB1)
360 LB2 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
  IF (LB2,GE,LBDE ,OR, BDT(LB2),EQ,IBLANK) GO TO 400
C IS THIS BOUNDARY CONTINUED
  IF (CHNAME(LB2),NE,CHN ,OR, (UP(LB2),AND, .NOT,WALL) ,OR,
  * (WALL ,AND, .NOT,UP(LB2)) ) GO TO 380
  L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9
  L2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)-9
  IF (ABS(ZBT(L2)-ZBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL ,AND,
1 ABS(RBT(L2)-RBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL) GO TO 365
C ERROR= BOUNDARY TABLE NOT CONTINUOUS
  IUP=HLOWER
```

```

IF( UP(LB1) ) IUP=UPPER
WRITE(6,1365) IUP,CHNAME(LB1),ZBT(L1),RBT(L1),ZBT(L2),
1 RBT(L2)

```

```

CALL ERROR1

```

```

C MOVE THE LB1 Z,R,ANG=DATA UP 6 SPACES IF THERE EXISTS
C AN ANGLE DISCONTINUITY, 9 SPACES IF THERE DOES NOT.
C (6 SPACES IS NOW ALWAYS USED SO THAT A PRIMARY ORTHOGONAL WILL BE
C GENERATED AT BOUNDARY JUNCTIONS; 4/71)

```

```

365 LUP = 6
C IF(ANGBT(L2)EQ,ANGBT(L1)) LUP=9
LF = LB1+6+LBZ1(LB1)
LT = LF+LUP
NMOVE = -((LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)) - LF)
BNAME2= BDT(LB2)
LNEXT2= LBNEXT(LB2)
LSTART= LBZ1(LB2)

```

```

CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LF),BDT(LT),NMOVE,1)

```

```

IF(NCOAL.NE.0) GO TO 370
NCOAL = 1
BDNAME(LB1)=BDT(LB1)
LBA(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)
LBB(LB1)=LBA(LB1)-NMOVE-3

```

```

370 L1 = LB1+3*NCOAL
BDNAME(L1)=BNAME2
LBA(L1)=LBNEXT(LB1)
LBB(L1)=LBA(L1) + (LNEXT2=(6+LSTART)) - 3
N = NCOAL
NCOAL = NCOAL+1

```

```

375 IF(N,LE.0) GO TO 377
L1 = LB1+3*(N-1)
LBA(L1)=LBA(L1)+LUP
LBB(L1)=LBB(L1)+LUP
N = N-1
GO TO 375

```

```

377 LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)+LNEXT2
LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)+LUP
GO TO 360

```

```

C ELIMINATE GAPS

```

```

380 IF(NCOAL.EQ.0) GO TO 390
LDOWN = LBZ1(LB1) - 3*NCOAL
IF(LDOWN.LE.0) GO TO 390
LF = LB1+6+LBZ1(LB1)
LT = LF-LDOWN
NMOVE = LBDE-LF+1
CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LF),BDT(LT),NMOVE,1)
LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)-LDOWN
LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)-LDOWN
N = 1

```

```

385 L1 = LB1+3*(N-1)
LBA(L1)=LBA(L1)-LDOWN
LBB(L1)=LBB(L1)-LDOWN
N = N-1
IF(N,LE,NCOAL) GO TO 385
LBDE = LBDE+LDOWN

```



```

C INDEX TO THE NEXT LB1
390 LB1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
IF(LB1*LT*LBDE) GO TO 355

* INITIALIZE FAR FIELD INTERFACE BOUNDARY DATA IF REQD
400 CALL FFINIT

C** BUILD LEADING EDGE/TRAILING EDGE POINT TABLE, /LETEPT/
LEE = LEO=1
LB = LBD0
405 L1 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
LL = L1
L2 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
GO TO 410

C SEARCH FOR SHARP CORNERS
407 LL = LL+3
IF(ABS(ZBT(LL)-ZBT(LL-3))*LT,DPYOL,AND;
1 ABS(RBT(LL)-RBT(LL-3))*LT,DPYOL) GO TO 408
IF(LL,LT,L2) GO TO 407
GO TO 410

C SHARP CORNER
408 ZBT(LL)=ZBT(LL-3)
RBT(LL)=RBT(LL-3)
NZERO = =1
NL = 0
NY = 0
ANGG = .5*(ANGBT(LL)+ANGBT(LL-3))
GO TO 412

410 NZERO = 0
ANGG = ANGBT(LL)
412 CALL SETM(1,IBLANK,CNL,4)
XX = ZBT(LL)
YY = RBT(LL)
IF(UP(LB)) GO TO 415

C LOWER BOUNDARY
CNL = CHNAME(LB)
BNL = BDT(LB)
IF(LL,EQ,L1) GO TO 420
IF(LL,EQ,L2) GO TO 425
GO TO 435

C UPPER BOUNDARY
415 CNU = CHNAME(LB)
BNU = BDT(LB)
ANGG = ANGG-PI
IF(LL,EQ,L1) GO TO 425
IF(LL,EQ,L2) GO TO 420
GO TO 435

C LEADING EDGE
420 NL = 1
NY = 0
GO TO 435

C TRAILING EDGE
425 NT = 1
NL = 0

C 435 CALL ESORTP

*ESORTP PRELIMINARY EDGE POINT SORT
C SUBROUTINE ESORT

```

●ESORT●●●●●●●●●●

```

C INPUT-
C XX(10)= DATA VECTOR TO BE INSERTED INTO ARRAY-XE
C XE = ARRAY OF VECTORS SORTED ACCORDING TO FIRST TWO ELEMENTS
C LEO,LEE=INDEX LIMITS OF THE XE-ARRAY

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C XE = REVISED ARRAY OF EDGE POINTS
C LEE = REVISED UPPER LIMIT OF XE-ARRAY.

```

```

C SEARCH FOR ORDERED POSITION - J

```

```

435 CONTINUE
  J = 0
55 I = 1
60 LE = 10*J + I - 1 + LEO
  IF(LE,GE,LEE) GO TO 80
  XD = XX(I),XE(LE)
  IF(ABS(XD),LE,(1.1*YTE)) XD=0
  IF(XD) 80,70,65
65 J = J+1
  GO TO 55
70 I = I+1
  IF(I,LE,2) GO TO 60

```

```

C THE NEW POINT IS COINCIDENT WITH POINT-J

```

```

  LE = 10*J + LEO
  ANGE(LE)=.5*(ANGE(LE)+ANGG)
  NLE(LE)=NLE(LE)+NL
  NTE(LE)=NTE(LE)+NT
  I = 6
72 LE = 10*J + I - 1 + LEO
  IF(IXX(I),NE,IBLANK) XE(LE)=XX(I)
  I = I+1
  IF(I,LE,10) GO TO 72
C RETURN
  GO TO 436

```

```

C RELOCATE AND INSERT THE NEW LINE IN LINE-J

```

```

80 LEF = 10*J + LEO
  LET = LEF+10
  CALL MOVE(2, XE(LEF),XE(LET),LEF-LEE*1,1,
1 XX,XE(LEF),10,1)
  LEE = LEE+10
C RETURN
C END

```

```

436 IF(LL=L2) 407,440,407

```

```

C INCREMENT BOUNDARY TABLE INDEX

```

```

440 LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
  IF(LB,LT,LBDE) GO TO 405

```

```

C CHECK FOR A MINIMUM OF 4 POINTS IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
  IF((LEE-LEO+1),LT,40) CALL ERROR1

```

```

C# FINAL SORT OF /LETEPT/ BY AVERAGE FLOW ANGLE

```

```

  TANG = 92./90.*PIQ2
  LE1 = LEO
454 NCOUNT= (LEE-LE1)/10
455 LE2 = LE1
460 LE2 = LE2+10
  IF(LE2,GE,LEE) GO TO 470

```

```

C      IS PT2 IN FRONT OF PT1 (VECTOR PT1 TO PT2 GT 90 DEG FROM SL)
      ANGSL = .5*(ANGE(LE1)+ANGE(LE2))
      ANG12 = ATAN8(YE(LE2)-YE(LE1),XE(LE2)-XE(LE1)+ANGSL)
      IF (ABS(ANG12-ANGSL);LE,TANG) GO TO 460

C      MOVE PT LE2 IN FRONT OF LE1
      LI = LE1
      LT = LI+10
      L2 = LE2+10
      L22 = L2+10
      CALL MOVE(3, XE(LI),XE(LT),LI-1,LEE,1,
1          XE(L2),XE(LI),10,1;
2          XE(L22),XE(L2);LEE=L2+1,1)
      NCOUNT= NCOUNT+1
      IF(NCOUNT,GE,0) GO TO 455
      WRITE (6,1468)
      CALL ERROR1

C      INDEX LE1
470 LE1 = LE1+10
      IF(LE1,LT,LEE) GO TO 454

C*     COMBINE UPPER AND LOWER CONTOURS CONNECTED BY L,E. IN THE BDY=TABLE
C      LB1 AND LB2 ARE INDICIES OF THE TWO CONTOURS
C      (LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE)
C      LUP = ADDITIONAL SPACE REQD FOR SUBTABLE OF INCLUDED BOUNDARIES
      LE = LEQ
472 IF(NLE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 496
      BD1 = BDU(LE)
      BD2 = BDL(LE)
      LB1 = LBF(BD1)
      LB2 = LBF(BD2)

C      CHECK L,E. ANGLE DISCREPANCY
      LB = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)
      ANG2 = ANGBT(LB)*TODEG
      NBD2 = BDT(LB2)
      LB = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9
      ANG1 = ANGBT(LB)*TODEG
      NBD1 = BDT(LB1)
      IF (ABS(ANG2-ANG1),LT,.1) GO TO 474
      ANGDAV = .5*(ANG1+ANG2)
      WRITE (6,1478) ZBT(LB),RBT(LB),NBD1,NBD2,ANG1,ANG2,ANGDAV
1473 FORMAT (/52H *** ERROR = THE BOUNDARY ANGLES AT L,E. POINT Z =,
1          F10,5,4H R =,F10,5//14X,17HARE NOT THE SAME,
2          33H THE AVERAGE VALUE WILL BE USED://21X,7HBDY = ,A6,6X,
3          7HBDY = ,A6/21X,5HANGD =,F8,3,6X,5HANGD =,F8,3//29X,
4          8HAVG-ANG =,F8,3)
      ANGBT(LB)=ANGDAV*TORAD

C      MAKE ROOM FOR SUBTABLE OF INCLUDED BOUNDARIES
474 LUP = MAX0(3,LBZ1(LB1)) + MAX0(3,LBZ1(LB2)) = LBZ1(LB1)
      LB = LB1+LBZ1(LB1)
      LT = LB+LUP
      CALL MOVE(1, ZBT(LB),ZBT(LT),LB+5-LBDE,1)
      LBDE = LBDE+LUP
      IF(LB2,GE,LB1) LB2=LB2+LUP

C      INCLUDED BOUNDARIES IN COUNTOUR LB1
      IF(LBZ1(LB1),NE,0) GO TO 475

```

```

BDNAME(LB)=BDT(LB)
LBA(LB)=LUP
LBB(LB)=LBA(LB)+LBNEXT(LB)-9
LB = LB+3
GO TO 480
475 LBN1 = LB1
476 LBA(LBN1)=LBA(LBN1)+LUP
LBB(LBN1)=LBB(LBN1)+LUP
LBN1 = LBN1+3
IF(LBN1,LT,LB) GO TO 476

C UPPER SURFACE CHANNEL NAME IS STORED ON TOP OF *UP*
C LEDEX = INDEX OF LEADING EDGE PT ON THE CONTOUR
480 CHNAME(LB1+1)=CHNAME(LB2)
LEDEX(LB1)=LBB(LB-3)

C INCLUDED BOUNDARIES IN CONTOUR LB2
IF(LBZ1(LB2),NE,0) GO TO 485
BDNAME(LB)=BDT(LB2)
LBA(LB)=LBB(LB-3)
LBB(LB)=LBA(LB)+LBNEXT(LB2)-9
GO TO 490

C RELOCATE INDEX LIMITS OF UPPER BOUNDARIES
485 LBN2 = LB2
LBDIF = LBB(LB-3)-LBA(LB2)
486 BDNAME(LB)=BDNAME(LBN2)
LBA(LB)=LBA(LBN2)+LBDIF
LBB(LB)=LBB(LBN2)+LBDIF
LB = LB+3
LBN2 = LBN2+3
IF(LBN2,LT,(LB2+LBZ1(LB2))) GO TO 486

C RELOCATE LB2*COORDINATES INTO LB1-COUNTOUR, NB2=NUMBER OF DATA
C POINTS TO BE MOVED,
490 NB2 = LBNEXT(LB2)-LBZ1(LB2)-9
L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)+LUP
LT = L1+NB2
L2 = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)+9
L22 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)
IF(LB2,LT,LB1) GO TO 494
LB2 = LB2+NB2
L2 = L2+NB2
L22 = L22+NB2
494 LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)+LUP
LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)+LUP+NB2
CALL MOVE(3, BDT(L1),BDT(LT),L1-1-LBDE,1,
1 BDT(L2),BDT(L1),NB2,1,
2 BDT(L22),BDT(LB2),LBDE+NB2+1-L22,1)
LBDE = LBDE+NB2=(L22-LB2)

DO 495 LEX=LEO,LEE,10
495 IF(BDL(LEX),EQ,BD2) BDL(LEX)=BD1
496 LE = LE+10
IF(LE,LT,LEE) GO TO 472

RETURN

1468 FORMAT(/1X70#ERROR= THE L,E, Y,E, AND BOUNDARY POINTS CAN NOT BE
*ORDERED ACCORDING/8X64HTO ORTHOGONAL NUMBER. PLEASE CHECK S,L, AN
*GLES IN TABLE=LETEPT,.)
1365 FORMAT(///1X8H** THE3X,A6,1X25HBOUNDARY CONTOUR FOR CHN=A6,1X17H

```

*IS NOT CONTINUOUS/6X9HAT POINTSF11,5,1H;F10'5,1X3HANDF11,5,1H,F10,
*5;1H,/6X59HTHE FOLLOWING TABLE CONTAINS THE BOUNDARY COORDINATE IN
*PUT;)
END

*DECK BPSORT
 SUBROUTINE BRSORT
 *BPSORT BOUNDARY POINT SORT

BPSORT

```
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
```

```
C FIELD TABLES
C INDEX= M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
```

```
C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATION TABLE
L1 = LO
```

```
C LOWER BOUNDARY
60 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
65 IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 100
IF(NAMELB(L1).EQ.NAMELB(L2)) GO TO 70
L2 = L2+LNEXT(L2)
GO TO 65

C NAME AGREEMENT
70 IF(FLOAT(ILB(L2))+FLB(L2) = FLOAT(ILB(L1))+FLB(L1)) 80,85,100

C SWITCH POINTS
80 M1 = MLB(L1)
M2 = MLB(L2)
ISV = ILB(L1)
FSV = FLB(L1)
SSV = S1LB(L1)
RSV = R(M1)
ZSV = Z(M1)
ILB(L1)=ILB(L2)
```

```

FLB(L1)=FLB(L2)
S1LB(L1)=S1LB(L2)
R(M1) = R(M2)
Z(M1) = Z(M2)
ILB(L2)=ISV
FLB(L2)=FSV
S1LB(L2)=SSV
R(M2) = RSV
Z(M2) = ZSV
GO TO 100

```

C COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS

```

85 M1 = MLB(L1)
NAMBDY= NAMEUB(L1)
GO TO 187

```

C UPPER BOUNDARY

```

100 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
165 IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 190
IF(NAMEUB(L2).EQ.NAMEUB(L1)) GO TO 170
L2 = L2+LNEXT(L2)
GO TO 165

```

C NAME AGREEMENT

```

170 IF(FLOAT(IUB(L1))+FUB(L1) = FLOAT(IUB(L2))+FUB(L2)) 180,185,190

```

C SWITCH POINTS

```

180 M1 = MUB(L1)
M2 = MUB(L2)
ISV = IUB(L1)
FSV = FUB(L1)
SSV = S1UB(L1)
RSV = R(M1)
ZSV = Z(M1)
IUB(L1)=IUB(L2)
FUB(L1)=FUB(L2)
S1UB(L1)=S1UB(L2)
R(M1) = R(M2)
Z(M1) = Z(M2)
IUB(L2)=ISV
FUB(L2)=FSV
S1UB(L2)=SSV
R(M2) = RSV
Z(M2) = ZSV
GO TO 190

```

C COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS

```

185 M1 = MUB(L1)
NAMBDY= NAMEUB(L1)
187 ERR = .TRUE.
WRITE (6,1187) Z(M1),R(M1),NAMBDY

```

C INDEX L1

```

190 L1 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
IF(L1.LT.LESTA) GO TO 60
RETURN

```

```

1187 FORMAT(45H *** ERROR = COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS AT POINT,2F10.5,11H
* ALONG BDY*,A6)
END

```

```
•DECK FFINIT
SUBROUTINE FFINIT
•FFINIT      INITIALIZATION OF FAR FIELD CALC      •FFINIT•

COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1            ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
      INTEGER      FARFLD,FREE,PRES

RETURN
END
```


*DECK FRFDNZ
 SUBROUTINE FRFDNZ
 CFRFDNZ GENERATE ZDN, ZIJ MATRIX FOR FAR-FIELD BC; =FRFDNZ-

```

C
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),HLB(1),HUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1 MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, YTE, CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1), MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
COMMON /ERASE2/ WSTA(100), DISP(100), WAKE(100), TT(100), PT(100),
* LAM(100), RGX(100), C2CPX(100), DUM(534),
* IN1(25), IN2(25,2),
* NINT, M(21), EE(21), KK(21), XINT(21),
* YINT(21), IZ(21)
REAL M, KK
DIMENSION XIJ(25,25), YIJ(25,25)
EQUIVALENCE (WSTA, XIJ), (C2CPX, YIJ)
COMMON /ERASE/ UNIT(25,25)
COMMON /CPI / PI, DUMPI(5)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK
COMMON /CFRFD/ NFF, MAXFF, ZFF(64), RFF(64),
* ZDN(25), DRDN(25), UDN(25), ZIJ(25,25)
DIMENSION FGRX(100)
EQUIVALENCE (FGRX, ZIJ)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF, MINF, RFFREF, UINF, ZDN1, ZDN25
REAL MINF
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(26)
COMMON /CISBOT/ DUMIS(30), ADUM(6)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT, ICGB, NODENS, CPTDUM
COMMON /CR / R(300)
EQUIVALENCE (R1, RFFREF), (R25, ADUM(2))
LOGICAL DSIZE
REAL M1, M2, M3, M4
DATA AK1, AK2, AK3, AK4, AK5/
* 1, 3862944, .096663443, .035900924, .037425637, .0145119621/
DATA BK1, BK2, BK3, BK4, BK5/
* .5, .12498594, .06880249, .03328355, .00441787/
DATA AE1, AE2, AE3, AE4/
* .44325141, .06260601, .04757384, .01736506/
DATA BE1, BE2, BE3, BE4/

```

```

C* .249983687;0920018,,04069698;.005264496/
C
C INPUT***
C MINF = FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER
C ZDN1,ZDN25= STREAMWISE LIMITS OF FAR FIELD :
C RFFREF = NOMINAL RADIUS OF FAR FIELD
C OUTPUT***
C ZDN(1-25) = STREAMWISE CO-ORDINATES FOR DN= FAR FIELD SOLUTION
C ZIJ(25,25)= Z MATRIX = (INVERSE OF YIJ)*XIJ=
C EXTENSION FRACTION TO FF= ADUM(1)

BETA = SQRT(1.-MINF**2)
OBETA = 1./BETA
C INITIALIZE DZ, ZDN TABLE
C TRANSFORM TO INCOMPRESSIBLE PLANE
NDENSV= NODENS
NODENS= 1
1 DZFF = ZDN25-ZDN1
ZDN1 = ZDN1-ADUM(1)*DZFF
ZDN25 = ZDN25+ADUM(1)*DZFF
ZDN(1)= ZDN1*OBETA
ZDN(25)= ZDN25*OBETA
DZ = (ZDN(25)-ZDN(1))/24;
DO 2 K=2,24
2 ZDN(K)= ZDN(K-1)+DZ
C DETERMINE FF CROSS STREAM COORDINATE AT ZDN(25)
L = LESTA-19
IF( LNEXT(L).NE.20 ) CALL ERROR1
MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
CALL TTPT(MA,MB,WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
NK = MB-MA+1
C ASSUME ISENTROPIC PROCESS TO UNDISTURBED CONDITIONS AT ZDN(25)
GM2 = .5*(GAMA-1.)
GM1 = (GAMA-1.)/GAMA
PSINF = PT(NK)/(1.+GM2*MINF**2)**(1./GM1)
AREA = 0.
K = 0
1111 K = K+1
GMA = (1.+FGRX(K))/FGRX(K)
GM1 = 1./(GMA*FGRX(K))
TSQTT = (PSINF/PT(K))**GM1
V2 = SQRT(C2CPX(K)*TT(K)*(1.-TSQTT))
RH02 = PT(K)/(RGX(K)*TT(K))*TSQTT**FGRX(K)
IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 1112
WQAKM1= RH02*V2
GO TO 1111
1112 WQA = RH02*V2
AREA = AREA+2.*(WSTA(K)-WSTA(K-1))/(WQAKM1+WQA)
WQAKM1= WQA
IF( K.LT.NK ) GO TO 1111
R25 = AREA*R(MA)
IF( AXIA ) R25=SQRT(R(MA)**2+AREA/PI)
IF( ,NOT,AXIA ) GO TO 94
NINT = 11

C INITIALIZE PARAMETERS FOR INTEGRATION
3 DZZ = DZ/FLOAT(NINT-1)
C NOTE*** RADIAL CO-ORDINATE SCXLED*****

```

```

DSING = 0.1*REFREF
DSIZE = .TRUE.
IF( DZZ.LE.DSING ) DSIZE=.FALSE.
FA = 4.*REFREF**2
IF( DSIZE ) DELZD=DZZ-DSING
DD = AMIN1( DZZ,DSING )
AL = ALOG( .125*DD )
SINGV = 2.*(-PI*DD*AL)=.125*DD**3*(1.+AL)

C OUTER LOOP FOR CALC. OF XIJ,YIJ TABLES
DO 90 I=1,25
C INNER LOOP FOR CALC. OF XIJ,YIJ TABLES
DO 89 J=1,25
C SECTION TO BUILD TABLES FOR INTEGRATION
C TABLES ARE BUILT IN 2 PASSES
KGO = 1
IF( I.EQ.J ) GO TO 10
IF( J.EQ.1 ) KGO=2
IF( J.EQ.25 ) KGO=3
GO TO 12
10 KGO = 4
IF( J.EQ.1 ) KGO=5
IF( J.EQ.25 ) KGO=6
12 NIN = NINT
IF( KGO.NE.1 .AND. KGO.NE.4 ) NIN=(NINT-1)/2+1
NMID=0
IF( KGO.EQ.4 ) NMID=(NINT-1)/2+1

C INITIAL PASS TO BUILD TABLES

K = 0
15 K = K+1
K1 = K-1
C = 1.
GO TO (20,25,30,35,40) , KGO

C NORMAL BRANCH--OR (J=25, I.NE.J )
20 IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 22
21 ZZ(K) = ZDN(J)+.5*DZ
GO TO 23
22 ZZ(K) = ZZ(K1)+C*DZZ
23 M(K) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K))**2)
GO TO 50

C ** (J=1, I.NE.J)
25 IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 22
ZZ(K) = ZDN(I)
GO TO 23

C NORMAL SINGULARITY BRANCH
30 IF( K.EQ.1 ) GO TO 21
IF( ZZ(K-1).NE.BITS ) GO TO 31
K1 = K-2
C = 2.
31 IF( K.NE.NMID ) GO TO 22
32 ZZ(K) = BITS
M(K) = BITS
GO TO 50

C ** (I=J, J=1)
35 IF( K.GT.2 ) GO TO 22
GO TO (32,36) , K
36 ZZ(K) = ZDN(J)+DZZ
GO TO 23

```

```

C      *(I=J, J=25)
40 IF( K.EQ.1 ) GO TO 21
   IF( K.EQ.NIN ) GO TO 32
   GO TO 22
50 IF( K.LT.NIN ) GO TO 15

C      FINAL PASS TO BUILD TABLES-- ADJUST FOR SINGULARITIES CLOSER
C      THAN DZZ

      IF( .NOT. DSIZE ) GO TO 70
      K      = 0
55 K      = K+1
      IF( ZZ(K).NE.BITS ) GO TO 60
      GO TO (60,60,60,56,57,56) , KGO
56 ZZ(K-1) = ZZ(K-1)+DELZD
      M(K-1) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K-1))*2)
      IF( KGO.EQ.6 ) GO TO 60
57 ZZ(K+1) = ZZ(K+1)-DELZD
      M(K+1) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K+1))*2)
60 IF( K.LT.NIN ) GO TO 55

C      EVALUATE ELLIPTIC INTEGRALS (K(M),E(M))

70 DO 71 L=1,NIN
   IF( M(L).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 71
   M1 = 1.-M(L)
   IF( M1.EQ.1. .OR. M1.EQ.0. ) CALL ERROR1
   M2 = M1*M1
   M3 = M2*M1
   M4 = M2*M2
   TLOG = ALOG(1./M1)

C
C      EVALUATE KK
C
      KK(L) = AK1*AK2*M1+AK3*M2+AK4*M3+AK5*M4
      *      *(BK1+BK2*M1+BK3*M2+BK4*M3+BK5*M4) *TLOG

C
C      EVALUATE EE
C
      EE(L) = 1.+AE1*M1+AE2*M2+AE3*M3+AE4*M4
      *      *(BE1*M1+BE2*M2+BE3*M3+BE4*M4) *TLOG

C
71 CONTINUE

C      CALCULATE INTEGRANDS XINT,YINT

      DO 73 K=1,NIN
      IF( ZZ(K).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 73
      DEN = SORT(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K))*2)
      XINT(K) = -4.*RFFREF*EE(K)/(DEN*(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K)))
      YINT(K) = -2.*(KK(K)-EE(K))/DEN
73 CONTINUE

C      INTEGRATE

75 XIJI = 0.
   YIJI = 0.
   K      = 1
76 K      = K+1
   GO TO (77,77,77,78,78,78) , KGO
77 DZK    = ZZ(K)-ZZ(K+1)

```

```

TERMX = 0.5*(XINT(K)+XINT(K-1))
TERMY = 0.5*(YINT(K)+YINT(K-1))
XIJI = XIJI+TERMX*DZK
YIJI = YIJI+TERMY*DZK
GO TO 80

```

C

```

78 IF( (ZZ(K),NE,BITS) ,AND, (ZZ(K-1),NE,BITS) ) GO TO 77
IF( KGO,EO,6 ) GO TO 80
IF( KGO,EO,4 ) K=K+2
IF( KGO,EO,5 ) K=K+1
GO TO 77

```

C

```

80 IF( K,LT,NIN ) GO TO 76
XIJI(I,J)= XIJI
IF( KGO,GT,3 ) YIJI=YIJI+SINGV
YIJI(I,J)= YIJI
89 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
IF( PDUM(26),EQ,0, ) GO TO 91
CALL TABPRT(3HXIJ,XIJ,625,10)
CALL TABPRT(3HYIJ,YIJ,625,10)
91 CONTINUE

```

C

DETERMINE INVERSE OF YIJ

```

CALL MATINV(YIJ,25,UNIT,0,DET,IN1,IN2,25,ISCALE)

```

```

DO 93 I=1,25
DO 93 J=1,25
ZIJ(I,J)= 0
DO 92 K=1,25
92 ZIJ(I,J)= ZIJ(I,J)+XIJ(I,K)*UNIT(K,J)
93 CONTINUE

```

C

TRANSFORM BACK TO COMPRESSIBLE PLANE

```

GO TO 97
94 CALL SETM(1,0,ZIJ,625)
DO 96 I=1,25
DO 95 J=1,25
IF( I,EO,J ) GO TO 95
DXIJP = ZDN(I)-(ZDN(J)+.5*DZ)
DXIJM = ZDN(I)-(ZDN(J)-.5*DZ)
ZIJ(I,J)= -1./PI*ALOG(DXIJP/DXIJM)
95 CONTINUE
96 CONTINUE
97 CALL FMPYC(1,BETA,ZDN,ZDN,25)
CALL FMPYC(1,OBETA,ZIJ,ZIJ,625)
IF( PDUM(26),EQ,0, ) GO TO 200
CALL TABPRT(5HYIJ-1,UNIT,625,10)
CALL TABPRT(5HZIJ,ZIJ,625,10)
200 NODENS= NDENSV
WRITE (6,211) ZDN1,R1,ZDN25,R25
211 FORMAT(//6X,29H*EXTENDED FAR FIELD BOUNDARY*/7X,2HZ=,F10,3,3X,
* 2HR=,F10,3/7X,2HZ=,F10,3,3X,2HR=,F10,3/)
RETURN
END

```

*DECK ISBOT
 SUBROUTINE ISBOT

ISBOT INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

ISBOT

```

C COMB1
C STATAB, CHDATA, BDYTAB
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF, BRHS, WRIOU)
C MCL = SHARR CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE, FLOBAL)
C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1), LNEXT(1), MLB(1), MUB(1), PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1), NAMELB(1), ILB(1), FLB(1), S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1), NAMEUB(1), IUB(1), FUB(1), S1UB(1),
8 VMB(1), DWDV(1), X2CL(1), SLSWI(1), MCL(1),
8 ANGTE(1), PTTE(1), PSTE(1), FGRT(1), RGTE(1),
8 ANGEXP(1), BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION CRVLE(1), ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE, DWDV), (CRVLE, ANGLE), (ANGLE, PTTE)
      INTEGER RRIM, TYPELB, TYPEUB, SCHOKE(1)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L;E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
      DIMENSION BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL UP
      INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAM
      DIMENSION BDNAM(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)

      DIMENSION CHNAM(1), LHNEXT(17)
      INTEGER CHNAM
      EQUIVALENCE (X1, BDT, CHNAM), (LNEXT, LBNEXT, LHNEXT), (MLB, LBZ1),
1 (MUB, CHNAME), (PRIM, UP), (TYPELB, LEDEX),
2 (NAMELB, ZBT, BDNAM), (ILB, RBT, LBA), (FLB, ANGBT,
3 LBB)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBD0, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)

COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF, MINF, RFFREF, UINF, ZDN1, ZDN25
REAL MINF
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2), FREE(2), PRES(2), RFF, NZP,
1 ZP(10), PPS(10), A1, A2, ADUM(6)
      INTEGER FARFLD, FREE, PRES
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR
      LOGICAL ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR

      LOGICAL ONCE, SETAG
  
```

```

DATA KLE/2HLE/, KTE/2HTE/, KFIELD/5HFIELD/
DATA KFAR/6HFARPLD/, KFREE/4HFREE/, KPRES/4HPRES/, KSOLID/5HSOLID/
DATA ONCE/,FALSE./

```

```

C CHECK FOR INCORRECT CHANNEL INPUT NAMES
  LH = LHO
  GO TO 45
C LOOP THROUGH BOUNDARY TABLE TO SEE IF CHNAM(LH) IS REFERENCED
32 LB = LBDO
35 IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHNAME(LB) .OR. CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHNAME(LB+1))GO TO 40
  LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
  IF(LB.LT.LBDE) GO TO 35
C NO REFERENCE FOUND FOR CHNAM(LH)
  ERR = .TRUE.
  WRITE (6,1035) CHNAM(LH)
1035 FORMAT(57H *** ERROR = BOUNDARY INPUT DATA DOES NOT REFERENCE CHN
1*,A6)
C INDEX TO NEXT CHANNEL
40 LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
45 IF(LH.LT.LHE) GO TO 32
C LOOP THROUGH STATION TABLE TO INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYRES
  L = LO
C LOWER BOUNDARY
100 NAMB = NAMELB(L)
  KTYPE = TYPELB(L)
  ITVL = ILB(L)
  IRET = 0
  GO TO 500
150 TYPELB(L)=KTYPE
  IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) NAMELB(L)=NAMB
C UPPER BOUNDARY
  NAMB = NAMEUB(L)
  KTYPE = TYPEUB(L)
  ITVL = IUB(L)
  IRET = 1
  GO TO 500
250 TYPEUB(L)=KTYPE
  IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) NAMEUB(L)=NAMB
C INDEX TO NEXT STATION
  L = L+LNEXT(L)
  IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 100
  RETURN
C** GENERAL LOGIC FOR EITHER UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C NAMB = BOUNDARY NAME
C KTYPE = BOUNDARY TYPE
500 IF(KTYPE.EQ.KLE .OR. KTYPE.EQ.KTE .OR. KTYPE.EQ.KFIELD)
  * GO TO 599
C CHECK BOUNDARY TABLE TO FIND SEGMENT NAME IF TYPE=SOLID.
  SETAG = .FALSE.
  LB = LBP(NAMB)
  NAMBD = NAMB
  IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) GO TO 520
  LBXN = LBZ1(LB)
  IF(LBXN.EQ.0) GO TO 520

```

```

C     LBX = LBZ1(LB)*3*ITVL-3
C     LBX = INDEX (RELATIVE TO SUBTABLE ORIGIN) OF THE
C           INTERVAL OF THE OL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION POINT
C     LB1 = LB
510  IF(LBA(LB1).LE.LBX .AND. LBB(LB1).GE.LBX) GO TO 515
C     LB1 = LB1+3
C     IF(LB1.LT.(LB+LBZ1(LB))) GO TO 510
C     CALL ERROR1
C     CHECK FOR FIRST OF DOUBLE POINTS ON UPPER BOUNDARY
515  IF(IRET.EQ.0 .OR. LBX.NE.LBB(LB1) .OR. (LB1+3).GE.(LB+LBZ1(LB))
C     * .OR. LBA(LB1+3).NE.(LBB(LB1)+3)) GO TO 518
C     CHANGE STATION-TABLE REFERENCE TO THE 2ND PT (1ST STREAMWISE PT)
C     NAMBD = BDNAME(LB1)
C     LB1 = LB1+3
C     IUB(L)=IUB(L)+1
C     SETAG = .TRUE.
518  NAMB = BDNAME(LB1)

C     DETERMINE IF GIVEN BOUNDARY NAME HAS BEEN SPECIFIED BY
C     USER INPUT AS A SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPE
520  IF(NAMB.EQ.FARFLD(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.FARFLD(2)) KTYPE=KFAR
C     IF(NAMB.EQ.FREE(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.FREE(2)) KTYPE=KFREE
C     IF(NAMB.EQ.PRES(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.PRES(2)) KTYPE=KPRES

C     SET Istag EQUAL TO ZERO AT THE SOLID/FREE BREAK POINT
C     IF(.NOT.SETAG .OR. (NAMBD.NE.FREE(1) .AND. NAMBD.NE.FREE(2) .AND.
C     * NAMBD.NE.PRES(1) .AND. NAMBD.NE.PRES(2))) GO TO 530
C     M = MUB(L)
C     CALL GETIX
C     Istag = 0
C     CALL SAVIX

C     FAR-FIELD BOUNDARY GEOMETRIC DATA
530  IF(KTYPE.NE.KFAR .OR. ONCE) GO TO 599
C     LB1 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
C     LB2 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
C     RFFREF = RBT(LB2)
C     ZDN1 = ZBT(LB2)
C     ZDN25 = ZBT(LB1)
C     WRITE (6,1530) RFFREF,ZDN1,ZDN25,NAMB
1530  FORMAT(/,2X,41H THE FAR FIELD INTERFACE BOUNDARY IS AT R#,F9.3,
C     *11H BETWEEN Z=#,F9.3,4H AND,F9.3,1H,,8H (BDY=#,A6,1H))

C     SET UP FAR FIELD SOLUTION MATRIX
C     CALL FRFDN2
C     ONCE = .TRUE.

C     RETURN
599  IF(IRET) 150,150,250
C     END

```



```

DECK MATINV
SUBROUTINE MATINV(YIJ,N,UNIT,W,DET,IN1,IN2,ND,IF)
CMATINV
      DIMENSION YIJ(1),UNIT(1),IN1(1),IN2(1)
      NN = N*N
      CALL SETM(1,0,UNIT,NN)
      N1 = N+1
      DO 1 L=1,NN,N1
1 UNIT(L) = 1
      CALL LRMS1(VIJ,N,IN1,IN2,DET,IF,N)
      IF (DET.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
      CALL DBSRT1(UNIT,N,IN1,IN2,VIJ,N,N)
2 RETURN
END

```

-MATINV-

```

*DECK DUP1
SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D      LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION          *LFIT2D*
C           IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
C           DIMENSION      X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C INPUT-
C X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C NXY      = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C NXT      = NUMBER OF XT
C NYT      = NUMBER OF YT
C XT       = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C YT       = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C T        = TABLE OF VALUES
C NOTE     = NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NXT; ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C          YT(NYT) @ T(3)      T(6)      T(NXT*NXT)
C          YT(2)  @ T(2)      T(5)      T(8)
C          YT(1)  @ T(1)      T(4)      T(7)
C          -----
C          XT(1)      XT(2)      XT(NXT)

C OUTPUT-
C TO       = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

COMMON /CTHICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)
COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
I      = 1
M      = 1
ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT = 0
105 IF(X(M).LT.XT(I)) GO TO 110
IF(X(M).GT.XT(I+1)) GO TO 120
F      = (X(M)-XT(I))/(XT(I+1)-XT(I))
GO TO 110
110 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
I      = I-1
GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1).GE.NXT) GO TO 145
I      = I+1
125 NCOUNT = NCOUNT+1
IF(NCOUNT.GT.NXT) CALL ERROR1
GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
GO TO 190
145 F      = 1.

C INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I.EQ.ISV) GO TO 160
IJ2   = I*NXT+1
IJ1   = IJ2-NYT
CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT, Y,T1,NXY)
CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT, Y,T2,NXY)
ISV   = I

C INTERPOLATE WRT X
160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

M     = M+1
IF(M.LE.NXY) GO TO 100

```

```
C,.,. END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONG TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY
```

```
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK DUP2
SUBROUTINE TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
*TTPT= TT, PT, AND RCU FOR STREAMLINES @TTPT@
LOGICAL WAKE
REAL LAM(25)
DIMENSION WSTA(25),DISP(25),TT(25),PT(25),
1 RGX(25),C2CPX(25),FGRX(25)

```

C INPUT-

C MA = FIRST FIELD POINT
C MB = LAST FIELD POINT

C OUTPUT-

C WSTA = LIST OF STREAM FUNCTION VALUES
C DISP(K)=NON-ZERO FOR POSSIBLE SLIP CONDITION BETWEEN STREAMLINE
C K AND K+1, OTHERWISE DISP(K)=0.
C = DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS OF WAKE IF POSITIVE
C WAKE = .TRUE; IF THERE EXISTS ANY WAKE DISPLACEMENTS,
C TT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL TEMPERATURE
C PT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL PRESSURE
C LAMBDA= LAMINA THICKNESS IN THIRD DIMENSION, BLOCKAGE EFFECT
C RCU = INTERPOLATED ANGULAR MOMENTUM ***NOT NOW IN USE
C RGX = GAS CONSTANT
C C2CPX = SPECIFIC HEAT
C FGRX = 1/(GAM-1)= FUNCTION OF GAMMA FOR CALCULATING DENSITY
C NOTE = LENGTH OF WSTA,TT,PT,RCU=LISTS IS MB-MA+1

C WAKETB, CONVTB, CADJWF

C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES

C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1);
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1);
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)

INTEGER CH

DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)

* SEE OTHER LISTING OF TTPT FOR EXPLANATION OF VARIABLES

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE

C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS

C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
C DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
C DIMENSION DST(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-
C X2W,LWNEXT(#2*2N), S1W(1),S1W(2),..,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),..,DST(N)
C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E,
C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C EQUIVALENCE (CH,X1F,X2W), (LTNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT), (NPT,X1BF,S1W)
C EQUIVALENCE (LPSI,X1AF), (LTT,S1F), (LPT,NCHB), (LRCU,NCHA)
C EQUIVALENCE (CRG,JORDER), (CPGJ,VNR)

C COMMON /IXORIG/ LWO,LWE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

```

      LEO,LEE, LRO,CRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GBREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CYHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THK2D(78)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE / PSI(800)

```

```

      INTEGER      CHX

```

```

C      INTERPOLATE FOR LAMINA THICKNESS

```

```

      NK      = MB-MA+1
      CALL SETM(1,1,, LAM,NK)
      IF(NTHKX.LE.1) GO TO 100
      CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)

```

```

C      INITIALIZE

```

```

      100 WAKE = .FALSE;

```

```

C      DEFINE NUMBER OF STREAMLINES; NK, ASSOCIATED WITH EACH CHANNEL

```

```

      K      = 1
      M      = MA
      WADD   = 0.
105      NK   = 0
      K1     = K
      M1     = M
110      CALL GETIX
      IF(M,NE,M1) GO TO 114
      CHX    = SLCHN(J)
      PSI1   = X2(J)
114      IF(SLCHN(J),RE,CHX) GO TO 120
      NK     = NK+1
      DISP(K)=0.
      WSTA(K)=W(J)+WADD
      PSI(NK)=X2(J)
      K      = K+1
      M      = M+1
      IF(M,LE,MB) GO TO 110

```

```

C      FIND INDEX IN CONVTB

```

```

120      LT      = LTO
125      IF(LT.GT.LTE) CALL ERROR1
      IF(CH(LT).EQ.CHX) GO TO 130
      LT      = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
      GO TO 125

```

```

C      INTERPOLATE FOR CONVECTED PROPERTIES

```

```

C      SCALE THE PSI TABLE TO CONFORM TO THE LPSI=TABLE IN /CONVTB/

```

```

130      NI      = NPT(LT)
      I        = LT+LPSI(LT)
      I2       = I+NI
      IF(K1.EQ.1 .AND. NK.EQ.1) PSI1=PSI1-8.
      PSI1     = 8.*AINT(PSI1/8.)
      F        = XCH(I2-1)/8.
      DO 140 KN=1,NK

```

```

140 PSI(KN)=(PSI(KN)-PSI1)*F
    IT = LT+LTT(LT)
    IP = LT+LRT(LT)
    IS = LT+LRCU(LT)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IT),NI,PSI,TT(K1),NK,0)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IP),NI,PSI,PT(K1),NK,0)
C   CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IS),NI,PSI,RCU(K1),NK,0)
    CALL SETM(1,CRG(LT),RGX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,C2CP(LT),C2CPX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,FGR(LT),FGRX(K1),NK)

C   WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C   SEARCH FOR X2-SUBTABLE
    IF(M,GT,MB) GO TO 200
    X2J = X2(J)
    DISP(K-1)=-1
    LW = LWO
155 IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 190
    IF(X2W(LW),EQ,X2J) GO TO 170
    LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
    GO TO 155
C   FIND TRAILING EDGE S1 IN THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, S1F
170 LF = LFO
175 IF(X2F(LF),EQ,X2J) GO TO 180
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF,LT,LFB) GO TO 175
    CALL ERROR1
C   INTERPOLATE FOR WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, DSTAR
180 S1FTE=S1(M)-S1F(LF)
C   S1=FROM=T,E
    IF(S1FTE,LE,0.) GO TO 190
    N = (LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
    LSTAR = LW+N
    CALL LSPFIT(S1W(LW),DST(LSTAR),N,S1FTE,DISP(K-1),1,0)
    IF(DISP(K-1)) 184,184,186
184 DISP(K-1)=-1
    GO TO 190
186 WAKE = .TRUE;

C   LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL
190 WADD = WSTA(K-1)
    GO TO 105

C   USE CONSTANT DENSITY APPROXIMATION FOR MAJCTR,LE,NODENS
200 IF(MAJCTR,LE,NODENS) CALL SETH(1.0,,FGRX,K-1)
    RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK BUILDS
  OVERLAY(STC,1,3)
  PROGRAM BUILDS
C
C   FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C   INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C   COMMON /CHDATA/ X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1     S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
  EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
  DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
  DIMENSION TABLES(10)
  EQUIVALENCE (TABLES(1),X1F(1))
C
  COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV
  COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*     LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*     MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*     LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
  DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
  EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

  COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY

  GO TO (5,10), LENTRY
5  CALL BLDTBS
  GO TO 20
C  REBUILD CONVEXED PROPERTIES TABLE AND REPACK IF RESTR=T,
10 CALL RBCONV
  NMOVE1= LTE-LBDO+1
  LWTO = LHE+1+NMOVE1
  CALL MOVE(2, TABLES(LBDO),TABLES(LHE+1),NMOVE1,1,
1     TABLES(LWO),TABLES(LWTO),LESTA-LWOSV+1,1)
  MOVE1 = LHE+1-LBDO
  LBDO = LBDO+MOVE1
  LBDE = LBDE+MOVE1
  LTO = LTO+MOVE1
  LTE = LTE+MOVE1
  LWO = LWTO
  MOVE2 = LWO-LWOSV
  LWE = LWE+MOVE2
  LFO = LFO+MOVE2
  LFE = LFE+MOVE2
  LO = LO+MOVE2
  LESTA = LESTA+MOVE2
C  SET FLOW ADJUSTMENT ITERATION COUNTER TO ZERO
  LF = LFO
850 IF(LF.GE.LFE) GO TO 20
  VNR(LF)= 0;
  LF = LF+NFCOLS
  GO TO 850

20 RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK BCONV
SUBROUTINE BCONV(CHTA,LTA,AREA)
*BCONV= BUILD CONNECTED PROPERTIES TABLE
INTEGER CHTA
*BCONV*

```

```

C INPUT-
C CHTA = CHANNEL NAME
C AREA = FLOW AREA IN CASE NO /CHDATA/ IS AVAILABLE
C DATA IN THE CHANNEL DATA TABLE: /CHDATA/

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C LTA = INDEX OF CHTA IN CONVTB
C SUBTABLE OF CONNECTED FLOW PROPERTIES
C DETERMINATION OF CHANNEL FLOW RATE

```

```

C OUTPUT FOR FAR FIELD CALCULATION
C ATINF = SPEED OF SOUND AT STAGNATION TEMPERATURE
C MINF = FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER
C UINF = FREE STREAM VELOCITY

```

```

C CHDATA, CONVTB
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX= LH=LHO,LHE
C TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(79)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
DIMENSION CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)
INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,CH),(LHNEXT,LTNEXT),(WTFLOW,NPT),
8 (TTO,LPSI),(PTO,LTT),(TSO,LPT),(PSO,LRCU),
8 (MACHO,CRG),(AO,CPGJ),(VARY,C2CP),
8 (RG,QGAM),(GAM,FGT),(NR,FGP),(NC,FGR),
8 (TAB,AREATB)

```

```

C COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, TTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /IXORTG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
4 MO,NM, NJ,NPCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

```



```

*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LH0)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
REAL      MINF
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPI   / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL   RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL
COMMON /ERASE/ EDUM(72),QV(8), A(90),V(90),
1          PSI(90),R(90),TT(90),PT(90),RCU(90),PS(90)
DIMENSION Y(90)
EQUIVALENCE (Y,R)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL   ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

INTEGER   CHT,EXT

```

DATA EXT/3HEXT/

```

CHT = CHTA
CALL SETM(1,BITS, PSI,540)
CALL RTCFI(CHT,LH)

```

```

C  DEFINE GAS PROPERTIES
   LY   = LTE*1
   LTE  = LTE*15
   QGAM(LT)=0.
   FGR(LT)=0.
   FGP(LT)=1.
   FGT(LT)=1.
   GAMMA = GAMA
   IF(LH,NE,0 ;AND; GAM(LH),NE,BITS) GAMMA=GAM(LH)
   IF(GAMMA.EQ.0.) GO TO 85
   FG1   = GAMMA-1.
   FGR(LT)=1./FG1
   FGP(LT)=GAMMA*FGR(LT)
   FGT(LT)=FG1/GAMMA
   QGAM(LT)=1./GAMMA

85  CRG(LT)=RGA
   IF(LH,NE,0 ;AND; RG(LH),NE,BITS) CRG(LT)=RG(LH)
   CPGJ(LT)=FGP(LT)*CRG(LT)
   C2CP(LT)=2.*6PGJ(LT)

```

```

C  DEFINE TOTAL PROPERTIES AS DETERMINED FROM DATA ON
C  STC/SHEET=1 OF INPUT
   TTC  = TTA
   PTC  = PTA
   PSC  = PSA
   IF(GAMA.EQ.0.) GO TO 95
   FG2  = GAMA*1.
   FGRA = GAMA/FG2
   GO TO 97

95  FG2  = 1./ (TSA*RGA)
   FGRA = 1.

97  IF(MACHA.EQ,BITS) GO TO 99

```

```

TTQTS = 1./9*FG2*MACHA*MACHA
TTC   = TSA*TTQTS
PTC   = PSA*TTQTS**FGRA
TSC   = TSA
GO TO 100
99 TSC = TTC*(PSC/PTC)**(1./FGRA)
TTQTS = TTC/TSC
MACHC = SORT(2,*(TTQTS=1,)/FG2)

```

C NUMBER OF INPUT STREAMLINES; GIVEN FLOW RATE.

```

100 NSL = 1
    WTF = 0
    IF(LH, EQ, 0) GO TO 150
    NSL = NR(LH)
    IF(WTFLOW(LH), NE, BITS) WTF = WTFLOW(LH)/CG

```

C NO INPUT PROFILES

```

    IF(NSL, NE, 0) GO TO 150
    TT = TTC
    PT = PTC
    IF(TTO(LH), NE, BITS) TT = TTO(LH)
    IF(PTO(LH), NE, BITS) PT = PTO(LH)
    NSL = 1

```

C FILL PS, PT, TT AND RCU TABLES

```

150 IF(TT, EQ, BITS) TT = TTC
    IF(PT, EQ, BITS) PT = PTC
    IF(RCU, EQ, BITS) RCU = 0
    IF(PSI, EQ, BITS) GO TO 160
    CALL FILL(PSI, PT, 1, NSL)
    CALL FILL(PSI, TT, 1, NSL)
    CALL FILL(PSI, RCU, 1, NSL)
    IF(WTF, EQ, 0.) GO TO 250
    CONST = WTF/RSI(NSL)
155 PSI(J) = CONST*PSI(J)
    GO TO 250

160 IF(R, EQ, BITS) GO TO 190
    CALL FILL(R, RT, 1, NSL)
    CALL FILL(R, TT, 1, NSL)
    CALL FILL(R, RCU, 1, NSL)
    IF(PS, NE, BITS) CALL FILL(R, PS, 1, NSL)

```

C INTEGRATION OF $R \cdot D \cdot V \cdot DA$

```

    IF(NSL, EQ, 1) GO TO 190
    IF(PS, EQ, BITS, AND, WTF, EQ, 0.) CALL ERROR1
    IF(AXIA) GO TO 170
    DO 165 J=1, NSL
165 A(J) = Y(J)
    GO TO 173
170 DO 172 J=1, NSL
172 A(J) = PI*R(J)*R(J)
173 PTMIN = PT(1)
    DO 174 J=2, NSL
    PTMIN = AMIN1(PTMIN, PT(J))
174 IF(A(J) .LT. A(J=1)) ERR = .TRUE.
    IF(ERR) GO TO 182

175 QV = 0
176 IF(PS, EQ, BITS) GO TO 177

```

```

YTOL = 1.E6
GO TO 179
177 PS(1) = .95*PTMIN
YTOL = WTF*1.E-5
178 CALL SETM(1,RS, PS(2),NSL=1)
179 DO 180 J=1,NSL
    TS = TT(J)*(PS(J)/PT(J))*FGT(LT)
    IF(TS,GE,TT(J)) GO TO 185
    V(J) = SQRT(C2CR(LT)*(TT(J)-TS))*PS(J)/(CRG(LT)*TS)
180 CONTINUE
    PSI(1) = 0
    CALL LSPFIT(A,V,NSL, A,PSI,NSL, -1)

    DELP = PTMIN-PS(1)
    XJP = .5*DELP
    DYDX = -.5*PSI(NSL)/DELP
    YO = WTF
    CALL QIREM(PS,PSI(NSL),XJP,QV)
    IF(QV,GE,2, .AND. QV(5),EQ,0.) GO TO 183
    IF(QV,EQ,21.) GO TO 184
    IF(QV,NE,0.) GO TO 178
C    *MACHC AND TSC FOR FAR FIELD CALCULATION (RARE OPTION)
    MACHC = V(NSL)/SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TS)
    TSC = TS
    GO TO 250

C    ERROR COMMENTS
182 WRITE (6,1182) CHT
    GO TO 187
183 PSIMAX = PSI(NSL)*CG
    WRITE (6,1183) CHT,WTFLOW(LH),PSIMAX
    GO TO 186
184 WRITE (6,1184) WTF,CHT
    GO TO 186
185 WRITE (6,1185) CHT
186 CALL TABPRT(2HQV,QV,8,8)
    CALL TABPRT(6HCQIREM,YTOL,4,4)
    CALL TABPRT(3HPSI,PSI,NSL,10)
187 ERR = .TRUE.
    CALL TABPRT(2HPS,PS,NSL,10)
    CALL TABPRT(2HPT,PT,NSL,10)
    CALL TABPRT(2HTT,TT,NSL,10)
    CALL TABPRT(4HAREA,A,NSL,10)
    GO TO 250

C    GIVEN MACH NUMBER, AREA AND STATIC FLOW PROPERTIES
190 IF(WTF,NE,0, .AND. (LH,EQ,0 .OR. MACHC(LH),EQ,BITS)) GO TO 200
    MACHC = MACHA
    IF(LH,EQ,0) GO TO 195
    IF(MACHC(LH),NE,BITS) MACHC=MACHC(LH)
    IF(PSO(LH),NE,BITS) PSC=PSO(LH)
    IF(TSO(LH),NE,BITS) TSC=TSO(LH)
195 IF(QGAM(LT),EQ,0.) FG1=1./(TSC*CRG(LT))
    TTQTS = 1+.5*FG1*MACHC*MACHC
196 IF(LH,EQ,0 .OR. (YTD(LH),EQ,BITS .AND. PTO(LH),EQ,BITS)) GOTO 197
C    *TOTAL CONDITIONS ARE SPECIFIED RATHER THAN STATIC
    TSC = TT/TTQTS
    RSC = PT/TTQTS**FGP(LT)
    GO TO 198
197 TT = TSC*TTQTS
    PT = PSC*TTQTS**FGP(LT)

```

```

198 IF(WTF,NE,0.) GO TO 240
   IF ( LH,NE, 0 :AND, AO(LH),NE,BITS ) AREA=AO(LH)*RHL
   IF ( LH,NE, 0 :AND, AO(LH),NE, BITS ,AND, AXIA ) AREA=AO(LH)*PI
   *RHL**2
   AREATR(LT)=AREA
   WTF = PSC/(CRG(LT)*TSC)*AREA*MACHC
   IF(QGAM(LT),NE,0.) WTF=WTF*SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TSC)
   GO TO 240

C   GIVEN FLOW RATE * TOTAL/STATIC CONDITIONS FROM STC/SHEET-1
200 AREATR(LT)=0.
   IF(TSC,LT,TTG)
   *AREATR(LT)=WTF*CRG(LT)*TSC/(PSC*SQRT(C2CP(LT)*(TTC-TSC)))
210 AREA = AREATR(LT)

240 PSI(NSL)=WTF
   IF(WTF,NE,0.) GO TO 250
   ERR = .TRUE.
   WRITE (6,1200) CHT

C   PUT DATA IN CONVTB-ARRAY
250 CH(LT)= CHT
   NPT(LT)=NSL
   LT1 = LT*15
   CALL MOVE(1, PSI,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LPSI(LT)=LT1-LT
   LT1 = LT1*NSL
   CALL MOVE(1, TT,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LTT(LT)=LT1-LT
   LT1 = LT1*NSL
   CALL MOVE(1, PT,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LPT(LT)=LT1-LT
   LT1 = LT1*NSL
   CALL MOVE(1, RCU,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LRCU(LT)=LT1-LT
   LTNEXT(LT)=15*4*NSL
   LTE = LT+LTNEXT(LT)-1

C   EXTERNAL CHANNEL PROPERTIES FOR FAR FIELD CALC
   IF(CHT,NE,EXT) GO TO 990
   ATINF = 1.E6
   IF(GAMMA,NE,0.) ATINF=SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TT(NSL))
   MINF = MACHC
   UINF = MACHC*SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TSC)

990 LTA = LT
   RETURN
1185 FORMAT(/1X20H*** ERROR- FOR CHN=A6,1X53H THE STATIC PRESSURE EXCEE
   *DS THE INPUT TOTAL PRESSURE:,8H,(BCONV) )
1182 FORMAT(34H *** ERROR- THE R (OR Y) FOR CHN= ,A6,
   *35H MUST BE IN ASCENDING ORDER (BCONV) )
1183 FORMAT(21H *** ERROR- FOR CHN= ,A6,31H THE INPUT FLOW RATE OF
   *WTFLOW=,F9,3,37H IS GREATER THAN THE CHOKED VALUE OF ,F8,3,
   *8H (BCONV) )
1184 FORMAT(53H *** ERROR- FAILURE OF PS-ITERATION GIVEN WTFLOW/CG=,
   *F9,4, 9H FOR CHN= ,A6,8H (BCONV) )
1200 FORMAT(/1X32H ERROR- THE FLOW RATE FOR CHANNEL 2X,A6,1X15H IS NOT DEF
   *INED.)
   END

```

```

*DECK BLDTBS
SUBROUTINE BLDTBS
*BLDTBS BUILD ORTHOGONAL/CHANNEL TABLE, #BLDTBS#
C STREAMLINE TABLE, STATION TABLE,
C FIELD TABLES AND FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE;

C INPUT-
C BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA, /CHDATA/
C ORDERED EDGE POINTS, /LETEPT/

C OUTPUT-
C LIST OF CHANNELS FOR EACH ORTHOGONAL, /ORTCHN/
C TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES, /CONVTB/
C STREAMLINE TABLE, /SLTAB/
C STATION TABLE, /STATAB/
C FIELD VALUES, /CZ/, /CR/, /CS2/, /CM/
C TABLE OF STAS AT WHICH FLOW ADJUSTMENT MUST BE ACCOMPLISHED, /CADJ
C TRAILING EDGE WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS TABLE, IF NOT CARD INPUT

C COMALL
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX, LH=LHO,LHE
C DIMENSION CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(75)
C LOGICAL VARY
C INTEGER CHNAM
C DIMENSION VO(1)
C REAL MACHO
C EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX, LB=LBDO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L'E' POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C LOGICAL UP
C INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
C DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX, LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
C DIMENSION CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPQJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1)

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3          FGR(1),AREATB(485)
  DIMENSION XCH(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
C
C  TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
  INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
  DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
  DIMENSION DST(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
  SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
  X2W,LWNEXT(*2*2N),S1W(1),S1W(2),,S1W(N),DST(1),DST(2),,DST(N)
  X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
  S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T,E,
  DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C
C  FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
  INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
  NFCOLS= 8
  X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
  X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
  X1BF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
  X1AF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E,
  S1F = S1=COORDINATE OF T,E, (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
        IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR,
  LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
  NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
  LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCN LIST FOR THE T,E,
  LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E,
  JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
          = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
          = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
  JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
  DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
            S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
  EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
  DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C
C  STATION TABLE
  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
  MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
  MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
  COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
  DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
  INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
  EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
  EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
  EQUIVALENCE (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB),(PTO,UP,LT,S1F,PRIM)
  EQUIVALENCE (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
  EQUIVALENCE (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
  EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB),(AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
  EQUIVALENCE (VARY,C2CP,S1LB),(RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
  EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB),(NR,FGP,IUB),(NC,FGR,FUB)
  EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB),(BB,ANGTE)
  EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL),(TAB(5),SLSWI),(TAB(6),MCL)

```

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1 MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
REAL MACHA, MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC
COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR, DZ, YPA, YPB, F, G, DX, YQDX, ZM, RM, ANGM, CURVM, S1M,
1 RZONLY, ANGCHD, SINTVL, YPASQ, YPAB, YPBSQ
LOGICAL RZONLY
COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK
INTEGER BLANK
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPI / PI, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS / WSL(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ 11TAB
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE / XX(1), YY, ANGG, NL, NT, CNL, CNU, BNL, BNU, NZERO
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD

```

```

C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C INDEX= LE=LRO, LRE, LRD
C NLE, NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS. RESPECTIVELY
C CHL, CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT. RESPECTIVELY
C BDL, BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1), YE(1), ANGE(1), NLE(1), NTE(1),
1 CHL(1), CHU(1), BDL(1), BDU(1), NUSED(491)
INTEGER CHL, CHU, BDL, BDU

```

```

C TABLE OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY EACH ORTHOGONAL
C INDEX= LR=LRO, LRE, LRD
C LRD = NUMBER OF CHANNELS PLUS ONE, LR INDEX INCREMENT
C LEDGE = INDEX OF THE ORTHOGONAL POINT IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
C LRPREV= POINTER OF LINE OF UPSTREAM CHANNELS IN ORTCHN-TABLE
C CHNA = CHANNEL NAMES
COMMON /ORTCHN/ LEDGE(1), LRPREV(1), CHNA(479)
DIMENSION JCHNA(1)
EQUIVALENCE (JCHNA, CHNA)
INTEGER CHNA

```

```

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH, MAXLT, MAXLF, MAXLW
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR
LOGICAL ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR

INTEGER CHNX, CHX, FIXCHN, HLE, HTE, SOLID
LOGICAL UPT

```

```

DATA SOLID/5HSOLID/, HLE/2HLE/, HTE/2HTE/

```

```

C USE INPUT SPACERS TO SET TABLE ORIGINS
LTY = LBDE

```

```

LTO = LTE+1
LWE = LTE+MAXLT
LWO = LWE+1
LFE = LWE+MAXLW
LFO = LFE+1
LESTA = LFE+MAXLF
LO = LESTA+1

```

```

C ASSUMED INITIAL FIELD VELOCITY
  IF(MACHA,NE,BITS) TTA=TTA*(1,+,5*(GAMA=1,)*MACHA**2)
  VMINIT= ,4*SQRT(RGA*TTA)

C** BUILD ORTHOGONAL-CHANNEL TABLE

C* BUILD ORDERED LIST OF CHANNELS FROM L,E, CONNECTIONS
C SEARCH FOR THE FIRST LEADING EDGE PT (NLE=2 IN LETEPT-TABLE)
  LR3 = LRO
  LRE = LR3-1
  LX = 0
  DO 505 LE=LRO,LEE,10
505 IF(NLE(LE),EQ,2) GO TO 510
C NO L.E. PTS
  GO TO 535

C LE=FIRST EDGE PT, FIND CONNECTING CHANNELS
510 CHNA(LR3)=CHU(LE)
  CHNA(LR3+1)=CHL(LE)
  LRE = LR3+1

C SEARCH FOR CHANNELS BELOW CHNA(LR3)
515 DO 517 LE3=LRO,LEE,10
  LEX = LE3+LX
517 IF(NLE(LEX),NE,0 ,AND, CHL(LE3),EQ,CHNA(LR3)) GO TO 520
  WRITE (6,1560) CHNA(LR3)
  CALL ERROR1

C CHECK FOR BOTTOM CHANNEL
520 IF(CHU(LE3),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 525

C MOVE CHU(LE3) BELOW CHNA(LR3)
  CALL MOVE(2, CHNA(LR3),CHNA(LR3+1),LR3=LRE-1,1,
1 CHU(LE3),CHNA(LR3),1,1)
  LRE = LRE+1
  GO TO 515

C SEARCH FOR CHANNELS ABOVE CHNA(LRE)
525 DO 530 LE4=LRO,LEE,10
  LEX = LE4+LX
530 IF(NLE(LEX),NE,0 ,AND, CHU(LE4),EQ,CHNA(LRE)) GO TO 532
  WRITE (6,1560) CHNA(LRE)
  CALL ERROR1

C CHECK FOR TOP CHANNEL
532 IF(CHL(LE4),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 535

C MOVE CHL(LE4) ABOVE CHNA(LRE)
  LRE = LRE+1
  CHNA(LRE)=CHL(LE4)
  GO TO 525

C REPEAT THE ABOVE FOR THE TRAILING EDGE

```



```

535 IF(LX.EQ.1) GO TO 545
    LR1 = LR3
    LR2 = LRE
    LE1 = LE3
    LE2 = LE4
    LR3 = LR2+1
    LX = 1
C    LX = 1 TO PICK UP NTE(LE3) RATHER THAN NLE(LE3)

C    SEARCH FOR THE LAST T,E, PT
    LE = LEE-9
540 IF(NTE(LE);EQ.2) GO TO 510
    LE = LE-10
    IF(LE.GE.LE0) GO TO 540

C    NO L,E, OR T,E, PTS
545 IF(LRE=LR1) 547,555,555
547 LE = LE0
    IF(CHL(LE);NB;BLANK) GO TO 550
    IF(CHU(LE);NB;BLANK) GO TO 552
    CALL ERROR1
550 CHNA(LR1)=CHL(LE)
    GO TO 554
552 CHNA(LR1)=CHU(LE)
554 LR2 = LR1
    LR3 = LR2+1
    CHNA(LR3)=CHNA(LR1)
    LRE = LR3

C    CHECK FOR EXTRA CHANNELS IN LETEP=TABLE
555 LE = LE0
556 IF(CHL(LE);EQ;BLANK) GO TO 558
    CHX = CHL(LE)
    LX = 0
    GO TO 560
558 IF(CHU(LE);EQ;BLANK) GO TO 564
    CHX = CHU(LE)
    LX = 1
560 DO 561 LR=LR1,LRE
561 IF(CHNA(LR);EQ;CHX) GO TO 562
    ERR = ,TRUE,
    WRITE (6,1560) CHX
562 IF(LX) 564,558,564
564 LE = LE+10
    IF(LE.LT.LEE) GO TO 556

C    LINE UP THE L,E, AND T,E, CONNECTED CHANNELS IN THE SAME COLUMN
C    LRL = INDEX OF CHANNEL IN FIRST LINE (L,E; CONNECTED CHANNELS)
C    LRT = INDEX OF CHANNEL IN SECOND LINE (T,E. CONNECTED CHANNELS)
    LRL = LR1
    LRT = LR3
    GO TO 588
570 IF(LRE.LT.LRT) GO TO 578
    DO 575 LRX=LRT,LRE
575 IF(CHNA(LRX).EQ.CHNA(LRL)) GO TO 580

C    LRL=CHANNEL NOT INCLUDED IN SECOND LINE; PUT IN BLANK SPACE;
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRT),CHNA(LRT+1),LRT=LRE+1,1)
578 LRE = LRE+1
    CHNA(LRT)=BLANK
    GO TO 586

```

```

C   LRL MATCHES LRL, PUT IN LRL-LRT BLANKS BEFORE LRL
580 LDR = LRL-LRT
    IF(LDR) 582,586,582
582 LRT0 = LRL-LDR
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRL), CHNA(LRT0), LRL-LRE-1, 1)
    LRE = LRE-LDR
    LRT = LRT-LDR
    LR2 = LR2-LDR
584 CHNA(LRL)=BLANK
    LRL = LRL+1
    LRT = LRT+1
    IF(LRL-LT-LRT0) GO TO 584
C   IF NO CHANNELS ON FIRST LINE, SET FIRST VALUE TO THAT OF SECOND
    IF(LR2-LDR-LT-LR1) CHNA(LR1)=CHNA(LR2+1)

566 LRL = LRL+1
    LRT = LRT+1
588 IF(LRL-LE-LR2) GO TO 570
    IF(LRT-GT-LRE) GO TO 600
    LDR = LRE-LRT+1
    GO TO 582

C   DEFINE ORTCHN=TABLE INCREMENT, LRD
600 LRD = LR2-LR0+3
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LR2+1), CHNA(LR2+3), LR2-LRE, 1)
    LRE = LRE+4
    LEDGE(LR0)=BLANK
    LRPREV(LR0)=BLANK
    LRPRV = LR0
    LR = LR0+LRD
    LEDGE(LR)=BLANK
    LRPREV(LR)=BLANK
    LR = LR+LRD
    IF(ERR) CALL ERROR1

C*  BUILD STREAMLINE TABLE
    NJ = 0
    LRL = LR0
    LRT = LR0+LRD
    X2SAV1 = 0.
    X2SAV2 = 0.
    DAREA = 0.
C   SEARCH FOR FIRST COMMON CHANNEL
602 LRX1 = LRL
    LRX2 = LRL+LRD
    NBLNK1 = 0
    NBLNK2 = 0
605 IF(CHNA(LRX1), EQ, CHNA(LRX2)) GO TO 610
    IF(CHNA(LRX1), NE, BLANK) NBLNK1=NBLNK1+1
    IF(CHNA(LRX2), NE, BLANK) NBLNK2=NBLNK2+1
    LRX1 = LRX1+1
    LRX2 = LRX2+1
    IF(LRX1-LE-LR2) GO TO 605

610 DX2 = 8.*AMAX0(NBLNK1, NBLNK2)
    IF(DX2, EQ, 0.) GO TO 620
    IF(NBLNK1, NE, 0) DEL1=DX2/FLOAT(NBLNK1)
    IF(NBLNK2, NE, 0) DEL2=DX2/FLOAT(NBLNK2)
612 IF(CHNA(LRL), EQ, BLANK) GO TO 615
    CHX = CHNA(LRL)

```

```

X2(NJ+1)=X2SAV1
X2SAV1= X2SAV1+DEL1
X2(NJ+2)=X2SAV1
GO TO 625
615 CHX   = CHNA(LRT)
X2(NJ+1)=X2SAV2
X2SAV2= X2SAV2+DEL2
X2(NJ+2)=X2SAV2
GO TO 625
620 CHX   = CHNA(LRL)
X2(NJ+1)=X2(NJ)
IF(NJ.EQ.0) X2(NJ+1)=0,
X2(NJ+2)=X2(NJ+1)+8,
X2SAV1=X2(NJ+2)
X2SAV2=X2(NJ+2)
625 SLCHN(NJ+1)=CHX
SLCHN(NJ+2)=CHX
W(NJ+1)=0.
DO 630 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
630 IF(NLE(LE1),NE.0 ,AND, CHL(LE1),EQ,CHX) GO TO 632
632 DO 635 LE2=LEO,LEE,10
635 IF(NLE(LE2),NE.0 ,AND, CHU(LE2),EQ,CHX) GO TO 637
637 AREA  = YE(LE2)-YE(LE1)
IF(AXIA) AREA=AREA*PI*(YE(LE2)+YE(LE1))
C FOR INLET CONF. SAVE HIGHLIGHT AREA SO EXTERNAL AREA
C MAY BE CORRECTED BY DIFF BET HIGHLIGHT AND CAPTURE AREAS;
AREASV= AREA
IF(CHNA(LRL),NE,BLANK) AREA=AREA+DARBA
CALL BCONV(CHX,LT,AREA)
IF(CHNA(LRL),NE,BLANK) DAREA=DAREA+AREASV-AREA
LT     = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-I
W(NJ+2)=XCH(LT)
NJ     = NJ+2
LRL    = LRL+1
LRT    = LRT+1
IF(LRL,GT,LR2) GO TO 639
IF(LRL=LRX1) 612,620,602

```

```

C** BEGIN LOOP FOR BUILDING CHANNEL LIST, STATION TABLE AND FIELD DATA
C EACH ORTHOGONAL.

```

```

639 LRPRV = LRO
LRPRSV= 0
M      = MO
L      = LO
LF     = LFO
TTESQ = TTE*TTE

```

```

C* CONSIDER MARKED CHANNELS ON LINE LR=LRPRV IN /ORTCHN/
C FIND INDEX OF FIRST AND LAST ACTIVE (NON-BLANK) CHANNEL

```

```

640 LRP1 = LRPRV
LRP2 = LRPRV+LRD-3
642 IF(CHNA(LRP1),NE,BLANK) GO TO 644
LRP1 = LRP1+1
IF(LRP1,LE,LRP2) GO TO 642
CALL ERROR1
644 IF(CHNA(LRP2),NE,BLANK) GO TO 646
LRP2 = LRP2-1
GO TO 644

```

```

C FIND INDEX OF NEXT LE=TE PT IN LRPRV-CHANNELS
646 LE = LEO

```

```

648 IF(NUSED(LE)=NLE(LE)+NTE(LE)) 650,654,654
650 LEONCE= NUSED(LE)
IF(NTE(LE);NE,0) LEONCE=0
LRP = LRP1
652 IF(CHNA(LRP);EQ,BLANK) GO TO 653
IF(CHNA(LRP);EQ,CHU(LE) ,AND, LEONCE,LE,0) GO TO 660
IF(CHNA(LRP);EQ,CHL(LE)) GO TO 665
653 LRP = LRP+1
IF(LRP,LE,LRP2) GO TO 652
654 LE = LE+10
IF(LE,LE,LEE) GO TO 648
C NO MORE POINTS
CALL ERROR1

C LE IS UPPER BOUNDARY POINT (LOWER ORTHOGONAL)
660 LRP2 = LRP
UPT = .TRUE;
GO TO 670

C LE IS LOWER BOUNDARY POINT (UPPER ORTHOGONAL)
665 LRP1 = LRP
UPT = .FALSE;

C MARK CHANNEL NAMES OF THE NEW ORTHOGONAL ON LINE LR
670 CALL SETM(1,BLANK, LEDGE(LR),LRD)
LR1 = LR + LRP1-LRPRV
LR2 = LR + LRP2-LRPRV
CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRP1),CHNA(LR1),LR2=LR1+1,1)
LRE = LR+LRD+1

C UPDATE USED LETEPT COUNT AND SET POINTERS FOR LINE=LR
672 NUSED(LE)=NUSED(LE)+1
LRPREV(LR)=LRPRV
LEGE(LR)=LE
NLETE = NLE(LE)+NTE(LE)
IF(NLETE,NUSED(LE),EQ,0) LEDGE(LR)=-LEGE(LR)

C COUNT NUMBER OF CHANNELS, SET FIELD TABLE LIMITS
NCHNA = 0
DO 675 LRX=LR1,LR2
675 IF(CHNA(LRX);NE,BLANK) NCHNA=NCHNA+1
M1 = M
MLB(L)= M1
M2 = M1+NCHNA+NCHNA-1
MUB(L)= M2

NM = M2
LESTA = L+20

C IF UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY, SEARCH FOR OTHER EDGE
IF(NLE(LE);EQ,1) GO TO 679
IF(NTE(LE);EQ,1) GO TO 681
GO TO 720
679 LX = 0
GO TO 682
681 LX = .1
682 IF(.NOT.UPT) GO TO 690

C FIND LOWER EDGE PT
684 DO 686 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
LEX = LE1*LX

```

```

686 IF(NLE(LE2).EQ.1 .AND. CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LR1)) GO TO 688
    CALL ERROR1
688 LE2 = LE
    NUSED(LE1)=NUSED(LE1)+1
    GO TO 700

C    FIND UPPER EDGE PT
690 DO 692 LE2=LE0,LEE,10
    LEX = LE2*WX.
692 IF(NLE(LEX).EQ.1 .AND. CHU(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 694
    CALL ERROR1
694 LE1 = LE
    NUSED(LE2)=NUSED(LE2)+1

C*   PLACE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY DATA INTO STATION TABLE
700 NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE1)
    NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE2)
    IF(NTE(LE).EQ.1) GO TO 710
C    UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
    ILB(L)= 1.
    FLB(L)= 0.
    S1LB(L)=0.
    LB = LBF(NAMEUB(L))
    IUB(L)= (LBNEXT(LB)-9-LBZ1(LB))/3
    FUB(L)= 1.
    CALL BARC(LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12)
    S1UB(L)=SINTVL
    GO TO 715
C    DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY
710 LB = LBF(NAMELB(L))
    ILB(L)= (LBNEXT(LB)-9-LBZ1(LB))/3
    FLB(L)= 1.
    CALL BARC(LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12)
    S1LB(L)=SINTVL
    IUB(L)= 1.
    FUB(L)= 0.
    S1UB(L)=0.
715 Z(M1) = XE(LE1)
    R(M1) = YE(LE1)
    Z(M2) = XE(LE2)
    R(M2) = YE(LE2)
    GO TO 800

C    FIND LE OR YE ORTHOGONAL LOWER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C    PLACE DATA IN STATION TABLE
C    USE LEYTEPT=TABLE TO DETERMINE NAME OF UPPER BOUNDARY
720 IF(NLETE.EQ.2 .OR. NLETE.EQ.0) GO TO 722
    CALL ERROR1
722 IF(.NOT.UPT) GO TO 740
    DO 725 LE1=LE0,LGE,10
    IF(CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LR1)) GO TO 726
725 CONTINUE
726 NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE1)
    NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE)
    CALL OBI(XE(LE),YE(LE),ANGE(LE),BDL(LE1),CHL(LE1),
1      ILB(L),FLB(L),S1LB(L),Z(M1),R(M1))
C    SEEK POINTER TO BOUNDARY TABLE
    LB = LBF(NAMEUB(L))
    IRET = 1
    IF(NTE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 728
C    TRAILING EDGE

```

```

IV      = 1
LB      = LB*LBZ1(LB)
GO TO 733
C      LEADING EDGE OR CORNER
728    LB1 = LB*LBZ1(LB)
      LB2 = LB*LBNEXT(LB)-9
      IV  = 1
      DO 730 LB=LB1, LB2, 3
      IF(ZBT(LB),EQ,XE(LE) ,AND, RBT(LB),EQ,YE(LE)) GO TO 732
730    IV  = IV+1
      CALL ERROR1
C      TEMPORARILY STORE SHARP CORNER INDICATION IN MCL(L) (I.E. ANGLE
C      JUMP OF MORE THAN 0.5 DEG.)
732    MCL(L)= 2
      IF(NLETE,EQ,0 ,AND, ABS(ANGBT(LB)-ANGBT(LB+3)),GT.,.0087) MCL(L)=1
      IF(IRET) 733,753,733
733    IUB(L)= IV
      FUB(L)= 0.
      S1UB(L)=0.
      Z(M2) = ZBT(LB)
      R(M2) = RBT(LB)
      GO TO 800

C      FIND LE OR TE ORTHOGONAL UPPER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C      PLACE DATA IN STATION TABLE
740    DO 745 LE2=LEO,LEE,10
      IF(CHU(LE2),EQ,CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 747
745    CONTINUE
747    NAMELB(L)=BDU(LE)
      NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE2)
      CALL OBT(XE(LE),YE(LE),ANGE(LE),BDU(LE2),CHU(LE2),
1      IUB(L),FUB(L),S1UB(L),Z(M2),R(M2))
C      SEEK POINTER TO BOUNDARY TABLE
      LB  = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      IRET = 0
      IF(NTE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 728
C      TRAILING EDGE
      LB2 = LB*LBNEXT(LB)-9
      ILB(L) = (LB2-(LB*LBZ1(LB)))/3
      FLB(L) = 1.
      CALL BARC(LB2-3)
      S1LB(L)=SINTVL
      LB  = LB2
      GO TO 757
C      LEADING EDGE OR CORNER
753    ILB(L)= IV
      FLB(L)= 0.
      S1LB(L)=0.
757    Z(M1) = ZBT(LB)
      R(M1) = RBT(LB)

C*     ADD NEW FIELD POINTS ALONG EXISTING STREAMLINES
C      GIVEN=
C      STA=TAB INDEX L AND LIMITS ON FIELD INDEX MLB,MUB
C      COORDINATES OF FIRST AND LAST NEW PTS IN FIELD TABLE
C      MARKED CHANNELS IN ORTCHN TABLE BETWEEN LR1,LR2
C      STREAMLINE TABLE
800    MSAV = MO
C      MSAV = 0 INDICATES UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
      IF(NLE(LE),EQ,1) MSAV=0
      J1  = 1

```

```

CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LR1),J1,JX)
CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LR2),JX,J2)
C   J1,J2 ARE SL INDEX LIMITS

C   BEGIN LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS; 2 SLS PER CHANNEL
LRN  = LR1
MM   = M1
JSL  = J1
805  IF(CHNA(LRN).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 835
      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LRN),JSL,JNXT)

C   FIND UPSTREAM FIELD PT, PUT IN DOWNSTREAM POINTER
810  J      = JSL
      IF(MSAV) 812,828,812
812  IV     = 0
815  DO 820 M=MSAV,NM
      CALL GETIX
820  IF(J,EQ,JSL .AND. MD,EQ,0) GO TO 825
      IF(IV,NE,0) CALL ERROR1
      MSAV = M0
      IV   = 1
      GO TO 815
825  MSAV = M
      MD   = MM
      CALL SAVIX

C   SAVE DATA FOR CURRENT FIELD PT
828  M      = MM
      MU     = MSAV
      MD     = 0
      ISTAT = 0
      CALL SAVIX

C   ADD CHANNEL FLOWS FOR LATER INTERPOLATION OF SL POSITION
C   IF NOT AN UPSTREAM BOUNDARY, USE UPSTREAM AREAS IN PLACE OF FLOW,
C   -USE CURV FOR STORAGE
WSL(M)= 0
IF(M.EQ.M1) GO TO 830
WSL(M)= WSL(M-1)+W(J)
IF(MSAV,EQ,0) GO TO 830
AREA = SQRT((R(MU)-R(MUM1))*(R(MU)+R(MUM1)) +
1      (Z(MU)-Z(MUM1))*(Z(MU)+Z(MUM1)))
IF(AXIA) AREA=(R(MU)+R(MUM1))*AREA
WSL(M)= WSL(M-1)+AREA

830  MM     = MM+1
      MUM1  = MU
      IF(JSL,EQ,JNXT) GO TO 835
      JSL   = JNXT
      GO TO 810

C   INCREMENT TO NEXT CHANNEL
835  LRN    = LRN+1
      IF(LRN,LE,LR2) GO TO 805

C   INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
      IF(,NOT,AXIA ,OR, R(M1),GE,0,) GO TO 836
      WRITE (6,1835)
      CALL ERROR1
836  DZ21   = Z(M2)-Z(M1)
      DR21   = R(M2)-R(M1)

```

```

DRSQ21= DR21*(R(M2)+R(M1))
RM1SQ = R(M1)*R(M1)
S2(M1)= 0.
S2(M2)= SORT(DZ21*DZ21+DR21*DM21)
C CHECK FOR POSITIVE OL LENGTH
  ANGREF= AMGE(LE)
  ANGOL = ATAN3(DR21,DZ21,ANGREF)
  IF(DANG,GE,0, .AND, DANG,LT,PI) GO TO 837
  WRITE(6,1837) Z(M1),R(M1),Z(M2),R(M2),LE,LR,ANGREF
  CALL ERROR1
837 VM(M1)= VMINIT
  VM(M2)= VMINIT
  MP = M1+1
  MM = M2-1
  IF(MM,LT,MP) GO TO 840
  DO 838 M=MP,MM
  VM(M) = VMINIT
  F = (WSL(M)-WSL(M1))/(WSL(M2)-WSL(M1))
  Z(M) = Z(M1)+F*DZ21
  R(M) = R(M1)+F*DR21
  S2(M) = F*S2(M2)
  IF(.NOT,AXIA) GO TO 838
  R(M) = SORT(RM1SQ+F*DRSQ21)
  S2(M) = SORT((R(M)-R(M1))*(R(M)-R(M1))+(F*DZ21)*(F*DZ21))
838 CONTINUE

C FINISH OUT STATION TABLE
C CHECK FOR L,E,T, T,E, OR SHARP CORNER
C LE = INDEX OF PT IN LETEPT=TABLE
C NLETE = 0 IS A SHARP CORNER
840 X1(L) = 8.*FLOAT((LE+1=LEO)/10)
  LNEXT(L)=20
  TYPELB(L)=SOLID
  TYPEUB(L)=SOLID
  X2CL(L)=BITS
  IF(NLETE,EQ,1) GO TO 848
  IF(UPT) GO TO 842
C UPT=F
  X2CL(L)=X2(J1)
  M = MLB(L)
  GO TO 843
C UPT=F
842 X2CL(L)=X2(J2)
  M = MUB(L)
843 CALL GETIX
  IF(NLE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 845
  ISTAG = 1
  LNEXT(L)=22
  IF(UPT) GO TO 844
  TYPELB(L)=HLE
  GO TO 845
844 TYPEUB(L)=HLE
845 IF(NTE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 847
  ISTAG = 2
  LNEXT(L)=27
  BSQEXP(L)=BITS
  IF(UPT) GO TO 846
  TYPELB(L)=HTE
  GO TO 847
846 TYPEUB(L)=HTE
847 IF(NLETE,EQ,0) ISTAG=MCL(L)

```



```

CALL SAVIX
848 VMB(L)= VMINIT
    DWDV(L)=0.
    SLSWI(L)=0.
    PRIM(L)=1
    M      = MUB(L)+1
    LSAVE = L
    L      = L+LNEXT(L)
    LESTA = L-1

C* INDEX TO NEXT ORTHOGONAL
C LOOK FOR ORTHOGONALS TO BE PLACED ABOVE L,E, POINTS
C IF THIS IS A DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY OR LOWER T,E, ORTHOG
850 IF(NTE(LE),EQ,0) GO TO 920
    IF(NTE(LE),EQ,1) GO TO 855
C NTE(LE)=2
    IF(NUSED(LE),EQ,2) GO TO 900
855 LRX = LR
860 LRX = LRPREV(LRX)
C LRPREV= BLANK FOR UPSTREAM OR DUMMY ORTHOGONALISTS
    IF(LRPREV(LRX),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 862
    IF(LEDGE(LRX),LE,0) GO TO 860
    LRPRV = LRPREV(LRX)
    GO TO 864
862 LRPRV = LRPRSV
    LRPRSV= 0

C IS THE CHANNEL ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE T,E, IN THE LRPRV-LIST
864 IF(NTE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 915
    CHNX = CHU(LE)
    IF(UPT) CHNX=CHL(LE)
    IF(LRPRV,EQ,0) GO TO 870
    LRX2 = LRPRV+LRD-3
    DO 866 LRX=LRPRV,LRX2
866 IF(CHNA(LRX),EQ,CHNX) GO TO 925
C DID NOT FIND CHNX, SAVE LRPRV
    IF(LRPRSV,NE,0) CALL ERROR1
    LRPRSV= LRPRV

C FIND UPSTREAM BOUNDARY WHICH INCLUDES CHANNEL CHNX
870 LR = LR+LRD
    CALL SETM(1,BLANK, LEDGE(LR),LRD)
    LRE = LR+LRD-1
    LRPRV = LRO+LRD
    LRP1 = LRPRV
    LRP2 = LRP1+LRD-3
    DO 872 LRP=LRP1,LRP2
872 IF(CHNA(LRP),EQ,CHNX) GO TO 873
    CALL ERROR1
873 LR1 = LR+LRP-LRP1
    CHNA(LR1)=CHNX
    LR2 = LR1
    LRP1 = LRP
    LRP2 = LRP

C SEARCH FOR CHANNELS BELOW CHNA(LR1)
875 DO 876 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
876 IF(NLE(LE1),NE,0 .AND. CHL(LE1),EQ,CHNA(LR1))GO TO 878
    GO TO 896
C CHECK FOR BOTTOM CHANNEL
878 IF(CHU(LE1),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 884

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```

C      USE CHU(LE1) AS PART OF THE UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
880  LRP1  = LRP1-1
      LR1   = LR1-1
      IF(CHU(LE1),EQ,CHNA(LRP1)) GO TO 882
      IF(LR1,GT,LR) GO TO 880
      GO TO 896
882  CHNA(LR1)=CHU(LE1)
      GO TO 875

C      SEARCH FOR CHANNEL ABOVE LR2
884  DO 888 LE2=LE0,LEE,10
888  IF(NLE(LE2),NE,0 ,AND, CHU(LE2),EQ,CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 892
      GO TO 896
C      CHECK FOR TOP CHANNEL
892  IF(CHL(LE2),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 899
C      USE CHL(LE2) AS PART OF THE UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
894  LRP2  = LRP2+1
      LR2   = LR2+1
      IF(CHL(LE2),EQ,CHNA(LRP2)) GO TO 898
      IF(LR2,LT,LRE) GO TO 894
896  CALL ERROR1
C      REFER ALSO TO EFN 876, 882,888, FOR THE ERROR
898  CHNA(LR2)=CHL(LE2)
      GO TO 884

899  LE     = LE1
      UPT   = .FALSE.
      GO TO 672

C      TRAILING EDGE PT WITH ORTHOGONALS ON BOTH SIDES, BUILD DUMMY
C      LRPRV=LIST TO REPRESENT COALESCING OF UPPER AND LOWER STREAMS;
C      LOOK BACK FOR ORTHOG ON OTHER SIDE OF T.E.
900  DO 904 LRP=LR0,LRE,LRD
904  IF(LEDGE(LRP),EQ,LE) GO TO 908
908  LEDGE(LRP)=-LEDGE(LRP)
      LRX1  = LRP
      LRX2  = LR
      LR    = LR+LRD
      LRX   = LR
      LRE   = LR+LRD-3
      CALL SETM(1,BLANK,LEDGE(LR),LRD)
      LEDGE(LR)=0
      LRPREV(LR)=LRX2
910  IF(CHNA(LRX1),NE,BLANK) CHNA(LRX)=CHNA(LRX1)
      IF(CHNA(LRX2),NE,BLANK) CHNA(LRX)=CHNA(LRX2)
      LRX1  = LRX1+1
      LRX2  = LRX2+1
      LRX   = LRX+1
      IF(LRX,LE,LRE) GO TO 910
      LRE   = LRE+2

C      BUILD FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, /CADJWF/
      LM1  = LSAVE
      X1F(LF)=X1(LM1)
      X2F(LF)=X2CL(LM1)
      S1F(LF)=ANGE/LE)
      LM2  = LO
911  IF(LM2,GE,LESTA) GO TO 912
      IF(X1(LM2),EQ,X1(LM1)) GO TO 912
      LM2  = LM2+LNEXT(LM2)
      GO TO 911

```

```

912 IF(UPT) GO TO 913
    LFB(LF)=LM2
    LFA(LF)=LM1
    LRXF(LF)=LR1+1+LRD
    GO TO 914
913 LFB(LF)=LM1
    LFA(LF)=LM2
    LRXF(LF)=LR2+LRD
914 LRF(LF)=LR
    VNR(LF)=0
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    LFE = LF-1
    GO TO 920

```

C DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY, ARE ALL T.E. ORTHOGONAL COMPLETED

```

915 IF(LRPRV.NE.0) GO TO 925
    IF(LRPRSV.EQ.0) GO TO 930
    LRPRV = LRPRSV
    GO TO 925

```

```

920 LRPRV = LR
925 LR = LR+LRD
    GO TO 640

```

C*** RELOCATE CONTROL STREAMLINE, X2CL, TO THE FIRST PRIMARY OF REGION

```

930 L = LO
935 LP1 = L+LNEXT(L)
    IF((LP1).GE.WESTA) GO TO 960
    IF(X1(LP1).LE.X1(L)) GO TO 940
    IF(X2CL(LP1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 950
    X2CL(L)=X2CL(LP1)
    GO TO 950
940 X2CL(L)=BITS
950 L = LP1
    GO TO 935

```

```

960 L = LO
    IF(X2CL(L).NE.BITS) GO TO 980
    M = MLB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    X2CL(L)=X2(J)

```

C BUILD WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS TABLE, /WAKETB/

```

980 IF(LFE.LE.LFO) GO TO 1139
    LF = LFO
990 LBX = LFB(LF)
    LAX = LFA(LF)
    M1 = MUB(LBX)
    M = MLB(LAX)
    DZ21 = Z(M)*Z(M1)
    DR21 = R(M)*R(M1)
    THK = DZ21*DZ21+DR21*DR21
    DANG = ATAN5(DR21,DZ21,S1F(LF))-PIQ2-S1F(LF)
    THE MEAN T.E. ANGLE WAS TEMPORARILY STORED IN S1F
    THK = COS(DANG)*SQRT(THK)
    IF(AXIA) THK*THK*PI*(R(M)*R(M1))
995 CALL GETIX
    CALL BWAKE(J,THK)
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF,LT,LFE) GO TO 990

```

```

C   LOOP THROUGH FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE OF T.E. STATIONS
C   DETERMINE IF FLOW IS TO BE ADJUSTED BELOW T.E. (JORDER=0), ABOVE
C   T.E. (JORDER=1), IF TOTAL FLOW ABOVE+BELOW IS TO REMAIN CONSTANT
C   (JORDER=0), OR BOTH FLOWS ARE FIXED (JORDER=3).
    LF   = LFO
1040 JORDER(LF)=0
    L    = LFB(LF)

C   LOOP TO FIND ALL CHANNELS BELOW (ABOVE) T.E.
1045 M    = MLB(L)
    FIXCHN= 0
1050 CALL GETIX

C   FIND INDEX LH IN CHANNEL TABLE
    LH   = LHO
1060 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 1070
    IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.SLCHN(J)) GO TO 1065
    LH   = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
    GO TO 1060
1065 IF(,NOT.VARY(LH)) GO TO 1070

C   INDEX TO NEXT CHANNEL
    M    = M+2
    IF(M,LT,MUB(L)) GO TO 1050
    GO TO 1080

C   FIXED CHANNEL
1070 FIXCHN= SLCHN(J)

C   BELOW T.E.
1080 IF(L,NE,LFB(LF)) GO TO 1090
    IF(FIXCHN.NE.0) JORDER(LF)=1
    L    = LFA(LF)
    GO TO 1045

C   ABOVE T.E.
1090 IF(FIXCHN.NE.0) JORDER(LF)=JORDER(LF)+2
    X1BF(LF)=X1F(LF)
    X1AF(LF)=X1F(LF)
    LF    = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF.LE.LFE) GO TO 1040

C   ELIMINATE GAPS BETWEEN EQUIVALENCED TABLES
1139 NMOVE = LWE-LWO+1
    CALL MOVE(1, X2W(LWO),X2W(LTE+1),NMOVE,1)
    LWO   = LTE+1
    LWE   = LTE+NMOVE

    NMOVE = LFE-LFO+1
    CALL MOVE(1, X1F(LFO),X1F(LWE+1),NMOVE,1)
    LFO   = LWE+1
    LFE   = LWE+NMOVE

    NMOVE = LESTA-LO+1
    CALL MOVE(1, X1(LO),X1(LFE+1),NMOVE,1)
    LO    = LFE+1
    LESTA = LFE+NMOVE

C   INITIALIZE B
    CALL SETM(1,1,/1024., B,NM)

```

RETURN

```
1560 FORMAT(1X47HERROR- CONNECTING EDGES WERE NOT FOUND FOR CHN=A6,22H
* (SUBROUTINE BLDT8S))
1835 FORMAT(/1X47H*** ERROR- NEGATIVE RADIUS ENCOUNTERED. AXI=T.;
* 10H (BLDT3S))
1837 FORMAT (20H *** THE FIRST PT (,2F9.3,15H) AND LAST PT (,2F9.3,
1 26H) FOR THIS ORTHOGONAL (LE=,15,4H LR=,15,1H)/ 6X,51HARE NOT IN
&THE CORRECT ORDER FOR THE FLOW DIRECTION,F8:4,8HRADIANS./
36X,64HPROBABLE CAUSE IS INCORRECT NAMING OR DESIGNATION OF BOUNDAR
4IES.)
END
```

```

•DECK BWAKE
SUBROUTINE BWAKE(JX,THK)
•BWAKE= BUILD WAKE TABLE

```

•BWAKE•

```

C INPUT-
C JX = WAKE STREAMLINE
C THK = T.E. THICKNESS

C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
COMMON /CHDATA/ X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
DIMENSION DST(1)
EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-
C X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...,DST(N)
C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.
C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

IF (LWE.GT.LWO) GO TO 110
LW = LWO
110 X2W(LW)=X2(JX)
S1W(LW)=0.
S1W(LW+1)=10.*ABS(THK)
S1W(LW+2)=S1W(LW+1)
S1W(LW+3)=S1W(LW+2)+S1W(LW+2)
DST(LW+4)=THK
DST(LW+5)=0.
DST(LW+6)=0.
DST(LW+7)=0.
N = 4
LWNEXT(LW)=2*N+N
LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
LWE = LW+1
IF (THK.LT.0.) WRITE (6,1200) THK,X2(JX)
1200 FORMAT(41H *** ERROR = NEGATIVE T.E. THICKNESS OF ,F11.5,
1 8H AT X12*,F7.3,1H.)
RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK FILL
SUBROUTINE FILL(X,Y,NA,NB)
CFILL
C   LINEAR INTERPOLATION TO FIL VACANCIES IN INPUT LISTS
COMMON /CBITS/BITS
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10)
C   FIND IA,IB = VACANT REGION
IA=NA+1
IF(Y(IA-1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 99
3 DO 4 I=IA,NB
IF(Y(I).NE.BITS) GO TO 5
4 CONTINUE
IB=NB
GO TO 7
5 IB=I-1
IF(I.EQ.IA) GO TO 12
C   FILL VACANCIES
IF(Y(IB+1).NE.Y(IA-1)) GO TO 9
C   ALL VALUES THE SAME
7 DO 8 II=IA,IB
8 Y(II)=Y(IA-1)
GO TO 12
C   INTERPOLATE
9 DX = X(IB+1) - X(IA-1)
DO 11 II=IA,IB
11 Y(II) = (Y(IB+1)*(X(II)-X(IA-1)) + Y(IA-1)*(X(IB+1)-X(II)))/DX
C   GO BACK AND SEARCH FOR MORE REGIONS
12 IA = IB+2
IF(I.LT.NB) GO TO 3
99 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK JOFCHN
SUBROUTINE JOFCHN(CHN,JA,JB)
*JOFCHN          STREAMLINE INDEX FROM CHANNEL NAME          *JOFCHN

```

```

C INPUT-
C CHN = NAME OF CHANNEL
C JA = STREAMLINE FOR WHICH SEARCH WILL BE INITIATED

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C JA,JB = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF STREAMLINES BELONGING TO CHN

```

```

      INTEGER CHN
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN

```

```

      LOGICAL          SECOND

```

```

      SECOND= .FALSE.
      J      = JA
55 IF(CHN.NE.SLCHN(J)) GO TO 65
      IF(SECOND) GO TO 60
      SECOND= .TRUE.
      JA     = J
60 JB      = J
      GO TO 70
65 IF(SECOND) RETURN
70 J      = J+1
      IF(J.LE.NJ) GO TO 55
      IF(.NOT.SECOND) CALL ERROR1
      RETURN
      END

```



```
*DECK OBI
SUBROUTINE OBI(XPT,YPT,APT,NAMBDY,NAMCHN, I,FA,S1,XB,YB)
*OBI--- ORTHOGONAL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION @OBI@
```

```
C INPUT-
C XPT = X-COOR OF PT ON THE ORTHOGONAL
C YPT = Y-COOR OF PT ON THE ORTHOGONAL
C APT = ANGLE OF SL PERPENDICULAR TO ORTHOGONAL
C NAMBDY= BOUNDARY NAME
C NAMCHN= NAME OF CHANNEL ADJACENT TO NAMBDY
```

```
C OUTPUT-
C I = INTERVAL OF ORTHOGONAL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C FA = FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL
C S1 = ARC DISTANCE FROM BEGINNING OF THE INTERVAL
C XB,YB = COORDINATES OF THE INTERSECTION
```

```
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBDO, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
```

```
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
```

```
C COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YODX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M
1 LOGICAL RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXQL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
```

```
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
```

```
LOGICAL FBE1
```

```
C DETERMINE INTERVAL INDEX LIMITS, LB1, LB2, OF @NAMBDY@
LB = LBF(NAMBDY)
LB10 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
LB20 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12
LB1 = LB10
LB2 = LB20
IF(LEDEX(LB) NE 0) GO TO 105
BDMSLA= BOUNDARY MINUS STREAMLINE ANGLE
BDMSLA= 0.
IF(UP(LB)) BDMSLA=PI
GO TO 120
```

```

105 LB2 = LB+LEDEX(LB)-3
   BDMSLA = PI
   IF(CHNAME(LB),EQ,NAMCHN) GO TO 120
   LB1 = LB+3
   LB2 = LB+20
   BDMSLA = 0.
   IF(CHNAME(LB+1),EQ,NAMCHN) GO TO 120
   CALL ERROR1

120 FGE1 = .FALSE.
   DO 150 LB=LB1, LB2, 3
   DZ = ZBT(LB+3)-ZBT(LB)
   DR = RBT(LB+3)-RBT(LB)
   SB = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
   IF(SB, EQ, 0.) GO TO 150
   CSB = DZ/SB
   SNB = DR/SB
C   AP = ANGLE OF THE PERPENDICULAR OR ORTHOGONAL
   AP = .50*APT + .50*(ATAN3(DR,DZ,APT+BDMSLA)-BDMSLA) * PIQ2
   SNP = SIN(AP)
   CSP = COS(AP)
C   D = SIN(AB-AP)
   D = SNB*CSP-CSB*SNP
   IF(ABS(D).LT;.01) GO TO 150
   XP = XPT-ZBT(LB)
   YP = YPT-RBT(LB)
   SS = (YP*CSP-XP*SNP)/D
   F = SS/SB
   IF(F, GE, 1.0001) GO TO 140
   IF(F, GT, (-.0001) ,OR, FGE1) GO TO 200
C   F ,LE, -.0001
   GO TO 150
C   F ,GE, 1.0001

140 FGE1 = .TRUE.
150 CONTINUE

C   FAILED TO FIND PROPER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
   APTD = APT*YODEG
   WRITE (6,1950) NAMBDY,XPT,YPT,APTD

C   FIRST OR LAST INTERVAL
   LB = LB1
   F = .1
   IF(,NOT,FGE1) GO TO 165
   LB = LB2
   F = .9
165 DZ = ZBT(LB+3)-ZBT(LB)
   DR = RBT(LB+3)-RBT(LB)
   WRITE (6,1960)

200 ANGCHD = ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANGBT(LB))
   F = AMAX1(0.,AMIN1(F,1.))
   G = 1.-F
   YPA = ANGBT(LB)-ANGCHD
   YPB = ANGBT(LB+3)-ANGCHD
   RZONLY = .FALSE.
   CALL BFI
   I = (LB-LB10+3)/3
   FA = F
   S1 = S1M
   XB = ZBT(LB)+ZM

```

```
YB      = RBT(LB)*RM
RZONLY= .TRUE.
RETURN
```

```
1950 FORMAT(/1X61HERROR- THE INTERSECTION OF A L,E, OR T,E, ORTHOGONAL
*WITH THE/6X14HBOUNDARY, BDY=A6,40H, WAS NOT FOUND, THE L,E,/T,E.
*POINT IS/6X2HX=F10.5,3X2HY=F10.5,4X4HANG=F8.3.)
1960 FORMAT(/6X58HTHE INTERSECTION POINT IS BEING PLACED IN AN END INTE
*RVAL,/6X24HEXECUTION WILL CONTINUE,.)
END
```

```
*DECK RBCONV
SUBROUTINE RBCONV
*RBCONV REBUILD CONNECTED PROPERTIES TABLE @RBCONV@
```

```
C COLLECT LIST OF CHANNELS FROM /CONVTB/, THEN BUILD A
C NEW /CONVTB/ FROM CHANNEL DATA TO ACCOUNT FOR INPUT MODIFICATIONS
```

```
C TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)
```

```
INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
```

```
C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
```

```
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON /ERASE2/ CHT(500),AT(500),FLW(500)
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
INTEGER CHT
```

```
C ACCUMULATE CHANNEL NAMES AND AREAS
```

```
.LT = LTO
I = 0
110 I = I+1
CHT(I)= CH(LT)
AT(I) = AREATB(LT)
LT1 = LT+LPSI(LT)*NPT(LT)-1
FLW(I)= XCH(LT1)
LT = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
IF(LT,LT,LTE) GO TO 110
NI = I
```

```
C CYCLE THROUGH BCONV ROUTINE
```

```
PASS1 = .FALSE;
LTE = LTO-1
I = 1
130 CALL BCONV(CHT(I),LT,AT(I))
CHECK FOR CHANGED FLOW RATE
LT = LT+LPSI(LT)*NPT(LT)-1
IF(XCH(LT).EQ.FLW(I)) GO TO 190
UPDATE THE STREAMLINE TABLE FLOW VALUES
SEARCH FOR FIRST AND LAST ELEMENTS OF SLCHN(J)=CHT(I)
DO 140 JA=1,NJ
```

```

140     IF(SLCHN(JA),EQ,CHT(I)) GO TO 150
150     DO 160 J=JA,NJ
        IF(SLCHN(J),NE,CHT(I)) GO TO 170
160     JB      = J
C       SCALE THE CUMULATIVE FLOW RATE VALUES
170     DO 180 J=JA,JB
180     W(J)    = W(J)/W(JB)*XCH(LT)
C       SET PASS1=T TO JUMP AROUND INTERPOLATION FOR VM IN FLOBAL
C       (TYPE=FIELD)
        PASS1 = .TRUE.
190     I      = I+1
        IF(I,LE,NI) GO TO 130

        IF(LTE,LT,LWO) GO TO 980
        WRITE (6,1960) LTO,LTE,MAXLT,LWO
        CALL ERROR1

980     RETURN
1960     FORMAT(/1X69H*** THE TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES HAS EXCEEDED A
        *LLOCATED MEMORY;/6X4HLTO=I4,3X4HLTE=I4,3X6HMAXLT=I4,3X4HLWO=I4, )
        END

```

```
*DECK RTCFI
SUBROUTINE RTCFI(CHT1,LH)
*RTCFI= RETRIEVE CHANNEL FLOW INPUT @RTCFI@
```

```
C INPUT=
C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C CHT1 = CHANNEL NAME
```

```
C OUTPUT=
C LH = INDEX OF CHT1 IN THE CHANNEL DATA TABLE
C = 0 IF NO CHANNEL DATA WAS FOUND
C IF THEY EXIST, THE CHDATA=LISTS TT,PT,RCU ARE TRANSFERRED TO THE
C LISTS OF TT,PT,RCU. IF THEY DO NOT EXIST, TT,PT,RCU = BITS;
```

```
INTEGER CHT1
```

```
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX= LH=LHO,LHE
C COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(75)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
```

```
C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
```

```
COMMON /CRITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /ERASE/ QV(8),EDUM(72), A(90),V(90);
1 PSI(90),R(90),TT(90),PT(90),RCU(90),PS(90)
DIMENSION Y(90)
EQUIVALENCE (Y,R)
```

```
NAMELIST /NLCHN / PSI,R,Y,TT,PT,RCU,PS
```

```
C SEARCH CHDATA FOR CHANNEL=CHT1
LH = LHO
60 IF(LH,GE,LHE) GO TO 65
IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHT1) GO TO 70
LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
GO TO 60
```

```
C NO INPUT TABLE WAS FOUND
65 LH = 0
RETURN
```

```
C AN INPUT TABLE WAS FOUND
70 CONTINUE
```

```
C PLACE THE TABLE IN COMMON=ERASE
NCR = NC(LH)*NR(LH)
IF (NCR.GT.0) CALL ISORT(TT,PT,RCU, BB(LH),NCR)
RETURN
END
```

```
•DECK P PLOT  
  OVERLAY(STC:1,4)  
  PROGRAM P PLOT  
•P PLOT      DUMMY TO CALL PRTPLT  
  CALL PRTPLT  
  RETURN  
  END
```

*DECK PRTPLT
 SUBROUTINE PRTPLT
 *PRTPLT PRINTER PLOT

COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1), CHNAME(1), UP(1),
 8 LEDEX(1), ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(3)
 DIMENSION X1(1), LNEXT(1), MLB(1), MUB(1), PRIM(1), TYPELB(5),
 8 TYPEUB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (X1, BDT), (LBNEXT, LNEXT), (MLB, LBZ1), (MUB, CHNAME),
 8 (PRIM, UP), (TYPELB, LEDEX), (TYPEUB, ANGBT(3))

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M, JDUM, MU, MD, I, STAG

COMMON /IXORTG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTB, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
 1 LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDO, LDE, LDUM(4),
 2 MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS(10)

COMMON /PRNTP / P(131, 48)

INTEGER P, PLUS

COMMON /PRNTP1/ RSV(20), ZSV(20)

COMMON /PRNTP2/ LB1, LB2, I, II, ISV, I1, I2, K, KK, KSV, K1, K2, IP, IP1,
 1 IP2, IP3, RI, IGO, XMIN, XMAX, XFACT, YMIN, YMAX, YFACT

DIMENSION ITABLE(10)

LOGICAL ISTGSV

INTEGER TE

DATA LE, TE/2HLE, 2HTE/

DATA PLUS/10H+

DATA (ITABLE(I), I=1, 10)/10H0 ,10H1 ,10H2
 * 10H3 ,10H4 ,10H5 ,10H6 ,10H7
 * ,10H8 ,10H9

C SEARCH FOR MAX AND MIN, SET SCALES

C YFACT AND XFACT CHAR/UNIT

YMAX = R(NM)

YMIN = R(1)

XMAX = Z(NM)

XMIN = Z(1)

DO 110 I=2, NM

YMAX = AMAX1(YMAX, R(I))

YMIN = AMIN1(YMIN, R(I))

XMAX = AMAX1(XMAX, Z(I))

XMIN = AMIN1(XMIN, Z(I))

110 CONTINUE

YFACT = (YMAX - YMIN) / 8.

XFACT = (XMAX - XMIN) / 13.

YFACT = AMAX1(YFACT, XFACT)

XFACT = YFACT

YFACT = 6. / YFACT

XFACT = 10. / XFACT

C INITIALIZE P ARRAY

CALL SETM(1, BLANK, P, 6288)

C FILL IN BOUNDARIES UNTIL BDYTAB EXHAUSTED


```

LB      = LBDO
130 IF (LB,GE, LBDE) GO TO 200
LB1     = LB+LBZ1(LB)
LB2     = LB+LBNEXT(LB)*9
I       = INT((ZBT(LB1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K       = INT((RBT(LB1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IF (I,GT,131) I=131
IF (I,LT,1) I=1
IF (K,GT,48) K=48
IF (K,LT,1) K=1
P(I,K) = PLUS
ISV     = I
KSV     = K
LB3     = LB1*3
DO 190 L=LB3*LB2,3
I       = INT((ZBT(L)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K       = INT((RBT(L)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IF (I,GT,131) I=131
IF (I,LT,1) I=1
IF (K,GT,48) K=48
IF (K,LT,1) K=1
P(I,K) = PLUS
IF (IABS(I-ISV),LE,1) GO TO 150
C INTERPOLATE
I1      = MIN0(I,ISV)
I2      = MAX0(I,ISV)
II      = I1
140 II   = II+1
IF (II,EQ,I2) GO TO 180
KK      = K-((K-KSV)*(I-II)/(I-ISV))
P(II,KK) = PLUS
GO TO 140
150 IF (IABS(K-KSV),LE,1) GO TO 180
I1      = MIN0(I,ISV)
I2      = MAX0(I,ISV)
K1      = MIN0(K,KSV)
K2      = MAX0(K,KSV)
KSV     = (K2-K1)/2 + K1
DO 160 KK=K1*KSV
160 P(I1,KK) = PLUS
KSV     = KSV +1
170 P(I2,KK) = PLUS
180 ISV  = I
KSV     = K
190 CONTINUE
LB      = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
GO TO 130

200 CONTINUE

```

```

C ADD OL TO PLOT
300 LS   = L0
305 IF (LS,GT,LESTA) GO TO 500
IP      = X1(LS)
IP1     = IP
IF (IP,LT,10) GO TO 320
IF (IP,LT,100) GO TO 310
IP3     = IP1/100
IP1     = IP1*IP3*100
IP3     = ITABLE(IP3+1)
310 IP2  = IP1/10

```

```

IP1      = IP1-IP2*10
IP2      = ITABLE(IP2+1)
320 IP1   = ITABLE(IP1+1)
L1       = MLB/LS)
L2       = MUB/LS)
I        = INT((Z(L1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K        = INT((R(L1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IGO      = 1
GO TO 400
330 L1    = L1+1
IF (L1.GT.L2) GO TO 380
ISV      = I
KSV      = K
I        = INT((Z(L1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K        = INT((R(L1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IGO      = 2
GO TO 400
350 IF (IABS(K-KSV),LE,1) GO TO 330
K1       = MIN0(K,KSV)
K2       = MAX0(K,KSV)
I1       = ISV
IF (K1,EQ,K) I1=I
I2       = ISV
IF (K2,EQ,K) I2=I
I        = I1
K        = K1
IGO      = 3
360 K     = K+1
I        = I1 + FLOAT((I2-I1)*(K-K1))/FLOAT(K2-K1)
IF (K,GE,K2) GO TO 330
GO TO 400
380 LS    = LS+LNEXT(LS)
GO TO 305
400 P(I,K) = IP1
IF (IP,GE,10 .AND. I,GT,1) P(I+1,K)=IP2
IF (IP,GE,100 .AND. I,GT,2) P(I+2,K)=IP3
GO TO (330,350,360),IGO

```

```

C ADD SL TO PLOT
C LOCATE FIRST PT ON SL
500 J     = 0
510 J     = J+1
IF (J,GT,NJ) GO TO 800
M        = MBEGIN(J)
ISTGSV   = .FALSE.

```

```

C SAVE COORDS OF SL SEGMENT
520 L     = 1
530 RSV(L) = R(M)
ZSV(L)   = Z(M)
CALL GETIX
IF (ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 534
LR       = 0
CALL STANO(M,LR,UPPER)
IF (TYPELB(LR),EQ,LE ,OR, TYPEUB(LR),EQ,LE) GO TO 550
534 IF (MD,EQ,0 .AND. ISTGSV) GO TO 550
IF (MD,EQ,0) GO TO 510
IF (ISTAG,NE,2) GO TO 538
LR       = 0
CALL STANO(M,LR,UPPER)
IF (TYPELB(LR),EQ,TE ,OR, TYPEUB(LR),EQ,TE) GO TO 540

```

```
538 M = MD
L = L+1
GO TO 530
```

```
540 ISTGSV = .TRUE.
RSV(1) = R(M)
ZSV(1) = Z(M)
L = 2
M = MD
GO TO 530
```

C DETERMINE X2

```
550 LTOT = L
IP = X2(J)
IP1 = IP
IDIGIT = 1
IF (IP.LT.10) GO TO 570
IF (IP.LT.100) GO TO 560
IDIGIT = 3
IP3 = IP/100
IP1 = IP-IP3*100
IP3 = ITABLE(IP3+1)
560 IDIGIT = 2
IP2 = IP/10
IP1 = IP-IP2*10
IP2 = ITABLE(IP2+1)
570 IP1 = ITABLE(IP1+1)
```

```
610 I = INT((ZSV(1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K = INT((RSV(1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
L = 1
IG0 = 1
GO TO 700
```

```
620 L = L+1
IF (L.LE.LTOT) GO TO 630
IF (MD.EQ.0) GO TO 510
M = MD
GO TO 520
```

```
630 ISV = I
KSV = K
I = INT((ZSV(L)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K = INT((RSV(L)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IG0 = 2
GO TO 700
```

C INTERPOLATE (ASSUME ISV,LT,I)

```
640 IF (I=ISV.LE.IDIGIT) GO TO 620
KK = K
II = I
I = ISV
650 I = I + IDIGIT
K = KK - FLOAT((KK-KSV)*(II-I))/FLOAT(II-ISV)
IF (I.GE.II) GO TO 620
IG0 = 3
GO TO 700
```

```
700 P(I,K) = IP1
IF (IP.GE.10.AND.I.GT.1) P(I-1,K) = IP2
IF (IP.GE.100.AND.I.GT.2) P(I-2,K) = IP3
GO TO (620,640,650),IG0
```

```
800 WRITE (6,1000)
```

```
DO 810 KK=1,48  
K = 49-KK  
WRITE (6,1001) (P(I,K),I=1,131)  
810 CONTINUE  
900 RETURN  
  
1000 FORMAT (1H1,35X,16HX11,X12 GRID MAP //)  
1001 FORMAT ((1X,131A1))  
END
```

```
*DECK STCB
  OVERLAY(STC,2,0)
  PROGRAM STCB
  COMMON /CHNFRT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WYTO(10); IC
  COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
  GO TO (10,20,10,10),LENTY
C   NORMAL ENTRY- STATION LOOP, FLOW BALANCE
10  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,1,6HRECALL)
    GO TO 30
20  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,2,6HRECALL)
30  RETURN
    END
```

```

BLOCK DATA CFBBLK
*CFB--*      BLOCK DATA FOR CFB      *CFB*
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1           XCHOKE, YAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
*           JSUM,VMLBSQ
          LOGICAL          CHOKE,SUBSON
          DATA XCHOKE/SHCHOKE/, JSUM/0/
          END

```

*DECK ERRORX
 SUBROUTINE ERROR1
 CEDUMPX EDUMP FOR STC EXECUTE SECTION

EDUMPX

```

LOGICAL          IPLOT
COMMON /CHDATA/  TABLES(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(97)

COMMON /ALLCOM/  MACHA(20)
COMMON /CB       / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2    / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/  IGODMP
COMMON /CFB     / L,DFB(4),IB,DFB1(2),NK,DFB2(7),NIC,DFB3(17)
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/  LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
  LOGICAL          OMITFK
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPLOT1/  PLOT,SAMEXY(13)
  LOGICAL          PLOT
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS   / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1    / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2    / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM    / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ     / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
&                RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
&                VVKQKP(96),
&                WOA(96),WSTA(96),RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
  REAL            LAMBDA
  DIMENSION       ES2(96),SDNQRH(96)
  EQUIVALENCE     (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRH,RHO)
  DIMENSION       RCU(96)
  EQUIVALENCE     (RCU,LAMBDA)
COMMON /IXORIG/  LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&                LO,LESTA,LSO,LESE,LDUM(6),
&                MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&                LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB   / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
  INTEGER         SLCHN
COMMON /BLBDV   / IRLB(60)
IPLOT = PLOT
  
```

```

LMAX = 0
130 WRITE (6,1130)
  CALL TABPRT(3H      ,L,34,8)
  WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)
  IF (LMAX) 180,140,180
140 CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
  CALL TABPRT(5HCIDEX,M,5,5)
  CALL TABPRT(6HIXORIG,LHO,12,2)
  I1TAB = LBDO
  CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB,TABLES,LBDE,3)
  I1TAB = LTO
  CALL TABPRT(6HCONVTB,TABLES,LTE,7)
  I1TAB = LWO
  CALL TABPRT(6HWAKETB,TABLES,LWE,2)
  I1TAB = LFO
  CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,TABLES,LFE,8)
  I1TAB = LO
  
```

CALL TABPRT(AHSTATAB, TABLES, LESTA, 5)

C FIELD TABLE DUMP

```
L = LO
LMAX = LESTA
180 OMITFK = .TRUE.
LINES = 64
190 MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB=MA+2)
IF (LINES.EQ.(MB=MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)
DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
& CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LE,LMAX) GO TO 190
L = LMAX
```

C ERASE2 DUMP

```
300 WRITE (6,1004)
NIC = MINO(NIC,128)
NK = MINO(NK,96)
GO TO (900,310,330,350,360,370,390), IGDMP
```

C FLOBAL

```
310 WRITE (6,1000)
DO 315 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=I,672,96)
315 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002)
DO 320 I=1,NK
IP = 672+I
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=IP, 1536,96)
320 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

330 WRITE (6,1003)
DO 335 I=1,NIC
WRITE (6,1019) (AREA(J),J=I,768,128)
335 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1005)
DO 340 I=1,NK
IP = 768+I
WRITE (6,1006) (AREA(J),J=IP,1344,96)
340 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

350 WRITE (6,1007) (AREA(I),I=1152,1183)
WRITE (6,1009)
DO 355 I=1,NIC
WRITE (6,1010) (AREA(J),J=I,1152,128)
355 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

C SLC

```
360 WRITE (6,1011) (AREA(I),I=1024,1037)
WRITE (6,1012)
DO 365 I=1,IB
365 WRITE (6,1013) (AREA(J),J=I,1024,128)
```



```

GO TO 900

370 WRITE (6,1014)
DO 375 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=I,431,48)
375 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1015)
DO 380 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=432,863,48)
380 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

390 WRITE (6,1016)
DO 392 I=1,50
WRITE (6,1001) AREA(I),AREA(I+128),AREA(I+256),
& AREA(I+50),AREA(I+178),AREA(I+306),
& AREA(I+100),AREA(I+228),AREA(I+356)
392 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1017) (AREA(I),I=385,896)
WRITE (6,1018) (AREA(I),I=897,1308)
900 CONTINUE

IF( IBLB(1),NE,0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY,IBLB,60,3)
IF( LDE,EQ,0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(5HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE

LSTOP = 5
GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN

ENTRY EDUMP1
LMAX = L
IPLOT = .FALSE.
GO TO 130

1000 FORMAT (//2X,47H SUBROUTINES ADJWF, BRHS, FLOBAL, WRIBDY, WRIOUT//
& 11X,4HARGA,8X,5HAREAO,9X,4HDISP,11X,2HPT,7X,6HLAMBDA,10X,
& 3HRHO,7X,6HSQRTVV)
1001 FORMAT (2X,9E13,5)
1002 FORMAT (//13X,2HTS,11X,2HTT,9X,4HVMSQ,7X,6HVVKQKP,10X,3HWQA,9X,
& 4HWSTA,11X,2HRG,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HEGR)
1003 FORMAT (//2X,17H SUBROUTINE PTMOVE// 12X,3HX1L,11X,2HSC,10X,3HSCX,
& 11X,2HLC,8X,5HLOOPC,10X,3HKCL)
1004 FORMAT (1H1)
1005 FORMAT (//11X,4HPI2,10X,3HDS1,11X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,2X,5HWBZPT,
& 9X,4HDS1C)
1006 FORMAT (2X,4E13,5,5X,L2,E13,5)
1007 FORMAT (//2X,17H SUBROUTINE REFINE//2X,3HIA=,16I7/2X,3HIB=,16I7)
1009 FORMAT (//13X,2HCR,9X,4HDELS,8X,5HDELVM,2X,4HLSTA,3X,3HMJ2,10X,
& 3HSGX,10X,3HSGY,10X,3HRAV,10X,3HZAV)
1010 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,2I6,4E13,5)
1011 FORMAT (//2X,14H SUBROUTINE SLC//2X,6HCURSS=.6E13,5/
& 2X,6HQV =.8E13,5)
1012 FORMAT (//13X,2HRB,11X,2HZB,10X,3HANG,8X,5HCURVB,10X,3HS1B,11X,
& 2HB1,2X,6HJ2DONE,3X,3HMSV)
1013 FORMAT (2X,6E13,5,2X,2I6)
1014 FORMAT (//2X,14H SUBROUTINE OLC//13X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,8X,5HWBZPT,
& 9X,4HPI2,11X,2HC2,11X,2HSP,10X,3HSPP,10X,3HGSP,9X,4HGSP)
1015 FORMAT (//13X,2HDS,10X,3HBET,10X,3HDS,9X,4HWSTA,9X,4HDISP,11X,

```

```

&      2HTY11X,2HP1,9X,4HC2CP,10X,5HPGR)
1016 FORMAT (/2X,26MSUBROUTINES ADDPTB, PLOTZR//11X,4HANGB,11X,2HRB,
&      11X,2HZB)
1017 FORMAT (/2X,2HRR/(2X,10E13,5),)
1018 FORMAT (/2X,2HZZ/(2X,10E13,5),)
1019 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,3I13)
1130 FORMAT(//1X,3HCFB,3X,9H1-L,MA,MB,3X,25H4-PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON,
&3X,44H9-NK,PUBC,PUBC,XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WRQST,WCALC,
&5X,32H17-QV(8),QVP(8) 33-JSUM,VMLBSQX)
& "      17-QV(8),QVP(8) 33-JSUM,VMLBSQ")
1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE=/17X32HJ          X2          SLCHN
&      W/(I18,F12,6,6X,A6,F12,6,},)
1200 FORMAT(57X.16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H          J          M          MU          MD I          S1
&      S2          Z          R          PHI1          CURV          V
&M          B          RHS          DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,15.315,12,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10,5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )
END

```

*DECK ADJWF2
 SUBROUTINE ADJWF2
 *ADJWF2 INSERT CHOKE STATION IN FLOW ADJ-TABLE *ADJWF2*

```

C COMB3
C CADJWF, CHDATA, STATAB
C COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
* TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(5),TAB(6)
C INTEGER CHNAM
C LOGICAL VARY
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E.
C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T,E, (UPPER SURFACE); THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA=STAR,
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E;
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E.
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCWN LIST FOR THE T,E.
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E.
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C DIMENSION X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,X1F,X1),(LHNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
C EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,X1BF,MLB),(TTO,X1AF,MUB),(PTO,S1F,PRIM)
C EQUIVALENCE (TSO,NCHB,TYPELB),(PSO,NCHA,NAMELB)
C EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,JORDER,ILB),(AO,VNR,FLB),(VARY(1),S1LB)
C EQUIVALENCE (VARY(2),TYPEUB),(VARY(3),NAMEUB),(VARY(4),IUB)
C EQUIVALENCE (VARY(5),FUB)
C EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB),(TAB(2),VMB),(TAB(3),DWDV)
C EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL),(TAB(5),SLSWI),(TAB(6),MCL)
C COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC;
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRGST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8);
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
C LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON
C COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX
C INTEGER SSFML
C LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

```

```

C   SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C   SSEF  = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C   SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C   SSDF  = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C   SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C   SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C   SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C   A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C   BR LX  = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C   CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
*           LD, LESTA, LDUM(8),
*           MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
*           LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
DIMENSION   LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

```

```
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
```

```

C   CHECK FOR SMALLER PREVIOUSLY DETECTED AREA
M     = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA    = J
M     = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB    = J
JSUML = JA+256*JB
IF(JSUM, NE, JSUML) GO TO 90
IF(TAREA, GT, SVAREA) RETURN
90 JSUM = JSUML
SVAREA= TAREA
IF(SSDF) SUBSON=.FALSE.

```

```

C   SEARCH FORWARD TO TRAILING EDGE
LX    = L
LSTE  = 0
105 IF(.NOT.PRIM(LX)) GO TO 110
M     = MLB(LX)
CALL GETIX
IF(J, NE, JA) GO TO 115
M     = MUB(LX)
CALL GETIX
IF(J, NE, JB) GO TO 115
LSTE  = LX
110 LX = LX+LNEXT(LX)
IF(LX, LT, LESTA) GO TO 105
115 IF(LSTE, EQ, 0) GO TO 800

```

```

C   SEARCH CADJWF-TABLE FOR T.E. VALUE OF X1
LF    = LFO
120 IF(LF, GE, LFE) GO TO 200
IF(X1F(LF), EQ, X1(LSTE)) GO TO 125
LF    = LF+NFCOLS
GO TO 120

```

```

C   IS THE L=ORTHOGONAL BELOW OR ABOVE THE BODY
C   (BELOW THE BODY)
125 IF(X2(JB), EQ, X2F(LF)) X1BF(LF)=X1(L)
C   (ABOVE THE BODY)

```

```
IF(X2(JA).EQ.X2F(LF)) X1AF(LF)=X1(L)
RETURN
```

```
C CHOKED CHANNEL W/O T.E., ADD A LINE TO /CADJWF/
```

```
200 LF = LFE+1
IF(LF.NE.LO) GO TO 205
NMOVE = LO-LESTA-1
LO = LO+NFCOLS
CALL MOVE(1, X1(LF),X1(LO),NMOVE,1)
CALL SETM(1,0, X1F(LF),NFCOLS)
L = L+NFCOLS
LSTE = LSTE+NFCOLS
LESTA = LESTA+NFCOLS
LFE = LFE+NFCOLS
205 X1F(LF)=X1(LSTE)
X2F(LF)=X2(JA)
X1AF(LF)=X1(L)
X1BF(LF)=X1F(LF)
JORDER(LF)=-1
```

```
C WRITE COMMENT
```

```
800 WRITE (6,1800) X1(L),L
1800 FORMAT(/1X32HUNEXPECTED CHOKE. STATION(XI1)=F6.3,4X2HL#14,7
IF(LSTE.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
RETURN
END
```

*DECK FLOBAL
 SUBROUTINE FLOBAL
 *FLOBAL FLOW BALANCE ROUTINE

@FLOBAL@

C INTEGRATION OF THE CONTINUITY AND NORMAL MOMENTUM EQUATIONS
 C ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS TO THE STREAMLINES

C INPUT-

C L = INDEX IN THE STATION TABLE
 C PLB = LOWER BOUNDARY STATIC PRESSURE IF KNOWN,
 C PUB = UPPER BOUNDARY STATIC PRESSURE IF KNOWN,
 C (EITHER PLB OR PUB OR BOTH MUST BE ZERO.
 C IF PLB (OR PUB) = 1, NO ITERATION FOR FLOW OR
 C LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE IS PERFORMED.)
 C WF = FLOW RATE IF KNOWN (OVERRIDES VALUE OF WSTA)
 C CHOKE = T FOR CALCULATION OF MAX FLOW
 C
 C S2(M) = DISTANCE ALONG THE ORTHOGONAL
 C CURV(M)=STREAMLINE CURVATURE
 C STATION TABLE
 C VMB(L)= ESTIMATED VELOCITY ON THE UPPER BOUNDARY
 C DWDV(L)=DERIVATIVE OF THE AREA INVERSE WITH RESPECT TO BOUNDARY VE
 C STREAMLINE TABLE

C OUTPUT-

C PLBC = CALCULATED LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE, M=MA
 C PUBC = CALCULATED UPPER BOUNDARY PRESSURE, M=MB
 C TAREA = TOTAL PASSAGE AREA FOR ALL STREAMTUBES
 C WCALC = CALCULATED FLOW
 C WRQST = REQUESTED FLOW (SLTAB DATA)
 C VMBC = CALCULATED VELOCITY ON THE UPPER BOUNDARY
 C DWDV(L)=DERIVATIVE OF THE AREA INVERSE WITH RESPECT TO BOUNDARY VE
 C VCL(L)= VELOCITY ON THE CONTROL STREAMLINE
 C PLB,PUB=0. (RESET FOR NEXT ENTRY)

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
 C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRJOUT)
 C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
 C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
 C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
 1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
 1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
 8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
 8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
 8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
 DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
 EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
 INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
 & MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
 & DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
 REAL MACHA, MACHC
 LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC, CHOTST
 COMMON /CB / B(300)
 COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK
 COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
 COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
 COMMON /CFB / L, MA, MB, PLB, PUB, WF, CHOKE, SUBSON, NK, PLBC, PUBC,
 & XCHOKE, TAREA, VMBC, WRQST, WCALC, QV(8), QVP(8),
 & JSUM, VMLBSQ


```

IF(ISTAG=1) 510,503,510
503 M      = MA+1
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG=3) 510,505,510
505 MA     = M
510 M      = MB
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG=1) 520,513,520
513 M      = MB-1
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG=3) 520,515,520
515 MB     = M

C BUILD TABLE OF FLOW FUNCTION AND STAGNATION CONDITIONS
520 CALL TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA, DISP, WAKE, TT, PT, LAMBDA, RG, C2CP, FGR)

C CHECK FOR OLC OPTION
MOMEQ = 1
IF(SLSWI(L);NE:0; .AND. SLSWI(L);NE:1.) MOMEQ=0

C PASSAGE AREA AND SHOCK PRESSURE LOSS
K      = 1
M      = MA
522 RLAMDA(K)=LAMBDA(K)
IF(AXIA) RLAMDA(K)=TWOPI*R(M)*LAMBDA(K)
CALL GETIX
PT(K) = PT(K)*PTR(J)
K      = K+1
M      = M+1
IF(M,LE:MB) GO TO 522
AREAO(1)=0;
NK     = MB-MA+1
LEND = .FALSE;
IF(DISP(2);NE:0; .OR. DISP(NK=2);NE:0;) LEND=.TRUE;
CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),RLAMDA,NK, S2(MA),AREAO,NK, =1)
TAREA = AREAO(NK)

C INTEGRATE CURVATURE WITH RESPECT TO S2
C INITIAL ESTIMATE OF MERIDIONAL VELOCITY SQUARED
SDNORM(1)=0;
CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),CURV(MA);NK, S2(MA),SDNORM,NK,-1)
LEND = .FALSE;
M      = MA+1
DO 525 K=2,NK
VVKQKP(K=1)=EXP(2,*(SDNORM(K)-SDNORM(K-1))) * TT(K-1)/TT(K)
SQRTVV(K=1)=SQRT(VVKQKP(K=1))
VMSQ(K=1)=VM(M-1)*VM(M=1)
525 M      = M+1
VMSQ(NK)=VMB(L)*VMB(L)

IF(MOMEQ,NE:0) GO TO 529
VMSQ(NK)=VM(NK)*VM(NK)
GO TO 650
529 CONTINUE

C SPECIFIED STATIC PRESSURE AND SPECIAL BOUNDARY OPTIONS • LOWER BDY
VMLBSQ = 0;
IF(NODENS,GE:NREFIV) GO TO 580
C PRESSURE LOWER BOUNDARY
IF(PLB,GT:0;) GO TO 530
IF(TYPELB(L);NE:PRES) GO TO 532

```



```

530  IRET = 0
      PSB = PLB
      PTB = PT(1)
      BDYNM = NAMEUB(L)
      ZBPT = Z(MA)
      CFGT = 1./(1.+FGR(1))
      C2CPTT = C2CP(1)*TT(1)
5306  IF(PSB.GT.0.) GO TO 5314
      IF(BDYNM.NE.IPRES(1)) GO TO 5310
      I1ZP = 1
      I2ZP = NZP
      IF(NZP1.NE.0) I2ZP=NZP1
      GO TO 5311
5310  I1ZP = NZP1+1
      I2ZP = NZP
5311  IF(ZBPT.GE.ZR(I1ZP).AND.ZP(I2ZP).GE.ZBPT) GO TO 5313
      IF(IRET.EQ.0) GO TO 5312
      TYPEUB(L)=SOLID
      GO TO 570
5312  TYPELB(L)=SOLID
      GO TO 540
5313  CALL LSPFIT(ZP(I1ZP),PSP(I1ZP),I2ZP-I1ZP+1,ZBPT,PSB,1,0)
      IF(PSPISV) 5316,5314,5316
5314  IF(PSB.GE.PTB) GO TO 568
      VMBSQ = C2CPTT*(1.-(PSB/PTB)**CFGT)
      GO TO 5318
5316  VMBSQ = PSB*RSB
5318  IF(IRET.NE.0) GO TO 5414
      VMLBSQ= VMBSQ
      PLB = PSB
      GO TO 540
C    FREE OR FIELD LOWER BOUNDARY
532  IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FREE .AND. TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD) GO TO 534
      M = MA
      CALL GETIX
      IF(MU.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
      VMLBSQ= VM(MU)*VM(MU)
533  PLB = 1.E-6
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD .OR. PASSI) GO TO 540
      VMBSQ= 0.
      IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.FIELD) GO TO 570
C    STREAMWISE INTERPOLATION OF VELOCITY AT ISTAG=3 POINT BY LSPFIT
      IRET = 1
5331  M4 = M
      CALL GETRLX
      II = 0
      NII = 3
      IF(M2.EQ.M4) GO TO 5333
      II = 1
      NII = 4
      S1B(II)=S1(M2)
      V1B(II)=VM(M2)
5333  S1B(II+1)=S1(M3)
      V1B(II+1)=VM(M3)
      S1B(II+2)=S1(M5)
      V1B(II+2)=VM(M5)
      S1B(II+3)=S1(M6)
      V1B(II+3)=VM(M6)
      IF(M6.EQ.M4) NII=NII-1
      CALL LSPFIT(S1B,V1B,NII,S1(M),VMM,1,0)
      IF(IRET) 5335,5435,5335

```

```

533> VMLBSQ= VMM*VMM
GO TO 540
C FAR=FIELD LOWER BOUNDARY
534 IF(TYPELB(L);NE,FARFLD) GO TO 540
CALL ERROR1
CALL LSPFIT(ZDN,UDN,25, Z(MA),VMLBSQ,1, 0)
VMLBSQ= VMLBSQ*VMLBSQ
*
*
*
C UPPER BOUNDARY
540 VMUBSQ= 0.
C PRESSURE UPPER BOUNDARY
IF(PUB;GT,0.) GO TO 541
IF(TYPEUB(L);NE,PRES) GO TO 542
541 IRET = 1
PSB = PUB
PTB = PT(NK)
BDYNM = NAMEUB(L)
ZBPT = Z(MB)
CFGT = 1./(1.+FGR(NK))
C2CPT= C2CP(NK)*TT(NK)
GO TO 5306
5414 VMUBSQ=VMBSQ
PUB = PSB
GO TO 570
C FREE OR FIELD UPPER BOUNDARY
542 IF(TYPEUB(L);NE,FREE .AND, TYPEUB(L),NE,FIELD) GO TO 544
M = MB
CALL GETIX
IF(MU,EQ,0) CALL ERROR1
VMUBSQ= VM(MU)*VM(MU)
543 PUB = 1.E-6
IF(TYPEUB(L);NE,FIELD ,OR, PASS1) GO TO 570
IRET = 0
GO TO 5331
5435 VMUBSQ= VMM*VMM
GO TO 570
C FAR=FIELD UPPER BOUNDARY
544 IF(TYPEUB(L);NE,FARFLD) GO TO 570
CALL LSPFIT(ZDN,UDN,25, Z(MB),VMUBSQ,1, 0)
VMUBSQ= VMUBSQ*VMUBSQ
GO TO 543
568 WRITE (6,1568) Z(M),R(M),PSB,PTB
CALL ERROR1
C MAX FLOW CALC & PRES BOUNDARY CAN NOT BOTH BE REQUESTED
570 IF((VMUBSQ+VMLBSQ),EQ,0. ,OR, ;NOT,CHOKE) GO TO 580
WRITE (6,1570) X1(L),L,TYPELB(L),TYPEUB(L)
CALL ERROR1
C BEGIN FLOW BALANCE ITERATION
580 QV(1) = 0;
IF(VMUBSQ,NE,0.) VMSQ(NK)*VMUBSQ
VMSQSV= VMSQ(NK)
C NEGTS,VVSAFE ARE USED FOR SALVAGING NEGATIVE TEMPERATURE SITUATIONS
NEGTS = 0
VVSAFE= 0.
GO TO 600
590 NEGTS = NEGTS+1
IF(NEGTS,GE,20 .OR, (PLB+PUB);NE,0.) CALL EHROR1

```

VMSQ(NK) = .5*(VMSQ(NK)+VVSAFE)

C***STEP BY STEP INTEGRATION OF NORMAL MOMENTUM EQUATION

600 VRATIO = VMSQ(NK)/VMSQSV
K = NK

C PREDICT VELOCITY AT K

610 K = K-1
IF(K) 615,650,615

C COEFFICIENT VALUES AT K+1

615 TS(K+1) = TT(K+1) - VMSQ(K+1)/C2CP(K+1)
CDPT1 = RG(K+1)*TS(K+1)/PT(K+1)

C COEFFICIENT VALUES AT K

VMSQ(K) = VMSQ(K)*VRATIO
620 VMSQK = VMSQ(K)
TS(K) = TT(K) - VMSQ(K)/C2CP(K)
CDPT = CDPT1 + RG(K)*TS(K)/PT(K)

C INTEGRATE

IF(DISP(K),NE,0) GO TO 625
622 VMSQ(K) = VMSQ(K+1) + VVKQKP(K) + SQRTVV(K)*(CDPT*(PT(K)-PT(K+1)))
GO TO 630

C (WAKE DISCONTINUITY)

625 IF(PT(K+1),EQ,PT(K)) GO TO 622
PSLIP = PT(K+1)*(TS(K+1)/TT(K+1))*(TS(K+1)/TT(K+1))*FGR(K+1)
IF(PSLIP,LT,PT(K)) GO TO 628
M = MA+K-1

WRITE (6,1628) PT(K),PSLIP,Z(M),R(M),QV(1)
628 TS(K) = TT(K)*(PSLIP/PT(K))/(PSLIP/PT(K))*FGR(K)/(1.+FGR(K))
VMSQ(K) = C2CP(K)*(TT(K)-TS(K))
630 VMSQ(K) = AMAX1(VMSQ(K),.0001)
IF(ABS(VMSQ(K)/VMSQK=1.),GE,2,E-5) GO TO 620
GO TO 610

C,....,END INTEGRATION OF MOMENTUM EQUATION

C** INTEGRATION OF FLOW AREA

650 AREA(1) = AREA0(1)
M = MA
DO 660 K=1,NK
VM(M) = SQRT(VMSQ(K))
IF(MOMEQ,NE,0) GO TO 654
TS(K) = TT(K) - VMSQ(K)/C2CP(K)
IF(TS(K),LT,0.) CALL ERROR1

654 CONTINUE

IF(TS(K),LT,0. .AND. FGR(K),NE,0.) GO TO 590
RHO(K) = PT(K)/(RG(K)*TT(K)) * (TS(K)/TT(K))*FGR(K)
WQA(K) = RHO(K)*VM(M)
IF(M,EQ,MA) GO TO 660

C NOTE - AVERAGE FLOW/AREA IS APPROXIMATELY SQRT(WQA(K-1)*WQA(K))

WQAVG = WQA(K)+WQA(K-1)
X = (WQA(K)-WQA(K-1))*(WQA(K)-WQA(K-1))/(WQAVG*WQAVG)
AREA(K) = AREA(K-1) + 2.*(WSTA(K)-WSTA(K-1)) /
(WQAVG*(1.+X*(.5+X*(.125+X*.0625))))

IF(DISP(K-1),LE,0) GO TO 660
PERIM = .5*(LAMBDA(K-1)+LAMBDA(K))

655 AREA(K) = AREA(K-1) + DISP(K-1)*PERIM

660 M = M+1

C,.,, END FLOW AREA INTEGRATION

```

C   RECIPROCAL OF CALCULATED FLOW AREA, ETC,
    IF(MOMEQ.EQ.0) GO TO 740
    QAREA = 1./AREA(NK)
    VMBC = VM(MB)
    IF(PLB.LT.0. .OR. PUB.NE.0.) GO TO 740
    VMSQSV = VMSQ(NK)
    VVSAFE = VMSQSV
    IF(VMLBSQ.NE.0.) GO TO 710

C   CALL 'QIREM' FOR NEXT GUESS OF VM(NK)=VMBC
    IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 680
    YO = 1./TAREA
    YTOL = 1.E-5*YO
    IF(WF.NE.0.) YO=YO*WF/WSTA(NK)
    DYDX = DWDV(L)
    IF(DYDX.EQ.0. .OR. DYDX.EQ.XCHOKE) DYDX=YO/VMBC
    IF(.NOT.CHOKE) GO TO 675
    YO = YO+YO
675 QAREA1 = QAREA
    VUB1 = VMBC
680 XJP = .75*VMBC
    IF(.NOT.SUBSON) XJP = .25*VMBC
    CALL QIREM(VMBC,QAREA,XJP,QV)
    IF(QV(1).EQ.0.) GO TO 682
    IF(QV(5).EQ.0.) GO TO 684
    VMSQ(NK) = VMBC*VMBC
    GO TO 600

C   EVALUATE D(W)/D(VLB), SAVE VELOCITIES
682 BOT = VMBC-VUB1
    IF(ABS(BOT).GT.1.) DWDV(L) = (QAREA-QAREA1)/BOT
    GO TO 740

C   THE FLOW IS CHOKED
684 IF(CHOKE) GO TO 740
    RATIO = QAREA*TAREA
    DO 686 K=1,NK
686 AREA(K) = RATIO*AREA(K)
    CALL ADJWF2
    GO TO 740

C   CALL 'QIREM' FOR LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE ITERATION
710 YO = VMLBSQ
    YTOL = 1.E-5*YO
    DYDX = 1.
    CALL QIREM(VMSQ(NK),VMSQ(1),.5*VMSQ(NK),QV)
    IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 600

C   CALCULATE BOUNDARY PRESSURE
740 PLBC = RHO(1)*RG(1)*TS(1)
    PUBC = RHO(NK)*RG(NK)*TS(NK)
    WRQST = WSTA(NK)
    WCALC = WRQST*QAREA*TAREA
    IF(TYPELB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 745
    FGRTE(L) = FGR(1)
    RGTE(L) = RG(1)
    PTTE(L) = PT(1)
    PSTE(L) = PLBC
745 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 780
    FGRTE(L) = FGR(NK)
    RGTE(L) = RG(NK)

```

```

PYTE(L)=PT(NK)
PSTE(L)=PUBC

780 IF(PDUM(9).LE.0.) GO TO 900
   IF(X1(L).GE.PDUM(8) ,AND. X1(L).LE.PDUM(9)) GO TO 800
   GO TO 900
800 CALL TABPRT(3HSTA,X1(L),LNEXT(L),5)
   CALL EDUMP1

C   RESET PLB AND PUB INDICATORS
900 PLB   = 0.
   PUB   = 0.

C   COMPUTE SHOCK LOSS
   IF(PDUM(18).EQ.0.) RETURN
   K     = 1
   M     = MA
910 SQM  = VMSQ(K)/(1.4*RG(K)*TS(K))
   IF(SQM.LE.1.) GO TO 920
   CALL GETIX
   IF(MD.EQ.0) GO TO 920
   VVMXSQ= VM(MD)*VM(MD)/(C2CP(K)*TT(K))
   SQMD  = 5.*VVMXSQ/(1.-VVMXSQ)
   IF(SQMD.GE.1.) GO TO 920
   DPTR  = 1. - ((6.*SQM)/(SQM+5.))**.3,5 * (6./(7.*SQM-1.))**.2,5
   PTR(J)= PTR(J) * (1.-PDUM(18)*DPTR)
920 M    = M+1
   K     = K+1
   IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 910
   RETURN
1568 FORMAT(58H *** ERROR IN FLOBAL; REQUESTED BOUNDARY PRESSURE EXCEE
   &DS/6X37HTOTAL PRESSURE AT TRAILING EDGE POINTF11.5,1H,F11.5,1H./
   &6X3HPS=F8.3,3X3HPT=F8.3, )
1570 FORMAT(" *** IN EVALUATING MAX FLOW AT STA="F6.3," (L=414,
   &") ROUTINE FLOBAL FINDS TYPE "A6,1H,A6," BOUNDARIES,0/6X,
   &"VARY=F MUST BE INPUT FOR CHANNELS ADJACENT TO FARFLD, FREE, OR P
   &RES BOUNDARIES,")
1628 FORMAT(" *** WARNING=JUST BELOW SLIP LINE, PT IS LESS THAN PS, S
   &ETTING V=.01"/6X,3HPT=F8.3,6H PS=F8.3,6H Z=F8.3,5H R=F8.3,
   &6H QV=F3.0)
   END

```

```

*DECK LFIT2D
SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D      LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION
C            IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
C            DIMENSION      X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C            INPUT-
C            X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C            NXY      = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C            NXT      = NUMBER OF XT
C            NYT      = NUMBER OF YT
C            XT       = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C            YT       = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C            T        = TABLE OF VALUES
C            NOTE     = NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NXT, ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C            YT(NYT)* T(3)      T(6)      T(NXT*NXT)
C            YT(2)  * T(2)      T(5)      T(8)
C            YT(1)  * T(1)      T(4)      T(7)
C            -----
C            XT(1)      XT(2)      XT(NXT)

C            OUTPUT-
C            TO      = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

COMMON /CTHICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)
COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C            FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
I      = 1
M      = 1
ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT = 0
105 IF(X(M).LT.XT(I)) GO TO 110
IF(X(M).GT.XT(I+1)) GO TO 120
F      = (X(M)-XT(I))/(XT(I+1)-XT(I))
GO TO 150
110 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
I      = I-1
GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1).GE.NXT) GO TO 145
I      = I+1
125 NCOUNT = NCOUNT+1
IF(NCOUNT.GT.NXT) CALL ERROR1
GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
GO TO 150
145 F      = 1.

C            INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I.EQ.ISV) GO TO 160
IJ2   = I*NYT+1
IJ1   = IJ2-NYT
CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT, Y,T1,NXY)
CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT, Y,T2,NXY)
ISV   = I

C            INTERPOLATE WRT X
160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

M      = M+1
IF(M.LE.NXY) GO TO 100

```

```
C,.. END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONG TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY
```

```
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK TTPT
SUBROUTINE TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
*TTPT-- TT, PT, AND RCU FOR STREAMLINES @TTPT@
LOGICAL WAKE
REAL LAM(25)
DIMENSION WSTA(25),DISP(25),TT(25),PT(25),
1 RGX(25),C2CPX(25),FGRX(25)

```

```

C INPUT-
C MA = FIRST FIELD POINT
C MB = LAST FIELD POINT

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C WSTA = LIST OF STREAM FUNCTION VALUES
C DISP(K)=NON-ZERO FOR POSSIBLE SLIP CONDITION BETWEEN STREAMLINE
C K AND K+1, OTHERWISE DISP(K)=0;
C = DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS OF WAKE IF POSITIVE
C WAKE = .TRUE. IF THERE EXISTS ANY WAKE DISPLACEMENTS;
C TT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL TEMPERATURE
C PT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL PRESSURE
C LAMBDA= LAMINA THICKNESS IN THIRD DIMENSION. BLOCKAGE EFFECT
C RCU = INTERPOLATED ANGULAR MOMENTUM ***NOT NOW IN USE
C RGX = GAS CONSTANT
C C2CPX = SPECIFIC HEAT
C FGRX = 1./(GAM-1.)= FUNCTION OF GAMMA FOR CALCULATING DENSITY
C NOTE - LENGTH OF WSTA,TT,PT,RCU=LISTS IS MB-MA+1

```

```

C WAKETB, CONVTB, CADJWF
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),OGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)

```

```

INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
* SEE OTHER LISTING OF TTPT FOR EXPLANATION OF VARIABLES

```

```

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

```

```

C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
DIMENSION DST(1)
EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
C X2W,LWNEXT(*2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2),...,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...,DST(N)
C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T;E,
C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
EQUIVALENCE (CH,X1F,X2W), (LTNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT), (NPT,X1BF,S1W)
EQUIVALENCE (LPSI,X1AF), (LTT,S1F), (LPT,NCHB), (LRCU,NCHA)
EQUIVALENCE (CRG,JORDER), (CPGJ,VNR)

```

```

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

```



```

*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,CRE,LRD
DIMENSION  LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

```

```

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THK2D(78)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE  / PSI(800)

```

```

INTEGER    CHX

```

```

C INTERPOLATE FOR LAMINA THICKNESS

```

```

NK      = MB-MA+1
CALL SETM(1,1, LAM,NK)
IF(NTHKX,LE,1) GO TO 100
CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)

```

```

C INITIALIZE

```

```

100 WAKE = .FALSE.

```

```

C DEFINE NUMBER OF STREAMLINES, NK, ASSOCIATED WITH EACH CHANNEL

```

```

K      = 1
M      = MA
WADD   = 0.
105 NK  = 0
K1     = K
M1     = M
110 CALL GETIX
IF(M,NE,M1) GO TO 114
CHX    = SLCHN(J)
PSI1   = X2(J)
114 IF(SLCHN(J),NE,CHX) GO TO 120
NK     = NK+1
DISP(K)=0.
WSTA(K)=W(J)+WADD
PSI(NK)=X2(J)
K      = K+1
M      = M+1
IF(M,LE,MB) GO TO 110

```

```

C FIND INDEX IN CONVTS

```

```

120 LT  = LTO
125 IF(LT.GT.LTE) CALL ERROR1
IF(CH(LT).EQ,CHX) GO TO 130
LT     = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
GO TO 125

```

```

C INTERPOLATE FOR CONVECTED PROPERTIES

```

```

C SCALE THE PSI TABLE TO CONFORM TO THE LPSI=TABLE IN /CONVTS/

```

```

130 NI  = NPT(LT)
I      = LT+LPSI(LT)
I2     = I+NI
IF(K1,EQ,1 .AND, NK,EQ,1) PSI1=PSI1*8,
PSI1   = 8.*AINT(PSI1/8,)
F      = XCH(I2-1)/8,

```

```

DO 140 KN=1,NK
140 PSI(KN)=(PSI(KN)-PSI1)*F
    IT = LT+LTT(LT)
    IP = LT+LPT(LT)
    IS = LT+LRCU(LT)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IT),NI,PSI,TT(K1),NK,0)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IP),NI,PSI,PT(K1),NK,0)
C    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IS),NI,PSI,RCU(K1),NK,0)
    CALL SETM(1,CRG(LT),RGX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,C2CP(LT),C2CPX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,FGR(LT),FGRX(K1),NK)

C    WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C    SEARCH FOR X2-SUBTABLE
    IF(M,GT,MB) GO TO 200
    X2J = X2(J)
    DISP(K=1)=-1.
    LW = LWO
155 IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 190
    IF(X2W(LW).EQ,X2J) GO TO 170
    LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
    GO TO 155
C    FIND TRAILING EDGE S1 IN THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, S1F
170 LF = LFO
175 IF(X2F(LF).EQ,X2J) GO TO 180
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF,LT,LFE) GO TO 175
    CALL ERROR1
C    INTERPOLATE FOR WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, DSTAR
180 S1FTE=S1(M)-S1F(LF)
C    S1-FROM-T.E.
    IF(S1FTE.LE,0.) GO TO 190
    N = (LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
    LSTAR = LW+N
    CALL LSPFIT(S1W(LW),DST(LSTAR),N,S1FTE,DISP(K=1),1,0)
    IF(DISP(K=1)) 184,184,186
184 DISP(K=1)=-1.
    GO TO 190
186 WAKE = .TRUE.

C    LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL
190 WADD = WSTA(K=1)
    GO TO 105

C    USE CONSTANT DENSITY APPROXIMATION FOR MAJCTR.LE,NODENS
200 IF(MAJCTR,LE,NODENS) CALL SETM(1,0,,FGRX,K=1)
    RETURN
    END

```

```
OVERLAY(STC,2,1)
PROGRAM STCX
COMMON /ADJWF1/  MODE,LFF,MODE0,LFO
COMMON /SELECT/  LENTRY
GO TO (10,20,30,20),LENTY
10 CALL ADJWF(MODE0,LFO)
20 CALL STALOO
   GO TO 40
30 CALL ADJWF(MODE,LFF)
40 RETURN
   END
```

```

*DECK ADJWF
SUBROUTINE ADJWF(MODE,LFF)
*ADJWF= ADJUST WEIGHT FLOW
*ADJWF*

C INPUT=
C MODE = OPERATION MODE
C = -1 FOR EVALUATION OF TERWF AT LFF
C = 0 FOR ADJUSTMENT OF FLOW RATES AT CHOKED STATIONS
C = 1 FOR ADJUSTMENT OF FLOWS FOR KUTTA CONDITION AT T,E, LFF
C LFF = FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE (T,E,) INDEX
C TOLWFU= TOLERANCE ON TERWF

C OUTPUT=
C MODE = 1 IF FLOW RATE HAS BEEN CHANGED FOR TE=LFF
C MODE = 2 IF TE=LFF HAS CONVERGED AND LFF HAS BEEN INDEXED
C MODE = 3 IF ALL T E S HAVE CONVERGED
C NOTE=ABOVE OUTPUT OCCURS FOR MODE=1 INPUT
C TEXI2 = T,E, XI2=COORDINATE
C TWF = FLOW RATE OF VARIABLE CHANNEL
C TERWF = KUTTA CONDITION INDICATED FRACTIONAL FLOW ERROR

C COMB3
C CADJWF, CHDATA, STATAB
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
* TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(5),TAB(6)
C INTEGER CHNAM
C LOGICAL VARY

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
C X1BF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
C X1AF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E,
C S1F = S1=COORDINATE OF T,E, (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR,
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T,E,
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E,
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LOILESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRWS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C DIMENSION X1(1),LHNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),PLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),PUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRYE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

```

```

EQUIVALENCE (CMNAM,X1F,X1), (LHNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,X1BF,MLB), (TTO,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,S1F,PRIM)
EQUIVALENCE (TSO,NCHB,TYPELB), (PSO,NGHA,NAMELB)
EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,JORDER,ILB), (AO,VNR,FLB), (VARY(1),S1LB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY(2),TYPEUB), (VARY(3),NAMEUB), (VARY(4),IUB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY(5),FUB)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),SLSWT), (TAB(6),MCL)

```

C

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA, YTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1 MACHC, PSC, TSO, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1), MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC, CHOTST
COMMON /CFB / L, MA, MB, PLB, PUB, WF, CHOKE, SUBSON, NK, PLBC, PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA, VMBC, WROST, WCALC, QV(8), QVP(8),
* JSUM, VMLBSQ
LOGICAL CHOKE, SUBSON
INTEGER XCHOKE
COMMON /CSS / SSFML, SSEF, SSEANG, SSDF, SSFEND, SSFND1
1 , SSDLE, A4FACT, BRLX, CURRLX, TSIC
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96), AREA0(96), DISP(96), PT(96), LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96), SQRTVV(96), TS(96), TT(96), VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
WQA(96), WSTA(96), RG(96), C2CP(96), FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96), SDNQRH(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2, VVKQKP), (SDNQRH, RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU, LAMBDA)

```

C

```

INDEX= M=MO, NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF, TOLWFU, TEXI2, TWF, TERWF, JRET
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR, RDUM, NINNER(16), CNVF(16)
COMMON /CPRINT/ CDUM(6), PDUM(20)
COMMON /CGIREM/ YTOL, YO, DYDX, CTRMAX
COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CGRAV / CG

```

C

```

NAMELIST /ADJ1/ PSTE, WB, WCALC, WAB, YO
BEGIN LOOP THROUGH FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
IF (LFF, EQ, 0) LFF=LFO

```

```

LF = LFF
IF(LF,GE,LFE) GO TO 390
100 IF(JORDER(LF),EQ,3) GO TO 310
C MODE=1, THIS ENTRY FOLLOWS A MODE=-1, CONTINUE THE CALCULATION BY
C JUMPING TO THE PREVIOUS EXIT POINT;
IF (MODE,EQ,1 ,AND, LF,EQ,LFF) GO TO (198,251),JRET
PLB = 0,
PUR = 0,
WF = 0,
CHOKE = ,FALSE,
SUBSON= ,TRUE,
X1TE = X1F(LF)
X2TE = X2F(LF)
LXA = 1
LKB = 0
IF(JORDER(LF),LT,0) GO TO 118

C SEARCH FOR THE TWO STATIONS AT X1F(LF)
CALL STAX1(X1TE,X2TE,X2TE,LXB,LXA)

C SEARCH FOR CHOKE STATION IF THE FLOW IS CHOKED UPSTREAM
LKB = LXB
LKA = LXA
IF(X1BF(LF),NE,X1TE) CALL STAX1(X1BF(LF),X2TE,-1,,LKB,DUM)
IF(X1AF(LF);EQ,X1TE) GO TO 120
118 CALL STAX1(X1AF(LF),-1,,X2TE,DUM,LKA)
120 IF(MODE) 122,130,122
122 IF(JORDER(LF)) 300,140,200

C SINGLE CHANNEL CHOKE
130 IF(JORDER(LF),EQ;(-1)) GO TO 133
IF (LKB,NE,LXB) GO TO 132
131 IF(LKA,NE,LXA) GO TO 133
GO TO 136
132 L = LKB
GO TO 134
133 L = LKA
134 CHOKE = ,TRUE,
CALL FLOBAL
SCHOKE(L)*XCHOKE
LK2 = L
VMB(L)= VMBC
RATIO = WCALC/WRQST
ASSIGN 135 TO IRET
TEXI2 = X2TE
IF (LKB,EQ,0 .OR; L,EQ,LKB) TWFF = WCALC*CG
GO TO 255
135 IF(L,EQ,LKB) GO TO 131
136 LF = LF+NFCOLS
IF(LF,LT,LFE) GO TO 100
GO TO 900

C** ITERATE FOR TTE, PRESSURE, JORDER(LF)=0
140 PTEMIN = ,1,E6
PSTE = PTEMIN
IF(,NOT,CHOTST) GO TO 150
L = LKB
CHOKE = ,TRUE,
CALL FLORAL
PUBX = PUBC
WBCHOK= WCALC

```

```

WBO = WRQST
L = LKA
CALL FLOBAL
PLBX = PLBC
WACHOK = WCALC
CHOKE = ,FALSE,
C T,E, STATION PRESSURE
IF(LKB,EQ,LXB) GO TO 142
L = LXB
WF = WBCHOK
CALL FLOBAL
PUBX = PUBC
142 IF(LKA,EQ,LXA) GO TO 144
L = LXA
WF = WACHOK
CALL FLOBAL
PLBX = PLBC
144 WF = 0,
SUBSON = ,TRUE,
PTEMIN = AMIN1(PUBX,PLBX)
PSTE = PTEMIN
IF (SSDF ,AND, LKB ,NE, LXB ,AND, LKA ,NE, LXA ) GO TO 1576

```

```

150 QVP(1) = 0,
155 L = LXB
PLB = 0,
PUB = PSTE
CALL FLOBAL
VMBSAV = VMBC
PTB = PT(NK)
WBO = WRQST
WB = WCALC

L = LXA
IF(QVP(1),EQ,0,) PSTE=PUBC
PLB = PSTE
PUB = 0,
CALL FLOBAL
YO = WBO+WRQST
IF(,NOT,CHGTST) GO TO 157
IF(PSTE,LT,PUBX) WB=WBCHOK
IF(PSTE,LT,PLBX) WCALC=WACHOK
157 WAB = WB+WCALC
YTOL = 1,E=5*YO
DYDX = -1,E=5

```

```

IF(PDUM(6),EQ,2,) WRITE(6,ADJ1)
CALL QIREM (PSTE,WAB,,5*(AMIN1(PT(1),PTB),PSTE),QVP)
IF (PSTE ,GE, PTEMIN) GO TO 1574
WBP = CG*WBCHOK
WAP = CG*WACHOK
LFPR = LF + 3
WRITE (6,1157) (X1F(1),I=LF,LFPR),PTEMIN,WBP,WAP
GO TO 1576
1574 IF(QVP(1),NE,0,) GO TO 155
VMB(LXB)=VMBSAV
VMB(LXA)=VMBC

```

```

C INDICATED FLOW ADJUSTMENT ERROR
YY = (WB-WBO)/YO

```

```

XX      = WBO/YO
GO TO 1578
C      T, E, OF 2 CD-NOZZLES ON BOTH CHNS CHOKED
1576 YY      = BITS
XX      = 1.
1578 TEXP12 = X2F(LF)
TWF     = WBO*CG
TERWF   = YY
JRET    = 1
IF(MODE, EQ, (=1)) RETURN
158 IF(XX, EQ, 1.) GO TO 1585
IF(ABS(YY), LT, TOLWFU) GO TO 300
* MARK STATION TABLE CHOKE INDICATOR
1585 IF(, NOT, CHOTST) GO TO 159
IF(PSTE, LE, PUBX) SCHOKE(LKB)=XCHOKE
IF(PSTE, LE, PLBX) SCHOKE(LKA)=XCHOKE

```

```

C      OBTAIN NEXT FLOW ITERATE
159 IF (XX, EQ, 1. ) GO TO 165
IF(VNR(LF), NE, 0.) GO TO 160
VNR(LF+1)=2.
VNR(LF+2)=1
160 XXNEW = XX
VNR(LF+6)=0.
CALL NEWRAP(XXNEW, YY, VNR(LF))
IF(VNR(LF+6), EQ, (-1.)) XXNEW=XX
RATIO = XXNEW/XX
GO TO 166
165 RATIO = WBCHOK/WBO
166 ASSIGN 170 TO IRET
L      = LXB
GO TO 255
170 RATIO = (1.-XXNEW)*YO/WRQST
ASSIGN 900 TO IRET
L      = LXA
IF (XX, NE, 1.) GO TO 255
RATIO = WACHOK/WRQST
ASSIGN 300 TO IRET
GO TO 255

```

C** CALCULATION OF TE PRESSURE (GIVEN FLOW) AT STATION LX1.

```

C**      JORDER(LF)=1,2
200 IF(JORDER(LF), EQ, 2) GO TO 205

```

```

C      JORDER=1
LX1    = LXB
LX2    = LXA
LK1    = LKB
LK2    = LKA
GO TO 210

```

```

C      JORDER=2
205 LX1    = LXA
LX2    = LXB
LK1    = LKA
LK2    = LKB
210 L      = LX1
CALL FLOBAL
VMB(L) = VMBC
IF(JORDER(LF), EQ, 2) GO TO 220
PLBX   = PUBC
PUBX   = 0.
GO TO 230

```



```

220 PLBX = 0.
    PUBX = PLBC
C   CALCULATION OF FLOW (GIVEN TE PRESSURE) AT STATION LX2
230 IF(,NOT,CHOTST) GO TO 245
C   CALCULATE MAXIMUM/CHOKED FLOW
    L = LK2
    CHOKE = ,TRUE,
    CALL FLOBAL
    CHOKE = ,FALSE,
    VMBSAV = VMBC
    WACHOK = WCALC
    RATIO = WCALC/WRQST
C   CALCULATE PRESSURE AT THE T,E, STATION
235 L = LX2
    IF(LK2,EQ,LX2 ,OR, SSDF) GO TO 240
    WF = WCALC
    CALL FLOBAL
    WF = 0.
240 IF((PLBX,NE,0. ,AND, PLBC,GE,PLBX) ,OR,
    * (PUBX,NE,0. ,AND, PUBC,GE,PUBX)) GO TO 242
    GO TO 245
C   CHOKED FLOW
242 SCHOKE(LK2)=XCHOKE
    VMB(LK2)=VMBSAV
    GO TO 2505
C   FLOW IS NOT CHOKED
245 PLB = PLBX
    PUB = PUBX
    CALL FLOBAL
250 VMB(L) = VMBC
C   INDICATED FLOW ADJUSTMENT ERROR
    TERWF = (WCALC-WRQST)/WRQST
2505 TERI2 = X2F(LF)
    TWF = WRQST*CG
    JRET = 2
    IF(MODE,EQ,(-1)) RETURN
251 ASSIGN 300 TO IRET
    IF(SCHOKE(LK2),EQ,XCHOKE) GO TO 255
    IF(ABS(TERWF).LT,TOLWFU) GO TO 300
C   OBTAIN NEXT FLOW ITERATE
    IF(VNR(LF),NE,0,) GO TO 252
    VNR(LF+1) = 2
    VNR(LF+2) = 25*WRQST
252 WNEW = WRQST
    VNR(LF+6) = 0
    CALL NEWRRAP(WNEW,WCALC=WRQST,VNR(LF))
    IF(VNR(LF+6),EQ,(-1.)) WNEW=WCALC
    IF(,NOT,CHOTST ,OR, WACHOK,GE,WNEW) GO TO 253
    WNEW = WACHOK
    SCHOKE(LK2)=XCHOKE
    GO TO 254
253 IF(SCHOKE(LK2),EQ,XCHOKE) DWDV(LK2)=0
    LK2 = LX2
    ASSIGN 900 TO IRET
254 RATIO = WNEW/WRQST

```

```

C   ADJUST FLOW IN THE STREAMLINE TABLE
255 M   = MLB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    JA   = J
    M    = MUB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    JB   = J
C   CHECK TO SEE IF USER WISHES FLOW RATE TO BE VARIED
    JX   = JA
258 LH   = LHO
260 IF(LH,GE,LHE) GO TO 267
    IF(CHNAM(LH),EQ,SLCHN(JX)) GO TO 265
    LH   = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
    GO TO 260
265 IF(,NOT,VARY(LH)) GO TO 280
267 IF(JX,EQ,JB) GO TO 270
    JX   = JB
    GO TO 258
C   ADJUST FLOWS
270 DO 275 J=JA,JB
275 W(J) = W(J)*RATIO
    GO TO 290
C   DO NOT ADJUST FLOWS, PRINT COMMENT IF SUPER-CHOKED
280 IF(SCHOKE(LK2),NE,XCHOKE) GO TO 290
    IF(RATIO,LT,1,) GO TO 282
    SCHOKE(LK2)=0,
    GO TO 290
282 WRITE (6,1280) RATIO,X1(LK2),CHNAM(LH)
290 GO TO IRET,(135,170,900,300)

C   INDEX TO NEXT TRAILING EDGE, MODE=1 AND TOLWF SATISFIED
300 IF(LF,NE,LFF) WRITE(6,1300) TEXI2,TWF,TBRWF
    MODE = 2
310 LF   = LF*NFCOLS
    IF(LF,GE,LFE) LF=LFO
    IF(LF,NE,LFF) GO TO 100
C   ALL FLOW ADJUSTMENTS ARE CONVERGED
390 MODE = 3

C   RETURN
900 LFF = LF
    IF(PDUM(6),EQ,0,) RETURN
    I1TAB = LFO
    CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,10)
    CALL TABPRT(1HW,W,NJ,10)
    RETURN

1157 FORMAT (53H *** WARNING- BOTH CHNS CHOKED - X11,X12,X11B,X11A =,
* 4F8,3,12H PS,WB,WA =,3F10,4)
1280 FORMAT(50H *** CHOKING, WILL NOT REDUCE FLOW SINCE VARY=F,6X,8
*MRATIO = F9,6,9H STA = F8,3,9H CHN = A6)
1300 FORMAT(99X,F6,0,F13,4,F11,4)
    END

```

*DECK BRHS

SUBROUTINE BRHS

*BRHS-- COEFFICIENT B AND RHS TERMS

BRHS

C OUTPUT=

C RHS(M) = RIGHT HAND SIDE OF THE MATRIX EQUATION FOR DS2

C B(M) = COEFFICIENT OF THE CURVATURE TERM

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

```
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTA,AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
& DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /BITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,W,WF,CHOKB,SUBSON,NK,PLBC,PUBC,
& XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WROST,WCALC,QV(8),QVP(8),
& JSUM,VMLBSQ
INTEGER XCHOKE
LOGICAL CHOKB,SUBSON
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAX4 / ES2MAX,ZMX,RMX,DS2MAX,LGNT
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDD(6),PDUM(10)
EQUIVALENCE (PRTES2,PDD)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ DPTMOV(2),NODENS
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
& DSS(4),TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
& DS1DMP,DS1UP1,DTOLR2(4),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAO(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
& RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
& VVKQKP(96),
& WQA(96),WSTA(96),RG(96),G2CP(96),FGR(96)
```

```

REAL          LAMBDA
DIMENSION     ES2(96),SDNQRN(96)
EQUIVALENCE   (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRN,RHO)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTD,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LPE,
&             LD,LESTA,LSO, LSE,LDUM(6);
&             MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&             LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER       SLCHN
DIMENSION     ES2X1(96),ES2X2(96)
DIMENSION     ES2SV(96), RMXSV(96), ZMXSV(96)
INTEGER       FARFLD,FIELD,FREE,PRES,SOLID,TE
LOGICAL       ENTRY2, SSOL
C             SSOL = SUPERSONIC POINT ON THIS OL, T OR F

DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FIELD/5HFIELD/, FREE/4HFREE/,
&         PRES/4HPRES/, SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/

C INITIALIZE
BDUMMY= 1./1024.

C SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION
M      = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA     = J
MAA    = M
M      = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB     = J
MUB    = M
IF(JSUM,EQ,0) SUBSON=,TRUE,
IF(SSEF) SUBSON=,FALSE,
IF(SCHQKE(L),NE,XCHQKE) GO TO 500
IF(SSDF) SUBSON=,FALSE,
JSUM  = JA*256*JB

C EXECUTE FLOW BALANCE
500 CALL FLOBAL
IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,TE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,TE) JSUM=0
IF( MA,EQ,MB ) CALL ERROR1

C I THINK THE ABOVE STATEMENT CAN BE REMOVED - 1 14 75
VMB(L)= VMBC

C EVALUATE S2=DEVIATIONS
F      = 1.
IF((TYPELB(L),EQ,SOLID ,AND, TYPEUB(L),EQ,SOLID) ,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,FIELD ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,FIELD) F=AREAO(NK)/AREA(NK)
IF(PDD(6),EQ,2,) F=1.
C (PLANE 2-D)
DO 510 K=1,NK
510 ES2(K)= (F*AREA(K)-AREAO(K))/LAMBDA(K)
IF(,NOT,AXIA) GO TO 550
C (AXISYMMETRIC)
K      = 2
M      = MA+1
520 ES2(K)= ES2(K)/(TWORI*R(M))
K      = K+1
M      = M+1
IF(K=NK) 520,520,550

```

```

C   EVALUATE MAXIMUM FLOW BALANCE ERROR, ES2MX
550 IF (L, EQ, LO) ES2MX=0,
    DO 560 K=1, NK
560 ES2MX = AMAX1(ES2MX, ABS(ES2(K)))
C   GET ACTUAL MAX VALUE OF ES2 ( WITH SIGN )
C   GET Z AND R AT MAX ES2
CALL MINMAX ( ES2, 1, NK, ES2MIN, MINPOS, ES2MAX, MAXPOS )
MRZPOS = MA + ( MAXPOS - 1 )
IF ( ABS(ES2MIN) .LT. ABS(ES2MAX) ) GO TO 565
ES2MAX = ES2MIN
MRZPOS = MA + ( MINPOS - 1 )
565 RMX = R(MRZPOS)
    ZMX = Z(MRZPOS)
C   SAVE MAX VALUES AT EACH STATION
ES2SV(LCNT) = ES2MAX
RMXSV(LCNT) = RMX
ZMXSV(LCNT) = ZMX
C   TEST FOR LAST STATION
LCHK = L + LNEXT(L)
IF ( LCHK .LT. LESTA ) GO TO 575
C   FIND MAX VALUES FROM ALL STATIONS
CALL MINMAX ( ES2SV, 1, LCNT, ES2MIN, MINPOS, ES2MAX, MAXPOS )
MRZPOS = MAXPOS
IF ( ABS(ES2MIN) .LT. ABS(ES2MAX) ) GO TO 570
ES2MAX = ES2MIN
MRZPOS = MINPOS
570 RMX = RMXSV(MRZPOS)
    ZMX = ZMXSV(MRZPOS)

575 IF (PRTES2 .LE. 2,) GO TO 600
IF (X1(L) .LT. PDUM(8), OR, X1(L), GT, PRTES2) GO TO 722
LMX1 = L
LMX2 = L
NKX1 = NK
CALL MOVE (1, ES2, ES2X1, NK, 1)
IF (X1(L), EQ, PDUM(8)) WRITE(6, 1661)
GO TO 600

600 IF (PRTES2, NE, 2,) GO TO 722
DATA ENTRY2/F/
ES2MX0=0,
DO 605 K=1, NK
605 ES2MX0 = AMAX1(ES2MX0, ABS(ES2(K)))
IF (ENTRY2) GO TO 610
ES2MX1 = ES2MX0
ES2MX2 = ES2MX0
LMX1 = L
LMX2 = L
NKX1 = NK
NKX2 = NK
CALL MOVE (2, ES2, ES2X1, NK, 1, ES2, ES2X2, NK, 1)
ENTRY2 = .TRUE,
GO TO 690
610 IF (ES2MX0, LE, ES2MX1) GO TO 630
ES2MX2 = ES2MX1
LMX2 = LMX1
NKX2 = NKX1
CALL MOVE (1, ES2X1, ES2X2, NKX1, 1)
ES2MX1 = ES2MX0
LMX1 = L
NKX1 = NK

```

```

CALL MOVE(1,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1)
GO TO 650
630 IF(ES2MX0,LE,ES2MX2) GO TO 650
ES2MX2= ES2MX0
LMX2 = L
NKX2 = NK
CALL MOVE(1,ES2,ES2X2,NK,1)
650 IF(MBB,NE,NM) GO TO 690
WRITE(6,1661)
660 WRITE(6,1660) X1(LMX1)
M = MLB(LMX1)-1
IF(LMX1,EQ,L) M=MA+1
DO 670 K=1,NKX1
M = M+1
670 WRITE(6,1670) M,
& R(M),RHS(M),DS2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),CURV(M),ES2X1(K)
IF(LMX1,EQ,LMX2) GO TO 690
LMX1 = LMX2
NKX1 = NKX2
CALL MOVE(1,ES2X2,ES2X1,NKX2,1)
GO TO 660
1661 FORMAT(1H1)
1660 FORMAT (//9H STATION=,F8,3//
& 5X,1HM,5X,1HB,10X,3HRHS,9X,3HDS2,9X,1HZ,10X,
& 1HR,10X,4HPHI1,7X,4HCURV,7X,5HES2X1/)
1670 FORMAT (1X,I6,F11,5,2(3X,F9,6),4,F11,5),3X,F9,6)
690 CONTINUE

```

C***CALC COEFFICIENT B AND RHS OF MATRIX EQUATION FOR DS2

C SET SUPERSONIC OL INDICATOR
722 SSOL = ,FALSE,

C LOWER BOUNDARY
C NOTE= MA=MLB(L)+1 FOR A STAGNATION P/INT
M = MLB(L)
RHS(M)= 0,
K = 1
M = MA
RHS(M)= 0,
QGAMP = FGR(1)/(1,+FGR(1))
BETSQP = 1;=VM(M)*VM(M)*QGAMP/(RG(1)*TS(1))
R(M) = BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))/WQA(1)

C IS FIRST POINT AN ISTAG=3 PT AND THE FIRST OF A DOUBLE POINT
IF(WSTA(2),NE,WSTA(1)) GO TO 724
IF(TYPELB(L),NE,FIELD) CALL ERROR1
C TREAT FIRST PT AS DUMMY PT AND 2ND PT AS ISTAG#3 PT
RHS(M)= ES2(1)-ES2(2)
B(M) = BDUMMY
K = K+1
M = M+1
CALL GETIX
ISTAG = 3
CALL SAVIX
RHS(M)= 0,
B(M) = BDUMMY
GO TO 756

C SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES
724 IF((TYPELB(L),NE,FARFLD ,AND, TYPELB(L),NE,FREE ,AND,
& TYPELB(L),NE,PRES) ,OR, (NODEVS,GE,NREFIN)) GO TO 756

```

B(M) = .75*(AREA0(2)-AREA0(1))*BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))
RHS(M) = AREA(2)-AREA0(2) - AREA(1)+AREA0(1)
IF(VMLBSQ,NE,0,) RHS(M)=RHS(M)
&
= (AREA0(2)-AREA0(1))*BETSQP*.5*(VMLBSQ/(VM(M)+VM(M)))-1.7
GO TO 756

```

C INTERIOR POINT

```

725 B(M) = 0.
IF(MM,NE,M) GO TO 726
TSAVGM = .75*(TS(KM)+TS(KM1))
QGAMM = FGR(KM)/(.5+FGR(KM))
BETSQM = 1.-VM(MM)*VM(MM1)+QGAMM/(RG(KM)*TSAVGM)
RHOVM = .75*(WQA(KM1)+WQA(KM))
B(M) = .75*BETSQM*(S2(MM)-S2(MM1))/RHOVM
726 IF(WSTA(K+1),EQ,WSTA(K)) GO TO 728
TSAVGP = .75*(TS(K)+TS(K+1))
QGAMP = FGR(K)/(.5+FGR(K))
BETSQP = 1.-VM(M)*VM(M+1)+QGAMP/(RG(K)*TSAVGP)
RHOVP = .75*(WQA(K+1)+WQA(K))
B(M) = .75*BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))/RHOVP + B(M)
728 IF(MM,EQ,M,AND,B(M)+B(M-1),LT,0,) SSON=TRUE.
IF(WSTA(K+1),EQ,WSTA(K)) GO TO 757
735 RHS(M) = (AREA(K+1)-AREA0(K+1)-AREA(K)+AREA0(K))/(WSTA(K+1)-WSTA(K))
&
= (AREA(KM)-AREA0(KM)-AREA(KM1)+AREA0(KM1))/(WSTA(KM)-WSTA(KM
&
1))
756 KM1 = K
MM1 = M
KM = KM1+1
MM = MM1+1
GO TO 760

```

C DOUBLE POINT (I,E; W(K+1)=W(K))

```

757 RHS(M) = ES2(K)-ES2(K+1)
760 K = K+1
M = M+1
IF(K,LT,NK) GO TO 725

```

C UPPER BOUNDARY

```

C NOYE = MB*MUB(L) FOR A STAGNATION POINT
M = MUB(L)
RHS(M) = 0.
M = MB
RHS(M) = 0.
QGAMM = FGR(K)/(.5+FGR(K))
BETSQM = 1.-VM(M)*VM(M)+QGAMM/(RG(K)*TS(K))
B(M) = BETSQM*(S2(M)-S2(M+1))/WQA(K)
IF(B(M),EQ,0) B(M)=BDUMMY

```

C DOUBLE FIELD POINT

```

IF(WSTA(K),NE,WSTA(K-1)) GO TO 790
IF(TYPEUB(L),NE,FIELD) CALL ERROR1
B(M-1) = BDUMMY
M = M-1
CALL GETIX
ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX

```

C SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

```

790 IF((TYPEUB(L),NE,PRES,AND,TYPEUB(L),NE,FREE,AND,
&
TYPEUB(L),NE,FAELD),OR,(NODENS,GE,NREFIN)) GO TO 800
B(M) = .75*(AREA0(K)-AREA0(K-1))*BETSQM*(S2(M)-S2(M-1))

```

```
RHS(M) = AREA(K-1) - AREA0(K-1) - AREA(K) + AREA0(K)
800 IF ((B(M) * B(M-1)) < 0.) SSOL = .TRUE.
C....END CALC OF B AND RHS
```

```
IF (SSOL .AND. SLSWI(L) .EQ. 0.) SLSWI(L) = 1
RETURN
END
```



```

*DECK NEWRAP
SUBROUTINE NEWRAP(X,E,V)
*NEWRAP      OUTSIDE ITERATION PROCEDURE
*NEWRAP      TO BE USED WHEN INNER SELF CONVERGENT RELATIONS EXIST,

C
C INPUT-
C X      = ABSCISSA
C E      = ERROR IN THE ORDINATE
C V      = STORAGE FOR A 12 ELEMENT VECTOR
C INPUT, FIRST ENTRY ONLY
C V(1)   = CTR   = 0,
C V(2)   = DEDX  = ESTIMATE OF THE SLOPE OF THE CURVE
C          (X2=X1+E1/DEDX IS THE FORMULA FOR THE SECOND X)
C          (E/DEDX) IS USED TO REDUCE DXMAX DURING THE ITERATION
C V(3)   = XMOVE
C          ABS(XMOVE) = MAXIMUM DELTA X
C          SIGN(XMOVE) = DIRECTION TO THE BRANCH OF THE CURVE WITH SLOPE*SI

C OUTPUT-
C X      = NEXT X ESTIMATE

COMMON /CNEWR / DEDXP(2),DXP(2),DX,WS

DIMENSION V(12),Q(12),XP(2),EP(2)
EQUIVALENCE (CTR,Q(1)), (DEDX,Q(2)), (XMOVE,Q(3)),
1 (DXMAX,Q(5)), (DXPREV,Q(6)), (OPSIGN,Q(7)), (SPAN,Q(8))
2, (XP,Q(9)), (EP,Q(11))

LOGICAL SPAN

DO 50 I = 1,12
50 Q(I) = V(I)
IF(CTR,GE,30) CALL ERROR1
IF(CTR,NE,0) GO TO 200

C FIRST ENTRY
DX      = -E/DEDX
DXMAX  = ABS(XMOVE)
DXPREV = DXMAX
OPSIGN = 0,
SPAN   = .FALSE,
GO TO 520

C SECOND AND SUCCESSIVE ENTRIES, EVALUATE DEDXP(I) AND DXP(I)
200 WS   = 0,
DO 250 I=1,2
DXP(I) = 0,
IF(I,EQ,1) GO TO 220
IF(CTR,LE,1) GO TO 270
IF(WS,EQ,0) GO TO 220
IF(.NOT,SPAN,OR,(E*EP(2),GT,0)) GO TO 250
IF(.NOT,SPAN,OR,SAMESIGN(E,EP(2))) DO NOT USE POINT 2
C
220 DE   = E-EP(I)
DX      = X-XP(I)
IF(ABS(DE);LT,ABS(DX)/1,E15) GO TO 250
IF(ABS(DX);LT,ABS(DE)/1,E15) GO TO 250
DEDXP(I) = DE/DX
C CHECK SIGN OF DEDXP(I)
IF(DEDXP(I)*DEDX;LT,0) GO TO 250
DXP(I) = AMAX1(-DXMAX,AMIN1(-E/DEDXP(I),DXMAX))
WS     = WS+1;
250 CONTINUE

```

```

270 IF(WS,NE?0;) GO TO 400
C   THE DEDXP HAVE INCORRECT SIGNS
C   TAKE MAX JUMP TOWARD THE CORRECT BRANCH
C   MAYBE DESIRED ORDINATE IS ABOVE/BELOW THE MAX/MIN OF THE CURVE
350 IF(OPSIGN) 360,360,355
355 DXMAX = .75*DXMAX
360 OPSIGN = -1;
    DX     = XMOVE
    GO TO 520

C   REDUCE MAX DX IF DIRECTION OF ITERATION IS CHANGING
400 IF(OPSIGN) 410,490,490
410 DXMAX = .75*DXMAX
490 OPSIGN = 1.

C   PREDICT NEXT ABSCISSA; DEDXP HAVE THE CORRECT SIGNS
500 DX     = (DXP(1)+DXP(2))/WS
    DXMAX = AMIN1(DXMAX,ABS(XMOVE))
C   =DXMAX,LE;DX,LE;DXMAX
520 DX     = AMAX1(-DXMAX,AMIN1(DX,DXMAX))

C   SAVE CERTAIN GOODIES TO USE FOR FUTURE ENTRIES
600 DXMAX = .75*DXMAX + .75*AMIN1(DXMAX,AMAX1(DXPREV,ABS(2.*E/DEDX)))
    DXPREV = ABS(DX)
    XP(2) = XP(1)
    EP(2) = EP(1)
    XP(1) = X
    EP(1) = E
    IF(EP(1)*EP(2),LT,0.) SRAN = TRUE;
    CTR   = CTR+1.

C   SET X AND RETURN
    X     = X+DX
    DO 960 I=1,12
960 V(I) = Q(I)
    RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK STALOO
SUBROUTINE STALOO
*STALOO LOOP THROUGH STATIONS AND EXECUTE FLOBAL *STALOO*

```

```

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX = L,LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE = STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,RTTE)
INTEGER RRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
C
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKB,SUBSON,NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKB,TAREA,VMBC,WRQST,WCALC,QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
LOGICAL CHOKB,SUBSON
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA,LDUM(8),
* MD,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON /CMA4 / DUMAX(4),LCNT
COMMON /CSTALO/ NSSPTS
C
C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
CHOKE = ,FALSE,
JSUM = 0
L = LO
LCNT = 0
NSSPTS = 0
C
C CALL BRHS AND FLOBAL
410 PLB = 0,
PUB = 0,
WF = 0,
LCNT = LCNT + 1
CALL BRHS
C
C COUNT NUMBER OF SUPERSONIC POINTS
IF(SLSWI(L),NE,1?) GO TO 450
MA = MLB(L)+1
MB = MUB(L)+1
DO 420 M=MA,MB
420 IF(B(M),LT,0?) NSSPTS=NSSPTS+1
C
C INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION (I,E, ORTHOGONAL)
450 L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LT,LESTA) GO TO 410
PASS1 = ,FALSE,
RETURN

```

BND

```
*DECK STCW1  
  OVERLAY(STC,2,2)  
  PROGRAM STCW1  
C   WRITE THE OVER-ALL STC DATA RECORD, KEY(5)=A,  
    CALL WRIA  
    CALL WRIOUT  
    CALL WRIBDY  
    CALL WRIATR  
    RETURN  
    END
```

•DECK USECDW
BLOCK DATA USECDW
•USECDW REPLACE STEW USE CARDS
COMMON /ERASE3/ WDUM(400)
COMMON /CPSM / RSM(768)
END

```
*DECK BLTBBL
SUBROUTINE BLTBBL
CBLTBBL      BUILD BOUNDARY LAYER TABLES
```

```
COMMON /BLDTA / BDNAM,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,NI,CAPX1
INTEGER        BDNAM
LOGICAL        LOWER
COMMON /BLDTA1/ BNAMSV
INTEGER        BNAMSV
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBTO,LBDE, LTO,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4),
*              MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
```

```
C STATION TABLE
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
*              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1)
COMMON /ERASE2/ XI1(100),SWBL(100),ZW(100),RW(100),DSTR(100),
*              DDSTR(100),VE(100),MACH(100),DUM(700)
DIMENSION      LEDEX(1),LBZ1(1)
EQUIVALENCE    (LEDEX,TYPELB),(LBZ1,MLB)
```

```
C BOUNDARY LAYER TABLE
C INDEX= LDE=LDO,LDE=-- INITIALLY 1,0
DIMENSION      BNAME(1),LBLNXT(1),NSEP(2),SWREF(1),SIGN(1),
*              SW(1),DSTAR(1),DDSTAR(1)
INTEGER        BNAME
EQUIVALENCE    (BNAME,X1),(LBLNXT,LNEXT),(NSEP,MLB),
*              (SWREF,PRIM),(SIGN,TYPELB),(SW,NAMELB),
*              (DSTAR,ILB),(DDSTAR,FLB)
```

```
COMMON /BLSEP / NSLOC
COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
LOGICAL        RESTBL
COMMON /CPRINT/ RDUMM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /BLBDY / IBLB(60)
INTEGER        UPPER
INTEGER        BNAMEC
LOGICAL ENTRY1
DATA ENTRY1/T/
DATA UPPER,LOWR/SHUPPER,SHLOWER/
DATA SWSAVE/0./
IF( RESTBL ) GO TO 1111
GO TO 1
```

```
C RESTORE TABLES
```

```
1111 NUM      = LDE=LDO+1
NMOVE = LESTA=LFO+1
CALL MOVE(1,X1(LFO),X1(LDO),NMOVE,1)
LFO    = LDO
LESTA  = LESTA-NUM
LO     = LO-NUM
LFE    = LO-1
LDO    = 1
LDE    = 0
RESTBL = .FALSE.
```

```
C RELOCATE FLOW ADJUSTMENT AND STATION TABLES
```

```
1 NUM      = 3*(NI-N1+1)+6
MAXT      = LESTA+NUM
```

```

IF( (MAXT-LHO),GT,MAXLE ) GO TO 1000
LFONEW= LFO+NUM
NMOVE = LESTA-LFO+1
CALL MOVE(1,X1(LFO),X1(LFONEW),NMOVE,1)
LD = LDE+1
IF( LDE ) 2,2,5
2 LDO = LFO
LD = LDO
LDE = LDO+NUM-1
GO TO 6
5 LDE = LDE+NUM
6 LFO = LFONEW
LESTA = MAXT
LO = LO+NUM
LFE = LO-1
LBLNXT(LD)= LD+NUM

```

C SEQUENCE TO SET SWREF

```

SWREF(LD)= 0;
BNAMC = BDNAMC
LB = LBF(BNAMC)
IF( LB,NE,0 ) GO TO 18

```

C COLLATED BOUNDARY-CHECK FOR LE

```

BNAMC = BNAMSV
LB = LBF(BNAMC)
18 IF( LEDEX(LB),EQ,0 ) GO TO 20
IV1 = 1
IV2 = (LEDEX(LB)-LBZ1(LB))/3+1
SWREF(LD)= BARCS(BNAMC,IV1,IV2)
GO TO 21

```

```

20 IF( ,NOT,LOWER)SWREF(LD)=SWBL(NI)
21 BNAME(LD)=BDNAME

```

```

SIGN(LD)= 1,
IF( LOWER ) SIGN(LD)=1,
NSEP(LD)= 0
IF( NSLOC,NE,0 ) NSEP(LD)=LD+3*(NSLOC-NI+1)-3

```

C MOVE BL PARAMETERS TO TABLE

```

30 DO 40 LD1=N1,NI
SW(LD)= SWBL(LD1)
DSTAR(LD)= DSTR(LD1)
DDSTAR(LD)=DDSTR(LD1)
LD = LD+3

```

```

40 CONTINUE
GO TO 2000

```

```

1000 LUP = UPPER

```

```

IF( LOWER ) LUP=LOWR
WRITE (6,1001) LUP,BDNAMC

```

```

1001 FORMAT(/,2X,48HTABLE SPACE EXHAUSTED,=BOUNDARY LAYER DATA FOR ,
, A6,2X,8HBOUNDARY,2X,A6,2X,9HNOT SAVED//)

```

```

DO 999 LL=1,58,3
IF( IBLB(LL),EQ,0 ) GO TO 2000
IF( IBLB(LL),EQ,BDNAMC ) IBLB(LL+1)=0

```

```

999 CONTINUE

```

```

2000 IF( PDUM(15),EQ,0, ) GO TO 2001

```

```

I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(6HSTABLT,X1,LESTA,6)
CALL TABPRT(3HBLB,BLB,60,10)

```


2001 ENTRY1= ;FALSE,
RETURN
END

```

*DECK LESTSQ
SUBROUTINE LESTSQ(X,Y,IA,IB,NO,NS,DY)
*LESTSQ      1ST/2ND ORDER CURV FIT BY LEAST SQUARE DEV *LESTSQ*
C           * VERSION 2
C           * NO ROTATION OF AXIS
C           * AUTOMATIC REDUCTION OF NS AND NO NEAR THE END PTS
      DIMENSION      X(10),Y(10),DY(10)

C  INPUT=
C  X(I),Y(I),I=IA,IB ARE ENTRY COORDINATES
C  NOC      = ORDER OF CURVE FIT * 1, =2 OR 3
C  NS      = NUMBER OF POINTS INCLUDED IS EACH LEAST SQUARE FIT
C           MINIMUM NS IS =NO+NO-1, ALSO* NS MUST BE ODD.

C  OUTPUT=
C  DY(I) = DEVIATION OBTAINED FROM THE CURVE FIT

      COMMON /ERASE / B(3),A(3,3)

      MIS      = (NS-1)/2
      IAA      = IA+1
      IBB      = IB-1
      DY(IA) = 0,
      IF(IAA,GT,IBB) GO TO 160
      DO 150 I=IAA,IBB

C  INITIALIZE TO ZERO
      DO 110 J=1,12
110 B(J)=0.

C  SET UP MATRIX (A){X}=(B)
      A(1,1)=NS
      MI      = MINO(I-IA,MINO(MIS,IB-I))
      NO      = MINO(NOC,MI+1)
      JA      = I-MI
      JB      = I+MI
      DO 120 J=JA,JB
      XP=X(J)-X(I)
      YP=Y(J)-Y(I)
      XP2=XP**2
      A(1,2)=A(1,2)+XP
      B(1)=B(1)+YP
      A(2,2)=A(2,2)+XP2
      B(2)=B(2)+YP*XP
115 A(2,3)=A(2,3)+XP2*XP
      A(3,3)=A(3,3)+XP2**2
      B(3)=B(3)+YP*XP2
120 CONTINUE
      A(2,1)=A(1,2)
      IF(NO=2) 125,130,125
125 A(1,3)=A(2,2)
      A(3,1)=A(1,3)
129 A(3,2)=A(2,3)

130 CALL SIMEQ(NO,A,B,3)

      DY(I)=B(1)
150 CONTINUE
160 DY(IB)=0.

      RETURN

```

END

```
*DECK RBWAKE
SUBROUTINE RBWAKE
CRBWAKE      ADJUST WAKE TABLE FOR TE BL
```

```
COMMON /CHDATA / X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
DIMENSION DST(1)
EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /IXORIG/ LWO,LWE, LBD0,LBD6, LTO,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
1 L0,LESTA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4), MO,NM, NJ,
2 NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXDL,MAXNM,MAXLE, LEO,LEE,
3 LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /TETAB/ ITE,XIT2(16),ANGTE(16),DSTTE(16),DDSTTE(16);
* RTE(16),ZTE(16)
* ,LWER(16)
LOGICAL LWER
```

```
IF( ITE,EQ,0 ) RETURN
DO 100 I=1,ITE
XI2 = XIT2(I)
IF(XI2,LT,0,) GO TO 100
```

```
C SEARCH FOR MATCHING XI2
I2 = I
10 I2 = I2+1
IF(I2,GT,ITE) GO TO 200
IF(XI2,NE,XIT2(I2)) GO TO 10
XIT2(I2) = #1;
```

```
C FIND MATCH IN WAKE TABLE
LW = LWO
15 IF( LW,GT,LWE ) GO TO 100
IF( XI2,EQ,X2W(LW)) GO TO 20
LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
GO TO 15
```

```
C ADJUST WAKE TABLE
20 IKL = I2
IKU = I
IF( .NOT.,LWER(I) ) IKU=I2
IF( IKL,EQ,IKU ) IIL=I
ANGCU = ANGTE( IKU ) + DDSTTE( IKU )
RCU = RTE( IKU ) + DSTTE( IKU ) * COS( ANGCU )
ZCU = ZTE( IKU ) + DSTTE( IKU ) * SIN( ANGCU )
ANGCL = ANGTE( IKL ) + DDSTTE( IKL )
RCL = RTE( IKL ) + DSTTE( IKL ) * COS( ANGCL )
ZCL = ZTE( IKL ) + DSTTE( IKL ) * SIN( ANGCL )
ANGM = .5 * ( ANGCU + ANGCL )
DR21 = RCU - RCL
DZ21 = ZCU - ZCL
THK = DR21**2 + DZ21**2
IF( THK,EQ,0 ) GO TO 100
DANG = ATAN3( DR21, DZ21, ANGM ) - PIQ2 - ANGM
THK = SQRT( THK ) * COS( DANG )
DST( LW+4 ) = THK
100 CONTINUE
300 RETURN
```

```
200 WRITE (6,201) XI2
201 FORMAT (//2X,29HWARNING= MISSING TE AT=,XI2=,F12:6//)
GO TO 300
END
```

```

*DECK SIMEQ
SUBROUTINE SIMEQ(NN,A,B,MP)
CSIMEQ      PRO NO F3494A
C           THE EQUATIONS WHICH ARE SOLVED ARE AX=B, THE MATRIX
C           SIMEQ SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C           A AND THE VECTOR B ARE DESTROYED, FOR PRINTOUT OF
C           THE MATRIX TO BE SOLVED SET MP NOT EQUAL TO ZERO
C           NN IS THE NUMBER OF EQUATIONS
      DIMENSION A(3,3),B(3)
25 DO 140 K=1,NN
30 P=A(K,K)
35 ASSIGN 85 TO MT
40 DO 55 I=K,NN
45 IF(ABS(P)=ABS(A(I,K))) 90,55,55
50 P=A(I,K)
52 ASSIGN 65 TO MT
53 L=I
55 CONTINUE
60 GO TO MT,(65,85)
65 DO 80 J=K,NN
70 P=A(K,J)
75 A(K,J)=A(L,J)
80 A(L,J)=P
81 P=B(K)
82 B(K)=B(L)
83 B(L)=P
85 B(K)=B(K)/A(K,K)
      IF(K=NN) 90,145,90
90 L=K+1
      DO 100 J=L,NN
100 A(K,J)=A(K,J)/A(K,K)
      DO 140 I=L,NN
      IF(A(I,K)) 120,140,120
120 DO 125 J=L,NN
125 A(I,J)=A(I,J)-A(I,K)*A(K,J)
140 B(I)=B(I)-A(I,K)*B(K)
145 L=NN-1
      DO 170 KK=1,L
      K=NN-KK
      P=0.0
      DO 165 J=K,L
165 P=P+A(K,J+1)*B(J+1)
170 B(K)=B(K)-P
1999 RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK SAB
SUBROUTINE SAB(ENTRY)
CSAB MAIN SUBROUTINE FOR BOUNDARY LAYER CALCULATION
      INTEGER ENTRY

```

```

C ON ENTRY=FIRST, SAVE B,S2 ON TAPE4
C ON ENTRY=LAST, RESTORE B,S2

```

```

COMMON /BCOLLT/ ZBCOL
COMMON /BLDTA / BDNAM,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,NI,CAPX1
INTEGER BDNAM
LOGICAL LOWER
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS/ BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /IXGRIG/ LHO,LHE, LBTO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4),
* MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /ERASE2/ XI1(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),DUM(200),
* VE(100),DUM1(800)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ DUM2(5),AXIA,DUM3(14)
LOGICAL AXIA

```

```

GO TO (1,2,45) , ENTRY
1 REWIND 4
WRITE (4) (B(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM)

```

```

C SCAN TABLES TO SET N1

```

```

2 IBTYPE= 1
IF( RW(1),EQ,0 ,AND, AXIA ) IBTYPE=2
GO TO (5,8) , IBTYPE
5 DO 6 I=1,NI
IF( VE(I),LE,0, ) GO TO 20
6 CONTINUE
IBTYPE= 3
N1 = 1
GO TO 21
8 DO 10 I=1,NI
IF( RW(I),GT,0, ) GO TO 12
10 CONTINUE
RETURN
12 N1 = I-1
IF( N1,EQ,0 ) N1=1
GO TO 21
20 N1 = I
IF( VE(I+1),LE,0, ) N1=N1+1
21 IF( ZBCOL,EQ,BITS ) GO TO 30
C CHECK FOR Z(NI),GE,ZBCOL
IF(ZW(N1),GE,ZBCOL) GO TO 30
NN1 = N1
DO 25 I=NN1,NI
IF( ZW(I),GE,ZBCOL ) GO TO 30
N1 = N1+1
25 CONTINUE
CALL ERRORK(6HSAB )

```

```

C CALCULATE BL FOR BOUNDARY-- (BDNAME)

```

```

30 CALL SABBL

```

```
C   INSERT SMOOTHED DATA INTO /BLTAB/  
40  CALL BLTBBL  
    GO TO 50  
45  REWIND 4  
    READ (4) (B(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM)  
  
50  RETURN  
    END
```

*DECK SABBL
SURROUTINE SABBL

*SABBL

```
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK  
EQUIVALENCE (BITS,IBITS), (BLANK,IBLANK)
```

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,DUMCA(4),AXI,DUMCB(14)  
REAL MACHA,MACHO,MACHOS  
LOGICAL AXI  
COMMON /BLDTA / BDNAM,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,N1,CAPX1  
LOGICAL LOWER  
COMMON /ERASE2/ BSTAR(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),DSTR(100);  
1 DDSTR(100),VE(100),MACH(100),MACHSQ(100),CP(100),  
2 PQPT(100),PW(100),REXP(100),PR(100),CAPX(100)  
DIMENSION XW(1),YW(1)  
EQUIVALENCE (ZW,XW),(RW,YW)  
REAL MACH,MACHSQ  
COMMON /VISCOS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON  
REAL MUREF  
COMMON /CGRAV/ CG  
COMMON /BLSEP / NSLOC  
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBTO,LBTE, LTO,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,  
8 LO,LESTA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4),  
8 MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,  
8 LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD  
COMMON /SABCHN/ CHNSAB  
INTEGER CHNSAB  
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES  
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE  
C CH = CHANNELNAME  
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL  
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOGATION OF PSI LIST  
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES  
C LTY = RELATIVE LOGATION OF TT LIST  
C LPT = RELATIVE LOGATION OF PT LIST  
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOGATION OF RCU LIST  
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTY(1),LPT(1),  
1 LRCU(1),  
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),OGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),  
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)  
INTEGER CH  
DIMENSION XCH(1)  
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)  
DIMENSION LHNEXT(1),TTT(1),PTT(1)  
EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LTNEXT),(TTT,AREATB(3)),(PTT,AREATB(4))  
DIMENSION REX(100),THETA(100),DELTA(100),P(100),F1(100),  
1 F2(100),F3(100),CP(100),ISEP(100),DCPUDX(100),  
2 F(100),AVG(100)  
3 CPK(100),DCPK(100)  
EQUIVALENCE (DCPUDX,DCPK)  
DATA PI/3,14159/  
DATA KSEP/3HSEP/
```

A

```
NSLOC = 0  
N2 = N1+1  
NT = N1=N1+1
```

C

C LOCATE ENTRIES IN CHANNEL AND CONVECTED PROP. TABLES

C

```

1 LT = LTO
2 IF (LT,GT,LTE) CALL ERROR1
  IF (CH(LT);EQ,CHNSAB) GO TO 3
  LT = LT*LTNEXT(LT)
  GO TO 2

```

C

```

3 IF (LHE,EQ,(LHO-1)) GO TO 12
4 LH = LHO
5 IF (LH,GT,LHE) GO TO 12
  IF (CH(LH);EQ,CHNSAB) GO TO 10
  LH = LH*LMNEXT(LH)
  GO TO 5

```

C

```

10 MACHO = CRG(LH)
  GO TO 13
12 MACHO = MACHA
13 TTO = TTT(LT)
  PTO = PTY(LT)
  GAM = 1./OGAM(LT)
  RG = CRG(LT)
  IF (MACHO,EQ,BITS) MACHO=MACH(N1)
  IF (MACHO,EQ,0) MACHO=MACH(N2)
  MACHOS = MACHO*MACHO
180 GAM1 = GAM/(GAM-1.)
  CAPX2 = 0.
  IF (CAPX1,NE,0) CAPX2=CAPX1
  CVP = RG/(GAM-1.)
  TSO = TTO/(1.+75*(GAM-1.)*MACHO**2)
  RSO = PTO*(TSO/TTO)**GAM1
  VMAX = SQRT(2.*GAM1*RG*TTO)
  PTOQPO = (1.+(GAM-1.)*.5*MACHO*MACHO)**GAM1
  CRT = .5*GAM*MACHO*MACHO
  DO 190 I=N1,N1
  MACHSQ(I)=MACH(I)*MACH(I)
  PQPT(I)=(CP(I)*CRT+1.)/PTOQPO
  PW(I) = PTO*(1.-(VE(I)/VMAX)**2)**GAM1
190 CONTINUE
* CALCULATE EXP
  RHOT = PTO/(RG*TTO)*CG
  GAMM = 1.+(GAM-1.)*.5*MACHO*MACHO
  RHOS = RHOT*GAMM*(-(1./(GAM-1.)))
  TSO = TTO/GAMM
  V = MACHO*SQRT(GAM*RG*TSO)
  AMU = MUREF*(TSO/TREF)**1.5*(TREF+SCON)/(TSO+SCON)
  AL = (SW(N1)-SW(N1))/2.
  RE = RHOS*V*AL/AMU
  EXP = 1.25
  IF (RE,GT,2;E7) EXP=1.2
  IF (EXP,EQ,1.25) GO TO 205
  CON1 = .23
  CON2 = .022
  CON3 = .028
  CON4 = -(1./6.)
  GO TO 210
205 CON1 = .37
  CON2 = .036
  CON3 = .046
  CON4 = .2
210 IF (,NOT,AXI) EXP=0.

```

```

DO 215 I=N1,NI
REXP(I)=0.
IF( .NOT. AXI ) REXP(I)=1.
IF(RW(I).GT.0.) REXP(I)*RW(I)**EXP
PR(I) = (MACH(I)/(1.+MACHSQ(I)**2))**4*REXP(I)

```

215 CONTINUE

B CALCULATE SW,CAPX,REX

```

GAM12 = (GAM=1.)*.5
AMU = MUREF*(TTO/TREF)**1.5*(TREF*SCON)/(TTO+SCON)
Z2 = SQRT(GAM/((GAM=1.)*CVP*TTO))
GAMP = (GAM=2.)/(GAM=1.)
Z4A = SCON/TTO
Z4D = 1./(1.+Z4A)
Z1M = PTO*CG/AMU
CAPX(N1)=CAPX2

```

CALL SETM(I,IBLANK,ISEP,100)

DO 220 N=N2,NI

```

I = N-1
SWD = SW(N)-SW(I)
AINT = (PR(N)+PR(I))*SWD
CAPX(N) = AINT/PR(N)+CAPX(I)*PR(I)/PR(N)
TTOT = 1.+GAM12*MACHSQ(N)
Z1 = MACH(N)*Z1M
Z3 = TTOT**GAMP
Z4 = (1./TTOT+Z4A)*Z4D
REX(N)=Z2*Z1*Z3*Z4

```

220 CONTINUE

CALL LSPFIT(SW(N1),BW(N1),NT, SW(N1),F3(N1),NT,1)

```

TTOT = 1.+GAM12*MACHSQ(N1)
Z1 = MACH(N1)*Z1M
Z3 = TTOT**GAMP
Z4 = (1./TTOT+Z4A)*Z4D
REX(N1)=Z2*Z1*Z3*Z4

```

C CALCULATE THETA,DSTAR,DELTA

```

K2 = 0
CALL SETM(I,0.,F,100)
THETA(N1)=0.
DSTAR(N1)=0.
DELTA(N1)=0.
F(N1) = 0.
FMAX = -10.**6
DO 230 I=N1,NI
IF(I.NE.N1) GO TO 225
IF(CAPX2.EQ.0.) GO TO 230
225 CAPXX = CAPX(I)*(REX(I)+CAPX(I))**CON4
THETA(I)*CON2*((1.+MACHSQ(I)**1)**(-.7))*CAPXX
DSTAR(I)*CON3*(1.+MACHSQ(I)**.8)**(.44)*CAPXX
DELTA(I)*CON1*CAPXX
IF(I.EQ.N1) GO TO 230

```

* CHECK FOR SEPARATION

IF(PW(I+1).LE.PW(I) ,OR, I.LE.K2) GO TO 2290

K = I

1225 K = K+1

IF(K.GT.N1) GO TO 1226

IF(PW(K).GT.PW(K-1)) GO TO 1225

1226 K1 = I

IF(K1.EQ.(K-1)) GO TO 2290

```

K2      = K-1
K1M     = K1-1
IF( MACH(K1M),EQ,0, ) K1M=K1
MACHOS= MACHSQ(K1)
CPK(K1M)= 1,
DO 226 K=K1M,K2
IF( MACH(K),EQ,0, ) GO TO 226
CPK(K)=1,=MACHSQ(K)/MACHOS
226 CONTINUE
DO 227 K=K1,K2
227 DCPK(K)=(CPK(K)-CPK(K-1))/(SW(K)-SW(K-1))
K2M     = K2-1
DO 228 K=K1,K2M
228 DCPK(K)=(DCPK(K)+DCPK(K+1))*0.5
DO 229 K=K1,K2
SWK     = SW(K)-SW(I)+CAPX(I)
F(K)    = CPK(K)*(SQRT(ABS(SWK*DCPK(K)))*((1E-6)*REX(K)*SWK)**(-.5))
229 CONTINUE
2290 FMAX = AMAX1(F(I),FMAX )
IF( FMAX,LT, .5 ) GO TO 230
C SEPARATION
ISEP(I)= KSEP
IF( NSLOC,EQ,0 ) NSLOC=I
230 CONTINUE
N3      = I

*D* CALCULATE P FOR TOD
234 P(N1) = 0,
DO 240 I=N2,N3
K        = I-1
A1       = (RW(K)+RW(I))*0.5
A2       = (DSTAR(K)+DSTAR(I))*0.5
IF(AXI) GO TO 235
P(I)     = A2*(PW(I)-PW(K))+P(K)
GO TO 240
235 P(I)  = 2.*P1*A1*A2*(PW(I)-PW(K))+P(K)
240 CONTINUE

* CALCULATE TOD, TOTAL SKIN FRICTION DRAG
IF(AXI) GO TO 250
DRM      = GAM*((PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)*THETA(N1))-(PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)
1        *THETA(N1)))
GO TO 255
250 DRM   = GAM*((PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)*THETA(N1))*2.*P1*RW(N1))-
1        (PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)*THETA(N1))*2.*P1*RW(N1))
255 TOD   = DRM-P(N1)

*E* CALCULATE CF
300 DO 310 I=N1,N3
RX=1,
IF(AXI)RX=RW(I)
F1(I)   = RX*PW(I)+MACHSQ(I)
F2(I)   = F1(I)*THETA(I)
REX(I)  = REX(I)*(SW(I)-SW(N1))
310 CONTINUE

NN      = N3-N1+1
CALL LSPFIT(SW(N1),F2(N1),NN,SW(N1),CF(N1),NN,1)

N1I=N1
IF(MACH(N1),NE,0, ) GO TO 319

```

```

N1=N2
CF(N2)= 0.
319 DO 320 I=N1,N3
    CF(I) = 2.*CF(I)/F1(I)-2.*DSTAR(I)*F3(I)/(GAM*PW(I)*MACHSQ(I))
320 CONTINUE
    CALL LESTSQ(SW,DSTAR,N1,N1,3,5,DSTR)
    NN = NI
    DO 327 I=N1,NI
327 DSTR(I) = DSTR(I)+DSTAR(I)
    CALL LSPFIT(SW(N1),DSTR(N1),NN,SW(N1),DDSTR(N1),NN,1)

```

```

* WRITE OUTPUT
  WRITE (6,1002)
1002 FORMAT(/,37X,30H B O U N D A R Y   L A Y E R/)
  WRITE (6,1004) (I,XW(I),THETA(I),DSTAR(I),DELTA(I),REX(I),
  1      CAPX(I),CF(I),SW(I),DSTR(I),DDSTR(I),ISEP(I),F(I),I=N1,N3)
1004 FORMAT(4X,1HI,5X,2HXW,4X,5HTHETA,5X,5HDSTAR,4X,5HDELTA,5X,3HREX,
  * 7X,4HCAPX,6X,2HCF,8X,2HSW,6X,4HDSTR,4X,5HDDSTR,5X,3HSEP,8X,
  * 4HSEP/
  * (2X,I3,F9,4,3F9,5,F9,0,F9,4,F9,5,F10,4,2F9,5,2X,A6,F13,6),)
  WRITE (6,1003) T0D
1003 FORMAT(/6X,20HTOTAL FRICTION DRAG=F14,9)

900 RETURN
END

```

*DECK WR1A

SUBROUTINE WR1A

*WR1A-- WRITE THE KEY(5)=A STC DATA RECORD

WR1A

```
C CHDATA, CONVTR
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX- LH=LHO,LHE
C TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTELOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(75)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
DIMENSION CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)
INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,CH),(LHNEXT,LTNEXT),(WTELOW,NPT),
& (TTO,LPSI),(PTO,LTT),(TSO,LPT),(PSO,LRCU),
& (MACHO,CRG),(AO,CPGJ),(VARY,C2CP),
& (RG,QGAM),(GAM,FGT),(NR,FGP),(NC,FGR),
& (TAB,AREATB)
DIMENSION TABLES(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,TABLES)
C
COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGN(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLF(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
& DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
LOGICAL AXI,AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CR / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CCR / CRX(6)
COMMON /CGRV / CG
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),PSPISV,NZP,
& ZP(10),RSP(10),NZP1
INTEGER FARFLD,FREE,PRES,PSPISV
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CM / JNS(300)
COMMON /CMAX4 / ES2MX,ZMX,RMX,DS2MX,I DUMX
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```

COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN,GREFIN,TI
LOGICAL GREFIN
EQUIVALENCE (MAJCTR,NREFIN)
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM1(3),PREFIN,PREFN2,PDUM(11)
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOR,NODENS,CPTDUM
LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CR / RF(300)
COMMON /CREFIN/ DREFIN,SG21,VMG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
& SGZ(10)*GZ(10)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSEND,SSEND1,
& DSS(2),RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFO,TEXI2,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1,DTOLR2(4),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(25),THKY(25),THK2D(250)
COMMON /CVM / VMF(300)
COMMON /CZ / ZF(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBO,LRDE,ITD,ITE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CAD / AOSV
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CHNEPT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WTTD(10),IE
COMMON /TAPES / WTAPO,NTAPN
COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
COMMON /VISCOS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON
REAL MUREF

```

```

LOGICAL STCFIL
DATA STCFIL/T/
DATA KA/1HAZ

```

```

ATLDS2= CLEN*TOLES2
IF(ES2MX.GT.ATLDS2) WRITE(6,1001)
1001 FORMAT (//////60H *** THE SOLUTION HAS NOT CONVERGED TO THE INPUT
& TOLERANCE.)
IF(GREFIN) WRITE(6,1002)
1002 FORMAT (//////65H *** THE INPUT GRID REFINEMENT CRITERIA HAVE NOT
& BEEN SATISFIED.)

```

```

OMITFK= .TRUE.
IF(FILOT) OMITFK=.FALSE.
CALL FHEAD(64)
TSC = TSA
TTC = TSC*(1.+(GAMA-1.)*.5*MACHA**2)
PTC = PSC*(TTC/TSC)**(GAMA/(GAMA-1.))
55 WRITE(6,1000) AXI,MACHA,RGA,TSC,GAMA,PSA,TTB,PTC,CHOTST,TTC,CG,
& NUCIN,ACF

```

```

1000 FORMAT (/15H GENERAL INPUT-/,6X,7HAXI =,18,26X,7HMACHO =,F8.4/
&6X,7HRC =,F8.2,26X,7HTSO =,F8.2/,6X,7HGAM =,F8.4,26X,
&7HPSO =,F8.3/,6X,7HTTE =,F8.3,26X,7HPTO =,F8.3/,6X,7HCHOTST=
&,L8,26X,7HTTO =,F8.2/,6X,7HCG =,F8.3/,27H STREAMLINE END CONDT
&IONS-/,6X,7HNBCIN =,218/,6X,7HACF =,2F8.3//

```

```

WRITE (6,1005) SSFML,SSEANG,SSEF,SSDF
1005 FORMAT(43H CURVATURE CALCULATION FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW-/)
&6X,7HSSFML =,18,19H (FORMULA NUMBER)/
&6X,7HSSEANG =,F8.3,43H (INLET FLOW ANGLE, DEGREES, SSEF=T ONLY)/
&/38H SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION-/)
&6X,7HSSEF =,L8,37H (SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F)/
&6X,7HSSDF =,L8,56H (SUPERSONIC FLOW DOWNSTREAM OF CHOKE STATION
&, T OR F)

```

```

WRITE (6,1010) (GR(I),I=1,NGR)
WRITE (6,1011) (SGR(I),I=1,NGR)
IF(NGZ.EQ.0) GO TO 65
WRITE (6,1012) (GZ(I),I=1,NGZ)
WRITE (6,1013) (SGZ(I),I=1,NGZ)
65 WRITE (6,1014) VMG1,VMG2,CRX
1010 FORMAT(/1X19HGRID SIZE CRITERIA-/,6X7HNGR/GR=10F8.2)
1011 FORMAT (6X,7HSGR =,10F8.2)
1012 FORMAT (/6X,7HNGZ/GZ=,10F8.2)
1013 FORMAT(6X,7HSGZ =,10F8.2)
1014 FORMAT(/6X,7HVMG1 =,F8.2,25X,7HVMG2 =,F8.2/,6X,7HGRX =,6F8.3)

```

```

WRITE (6,1030) NM,MAXNM,LESTA,MAXLE,NJ,MAXNJ
1030 FORMAT(/1X19HMEMORY UTILIZATION-/,24X17HUSED AVAILABLE/,6X11HGRID
* POINTS I11,I10,/,6X6HTABLES I16,I10,/,6X11HSTREAMLINES I11,I10,/)

```

```

ATLDS2= CLEN*TOLES2
WRITE(6,1040) MAXREF,NREFIN,INRCR,TOLINR,TOLES2,TOLWF,
& CLEN,ATLDS2,ES2MX,
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1,NODENS,RHOC,RHOW,RHOCSS,RHOWSS
1040 FORMAT (/18H CONVERGENCE DATA-/)
&6X,7HMAXREF=,18,3X,21H(MAXIMUM REFINEMENTS)/
&6X,7HNREFIN=,18,24H - NUMBER OF REFINEMENTS/
&6X,7HINRCR=,18,42H - NUMBER OF ITERATIONS IN LAST REFINEMENT//
&6X,7HTOLINR=,E8.1,47H (INNER ITERATION TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEM
&ENT)/,6X,7HTOLES2=,E8.1,37H (FINAL TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEMENT)/
&/6X,7HTOLWF =,E8.1,3X,40H(T.E. CLOSURE FRACTIONAL FLOW TOLERANCE
&)/
& 6X,7HCLEN =,0PF8.3,52H = CHARACTERISTIC LENGTH BASED ON GRID SIZE
&E CRITERIA/ E21,1,53H = ABSOLUTE TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEMENT (&TO
&LES2*CLEN)/
&6X,7HMAXES2=,E8.1,42H = LARGEST S.L. MOVEMENT ON LAST ITERATION/
&/6X,7HDS1DMP=,0PF8.3,54H (STREAMWISE PT MOVEMENT DAMPING, =0 FOR
& NO DAMPING)/
&6X,7HDS1DP1=,F8.3,53H (ADDITIONAL STREAMWISE DAMPING ON FIRST PAS
&S ONLY)/
&6X,7HNODENS=,18,58H (REFINEMENT LEVEL TO WHICH CONSTANT DENSITY T
&S ASSUMED)/
&6X,7HRHOC =,F8.3,10H RHOW =,F7.3,10H RHOCSS=,F7.3,
&10H RHOWSS=,F7.3,34H (CORRECTION EQ. DECEL. FACTORS)

```

```

LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(13)
WRITE (6,1090) FARFLD
WRITE (6,1092) IADM,RHOBAS,RHOAMP,TOLRI
1090 FORMAT (/26H SPECIAL BOUNDARY OPTIONS-/,6X,7HFARFLD=,2(2X,A6))
1092 FORMAT(/ 28H MATRIX SOLUTION PARAMETERS-/,6X,7HIADM =,18,3X,70H(=
11,0,1, FOR STREAMLINE, ALTERNATING, AND ORTHOGONAL LINE RELAXATION

```

2)/ 6X,7HRHOBAS=,F8.3,3X,33H(ACCELERATION FACTOR, BASE LEVEL)/
 36X,7HRHOAMP=,F8.3,3X,45H(ACCELERATION FACTOR, AMPLITUDE OF VARIATI
 40N)/ 6X,7HTDLRL =, E8.1,3X,30H(TOLERANCE RELATIVE TO MAXDS2))

C PRINT HIGHLIGHT AND MAX. BODY RADII AND AREAS
 AHL = RHL
 IF(AXIA) AHL=PI*RHL*RHL
 ARM = RM
 IF(AXIA) ARM=PI*RM*RM
 WRITE (6,1091) RHL,AHL,RM,ARM
 1091 FORMAT (/6X, 17HHIGHLIGHT RADIUS=,F8.3,4X,15HHIGHLIGHT AREA=,
 * F8.3/6X,17HMAX. BODY RADIUS=, F8.3,4X,15HMAX. BODY AREA=,F8.3)
 WRITE(6,1093) ACSV
 1093 FORMAT (6X,17HMASS FLOW RATIO =,F8.3)

C PRINT CHANNEL TABLE OF CONTENTS
 CALL FHEAD(2)
 WRITE (6,1060)
 LH = LHO
 80 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 96
 MOREL = 4
 IF(NR(LH).NE.0) MOREL=MOREL+2+NR(LH)
 CALL FHEAD(MOREL)
 LH2 = LH+9
 WRITE (6,1070) CHNAM(LH),(WTFLOW(LHX),THX=LH,LH2)
 NCX = NC(LH)
 IF(NR(LH).LE.0) GO TO 95
 WRITE (6,1080) (TAB(I),I=1,NCX)
 CALL TABPRT(2HB=.8B(LH)+NCX*NR(LH),NCX)
 95 LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
 GO TO 80
 96 CONTINUE
 1060 FORMAT(/1X26HCONTENTS OF CHANNEL TABLE=)
 1070 FORMAT(/6X7HCHN =2X,A6,5X7HWTFLOW= E12.4,76X7HTTO = F8.2,5X
 *7HPTO =F8.3,5X7HTSO =F8.2,5X7HPSO =F8.3,76X7HMACHO =F8.4,5X7
 *HAO = E12.4,1X7HVARY =,9,76X7HRG =, F8.2,5X7HGAM =F8.4,)
 1080 FORMAT(/6X7HNB/TAB=2X,A6,1H,5X,A6,1H,5X,A6,1H,5X,A6,1H,5X,A6,1H,)

C LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS TO PRINT FLOW RATES, PRESSURES, AND TEMP
 RHOINF = PSA/(RGA* TSA)
 VINFL = SQRT(GAMA*RGA* TSA)*MACHA
 WTNORM = RHOINF*VINFL*PI
 J2 = 0
 IC = 0
 100 J2 = J2+1
 JCHN = SLCHN(J2)
 105 IF(JCHN.NE.SLCHN(J2+1).OR,J2.EQ.NJ) GO TO 110
 J2 = J2+1
 GO TO 105
 110 IC = IC+1
 WTFA(IC)=W(J2)/WTNORM
 IF(RGA.NE.1.) WTFA(IC)=W(J2)
 ICHN(IC)=JCHN
 LT = LTO
 115 IF(JCHN.EQ.CH(LT)) GO TO 120
 LTP = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
 IF(LTP.GE.LTE) GO TO 120
 LT = LTP
 GO TO 115
 120 LTP = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-1
 WTFS(IC)=XCH(LTP)/WTNORM
 IF(RGA.NE.1.) WTFS(IC)=XCH(LTP)


```

WPTO(IC)=PTC
WTT0(IC)=TTC
LH = LHO
122 IF(JCHN.EQ.CHNAM(LH)) GO TO 124
LHP = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
IF(LHP.GE.LHE) GO TO 128
LH = LHP
GO TO 122
124 IF(PTO(LH).NE.BITS .AND. PTO(LH).NE.0.) WPTO(IC)=PTO(LH)
IF(TTO(LH).NE.BITS .AND. TTO(LH).NE.0.) WTT0(IC)=TTO(LH)
128 IF(J2.LT.NU) GO TO 100
130 WRITE (6;1130) (I,CHN(I),WTF(I),WTF(A(I),WPTO(I),WTT0(I),I=1,IC)
1130 FORMAT (/49H CHANNEL FLOW RATES, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES=//
* 16X,9HSPECIFIED,5X,8HADJUSTED,7X,6HPT/PSO,7X,6HRTY/TSO /
* (6X,A6.4F13.4,))

```

```

RETURN

```

```

ENTRY WR1ATP

```

```

REWIND NTAPN

```

```

WRITE (NTAPN) STCFIL,(LIMITS(I),I=1,24)
WRITE(NTAPN)(IDENT(I),I=1,6),AXIA,RGA,GAMA,MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA,
1 PRPRN,TE,CHOTST,MAXIY,MAJCTR,(NINNER(I),I=1,16),VELPOT,ICOR,
& NODENS,RN,NGR,NGZ,(SGR(I),I=1,40),VMG1,VMG2,INRCTR,DREFIN,SG21,
3 NBCIN(1),NBCIN(2),ACF(1),ACF(2),SSFML,SSFY,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,
& SSFND1,(DSS(I),I=1,5),IFARELD(I),I=1,8),
* RHOC,RHOCSS,RHL,RM,
* TREF,MUREF,S6ON,(BLB(I),I=1,60),
5 (ZP(I),I=1,28), (TABLES(I),I=1,LESTA), (B(I),I=1,NM), (JMS(I),
6 I=1,NM), (S1(I),I=1,NM), (S2(I),I=1,NM), (ZF(I),I=1,NM), (RF(I),
7 I=1,NM), (VMF(I),I=1,NM), (W(I),I=1,NU), (X2(I),I=1,NU),
& (SLCHN(I),I=1,NU),TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLRES2,TOLINR,DS1DMP,DS1DPI,
& (DTOLR2(I),I=1,4),SG1REF,
& (CRX(I),I=1,6), RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,NTHKY,NTHKY,
8 (THKX(I),I=1,300),TOLWF)
NTAPN = NTAPN
NTAPN = NTAPN
NTAPN = NTAPN
RETURN
END

```

*DECK WRIBDY
 SUBROUTINE WRIBDY
 *WRIBDY WRITE OUTPUT FOR EACH BOUNDARY *WRIBDY*

```

C COMB1
C STATAH, CHDATA, BDYTAB
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX=,L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),PUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E, POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

DIMENSION CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1)
INTEGER CHNAM
EQUIVALENCE (X1,BDT,CHNAM),(LNEXT,LBNEXT,LHNEXT),(MLB,LBZ1),
1 (MUB,CHNAME),(PRIM,UP),(TYPELB,LEDEX),
2 (NAMELB,ZBT,BDNAM),(ILB,RBT,LBA),(FLB,ANGBT,
3 LBB)

C COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGDMP
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,ISA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, TTC,AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
& DAXIT,SCALEA, TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA,MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON,NK,PLBC,PUBC,
& XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WROST,WCALC,QV(8),QVP(8),
& JSUM,VMLBSQ
INTEGER XCHOKE
LOGICAL CHOKB,SUBSON

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```

COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / MACHM(300)
REAL MACHM
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPHI1 / RHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPSM / PSM(300)
COMMON /CS2 / PTM(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX
COMMON /CRHS / TIM(300)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ XI1(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),ANGW(100),
* CURVW(100),VE(100),MACH(100),PSQPO(100),CP(100),
* PSQPT(100),PTQPTO(100), TT(100),AW(100),SPDA(100)
DIMENSION DSTR(100),DDSTR(100)
EQUIVALENCE (DSTR,ANGW),(DDSTR,CURVW)
C NEW VARIABLES FOR NASA VERSION ONLY--PSQPT AND PTQPTO
COMMON /ERASE3/ AQAN(100),CDPI(100),PSMPO(100),LAMW(100)
REAL MACH
DIMENSION XW(1),YW(1)
EQUIVALENCE (XW,ZW),(YW,RW)
COMMON /CFRFLD/ FSAV(300), STXU(128),STXD(128),STVU(128),STYD(128)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LD,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10),WTF5(10),WTF6(10),WPTO(10),WTT0(10), IC

COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
COMMON /BLDTA / BNAME,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,NJ,CAPX1
INTEGER BNAME
COMMON /TETAB / ITE,XIT2(16),TEANG(16),DSTTE(16),DDSTTE(16)
* RTE(16),ZTE(16),LWER(16)
LOGICAL LWER
COMMON /SABCHN/ CHNSAB
INTEGER CHNSAB

INTEGER HLE,HTE,ASL,BDY,TSL,CHNN,CHN,XK5SV,XKEYB,BLANK

LOGICAL DOUBLE,LOWER,UPPER
DIMENSION LOWUP(2),LCDPI(2)
DATA LOWUP/5HLOWER,5HUPPER/
DATA HLE,HTE/2HLE,2HTE/ ASL,BDY,TSL/3HASL,3HBDY,3HTSL/

ITE = 0
IGODMP = 2
NTRY = 1
C DEFINE REFERENCE DYNAMIC PRESSURE, ETC

```

```

    QO      = 0,
    IF(MACHA,LE,,1) GO TO 95
    IF(GAMA,NE,0,) GO TO 92
    QO      = (RGA* TSA)/(PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
    GO TO 95
  92 QO      = 2,/(GAMA*PSA*MACHA*MACHA)

```

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS

```

  95 LINES = 64
    IUP = 4
    NCHN = 1
    J2 = 1
  105 CHNN = SLCHN(J2)
    LOWER = ,TRUE,
    I = 0
  107 I = I+1
    IF(CHNN,NE,ICHN(I) ,AND, I,LT,IC) GO TO 107
    QPTO = 1,/WRTO(I)
    QTTO = 1,/WYTO(I)
    GO TO 122
  110 J2 = J2+1
    IF(J2,EQ,NJ ,OR, SLCHN(J2+1),NE,CHNN) GO TO 120
    GO TO 110
  120 LOWER = ,FALSE,

```

C BUILD I-SUBSCRIPTED ARRAYS

```

  122 M = MBEGIN(J2)
    L = 0
    SPDASV = 0,
    XK5SV = BDY
  123 I = 1
    SWORG = S1(M)
    PTO = PTM(M)
    YTO = YTM(M)
    YTOTTO = YTM(M)*OTTO
  124 DOUBLE = ,FALSE,
  125 CALL GETIX
    CALL STANO(M,L,URPER)
    XI1(I)=X1(L)
    SW(I) = S1(M)-SWORG
    ZW(I) = Z(M)
    RW(I) = R(M)
    ANGW(I)=PHI1(M)*TODEG
    PS = PSM(M)
    IF (XK5SV,NE,TSL) GO TO 126
    ISIGN = 1
    IF (LOWER) ISIGN=-1
    MTSL = M+1*ISIGN
    IF ( (ABS(R(M)-R(MTSL)),GT,1,E=5) ,OR, (ABS(Z(M)-Z(MTSL))
    & ,GT,1,E=5)) GO TO 126
    ANGW(I) = ,5*(PHI1(M)+PHI1(MTSL))*TODEG
  126 CURVW(I)= CURV(M)
    MACH(I)= MACHM(M)
    VE(I)=VM(M)

```

C T, E, SINGULARITY

```

    IF(ISTAG,NE,2 ,OR, (TYPELB(L),NE,KTE,AND,TYPEUB(L),NE,KTE) ,OR,
    • BSQEXP(L),EQ,8)ITS) GO TO 138
    IF(I,NE,1,AND,BSQEXP(L),GE,0,) GO TO 132
    VE(I) = 0,
    IF(FGRTE(L),EQ,0,) GO TO 132
    MACH(I)=SORT(1,+BSQEXP(L))

```

```

    TSX   = YTM(M)/(1+.5/FGYTE(L))*(1.+BSQEXP(L))
    VE(I) = MACH(I)*SQRT(1./FGYTE(L)+1.)*R6TE(L)*TSX)
    PS    = PTM(M)*(TSX/TTM(M))*.(FGYTE(L)+3.)
C      DOWNSTREAM SIDE ONLY
132  IF(I=1) 134,136,134
134  ANGW(I)=ANGTE(L)*TODEG
      GO TO 138
C      UPSTREAM SIDE ONLY
136  ANGW(I)=ANGEXP(L)*TODEG
      CURVW(I)=BITS
138  AW(I) = RW(I)
      PSOPT(I)=PS/PTM(M)
      PTQPTO(I)=PTM(M)*QPTO
      IF( AXIA ) AW(I)=PI*RW(I)*RW(I)
      PSQPO(I)=PS/PSA
      PSMPO(I)=PS=PSA
      CP(I) = PSMPO(I)*QO
      IF(LOWER) PSMPO(I)=-PSMRO(I)
      NI    = I
      I     = I+1
      IF(NI,EQ,1) GO TO 160

C      CHECK FOR LEADING EDGE POINT
      IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 140
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,HLE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,HLE) GO TO 170
C      ISTAG=1
      IF(DOUBLE) GO TO 160
      DOUBLE=.TRUE.
      GO TO 125

C      CHECK FOR TRAILING EDGE POINT
140  IF(ISTAG,NE,2) GO TO 160
C      ISTAG=2
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,HTE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,HTE) GO TO 190

C      ISTAG=0,3 OR DOUBLE=T
160  M     = MD
      IF(M,GT,0) GO TO 124
      GO TO 180

C      APPROACH STREAMLINE
170  XKEYB = ASL
      GO TO 200
C      BODY SURFACE
180  XKEYB = XK5SV
      GO TO 200
C      TRAILING STREAMLINE
190  XKEYB = XK5SV
      XK5SV = TSL

200  IF(XKEYB ,EQ,TSL) GO TO 220
      IF(.NOT,LOWER) GO TO 220
      LB   = LBP(NAMELB(L))
      IF(LEDEX(LB),EQ,0) GO TO 220
C      LOOP TO FIND BOUNDARY NAME OF UPPER SIDE OF L,E;
      LBX  = LB
124  IF(LBA(LBX),GE,LEDEX(LB)) GO TO 220
      LBX  = LBX+3
      IF(LBX,LT,(LB+LBZ1(LB))) GO TO 214
      CALL ERROR$
C      PROJECTED AREA

```

```

220 CALL SETM(1,1,,LAMW,NI)
DATA LCDPI/4MCDPI,4HLAMW/
LLCDPI=LCDPI(2)
IF(NYHXX;LG,1) GO TO 224
CALL LFIT2D(ZW,RW,LAMW,NI)
DO 222 I=1,NI
COEF = .5*(LAMW(I)+LAMW(I-1))
IF(AXIA) COEF=PI*(RW(I)+LAMW(I)+RW(I-1)+LAMW(I-1))
222 AW(I) = AM(I-1)*BOEF*(RW(I)-RW(I-1))
C PRESSURE DRAG
224 SPDA(1)=SPDASV
CALL LSUM(AW,PSMRO,NI,SPDA)
SPDASV=SPDA(NI)
C DRAG COEFFICIENT
ARM = RM
IF ( AXIA ) ARM = PI*RM*RM
DO 225 I=1,NI
AW(I) = (ARM-AW(I))/ARM
225 CDPI(I) = -SPDA(I)*QO/ARM
ADDG = -SPDASV*QO/ARM
LLCDPI=LCDPI(1)
230 IF(PRPRN;EQ,1-2);AND,XKEYB,NE,BDY) GO TO 308
LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(NI+6)
308 KUP = 2
IF(LOWER) KUP=1
CHN = SLCHN(J2)
XI2 = X2(J2)
SWORG = 0
CHNSAB = CHN
WRITE (6,1206) LOWUP(KUP),CHN,XI2,LLCDPI
& (XI1(I);SW(I),ZW(I),RW(I),
* ANGW(I),CURVW(I),PSQPO(I),CP(I),PSOPT(I),MACH(I),CDPI(I),AW(I),
* PTQPTO(I);I=1,NI)
1200 FORMAT (2X,A6,17H BOUNDARY TO CHN=A6,81H, STREAMLINE COORDINAT
*E, XI2=,F7,3,1H, // 5X,3HX11,6X,3HS1W,7X,5HXW,ZW,6X,3HYW,RW,5X,
* 4HANGW,5X,5HCURVW,5X,5HPS/PO,5X,2HCP,4X,5HPS/PT,4X,4HMACH,5X,
& A4,14H (AMAX=A)/AMAX,8H PT/PTO / (2X,2F8,3,F12,5,F11,5,
* F8,3,F11,5,2F9,3,F7,3,2F9,4,F14,3,F8,3,16)

WRITE (6,1210) TTQTO
1210 FORMAT (76X,8HTTQTO =,F9,3)
IF ( XKEYB;EQ,ASL ) WRITE (6,1220) ADDG
1220 FORMAT (/6X,15HADDITIVE DRAG =,F9,4)
IF( XKEYB;EQ,ASL ,OR, XKEYB;EQ,TSL ) GO TO 309
C ***** BOUNDARY LAYER *****
NAME = NAMELB(L)
IF( ,NOT,LOWER ) NAME=NAMEUB(L)
LBL = LBDYBL(NAME,LOWER)
IF( LBL,EQ,0 ) GO TO 309
CAPX1 = BLB(LBL+2)
BNAME = IBLB(LBL)
LSAVE = LESTA
CALL SAB(NTRY)
LDTE = LESTA-LSAVE
IF( MD.GT,0 ) L=L+LDTE
NTRY = 2
C *****
IF(TYPELB(L);EQ,HTE ,OR, TYPEUB(L);EQ,HTE) ANGSV=ANGW(NI)*TORAD
309 IF(TYPELB(L);EQ,HTE ,OR, TYPEUB(L);EQ,HTE) GO TO 3090
GO TO 3091

```

```

3090 ITE * ITR*1
      XIY2(ITE)* XI2
      TEANG(ITE)*ANGSV
      IF(LBL,EQ,0) GO TO 3091
      RTE(ITE)* RW(NI)
      ZTE(ITE)* ZW(NI)
      LWER(ITE)* LOWER
      DSTTE(ITE)* DSTR(NI)
      DDSTTE(ITE)*DDSTR(NI)
3091 IF(MD,GT,0) GO TO 123

```

C INTEGRAL MOMENTUM BALANCE ON THE CHANNEL

```

      IF(.NOT., LOWER) GO TO 310
      PFLB * SPDASV
      GO TO 110

```

```

310 PFUB * SPDASV
      FTOT * STXD(J2)*PFLB+PFUB
      FERR * FTOT-STXD(J2)

```

```

      WRITE (6,1300) CHN,STXD(J2),PFLB,PFUB,FTOT,STXD(J2),FERR

```

```

1300 FORMAT(/1X32HINTEGRAL MOMENTUM BALANCE, CHN=A6,2X19H(AXIAL FORCES
* ONLY)/6X31HENTERING MOMENTUM *F11,4, /6X31HLOWER BOUND
*ARY PRESSURE FORCE *F11,4, /6X31HUPPER BOUNDARY PRESSURE FORCE *F11,
*4, /12X12HSUM OF ABOVE *F11,4, /6X31HLEAVING MOMENTUM *F
*11,4, /12X25HERROR *F11,4,7

```

```

      J2 * J2*1
      IF(J2,LE,NU) GO TO 105

```

C SAVE TE DATA

```

CREBUILD WAKE TABLE AT ALL TES
      CALL RBWAKE
      IF(.NTRY,EQ,2 ) CALL SAB(3)
      RETURN
      END

```

*DECK WRIOU
 SUBROUTINE WRIOU
 *WRIOU WRITE STC OUTPUT DATA

WRIOU*

```

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L*LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS;WRIOU)
C MCL = SHARR CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL * FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLEWB(1),MGL(1),
& ANGLE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGRTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGLE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE;17
DIMENSION IPRIM(1)
EQUIVALENCE (IPRIM,PRIM)

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA, YTA, AXIA,PRGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, YTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMB,
& BAXIT,SBALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA,MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
INTEGER BLANK
COMMON /CCURV / CURVF(300)
COMMON /CFB / C,MA,MB,RLB,PUB,WF,CHOKB,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
& XCHQKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRGST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
& JSUM,VMLBSQ
INTEGER XCHQKE
LOGICAL CHOKB,SUBSON
COMMON /CGRAY / CG
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,QMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CDS2 / MACHM(300)
REAL MACHM
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CP1 / P1,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPSM / RSM(300)
COMMON /CS2 / PTM(300)
COMMON /CR / RF(300)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSKEND,SSFND1,
& DSS(4),TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CRWS / TTM(300)
COMMON /CVM / VMF(300)
COMMON /CZ / ZF(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
& RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
& VVKQKP(96),
& WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRH(96)

```



```

EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNORM,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
COMMON /ERASE3/ J1(10),K1(10),CHANLS(10),PS(96),MACH(96),FLOW(96)
DIMENSION X12(96),Z(96),R(96),PHI(96),CURV(96),PSQPO(96),
& VM(96),EVX(96),FVY(96),FPX(96),FPY(96),SVX(96),
& SVY(96),SPX(96),SPY(96),STX(96),STY(96)
EQUIVALENCE (AREAO,X12,FVX,STX),(DISR,Z,EVY,STY),
& (SQRTVV,R,FPX),(VMSQ,PHI,FPY),(VVKQKP,CURV,SVX),
& (WQA,PSQPO,SVY),(C2CP,VM,SPX),(FLOW,SPY)
INTEGER CHANLS
REAL MACH
DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)
EQUIVALENCE (X,Z),(Y,R)
C NEW VARIABLES FOR NASA VERSION ONLY
C CAN USE FGR IF NEEDED
DIMENSION RFLOW(96),PSOPT(96),TSQTT(96),CP(96),AQAREF(96),
* RTQPTO(96),FLOWMX(10)
EQUIVALENCE (FLOW,PFLOW),(LAMBDA,PSOPT),(TS,TSQTT),
* (RHO,CP),(FGR,AQAREF),(RG,PTQPTO)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /CFRFLD/ FSAV(300),STXU(128),STXD(128),STYU(128),STYD(128)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10),WTF5(10),WTF6(10),WPTO(10),WTT0(10),IC

INTEGER DBSTAR,SUB,SUPER,BRANCH,ASTERP,TE
LOGICAL UPSTRM,DNSTRM
DATA TE/2HTE/

IGODMP = 2
PIINV = 1./PI
QO = 0.
IF(MACHA.LE.1) GO TO 95
IF(GAMA.NE.0.) GO TO 92
QO = (RGA* TSA)/(PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
GO TO 95
92 QO = 2./(GAMA*PSA*MACHA*MACHA)

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
95 CHOKE = ?FALSE,
IFIELD = 0
JSUM = 0
LINES = 64
LINEA = 0
L = LO
500 PLB = 0.
PUB = 0.
WF = 0.

C SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION
M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA = J
MAA = M
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB = J

```

```

MBB * M
IF(JSUM, EQ, 0) SUBSON=, TRUE,
IF(SSEF) SUBSON=, FALSE,
IF(SCHOKE(L), NE, XCHOKE) GO TO 510
IF(SSDF) SUBSON=, FALSE,
JSUM = JA+256*JB

```

C EXECUTE FLOW BALANCE

```

510 CALL FLOBAL
IF(TYPELB(L), EQ, TE .OR, TYPEUB(L), EQ, TE) JSUM=0

```

C BRANCH AND ASTERP ARE PRINTOUT INDICATORS

```

DATA DBSTAR/2H**/, SUB/3H SUB/, SUPER/5HSUPER/, ICHOKE/5HCHOKE/
501 ASTERP= BLANK
IF(PRIM(L)) ASTERP=DBSTAR
BRANCH= SUPER
IF(SUBSON) BRANCH=SUB
IF(SCHOKE(L), EQ, XCHOKE) BRANCH=ICHOKE

```

```

CALL SETM(1, BLANK, CHANLS, 10)
CALL MOVE(2, ZF(MA), Z, NK, 1, RF(MA), R, NK, 1)
CALL MOVE(2, CURVE(MA), CURV, NK, 1, VMF(MA), VM, NK, 1)

```

```

LQ = 0
K = 1
M = MA

```

```

520 FLOW(K)=WSTA(K)*CG
PHI(K)= PH(1(M))*TODEG
QGAM = FGR(K)/(1,+FGR(K))
MACH(K)=VM(K)*SQRT(QGAM/(RG(K)*TS(K)))
AQAREF(K) = R(K)
IF ( AXIA ) AQAREF(K) = PI*R(K)*R(K)
PS(K) = RHO(K)*RG(K)*TS(K)
PSQPO(K)=PS(K)/PSA
PSQPT(K)=PS(K)/PT(K)
TSQTT(K)=TS(K)/TT(K)

```

C CP MUST FOLLOW USE OF RG

```

CP(K)= (PS(K)-PSA)*QO
CALL GETIX
X12(K)= X2(J)
IF(SLCHN(J), EQ, CHANLS(LQ)) GO TO 530
LQ = LQ+1
J1(LQ)= J
K1(LQ)= K
CHANLS(LQ)=SLCHN(J)
IF(LQ, GT, 1) FLOWMX(LQ-1)=FLOW(K)
I = 0

```

```

525 I = I+1
IF(SLCHN(J), NE, ICHN(I), AND, I, LT, IC) GO TO 525

```

```

QPTO = 1./WPTO(I)
530 PTQPTO(K)=PT(K)*QPTO
K = K+1
M = M+1
IF(K, LE, NK) GO TO 520
J1(LQ+1)=J+1
K1(LQ+1)=K
FLOWMX(LQ)=FLOW(K-1)
LQS = 0

```

```

533 LQS = LQS+1
KB = K1(LQS)
KE = K1(LQS+1)-1

```

```

FLMX = 1./FLOWMX(LQS)
DO 535 K=KB,KE
535 PFLOW(K)=FLOW(K)*FLMX
IF(LQS,LY,LO) GO TO 533

```

```

XI1 = X1(L)
IF(PRPRN,EO,(-1)) GO TO 610
LINEA = 4
IF(IPRIM(L),NE,0) LINEA=8
CALL FHEAD(LINEA,NK)
WRITE (6,1600) XI1,ASTERP,CHANLS,BRANCH,
1 (XI2(K),PFLOW(K),Z(K),R(K),PHI(K),CURV(K),PSQPO(K),PSQPT(K),
2 TSQTT(K),CP(K),MACH(K),AQAREF(K),PTQPTO(K),K=1,NK)

```

```

1600 FORMAT (/25H STATION COORDINATE, XI1=:F7.3,A2,13H CHANNELS=
110(A6,2X),A5// 5X,13HX)2 STRM FNCT,6X,3NX;Z,8X,3HY,R,8X,3PHI,
16X,4HCURV,6X,21HRS/PO PS/PT TS/TT,6X,2HCP,6X,4HMACH,6X,
3 6H AREA,3X,6HPT/PTO / (2X,F6,3,F10,5,F12,5,F11,5,F9,3,F11,5,
4 F9,3,2F8,3,F10,3,F9,4,F11,3,F9,3,7X,).)

```

```

610 IF(IPRIM(L),EQ,0) GO TO 800

```

```

M = MA
DO 620 K=1,NK
COSPHI= COS(PHI1(M))
SINPHI= SIN(PHI1(M))
FVX(K)=VM(K)*COSPHI
FVY(K)=VM(K)*SINPHI
FPX(K)=(PS(K)-PSA)*COSPHI
FPY(K)=(PS(K)-PSA)*SINPHI

```

```

620 M = M+1

```

```

SVX(1)= 0.
SVY(1)= 0.
SPX(1)= 0.
SPY(1)= 0.
CALL LSPFIT(WSTA,FVX,NK, WSTA,SVX,NK, -1)
CALL LSPFIT(WSTA,FVY,NK, WSTA,SVY,NK, -1)
CALL LSPFIT(AREA,FPX,NK, AREA,SPX,NK, -1)
CALL LSPFIT(AREA,FPY,NK, AREA,SPY,NK, -1)
DO 630 K=1,NK

```

```

630 STX(K)= SVX(K)+SPX(K)
STY(K)= SVY(K)+SPY(K)

```

```

KA = 1

```

```

DO 640 LL=1,LO

```

```

J = J1(LL+1)-1

```

```

K = K1(LL+1)-1

```

```

IF(MU,NE,0) GO TO 635

```

```

STXU(J)=STX(K)+STX(KA)

```

```

STYU(J)=STY(K)+STY(KA)

```

```

635 IF(MD,NE,0) GO TO 640

```

```

STXD(J)=STX(K)-STX(KA)

```

```

STYD(J)=STY(K)-STY(KA)

```

```

640 KA = K

```

```

IF(PRPRN,EO,(-1)) GO TO 800

```

```

WRITE (6,1700) SVX(NK),SVY(NK),SPX(NK),SPY(NK),STX(NK),STY(NK)

```

```

LINES = LINES+4

```

```

1700 FORMAT(/6X25HSUM=VM*cos(PHI)*DFLOW =F10,2,36X,25HSUM=VM*SIN(PHI)
**DFLOW =F10,2,6X25HSUM=(P-PSO)*COS(PHI)*DA =F10,2,36X,25HSUM=(P
**PSO)*SIN(PHI)*DA =F10,2,6X25HTOT AXIAL MOMENTUM FLUX =F10,2,36X.

```

*25HTOTAL Y-MOMENTUM FLUX =F10;2,)

```
C   RELOCATE DATA INTO THE M-ARRAYS
800 CALL MOVE12, MACH, MACHM(MA), NK, 1, PS, PSM(MA), NK, 1)
    CALL MOVE12, PT, PTM(MA), NK, 1, TT, TTM(MA), NK, 1)

C   FILL IN STAGNATION POINT VALUES
    IF (MLB(L), EQ, MA) GO TO 820
    M      = MLB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    MACHM(M) = 0;
    PTM(M) = PTM(MU)
    PSM(M) = PSM(M)
    TTM(M) = TTM(MU)
    VMF(M) = 0;
820 IF (MUB(L), EQ, MB) GO TO 830
    M      = MUB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    MACHM(M) = 0;
    PTR(M) = PTM(MU)
    PSM(M) = PSM(M)
    TTM(M) = TTM(MU)
    VMF(M) = 0;

C   INDEX TO NEXT STATION
830 L      = L + LNEXT(L)
    IF (L, LT, LESTA) GO TO 500

    RETURN
    END
```

```
*DECK STCXX
OVERLAY(STC,3,0)
PROGRAM STCXX
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
GO TO(10,15,20),LENTY
10 CALL REFINE
GO TO 25
15 CALL SLC
CALL PTMOVE
CALL SPC
CALL FARFLD
GO TO 25
20 CALL ADJSL
25 RETURN
END
```


CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB, TABLES, LESTA, 5)

C FIELD TABLE DUMP

```
L = LO
LMAX = LESTA
180 OMITFK = TRUE.
LINES = 84
190 MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB, MA+2)
IF (LINES, EQ, (MB, MA+5)) WRITE (6, 1200)
WRITE (6, 1202)
DO 200 M=MA, MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6, 1201) J, M, MU, MD, I, STAG, S1(M), S2(M), Z(M), R(M), PHI1(M),
& CURV(M), VM(M), B(M), RHS(M), DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L, LE, LMAX) GO TO 190
L = LMAX
```

C ERASE2 DUMP

```
300 WRITE (6, 1004)
NIC = MINO(NIC, 128)
NK = MINO(NK, 96)
GO TO (900, 310, 330, 350, 360, 370, 390), I, GODMP
```

C FLOBAL

```
310 WRITE (6, 1000)
DO 315 I=1, NK
WRITE (6, 1001) (AREA(J), J=I, 672, 96)
315 CONTINUE
WRITE (6, 1002)
DO 320 I=1, NK
IP = 672+I
WRITE (6, 1001) (AREA(J), J=IP, 1536, 96)
320 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

```
330 WRITE (6, 1003)
DO 335 I=1, NIC
WRITE (6, 1019) (AREA(J), J=I, 768, 128)
335 CONTINUE
WRITE (6, 1005)
DO 340 I=1, NK
IP = 768+I
WRITE (6, 1006) (AREA(J), J=IP, 1344, 96)
340 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

```
350 WRITE (6, 1007) (AREA(I), I=1152, 1183)
WRITE (6, 1009)
DO 355 I=1, NIC
WRITE (6, 1010) (AREA(J), J=I, 1152, 128)
355 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

C SLC

```
360 WRITE (6, 1011) (AREA(I), I=1024, 1037)
WRITE (6, 1012)
DO 365 I=1, IB
365 WRITE (6, 1013) (AREA(J), J=I, 1024, 128)
```

```

GO TO 900

370 WRITE (6,1014)
DO 375 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=1,431,48)
375 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1015)
DO 380 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=432,863,48)
380 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

390 WRITE (6,1016)
DO 392 I=1,50
WRITE (6,1001) AREA(I),AREA(I+128),AREA(I+256),
& AREA(I+50),AREA(I+178),AREA(I+306),
& AREA(I+100),AREA(I+228),AREA(I+356)
392 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1017) (AREA(I),I=385,896)
WRITE (6,1018) (AREA(I),I=897,1308)
900 CONTINUE

IF ( IBLB(1),NE,0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY,IBLB,60,3)
IF ( LDE,EQ,0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(5HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE

LSTOP = 5
GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN

ENTRY EDUMP1
LMAX = L
IPLOT = .FALSE.
GO TO 130

1000 FORMAT (/2X,47H SUBROUTINES ADJWF, BRHS, FLOBAL, WRIBDY, WRIOU//
& 11X,4HAREA,8X,5HAREA0,9X,4HDISP,11X,2HPT,7X,6HLAMBDA,10X,
& 3HRHO,7X,6HSQRTVV)
1001 FORMAT (2X,9E13,5)
1002 FORMAT (/13X,2HTS,11X,2HTT,9X,4HVMSQ,7X,6HVVKQKP,10X,3HWQA,9X,
& 4HWSTA,11X,2HRG,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFR)
1003 FORMAT (/2X,17H SUBROUTINE PMOVE// 12X,3HX1L,11X,2HSC,10X,3HSCX,
& 11X,2HLC,8X,5HLQOPC,10X,3HKCL)
1004 FORMAT (1H1)
1005 FORMAT (/11X,4HPHI2,10X,3HDS1,11X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,2X,5HWEZPT,
& 9X,4HDS1C)
1006 FORMAT (2X,4E13,5,5X,L2,E13,5)
1007 FORMAT (/2X,17H SUBROUTINE REFINE//2X,3HIA=,16I7/2X,3HIB=,16I7)
1009 FORMAT (/13X,2HCR,9X,4HDELS,8X,5HDELVM,2X,4HLSTA,3X,3HMJ2,10X,
& 3HSGX,10X,3HSGY,10X,3HRAV,10X,3HZAV)
1010 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,2I6,4E13,5)
1011 FORMAT (/2X,14H SUBROUTINE SLC//2X,6HCURSB=,6E13,5/
& 2X,6HDV =,8E13,5)
1012 FORMAT (/13X,2HRB,11X,2HZB,10X,3HANG,8X,5HCURVB,10X,3HS1B,11X,
& 2HBI,2X,6HJ2DONS,3X,3HMSV)
1013 FORMAT (2X,6E13,5,2X,2I6)
1014 FORMAT (/2X,14H SUBROUTINE OLC//13X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,8X,5HWEZPT,
& 9X,4MPHI2,11X,2HC2,11X,2HSP,10X,3HSPP,10X,3HGSP,9X,4HGSRP)
1015 FORMAT (/13X,2HDS,10X,3HBET,10X,3HDS,9X,4HWSTA,9X,4HDISP,11X,

```



```

&      2HVT,11X,2HRT,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFGR)
1016 FORMAT (/2X,26H SUBROUTINES ADDPTB, PLOT R2//1X,4HANGB,11X,2HR3,
&      11X,2HZB)
1017 FORMAT (/2X,2HRR/(2X,10E13,5),)
1018 FORMAT (/2X,2HZZ/(2X,10E13,5),)
1019 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,3I13)
1130 FORMAT(//1X,3HCFB,3X,9H1-L,MA,MB,3X,25H4-PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON,
&      83X,44H9-NK,PLBC,RUBC,XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WR0ST,WCALC,
&      85X,32H17-QV(8),QVP(8) 33-JSUM,VMLB50)
1150 FORMAT(//1X,17HSTREAMLINE TABLE//17X32HU          X2          SLCHV
&      W/(118F12,6,6X1A6,F12,6,))
1200 FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H  J    M    MU    MD I    S1
&      S2          Z          R          PH11          CURV          V
&      8M          B          RHS          DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,I3,3I5,I2,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10.5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )
END

```

*DECK ADDFPT
SUBROUTINE ADDFPT(INS,NPTS,JSAV1)

*ADDFPT ADD FIELD POINTS

ADDFPT

C INPUT-
C INS = FIELD INDEX OF FIRST POINT TO BE RELOCATED, INDEX OF
C FIRST NEW POINT
C NPTS = NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE INSERTED
C JSAV1 = INDEX VALUE OF NEW SL ABOVE WHICH THE FIELD J-REFERENCES A
C TO BE INCREMENTED BY ONE, =999999 IF NO CHANGE IS TO BE MA

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
M = INS
NPT = NPTS
JSAV = JSAV1

C RELOCATE FIELD POINTS

NMOVE = M-1-NM
MTO = M+NPT
CALL MOVE(3,Z(M),Z(MTO),NMOVE,D,
1 R(M),R(MTO),NMOVE,D,
2 B(M),B(MTO),NMOVE,D)
CALL MOVE(3,S2(M),S2(MTO),NMOVE,D,
3 S1(M),S1(MTO),NMOVE,D,
4 VM(M),VM(MTO),NMOVE,D)
CALL MOVE(2,JMS(M),JMS(MTO),NMOVE,D,PHI1(M),PHI1(MTO),NMOVE,D)
NM = NM+NPT

C CORRECT THE JMS=CHAIN

MSAV = M
M = 1
130 CALL GETIX
IF(MU-MSAV) 140,135,135
135 MU = MU+NPT
140 IF(MD-MSAV) 150,145,145
145 MD = MD+NPT
150 IF(J-JSAV) 160,155,155
155 J = J+1
160 CALL SAVIX
M = M+1
IF(NM=M) 180,130,130

180 RETURN
END

•DECK ADJSL
 SUBROUTINE ADJSL
 •ADJSL= ADJUST STREAMLINES BY DS2

•ADJSL•

C INPUT=
 C Z,R = COORDINATES ALONG THE STREAMLINE
 C PHI1 = STREAMLINE ANGLES
 C DS2 = DESIRED POINT MOVEMENT IN THE NORMAL DIRECTION

C OUTPUT=
 C Z,R = ADJUSTED COORDINATES

COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK
 COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
 COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR, RDUM, NINNER(16), CNVF(16)
 COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT, MAJCTR, GREFIN, EDUM
 LOGICAL GREFIN
 COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
 COMMON /CR / R(300)
 COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
 COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
 & LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
 & MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
 & LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD

MCTR = MAX0(1, MAJCTR)
 CNF = CNVF(MCTR)

DO 110 M=1, NM
 R(M) = R(M) + DS2(M)*COS(PHI1(M))*CNF
 110 Z(M) = Z(M) + DS2(M)*SIN(PHI1(M))*CNF

RETURN
 END

```

*DECK ADPTSL
SUBROUTINE ADPTSL(M1,MU1,MD1,J1,NEWSL)
*ADPTSL      ADD A POINT ON THE NEW STREAMLINE
            LOGICAL      NEWSL

```

ADPTSL

```

C INPUT-
C M1      = FIELD INDEX OF THE NEW POINT
C MU1     = UPSTREAM=M FOR NEW POINT
C MD1     = DOWNSTREAM=M FOR NEW POINT
C J1      = INDEX OF SL OF THE NEW POINT
C NEWSL   = T IF A NEW SL, =F OTHERWISE

C ACTION=
C IF(NEWSL=T) RELOCATE FOR NEW STREAMLINE IN SL-TABLES
C RELOCATE FOR NEW POINT IN FIELD TABLES AND CORRECT POINTERS IN JMS

```

```

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
*              LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MQ, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
*              LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG

```

```

C ADJUST STREAMLINE TABLE
  JSAV = 999999
  IF(.NOT.,NEWSL) GO TO 100
  J     = J1
  NMOVE = J-NJ+1
  CALL MOVE(J,W(J),W(J+1),NMOVE,D,
1      X2(J),X2(J+1),NMOVE,D,
2      SLCHN(J),SLCHN(J+1),NMOVE,0)
  NJ    = NJ+1
  JSAV  = J

```

```

C RELOCATE FIELD POINTS AND CORRECT JMS-CHAIN
100 CALL ADDEPT(M1,1,JSAV)

```

```

C INSERT POINTERS IN THE JMS-TABLE
  M     = M1
  MU    = MU1
  MD    = MD1
  J     = J1
  ISTAG = 0
  CALL SAVIX

```

```

C CORRECT UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM POINTER
  M     = MU
  IF(M) 120,900,120
120 CALL GETIX
  MD    = M1
  CALL SAVIX
900 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK BDYPTM
SUBROUTINE BDYPTM(NAME,INTVL, ZD, RD, FD, S1DD, DS1, DSIGMA)
*BDYPTM          BOUNDARY POINT MOVEMENT          *BDYPTM

```

```

C INPUT-
C BDT = BOUNDARY TABLE
C NAME = BOUNDARY NAME
C INTVL = INDEX OF INTERVAL OF THE INPUT POINT IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE
C FD = FRACTION POSITION OF THE INPUT POINT IN THE INTERVAL
C S1DD = ARC DISTANCE FROM THE BEGINING OF THE INPUT INTERVAL
C DS1 = REQ'D MOVEMENT IN THE CLOCKWISE DIRECTION FROM THE INPUT P

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C INTVL = INDEX OF INTERVAL OF THE OUTPUT POINT
C ZD, RD = COORDINATES OF THE CALCULATED OUTRUT POINT
C ANGD = ANGLE OF OUTPUT POINT
C CURVD = CURVATURE OF OUTPUT POINT
C FD = FRACTION POSITION IN THE OUTPUT INTERVAL
C S1DD = ARC DISTANCE FROM THE BEGINING OF THE OUTRUT INTERVAL
C DSIGMA = *GET* MINUS *ASK* POINT MOVEMENT DISTANCE

```

```

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBDO, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L, E, POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

```

```

C BDNNAME, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

```

```

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1);
1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1);
2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNNAME
DIMENSION BDNNAME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNNAME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

```

```

C COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR, DZ, YPA, YPB, F, G, DX, YQDX, ZM, RM, ANGM, CURVM, S14;
1 RZONLY, ANGCHD, SINTVL, YPASQ, YPAB, YPBSQ

```

```

LOGICAL RZONLY
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDO, LDE, LDUM(4),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD

```

```

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANGD, CURVD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK

```

```

COMMON /CFB / L, DUMCFB(33)
COMMON /CLFIT1/ LFOUT
LOGICAL LFOUT
COMMON /CPRINT/ RPDUM(6), PDUM(6)
COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB, BLB)
COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
LOGICAL RESTBL
COMMON /CPI / PI, DUMPI(5)
COMMON /CIDEX / M, DUMX(3), ISTAG

```

```

DIMENSION      BNAME(1),LBNXT(1),NSEP(2),SWREF(1),
*              SIGN(1),SW(1),DSTAR(1),DDSTAR(1)
INTEGER        BNAME
EQUIVALENCE   (BNAME,BDT),(LBNXT,LBNEXT),(NSEP,LBZ1),
*              (SWREF,UP),(SIGN,LEDEX),(SW,ZBT),(DSTAR,RBT),
*              (DDSTAR,ANGBT)

```

```

LOGICAL LOWER
DIMENSION NAMEUB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (NAMEUB,ANGBT(4))
DIMENSION SWT(100),DSTART(100),DDSTRT(100)

```

```

F      = FD
SID    = SIDD
IF(F,EQ,0, .OR, F,EQ,1, ) F=BITS
DSIGMA= 0,

```

```

C SEARCH FOR MATCHING BOUNDARY NAME

```

```

LB     = LBP(NAME)
IF(LB,EQ,0) CALL ERROR1

```

```

C I      = INDEX OF POINT WHICH BEGINS THE INTERVAL

```

```

C SFI    = DISTANCE FROM POINT (I)

```

```

C SFIP1  = DISTANCE FROM POINT (I+1)

```

```

MINI    = LB+LBZ1(LB)

```

```

I       = MINI+3*(INTVL-1)

```

```

MAXI    = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12

```

```

75 CALL BARC(I)

```

```

C IF I IS THE FIRST OF A DOUBLE POINT, BACK UP TO PREV INTERVAL

```

```

IF(SINTVL,NE,0, ) GO TO 80

```

```

I      = I-3

```

```

FD     = 1,

```

```

IF(I,LT,MINI) CALL ERROR1

```

```

GO TO 75

```

```

80 IF(FD,EQ,1, .OR, SID,GT,SINTVL) SID=SINTVL

```

```

SFI    = DS1+SID

```

```

SFIP1  = SFI-SINTVL

```

```

C IS THE NEW POINT WITHIN THIS INTERVAL

```

```

100 IF(SFI) 120,114,114

```

```

114 IF(SFIP1) 160,160,140

```

```

C (MOVE COUNTERCLOCKWISE)

```

```

120 IF(I,GT,MINI) GO TO 125

```

```

DSIGMA=-SFI

```

```

SFI    = 0,

```

```

GO TO 230

```

```

125 I      = I+3

```

```

F      = BITS

```

```

SFIP1  = SFI

```

```

CALL BARC(I)

```

```

SFI    = SFIP1+SINTVL

```

```

GO TO 100

```

```

C (MOVE CLOCKWISE)

```

```

140 IF(I,LT,MAXI) GO TO 145

```

```

DSIGMA=-SFIP1

```

```

SFI    = SINTVL

```

```

GO TO 230

```

```

145 I      = I+3

```

```

F      = BITS

```

```

SFIP1  = SFIP1

```

```

CALL BARC(I)
SFIP1 = SFI*SINTVL
GO TO 100

```

C CALCULATE COORDINATES OF THE NEW POINT (PROPER INTERVAL FOUND)

```

160 IF(F, EQ, BITS) GO TO 230
    IF(DS1) 210, 220, 220
210 F = F*SFI/S1D
    GO TO 250
220 F = ((SFI-S1D)+(SINTVL*SFI)*F)/(SINTVL-S1D)
    GO TO 250

```

C (NEW INTERVAL)

```

230 F = SFI/SINTVL

250 G = 1.*F
    RZONLY = ;FALSE,
    CALL BFI
    ZD = ZBT(I)*ZM
    RD = RBT(I)*RM
    ANG D = ANGCHD*ANGM
    CURVD = CURVM
    S1DD = S1M

    FD = F
    INTVL = (I - (LB+LBZ1(LB)))/3 + 1

```

C***** BOUNDARY LAYER ADJUSTMENT *****

```

IF( LDE, NE, 0 , AND, RDUM(15), NE, 0, ) WRITE (6, 288) NAME, ZD, RD,
*                                     ANG D, CURVD, S1DD

```

```

IF( LDE, EQ, 0 ) GO TO 300
CALL GETIX
IF( ISTAG, EQ, 1 ) GO TO 300
LOWER = ;TRUE,
IF( NAMEUB(L), EQ, NAME ) LOWER = ;FALSE,
LBL = LBDYBL(NAME, LOWER)
IF( LBL, EQ, 0 ) GO TO 300
NAMBL = IBLB(LBL)
LFOUT = ;TRUE,

```

C SEARCH FOR NAMBL IN BL TABLE

```

LD = LD0
270 IF( LD, GT, LDE ) GO TO 300
    IF( BNAME(LD), EQ, NAMBL ) GO TO 280
    LD = LBLNXT(LD)
    GO TO 270
280 NVAL = (LBLNXT(LD)+LD-6)/3
    LD1 = LD
    DO 281 I=1, NVAL
    SWT(I) = SW(LD1)
    DSTART(I) = DSTAR(LD1)
    DDSTRT(I) = DDSTAR(LD1)
281 LD1 = LD1+3

```

C EVALUATE SWI FOR INTERPOLATION

```

SWI = SIGN(LD)*(BARCS(NAME, 1, INTVL)*S1DD-SWREF(LD))
IF( NSEP(LD), EQ, 0 ) GO TO 285
LDD = NSEP(LD)
SWSEP = SW(LDD)

```

```

      IF(PDUM(17),EQ,0) WRITE(6,1001) NAMBL,SWSEP
1001 FORMAT(/6X,21H* * W A R N I N G * *,6X,
* 26HSEPARATED BL , BOUNDARY=,1X,A6,3X, 3HSHW=,F14,6//)

285 CALL LFIY1(SWT,DSTART,NVAL,SWI,DSTRC,1)
      CALL LFIY1(SWT,OBSTRT,NVAL,SWI,ANGC,1)
      ANGD = ANGD+SIGN(LD)*ANGC
      CANG = 0.
      IF( .NOT. LOWER ) CANG=PI
      ZD = ZD+SIGN(LD)*DSTRC*SIN(ANGD-CANG)
      RD = RD+SIGN(LD)*DSTRC*COS(ANGD-CANG)
      IF( PDUM(19),EQ,0, ) GO TO 300
      WRITE (6,289) NAME,NAMBL,ZD,RD,ANGD,CURVD,S,DD,SWI,DSTRC,ANGC
288 FORMAT(/5X,A6,2X,5E16,8)
289 FORMAT(/5X,A6,2X,A6,2X,5E16,8/21X,3E16,8)

300 LFOUT = .FALSE.,
      RETURN
      BND

```



```

*DECK BF3
SUBROUTINE BF3(X,Y,ANG,CURV, IA,IB)
*BF3          CENTRAL 3-POINT CURVATURE          *BF3*
  DIMENSION  X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10)
  COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
  DIMENSION  ANGX(3),CURX(3)
  NBCB(1)=0
  NBCB(2)=0
  IBM2 = IB-2
  ANGX(1)=0,
  IF( IBM2,LY,IA ) RETURN
  DO 110 I=1A,IBM2
  CALL BFAC(X(I),Y(I),ANGX,CURX,3)
  ANG(I+1)=ANGX(2)
110 CURV(I+1)=CURX(2)
  RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK BFAC
SUBROUTINE BFAC(X,Y,ANG,CURV,NK)
*BFAC BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE *BFAC
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10)

C INPUT-
C X,Y = COORDINATES
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C NK = LENGTH OF X,Y,ANG,CURV=LISTS

C OUTPUT-
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C CURV = CURVATURE

COMMON /CBEAM/ MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /ERASE/ A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

CALL BEAM(X,Y,ANG,NK)
IF (KORDER.NE.0) RETURN

I = 1
C KA = 1
KB = (NK=1)*KD+1
K = 1
C (K=KA,KB=1)
60 CURV(K) = (4.*B(I)+2.*YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
80 I = I+8
K = K+KD
IF (K=KB) 60,90,90

C (K=KB)
90 CURV(K) = (-2.*B(I-8)+4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8)))
1 8))

RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK BFACS
SUBROUTINE BFACS(X,Y,ANG,CURV,S,KA,KB)
*BFACS=      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE,      *BFACS*
C
C          AND S
C          DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10),S(10)

C INPUT-
C X,Y      = COORDINATES
C ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C ANG(1)   = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C KA,KB    = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C KD      = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,B, AND S

C OUTPUT-
C ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C CURV     = CURVATURE
C S        = ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)

COMMON /CBEAM/ MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

NK      = KB

CALL BFAS(X,Y,ANG,S,KA,KB)
IF (KORDER,NE,0) RETURN

I      = 1
K      = KA
C      (K=KA,KB-1)
60 CURV(K) = (4.*B(I)+2.*YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
80 I      = I+8
K      = K+KD
IF (K=NK) 60,90,90

C      (K=KB)
90 CURV(K) = (-2.*B(I-8)+4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8)))
1
RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK BFAS
SUBROUTINE BRAS(X,Y,ANG,S,KA,KB)
*BFAS- BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE AND S
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),S(10)

C INPUT-
C X,Y = COORDINATES
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C ANG(1) = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C KA,KB = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C KD = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S
C KORDER= 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C = 1 IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION
C = -1 IF POINT ORDER CHECK IS TO BE SKIPPED

C OUTPUT-
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C S = ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)
C KORDER= INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS (#1 ON ENTRY);

COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

NK = KB

CALL BEAM(X(KA),Y(KA),ANG(KA),(KB-KA+KD)/KD)
IF(KORDER,NE,0) GO TO 800

C (K=KA)
SK = S(KA)

C (K=KA+1,KB)
I = 9
K = KA+KD
70 SK = SK + CHD(I-8)*(1.+(B(I-8)*B(I-8)-5*B(I-8)*YPB(I-8)+
1 YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))/15.)
S(K) = SK
IF(K=NB) 80,900,900
80 I = I+8
K = K+KD
GO TO 70

C OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 KORDER= KA+KORDER-KD

900 RETURN
END

```

```
*DECK FARFLD
SUBROUTINE FARFLD
CFARFLD      COMPUTATION OF VELOCITY ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY      *FARFLD*
```

```
C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL     = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL     = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBD0,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF,MAXFF,ZFF(64),RFF(64),
*              ZDN(25),DRDN(25),UDN(25),ZIJ(25,25)
COMMON /CIDEX  / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CPHI1  / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDDUM(16),PRFF,PRFFD,PRFFI,PDDUM(7)
COMMON /ERASE  / EDUM(711),PHIFF(64),RDN(25)
COMMON /CISBOT/ DUMIS(30),ADUM(6)
EQUIVALENCE (R1,RFFREF),(R25,ADUM(2))
EQUIVALENCE (Z1,ZDN1),(Z25,ZDN25)

C  INPUT***
C  FIELD TABLES R,Z
C  VALUES OF M ON OUTER STREAMLINE
C  Z MATRIX FROM DN SOLUTION OF FAR FIELD
C  OUTPUT***
C  TABLE OF UDN VS ZDN
C  PRFFI=0 USE LFIT1(NORMAL)      PRFFI=1 USE LSPFIT -----FROM PHI1
C
C  GET R,Z VALUES FROM FIELD TABLES (OUTER STREAMLINE)
C
      L      = LO
1  M      = MBEGIN(NJ)
      CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
      DATA KFAR/6HFARFLD/
      IF ( TYPEUB(L),NE,KFAR ) RETURN
      NF      = 0
2  NF      = NF+1
      RFF(NF)= R(M)
      ZFF(NF)= Z(M)
      PHIFF(NF)= PHI1(M)
      CALL GETIX
      M      = MD
      IF ( M,NE,0 ) GO TO 2
      NFF     = NF

C  PARABOLIC FIT AT END POINTS OF FARFIELD BOUNDARY
```

```

RA      = RFF(1)
ZA      = ZFF(1)
ZASQ   = 1./((Z1-ZA)**2)
A1      = R1+(RA-R1)*Z1**2*ZASQ
C1      = (RA-R1)*ZASQ
B1      = -2.*C1*Z1
RB      = RFF(NFF)
ZB      = ZFF(NFF)
ZASQ   = 1./((Z25-ZB)**2)
A25    = R25+(RB-R25)*Z25**2*ZASQ
C25    = (RB-R25)*ZASQ
B25    = -2.*C25*Z25
C LOCATE ENDPOINT INDICES
DO 200 K=1,25
  IF( ZDN(K);GE,ZA ) GO TO 201
200 CONTINUE
201 LU   = K-1
  DO 210 K=1,25
  IF( ZDN(K);GT,ZB ) GO TO 211
210 CONTINUE
211 LD   = K
C INTERPOLATE POINTS IN STC SOLUTION TABLES
  NUM   = LD-LU+1
  IF( PRFF;NE,0. ) CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,RFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),RDN(LU+1),
  * NUM,0)
C
C INTERPOLATE CO-ORDINATE DERIVATIVES ON FAR-FIELD BOUNDARY
C
  IF( PRFFI;NE,0. ) GO TO 4
  CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),DRDN(LU+1),NUM)
  GO TO 555
  4 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),DRDN(LU+1),NUM,0)
C FILL END POINTS OF ZDN,DRDN TABLES
555 DO 556 K=1,LU
  RDN(K) = A1+B1*ZDN(K)+C1*ZDN(K)**2
556 DRDN(K) = B1+2.*C1*ZDN(K)
  DO 557 K=LD,25
  RDN(K) = A25+B25*ZDN(K)+C25*ZDN(K)**2
557 DRDN(K) = B25+2.*C25*ZDN(K)
C ADJUST DERIVATIVE AT ZDN POINTS CLOSEST TO
C UPSTREAM / DOWNSTREAM STC POINTS
  DZDN  = ZDN(2)-ZDN(1)
  DZA1  = ZA-ZDN(LU)
  DZA2  = ZDN(LU+1)-ZA
  LUC   = LU
  IF( DZA2;GT,DZA1 ) GO TO 558
  LUC   = LU+1
558 AA  = (ZA-ZDN(LUC))/DZDN
  SP    = B1+2.*C1*ZDN(LUC)
  IF( PRFFI;NE,0. ) GO TO 560
  CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1)
  GO TO 561
560 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1*0)
561 ASSIGN 562 TO LGO
5622 DRDN(LUC) = SP*(.5+AA)+SB*(.5-AA)
  GO TO LGO , (562,5)
562 DZA1 = ZB-ZDN(LD)
  DZA2 = ZDN(LD-1)-ZB
  LUC   = LD

```

```

IF( ABS(DZA2) .GT. ABS(DZA1) ) GO TO 565
LUC = LD-1
563 AA = (ZDN(LUC)-ZB)/DZDN
SP = B25+2.*C25*ZDN(LUC)
IF( PRFFI,NE,0. ) GO TO 565
CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PMIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1)
GO TO 566
565 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,RHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1&0)
566 ASSIGN 5 TO LGO
GO TO 5622

```

C
C
C

CALCULATE VELOCITIES ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY

```

5 DO 10 I=1,25
  SUM = 0.
  DO 9 J=1,25
  9 SUM = SUM+ZIJ(I,J)+DRDN(J)
10 UDN(I) = (1.+SUM)*UINF
  IF( PRFF,EO,0. ) GO TO 20
  WRITE (6,14)
  WRITE (6,15) (I,ZDN(I),RDN(I),DRDN(I),UDN(I),I=1,25)
14 FORMAT(/,3X,1H1,10X,3HZDN,13X,3HRDN,13X,4HDRDN,12X,3HUDN/)
15 FORMAT(2X,12,F17,6,E16,6,1PE17,6,OPF15,6)
C
20 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK INSTA
SUBROUTINE INSTA(LNEW,LBASE,L3,DOWNB,MA,MB)
*INSTA=          INSERT A STATION
                                DOWNB
                                *INSTA=
LOGICAL

```

```

C INPUT-
C LNEW = LOCATION IN STATION-TABLE OF NEW STATION
C LBASE = LOCATION OF BASE STATION
C L3 = LOCATION OF DOWNSTREAM (OR UPSTREAM) STATION
C DOWNB = Y IF L3 IS AN UPSTREAM STA, OTHERWISE = F
C MA,MB = NEW STATION FILED POINT INDEX LIMITS
C Z,R,PHI1 FIELD VALUES

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C LNEW = STATION FOLLOWING NEW STATION

```

```

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (RTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

```

```

C COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, TTC,AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,ITE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G,DX,YQDX,ZM,RH,ANGM,CURVM,S14,
1 RZONLY,ANGCHD,SINTVL,YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSU
LOGICAL RZONLY

```

```

C INDEX= M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANGD,CURVD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM

```



```

COMMON /CPI / RI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM1(3),PREFIN
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /ERASE / ASL(800)
COMMON /CFB / LN,DUMCFB(33)

```

```

INTEGER          BUDNAM,FARFLD,FREE,FIELD,PRES,SOLID
LOGICAL          UPU,UPD

```

```

DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FIELD/5HFIELD/, FREE/4HFREE/, PRES/4HPRES/,
SOLID/5HSOLID/

```

```

C*** RELOCATE TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE NEW STATION
C INITIALIZE NEW-STATION VALUE TO THE BASE-STATION VALUES
C CORRECT THE STA-TABLE INDICIES= L-END, L-BASE, L-THREE, L-UPSTREAM
LN = LNEW
NMOVE = LN-1 - LESTA
LB = LBASE
CALL MOVE(2, X1(LN),X1(LN+20),NMOVE,D, X1(LB),X1(LN),20,1)
LESTA = LESTA+20
LT = L3+20
LU = LB
IF(.NOT.DOWNB) GO TO 60
LB = LB+20
LT = L3
LU = L3

C UPDATE THE POINTERS TO THE FIELD-TABLE
60 NPTS = MB+MA+1
LNEXT(LN)=20
CALL STTOF1(LN,NPTS)

C*** DEFINE STATION-TABLE VALUES FOR THE NEW STATION
X1(LN) = .5*(X1(LB)+X1(LT))
MLB(LN)=MA
MUB(LN)=MB
PRIM(LN)=.FALSE,
X2CL(LN)=BITS

C** LOWER BOUNDARY STATION-TABLE VALUES
M = MA
CALL GETIX
MX = MU
IF(DOWNB) MX=MD
LX = LU
CALL STANO(MX,LX,UPPER)
IF(MX-MLB(LX)) 210,220,250
210 CALL ERROR1

C LOWER BOUNDARIES OF NEW AND BASE STATIONS ARE ON THE SAME SL
220 IF(TYPELB(LB),EQ,FIELD) GO TO 250
IF(TYPELB(LB),EQ,FARFLD) GO TO 260

C FREE BOUNDARY
IF(TYPELB(LB),NE,FREE ,AND, TYPELB(LT),NE,FREE) GO TO 224
TYPELB(LN)=FREE
GO TO 260

C PRESSURE BOUNDARY
224 IF(TYPELB(LB),NE,PRES ,AND, TYPELB(LT),NE,PRES) GO TO 230
TYPELB(LN)=PRES

```

GO TO 260

```
C SOLID BOUNDARY
230 TYPELB(LN)=SOLID
    BDYNAM= NAMELB(LX)
    NAMELB(LN)=BDYNAM
    ILB(LN)=ILB(LX)
    FLB(LN)=FLB(LX)
    S1LB(LN)=S1LB(LX)
    LD = LU
    CALL STANO(MU,LU,UPU)
    CALL STANO(MD,LD,UPD)
    DS1 = .5*(BARCS(BDYNAM,ILB(LU),ILB(LD)) + S1LB(LD)-S1LB(LU))
    IF(UPU,OR,UPD) CALL ERROR1
    IF(DOWNB) DS1=-DS1
    CALL BDYPTM(BDYNAM,ILB(LN),Z(M),R(M),FLB(LN),S1LB(LN),DS1,GMA)
    IF(GMA,NE,0,) CALL ERROR1
    PHI1(M)=ANGD
    B(M) = .5*(B(MU)+B(MD))
    VM(M) = .5*(VM(MU)+VM(MD))
    IF(VM(M),EQ,0,) VM(M)=VM(MU+1)
    GO TO 300

C INFIELD BOUNDARY
250 TYPELB(LN)=FIELD
    I STAG = 3
    CALL SAVIX
    NAMELB(LN)=IBLANK
260 ILB(LN)=0
    FLB(LN)=BITS
    S1LB(LN)=BITS

C** UPPER BOUNDARY STATION-TABLE VALUES
300 M = MB
    CALL GETIX
    MX = MU
    IF(DOWNB) MX=MD
    CALL STANO(MX,LX,UPPER)
    IF(MUB(LX)=MX) 310,320,350
310 CALL ERROR1

C UPPER BOUNDARIES OF NEW AND BASE STATIONS ARE ON THE SAME SL
320 IF(TYPEUB(LB),EQ,FIELD) GO TO 350
    IF(TYPEUB(LB),EQ,FARFLD) GO TO 360

C FREE BOUNDARY
    LD = LU
    CALL STANO(MU,LU,UPU)
    CALL STANO(MD,LD,UPD)
    IF (TYPEUB(LB),NE,FREE ,AND, TYPEUB(LD),NE,FREE) GO TO 324
    TYPEUB(LN)=FREE
    GO TO 360

C PRESSURE BOUNDARY
324 IF (TYPEUB(LB),NE,PRES ,AND, TYPEUB(LD),NE,PRES) GO TO 330
    TYPEUB(LN)=PRES
    GO TO 360

C SOLID BOUNDARY
330 TYPEUB(LN)=SOLID
    BDYNAM= NAMEUB(LX)
```

```

NAMEUB(LN)=BDYNAM
IUB(LN)=IUB(LX)
FUB(LN)=FUB(LX)
SIUB(LN)=SIUB(LX)
LD = LU
CALL STANO(MU,LU,UPU)
CALL STANO(MD,LD,UPD)
IF(.NOT,UPU .OR. .NOT,UPD) CALL ERROR1
DS1 = .5*(BARGS(BDYNAM,IUB(LD),IUB(LU)) + SIUB(LU)-SIUB(LD))
IF(.NOT,DOWNB) DS1=-DS1
CALL BDYPTM(BDYNAM,IUB(LN),Z(M),R(M),FUB(LN),SIUB(LN),DS1,GMA)
IF(GMA,NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
PHI1(M)= ANGDP-P1
B(M) = .5*(B(MU)+B(MD))
VM(M) = .5*(VM(MU)+VM(MD))
IF(VM(M);EQ,0.) VM(M)=VM(MU-1)
GO TO 400

```

```

C INFIELD BOUNDARY
350 TYPEUB(LN)=FIELD
ISTAG = 3
CALL SAVIX
NAMEUB(LN)=IBLANK
360 IUB(LN)=0
FUB(LN)=BITS
SIUB(LN)=BITS

```

```

C DEFINE THE FIELD POINTS BY CUBIC POLYNOMIAL INTERPOLATION ON SLIPS

```

```

400 M = MA
RZONLY= .TRUE.
IF(TYPEUB(LN),EQ,SOLID) GO TO 420
410 CALL GETIX
DZ = Z(MD)-Z(MU)
DR = R(MD)-R(MU)
F = .5
G = .5
ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHI1(MU))
YPA = PHI1(MU)-ANGCHD
YPB = PHI1(MD)-ANGCHD
MSV = M
MUSV = MU
MDSV = MD
M = MD
CALL GETIX
ISTAGD= ISTAG
MD = M
M = MSV
MU = MUSV
IF(ISTAGD,EQ,1) YPB=-YPA
RZONLY= .FALSE.
CALL BFI
Z(M) = Z(MU)+ZM
R(M) = R(MU)+RM
PHI1(M)=ANGCHD+ANGM
VM(M) = F*VM(MD)+G*VM(MU)
B(M) = F*B(MD)+G*B(MU)
C CHECK FOR POINTS ON A SLIP LINE
IF(M,EQ,MA .OR. W(J),NE,0.) GO TO 420
Z(M) = .5*(Z(M-1)+Z(M))
M = M-1
CALL GETIX

```

```

M      = MSV
DZ     = .25*(Z(MUSV)-Z(MU)+Z(MDSV)-Z(MD))
DR     = .25*(R(MUSV)-R(MU)+R(MDSV)-R(MD))
Z(M-1) = Z(M)-DZ
R(M-1) = R(M)-DR
Z(M)   = Z(M)+DZ
R(M)   = R(M)+DR
420 M   = M+1
      IF(M-MB) 410,425,500
425 IF(TYPEUB(LN),NE,SOLID) GO TO 410

C CHECK FOR OUT-OF-ORDER POINTS
500 NORDER = 0
502 NORDER = NORDER+1
      IF(NORDER,GE,20) CALL ERROR1
      MX1   = 0
      MAP1  = MA+1
      MSV   = MA
      S2(MA) = 0,
      DO 520 M=MAP1,MB
      DR    = R(M)-R(M-1)
      DZ    = Z(M)-Z(M-1)
      S2(M) = S2(M-1)+SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(W(J),EQ,0,) GO TO 518
      ANG2  = ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHI1(M-1))
      ADANG = ABS(DANG-PIQ2)
      IF(MX1,NE,0) GO TO 515
      IF(ADANG,GE,PIQ2) MX1=MSV
      MSV   = M-1
515 IF(ADANG,GE,PIQ2) MX2=M
      GO TO 520
518 IF((M-1),EQ,MX2) MX2=M
520 CONTINUE

C DEFINE THE FIELD PT LOCATIONS BY UPSTREAM AREA DISTRIBUTIONS
      IF(MX1,EQ,0) GO TO 999
      MX1   = MAX0(MX1-NORDER,MA)
      MX2   = MIN0(MX2+NORDER,MB)
      WRITE (6,1550) MX1,MX2
1550 FORMAT(14H INSTA=MX1,MX2,2I6)
      MX1   = MAX0(MX1-1,MA)
      MX2   = MIN0(MX2+1,MB)

C ADD UP UPSTREAM AREAS
      M     = MX1
      CALL GETIX
      K     = 1
      ASL(1) = 0,
562 MUM1   = MU
      M     = M+1
      K     = K+1
      CALL GETIX
      AREA  = SQRT((R(MU)-R(MUM1))+(R(MU)-R(MUM1))) *
1          (Z(MU)-Z(MUM1))+(Z(MU)-Z(MUM1)))
      IF(AXIA) AREA=(R(MU)+R(MUM1))*AREA
      ASL(K) = ASL(K-1)+AREA
      IF(M,LT,MX2) GO TO 562
      ASLNK = ASL(K)

C INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
      DZBA  = Z(MX2)-Z(MX1)
      DRBA  = R(MX2)-R(MX1)

```

```

DRSQBA = DRBA*(R(MX2)+R(MX1))
RMASQ = R(MX1)*R(MX1)
DVMBA = VM(MX2)-VM(MX1)
M      = MX1+1
K      = 2
564 F   = ASL(K)/ASLNK
Z(M)   = Z(MX1)+F*UZBA
R(M)   = R(MX1)+F*DRBA
IF(AX1A) R(M)=SQRT(RMASQ+F*DRSQBA)
VM(M)  = VM(MX1)+F*DVMBA
M      = M+1
K      = K+1
IF(M,LT, MX2) GO TO 564
GO TO 502

999 LNEW = LN+20
RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK PTMOVE
SUBROUTINE PTMOVE
*PTMOVE POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES 'PTMOVE'

C POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES TO OBTAIN AN ORTHOGONAL GRID

C INPUT-
C R,Z = COORDINATES
C PHI1 = ANGLE OF THE STREAMLINES
C S1 = DISTANCES ALONG THE STREAMLINES
C DS1DMP= STREAMWISE DAMPING FACTOR (NORM=0,)
C DS1DP1= ADDITIONAL FACTOR ON DS1DMP FOR 1ST INNER ITR (NORM=.5)
C ICUB = NBR REFINPTS TO USE SLC-ANGLES,CURV AT BDY PTS (NORM=0)

C OUTPUT-
C S2 = DISTANCES ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS
C R,Z = ADJUSTED COORDINATES
C PHI1 = STREAMLINE ANGLES (ADJUSTED POINTS)
C S1 = DISTANCES ALONG THE STREAMLINES (ADJUSTED)

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLR(1),MUB(1),PRM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGLE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGLE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANGD,CURVD
COMMON /CREAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G,DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
& RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL,YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
LOGICAL RZONLY
COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CRITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,LX,IK,IKDIR,IKA,IKB,
& NK,K,ADS1,XCHOKE,ADS1LB,ADS1UB,GMALB,GMAUB,
& NIC,DFB(17)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN,GREFIN,TL
COMMON /CPI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ CPDUM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ DTOLRL(6),DS1DMP,DS1DP1
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

```

```

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ X1L(128),SC(128),SCX(128),LC(128),LOOPC(128),
& KCL(128),
& PHI2(96),DS1(96),ZK(96),RK(96),WEZPT(96),DS1C(96)
DIMENSION PHI1K(96)
EQUIVALENCE (PHI1K,DS1C)
INTEGER WEZPT
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
& LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
& MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
& LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /TROUBLE/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

INTEGER FIELD,SOLID,TE

```

```

DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/, NOMCL/6HNO MCL/, SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/
DATA LE/2HLE/

```

```

IGDMP= 3

```

```

C DS1 RELAXATION FACTOR

```

```

RDS1 = 1./DS1DMP
IF(INRCTR.EQ.0) RDS1=RDS1*(1./DS1DP1)

```

```

C USE PARABOLIC END CONDITIONS ON THE ORTHOGONAL SPLINE FIT

```

```

NBCB(1)=0
NBCB(2)=0
FB(1) = 0.
FB(2) = 0.

```

```

C BUILD ARRAYS OF ARC DISTANCE ALONG CONTROL STREAMLINE

```

```

L = LO
LAST = 0

```

```

C FIRST POINT ON CONTROL STREAMLINE

```

```

210 IF(L.GE.LESTA) GO TO 900
IC = 1
LC(1) = L
SC(1) = BITS
XCNTL= X2CL(L)

```

```

220 X1L(IC)=X1(L)
IF(SC(1).NE.BITS) GO TO 240
MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
DO 230 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
IF(X2(J)=XCNTL) 230,232,230

```

```

230 CONTINUE
IF(IC.EQ.1) GO TO 245
GO TO 243

```

```

232 IF(IC.EQ.1) GO TO 240

```

```

C (THE UPSTREAM OL OF THE REGION IS AT A T.E, AND DOES NOT INCLUDE
C THE CONTROL STREAMLINE)

```

```

L1 = LC(1)
MCL(L1)=MU
SC(1) = S1(MU)

```

```

240 SC(IC)= S1(M)

```

```

LC(IC)= L
LOOPC(IC)=2
MCL(L)= M
KCL(IC)=MCMLEB(L)+1
C   IS CONTROL SL INCLUDED IN THE STATION STREAMLINES
    IF(M,LT,MLB(L)) CALL ERROR1
    IF(M,LE,MUB(L)) GO TO 244
C   CONTROL SL DOES NOT CROSS THIS OL, CHECK FOR FIELD BOUNDARIES
243  IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD .AND. TYPEUB(L).NE.FIELD) CALL ERROR1
      MCL(L)= NOMCL
      GO TO 245
244  M      = MD
      CALL GETIX

C   INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
245  IF(PRIM(L).EQ.1 .AND. IC.NE.1) GO TO 250
      L      = L+LVEXT(L)
      IC     = IC+1
      GO TO 220

C   LAST POINT ALONG CONTROL STREAMLINE
250  NIC     = IC
      LOOPC(1)=1
      LOOPC(IC)=1

C   AVERAGE SPACING BETWEEN OL-S
      OLDIST= (SC(IC)-SC(1))/FLOAT(NIC-1)

C   CARRY OUT ORTHOGONALIZATION FOR (1)-PRIMARY AND (2)-ALL OTHER OL'S
      LOOP  = 1
      GO TO 300

C   REDEFINE PRIMARY SC'S
260  L      = LC(1)
      M      = MCL(L)
      SC(1) = S1(M)
      L      = LC(NIC)
      M      = MCL(L)
      SC(NIC)=S1(M)

C   LOOP THROUGH STATIONS TO DETERMINE SCX(IC) (LOOP=2 ONLY)
C   SCX  = DESIRED POINT MOVEMENT ON THE CONTROL STREAMLINE
      IF(NIC.EQ.2) GO TO 500
      IC   = 1
265  IC   = IC+1
      L    = LC(IC)
C   PARTIAL OL WITH NO MCL, USE MIDDLE SL TO EVAL. SC(IC)
      IF(MCL(L).NE.NOMCL) GO TO 276
      MSV  = (MLB(L)+MUB(L))/2
      KCL(IC)=MSV-MLB(L)+1
C   SEARCH UPSTREAM
      M    = MSV
      LX   = L
272  CALL GETIX
      M    = MU
      CALL STANO(M,LX,UPPER)
      IF(MCL(LX).EQ.NOMCL) GO TO 272
      S1UP = S1(M)
      M    = MCL(LX)
      SCUP = S1(M)
C   SEARCH DOWNSTREAM
      M    = MSV

```



```

274 CALL GETIX
    M = MD
    CALL STANO(M,LX,UPPER)
    IF(MCL(LX).EQ.NOMCL) GO TO 274
    S1UM = S1(M)
    M = MCL(LX)
    SCDW = S1(M)
C   INTERPOLATE
    SC(IC) = SCUP + (SCDW-SCUP)*(S1(MSV)-S1UP)/(S1DW-S1UP)

276 IF(LOOPC(IC).NE.1) GO TO 265
278 X1A = X1L(1)
    X1B = X1L(NIC)
    SCA = SC(1)/(X1B-X1A)
    SCB = SC(NIC)/(X1B-X1A)
    DO 280 IC=1,NIC
280 SCX(IC) = (X1L(IC)-X1A)*SCB + (X1B-X1L(IC))*SCA - SC(IC)
C,, END LOOP TO EVAL SCX(IC)

C***CALCULATE ANGLE AND ARC LENGTH ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS
300 IC = 1
302 IF(LOOPC.NE.LOOPC(IC)) GO TO 450
    L = LC(IC)
C   LAST = LAST STATION OF PREVIOUS REGION (ALREADY ORTHOGONALIZED)
    IF(L.EQ.LAST) GO TO 450
    RZONLY = .FALSE.
    MA = MLB(L)
    MB = MUB(L)

C   BOUNDARY SURFACE ANGLES, PHI1(MA) & PHI1(MB)
    IF(ICOB.NREFIN) 303,306,306
303 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 304
    CALL BDYPTM(NAMELB(L),ILB(L),Z(MA),R(MA),FLB(L),S1LB(L),0.,GMALB)
    PHI1(MA) = ANG0
304 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 306
    CALL BDYPTM(NAMEUB(L),IUB(L),Z(MB),R(MB),FUB(L),S1UB(L),0.,GMAUB)
    PHI1(MB) = ANG0-PI

C   RELOCATE Z,R TO ALLOW FOR DOUBLE SL=S
306 NK = MB-MA+1
    M = MA
    K = 1
308 ZK(K) = Z(M)
    RK(K) = R(M)
    PHI1K(K) = PHI1(M)
    WEZPT(K) = 0
    CALL GETIX
    IF(W(J).NE.0. .OR. K.EQ.1) GO TO 310
    WEZPT(K-1) = 1
    ZK(K-1) = .5*(ZK(K)+ZK(K=1))
    RK(K-1) = .5*(RK(K)+RK(K=1))
    PHI1K(K-1) = .5*(PHI1K(K)+PHI1K(K-1))
    GO TO 312
310 K = K+1
312 M = M+1
    IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 308
    NKX = K-1

*   BEAM FIT TO GET PHI2 & S2
    PHI2(1) = PHI1K(1)+PI02
    S2(MA) = 0.
    CALL BFAS(ZK,RK,PHI2,S2(MA),1,NKX)

```

```

C COMPUTE DEVIATION FROM 90 DEG BETWEEN STREAMLINE AND 'ORTHOGONAL'
C INTEGRATE TO OBTAIN PT MOVEMENT ALONG SL'S REQ'D FOR ORTHOGONALITY
  PHI2(1)=PHI2(1)-(PHI1K(1)*PIQ2)
  DS1(1)= 0.
  K = 2
  M = MA+1
314 PHI2(K)=PHI2(K)-(PHI1K(K)*PIQ2)
  DS1(K)= DS1(K-1)+.5*(PHI2(K)+PHI2(K-1))*(S2(M)-S2(M-1))
  K = K+1
  M = M+1
  IF(K-NKX) 314,314,315

C LOCATE BACK PHI2 AND S2 IF DOUBLE SL OCCURED
315 IF(NKX.EQ.NK) GO TO 322
  K = NKX
316 IF(WEZPT(K)) 317,318,317
317 M = K-1+MA
  NMOVE = (NKX-K+1)
  CALL MOVE(3, DS1(K),DS1(K+1),NMOVE,1, S2(M),S2(M+1),NMOVE,1,
& WEZPT(K),WEZPT(K+1),NMOVE,1)
  NKX = NKX+1
  WEZPT(K)=0
318 K = K-1
  IF(K,GE,1) GO TO 316
  IF(NKX.NE.NK) CALL ERROR1

C (BOUNDARY S1-TOLERANCE)
322 TOLS1 = .02*S2(MB)/FLOAT(NK)

C CORRECT POSSIBLE JOG AT DOUBLE STREAMLINE
DO 328 K=2,NK
  IF(WEZPT(K)) 326,328,326
326 M=MA+K-1
  DZ = Z(M)-Z(M-1)
  DR = R(M)-R(M-1)
  PHI1AV= .5*(PHI1(M)+PHI1(M-1))
  CS = COS(PHI1AV)
  SN = SIN(PHI1AV)
  S2MMM1= DR*CS-DZ*SN
  IF(S2MMM1.GT.0.) GO TO 327
  Z(M-1)= .5*(Z(M)+Z(M-1))
  R(M-1)= .5*(R(M)+R(M-1))
  Z(M) = Z(M-1)
  R(M) = R(M-1)
  S2(M) = S2(M-1)
  PHI1(M)=PHI1AV
  PHI1(M-1)=PHI1AV
  DS1(K)= DS1(K-1)
  GO TO 328
327 S1JOG=(DZ*CS+DR*SN)/2.
  DS1(K-1)=DS1(K-1)+S1JOG
  DS1(K)=DS1(K)-S1JOG
  S2(M-1)=S2(M-1) + .5*S2MMM1
  S2(M) = S2(M-1) + S2MMM1
328 CONTINUE

C EVALUATE ADS1 FOR PROPER SPACING BETWEEN OL-S
329 IF(LOOP-2) 3295,3302,3302
3295 IF(PRIM(L).EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
C PRIMARY OL-S
  KK = MCL(L)-MA+1

```

```

      IF(TYPELB(L).EQ.LE) KK=1
      IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.LE) KK=NK
      ADS1 = DS1(KK)
      GO TO 3303
C     REGULAR OL-S
3302 KK = KCL(IC)
      ADS1 = SCX(IC)-DS1(KK)

C     CHECK TO SEE IF MAGNITUDE OF DS1 IS REASONABLE
3303 IF(ABS(DS1(NK)).LT.(.5*(S2(MB)+OLDIST))) GO TO 3304
      WRITE (6,1330) X1(L),L
      IF(NREFIN.GE.2) CALL ERROR1

C     CORRECTION DUE TO STREAMLINE CURVATURES & DAMPING
3304 DS1(1)=DS1(1)+ADS1
      DS1X(1)=0.
      K = 2
      M = MA+1
3306 DS1(K)= DS1(K)+ADS1
      DS1C(K)=DS1C(K-1)+.5*(CURV(M)*DS1(K)+CURV(M-1)*DS1(K=1))
      & *(S2(M)-S2(M-1))
      K = K+1
      M = M+1
      IF(MB-M) 3310,3306,3306
3310 ADS1 = -DS1C(KK)
      K = 1
3312 DS1C(K)=DS1C(K)+ADS1
      IF(DS1(K)*DS1C(K)) 3313,3314,3314
3313 DS1(K)= DS1(K)/(1.-DS1C(K)/DS1(K))
3314 DS1(K)= DS1(K)*RDS1
      K = K+1
      IF(NK-K) 3316,3312,3312

C     LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDARY POINT MOVEMENT
3316 ADS1 = 0.
      ADS1LR= DS1(1)
      ADS1UR= DS1(NK)

C     MOVE THE LOWER BOUNDARY POINT
      K = 1
332 GMALB = 0.
      GMAUR = 0.
      M = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 3321
      ADS1LR= 0.
      GO TO 3324
3321 IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) GO TO 333
      IF(NODENS=NREFIN) 3323,3322,3322
3322 IF(TYPELB(L).EQ.FARFLD .OR. TYPELB(L).EQ.FREE .OR.
      & TYPELB(L).EQ.PRES) GO TO 3324
3323 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 334
3324 MA = MLB(L)
      IF(ADS1LR) 3325,3325,3326
3325 IF(MU.NE.0) ADS1LR=AMAX1(ADS1LR,.5*(S1(MU)-S1(M)))
      GO TO 3327
3326 IF(MD.NE.0) ADS1LR=AMIN1(ADS1LR,.5*(S1(MD)-S1(M)))
3327 CALL BDYPTM(NAMELB(L),ILB(L),Z(MA),R(MA),FLB(L),S1LB(L),
      & ADS1LR,GMALB)
      S1(MA)= S1(MA)+ADS1LR+GMALB
      IF(TYPELB(L).EQ.TE) ANGTE(L)=ANGI
C     JUMP OVER RELOCATION OF ANGLE/CURVATURE IF ICOB (INTERIOR POINT

```

```

C   CURVATURE FORMULA ON BOUNDARY) IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO NREFIN;
    IF(NREFIN.LE.ICOB .OR. (ISTAG.EQ.2.AND.B(MA).GT.0.)) GO TO 333
    PHI1(MA)=ANGD
    CURV(MA)=CURVD
333 MA   = MA+1
    K    = 2

C   MOVE THE UPPER BOUNDARY POINT
334 M    =MUR(L)
    CALL GETIX
    IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 335
    ADS1UB= 0.
    GO TO 3352
335 IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) GO TO 336
    IF(NODENS-NREFIN) 3351,3350,3350
3350 IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.FARFLD .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.FREE .OR.
    & TYPEUB(L).EQ.PRES) GO TO 3352
3351 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 338
3352 MB   = MUR(L)
    IF(ADS1UB) 3355,3355,3356
3355 IF(MD.NE.0) ADS1UB=AMAX1(ADS1UB,.5*(S1(M)-S1(MD)))
    GO TO 3357
3356 IF(MU.NE.0) ADS1UB=AMIN1(ADS1UB,.5*(S1(M)-S1(MU)))
3357 CALL BDYPTM(NAMEUR(L),IUB(L),Z(MB),R(MB),FUB(L),S1UB(L),
    & ADS1UB,GMAUB)
    S1(MB)= S1(MB)-ADS1UB-GMAUB
    IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.TE) ANGTE(L)=ANGD-PI
    IF(NREFIN.LE.ICOB .OR. (ISTAG.EQ.2.AND.B(MB).GT.0.)) GO TO 336
    PHI1(MB)=ANGD-PI
    CURV(MB)=CURVD
336 MB   = MB-1

C   CHECK FOR NON PRIM STATIONS EXTENDING BEYOND THE ENDS OF THE BOUND
338 IF(PRIM(L).EQ.1) GO TO 340
    IF((GMALB+GMAUB).NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
    GO TO 348

C   PRIM STATIONS: IF EITHER 'GET MINUS ASK' VALUE IS LARGE
C   CORRECT OTHER BOUNDARY.
340 IF(IC.NE.1) GO TO 342
    (FIRST STATION OF THE REGION)
    GMA = AMAX1(GMALB,-GMAUB)
    GO TO 345
    (LAST STATION OF THE REGION)
342 GMA = AMIN1(GMALB,-GMAUB)

345 ADS1 = ADS1+GMA
    ADS1L8= GMA-GMALB
    ADS1UB= =GMA-GMAUB
    IF(ABS(GMA).GE.TOLS1) GO TO 332

C   MOVE THE INTERIOR POINTS
348 M    = MA
    GO TO 410
350 CALL GETIX
    DS1(K)= DS1(K)+ADS1
    IF(DS1(K)) 360,400,380
    (MOVE POINT OPSTREAM)
360 IF(MU) 361,381,361
361 DELS1 = S1(M)-S1(MU)
    DS1(K)= AMAX1(.5*DELS1,AMIN1(DS1(K),.25*DELS1))
    G      = =DS1(K)/DELS1

```

```

F      = 1./G
FF     = 1/G
DR     = R(M)*R(MU)
DZ     = Z(M)*Z(MU)
PHIA  = PHI1(MU)
PHIB  = PHI1(M)
CURV(M)=CURV(MU)*G + CURV(M)*F
GO TO 390
C      (MOVE POINT DOWNSTREAM)
380 IF(MD) 381,361,381
381 DELS1 = S1(MD)-S1(M)
    DS1(K) = AMAX1(=.25*DELS1,AMIN1(DS1(K),.5*DELS1))
    F      = DS1(K)/DELS1
    G      = 1./F
    FF     = F
    DR     = R(MD)-R(M)
    DZ     = Z(MD)-Z(M)
    PHIA  = PHI1(M)
    PHIB  = PH1(MD)
C      CHECK FOR DOWNSTREAM LEADING EDGE STAGNATION POINT
    MSV   = M
    M     = MD
    CALL GETIX
    MD    = M
    M     = MSV
    IF(.ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 383
    LX    = 0
    CALL STANO(MD,LX,UPPER)
    PHIB  = ANGLE(LX)
    GO TO 390
383 CURV(M)=CURV(M)*G + CURV(MD)*F
390 ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHIA)
    YPA  = PHIA-ANGCHD
    YPB  = PHIB-ANGCHD
C      CALL BFI
    YQDX = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
    ANGM = YPA*(3.*G-2.)*G + YPB*(3.*F-2.)*F
    R(M) = R(M) + (FF*DR+YQDX*DZ)
    Z(M) = Z(M) + (FF*DZ-YQDX*DR)
    PHI1(M)=ANGCHD+ANGM
    S1(M) = S1(M)+DS1(K)

400 M      = M+1
    K      = K+1
410 IF(M=MB) 350,350,450

C      INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
450 IF(IC.GE.NIC) GO TO 470
    IC     = IC+1
    GO TO 302

C      LOOP AGAIN THROUGH STATIONS IN THE REGION
470 IF(LOOP.EQ.2) GO TO 500
    LOOP  = 2
    GO TO 260

C      CONTINUE TO NEXT REGION
500 L      = LC(NIC)
    LAST  = L
    IF(X2CL(L).EQ.BITS) L=L+LNEXT(L)
    GO TO 210

```

900 RETURN

1330 FORMAT(45H *** THE ORTHOGONAL LINE ADJUSTMENTS AT STA=F6.3,4H (L=
&I4,35H) ARE UNREASONABLY LARGE; (PTMOVE))
END

*DECK REFINE
 SUBROUTINE REFINE
 *REFINE REFINE THE GRID BY SUBDIVIDING *REFINE*

C INPUT
 C Z,R,PHI1,S1,S2,VM,B FIELD VALUES
 C /CREFIN/ DATA EXCEPT SLS
 C CRXSL = NEW SL EXTENSION CRITERIA
 C CRXSS = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL IN REGION WITH SOME SS-FLOW
 C CRXOL = NEW OL EXTENSION CRITERIA
 C CRXE = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SONIC LINE
 C CRXC = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SHOCK WAVE
 C CRMACH = UPPER MACH NUMBER LIMIT FOR OL EXTENSION
 C CRXSL = NEW SL EXTENSION CRITERIA
 C CRXSS = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL IN REGION WITH SOME SS-FLOW
 C CRXOL = NEW OL EXTENSION CRITERIA
 C CRXE = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SONIC LINE
 C CRXC = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SHOCK WAVE
 C CRMACH = UPPER MACH NUMBER LIMIT FOR OL EXTENSION

C OUTPUT
 C SG1REF = AVG OF MIN AND AVERAGE DIST BET OLS

C STATION TABLE
 C INDEX = L=LO,LESTA
 C SCHOKE = STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIDUT)
 C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
 C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
 C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
 1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
 1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
 & VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLEWF(1),MCL(1),
 & ANGLE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
 & ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
 DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
 EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGLE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
 INTEGER RRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
 INTEGER SLCMN
 COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,PRGA,GAMA,
 1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,PTC,AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
 2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
 REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
 LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
 LOGICAL CHOTST
 COMMON /CB / B(300)
 COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
 COMMON /CCR / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRMACH
 COMMON /CEDUMP / IGODMP
 COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MUMD,ISTAG
 COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
 COMMON /CMAXIT / MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
 LOGICAL GREFIN
 COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
 COMMON /CPI / RI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
 COMMON /CPRINT / PDUM1(3),PREFIN,PREPN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)
 LOGICAL RTDB
 COMMON /CR / R(300)
 COMMON /CREFL / RLE1,RLE2,RLE3,HLE
 INTEGER HLE
 COMMON /CREFIN / SLS,SG21,VMG1,VMG2

```

1,          NGR,NGZ, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL(12),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /ERASE2/ CR(128),DELS(128),DELVM(128),LSTA(128),MJ2(128),
1          SGX(128),SGY(128),RAV(128),ZAV(128), IA(16),IB(16)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6);
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

```

```

INTEGER      EXT,FIELD,HINT,TE
LOGICAL      DOWNB,EXTND1,EXTND2,HALVE,NEWSL,SSP,UPPER

```

```
DATA EXT,FIELD,HINT,TE/3HEXT,5HFIELD,3HINT,2HTE/
```

```

IGODMP= 4
GREFIN= .FALSE,
QVMG1 = 1./VMG1
QVMG2 = 1./VMG2
X1NOT = -1;

```

```

C CHECK TO SEE IF PARTIAL OL SHOULD BE EXTENDED
C CHECK TO SEE IF PARTIAL SL SHOULD BE EXTENDED
C OMIT

```

```
C*** EXAMINE GRID INCREMENT BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
```

```

300 L1 = LO
   NAVG = 0
   SG1AVG= 0;
   SG1MIN= 1.E6
   SGMX = 0;
   SGMX2 = 0.

```

```

C CHECK FOR ADJACENT STATIONS AND DETERMINING THE BASE STATION -
C A BASE STATION IS THE OL UPSTREAM OF LB STAG PT,
C DOWNSTREAM OF A TE, OR THE SHORTEST OF (PARTIAL) OLOS,
C OTHERWISE THE BASE STATION CAN BE EITHER THE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTRE
C DOWNB = DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION

```

```

305 L2 = L1*LNEXT(L1)
   IF(L2,GE,LESTA) GO TO 99
   MA1 = MLB(L1)
   M = MA1
   CALL GETIX
   MAD1 = MD
   MB1 = MUB(L1)
   M = MB1
   CALL GETIX
   MBD1 = MD
   MA2 = MLB(L2)
   M = MA2
   CALL GETIX
   MAU2 = MU
   MB2 = MUB(L2)
   M = MB2
   CALL GETIX
   MBU2 = MU

```



```

C   ADJACENT STATION TEST
    IF((MA2,LE,MAD1 ;AND, MAD1,LT,MB2) ;OR,
1   (MA2,LT,MBD1 ;AND, MBD1,LE,MB2) ;OR,
2   (MA1,LE,MAU2 ;AND, MAU2,LT,MB1)) GO TO 330

C   CHECK FOR TE FOLLOWED BY LE
    IF(MAJCTR,GE,1) GO TO 550
    IF(TYPELB(L1),NE,TE) GO TO 322
    M = MA1
    GO TO 324
322  IF(TYPEUB(L1),NE,TE) GO TO 550
    M = MB1
324  CALL GETIX
    CALL STAX1(X1(L1),X2(J),X2(J),LXB,LXA)
C   LXB,LXA ARE STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE THE TRAILING EDGE,
C   IF L2 IS A LEADING EDGE STATION FOLLOWING L1, THEN L1 MUST
C   BE THE SECOND OF THE TWO TE STATIONS.
    IF(L1,EQ,LXA ;OR, L1,EQ,LXB) GO TO 325
325  IF(LXB,GT,L1 ;OR, LXA,GT,L1) GO TO 550

C   INSERT AN ORTHOGONAL BETWEEN THE TRAILING EDGE AND
C   LEADING EDGE STATIONS,
C   DEFINE MJ2(I),CR(I),NI, DOWNB,L,L3
    I = 0
    M = MLB(LXB)
326  I = I+1
    MJ2(I) = M
    CR(I) = 2
    M = M+1
    IF(M,LE,MUB(LXB)) GO TO 326
    M = MLR(LXA)
327  I = I+1
    MJ2(I) = M
    CR(I) = 2
    M = M+1
    IF(M,LE,MUB(LXA)) GO TO 327
    NI = I
    DOWNB = .FALSE,
    L = L1
    L3 = L2
    GO TO 440

C   NUMBER OF PRIMARY STATIONS
330  NPRIM = 0
    IF( PRIM(L1) ;OR, PRIM(L2) ) NPRIM=1
    IF( PRIM(L1) ;AND, PRIM(L2) ) NPRIM=2
    LBASE = L1
    IF(NPRIM=1) 340,350,360

C   NO PRIM STATIONS
340  IF(MAU2,GT,MA1 ;OR, MBU2,LT,MB1) GO TO 380
    GO TO 370

C   ONE PRIM STATION
350  IF(PRIM(L1)) GO TO 380
    GO TO 370

C   BOTH L1 AND L2 ARE PRIM STATIONS
360  IF((MB2=MA2) ;GT, (MB1=MA1)) GO TO 380

C   UPSTREAM BASE STATION
370  DOWNB = .FALSE,
    MA = MA1

```

```

MB      = MB1
L       = L1
L3      = L2
GO TO 390

```

C DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION

```

380 DOWNR= ,TRUE;
MA      = MA2
MB      = MB2
L       = L2
L3      = L1

```

C CHECK L,E; REFINEMENT CRITERIA

```

390 IF(MAJCTR,EQ,0) GO TO 400
IF(TYPELB(L3),NE,HLE ,AND, TYPEUB(L3),NE,HLE) GO TO 395

```

C NEW ORTHOGONAL IN FRONT OF L,E;

```

IF(DOWNB) GO TO 394
MX      = MBU2
IF(TYPELB(L3),EQ,HLE) MX=MAU2-1
S2B     = S2(MX)+S2(MX-1)
S2A     = S2(MX+2)+S2(MX+1)
M       = MX+1
CALL GETIX
S1B     = S1(MD)+S1(M)
M       = MD
CALL GETIX
S1B2    = S1(MD)-S1(M)
M       = MX+2
CALL GETIX
S1A     = S1(MD)+S1(M)
M       = MD
CALL GETIX
S1A2    = S1(MD)-S1(M)
IF((S1A,LE,RLE1+S2A ,OR, S1B,LE,RLE1+S2B)
*,OR, S1A,LT,(.2*S1A2) ,OR, S1B,LT,(.2*S1B2)) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

```

C NEW ORTHOGONAL BEHIND L,E;

```

394 M     = MB1+1
IF(TYPELB(L3),EQ,HLE) M=MA1+1
CALL GETIX
S1A2    = S1(MD)-S1(M)
DR      = R(M)-R(MU)
DZ      = Z(M)-Z(MU)
S1A     = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF(S1A2,LE,RLE2+S1A) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

```

C INHIBIT REFINEMENT AROUND A FIXED STAGNATION POINT

```

395 M     = MLB(L3)
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 399
IF(DOWNB) GO TO 397

```

C NEW OL IN FRONT OF STAG PT ON LOWER BDY

```

S2A     = S2(MAU2+1)+S2(MAU2)
M       = MAU2+1

```

```

396 CALL GETIX
S1A     = S1(MD)+S1(M)
IF(S1A,LE,RLE1+S2A) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

```

C NEW OL BEHIND STAG PT ON LOWER BDY

```

397 M      = MA1+1
398 CALL GETIX
S1A2      = S1(MD)-S1(M)
DR        = R(M)-R(MU)
DZ        = Z(M)-Z(MU)
S1A       = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF(S1A2,LE,RLE2*S1A) GO TO 550
GO TO 400
C      NEW OL IN FRONT OF STAG PT ON UPPER BDY
399 M      = MUB(L3)
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.NE,1) GO TO 400
IF(DOWNB) GO TO 3992
S2A       = S2(MBU2)-S2(MBU2-1)
M         = MBU2-1
GO TO 396
C      NEW OL BEHIND STAG PT ON UPPER BDY
3992 M     = MB1-1
GO TO 398

C** SWEEP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES TO CHECK FOR REQD GRID REFINEMENT
C      BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS L1 AND L2
400 X1L3   = X1(L3)
LX        = L1
I         = 0
M         = MA
CRXL      = CRXOL
SSP       = .FALSE,
420 CALL GETIX
MX        = MD
IF(DOWNB) MX=MU
IF(MX,EQ,0) GO TO 430
CALL STANO(MX,LX,DUM)
IF(X1(LX).NE,X1L3) GO TO 430
I         = I+1
DELS(I) = ABS(S1(MX)-S1(M))
C      CALC LARGEST, NEXT LARGEST DISTANCES BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS, SGMX,S
C      FOR DETERMINING NUMBER OF EXTRA SLOS
IF(MAJCTR,GE,1) GO TO 425
IF(DELS(I).LT,SGMX) GO TO 423
SGMX2 = SGMX
SGMX  = DELS(I)
GO TO 425
423 IF(DELS(I),GE,SGMX2) SGMX2=DELS(I)
C      MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
425 SG1MIN= AMIN1(SG1MIN,DELS(I))
C      AVERAGE DISTANCE BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
SG1AVG= SG1AVG+DELS(I)
NAVG  = NAVG+1
DELVM(I)=ABS(VM(MX)-VM(M))*QVMG1
RAV(I) = .5*(R(MX)+R(M))
ZAV(I) = .5*(Z(MX)+Z(M))
MJ2(I) = M
C      CHECK FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW
IF(B(M).LT,0. ,OR, B(MX).LT,0.) SSP=:TRUE:
C      CHECK FOR TRANSONIC EXPANSION OR COMPRESSION
IF(B(MX)*B(M),GE,0.) GO TO 430
IF(DOWNB) MX=M
CRXL1 = CRXE

```

```

IF(B(MX),GE,0,) CRXL1=CRXC
CRXL = AMIN1(CRXL1,CRXL)
430 M = M+1
IF(M,LE,MB) GO TO 420
IF(CRXSS,LE,CRXL ,AND, SSP) CRXL=CRXSS
IF(MAJCTR,EQ,0) CRXL=0,
NI = 1
CALL LFIT1(GR,SGR,NGR, RAV,SGY,NI)
CALL LFIT1(GZ,SGZ,NGZ, ZAV,SGX,NI)
HALVE = ,FALSE,
DO 432 I=1,NI
RS = DELS(I)/AMAX1(SGX(I),SGY(I))
CR(I) = RS + DELVM(I)*RS**,2
432 IF(CR(I),GT,1,) HALVE=,TRUE,

C PREVENT TOO RAPID CHANGE IN OL SPACING BY FORCING A NEW OL
IF(HALVE) GO TO 440
X1D12 = ,5*(X1(L2)-X1(L1))
IF(PRIM(L1)) GO TO 436
IF((X1(L1)-X1(L1M)),LT,X1D12) HALVE=,TRUE?
GO TO 437
436 L1M = L1
437 IF(PRIM(L2)) GO TO 438
L2P = L2+LNEXT(L2)
IF((X1(L2P)-X1(L2)),LT,X1D12) HALVE=,TRUE?
GO TO 439
438 L2P = L2
439 IF(,NOT,HALVE) GO TO 550
IF(TYPELB(L1),EQ,FIELD ,OR, TYPELB(L1M),EQ,FIELD ,OR,
* TYPELB(L2),EQ,FIELD ,OR, TYPELB(L2P),EQ,FIELD) GO TO 4391
CR(1) = 1,
GO TO 440
4391 CR(NI)=1,

C PREVENT TOO RAPID CHANGE IN OL SPACING BY SUPPRESSING NEW OL'S IN
C EARLY STAGES OF REFINEMENT
440 IF(MAJCTR,EQ,0 ,OR, MAJCTR,GE,4) GO TO 445
C CHECK ONE POINT ONLY
I = NI/2 + 1
M = MJ2(I)
CALL GETIX
IF(DOWNB) GO TO 441
MU1 = MU
M1 = M
MX = MD
M = MX
CALL GETIX
MD1 = MD
GO TO 442
C DOWNB=Y
441 M1 = MU
MX = M
MD1 = MD
M = M1
CALL GETIX
MU1 = MU
442 DS1U = 0,
IF(MU1,EQ,0) GO TO 443
DZ = Z(M1)-Z(MU1)
DR = R(M1)-R(MU1)
DS1U = SORT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)

```

```

443 DS1D = 0,
    IF(MD1.EQ,0) GO TO 444
    DS1D = S1(MD1)-S1(MX)
444 IF(DELS(I),GE,(.4*DS1U) ,AND, DELS(I),GE,(.2*DS1D)) GO TO 445
    X1NOT = X1(L)
    GO TO 550

```

C** ADD A NEW ORTHOGONAL LINE BETWEEN L1 AND L2, FIRST CHECK MEMORY

```

445 X1NEW = .5*(X1(L1)+X1(L2))
    EXTND1= .TRUE,
    EXTND2= .TRUE,
    IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,FIELD) EXTND1=.FALSE,
    IF(TYPEUB(L),EQ,FIELD) EXTND2=.FALSE,
    IRET = 0
    IF((LESTA+20),LE,MAXLE) GO TO 800
    WRITE (6,1440) X1NEW
    GO TO 99
450 IF(NL,EQ,1) GO TO 455
    WRITE (6,1450) NL,X1NEW
1450 FORMAT(/3X,I2,1X17HOL-S REQUESTED ATF8,3,)
    IB(1) = IB(NL)
    NL = 1

```

C** ADJUST FIELD ARRAYS FOR THE NEW OL

```

455 NPYS = IB(1)-IA(1)+1
    GREFIN= .TRUE,
    CALL ADDEPT(MA2,NPTS,999999)

```

C CORRECT THE POINTERS IN THE JMS-TABLE

```

MNEW = MA2
MA = MNEW
I = IA(1)
460 IF(DOWNB) GO TO 470

```

C (UPSTREAM BASE STATION)

```

C UPSTREAM POINT
M = MJ2(I)
CALL GETIX
MDSAV = MD
MD = MNEW
CALL SAVIX

```

```

C NEW POINT
MU = M
M = MNEW
MD = MDSAV
ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX

```

C DOWNSTREAM POINT

```

M = MD
CALL GETIX
MU = MNEW
CALL SAVIX
GO TO 490

```

C (DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION)

```

C DOWNSTREAM POINT
470 M = MJ2(I)+NPTS
    CALL GETIX
    MUSAV = MU
    MU = MNEW
    CALL SAVIX

```

```

C      NEW POINT
      MD      = M
      M       = MNEW
      MU      = MUSAV
      ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX
C      UPSTREAM POINT
      M       = MU
      CALL GETIX
      MD      = MNEW
      CALL SAVIX

490 I       = I+1
      MNEW   = MNEW+1
      IF (IB(1)-I) 495,460,460
495 MB      = MNEW+1

C**  MODIFY STATION-TABLE
500 CALL INSTA(L2,L,L3,DOWNB, MA,MB)

C      INCREMENT TO THE NEXT ORTHOGONAL INTERVAL
550 L1M     = L1
      L1     = L2
      GO TO 305

C      AVERAGE DIST BET ORTHOGS
99 SG1AVG = SG1AVG/FLOAT(NAVG)
      SG1REF = .5*(SG1MIN+SG1AVG)

C***  EXAMINE GRID INCREMENT ABOVE STREAMLINE J2, (J2=1,NJ)
      J2     = 1
100 J2NEXT = J2+1
      IF (W(J2+1);EQ,0;) GO TO 200
C      NEXTRA = NO OF EXTRA SL'S NEAR THE BODY FOR CHN#EXT,INT
      NEXTRA = 0
      IF (MAJCTR;GT,0 ,OR, (SLCHN(J2),NE,EXT ;AND; SLCHN(J2),NE,HINT))
1      GO TO 104
      M      = MBEGIN(J2)
      DSOL   = SGMX2/2,
      RROL   = (R(M+1)-R(M))/DSOL
      IF (AXIA) RROL = (R(M+1)*R(M+1)-R(M)*R(M))/(DSOL*(R(M)+DSOL))
      RR     = 0,
      IF (R(M);LE,1) GO TO 101
C      THE FIRST SL IS TO BE PLACED ABOUT ONE BODY RADIUS AWAY
      RRATIO = R(M+1)/R(M)
      RR     = RRATIO-1,
      IF (AXIA) RR = (RRATIO+RRATIO-1;)/3,
101 RR     = AMAX1(RR,RROL)
C      NEXTRA = MAXO(1,MINO(INT(ALOG(RR)/ALOG(2.7))-1,8))
      NEXTRA = MAXO(1,INT(ALOG(RR)/ALOG(2.7)))
104 M      = MBEGIN(J2)
C      M      = THE FIRST POINT ON THE STREAMLINE
      EXTND1 = ;TRUE,
      EXTND2 = ;TRUE,
      L      = 0
      WMIN   = 1,E6
      I      = 1
110 CALL GETIX
      MNEXT = MD
      CALL STAND(M,L,UPPER)
C      BYPASS UPPER BOUNDARY OF PARTIAL OL

```

```

IF(UPPER) GO TO 120
C CHECK L,E; REFINEMENT CRITERIA
IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 114
S2A = S2(MU+1)-S2(MU)
DZ = Z(M+1)-Z(MU+1)
DR = R(M+1)-R(MU+1)
S1A = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
DZ = Z(MD+1)-Z(M+1)
DR = R(MD+1)-R(M+1)
S1A2 = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF((S2A,LT,RLE3*S1A ,OR, S2A,LT,RLE3*S1A2) .AND. MAJCTR,GE,1)
1 GO TO 200
114 LSTA(I)=L
MJ2(I)= M
DELS(I)=S2(M+1)-S2(M)
C (NOTE-S2 IS NOT UPDATED IF THIS IS FOR AN EXTRA SL)
DELVM(I)=ABS(VM(M+1)-VM(M))*QVMG2
ZAV(I)= .5*(Z(M+1)+Z(M))
RAV(I)= .5*(R(M+1)+R(M))
M = M+1
CALL GETIX
IF(I,EQ,1 .AND. MU,NE,0) EXTND1=.FALSE;
IF(MNEXT,EQ,0 .AND. MD,NE,0) EXTND2=.FALSE;
C CHECK L,E; REFINEMENT CRITERIA
IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 117
S2B = S2(MU)-S2(MU-1)
DZ = Z(MU-1)-Z(M-1)
DR = R(MU-1)-R(M-1)
S1B = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
DZ = Z(MD-1)-Z(M-1)
DR = R(MD-1)-R(M-1)
S1B2 = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF((S2B,LT,RLE3*S1B ,OR, S2B,LT,RLE3*S1B2) .AND. MAJCTR,GE,1)
1 GO TO 200
117 IF(W(J),GE,WMIN) GO TO 119
WMIN = W(J)
X2MIN = X2(J)
119 J = J+1
120 M = MNEXT
IF(M,NE,0) GO TO 110
NI = I+1
CALL LFIY1(GR,SGR,NGR, RAV,SGY,NI)
CALL LFIY1(GZ,SGZ,NGZ, ZAV,SGX,NI)
C CR(I)=1 IS THE RADIUS OF PERMISSIBLE GRID SIZE
HALVE = .FALSE,
DO 132 I=1,NI
RS = ABS(DELS(I))/(AMAX1(SGX(I),SGY(I))*SG21)
CR(I) = RS + DELVM(I)*RS**,2
IF(CR(I),GT,1.) HALVE=.TRUE,
132 CONTINUE
C*** IF HALVE=.T ADD NEW SL FOR STATIONS FOR WHICH CR,GT,.5
IF(.NOT,HALVE) GO TO 200
IRET = .1
CRXL = CRXSL
IF(MAJCTR,EQ,0) CRXL=0,
GO TO 800
145 WNEW = .5*(W(J2)+WMIN)
XJ2 = .5*(X2(J2)+X2MIN)
C BEGIN LOOP FOR INSERTING THE (PARTIAL) STREAMLINE, LI=1,NL

```

```

      LI      = 1
      NPTADD = 0
150  I1      = IA(LI)
      I2      = IB(LI)
      IF(I1, EQ, 0) GO TO 195

C    DETERMINE J1, INDEX OF NEW SL
      J      = J2
160  IF(W(J), GT, WNEW) GO TO 170
      J      = J+1
      IF(J, GT, NJ) CALL ERROR1
      GO TO 160
170  J1      = J

C    ADJUST FIELD ARRAYS AND SL TABLES
      NEWSL  = ,TRUE,
      I      = I1
      MU1    = 0
      IF(NJ, LT, MAXNJ) GO TO 180
      WRITE (6, 1175) XI2
      RETURN
180  L      = LSTA(I)
      M1     = MJ2(I)+NPTADD+1
      MD1    = 0
      CALL ADPTSL(M1, MU1, MD1, J1, NEWSL)
      NPTADD = NPTADD+1
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      JP     = J
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      JM     = J
      M      = M1
      J      = J1
      W(J)   = WNEW
      X2(J)  = XI2
      M      = M1
      F      = (WNEW-W(JM))/(W(JP)-W(JM))
      DZ     = Z(M+1)-Z(M-1)
      DR     = R(M+1)-R(M-1)
      IF(, NOT, AXIA , OR, ABS(DR), LT, .01*ABS(R(M-1))) GO TO 1804
      T      = R(M-1)/DR
      F      = SIGN(SQRT(T*T+(T+T+1,)*F), DR) * T
1804 ANGCHD = ATAN3(DR, DZ, PHI1(M-1))
      YPA    = PHI1(M-1)-ANGCHD+PIQ2
      YPB    = PHI1(M+1)-ANGCHD+PIQ2
      G      = 1.-F
      YQDX   = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
      R(M)   = YQDX*DZ+F*DR + R(M-1)
      Z(M)   = F*DZ-YQDX*DR + Z(M-1)
      B(M)   = G*B(M-1)+F*B(M+1)
      S1(M)  = G*S1(M-1)+F*S1(M+1)
      VM(M)  = G*VM(M-1)+F*VM(M+1)
      PHI1(M) = G*PHI1(M-1)+F*PHI1(M+1)
C    SET ISTAG=3 FOR PTS ADJACENT TO L.E. AND BOUNDARY CORNER PTS.
      IF(IPRIM(L), EQ, 0) GO TO 185
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAGM = ISTAG
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX

```



```

      IF(ISTAGM,EQ,1) GO TO 181
      IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 185
C      (ISTAGP=1)
      ISTAGM= 0
      GO TO 182
C      (ISTAGM=1)
181  ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX
182  M      = M1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAG = 3
      CALL SAVIX
      M      = M1-1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAG = ISTAGM
      CALL SAVIX

C      UPDATE THE STATION-TABLE POINTERS TO THE FIELD-TABLE
185  CALL STTOFI(L,1)
      GREFIN= ,TRUE,

C      INDEX TO NEXT PT ON SL
      NEWSL = ,FALSE,
190  I      = I+1
      MU1   = M1
      IF(I2=I) 194,180,180

C      INDEX TO NEXT PARTIAL SL
194  J2NEXT= J2NEXT+1
195  LI    = LI+1
      IF(NL-LI) 200,150,150

C      LOOP TO PUT IN ADDITIONAL SL'S FOR EXTERNAL CHANNELS
200  IF(NEXTRA,EQ,0) GO TO 210
      NEXTRA= NEXTRA+1
      GO TO 104

C      INCREMENT THE STREAMLINE COUNTER J2
210  J2    = J2NEXT
      IF(J2,LT,NJ) GO TO 100

C      PRINT COMMENT IF AN OL WAS SUPPRESSED AND NO OTHER GRID REFINEMENT
      IF(,NOT,GREFIN ,AND, X1NOT,GE,0,) WRITE(6,1700) X1NOT
      RETURN

C*** EVALUATION OF NEW LINE POSITIONS
C      OUTPUT-
C      NL NEW LINES ARE TO BE IN THE REGIONS IA(LI) TO IB(LI), LI=1,NL
C      FOR IA(LI),NE,0,

C      SEARCH FOR CR,GT,1, POINT
800  NL    = 0
      I    = 1
805  IF(CR(I),GE,1,) GO TO 810
      I    = I+1
      IF(I,LE,NI) GO TO 805
      GO TO 840

C      FIND IA,IB SO THAT CR,GE,.375 IS WITHIN IA,IB
810  NL    = MINO(NL+1,10)

```

```

      ISAVE = I
815  IA(NL) = I
      I     = I+1
      IF(I,GE,1 .AND. (I,GE,(ISAVE+3).OR,CR(I),GE,CRXL)) GO TO 815
      I     = ISAVE
820  IB(NL) = I
      I     = I+1
      IF(I,GT,NI) GO TO 840
      IF(CR(I),GE,1.) ISAVE=I
      IF(I,LE,(ISAVE+3) .OR, CR(I),GE,CRXL) GO TO 820

C    REPEAT THE ABOVE FOR THE NEXT PARTIAL LINE
      IF(I,LT,NI) GO TO 805

C    ADD ONLY ONE LINE IF NL,EQ,10
840  IF(NL,NE,10) GO TO 850
      NL     = 1
      IB(1) = IB(10)

C    ELIMINATE THE SHORT GAPS BETWEEN LINES
850  IF(NL,LE,1) GO TO 860
      LILAST = 1
      DO 855 LI=2,NL
      IF((IA(LI)-IB(LI-1)),GT,7) GO TO 854
      IB(LI-1) = IB(LI)
      IA(LI) = 0
      GO TO 855
854  LILAST = LI
855  CONTINUE
      NL     = LILAST
860  IF(IA(1),LE,2 .AND, EXTND1) IA(1)=1
      IF((NI-IB(NL)),LE,2 .AND, EXTND2) IB(NL)=NI

C    EXTEND EACH LINE TO A MINIMUM OF FIVE POINTS
      NPTS = 0
      DO 870 LI=1,NL
      IF(IA(LI),EQ,0) GO TO 870
865  IDEF = MAX0((5-(IB(LI)-IA(LI)))/2, 0)
      IA(LI) = MAX0(IA(LI)-IDEF,1)
      IB(LI) = MIN0(IB(LI)+IDEF,NI)
      NPTS = NPTS + IB(LI)-IA(LI)+1
      IF(NPTS,LT,5 .AND, NPTS,LT,NI) GO TO 865
870  CONTINUE
      IF((NM+NPTS),LE,MAXNM) GO TO 890
      WRITE (6,1881) NM,MAXNM
      RETURN

C    RETURN
890  IF(IRET) 145,450,450

1175 FORMAT(38H *** STREAMLINE LIMIT REACHED. (X12=F6,3,1H))
1440 FORMAT(73H *** STATION TABLE STORAGE LIMIT DOES NOT ALLOW A NEW O
*ORTHOGONAL AT X11=F7,3,1H,/6X61HGRID REFINEMENT BY INSERTING ORTHOG
*ONALS IS BEING TERMINATED.)
1700 FORMAT(51H *** GRID REFINEMENT OF ORTHOGONAL LINES NEAR X11=F8;3,
*52H WAS DELETED BECAUSE OF LARGE VARIATION IN SPACING,/41H R
*EVISED SGR,SGZ INPUT IS DESIRED.)
1881 FORMAT(71H *** FIELD POINT STORAGE LIMIT PREVENTS FURTHER GRID RE
*FINEMENT. (NM=I4,8H, MAXNM=I4,1H))
      END

```

*DECK REFBLK

BLOCK DATA REFBLK

*REFBLK

BLOCK DATA FOR REFINE

•REFBLK•

COMMON /CREFLE/ RLE1,RLE2,RLE3,HLE

DATA RLE1,RLE2,RLE3/,65,1,3,1,3/, HLE/2HLE/

END

```
*DECK SLC
SUBROUTINE SLC
*SLC--* STREAMLINE CURVATURE ETC *SLC*
```

```
C***CALCULATE ANGLE, CURVATURE AND ARC LENGTH ALONG STREAMLINES
```

```
C INPUT-
C B = SUBSONIC SUPERSONIC INDICATOR, NEGATIVE FOR SUPERSONIC VEL
C Z,R = STREAMLINE COORDINATES
C BRANCH= NOMINAL UPSTREAM STREAMLINE ANGLE FOR USE IN SELECTING
C PROPER QUADRANT, =999. FOR EVALUATION FROM BOUNDARY TABLE
```

```
C OUTPUT-
C PHI1 = ANGLE IN RADIAN
C CURV = CURVATURE
C S1 = ARC LENGTH
```

```
C COMB4
C STATAB, CADJWF, BDVTAB, WAKETB
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = Y OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C LOGICAL UP
C INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
C DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
```

```
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E,
C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T,E, (UPPER SURFACE); THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA=STAR,
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T,E,
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E,
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
```

```
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LQILESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
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```

C      MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
&          VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&          ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&          ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION          CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE        (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER            PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C      WAKE TABLE
      DIMENSION          X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(1),DST(1)
      EQUIVALENCE        (DST,S1W)
      EQUIVALENCE        (ZBT,X1F,X2W,X1),(LBNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT,LNEXT)
      EQUIVALENCE        (LBZ1,X1BF,S1W,MLB)
      EQUIVALENCE        (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB),(UP,S1F,PRIM)
      EQUIVALENCE        (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB),(ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
      EQUIVALENCE        (RBT,JORDER,ILB),(ANGBT,VNR,FLB)

C
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CREAM  / DBEAM(3),IORDER
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G,DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S14,
&          RZONLY,ANGCHD,SINTVL,YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL          RZONLY
COMMON /CBEND  / NBCB(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS  / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CRDYPT/ ANGDCURVD
COMMON /CCURV  / CURV(300)
COMMON /CFB    / L,MA,MB,J2,IA,IB,I,LTSL
COMMON /CFB2   / PASS1
      LOGICAL          PASS1
COMMON /CIDEX  / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR
COMMON /CM     / JMS(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN
COMMON /CPHI1  / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI    / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUMX(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX
COMMON /CR     / R(300)
COMMON /CS1    / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2    / S2(300)
COMMON /CSLC   / BRANCH(4)
COMMON /CSS    / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
&          SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
      INTEGER          SSFML
      LOGICAL          SSEF,SSDF,SSDLE
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CZ     / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ RB(128),ZB(128),ANG(128),CURVB(128),S1B(128),
&          BI(128),J2DONE(128),MSV(128),CURSS(6),QV(8)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
&          LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
&          MU,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&          LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB  / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER          SLCHN
      LOGICAL          ALLJ2,ANYJ2,J2PREV,PARSLA,UPPER
      INTEGER          TE

```

DATA LE,TE/2HLE,2HTE/

BETSO(PTQS)=2,*FGRX*PTQS**FGTX * GX
PM(BSQ)=SQRT(GX)*ATAN(SQRT(BSQ/GX)) * ATAN(SQRT(BSQ))

C FIRST PASS ACROSS STREAMLINES, SKIP THOSE SL@S WHICH TERMINATE WITH
C IN THE FIELD IF J2PREV=T, AT END OF PASS ALLJ2=T IF ALL STREAMLI
C HAVE BEEN FITTED AND ANYJ2=T IF ONE OR MORE SL@S HAVE BEEN FITTED.
C J2PREV=F IF ON THE PREVIOUS PASS NO SL@S WERE FITTED BECAUSE END
C CONDITION INTERPOLATION REQUIREMENTS COULD NOT BE SATISFIED.

IGDMP= 5
ANYJ2 = ,TRUE,
IF(PDUM(1);GT,0,) WRITE(6,1159)
CALL SETM(1,0, J2DONE,NJ)
RZONLY= ,FALSE,

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH FIRST TO LAST STREAMLINE, J2=1,NJ
C CALL MBEGIN TO OBTAIN FIELD INDEX OF FIRST PT ON SL

100 J2PREV= ANYJ2
ANYJ2 = ,FALSE,
ALLJ2 = ,TRUE,
J2 = 1
101 IF(J2DONE(J2).EQ,1) GO TO 187
M = MBEGIN(N(J2))
IF(PDUM(1);GT,0,) WRITE (6,1160) J2

C BUILD ZB, RB, ANG ARRAYS FOR THE STREAMLINE SEGMENT
C ISTAG=3 IS A BOUNDARY OF A PARTIAL ORTHOGONAL, SUCH POINTS
C ARE TO BE BYPASSED AND THEN FILLED IN BY INTERPOLATION

115 I = 1
S1B(1)= 0,
120 IA = I
MA = M
121 CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 128
RB(I) = R(M)
ZB(I) = Z(M)
ANG(I)= PHI1(M)
BI(I) = B(M)
MSV(I)= M
IF(ISTAG,EQ,1 ,OR, ISTAG,EQ,2) GO TO 130
124 IF(MD) 126,130,126
126 I = I+1
IB = I
128 M = MD
MB = M
GO TO 121

C SET END CONDITIONS

130 NBCB(1)=0
NBCB(2)=0
FB(1) = 0,
FB(2) = 0,
L = 0
MDSV = MD
ISTAGB= ISTAG
C PARSLA= PARTIAL STREAMLINE AT END A, T OR F.
PARSLA= ,FALSE,
C LTSL = TRAILING STREAMLINE INDICATOR, STATAB INDEX
LTSL = 0

```

IEND = 1
MX = MA
IF(IA, EQ, 1) GO TO 1304
M = MA
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG, EQ, 2) GO TO 1318
1302 IEND = 2
MX = MB
IF(MDSV, NE, 0) GO TO 135
C USE AVG CURVATURE B, C, FOR PARTIAL SL'S
1304 CALL STANO(MX, L, UPPER)
IF(MX, EQ, MLB(L), OR, UPPER, OR,
* L, EQ, LO, OR, (L+LNEXT(L)), GE, LESTA) GO TO 1346
M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
IF(MU, EQ, 0, OR, MD, EQ, 0) GO TO 1346
C PARTIAL SL, SEARCH FOR NON-TERMINATING ADJACENT SL
SUM = 0,
CURVX = 0,
M = MX
MCHNG = -1
1306 M = M+MCHNG
CALL GETIX
IF(MU, EQ, 0, OR, MD, EQ, 0) GO TO 1306
IF(J2DONE(J), EQ, 0, AND, J2PREV) GO TO 186
IF(INRCTR, NE, 0) GO TO 1308
IF(J2DONE(J), EQ, 0) GO TO 1306
1308 IF(M, LT, MLB(L), OR, M, GT, MUB(L)) GO TO 1310
SUM = SUM+1,
CURVX = CURVX+.5*CURV(M)
1310 IF(MCHNG, EQ, 1) GO TO 1314
M = MX
MCHNG = 1
GO TO 1306
1314 CURVX = CURVX/SUM
NBCB(IEND)=2
FB(IEND)=CURVX
IF(IEND, EQ, 1) PARSLA=, TRUE;
GO TO 1348
C UPSTREAM END OF TRAILING SL
1318 IF(NREFIN+INRCTR=2) 1302, 1319, 1319
1319 CALL STANO(M, L, UPPER)
IF(TYPELB(L), NE, TE, AND, TYPEUB(L), NE, TE) GO TO 1302
CALL STAX1(X1(L), X2(J), X2(J), LXB, LXA)
BSQEXP(L)=BITS
LW = LWO
1320 IF(LW, GE, LWE) GO TO 1328
IF(X2W(LW), EQ, X2(J2)) GO TO 1324
GO TO 1320
C DST(LSTR)=T, E, PLUS B, L, THICKNESS
1324 LSTR=LW+(LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
IF(DST(LSTR)) 1326, 1328, 1326
1326 IF(UPPER) GO TO 1332
GO TO 1340
C SHARP TEE;
1328 BSQEXP(L)=1,
IF(PYTE(LXA)-PYTE(LXB)) 1332, 1336, 1340
1332 ANGEXP(L)=ANGTE(LXB)
IF(LXB, NE, L) BSQEXP(L)=1,
LTSL = LXB
LSAV = LXA

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GO TO 1342
1336 ANGEXP(L) = .5*(ANGTE(LXB)+ANGTE(LXA))
GO TO 1342
1340 ANGEXP(L) = ANGTE(LXA)
IF(L,NE,LXA) BSOEXP(L) = 0.1,
LTSL = LXA
LSAV = LXB
1342 IF(PDUM(4) = 2.) 1348,1344,1344
1344 NBCB(1) = 1
FB(1) = ANGEXP(L)
GO TO 1348
C FIELD BOUNDARIES
1346 NBCB(IEND) = NBCIN(IEND)
FB(IEND) = ACF(IEND)
1348 IF(IEND, EQ, 1) GO TO 1302

C DEFINE ANG(1) TO OBTAIN CORRECT ANGLE BRANCH
135 IF(I, A, NE, 1) GO TO 136
ANG(1) = BRANCH(1)
IF(BRANCH(1), NE, 999.) GO TO 136
L = 0
M = MSV(1)
CALL STANO(M, L, UPPER)
IF(M, NE, MLB(L)) GO TO 1352
C FIRST STREAMLINE
LB = LBF(NAMELB(L))
LB = LB + LBZ1(LB)
ANG(1) = ANGBT(LB)
GO TO 136
C NOT FIRST STREAMLINE
1352 M = M + 1
IF(M, LT, MLB(L)) CALL ERROR1
CALL GETIX
IF(J2DONE(J), EQ, 0) GO TO 1352
ANG(1) = PHI1(M)
IF(PDUM(19), EQ, 1.) WRITE (6, 1353) J, M, ANG(1)
1353 FORMAT (8H J, M, ANG, 2I6, F10, 6)
136 IF(ISTAGB, NE, 1) GO TO 155

C THE STREAMLINE IS TERMINATED BY A STAGNATION POINT,
C PROCEED TO EXTRAPOLATE FOR ITS POSITION IF STAG=1
C AND BOUNDARY TYPE=LB,

C FIND THE STAGNATION POINT STATION
L = 0
CALL STANO(MB, L, UPPER)

C CHECK FOR LEADING EDGE POINT
CURVD = 0.
IF(UPPER) GO TO 138
IF(TYPELB(L), NE, LE) GO TO 155
GO TO 140
138 IF(TYPEUB(L), NE, LE) GO TO 155

C BEGIN ITERATION FOR STAGNATION POSITION
140 QV(1) = 0.
SMOVE = 0.
M = MB
IF(ABS(PDUM(5)), LT, 5.) FB(2) = 1.
145 IF(UPPER) GO TO 147
NAMES = NAMELB(L)

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      IBS = ILB(L)
      FS = FLB(L)
      S1S = S1LB(L)
      GO TO 148
147 NAMES = NAMEUB(L)
      IBS = IUB(L)
      FS = FUB(L)
      S1S = S1UB(L)
148 CALL BDYPTM(NAMES,IBS,ZB(I),RB(I),FS,S1S,SMOVE,GETASK)
      IF(GETASK,EQ,0,) GO TO 1482
      WRITE (6,1148) J2,ZB(I),RB(I)
      CALL ERROR1
1482 Z(M) = ZB(I)
      R(M) = RB(I)
      IRET = 0
      GO TO 1551
C (LOGIC FOR LEADING STAGNATION POINT ONLY)
149 ERRANG= ANG(I)=(ANGD=PIQ2)

      IF(PDUM(1),LE,0,) GO TO 150
      WRITE (6,1149) QV(1),SMOVE,ERRANG,ZB(I),RB(I),ANGD,CURVD
1149 FORMAT(14H STAG PT = QV=F5,0,2X,6HSMOVE=F10,5,2X,7HERRANG=F10,6,2X
*,3HZD=F10,5,2X,3HRD=F10,5,2X,5HANGD=F10,3,2X,6HCURVD=F10,6)
      GO TO 1501
150 IF(CURVD,GE,0,) GO TO 1501
      WRITE (6,1150) ZB(I),RB(I),ANGD,CJRVD

1501 IF(PASS1) GO TO 156
      IF(QV(1),NE,0,) GO TO 151
      YO = 0,
      YTOL = 1,E=5
      DYDX = ABS(CURVD) + 1,/(S1B(I)-S1B(I-1))
      XJP = -ABS(ERRANG)/DYDX
      DYDX = 0,
151 CALL QIREM(SMOVE,ERRANG, XJP,QV)
      IF(QV(1),NE,0,) GO TO 145
      IF(UPPER) GO TO 152
      ILB(L)= IBS
      FLB(L)= FS
      S1LB(L)=S1S
      GO TO 156
152 IUB(L)= IBS
      FUB(L)= FS
      S1UB(L)=S1S
      GO TO 156

C USE (SUBSONIC) BEAM FORMULA TO CALC ANG,CURVATURE,S1
C SET IORDER=1 TO CHECK FOR POINT ORDERING
155 IRET = 1
1551 NORDER= 1
1552 IORDER= 1
      CALL BFACS(ZB,RB,ANG,CURVB,S1B, IA,IB)
      IF(IORDER,EQ,0) GO TO 1555
      I = IORDER-1
      WRITE (6,1155) ZB(I),RB(I),ZB(I+1),RB(I+1),J2,I,IORDER
      IF(NORDER,GE,5) CALL ERROR1
      SAV = ZB(I)
      ZB(I) = ZB(I+1)
      ZB(I+1)=SAV
      SAV = RB(I)
      RB(I) = RB(I+1)

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RB(I+1)=SAV
NORDER= NORDER+1
GO TO 1552
1555 IF(IRET) 1556,149,1556
1556 IF(SSFML,EQ,(-1)) CALL BF3(ZB,RB,ANG,CURVB, IA,IB)
156 IF(SSEF .AND. .NOT,PARSLA) ANG(I)=SSEANG#TORAD

C RELOCATE ANSWERS INTO FIELD STORAGE
160 M = MA
I = IA-1
L = 0
161 CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 166
I = I+1

C SUPERSONIC POINT CURVATURE
IF(B(M),GE,0, .OR, I,EQ,1) GO TO 163
I1SS = I-1-ABS(SSFML)
NBCB(1)=0
NBCB(2)=0
FB(1) = SSFND1
FB(2) = SSFEND
IF(I1SS,GT,1) GO TO 1622
I1SS = 1
NBCB(1)=2
FB(1) = 0,

C LOGIC FOR FIRST PT DOWNSTRM OF T,E;
1622 IF((I=IA),NE,1, .OR, LTSL,EQ,0) GO TO 1629
FGRX = FGRTE(LTSL)
FGTX = 1,/(FGRX+1,)
GX = FGRX+FGRX+1,
BETSTE= BETSQ(PTE(LTSL)/PSTE(LTSL))
IF(BETSTE,LE,0,) GO TO 1629
PMTE = PM(BETSTE)
PEXP = PTE(LSAV)

C CHECK FOR T,E, BLUNTNES
IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 1624
IF(DST(LSTR),GT,0,) PEXP=PSTE(LSAV)
1624 BSQEXP(LTSL)=BETSQ(PTE(LTSL)/PEXP)
IF(BSQEXP(LTSL),LE,0,) GO TO 1629
DELP = PM(BSQEXP(LTSL)) - PMTE
ANGEXP(LTSL) = ANGTE(LTSL)+DELP
IF(LTSL,EQ,LXA) ANGEXP(LTSL)=ANGTE(LTSL)-DELP
IF(PDUM(4)-1,) 1629,1626,1626
1626 FB(1) = ANGEXP(LTSL)
NBCB(1)=1
I1SS = I-1
1629 NISS = I-I1SS+1
CALL BFAC(ZB(I1SS),RB(I1SS),ANG(I1SS),CURSS,NISS)
PHI1(M)=ANG(I)
CURV(M)=CURSS(NISS)
GO TO 164
163 PHI1(M)=ANG(I)
CURV(M)=CURVB(I)
Z(M) = ZB(I)
R(M) = RB(I)
IF(I,NE,IA, .OR, I,EQ,1) GO TO 164
PHI1(M)=.5*(ANG(I)+ANGSAV)
CALL BF3(ZB(I=1),RB(I=1),ANG(I=1),CURV(M=1),1,3)
IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 164
CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
IF(TYPELB(L),NE,LE .AND, TYPEUB(L),NE,LE) GO TO 164

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    ANGLE(L)=ANGD-PIQ2
    CRVLE(L)=CURVD
164 S1(M) = S1B(I)
    GO TO 168
C   INTERPOLATE CURVATURE AND LOCATION FOR 1STAG=3 POINTS
166 DR   = RB(I+1)-RB(I)
    DZ   = ZB(I+1)-ZB(I)
    CHD  = SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
    CS   = DZ/CHD
    SN   = DR/CHD
    ACHD = ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANG(I))
    F    = (CS*(Z(M)-ZB(I)) + SN*(R(M)-RB(I)))/CHD
    IF(F,GT,1.,OR,F,LT,0.) CALL ERROR1
    G    = 1./F
    YPA  = ANG(I)-ACHD
    YPB  = ANG(I+1)-ACHD
    CALL BFI
    R(M) = RB(I)+RM
    Z(M) = ZB(I)+ZM
    PHI1(M)=ACHD+ANGM
    CURV(M)=CURVM
    S1(M) = S1B(I)+S1M
C 168 IF(I,GE,IB) GO TO 170
168 IF(PDUM(1);LE,0;) GO TO 1690
    IF(PDUM(1);EQ,1;) GO TO 1680
    IF(PDUM(1);EQ,2; ,AND, B1(I),LT,0,) GO TO 1680
    IF(PDUM(1);EQ,4; ,AND, 1STAG,NE,0) GO TO 1680
    XJ2 = J2
    IF(PDUM(1);GE,5; ,AND, XJ2,GE,PDUM(8) ,AND, PDUM(1),GE,XJ2)
    * GO TO 1680
    GO TO 1690
1680 WRITE(6,1161) I,M,1STAG,Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),CURV(M),CURVB(I),B(M)
1159 FORMAT(1H1)
1160 FORMAT (12H I M 1STAG,5X,1HZ,9X,1HR,4X,4HPHI1,4X,4HCURV,3X,
    * 5HCURVB,9X,1HB,5H J=,13)
1161 FORMAT (1X,I3,I4,I2,2F10,5,F8,4,2F8,5,F10,3)
1690 IF(I,GE,IB) GO TO 170
    M = MD
    GO TO 161
C   INDEX TO NEXT STREAMLINE SEGMENT
170 IF(MD) 172,180,172
172 IA = IB
    MA = M
C   I = IB
    ANGSAV= ANG(I)
    CURSAV= CURVB(I)
C   (TRANSFER TO 126 RATHER THAN 120 SINCE 1ST POINT, I=IA=IB, IS SAVE
    GO TO 126
C   STREAMLINE J2 HAS BEEN CURVE-FITTED, INDEX J2 TO NEXT SL,
180 J2DONE(J2)=1
    ANYJ2 = .TRUE.
    GO TO 187
C   END CONDITION INTERPOLATION NOT POSSIBLE, BYPASS THIS SL
186 ALLJ2 = .FALSE.
187 J2 = J2+1
    IF(J2,LE,NJ) GO TO 101
C   GO BACK FOR 2ND, 3RD PASS TO INTERPOLATE FOR CURVATURE AT PARTIAL S
    IF(.NOT,ALLJ2) GO TO 100

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C   S1=COORDINATE ON TOP OF T,E. IN /ADJWF/ FOR WAKE THICKNESS (TTPT)
    LF = LFO
301 IF(LF,GE,LFE) GO TO 402
    IF(JORDER(LF),LT,0) GO TO 320
    CALL STAX1(X1F(LF),,1,,X2F(LF),DUM,LXA)
    M = MLB(LXA)
    S1F(LF)=S1(M)
320 LF = LF+NFCOLS
    GO TO 301

```

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C   MODIFY WAKE TABLE FOR PROPER LENGTH
402 IF(NREFIN+INRCTR) 404,900,404
404 LF = LFO
406 IF(LF,GE,LFE) GO TO 900
    LW = LWO
410 IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 430
    IF(X2W(LW),EQ,X2F(LF)) GO TO 420
    LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
    GO TO 410
420 IF(LWNEXT(LW),NE,8) GO TO 430
    CALL STAX1(X1F(LF),X2F(LF),X2F(LF),LXB,LXA)
    IF(NREFIN+INRCTR=2) 422,424,424
422 BOT = ANGTE(LXB)=ANGTB(LXA)
    F = 1.
    GO TO 426
424 IF(PDUM(3)) 425,422,425
425 BOT = ANGEXP(LXB)=ANGEXP(LXA)
    F = PDUM(3)
426 WLEN = 2.*(DST(LW+3)-DST(LW+5))/AMAX1(BOT,,1)
    S1W(LW+2)=F*WLEN + (1.-F)*S1W(LW+2)
    S1W(LW+1)=.5*S1W(LW+2)
430 LF = LF+NFCOLS
    GO TO 406
900 RZONLY= ,TRUE.
    RETURN

```

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1148 FORMAT(0*** ITERATION FOR STAG PT LOCATION (J=I3,0)- ORTHOGONAL
+ITY COND REQUIRES PT TO MOVE OFF THE BOUNDARY.0/
+0 *** PRESENT LOCATION IS Z=F10,5,0 R=F10,5,0 (SLC)0)
1150 FORMAT(35H *** NEGATIVE L,E, CURVATURE= Z=F10,5,3X,2HR=F10,5,3
+X,4HANG=F10,3,3X,5HGURV=F12,6)
1155 FORMAT(29H *** SLC IS INTERCHANGING PTS,F11,5,1H,F10,5,6H AND,F1
+1,5,1H,F10,5,4H J=I3,5H, I=2I3)
    END

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*DECK SPC
 SUBROUTINE SPC
 *SPC--- SONIC POINT CURVATURE

©SPC©

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C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,TL
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
& DSS(4),TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /IXGRIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

```

DATA BELOW/5HBELOW/, ABOVE/5HABOVE/

```

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
L = LO

```

```

C CONVERT STAG PT FROM SOFT TO HARD (I.E. SET ADJACENT ISTAG TO 3)
C WHEN STAG VELOCITY IS LESS THAN HALF ADJACENT VELOCITY,

```

```

20 M = MLB(L)
MINC = 1
SIDE = ABOVE
22 CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG=1) 36,24,36
24 IF(MAJCTR) 26,36,26
26 MSV = M
M = M+MINC
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG=3) 28,36,28
28 IF(VM(MSV) < .5*VM(M)) 30,35,35
30 VM(MSV)= 0
ISTAG = 3
CALL SAVIX
WRITE (6,1034) SIDE,Z(MSV),R(MSV)
GO TO 36
35 M = MSV

```

```

36 IF(MINC) 38,37,37
37 MA = M

M = MUB(L)
MINC = 1
SIDE = BELOW
GO TO 22
38 MB = M

C RECOMPUTE NEAR SONIC PT CURVATURES BY LINEAR INTERPOLATION
C LOCATE SONIC POINT
50 IF(TSIC,EQ:0, .OR. SLSWI(L),EQ:0,) GO TO 140
M = MA+1
60 IF((B(M)+B(M-1))GE,0,) GO TO 65
CALL GETIX
IF(W(J),NE:0,) GO TO 70
65 M = M+1
IF(M,GT,MB) GO TO 140
GO TO 60

C F = FRACTIONAL DISTANCE TO SONIC LINE ABOVE PT (M-1)
70 F = B(M-1)/(B(M-1)+B(M))

C CALCULATION = INTERPOLATION JUNCTURE POINTS
DFX = AMIN1(TSIC,AMIN1(FLOAT(M-1)+MA)*F,FLOAT(MB+M+1)+F)
FX1 = F-DFX
FX2 = F+DFX
MX1 = M
MX2 = M
80 IF(FX1,GE,0, .OR. (MX1-1),LE,MA) GO TO 90
MX1 = MX1-1
FX1 = FX1+1
GO TO 80
90 IF(FX2,LE,1, .OR. MX2,GE,MB) GO TO 100
MX2 = MX2+1
FX2 = FX2-1
GO TO 90
100 SX1 = S2(MX1-1)+FX1*(S2(MX1)-S2(MX1-1))
SX2 = S2(MX2-1)+FX2*(S2(MX2)-S2(MX2-1))

C CALCULATE LINEAR VARIATION OF CURVATURE BET JUNCTURE PTS
CX1 = CURV(MX1-1)+FX1*(CURV(MX1)-CURV(MX1-1))
CX2 = CURV(MX2-1)+FX2*(CURV(MX2)-CURV(MX2-1))
MX = MX1
120 IF(MX,GE,MB) GO TO 65
CURV(MX) = (CX1*(SX2-S2(MX))+CX2*(S2(MX)-SX1))/(SX2-SX1)
MX = MX+1
GO TO 120

C INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
140 L = L+NEXT(L)
IF(L,LT,LESTA) GO TO 20

RETURN

1034 FORMAT(26X,24HISTAG#3 POINT INSERTED ,A5,10H L,E? OR CORNER AT?
+ 2F11,5)
END

```

```

*DECK STTOFI
SUBROUTINE STTOFI(L1,MD1)
*STTOFI          ADJUST THE STATION-TABLE POINTERS          *STTOFI*
C                TO THE FIELD-TABLE UPWARD BY MD1

C INPUT=
C L1          = FIRST STATION FOR WHICH POINTERS MUB(L),MLB(L) MUST BE A
C MD1        = INCREMENT TO BE ADDED TO MLB(L) AND MUB(L).
C                MUB(L),MLB(L) POINT TO THE FIELD-TABLE

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRAS,WRIOUT)
C MCL      = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL      = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),PLB(1),S1LB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),PUB(1),S1UB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SIHW(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),EGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGLE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,ITO,ITE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
&              LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),
&              MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNU,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&              LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

L          = L1
MD         = MD1
MUB(L)= MUB(L)+MD
IF((MUB(L)-MLB(L)).LT,MAXOL) GO TO 60
CALL ERROR1
60 L       = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L.GE,LESTA) GO TO 900
MLB(L)= MLB(L)+MD
MUB(L)= MUB(L)+MD
GO TO 60

900 RETURN
END

```

```
*DECK STCM  
OVERLAY(STC,4,0)  
PROGRAM STCM  
COMMON /CPRINT/ PPDUM(6),PDUM(20)  
CALL MCOEF  
CALL IAD  
RETURN  
END
```



```
◆DECK USECDM
  BLOCK DATA USECDM
◆USECDM      REPLACE STBM USE CARDS
COMMON /CA2  / A2(768)
COMMON /CA3  / A3(768)
COMMON /CA4  / A4(768)
COMMON /CA5  / A5(768)
COMMON /CA6  / A6(768)
COMMON /CA7  / A7(768)
COMMON /CA8  / A8(768)
END
```

*DECK ERROR
 SUBROUTINE ERROR1
 CEDUMPM EDUMP FOR STCM LINK

C STATION TABLE
 C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
 C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
 C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
 C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
 COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MWB(1),PRIM(1),
 1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
 1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
 & VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
 & ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
 & ANGEXP(1),BSDEXP(475)
 DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
 EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
 INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
 COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
 * LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),
 * MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
 * LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
 DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

C STREAMLINE TABLE
 COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
 INTEGER SLCHN
 COMMON /CA2 / A2(300)
 COMMON /CA3 / A3(300)
 COMMON /CA4 / A4(300)
 COMMON /CA5 / A5(300)
 COMMON /CA6 / A6(300)
 COMMON /CA7 / A7(300)
 COMMON /CA8 / A8(300)
 COMMON /CB / B(300)
 COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
 COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
 COMMON /CDDS2 / DDS2
 COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKB,SURSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
 1 XCHOKB, TAREA,VMBC, WROST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
 * JSUM,VMLBSQ

LOGICAL CHOKB,SURSON
 COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
 COMMON /CIDEXR/ C2(25)
 COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
 COMMON /CR / R(300)
 COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
 COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
 COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
 COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
 COMMON /CTQLRL/ C3(12)
 COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
 COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
 COMMON / CLINES / LINES, OMITFK, PTITLE(6)
 LOGICAL OMITFK
 COMMON /BLBDY / IBLB(60)

CALL TABPRT(3HCFB,L,33,4)
 CALL TABPRT(5HCIDEX,H,5,5)
 CALL TABPRT(6HCIDEXR,C2,25,5)

```

CALL TABPRT (6HCTDLRL,CS,6,6)
I1TAB = LQ
CALL TABPRT (6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
OMITFK = TRUE,
LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(NM)
WRITE ( 6,1200 )
DO 50 M=1,NM
CALL GETIX
WRITE ( 6,1201 ) J, M, MU, MD, ISTAG, S1(M), S2(M), Z(M), R(M),
1 PHI1(M), CURV(M), VM(M)
50 CONTINUE

WRITE (6,1000)
DO 100 I=1,NM
WRITE (6,1001) I, B(I), A2(I), A3(I), A4(I), A5(I), A6(I), A7(I), A8(I),
1 DS2(I), RHS(I)
100 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002) DBS2
1000 FORMAT (4H I M, 11X, 1HB, 10X, 2HA2, 10X, 2HA3, 10X, 2HA4, 10X, 2HA5, 10X,
1 2HA6, 10X, 2HA7, 10X, 2HA8, 9X, 3HDS2, 9X, 3HRHS)
1001 FORMAT (1H , I3, 8F12,3, 2F12,6)
1002 FORMAT(///8H DS2MX, F12,6)
1200 FORMAT (57X, 16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/98H J M MU MD I S1
1 S2 Z R PHI1 CURV S1
2M)
1201 FORMAT (1X, I3, 3I5, I2, 2F11,6, 2F12,6, F11,6, F12,7, F11,3)
IF( IBLB(I); NE, 0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY, IBLB, 60, 3)
IF( LDE, EQ, 0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(5HBLTAB, CHNAM, LDE, 3)
1321 CONTINUE
LSTOP = 5
GO TO (999, 999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN
END

```

*DECK MCOEF
 SUBROUTINE MCOEF
 *MCOEF= MATRIX COEFFICIENT

MCOEF

C INPUT=
 C W(J) = SL FLOW
 C S1(M) = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINES
 C B(M) = COEFFICIENT OF THE CURVATURE TERM
 C STATION TABLE

C OUTPUT=
 C A1(M),A2(M),,AB(M) = MATRIX COEFFICIENT ARRAYS M=1,NM

C STAR ARRANGEMENT IS -

C					A8		
C					A4	A5	A6
C		A1	A2	A3	A7		

C NOTE - A4 IS ALWAYS NEGATIVE EXCEPT FOR THE FIRST OF DOUBLE POINT
 C THEN A4(M)=1,, AB(M)=-1;

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSC, TSC,PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
& DAXIT,SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
  REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
  LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
  LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CA2 / A2(300)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(300)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(300)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(300)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(300)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(300)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(300)
  DIMENSION A0(300),A1(300)
  EQUIVALENCE (A0,A6),(A1,A5)
COMMON /CATM / NX, XDIM,G(25)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),Q1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,DFB(30)
COMMON /CFPINC/ GFF(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN
COMMON /CPI / P1,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDD(6),RDUM(10)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ DPTHOV(2),NODENS
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRMS / RMS(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS6 / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
& DSS(2),RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
  INTEGER SSFML
  LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,DUMTH(301)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CXG / X(6)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ IADUSE(768),LAM(96)

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      REAL          LAM
COMMON /IXORIG/  LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
&               LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
&               MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXQL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
&               LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
COMMON /SLTAB /  W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER      SLCHN
C   STATION TABLE
C   INDEX= L=LO, LESTA
C   SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF, BRHS, WR{OUT})
C   MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C   MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE, FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/  X1(1), LNEXT(1), ML3(1), MUB(1), PRIM(1),
1               TYPELB(1), NAMELB(1), ILB(1), FLB(1), SILB(1),
1               TYPEUB(1), NAMEUB(1), IUB(1), FUB(1), SIUB(1),
&               VMB(1), DWDV(1), X2CL(1), SL5W(1), MCL(1),
&               ANGTE(1), PTTE(1), PSTE(1), FGRTE(1), RGTE(1),
&               ANGEXP(1), BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION   CRVLE(1), ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE, DWDV), (CRVLE, ANGLE), (ANGLE, PTTE)
      INTEGER     PRIM, TYPELB, TYPEUB, SCHOKE(1)

      INTEGER     FIELD, FREE, FARFLD, PRES, OLBC
      LOGICAL     SLBDY, SUBDY

      DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/
      DATA FREE/4HFREE/, FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, PRES/4HPRES/, OLBC/4HOLBC/

C   BEGIN LOOP THROUGH THE STATIONS
      L = LO

C   BEGIN LOOP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES
800 MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      NK = MB-MA+1
      CALL SETM(1, 1, LAM, NK)
      IF (NTHKX.GT.1) CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA), R(MA), LAM, NK)
      MAM1 = MA-1
      M = MA
810 A2(M) = 0.
      A3(M) = 0.
      A4(M) = 0.
      A5(M) = 0.
      A6(M) = 0.
      A7(M) = 0.
      A8(M) = 0.
      MCENTR = M

C   INITIALIZE /CCUBE/ FOR CUFITR
      C1(1) = 0.
      C1(2) = 0.
      C2(1) = 0.
      C2(2) = 0.

C   CHECK FOR SPECIAL (FREE, PRES, OR FARFLD) BOUNDARY
      SLBDY = .FALSE.
      SUBDY = .FALSE.

```

```

      IF(M,NE,MA) GO TO 820
      IF(NODENS,GE,NREFIN) GO TO 818
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,FREE,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,FARFLD,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,FIELD,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,DLBG,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,RRES) SLBDY=,TRUE,
818 IF(,NOT,SLBDY) GO TO 825
820 IF(M,NE,MB) GO TO 826
      IF(NODENS,GE,NREFIN) GO TO 822
      IF(TYPEUB(L),EQ,FREE,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,FARFLD,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,FIELD,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,DLBG,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,RRES) SUBDY=,TRUE,
822 IF(SUBDY) GO TO 826

C     SOLID WALL BOUNDARY
825 A4(M) = -1;
      GO TO 980

C     INTERIOR POINT
C     BUILD X-TABLE OF DISTANCES TO NEIGHBORING POINTS ALONG THE STREAMLI
C     POINTS WITH ISTAG=3 ARE TO BE OMITTED.
C     SPECIAL END CONDITIONS ARE TO BE UTILIZED IF THE X-TABLE IS TERMI
C     BY A STAGNATION POINT
826 CALL GETIX
      JCENR= J
      ISTAGC= ISTAG
      X(4) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 4
      IC2 = 4
      NBC(1)= 2
      NBC(2)= 2
      C2(1) = 0.
      C2(2) = 0.
      MDOWN = MD

831 M = MU
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 831
      X(3) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 3
      IF(ISTAG,NE,0) GO TO 850
      IF(SSFML,LT,0,AND,B(MCENTR),GE,0.,AND,PDM(12),EQ,(-1.))
& GO TO 850

841 M = MU
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 841
      X(2) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 2

846 IF( B(MCENTR),GT,0, ) GO TO 850
      IF(ABS(SSFML),EQ,1 ) GO TO 850
      M = MU
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 846

```

```

      X(1) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 1

C   UPSTREAM STREAMLINE END CONDITION
850 IF(MU) 854,852,854
852 NBC(1)=NBCIN(1)
      FEND(1)=ACF(1)

C   DOWNSTREAM POINTS, BYPASS FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW
854 IF(B(MCENTR),LE,0,) GO TO 874
      MD = MDOWN
856 M = MD
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 870
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 856
      X(5) = S1(M)
      IC2 = 5
      IF(ISTAG,NE,0) GO TO 865
      IF(SSFML.LT,0 ,AND. PDUM(12),EQ,(-1,)) GO TO 865

861 M = MD
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 870
      CALL GETIX
C   IF(B(M),LE,0, ,AND. B(MU),LE,0,) GO TO 874
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 861
      X(6) = S1(M)
      IC2 = 6

C   SPECIAL DOWNSTREAM END CONDITIONS FOR LEADING EDGE STAGNATION POINT
865 IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 870
      NBC(2)= 4
      LL = 0
      CALL STAND(M,LL,UPPER)
      C1(2) = CRVLE(LL)
      FEND(2)=1,
      IF(ABS(PDUM(5)),GE,5,) FEND(2)=0,

C   DOWNSTREAM STREAMLINE END CONDITIONS
870 IF(MD) 878,872,878
872 NBC(2)=NBCIN(2)
      FEND(2)=ACF(2)
      GO TO 878

C   BOUNDARY CONDITION ON 4-POINT SUPERSONIC BEAM-CURVATURE FORMULA
874 FEND(2)=SSFEND
      FEND(1)=SSFND1
      NBC(2)= 0
      NBC(1)= 0

C   CALL CUBER TO OBTAIN SECOND ORDER DIFFERENCE FORMULA, D2(DN)/D(S1)2
C   ANSWERS ARE STORED IN G(IG,JG), JG=1,IG2=IG1+1, IG=MID POINT
878 NIC = IC2-IC1+1
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 880
      IF(NIC,LE,2) GO TO 906
      CALL CUBERS(X(IC1),NIC)
      GO TO 900

C   CALL CUFITR FOR INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS, DS2(3)=F(DS2(1),DS2(2),DS(4
C   FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINT(ISTAG=3)
880 CALL CUFITR(X(IC1),NIC,5-IC1)

```

```

C***DEFINE ALL COEFFICIENTS OF THE EQUATION FOR FIELD POINT M
C   IG   = 4-IC1+1
C   JG   = IC-IC1+1
C   IJG  = (JG-1)*5 + IG
C   IJG  = CENTER POINT INDEX IN G-ARRAY
900  IJG  = 25-IC1*6
      IF(PDUM(5),LE,0,) GO TO 904
      IF(ISTAGC,NE,3,AND,PDUM(5),EQ,3,) GO TO 904
      IF(PDUM(5),GE,4,AND,NBC(2),NE,4) GO TO 904
      WRITE (6,1904) JCENTR,MCENTR,IC1,IC2,IJG
1904  FORMAT(//3H J=13,9H MCENTR=13,7H IC1=13,7H IC2=13,6H IJG=13)
      CALL TABPRT(1HX,X(IC1),NIC,5)
      CALL TABPRT(5HCCUBE,NBC,8,8)
      CALL TABPRT(1HG,G,25,5)
904  CONTINUE

C   SET CORRECTION EQ DECELERATION FACTORS
906  M   = MCENTR
      IF(B(M),LT,0,) GO TO 908
      RHOWW = RHOW
      BUSE  = RHOC*B(M)
      GO TO 909
908  RHOWW = RHOWSS
      BUSE  = RHOCSS*B(M)

C   CHECK FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINT OR SPECIAL BOUNDARY
909  IF(.NOT,SLBDY,AND,.NOT,SUBDY,AND,ISTAGC,NE,3) GO TO 910
      GO TO 926

C   FIRST POINT OF A DOUBLE SL, CHECK W(JCENTR+1)
910  M   = MCENTR+1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(W(J),NE,0,) GO TO 915
      M   = MCENTR
      J   = JCENTR
      GO TO 926

C   POINTS 7, 8, AND 4
915  JP   = J
      MP   = M
      JM   = JCENTR
      M    = MCENTR-1
      IF(W(JCENTR),NE,0,) GO TO 920
      CALL GETIX
      JM   = J
      M    = MCENTR-2
920  CALL GETIX
      MM1  = M
      JM1  = J
      M    = MCENTR
      J    = JCENTR

      A7(M) = RHOWW/(W(JM)-W(JM1))
      A8(M) = RHOWW/(W(JP)-W(J))
      K    = M-MAM1
      A4(M) = LAM(K)*(-A7(M)-A8(M))
      A8(M) = LAM(K+1)*A8(M)
      K    = MM1-MAM1
      A7(M) = LAM(K)*A7(M)
      IF(.NOT,AXIA) GO TO 926
      A4(M) = TWOPI*R(M)*A4(M)

```


A7(M) = TWOPI*R(MM1)*A7(M)
A8(M) = TWOPI*R(M+1)*A8(M)

C POINTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, AND 6

926 IF(NIC.LE.2) GO TO 938
IF(IC1,NE.0) GO TO 930
930 GO TO (931,932,933,934)*IC1
931 A1(M) = BUSE*G(IJG-15)
932 A2(M) = BUSE*G(IJG-10)
933 A3(M) = BUSE*G(IJG-5)
934 A4(M) = BUSE*G(IJG)*A4(M)
IF(IC2=5) 938,935,936
936 A6(M) = BUSE*G(IJG+10)
935 A5(M) = BUSE*G(IJG+5)

C MODIFY INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS TO ACCOMMODATE DOUBLE STREAMLINE

C MX = DUMMY POINT

C MT = TRUE POINT

C MX IS THE FIRST POINT, EXCEPT FOR CASC PRG WITH UPPER OLBC,
C THEN MX IS THE SECOND POINT.

938 IF(W(J),NE.0,OR,SLBDY) GO TO 940
MT = M
MX = M-1
IF(TYPEUB(L),NE,OLBC) GO TO 9392
MT = M-1
MX = M

9392 IF(ISTAGC,EQ,3) GO TO 9394

A2(MT) = A2(M)+A2(M-1)
A3(MT) = A3(M)+A3(M-1)
A4(MT) = A4(M)+A4(M-1)
A5(MT) = A5(M)+A5(M-1)
A6(MT) = A6(M)+A6(M-1)
IF(MX,NE,M) GO TO 9394

C MX=M AND MT=M-1

A7(M-1) = A7(M)
A8(M-1) = A8(M)
RHSV = RHS(M-1)
RHS(M-1) = RHS(M)
A7(M) = -1;
A8(M) = 0;
RHS(M) = -RHSV
GO TO 9396

9394 A7(MX) = 0;
A8(MX) = -1;

9396 A2(MX) = 0;
A3(MX) = 0;
A4(MX) = 1;
A5(MX) = 0;
A6(MX) = 0.

C FREE, PRESSURE AND FAR-FIELD BOUNDARIES

C LOWER BOUNDARY

940 IF(ISTAGC,EQ,3) GO TO 980
IF(,NOT,SLBDY) GO TO 950
IF(,NOT,AXIA) GO TO 942
A4(M) = A4(M)-TWOPI*R(M)*LAM(1)
A8(M) = TWOPI*R(M+1)*LAM(2)
GO TO 980
942 A4(M) = A4(M)-LAM(1)
A8(M) = LAM(2)
IF(TYPELB(L),NE,FARFLD) GO TO 980

```

C STAREA= STREAM TUBE AREA
STAREA=R(M+1)-R(M)
IF(AXIA) STAREA=R[(R(M)+R(M+1))*STAREA
945 CALL FFINC
VQATSQ= VM(M)*VM(M)/(ATINF*ATINF)
BETA = 1.0*VQATSQ/(1.0+2*VQATSQ)
IF(BETA,GT;0;) GO TO 947
WRITE (6;1946) M
CALL ERROR$
947 BETA = SQRT(BETA)
BA = BETA*STAREA
A2(M) = A2(M)-BA*GFF(2)
A3(M) = A3(M)-BA*GFF(3)
A4(M) = A4(M)-BA*GFF(4)
A5(M) = A5(M)-BA*GFF(5)
A6(M) = A6(M)-BA*GFF(6)
GO TO 980

```

```

C UPPER BOUNDARY
950 IF(,NOT,SUBDY) GO TO 980
K = M-MAH1
IF(AXIA) GO TO 964
A4(M) = A4(M)-LAM(K)
A7(M) = LAM(K-1)
GO TO 966
964 A4(M) = A4(M)-TWQPI*R(M)*LAM(K)
A7(M) = TWQPI*R(M-1)*LAM(K-1)
966 IF(TYPEUB(L);NE;RARELD) GO TO 980
STAREA=R(M)-R(M-1)
IF(AXIA) STAREA=R[(R(M)+R(M-1))*STAREA
GO TO 945

```

```

980 M = MCENTR+1
IF(M;LE;MB) GO TO 820

```

```

C;...END LOOP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES

```

```

C INDEX TO NEXT STATION
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L;LT;LESTA) GO TO 800
C;...END LOOP THROUGH THE STATIONS
RETURN

```

```

1946 FORMAT(76H *** SORRY = SUPERSONIC VELOCITY ENCOUNTERED ON FAR FIE
&LD BOUNDARY AT POINT, IS. 9H (MCOEF))
END

```

```

*DECK ATDMRS
SUBROUTINE ATDMRS
*ATDMRS AUGMENTED TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX REDUCTION *ATDMRS*
C SMALL MATRIX VERSION

C GIVEN THE MATRIX EQUATION AX=BY,
C FIND G SO THAT X=GY,
C NOTE X AND Y ARE VECTORS,

C INPUT-
C A = TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX OF X
C B = TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX OF Y (STORED IN G=ARRAY)
C (OTHER OFF-DIAGONAL ELEMENTS MUST BE INITIALIZED TO ZERO)
C IDIM = FIRST SUBSCRIPT DIMENSION OF MATRIX B AND G
C N = ORDER OF MATRICES

C ORDER OF STORAGE IS ILLUSTRATED BY-
C A(2,1) A(3,1) A(1,1) B(1,1) B(1,2)
C A(1,2) A(2,2) A(3,2) B(2,1) B(2,2) B(2,3)
C A(1,3) A(2,3) A(3,3) B(3,2) B(3,3) B(3,4)
C (A(3,4)) A(1,4) A(2,4) B(4,3) B(4,4)

C OFF DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF B MUST BE SET TO ZERO

C OUTPUT-
C G = INVERSE(A) * B

COMMON /ERASE / A(3,100), DUM(500)
COMMON /CATM / N, IDIM, G(25)

C*** FORWARD REDUCTION
A(3,1)= A(3,1)/A(2,1)
G(1) = G(1)/A(2,1)
G(IDIM+1)=G(IDIM+1)/A(2,1)
I = 2

C SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(4,1) WHICH IS STORED IN A(1,1)
A(1,1)= A(1,1)/A(2,1)
QA2I = 1./(A(2,2)-A(1,2)*A(3,1))
A(3,2)= QA2I*(A(3,2)-A(1,2)*A(1,1))
GO TO 97

90 QA2I = 1./(A(2,I)-A(1,I)*A(3,I-1))
95 A(3,I)= QA2I*A(3,I)
97 J = 1
IJ = I
120 G(IJ) = QA2I*(G(IJ)-A(1,I)*G(IJ-1))
IF(J=1) 140,140,160
140 IF(J=N) 150,160,160
150 J = J+1
IJ = IJ+IDIM
GO TO 120
160 IF(I=N) 170,180,170
170 I = I+1

C SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(N,N-2) WHICH IS STORED IN A(3,N)
IF(I=N) 90,172,172
172 A(1,I)= A(1,I)-A(3,I)*A(3,I-2)
J = 1
IJ = I
178 G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(3,I)*G(IJ-2)
179 J = J+1

```

```
IJ = IJ>IDIM  
IF(J=1)178,90,90
```

```
C*** BACK SUBSTITUTION
```

```
180 I = I-1  
C IF(I) 900,900,190  
190 J = 1  
IJ = I
```

```
C SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(4,1) WHICH IS STORED IN A(1,17
```

```
192 IF(I=1) 900,195,200  
195 G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(I,1)*G(IJ+2)
```

```
200 G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(I,I)*G(IJ+1)  
IF(J,EQ,N) GO TO 180  
J = J+1  
IJ = IJ>IDIM  
GO TO 192
```

```
900 RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK CUBE
SUBROUTINE CUBE(X,Y,NN,B)
*CUBE= FIT A SERIES OF CUBICS TO POINTS
* END CONDITIONS ARE ARBITRARY
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),B(10)

C ON ENTRY -
C X,Y = LISTS OF COORDINATES
C N = NO. OF POINTS (N,GE,2)

C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY - IN COMMON/CCUBE/ -
C NBC(L)= BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)
C = 0, 1, OR 2
C YP(L) = FIRST DERIVATIVE IF NBC(L)=1
C YPP(L) = SECOND DERIVATIVE IF NBC(L)=2

C ON RETURN.
C B(I) = FIRST DERIVATIVE AT POINT I (I=1,N)

COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),YP(2),YPP(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CCUBIC/ N,IA,IB
COMMON /ERASE / A(3;266),DRASE(2)

LOGICAL PARAB

C INITIALIZE
N = NN
IA = 2
IB = N-1
DX1 = X(2)-X(1)
DY1 = Y(2)-Y(1)
DXN = X(N)-X(N-1)
DYN = Y(N)-Y(N-1)
C NOTE DXN IS THE DELTA X FOR THE (N-1) INTERVAL, DXNM1 WOULD BE
C MORE PRECISE SYMBOL.

C A STRAIGHT LINE IS USED FOR N=2 IF NBC(1)=NBC(2)=0
NBCS = NBC(1)+NBC(2)
IF(N,GT,2 ;OR, NBCS,GT,0) GO TO 80
B(1) = (Y(2)-Y(1))/(X(2)-X(1))
B(2) = B(1)
GO TO 900

C CHECK IF PARABOLA (F≠0) SHOULD BE USED
80 PARAB = (N,EQ,2 ;AND, (NBC(1)+NBC(2)),EQ,0) ;OR,
1 (N,EQ,3 ;AND, NBCS,EQ,0)

C NBC=01, Y AND YP SPECIFIED
C LEFT END
110 IF(NBC(1),NE,01) GO TO 120
A(2,1) = 1.
A(3,1) = 0.
B(1) = YP(1)
C RIGHT END
120 IF(NBC(2),NE,01) GO TO 210
A(1,N) = 0.
A(2,N) = 1.
B(N) = YP(2)

C NBC=02, Y AND YPP SPECIFIED
C LEFT END

```

```

210 IF(NBC(1);NE;0) GO TO 220
    A(2,1) = 4;
    A(3,1) = 2;
    B(1) = 6.*DY1/DX1 + YPR(1)*DX1
C   RIGHT END
220 IF(NBC(2);NE;0) GO TO 310
    A(1,N) = 2;
    A(2,N) = 4;
    B(N) = YPP(2)*DXN + 6.*DYN/DXN
C   NBC=0,   YPPP = F + YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C   LEFT END
310 IF(NBC(1);NE;0) GO TO 320
    A(2,1) = 1;
    A(3,1) = 1;
    B(1) = 2.*DY1/DX1
    IF(PARAB) GO TO 320
    DX2 = X(3)-X(2)
    DY2 = Y(3)-Y(2)
    DX1DX2 = DX1/DX2
    A(2,1) = A(2,1) + FEND(1)*DX1DX2
    A(3,1) = A(3,1) + FEND(1)*DX1DX2*(2.*DX1DX2)
    B(1) = B(1) + FEND(1)*(3.*DY1*DY2+DX1DX2+DX1DX2)/DX2
C   RIGHT END
320 IF(NBC(2);NE;0) GO TO 500
    A(1,N) = 1;
    A(2,N) = 1;
    B(N) = 2.*DYN/DXN
    IF(PARAB) GO TO 500
    DXM = X(N-1)-X(N-2)
    DYM = Y(N-1)-Y(N-2)
    DXNDXM = DXN/DXM
    A(1,N) = A(1,N) + FEND(2)*DXNDXM*(2.*DXNDXM)
    A(2,N) = A(2,N) + FEND(2)*DXNDXM
    B(N) = B(N) + FEND(2)*(3.*DYN*DYM+DXNDXM+DXNDXM)/DXM

500 CALL CUBTCS(X,Y,B)

900 RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK CUBERS
SUBROUTINE CUBERS(X,NN)
*CUBERS      YPP IN TERMS OF Y          *CUBERS*
C           FOR CUBIC SPLINE EQUATIONS

C           SPECIAL SMALL MATRIX VERSION WITH END CONDITIONS FOR *STC

      DIMENSION      X(10)

C ON ENTRY =
C X          = LIST OF DISTANCES
C NN         = NO. OF POINTS (N,GE,3)

C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY = IN COMMON/CCUBE/ =
C NBC(L) = BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)
C         = 0 IF FEND(L) IS SPECIFIED
C         = 1 FOR YR(L)=0,
C         = 2 FOR YRP(L)=0,
C         = 4 FOR YR(L)=-C1(L)*Y(L) AND YPPP(L)=FEND(L)*YPPP(NEXT
C FEND(L) = END/NEXT TO END VALUE OF YPPP IF NBC(L)=0

C ON RETURN=
C G(I,J) = MATRIX DEFINED BY C=GY WHERE G IS A VECTOR OF SECOND DER

COMMON /CATM / N, IDIM, B(5,5)
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2), C1(2), C2(2), FEND(2)
COMMON /ERASE / A(3,266), DRASE(2)

C***DEFINE COEFFICIENT MATRICIES *A* AND *B*, WHERE A*YPP=B*Y

C INITIALIZE
N      = NN
F1     = FEND(1)
F2     = FEND(2)
IF(N=3) 60,65,70
60 CALL ERROR1
65 F1    = 0.
F2     = 0.
70 CALL SETM(2,0,, A,15, B,25)
DX1    = X(2)-X(1)
DX2    = X(3)-X(2)
DXM    = X(N=1)-X(N=2)
DXN    = X(N)-X(N=1)
C NOTE *DXN* IS THE DELTA X FOR THE (N=1) INTERVAL, DXNM1 WOULD BE
C MORE PRECISE SYMBOL,
IA     = 2
IB     = N-1

C NBC=01, YP=0;
C LEFT END
110 IF(NBC(1),NE,01) GO TO 120
A(2,1) = DX1+DX1
A(3,1) = DX1
B(1,2) = 6./DX1
B(1,1) = -B(1,2)
C RIGHT END
120 IF(NBC(2),NE,01) GO TO 210
A(1,N) = DXN
A(2,N) = DXN+DXN
B(N,N=1) = 6./DXN
B(N,N) = -B(N,N=1)

```

```

C   NBC=02, YPP=0,
C   LEFT END
210 IF(NBC(1);NE;02) GO TO 220
    A(2,1)= 1.
C   RIGHT END
220 IF(NBC(2);NE;02) GO TO 310
    A(2,N)= 1.

C   NBC=0, YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C   LEFT END
310 IF(NBC(1);NE;0) GO TO 320
    A(1,1)= F1*DX1
    A(2,1)= DX2
    A(3,1)= -DX2-A(1,1)
C   RIGHT END
320 IF(NBC(2);NE;0) GO TO 410
    A(3,N)= F2*DXN
    A(2,N)= DXM
    A(1,N)= -DXM-A(3,N)

C   NBC=04, YP=C1*Y AND YPPP=F*YPPP(NEXT TO END)
C   LEFT END
410 IF(NBC(1);NE;04) GO TO 420
    CALL ERROR1
C   RIGHT END
420 IF(NBC(2);NE;04) GO TO 500
    A(2,N)= 1.
    IB = N-2
    ADXN = C1(2)*DXN
    C1PAD = 1./ADXN
    A(1,N-1)= DXM + F2*DXN*DXN/DXM*(3./ADXN)/C1PAD
    A(2,N-1)= A(1,N-1)*DXM+3./DXN*(2./ADXN)/C1PAD
    B(N-1,N-2)=6./DXM
    B(N-1,N-1)=6.*(1./DXM+C1(2)/C1PAD)

C   CUBIC RECURSION FORMULA BASED ON MATCHING YP AND YPP
500 IF(IB,LT;IA) GO TO 600
    DO 550 I=IA,IB
    A(1,I)=X(I)-X(I-1)
    A(3,I)=X(I+1)-X(I)
    A(2,I)=2.*(A(1,I)+A(3,I))
    B(I,I-1)=6./A(1,I)
    B(I,I+1)=6./A(3,I)
550 B(I,I)=B(I,I-1)+B(I,I+1)

C***DETERMINATION OF QG BY MATRIX REDUCTION; YPP=G*Y
600 IDIM = 5
    CALL ATDMRS

900 RETURN
    END

```



```

*DECK CUBICS
SUBROUTINE CUBICS(X,Y,B)
*CUBICS      SERIES OF CUBICS FIT TO COORDINATE POINTS      *CUBICS*
DIMENSION X(100), Y(100), B(100)

C   INPUT=
C   X(I),Y(I)
C   A(1,I),A(2,I),A(3,I),B(I)  I=(IA=1) AND I=(IB+1),N (I,E,B,C
C   IA,IB  RANGE IN WHICH THE COEFFICIENT MATRIX AND CONSTANT VECTOR
C           BE DEFINED BY EQUATIONS FOR MATCHING YP AND YPP,
C   1,N    RANGE OF X,Y, AND B

C   OUTPUT
C   B(I)   SLOPE AT X(I)

COMMON /CCUBIC/ N,IA,IB
COMMON /ERASE / A(3,200), DRASE(2)

C   SET UP TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX A AND VECTOR B, ORDER OF
C   STORAGE IS ILLUSTRATED BY *
C       A(2,1)      A(3,1)      B(1)
C       A(1,2)      A(2,2)      A(3,2)      B(2)
C               A(1,3)      A(2,3)      A(3,3)      B(3)
C               A(1,4)      A(2,4)      B(4)

C   I       = POINTS AT WHICH YP AND YPP ARE MATCHED
C   IA,IB   = LIMITS OF I

IF( (IB.LT.1) .OR. (IA.GT.100) ) GO TO 100
DO 70 I=IA,IB
A(1,I)= X(I+1)-X(I)
A(3,I)= X(I)-X(I-1)
A(2,I)= 2*(A(1,I)+A(3,I))
70 B(I) = 3*(Y(I+1)-Y(I))*A(3,I)/A(1,I)+(Y(I)-Y(I-1))*A(1,I)/A(3,I)
1

C   ROUTINE YDSEQ = TRIDIAGONAL SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C   SOLUTION TO AX=B, ON RETURN SOLUTION VECTOR X IS STORED IN B.
100 A(3,1)= A(3,1)/A(2,1)
B(1) = B(1)/A(2,1)
DO 150 I=2,N
A(2,I)= A(2,I)-A(1,I)*A(3,I-1)
A(3,I)= A(3,I)/A(2,I)
150 B(I) = (B(I)-A(1,I)*B(I-1)) / A(2,I)

I = N
200 I = I-1
IF(I.LE.0) GO TO 900
B(I) = B(I)-A(3,I)*B(I+1)
GO TO 200

900 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK CUFIT
SUBROUTINE CUFIT(X,Y,NPTS, NEW, XC,YC,NXC,ND, B)
*CUFIT*
C INTEGRATE, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES, 1ST, OR, 2ND DERIVAT
C BY A CUBIC SPLINE CURVE FIT

```

```

LOGICAL NEW
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10), B(10)
C NOTE, THE DIMENSION *10* DOES NOT NEED TO AGREE WITH THE CALLING

```

```

C INPUT-
C X, Y PTS, ON CURVE
C NPTS NO, OF X
C NEW =1 (,TRUE,) TO FIT CURVE, =0 (,FALSE,) TO USE LAST FIT
C XC LIST OF X AT WHICH CALC TO BE DONE
C YC(1) INTEGRATION CONSTANT IF ND=-1
C NXC NO, OF XC
C ND =0 TO GET COORD, =1 OR 2 TO GET 1ST OR SECOND DERIV,
C =-1 FOR INTEGRATION
C OUTPUT
C YC COORDINATE OR DERIVATIVE AT XC OR
C YC(IC)= INTEGRAL(Y*DX) FROM XC(1) TO XC(IC) WHERE IC=2,NXC
C B(I) FIRST DERIVAT AT POINT I (I=1,N)

```

```

C NOTES-
C *X* MAY BE IN EITHER ASCENDING OR DESCENDING ORDER,
C FOR INTEGRATION *XC* MUST BE IN THE SAME ORDER AS *X*, FOR INTERP
C NO SPECIAL ORDER IS REQUIRED;

```

LOGICAL WITHIN

```

C FIT THE CUBIC SPLINE
IF(.NOT.NEW) GO TO 100
CALL CUBE(X,Y,NPTS, B)

```

```

C INTERPOLATE
100 I = 1
DO 150 IC=1,NXC

```

```

C LOCATE APPROPRIATE INTERVAL
WITHIN=.FALSE.
NCOUNT=NPTS
N = NCOUNT-1
101 NCOUNT=NCOUNT-1
IF(NCOUNT,EQ,0) GO TO 120

```

```

F = (XC(IC)-X(I)) / (X(I+1)-X(I))
IF(F,GE,0.) GO TO 110

```

```

C F,LT,0,
IF(I,EQ,1) GO TO 125
IF(ND,EQ,(=1)) GO TO 120
I = I-1
GO TO 101

```

```

110 IF(F,LE,1.) GO TO 125

```

```

C F,GT,1,0
IF(I,EQ,N) GO TO 125
IF(ND,EQ,(=1)) GO TO 126
112 I = I+1

```

```

GO TO 101

120 CALL ERROR1

C   PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS FOR INTERPOLATION OR INTEGRATION
125 WITHIN=,TRUE;
126 DX   = X(I+1)-X(I)
      DY   = Y(I+1)-Y(I)
      D    = (B(I)+B(I+1)-2,*DY/DX)/(DX*DX)
      C    = (3,*DY/DX-(2,*B(I)+B(I+1)))/DX
      XD   = XC(IC)-X(I)
      L    = ND+2
      GO TO (130,140,141,142),L

C   ND=-1, INTEGRATE
130 IF(,NOT,WITHIN) XD=DX
      S1  = (Y(I) + (B(I))/2, + (C/3, + D/4,*XD)*XD)*XD
      IF(WITHIN) GO TO 135
C   *I IS BEING INCREMENTED TO FIND APPROPRIATE INTERVAL, HENCE,
C   CUMULATE THE INTEGRAL OF THE ITH INTERVAL,
      SA  = SA + S1
      GO TO 112
C   APPROPRIATE INTERVAL FOUND, X(I)-XC(IC)-X(I+1)
135 IF(IC,EQ,1) SA=Y(I)-S1
      IF(IC,NE,1) YC(IC)=SA+S1
      GO TO 150

C   ND=0, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
140 YC(IC)= Y(I) + (B(I) + (C + D*XD)*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C   ND=1, FIRST DERIVATIVE
141 YC(IC)= B(I) + (2,*C + 3,*D*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C   ND=2, SECOND DERIVATIVE
142 YC(IC)= 2,*C + 6,*D*XD

150 CONTINUE

      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK CUFITR
SUBROUTINE CUFITR(X,NIC,IMID)
*CUFITR      TEMPORARY ROUTINE FOR
C            DETERMINING INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
C            FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINTS
C            WHICH TERMINATE *PARTIAL ORTHOGONALS*

```

CUFITR

```

    DIMENSION X(4)

```

```

    COMMON /CATM / NX,XDIM,G(5,5)
    DIMENSION      Y(4),B(4)

```

```

    X3      = X(IMID)

```

```

C    SHIFT X-ELEMENTS ABOVE *IMID* TO THE LEFT
    NMOVE = NIC-IMID
    CALL MOVER(X(IMID+1),X(IMID),NMOVE,1)

```

```

    NI = NIC = 1
    DO 60 I=1,NI
    DO 50 II=1,NI
50 Y(II) = 0.
    Y(I) = 1.
60 CALL CUFITR(X,Y,NIC=1, ,TRUE, , X3,G(IMID+1),1,0,B)

```

```

C    SHIFT G(IMID,I) TO THE RIGHT FOR I,GT,IMID
    I = NI
70 G(IMID,I+1) = G(IMID,I)
    I = I-1
    IF(I,GE,IMID) GO TO 70
    G(IMID,IMID)=-1.
    RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK FFINC
SUBROUTINE FFINC
CFFINC INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY -FFINC*
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,DFB(30)
COMMON /CFFINC/ GFF(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ DM(4),ZDN1,ZDN25
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

C
1 M = MB
CALL GETIX
QDS1 = 2/(S1(MB)-S1(MU))
C COMPUTE INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
GFF(2) = 0.
GFF(6) = 0.
IF( MU.EQ.0 .OR. MD.EQ.0 ) GO TO 20
GFF(3) = -.865*QDS1
GFF(4) = -2.*GFF(3)
GFF(5) = GFF(3)

GO TO 2
20 GFF(3) = 0.
GFF(5) = 0.
IF( MD.EQ.0 ) GO TO 25
DS1 = S1(MD)-S1(M)
GFF(5) = -.865/DS1
ZL = Z(M)-ZDN1
RATIO = ((ZL-DS1)/ZL)**2
GFF(4) = GFF(5)*(RATIO-2.)
GO TO 2
25 DS1 = S1(M)-S1(MU)
GFF(3) = -.865/DS1
ZL = ZDN25-Z(M)
RATIO = ((ZL-DS1)/ZL)**2
GFF(4) = GFF(3)*(RATIO-2.)
2 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK DUP3
SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D          LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION          *LFIT2D*
C              IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
C              DIMENSION      X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

```

```

C INPUT-
C X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C NXY      = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C NXT      = NUMBER OF XT
C NYT      = NUMBER OF YT
C XT       = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C YT       = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C T        = TABLE OF VALUES
C NOTE     = NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NYT, ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C          YT(NYT) • T(3)      T(6)      T(NXT*NYT)
C          YT(2)  • T(2)      T(5)      T(8)
C          YT(1)  • T(1)      T(4)      T(7)
C          -----
C          XT(1)   XT(2)     XT(NXT)

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C TO       = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

COMMON /CTWICK/ NXT, NYT, XT(20), YT(20), T(78)
COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400), T1(200), T2(200)

```

```

C FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
I      = 1
M      = 1
ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT = 0
105 IF(X(M),LT,XT(1)) GO TO 110
   IF(X(M),GT,XT(I+1)) GO TO 120
   F    = (X(M)-XT(I))/(XT(I+1)-XT(I))
   GO TO 150
110 IF(I,EQ,1) GO TO 140
   I    = I-1
   GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1),GE,NXT) GO TO 145
   I    = I+1
125 NCOUNT = NCOUNT+1
   IF(NCOUNT,GT,NXT) CALL ERROR1
   GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
   GO TO 150
145 F      = 1.

```

```

C INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I,EQ,ISV) GO TO 160
   IJ2 = I*NYT+1
   IJ1 = IJ2-NYT
   CALL LFIY1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT, Y,T1,NXY)
   CALL LFIY1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT, Y,T2,NXY)
   ISV = I

```

```

C INTERPOLATE WRT X
160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

M      = M+1
IF(M,LE,NXY) GO TO 100

```

```
C:.. END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONS TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY  
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK SS5PT1
SUBROUTINE SS5PT1(XX,G)
*SS5PT1 SUPERSONIC 5-PT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS @SS5PT1@
DIMENSION XX(5),G(25)

C INPUT=
C XX = STREAMWISE DISTANCE OF FOUR POINTS, XX(1)...X(4)

C OUTPUT=
C G = CHANGE IN SECOND DERIVATIVE, D2YDX2, PER UNIT CHANGE IN
C YY(0);:Y(4)

COMMON /CS5PT/ X(4),Y(4), X21,X31,X32,X41,X42,X43, A0,A1,A2,A3,A4

C X(0) = 0.
DO 65 I=1,4
65 X(I) = XX(I+1)-XX(I)
CALL SS5PT
G(5) = A0
G(10) = A1
G(15) = A2
G(20) = A3
G(25) = A4
RETURN
END

```



```

*DECK IAD
SUBROUTINE IAD
* IAD      IMPLICIT ALTERNATING DIRECTION ROUTINE--STC      -IAD-
C
C INPUT
C MLB,MUB,LO,LNEXT--STATION TABLE
C B(M) = INDICATOR (B,GT,0=SUBSONIC) (B,LE,0 => SUPERSONIC)
C A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,A7,A8 = INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
C RHS(M) = RIGHT HAND SIDES OF MATRIX EQUATION
C A4(M) = 1, FOR FIRST POINT OF DOUBLE STREAMLINE
C IADM = -1  LINE RELAXATION ALONG STREAMLINE
C IADM = 0  ALTERNATING ORTHOGONAL, STREAMLINE RELAXATION
C IADM = 1  LINE RELAXATION ALONG ORTHOGONAL

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGLE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /CA2 / A2(768)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(768)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(768)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(768)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(768)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(768)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(768)
DIMENSION A0(300),A1(300)
EQUIVALENCE (A0,A6),(A1,A5)
COMMON /CB / B(768)
COMMON /CDPS2 / DDS2
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(768)
COMMON /CIDEX / MM2,JS,M1,MDN,ISTAG
COMMON /CIDEXR/ M,MJ1(4),M3,MJ2(4),M5,MJ4(4),M2,MJ5(4),M6,MJ6(4)
COMMON /CLBL / LBL,LSS(2),LBLDUM(5)
LOGICAL LBL
COMMON /CM / JMS(768)
COMMON / CMAX4 / ES2MAX, ZMX, RMX, DS2MAX, LDUMY
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,NREFIN,DUMIT(2)
COMMON /CPI / PI,DUMPI(5)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(6),PRT(20)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(768)
COMMON /CSS / $SFML,$SEF,$SEANG,$SDF,$SFEND,$SFND1
1 $SDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
INTEGER $SFML
LOGICAL $SEF, $SDF, $SDLE
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLES2,NSWP,DTOLRL(6),
* $G1MIN,TOLINR
COMMON /ERASE2/ AA4(128),AA8(128),BB(128),A41(128),A42(128),
* MSAVE(128),DRASE(732)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

```

* DIMENSION LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
 LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

```

C INITIALIZE DS2 TO 0. NSWP=0
  CALL SETM(1,0.,DS2,NM)
  NSWP = 0
  ASSIGN 235 TO LGO
  ALIM = SQRT( FLOAT(NM) )
  LIMSWP = MAXSWP - IFIX(ALIM) - 2
  FNM = 1./ALIM
  CLENX = 4.*SG1MIN
  ITYPE = IADM+2
  XXK = 0.
  RHO = RHOBAS

C LOOP TO SWEEP THROUGH STATIONS
  LSTART = LO
  LEND = LESTA
  IF( .NOT. LBL ) GO TO 1
  IF( LSS(2) EQ 0 .OR. LSS(2),LT,LSS(1) ) RETURN
C SET LIMITS FOR LINE BY LINE SUPERSONIC SOLUTION
  ITYPE = 2
  LSTART = LSS(1)
  LEND = LSS(2)+1
1 L = LSTART
  DS2MX = 0.
  DDS2 = 0.
  IF( RHOAMP EQ 0. ) GO TO 1111

C COMPUTE RHO = ITERATION FACTOR
  XXK = XXK+1.
  IF( XXK GE ALIM ) XXK=1.
  TSIN = SIN(.5*XXK*PI+FNM)
  RHO = RHOBAS+2.*RHOAMP*TSIN**2
1111 RHO1 = 1./RHO
  GO TO (200,2,2) , ITYPE
C LOOP ACROSS STREAMLINES
2 MA = MLB(L)
  MB = MUB(L)
  IF(NSWP,GE,LIMSWR) PDUM(3)=1.
  M = MA
3 K = 0
4 K = K+1

C BUILD COEFFICIENT TABLES FOR TDSEQ ON ORTHOGONAL
C GET M2,M3,M5,M6 INDICES
  CALL GETRLX
C CALCULATE MODIFIED RIGHT HAND SIDES
  IF( B(M) LE 0. ) GO TO 20

C SUBSONIC BRANCH
10 AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
  AA42 = A4(M)-AA41
  BB(K) = RHS(M)-(A2(M)*DS2(M2)+A3(M)*DS2(M3)+RHO1*AA41*DS2(M)
  *
  +A5(M)*DS2(M5)+A6(M)*DS2(M6))
  AA4K = AA42+RHO*AA41
  GO TO 30

C SUPERSONIC BRANCH *****GET INDEX** M1

```

```

C   SPECIAL 5 POINT CUBIC== SSFML=3, PICK UP A0
20 M1      = M2
21 MM2     = M1
   CALL GETIX
   IF( M1, EQ, 0 ) M1=M
   IF( IFLAG, EQ, 3 ) GO TO 21
   M1SAV = M1
25 MM2     = M1
   CALL GETIX
   IF( M1, EQ, 0 ) M1=M
   IF( IFLAG, EQ, 3 ) GO TO 25
   M0      = M1
   M1      = M1SAV
   AA41    = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A1(M)+A0(M))
   AA42    = A4(M)-AA41
   BB(K)   = RHS(M)-(A1(M)*DS2(M1)+A2(M)*DS2(M2)+A3(M)*DS2(M3)+RHO1*
   *        AA41*DS2(M) +A0(M)*DS2(M0))
   AA4K    = AA42+RHO*AA41
   IF(SSFML, EQ, 3) GO TO 29

```

```

C   TRIDIAGONAL DECOMPOSITION
C   IF A6(M)=0, ADJUST LOCALLY TO RHO=1
30 IF( A6(M), NE, 0, ) GO TO 31
29 BB(K) = BB(K)+RHO1*AA41*DS2(M)
   AA4K = AA4K+RHO1*AA41
31 IF( K, GE, 2 ) GO TO 50
   AA8(K) = A8(M)/AA4K
   BB(K) = BB(K)/AA4K
   GO TO 61

```

```

C   FORWARD DECOMPOSITION
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR 2-ND OF DOUBLE POINTS
50 IF( A4(M), NE, 1, ) GO TO 51
   GO TO 60
51 IF( A4(M=1), NE, 1, ) GO TO 60
   IF( B(M), LE, 0, ) GO TO 52
   AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
   GO TO 53
52 AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A1(M))
53 AA42 = A4(M)-AA41
   AA4K = AA42+RHO*AA41
   IF( A6(M), EQ, 0, .OR. (B(M), LE, 0, .AND. SSFML, EQ, 3 ) )
   *AA4K = AA4K+RHO1*AA41
   AA4K = 1./((AA4K+A7(M)*AA8(K=1)*AA8(K=2))
   AA8(K) = A8(M)*AA4K
   BB(K) = (BB(K)-A7(M)*(BB(K=2)-AA8(K=2)*BB(K=1)))*AA4K
   GO TO 61
60 AA4K = 1./((AA4K+A7(M)*AA8(K=1))
   AA8(K) = A8(M)*AA4K
   BB(K) = (BB(K)-A7(M)*BB(K=1))*AA4K
61 IF( M, GE, MB ) GO TO 62
   M = M+1
   GO TO 4
62 DS2(M) = BB(K)

```

```

C   BACK SUBSTITUTION
70 M      = M-1
   K      = K-1
   IF( M, LT, MA ) GO TO 100
   BB(K) = BB(K)-AA8(K)*BB(K+1)

```

```

C   CALCULATE DDS2,DS2MX
    IF ( ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) ) ,LT, DDS2 ) GO TO 75
    MDSS2 = M
    DDS2 = ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) )
75  DS2(M) = BB(K)
    DS2MX = AMAX1( DS2MX,ABS(DS2(M)) )
    GO TO 70

C   INDEX TO NEXT STATION
100 IF( DS2MX,GT,CLENX ) CALL ERROR1
    L = L+LNEXT(L)
    IF( L,LT,LEND ) GO TO 2
C   INCREMENT SWEEP COUNTER
    NSWP = NSWP+1
    IF( PDUM(3),NE,0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HDS2=A,DS2,NM,NJ)
    IF( PDUM(3),NE,0 ) WRITE (6,999) DDS2,MDSS2,DS2MX,RHO
999 FORMAT(/,6X,5HDDS2=,1PE16,8,6X,7HMDSS2=,1I4,6X,6HDS2MX=,E16,8,
1 6X,4HRHO=,ORF12,8//)
    IF( IADM,EQ,1 ,OR, LBL ) GO TO 321

C   LOOP TO SWEEP CROSS-STREAM ALONG STREAMLINES
C   NOTE** IFLAG=3 POINTS ARE SKIPPED
200 J2 = NJ
    DS2MX = 0.
202 M = MBEGIN(J2)
C   CONSTRUCT MATRIX COEFFICIENTS ALONG STREAMLINE
    K = 0
203 K = K+1
C   GET INDICES M2,M3,M5,M6
205 MSAVE(K) = M
    CALL GETRLX
C   IF B(M),LE,0, =-(SUPERSONIC) SUBTRACT A1*DS2(M1) FROM BB
C   IF SSFML,EQ,3 ALSO SUBTRACT A0*DS2(M0) FROM BB
    A41K = (A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
    IF( B(M),LE,0, ) A41K = A41K+A5(M)+A6(M)
    A42K = A4(M)-A41K
    AA4K = A41K+RHO*A42K
    MDB = M-1
    IF( A4(M=1),EQ,1 ) MDB = M-2
    BB(K) = RHS(M) = (A7(M)*DS2(MDB)+RHO1*A42K*DS2(M)
*          +A8(M)*DS2(M+1))
    IF( B(M),GT,0, ) GO TO 206
2051 M1 = M2
    MM2 = M1
    CALL GETIX
    IF( M1,EQ,0 ) M1 = M
    IF( IFLAG,EQ,3 ) GO TO 2051
    M1SAV = M1
2052 MM2 = M1
    CALL GETIX
    IF( M1,EQ,0 ) M1 = M
    IF( IFLAG,EQ,3 ) GO TO 2052
    M0 = M1
    M1 = M1SAV
    BB(K) = BB(K) - A1(M)*DS2(M1) - A0(M)*DS2(M0)

C   PENTA-DIAGONAL MATRIX-- DECOMPOSITION
C   ADJUST TO RHO=1 IF A7(M) ≠ 0.
206 IF( A7(M),NE,0, ) GO TO 207
    BB(K) = BB(K) + RHO1*A42K*DS2(M)

```

```

AA4K = AA4K+RHO1*A42K
207 IF( K,GT,2 ) GO TO 220
GO TO (208,210) : K
208 CM = 1./AA4K
A41(K) = A5(M)*CM
IF( B(M),LE,0. ) A41(K) = 0.
A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
IF( B(M),LE,0. ,AND, SSFML,EQ,3 ) A42(K) = 0.
BB(K) = BB(K)*CM
GO TO 225
210 CM = 1./ (AA4K+A3(M)*A41(K-1))
A41(K) = (A5(M)-A3(M)*A42(K-1))*CM
IF( B(M),LE,0. ) A41(K) = A41(K)-A5(M)*CM
A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
IF( B(M),LE,0. ,AND, SSFML,EQ,3 ) A42(K) = A42(K)-A6(M)*CM
BB(K) = (BB(K)-A3(M)*BB(K-1))*CM
GO TO 225
220 CMA = A3(M)-A2(M)*A41(K-2)
CM = 1./ (AA4K+A2(M)*A42(K-2)-CMA*A41(K-1))
A41(K) = (A5(M)-CMA*A42(K-1))*CM
IF( B(M),LE,0. ) A41(K) = A41(K)-A5(M)*CM
A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
IF( B(M),LE,0. ,AND, SSFML,EQ,3 ) A42(K) = A42(K)-A6(M)*CM
BB(K) = (BB(K)-A2(M)*BB(K-2)-CMA*BB(K-1))*CM
225 IF( M5,EQ,M ) GO TO 230
M = M5
GO TO 203

```

C BACK-SUBSTITUTION LOOP

```

230 ASSIGN 231 TO JGO
GO TO 250
231 K = K-1
ASSIGN 240 TO JGO
BB(K) = BB(K)-A41(K)*BB(K+1)
M = MSAVE(K)
GO TO 250
240 K = K-1
M = MSAVE(K)
IF( K,LT,1 ) GO TO 300
BB(K) = BB(K)-A41(K)*BB(K+1)-A42(K)*BB(K+2)

```

C CALCULATE DDS2,DS2MX

```

250 IF ( ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) ) ,LT, DDS2 ) GO TO 255
HDDS2 = M
DDS2 = ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) )
255 DS2(M) = BB(K)
DS2MX = AMAX1(DS2MX,ABS(DS2(M)) )
GO TO JGO , (231,240)
300 IF( DS2MX,GT,CLENX ) CALL ERROR1
J2 = J2-1
IF( J2,GT,0 ) GO TO 202
IF( PDUM(3),NE,0. ) CALL TABPRT(5HDDS2=B,DS2;NM,NJ)
IF( PDUM(3),NE,0. ) WRITE (6,999) DDS2,HDDS2,DS2MX,RHO

```

C INCREMENT SWEEP COUNTER

```

320 NSWP = NSWP+1

```

C STREAMLINE SWEEP COMPLETE-- CHECK CONVERGENCE

```

321 IF( DDS2,LE,TOLRL*DS2MX ) GO TO 900
IF( NSWP,LE,MAXSWP ) GO TO 1
ASSIGN 234 TO LGO
902 GO TO LGO , (234,235)

```

```

234 CALL ERROR;
235 IF(PDUH(3);EQ,0;) GO TO 260
    WRITE (6;1000)
    DO 400 I=1,NM
    WRITE (6;1001) I,B(I),A2(I),A3(I),A4(I),A5(I),A6(I),A7(I),A8(I),
1      DS2(I),RHS(I)
400 CONTINUE
1000 FORMAT (4H$ M,1SX,1HB,10X,2HA2,10X,2HA3,10X,2HA4,10X,2HA5,10X,
1      2HA6,10X,2HA7,10X,2HA8,9X,3HDS2,9X,3HRHS)
1001 FORMAT (1H ,I3,8F12.3,2F12.6)
C GET ACTUAL MAX DS2 ( WITH SIGN )
260 CALL MINMAX ( DS2, 1, NM, DS2MIN, IMIN, DS2MAX, IMAX )
    IF ( ABS(DS2MIN) .GT. ABS(DS2MAX) ) DS2MAX = DS2MIN
    RETURN
    END

```