

N 84-2018.2

# PREPROTOTYPE SAWD SUBSYSTEM FINAL REPORT

## PREPARED UNDER CONTRACT NAS 9-13624

BY

HAMILTON STANDARD DIVISION OF UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION WINDSOR LOCKS, CT

FOR

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION LYNDON B. JOHNSON SPACE CENTER HOUSTON, TX

FEBRUARY, 1984



# PREPROTOTYPE SAWD SUBSYSTEM FINAL REPORT

## PREPARED UNDER CONTRACT NAS 9-13624

BY

## HAMILTON STANDARD

DIVISION OF UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION WINDSOR LOCKS, CT

FOR

# NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

LYNDON B. JOHNSON SPACE CENTER

HOUSTON, TX

FEBRUARY, 1984

PREPARED BY:

nalitte T. A. NALETTE

ANALYTICAL ENGINEER

APPROVED BY:

BBU J. DRESSER

K. J. DRESSER PROGRAM ENGINEERING MANAGER

120 BROSE

PROGRAM MANAGER



### Foreword

This Final Report has been prepared by Hamilton Standard Division of United Technologies Corporation for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center in accordance with the requirements of Contract NAS 9-13624, "Regenerable CO<sub>2</sub> and Humidity Control Systems".

The guidance and advice provided by the NASA Technical Monitor, Mr. Robert J. Cusick of the Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center's Crew Systems Division is greatly appreciated.

Hamilton Standard personnel responsible for the conduct and completion of this program were Messrs. Harlan F. Brose, Program Manager; Kenneth J. Dresser, Project Engineering Manager; Albert M. Boehm, Senior Experimental Engineer; Timothy A. Nalette, Analytical Engineer; and Terry M. Grayson, Electrical Engineer.



# Table Of Contents

-

.

Title	Page
SUMMARY	1
INTRODUCTION	2
Program Description	2
Program Objective	2
SAWD Specifications	2
Basic SAWD Description	3
CONCLUSIONS	5
RECOMMENDATIONS	6
SUBSYSTEM DESCRIPTION	7
SUBSYSTEM DESIGN	26
Design Philosophy	26
SAWD Performance Goals	26
SAWD Design Details	27
CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package	27
CO <sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package	40
Controller Package	42
Life Test Laboratory Support Package	44
SUBSYSTEM FABRICATION	46
CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package	46
CO2 Storage/Delivery Package	46
Controller Package	46
Life Test Lab Support Package	52
SAWD Electrical System Details	52
SAWD Subsystem Assembly	52
SUBSYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL	64
Subsystem Operation	64
Absorption Operation	64
Desorption Operation	64
CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Operation	65
Subsystem Control	65
Automatic Shutdown Control	82
CO <sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Control	82
SUBSYSTEM ACCEPTANCE TESTS	88
Objective	88
Summary	88
Test Description	98
Discussion of Results	98
CO <sub>2</sub> Overboard Mode Operation	100
CO <sub>2</sub> Reduction Mode Operation	103
Fan Noise Evaluation	104
APPENDIX A	
Statement of Work	A-1



# List Of Figures

# Figure Numbers

# <u>Title</u>

# Page

Figure	1	Basic SAWD Subsystem Assembly	4
Figure	2	Preprototype SAWD Nomenclature Schematic	8
Figure	3	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package - Front View	10
Figure	4	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package - Right Side View	11
Figure	5	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package - Rear View	12
Figure	6	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package - Left Side View	13
Figure	7	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package — Top View	14
Figure	8	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package - Bottom View	15
Figure	9	CO <sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package — Top Left View	17
Figure	10	CO <sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package - Top Right View	18
Figure	11	CO5 Storage/Delivery Package - Front View	19
Figure	12	Controller Package - Front View	21
Figure	13	Controller Package - Rear View	22
Figure	14	Life Test Laboratory Support Package	25
Figure	15	Preprototype SAWD Schematic	28
Figure	16	SAWD Canister/Steam Generator Assembly	30
Figure	17	Cyclic SAWD Performance	31
Figure	18	SAWD CO <sub>2</sub> Performance Characteristic	32
Figure	19	SAWD Desorption Cycle Characteristic	33
Figure	20	Cyclic SAWD Performance	35
Figure	21	SAWD Desorption Energy Characteristic	36
Figure	22	Cyclic SAWD Performance	37
Figure	23	Cyclic SAWD Performance	38
Figure	24	SAWD Subsystem Design Relationship	39
Figure	25	Desorption Flow Profile	41
Figure	26	Typical Controller Cathode Ray Tube Display	43
Figure	27	SAWD Control Schematic	45
Figure	28	SAWD Controller Logic	68
Figure	29	Desorb Subroutine	69
Figure	30	Absorb Subroutine	70
Figure	31	Time/Temperature Subroutine	71
Figure	32	Preheat Subroutine	72
Figure	33	CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Subroutine	73
Figure	34	Shutdown Detection Subroutine	74
Figure	35	Shutdown Subroutine	75
Figure	36	Typical Desorption Flow Profile	78
Figure	37	Absorption Cycle Flow Transient	79
Figure	38	Absorption Cycle Control Relationship	80
Figure	39	SAWD Air Flow Vs. Pressure Drop	81
Figure	40	Multipurpose Air Rig (Rig 88)	99
Figure	41	Cyclic SAWD Performance	102
Figure	42	Fan Noise Measurements	105



# List Of Tables

Table Number	Title	<u>Page</u>
Table 1	Subsystem Package Composition	9
Table 2	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package Interface Connections	16
Table 3	CO <sub>2</sub> Storage Package Interface Connections	20
Table 4	Controller Package Interface Connections	23
Table 5	Preprototype SAWD Operating Sequence Conditions	29
Table 6	SAWD Canister Parts List	47
Table 7	CO <sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package Parts List	48
Table 8	SAWD Controller Parts List	49
Table 9	SAWD Data Logger Option Board Configurations	51
Table 10	SAWD System Inputs/Outputs	53
Table 11	Preprototype SAWD Connector List	55
Table 12	Preprototype SAWD Connector List	57
Table 13	SAWD Subsystem Drawings	63
Table 14	SAWD Subsystem Operating Parameters	66
Table 15	Subsystem Startup Anomalies	76
Table 16	SAWD Historical Data Summary (Test Number 102)	83
Table 17	SAWD Historical Data Summary (Test Number 103)	84
Table 18	Automatic Shutdown Definition	85
Table 19	Sensors Triggering Automatic Shutdowns	87
Table 20	Acceptance Test Summary	89
Table 21	Acceptance Test No. 101	90
Table 22	Acceptance Test No. 102	91
Table 23	Acceptance Test No. 103	92
Table 24	Acceptance Test No. 104	93
Table 25	Acceptance Test No. 105	94
Table 26	Acceptance Test No. 106	95
Table 27	Acceptance Test No. 107	96
Table 28	Acceptance Test No. 108	97
Table 29	Average Acceptance Test Performance	101

•



### SUMMARY

A regenerable, three-man preprototype solid amine, water desorbed (SAWD) CO2 removal and concentration subsystem has been designed, fabricated, and successfully acceptance tested by Hamilton Standard. The preprototype SAWD incorporates a single solid amine canister to perform the CO2 removal function, an accumulator to provide the CO2 storage and delivery function, and a micro-processor which automatically controls the subsystem sequential operation and performance.

The SAWD subsystem was configured to have a  $CO_2$  removal and  $CO_2$  delivery capability at the rate of 0.12 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr) over the relative humidity range of 35 to 70%. The controller was developed to provide fully automatic control over the relative humidity range via custom software that was generated specifically for the SAWD subsystem.

The preprototype SAWD subsystem demonstrated a total of 281 hours (208) cycles of operation during ten acceptance tests that were conducted over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range. This operation was comprised of 178 hours (128 cycles) in the CO<sub>2</sub> overboard mode and 103 hours (80 cycles) in the CO<sub>2</sub> reduction mode. The average CO<sub>2</sub> removal/delivery rate met or exceeded the design specification rate of 0.12 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr) for all ten of the acceptance tests.



### INTRODUCTION

The Regenerable  $CO_2$  and Humidity Control System program began in 1973 with the development of a breadboard, and later a flight prototype solid amine system which was regenerated by vacuum desorption. The effort for that phase of this program was reported in the Flight Prototype  $CO_2$  and Humidity Control System Final Report, SVHSER 7182. This system, Solid Amine/Vacuum Desorbed (SAVD), was most desirable on fuel cell-powered vehicles, like Shuttle, due to the abundance of water. More recently, SAWD (Solid Amine/Water Desorbed) development was added as a more desirable approach for  $CO_2$  control on solar cell-powered vehicles (Extended Duration Orbiter and/or Space Station). This effort, preceding the current program phase, was reported in the Lightside Atmospheric Revitalization System Study Report, SVHSER 7224.

#### Program Description

The current program phase, reported herein, began in 1981 and incorporates the effort directed by Contract Modifications 32S, 33S, 34S, and 35C. The specific tasks associated with these modifications are fully defined by the Statement of Work that is tabulated for each in the Appendices.

The initial Statement of Work (Modification 32S) directed that a preprototype SAWD system be designed and built using an existing preprototype SAWD canister/ steam generator assembly and commercially-available hardware for other components wherever possible. A minimum of 120 hours of acceptance testing was specified to verify system operation prior to SAWD delivery to the NASA. Documentation, in the form of drawings, user manual, test plan, Failure Modes and Effects Anaysis, nonmetallic materials list, and a final report were also specified.

Later modifications (Modifications 33S and 34S) directed the addition of canister instrumentation and a microprocessor to control the system, to monitor operation and performance, to detect malfunctions, and to shut down the SAWD to a safe hold condition, in the event of a malfunction. The modified SAWD was also required to be compatible with the interface of the NASA's Regenerative Life Support Equipment (RLSE) laboratory.

The final modification (Modification 35C) directed that a support package be designed and built to permit endurance evaluation in the Crew System Division's (CSD) life test facility. Additional provisions, both hardware and controller software, were specified to provide more exact operational monitoring and more extensive automatic tabulation of the performance records.

#### Program Objective

The basic objective of this phase of the program is the design, fabrication, and acceptance testing of a three-man preprototype SAWD  $CO_2$  removal and concentration subsystem. This preprototype SAWD is to be capable of interfacing with both the RLSE laboratory and the CSD Life Test Laboratory for further test evaluation.

### SAWD Specifications

The basic design goals are specified in the following tabulation.



#### PARAMETER

### SPECIFICATION

Crew Size	3
CO <sub>2</sub> Removal/Delivery Rate	0.120 kg/hr
	(0.264 lb/hr)
Cabin PCO <sub>2</sub>	3.8 mmHq
Cabin Temperature	292 to 300°K
	(65 to 80°F)
Cabin Relative Humidity	35 to 70%
Cabin Dew Point*	277 to 289°K
	(39 to 61°F)
Cabin Pressure	101 kPa
	(14.7  nsia)
(On Delivery Pressure	126 kPa
oby berrivery messure	(18.3  nsia)
CU2 Removal Package Size	0.56mW X 0.62mW X 0.79mD
	(22" W X 24.5" H X 31" D)

\* within the relative humidity limits

#### Basic SAWD Description

The SAWD subsystem, illustrated pictorially in Figure 1, is comprised of four basic assembly packages, namely:

- 1. CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package
- 2. CO<sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package
- 3. Controller Package
- 4. Life Test Laboratory Support Package

The  $CO_2$  removal package performs the regenerable  $CO_2$  removal function via alternate absorption and desorption of the  $CO_2$  removal canister. During absorption,  $CO_2$ -laden air flows through the canister (wherein the  $CO_2$  is removed), then returns to the cabin. Regeneration of the  $CO_2$  canister is accomplished during operation in the desorption mode (wherein the  $CO_2$  is released from the canister), by heating the canister contents with steam produced in the steam generator. The evolved  $CO_2$  is routed to the  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package or is dumped overboard, if no use of the  $CO_2$  is desired. The  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package supplies  $CO_2$  to an atmosphere revitalization system at a constant delivery rate from the  $CO_2$  that is accumulated during desorption. The sequencing operation of both the  $CO_2$  removal package and the  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package is directed by controller software as a function of time and/or instrument (eg - thermocouples, pressure sensors, and flow meters) signals that are logged by the data acquisition unit.

The life test laboratory support package, intended solely for use during subsystem evaluation in the CSD Life Test Laboratory, consists of a stand, inlet filter, and exhaust muffler. This equipment permits testing of the SAWD in this relatively uncontrolled environment.





FIGURE 1

BASIC SAWD SUBSYSTEM ASSEMBLY



### CONCLUSIONS

The preprototype SAWD subsystem has been demonstrated to meet or exceed the performance requirements for the removal/delivery of CO<sub>2</sub> specified in the Statements of Work for the development of a Preprototype SAWD Subsystem per NASA Contract NAS9-13624 in Modifications 32S, 33S, 34S, and 35C.

From a hardware standpoint, the SAWD integrates proven components to form a simple subsystem configuration that has been demonstrated to be amenable to fully automatic control of both component operation and subsystem performance. Further, the subsystem has demonstrated the capability to automatically shutdown to a safe-hold condition in the event of an operational anomaly.

The solid amine, with over 3,500 hours of cyclic operational usage and no observed performance degradation, has demonstrated the potential for long life with high reliability and efficiency.



### RECOMMENDATIONS

The test results and the analyses conducted during this program have demonstrated that a SAWD CO<sub>2</sub> control subsystem can be designed to meet the regenerable CO<sub>2</sub> removal/concentration requirements for long term space missions or for extended duration Orbiter missions and thereby avoid significant launch and resupply penalties.

To optimize the SAWD subsystem design, it is recommended that:

- The preprototype SAWD be endurance tested to quantify the useful amine life.
- Long term operational performance data be generated to permit further refinement of the automatic control algorithms.
- Performance tests at CO<sub>2</sub> levels between 3.8 and 15 mmHg be conducted to define the subsystem capabilities.

The present preprototype SAWD should be used to evaluate the preceding recomommendations. It is further recommended that a multiple canister preprototype SAWD subsystem be designed, fabricated, and tested to evaluate techniques for minimizing weight, volume, or power.



### SUBSYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This section of the final report describes the SAWD physically to identify the configuration and arrangement of the component parts of the subsystem. The operating components of the preprototype SAWD are shown schematically in Figure 2.

The preprototype SAWD is comprised of four physically separate packages containing the components principally concerned with CO2 removal, CO2 storage/ delivery, control of the operating cycle, and the subsystem support required for open loop operation in the Crew Systems Division Life Test Laboratory. The components in each package are listed in Table 1. The four individual assembly packages are:

- a) CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package
- b) CO2 Storage/Delivery Package
- c) Controller Package
- d) Life Test Laboratory Support Package

The CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package components are mounted on a frame 77.5 cm (30.5 inches) long by 54.6 cm (21.5 inches) wide by 19.1 cm (7.5 inches) high. The overall package dimensions are 83.8 x 54.6 x 59.7 cm (33 x 21.5 x 23.5 inches). The package is illustrated in Figures 3 through 8. Interface connections to the package are located on its front face (Figure 3) and described in Table 2. The package (including dry amine) weighs 52.0 kilograms (114.5 pounds). It can be installed for operation on a bench or table-top, although more ready access to its internal components is obtained utilizing a stand that supports the frame to leave the lower surface of the package exposed.

The CO2 Storage/Delivery Package components are mounted on a horizontal platform 45.7 cm (18 inches) long by 33 cm (13 inches) wide welded to the top of the 91.4 cm (36 inches) by 43.2 cm (17 inches) diameter horizontal cylindrical accumulator. The overall dimensions of the package, shown in Figures 9 through 11 are 100.3 x 43.2 x 73.6 cm (39.5 x 17 x 29 inches). Its interface connections, all on the top surface (Figure 11), are described in Table 3. The package weighs 37.9 kilograms (83.6 pounds) as shipped.

The Controller Package components are housed in a cabinet 141 cm (55.5 inches) high by 54.6 cm (21.5 inches) wide by 66 cm (26 inches) deep, mounted on casters. Its overall depth with the computer keyboard in its withdrawn operating position is increased to 99 cm (39 inches). The package weighs 118.2 kilograms (260.3 pounds). Its front surface, shown in Figure 12, includes the SAWD operating status display panel, the data acquisition/control unit status panel, and the computer input keyboard/display. Its back surface, Figure 13, includes an interior access panel and all interface connections as described in Table 4.





١ 1 ł 1

١ Ł

t

ŧ

L t

L

I 1

=₽

∎®3≋

ΞI

I

ĒE



FIGURE 2 PREPROTOTYPE SAWD NOMENCLATURE SCHEMATIC

ଡ଼ୖୖ

٩

2

Ξ

L

ខ

~

5

TP3FT



# TABLE 1

# SUBSYSTEM PACKAGE COMPOSITION

Package		Component
CO <sub>2</sub> Removal	B1 G1 V3 V4 V6 V7 V8 F1 F2 R1 P1 P2 P5	Sorbent Bed Steam Generator N <sub>2</sub> Pressure/Vent Solenoid Valve Desorb Air Vent Solenoid Valve Desorb CO <sub>2</sub> Dump Solenoid Valve Sorbent Bed Inlet Pneumatic Valve Sorbent Bed Outlet Pneumatic Valve Water Flow Diverter Valve Air Fan Water Pump Desorb CO <sub>2</sub> Back Pressure Regulator Sorbent Bed Pressure Transducer Pressure Switch - Desorb Air Vent Pressure Switch - Water Pump
CO <sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery	A1 V2 V5 F3 R2 R3 Ø1 P3 P4	CO <sub>2</sub> Accumulator CO <sub>2</sub> Compressor Bypass Solenoid Valve CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Solenoid Valve Desorb CO <sub>2</sub> Check Valve CO <sub>2</sub> Compressor Delivery CO <sub>2</sub> Pressure Regulator Accumulator Pressure Relief Valve Delivery CO <sub>2</sub> Flow Control Orifice Low Pressure Switch - Accumulator High Pressure Switch - Accumulator
Controller	C1 C2	Operating Sequence Controller Steam Generator Controller
Life Test laboratory Support Package	E] I]	Open Loop Air Outlet Silencer Open Loop Inlet Air Filter





FIGURE 3 CO<sub>2</sub> REMOVAL PACKAGE

FRONT VIEW





FIGURE 4

CO2 REMOVAL PACKAGE RIGHT SIDE VIEW





G63541

FIGURE 5

CO2 REMOVAL PACKAGE REAR VIEW





FIGURE 6

CO2 REMOVAL PACKAGE LEFT SIDE VIEW





FIGURE 7

CO2 REMOVAL PACKAGE TOP VIEW





# FIGURE 8

CO2 REMOVAL PACKAGE BOTTOM VIEW



# TABLE 2

## CO2 REMOVAL PACKAGE INTERFACE CONNECTIONS







G63548

FIGURE 9

CO2 STORAGE/DELIVERY PACKAGE TOP LEFT VIEW





G63547

FIGURE 10

CO2 STORAGE/DELIVERY PACKAGE TOP RIGHT VIEW





FIGURE 11

# CO2 STORAGE/DELIVERY PACKAGE FRONT VIEW



# TABLE 3

# CO2 STORAGE PACKAGE INTERFACE CONNECTIONS



TOP VIEW

ID No.	Connector Size/Type	Medium	Connected To
CS2	3/8" Male Swagelok	CO <sub>2</sub> - Storage	CS1 - CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package
CS3	1/4" Male Swagelok	CO <sub>2</sub> - Reduction	Reduction Subsystem
CR	1/4" Male Swagelok	CO <sub>2</sub> - Vent	Overboard
P304	MS3102A-145-6P	115V, 1Ø, 60 Hz (F3,V2)	Controller 104
P305	PT02A-10-6P	24V DC (V5) 5V Signal (P3,4)	Controller 105





FIGURE 12

# CONTROLLER PACKAGE FRONT VIEW





G63544

### FIGURE 13

# CONTROLLER PACKAGE REAR VIEW

SVHSER 8921



.







ID No.	Connector Size/Type	Medium	Connected To
P107 P108	3-Prong Twist Lock 5-Prong Twist Lock	115V, 1Ø, 60 Hz 115V, 3Ø, 400 Hz	Power Source Power Source
P100	3106A-20-95	115V, 1Ø, 60 Hz	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Pkg. 200
P101 P102	PT02A-12-105 PT02A-14-195	24V DC 115V, 3Ø, 400 Hz	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Pkg. 201 CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Pkg. 202
P103	PT02A-16-265	24V DC, 5V Signal	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Pkg. 203
P104 P105	MS3102A-145-65 PT02A-10-65	115V, 1Ø, 60 Hz 24 VDC, 5V Signal	CO <sub>2</sub> Storage Pkg. 304 CO <sub>2</sub> Storage Pkg. 305
P106	PT02A-12-105	Signal	External Equipment
P110 P118 _	2 Pin Female Thermocouple Connector	TC Signal	CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package 210 <b>-</b> 218



For operation in the CSD Life Test Laboratory, a support package for the CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package is provided. Shown in Figure 14, the package provides a stand to hold the removal package on top of an electronic scale at a height convenient for observation and maintenance. The scale electronic components are housed in an enclosure mounted on a shelf of the support package located under the removal package. The stand also supports the inlet air filter I1, and the air exhaust silencer E1, which interface with the removal package connections A1 and A2 (Table 2) when operating in an open loop configuration. The support package measures 77.5 cm (30.5 inches) by 54.6 cm (21.5 inches) by 78.8 cm (31 inches), and weighs 18.2 kilograms (40.0 pounds).



.

SVHSER 8921



C63615



### SUBSYSTEM DESIGN

The preprototype SAWD subsystem is designed to conform with all requirements of the NASA Statement of Work, contained as Exhibit "A" in Contract Modification 32S, 33S, 34S, and 35C of NASA Contract NAS 9-13624 as shown in the Appendix of this report.

#### Design Philosophy

An overall design philosophy at the subsystem level was directed for the preprototype SAWD by the program modifications. An existing preprototype SAWD canister/steam generator assembly, in conjunction with commercially available components that were chosen to functionally satisfy the subsystem performance requirements, was specified to form the basic SAWD subsystem hardware.

In addition, a commercially available microprocessor was specified to provide subsystem control via use of custom software to accomplish the cyclic sequencing necessary to meet the SAWD subsystem performance specifications.

#### SAWD Performance Goals

The preprototype SAWD CO<sub>2</sub> removal subsystem is designed on the basis of a 3-man nominal metabolic load at the 3.8 mmHg ambient CO<sub>2</sub> level. The system is capable of operating in either a CO<sub>2</sub> overboard dump mode or a continuous CO<sub>2</sub> delivery mode to a CO<sub>2</sub> reduction subsystem. The SAWD is designed to fit within a 56 cm (22 inch) wide by 62 cm (24.5 inch) high by 79 cm (31 inch) deep envelope, exclusive of the controller, CO<sub>2</sub> storage/delivery, and life test laboratory support packages. The subsystem is designed to be capable of integrating with (and operation in) either the CSD RLSE laboratory or life test laboratory.

The performance goals specified for the SAWD subsystem are summarized in the following tabulation.

Preprototype SAWD

Design Specifications				
Parameter	Specification			
Crew Size	3			
CO <sub>2</sub> Removal/Delivery Rate	0.120 kg/hr			
	(0.264 1b/hr)			
Cabin PCO <sub>2</sub>	3.8 mmHg			
Cabin Temperature	292 to 300°K			
·	(65 to 80°F)			
Cabin Relative Humidity	35 to 70%			
Cabin Dew Point*	277 to 289°K			
	(39 to 61°F)			
Cabin Pressure	101 kPa			
	(14.7 psia)			
CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Pressure	126 kPa			
	(18.3 psia)			
CO <sub>2</sub> Removal Package Size	0.56mW X 0.62mW X 0.79mD			
2 0	(22" W X 24.5" H X 31"D)			
<pre>* within the relative</pre>	humidity limits			



### SAWD Design Details

This section describes the significant design considerations related to finalizing the SAWD subsystem, identifies the specific major components that comprise each SAWD package and discusses the operational characteristics of each package. The complete SAWD subsystem schematic (SVSK 105648) is reproduced in Figure 15 for reference. The nomenclature schematic was presented previously in Figure 2, and the subsystem package composition was previously tabulated in Table 1.

The sequencing operation of the preprototype SAWD subsystem is fully automatic and is controlled by microprocessor software that was custom developed for this subsystem. The microprocessor continuously monitors the operating parameters, activates the required event changes, calculates the subsystem performance, provides a display and printout of performance results and will automatically shut the SAWD down to a safe hold condition in the event of an operational anomaly. Table 5 presents a tabulation of the sequenced component conditions that are automatically directed during SAWD subsystem operation<sup>e</sup>.

The following paragraphs describe the design details for the four packages that comprise the SAWD subsystem.

<u>CO2 Removal Package</u> - The major components of this assembly are the CO2 removal canister/steam generator assembly (SVSK 103199), fan, water pump, sequencing valves, and the pressure switch. This assembly is specified by connotations on SVSK 105825-100, and was illustrated pictorially in Figures 3 through 8. The components reside within the box (designated SVSK 105825-100) on the Figure 15 schematic (SVSK 105648) and within the CO2 Removal Package box on Figure 2.

The heart of this package is the CO2 removal canister/steam generator assembly that is illustrated in Figure 16. This assembly (fabricated during an earlier phase of this program) houses the amine (IRA-45) bed that physically removes CO2 from the air stream and has an internal steam generator to produce the desorption steam. The hardware was modified during this program by the addition of temperature sensors (7 sensors total) and a pressure sensor for control purposes. (The use of these sensors is discussed in subsequent sections.)

The cyclic SAWD performance maps for operation at an ambient CO<sub>2</sub> level of 3.8 mmHg with the IRA-45 amine are presented in Figures 17, 18, and 19. Figure 17 shows the relationship of CO<sub>2</sub> loading and amine moisture content with total absorption mass flow  $(m_a/W_B)$ . Total absorption mass flow is defined as:

 $m_a/W_B = \frac{\text{Airflow rate (Kg/min) X Absorption Time (min)}}{\text{Dry Amine Weight (Kg)}} = \frac{\text{Kg Air}}{\text{Kg Amine}}$ 

Figure 18 illustrates the CO<sub>2</sub> removal rate characteristic as a function of total absorption mass flow. Figure 19 presents the relationship between desorption cycle duration and total absorption mass flow for a constant heating rate of approximately 900 watts (3070 Btu/hr). These performance characteristics were developed from test data with this canister assembly.







### PREPROTOTYPE SAWD SCHEMATIC



TABLE 5

SVHSER 8921

PREPROTOTYPE SAWD OPERATING SEQUENCE CONDITIONS

	Component/Parameter		Operating Cycle Phase			CO2 Delivery Mode		
			ABS	DEST	DES2	DES3	DUMP	RED
B1 -	Sorbent Bed	Air Flow	0n	Off	Off	Off	-	-
G1 -	Steam Generator	Water Flow/ Heater Power	Off/Off	Off/On	0n/0n	0n/0n	-	-
A1 -	CO <sub>2</sub> Accumulator	CO <sub>2</sub> Flow In	Off	Off	0/R1	0/R1	Off	-
V1-	N2 Pressure/Vent So	lenoid Valve Position	Vent	Р	Р	Р	-	-
V2-	CO2 Compressor Bypa:	ss Solenoid Valve	Shut	Shut	Shut	Open 3	-	-
٧3-	Desorb Air Vent Sol	enoid Valve	Shut	Open	0pen	Shut	-	-
V4-	Desorb CO2 Dump Sol	enoid Valve	Shut	Shut	Shut	0/R1	Open	-
V5-	CO2 Delivery Soleno	id Valve	-	-	-	-	-	0pen
V6-	Sorbent Bed Inlet P	neumatic Valve	0pen	Shut	Shut	Shut	-	-
V/-	Sorbent Bed Outlet	Pneumatic Valve	0pen	Shut	Shut	Shut	-	
v8-	Water Flow Diverter Valve	Position2	-	-	10 GI	10 GI	-	-
V9-	Desorb CO2 Check Va	lve	Shut	Shut	Shut	0/R1	Shut	-
F1-	Air Fan		0n	Off	Off	Off	-	-
F2-	Water Pump		Off	Off	0n	On	-	-
F3-	CO <sub>2</sub> Compressor		Off	Off	Off	0n8	-	-
R1-	Desorb CO2 Back Pres	ssure Regulator	0ff	Off	Off	On	0n	-
R2-	Delivery CO2 Pressu	re Regulator	-	-	-	-	-	0n
R3-	Accumulator Pres- sure Relief Valve	Position4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ø1-	Delivery CO2 Flow Co CO2 Flow	ontrol Orifice	-	-	-	-	-	0n
P1 -	Sorbent Bed Pressure Transducer	Signal	0 <b>n</b>	0n	0 <b>n</b>	0n	0n	-
P2-	Pressure Switch_Desi	orb Air Vent	Off	Off	Off	0n 5	_	_
P3-	Low Pressure Switch	-Accumulator	<u> </u>		_	-	-	6
P4-	High Pressure Switch	h-Accumulator	-	-	-	-	-	7
P5-	High Pressure Switch-Water Pump	Water Flow	-	-	9	9	-	-

1- O/R - Overboard/Reduction as determined by selection of CO2 delivery mode.

2- Water flow diverted manually for test or sampling as required, except during DES2 and DES3.
3- Momentary open at start of DES3.

4- Open only if accumulator CO2 pressure > 45 psig.

5- Signal at start of DES3 to close V3.

6- Closes V5 when accumulator CO2 pressure decreases to 20 psig.

7- Opens V5 when accumulator CO2 pressure increases to 38 psig.

8- Compressor on if reduction  $C\bar{O}_2$  delivery mode selected.

9- Turns off water pump if G1 pressure exceeds 90 psig.





### FIGURE 16

#### SAWD CANISTER/STEAM GENERATOR ASSEMBLY










FIGURE 18

SAWD CO2 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC





FIGURE 19 SAWD DESORPTION CYCLIC CHARACTERISTIC



These performance characteristics were used, with airflow at 600 lpm (21 cfm), to establish the cyclic SAWD operating characteristic defined in Figure 20. The design  $CO_2$  removal rate is specified as 0.120 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr). Figure 20 shows that  $CO_2$  removal performance is met (or exceeded) for the following range of absorption durations, as a function of relative humidity.

Acceptable Absorption Duration (Minutes)	Relative Humidity (Percent)	
20 to 36 29 to 83	35 50	
42 to 130	70	

However, to maintain steady state operating conditions over the 35 to 70 percent relative humidity range, it is desirable to maintain the amine as near a stable and constant moisture content as possible. Further, to minimize desorption energy, it is desirable to operate the amine in the driest condition that will achieve the specified  $CO_2$  removal rate of 0.120 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr). Figure 21 shows the desorption energy characteristic as a function of absorption cycle duration and Figure 22 presents the moisture content relationship with absorption cycle duration. It can be observed from Figure 21 that the desorption energy levels off at about 30 to 35 minutes for the 35 percent RH conditions, at about 40 to 50 minutes for 50 percent RH, and above 80 minutes for operation under 70 percent RH conditions. Figure 22 shows that relatively stable moisture content conditions also occur at or above these same absorption cycle durations.

Then to ensure SAWD subsystem performance at (or above) the specified CO<sub>2</sub> removal rate, to minimize desorption power requirements, and to achieve stable moisture content conditions; the SAWD subsystem is designed to operate along the operation relationship line illustrated in Figure 23. (This figure is an overlay of Figure 22 upon Figure 20.) Figure 24 presents the SAWD subsystem design relationship for absorption cycle duration as a function of the ambient relative humidity. This design relationship is fundamentally a control relationship for the SAWD subsystem and its use is discussed further in subsequent sections of this report.

The  $CO_2$  removal package design specifications are defined in the following tabulation.







SVHSER 8921





DEZOBBLION ENERGY - KWHR/KG CO2 (KWHR/LB CO2)

## SAWD DESORPTION ENERGY CHARACTERISTIC





FIGURE 22

CYCLIC SAWD PERFORMANCE







## CYCLIC SAWD PERFORMANCE











#### CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package Specifications

Parameter

Canister Pressure Airflow Rate Amine Weight (Dry) Steam Flow Rate Absorption Cycle Duration 35% Relative Humidity 50% Relative Humidity 70% Relative Humidity Desorption Power Pump Power Fan Power Valve Actuation Power Specification

- 101 kPa (14.7 psia) 600 lpm (21.0 cfm) 7.0 kg (15.5 lb) (3-4 lb/hr)
- 33 minutes 51 minutes 124 minutes 900 watts 100 watts 200 watts 10 watts/valve

<u>CO<sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package</u> - The major components of this assembly are the accumulator, compressor, and pressure switches. This assembly is specified by drawing on SVSK 105692, and is illustrated pictorially in Figures 9 through 11. The package components are shown on the Figure 15 schematic (SVSK 105648), and within the CO<sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package box on Figure 2.

This package provides the function of collecting, storing, and/or delivering the  $CO_{2}$  to the atmosphere revitalization system when the SAWD is operating in the  $CO_2$  reduction mode. This assembly is not used if the SAWD subsystem is operating in the "CO<sub>2</sub> Overboard" delivery mode. (In the "CO<sub>2</sub> Overboard" delivery mode, CO<sub>2</sub> flows directly from the CO<sub>2</sub> removal package to ambient through valve V4.) During desorption of the amine (which is physically located in the CO<sub>2</sub> removal package), CO<sub>2</sub> is evolved from the bed in advance of the steam wave as it progresses through the bed. Figure 25 illustrates a typical desorption  $CO_2$  flow profile. During the first 5 to 7 minutes of desorption, slave air (which is trapped in the canister at the end of absorption) is vented to ambient through valve V4. Shortly thereafter, CO<sub>2</sub> begins to evolve from the canister. When the  $CO_2$  flow rate through orifice  $\emptyset 1$  reaches 1.4 lpm (0.05 cfm), pressure switch P2 generates a signal that activates the compressor. The compressor then pumps the CO<sub>2</sub> into the accumulator for storage. A constant CO<sub>2</sub> delivery flow at a rate of  $0.1\overline{2}0 \text{ kg/hr}$  (0.264 lb/hr) and a pressure of 126 kPa (18.3 psia) is provided from the accumulator when the SAWD is operating in the  $CO_2$  reduction mode. Storage of the  $CO_2$  in the accumulator occurs at pressures between 138 kPa (20 psia) which is the low pressure switch P3 setting and 309 kPa (45 psia) which is the full open relief valve R3 setting. During operation at the design CO<sub>2</sub> delivery rate, CO<sub>2</sub> may be delivered from the accumulator to a CO<sub>2</sub> reduction system at any time during the SAWD operating cycle when there is sufficient  $CO_2$  in the accumulator to maintain a pressure greater than 138 kPa (20 psi). The delivery is controlled by valve V5, which is opened to permit flow when pressure switch P4 indicates an accumulator pressure of at least 262 kPa (38 psi). The valve remains open until pressure switch P3 indicates a decrease in the accumulator pressure to 138 kPa (20 psia). Continuous flow at the design delivery rate is maintained by the pressure regulator R2 and the variable orifice flow control valve  $\emptyset 1$ .



•

# TEST CONDITIONS:

Dry Amine	Weight	.12.551bs
Inlet Air	Flow	.21.00cfm
Inlet Air	Pressure	.14.70psia
Inlet Dew	Point	.62.00Deg F
Inlet pCO	2	. 3.80mmHG
Inlet Air	Temperature	.72.00Deg F

Test No 114-Cycle 29 Max CO2 Flow= .26cfm Des Time=42.4min



#### FIGURE 25

#### DESORPTION FLOW PROFILE



If the desorption  $CO_2$  flow rate ( $CO_2$  evolved from the  $CO_2$  removal package) exceeds the design delivery rate, with the accumulator full, the excess  $CO_2$  is vented overboard through relief valve R3. Under steady flow conditions at the design  $CO_2$  delivery rate, the accumulator is partially filled during each desorption cycle;  $CO_2$  is delivered constantly to  $CO_2$  reduction; and no overboard venting occurs.

The  $CO_2$  Storage/Delivery Package specification are defined in the following tabulation.

#### CO2 Storage/Delivery Package Specifications

#### Parameter

#### Specification

<u>Controller Package</u> - The major components of this assembly, illustrated in Figures 12 and 13, are the Hewlett Packard equipment, the status display panel, the cabinet housing, and the required electrical apparatus which supplies power and provides signal communication between the  $CO_2$  removal package,  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package, and the microprocessor. The Hewlett Packard equipment consists of a 3056 DL Data Logger which integrates a 3421A Data Acquisition/Control Unit with an HP-85 computer to perform the microprocessor function.

The automatic operation of the preprototype SAWD is controlled by programmed software through the Hewlett Packard model HP-85 computer. Initial information required by the program is manually input by the operator via the computer keyboard. Manual override of the program can be accomplished through keyboard inputs.

The Hewlett Packard model 3421A Data Acquisition/Control Unit monitors the subsystem operating parameters and controls the operation of all components except the steam generation heater, which is controlled by a separate Partlow Type J temperature control. Both of these control devices are located within the controller package.

The controller package provides automatic sequencing and control of the cyclic absorb/desorb and CO<sub>2</sub> delivery processes. It continuously monitors the operating parameters, actuates component operation, calculates performance, and automatically shuts the system down in the event of an operational anomaly. The Cathode Ray Tube (CRT) provides a display, updated once a minute, of the status of the subsystem, the time since initiation of the current absorption (ABSORB) or desorption (DESORB) phase of the cycle, and the operating temperatures. A typical display is shown in Figure 26.



ABSORPTION CYCLE N	10. 109
ABSORPTION CYCLE T	TIME, MIN. 26
T1	= 72
T2	= 121
T3	= 66
T4	= 82
T5	= 76
T6	= 70
T7	= 68
T8	= 65
SAWDOFF	PRINTOFF PRINTON

# TYPICAL CONTROLLER CATHODE RAY TUBE DISPLAY

ŧ

The CRT also displays a message describing any anomaly that results in an automatic shutdown of the SAWD and the message is also printed on the HP 85 internal printer. Separate data performance printouts are provided at the operator's keyboard input request.

Automatic shutdown of the subsystem is initiated by the controller when specified ranges of critical operating conditions are exceeded. A historical data record (which is a printout of the sensor readings for the 15 minute period preceding the shutdown), including an identification of the reason for the shutdown, will be provided if an external printer is in use. Any of the twenty programmed shutdowns, triggered by an anomaly detected by a process stream sensing or control device, can initiate an automatic shutdown of the SAWD subsystem to a safe hold condition.

A system log of total hours and cycles run is maintained by digital counters on the control display panel. Colored lights on the operating status display panel indicate elecrical power availability and the system operational status: green while ON, yellow during SHUTDOWN (automatic), and red while OFF. The ABSORB or DESORB phase of the operating cycle is indicated by a green light during the ON status, and the selected CO<sub>2</sub> DELIVERY MODE during desorb is indicated by a green light at the CO<sub>2</sub> OVERBOARD or CO<sub>2</sub> REDUCTION position of the control switch.

The functional interconnections of the controller package with the  $CO_2$  removal package and the  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package are represented by schematic in Figure 27. This schematic shows that the controller processes both discrete and analog signals, operates either or both packages, and displays or prints output on the HP 85 devices and an external printer, if incorporated.

Complete details of the sequential operation/control of the SAWD subsystem, the controller logic, and the controller software are presented in the section entitled "SUBSYSTEM OPERATION/CONTROL".

Life Test Laboratory Support Package - This assembly, is supplied for use during test evaluation in the CSD Life Test Laboratory. The package, illustrated in Figure 14, provides a stand to hold the CO<sub>2</sub> removal package on top of an electronic scale at a height convenient for observation and maintenance. The scale electronic components are housed in an enclosure mounted on a shelf of the support package located under the removal package. The stand also supports the inlet air filter I1, and the air exhaust silencer E1, which interface with the removal package connections A1 and A2 when operating in an open loop configuration. The support package measures 77.5 cm (30.5 inches) by 54.6 cm (21.5 inches) by 78.8 cm (31 inches), and weighs 18.2 kilograms (40.0 pounds).











#### SUBSYSTEM FABRICATION

The overall philosphy employed for the preprototype SAWD was to use as many standard "off-the-shelf" items as possible, in conjunction with the existing canister/steam generator assembly to construct the subsystem assembly. The components were assembled by engineering personnel to construct each subsystem package.

The preprototype SAWD subsystem consists of four (4) individual assembly packages. These packages are:

- a) CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package
- b) CO<sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package
- c) Controller Package
- d) Life Test Laboratory Support Package

#### CO<sub>2</sub> Removal Package

The major component of the  $CO_2$  removal package is the canister/steam generator assembly (SVSK 103199). The canister assembly was fabricated earlier and modified during this program phase to conform to the preprototype SAWD subsystem requirements. The major modification to the canister assembly consisted of the incorporation of temperature and pressure sensors for subsystem control purposes. The components of the SAWD canister assembly, details associated with each component, and the component manufacturer (as available) are as shown in Table 6.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> Storage/Delivery Package

The major components in the  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package are the accumulator, the compressor, and pressure switches. The compressor is a diaphragm type unit purchased from Thomas Industries (P/N 917 CA20 - TFE). The accumulator (SVSK 105692) is a standard thirty (30) gallon unit manufactured by Stainless Steel Metals, Inc. (P/N 8530). The stainless steel accumulator has been modified to include stainless steel feet and a stainless steel platform on which the other components are located. A parts list for the  $CO_2$  storage/ delivery package is shown in Table 7.

#### Controller Package

The main components of the preprototype SAWD controller package consist of a Hewlett Packard HP-85 computer with 16K memory, a GFE cabinet which houses the computer, and a Hewlett Packard 3056DL data logger. The cabinet has been modified to incorporate a sliding tray on which the computer has been mounted. The sliding tray allows storage of the computer within the cabinet when the system is not in use, and pull out for easy access.

Table 8 presents a list of the SAWD controller package parts, together with a description of the part and its manufacturer. The data logger option board configurations for the Hewlett Packard data logger are presented in Table 9. This table presents the components within the SAWD subsystem which can be monitored and for which data can be printed.



## Table 6

-

SAWD CANISTER PARTS LIST

1.	Bed Retention Assembly (2)	Harrison & King Perforating Company; Stainless Steel Perforated Plate- AMS5513, 16 gauge Brunswick Corp. Technetics Div.; Stainless Steel Felt Metal Part Number FM1302 430 Stainless Steel 0.062" Thick 10% Density 46 Micron Filter
2.	Outer Shell	Cole-Parmer Inst. Corp.; Part Number 7233-00
3.	Inner Shell	Cole-Parmer Inst. Corp.; Part Number 7232-00
4.	Inner Cover	Cole-Parmer Inst. Corp.; Part Number 7232-00
5.	Outer Cover	Cole-Parmer Inst. Corp.; Part Number 7233-00
6.	Cover Retaining Rods (8)	Stainless Steel Threaded Rods #10-32
7.	Inner Cover Gasket	Silicone Rubber
8.	Water Evaporator Assembly - Element	1570 Watt Heating Chromalox; Part Number TRI-7612 120 V
	- Sheath	3/8" OD, .049" Wall Type 304 SS Tube
9.	Header Tubes	1.5" O.D. X .065" wall type 304 SS Tube
10.	Valve Adapters	1.5" NPT to 1.5" Tube 304 SS
11.	Rigid Polyurethane Foam	Stephan Chemical Co.; G-300 Series Rigid Foam
12.	Sealant	General Electric Corp. RTV Type 108
13.	Thermocouple, Type T	Omega Engineering Corp.; Part Number SCPSS-020G-12
14.	Thermocouple, Type T	Hamilton Standard, Part Number N/A
15.	Thermocouple, Type T	Omega Engineering Corp.; Part Number SCPSS-020G-18
16.	Amine	Rohm & Haas Co.; Amberlite IRA-45



# Table 7

# CO2 STORAGE/DELIVERY PACKAGE PARTS LIST

Quantity	Item	Part No.	Manufacturer/Description
1	Accumulator	SVSK 105692-1	Stainless Steel Metals, Inc., 30 Gallon
1	Compressor	917CA20	Thomas Industries
1	Pressure Regulator	10122T/N	Fairchild Industrial Products
1	Relief Valve	SS-4CA-3	Nupro Company
1	Pressure Switches	611G8001	Custom Control Sensors, Inc.
1	Pressure Switches	611G8003	Custom Control Sensors, Inc.
1	Solenoid Valve	B52DB2125	Skinner Electric Valve
1	2 Way N.C. Valve	V52DB1100	Skinner Electric Valve
1	Check Valve	SS-6C-1	Nupro Company
1	Metering Valve	SS-4MG	Nupro Company

,



# TABLE 8 SAWD CONTROLLER PARTS LIST

SAWD CONTROLLER PARTS LIST SVSK107467, SHEET 1

QUANTITY	ITEM #	PART #	MANUFACTURER/DESCRIPTION
1 1 3 5 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CB108 CB107 K1-K3 K4-K8 K107 K108-9 TB1-3 TB4  PS1 PS2 SGC1 	JB3-C3-A-5-3 JB2-A3-A-20-3 7D2410 602-1 W199AX-9 KUP14A55-120 355-31-25-001 8-540 5256 83-24-225-2 905 76BC3304102000 CB1372	HEINEMANN/CIRCUIT BREAKER, 400HZ, 5A HEINEMANN/CIRCUIT BREAKER, 40HZ, 20A IR/SOLID STATE RELAY, 280V, 40HZ, 10A TELEDYNE/SSR, 280V, 400HZ, 10A MAGNECRAFT/RELAY, 120V, 60HZ, 10A POTTER&BRUMFIELD/RELAY,120V, 60HZ, 10A CINCH/JONES STRIP, 25 POSITIONS CINCH/ JONES STRIP, 25 POSITIONS CINCH/ JONES STRIP HUBBELL/OUTLET CONNECTOR, 125V, 15A SOLA/ POWER SUPPLY, 24V, 2.5A ANALOG DEVICES/ POWER SUPPLY, 5V, 1A PARTLOW/ TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER BUD/ VERTICAL PANEL CHASSIS
SAWD CONTROL SVSK107467,	LER PART	S LIST	
1		3056DL HF-85F	HEWLETT PACKARD/ DATA LOGGER, WITH: 2 EA OPTION 020 BOARDS, MULTIPLEXER 1 EA OPTION 050 BOARD, DIGITAL I/O 1 EA OPTION 201, HP-IB INTERFACE HEWLETT PACKARD/ COMPUTER, WITH: 1 EA 82903A, 16 K MEMORY 1 EA 00085-15005, ADVANCED PRG. ROM 1 EA 82939A, RS-232 INTERFACE 1 EA OPTION 326, 120VAC, 60HZ POWER
SAWD CONTROL SVSK107467,	LER PART	S LIST	
5 5 1 2 1 2 5 1 1 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	BD1,R1-5 BD1,CR1- BD2,R1,2 BD2,R3 BD2,R3 BD2,R4 BD3,R1,7 BD3,R2,3 BD3,R4 BD3,R8 BD3,R9,10 BD3,C1 BD3,C1 BD3,C2 BD3,C3 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3,C4 BD3,C1 BD3,C4 BD3	5 ,4,7,8 ,5,6,11 0	RESISTOR, 7.5 K DHMS, 2 WATTS, 10% DIODE, 1N4148 RESISTOR, 220 DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 10% RESISTOR, 10K DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 10% RESISTOR, 1.5 K DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 10% TRANSISTOR, 2N2904 RESISTOR, 1.5 M DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 0.1 M DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 0.1 M DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 33 K DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 120 K DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 1.0 M DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 1.0 M DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% RESISTOR, 4.7 K DHMS, 1/4 WATT, 5% CAPACITOR, CERAMIC, 0.1 uF, 50 V CAPACITOR, TANTALUM, 1.0 uF, 35 V CAPACITOR, MYLAR, 0.1 uF, 600 V TRANSISTOR, 2N2222 ZENER DIODE, 1N751 IC, QUAD OP-AMP, LM324



# TABLE 8 (CONTINUED) SAWD CONTROLLER PARTS LIST

#### SAWD CONTROLLER PARTS LIST SVSK107467, SHEET 3 (CONTINUED)

QUANTITY	ITEM #	PART #	MANUFACTURER/DESCRIPTION
2	8D3,U2,	3	IC, QUAD NAND GATE, CD4011
1	8D3,U4		IC, 2^12 COUNTER, CD4020
1	K10	643-1	TELEDYNE/SSR, 120V, 5A
1	PSJ	905	ANALOG DEVICES/ POWER SUPPLY, 5V, 1A
9	LED1~9	HLMP-3507	HEWLETT PACKARD/ GREEN LED
1	LED10	HLMP-3401	HEWLETT PACKARD/ YELLOW LED
1	LED11	HLMP-3301	HEWLETT PACKARD/ RED LED
1	SW1	7501K12	CUTLER HAMMER/ SPST SWITCH
1	SW2	8820K16	CUTLER HAMMER/ DPDT SWITCH
1	M1	10186	CRAMER/ ELAPSED TIME INDICATOR
1	CTR1	6NR-115AN	NUMERON/ EVENT COUNTER
1		CU-108A	BUD/ 7X5X3 MINIBOX

#### MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

1000	FT	 20 GA	WIRE FOR HARNESSES AND CONTROLLER
200	FT	 16 GA	WIRE FOR HARNESSES AND CONTROLLER
100	FT	 12 GA	WIRE FOR HARNESSES AND CONTROLLER
35	FT	 20 GA/TC	8 PAIR CABLE FOR THERMOCOUPLES
35	FT	 20 GA/TC	1 PAIR CABLE FOR STEAM GENERATOR TC
100		 4 INCH	NYLON CABLE TIES



# TABLE 9

## PREPROTOTYPE SAWD DATA LOGGER OPTION BOARD CONFIGURATIONS

SLOT	CARD	TERN	CHANNEL	TRANSDUCER	FUNCTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	CONVENTS
0	020	0	0	VALVE	ACTUATOR	as	]	OFN	VALVE VI
0	020	1	1	VALVE	ACTUATOR	as		OPN	VALVE V3
0	020	2	2	THRICOUPLE	TEMP	30		350	TI, CAN INLET TEMP
0	020	3	3	THRMCOUPLE	TEMP	30		350	T2, CAN HEADER TEMP
0	320	4	4	THRMCOUPLE	TEPP	30		250	T3, CAN CUTLET TEMP
0	020	5	5	THRMCOUPLE	TEMP	30		250	T4, BED TEMP
0	020	6	6	THRMCOUPLE	TENP	30		250	T5, BED TEMP
0	020	7	7	TIRMCOUPLE	TEMP	20		250	T6, BED TENT
٥	020	8	8	THRMCCUPLE	TEN	30		250	T7, BED TEMP
0	020	9	9	THRICOUPLE	TEMP	30		250	TE, BED TEMP
	020	<u> </u>				uL3		UPN	
	020			VALVE				UPN	
				PRESSURE	VUL INUE				PR, BED PRESSURE
1	020	3	13						
1	020	4	14	SPEED	FREQ	0	 	1500	N, FAN SPEED
	020	5	15	DEW POINT		0		109	NASA SUPPLIED
1	020	6	16	SCALE		0		107	NASA SUPPLIED
1	020	7	17	FLOW METER		0		100	NAGA SUPPLIED
1	020	8	18						
1	020	9	19						
	050								LATER PINE POLER
	050								COMPRESSOR FOLLER
									CTEAM OF ROUTE
									CRAPE AND US FUNCT
4	050			166					COADE 400 HI DELAY
									SPHILE 400 RL NELHT
	050				016 001				FAN PUNER
2	050	<u>6</u>	<u>    26</u>	LED .					SYSTEM GN/OFF IND.
2	050	7		ED					SHUTDOWN INDICATOR
2	050	0	20	SWITCH	DIG IN				P2 BELTA PRESSURE SH
2	050	1	21	SWITCH	DIG IN				SI CO2 MODE CHITCH
2	050	2	22	SWITCH	DIG IN				P3 CO2 STORAGE LO
2	050	3	23	SWITCH	DIG IN				P4 CO2 STORAGE HI
2	050	4	24	+5 VDC	DIG IN				System GN
2	050	5	25	SHITCH	DIG IN				P5 STEAM GEN BACK PRES
2	050	5	25						
2	050	7	27						
!	!		!						



#### Life Test Lab Support Package

The life test lab support package consists of an air inlet filter, an air exhaust silencer, and a test stand to support the CO2 removal package. The test stand has been custom fabricated at Hamilton Standard specifically for supporting the CO2 removal package during usage in the CSD Life Test Laboratory. The air inlet filter, which was incorporated to reduce the intake particulate levels, is a standard model purchased from Consolar. The air exhaust silencer has been added to reduce noise levels associated with the 21 cfm (600 lpm), 11,000 rpm fan motor. The silencer is a standard model manufactured by Rotron.

#### SAWD Electrical System Details

Table 10 presents a listing of the preprototype SAWD electrical system input/ output components. This parts list details the location (subsystem package) on which the component is found, specifies the sensing element and operating range of the component (as applicable), the load requirements of items (as applicable), and the indication provided by each of the indicator lights in the SAWD controller package.

Table 11 presents a listing of the connectors used in the SAWD subsystem. The table defines the component within the SAWD subsystem on which the connector is located. Table 12 is a second list of the connectors used in the preprototype SAWD as grouped by equipment manufacturer.

#### SAWD Subsystem Assembly

The SAWD subsystem is defined by the electrical and mechanical drawings which are listed in Table 13. Electrical power, signal and fluid interfaces must be connected between the four (4) subsystem packages and the external supply sources in order to complete assembly of the SAWD.

Electrical power and signal sources connecting the four (4) subsystem packages are wired in accordance with the electrical schematic, SVSK 107469. Electrical cables for power and signal transmission between the controller, CO2 removal, and CO2 storage/delivery packages are provided as part of the SAWD subsystem. The cables are of sufficient length so as to permit the remote locations of each package. Mating connectors for electrical power and external signals to the controller package are provided with the unit.

Polyflo tubing (1/4 and 3/8 inch OD) is used for fluid lines throughout the SAWD subsystem. These fluid lines provide water and pressurizing gas to the CO2 removal package, and transmit CO2 to the storage/delivery package, overboard dump or CO2 reduction subsystem. The polyflo tubing is cut to fit as required in accordance with the preprototype SAWD (PPS) schematic (SVSK 105648).

-



# TABLE 10PREPROTOTYPE SAWD SYSTEM I/O

#### INPUTS

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	SENSING ELEMENT	RANGE	LOCATION
Ti	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	30-350 F	CAN IN
T2	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	30-350 F	Can header
T3	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	30-250 F	CAN CUTLET
T4	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	30-250 F	BED
T5	TEP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	30-250 F	BED
T6	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	30-250 F	BED
17	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	00-250 F	BED
TS	TEMP	THERMOCOUPLE, TYPE T	20-250 F	BED
	1			
Pi	PRESSURE	CAPACITIVE	0-5 VDC	DED
P2	PRESSURE	Switch -	DISCRETE	ULLAGE BYPACS DELTA P
P3	PRESSURE	SWITCH	DISCRETE	CO2 STORAGE TANK
P4	PRESSURE	SWITCH	DISCRETE	CO2 STORAGE TANK
P5	PRESSURE	SWITCH	DISCRETE	STEAM GENERATOR
	1		l l l	1 7 1
N	SPEED	MAGNETIC COIL	1 VP-P	Fan
Si	SWITCH	TOGGLE SWITCH	OPN/CLS	CONTROL PANEL
	1 1 1			
DP	DEW POINT		0-10 VDC	NASA SUPPLIED
SC	SCALE		0-10 VDC	NASA SUPPLIED
FH	FLOW METER		0-10 VDC	NASA SUPPLIED
	1			

#### OUTPUTS

•



# TABLE 10 (CONTINUED) PREPROTOTYPE SAWD SYSTEM I/O

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LOAD REQUIREMENTS	LOCATION		
	1 1 1		•		
V1	VALVE	24VDC @ 0.4A	PNEUMATIC CONTROL VALVE		
<b>V</b> 3	VALVE	24VDC € 0.4A	ULLAGE BYPASS VALVE		
V4	VALVE	24VDC @ 0.4A	CO2 OVERBOARD VENT VALVE		
V5	VALVE	24VDC € 0.4A	CO2 ACCUMULATOR OUTLET VALVE		
Fi	FAN	115VAC 3P & 1A 400 HZ			
F2	PUMP	115VAC & 1A	WATER FEED LINE		
F3	PUMP	115VAC @ 3.3A	CO2 COMPRESSOR		
		-			
SG	stean gen	115VAC @ 1A	Controller Power		
	1	·			

#### INDICATOR LIGHTS

ITEM NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	INDICATION
I1	GREEN	LED	115V 60 HZ POWER
12	GREEN	LED	115V 400 HZ A POWER
13	GREEN	LED	115V 400 HZ B POWER
14	GREEN	LED	115V 400 HZ C POWER
15	GREEN .	LED	24V DC POWER
16	GREEN	LED	SYSTEM ON
17	YELLOW	LED	Shutdown
18	RED	LED	System off
19	GREEN	LED	ABSORB
I10	GRED	LED	DESORB
I11	GREEN	LED	.CO2 OVERBOAKD
I12	GREEN	LED	CO2 REDUCTION



# TABLE 11

## CONNECTOR LIST

LOCATION COD	E: CONCON CMPCOM	itroller Pressor	arni PPS	HARNESS SAND PLANT
CONVECTOR \$	MANUFACTURER	PART #	ILOC	DESCRIPTION
J100	APPHENOL	3106A-20-18P	HRN	Sawd 115V 60 Hz Load Power
J101	BENDIX	PT06A-12-10P	HRN	SAND 24V LOAD POWER
J102	BENDIX	PT06A-14-19P	HRN	Sawd 115V 400 Hz Load Power
J103	BENDIX	PT06A-15-25P	HRN	SAND INSTRUMENTATION
J104 .	CANNON	MS3106A-145-6P	HRN	COMPRESSOR 115V 60 HZ POWER
J105	BENDIX	PT06A-10-6P	HRN	COMPRESSOR 24V FOWER, INST
J106	BENDIX	PT06A-12-10P	HRN	NASA SUPPLIED HARNESS
J110			HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J111		8 8	HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J112	1 1 1		HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J113			HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J114	1 1 1		HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J115			HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J116	1 1 1 1		HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J117	1 1 1		HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J150	CANNON	MS3106A-13-15	CON	FRONT PANEL POWER SIGNALS
J151	BENDIX	PT06A-12-105-	CON	FRONT PANEL STATUS SIGNALS
J200	AMPHENOL	3106A-20-18S	HRN	115V 60 HZ LOAD POWER INPUT
J201	BENDIX	PT06A-12-10S	HEN	24V LCAD POWER INPUT
J202	BENCIX	PT06A-14-19S	HEN	115V 400 HZ LOAD POWER INPUT
J203	BENDIX	PT06A-16-26S	IRN	INSTRUMENTATION OUTPUT
J210			HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J211			HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J212			HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J213			IRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J214	1 f 1 	, , ,	หณ	THERMOCCUPLE
J215	1		HRN	THERMOCOUPLE
J216			HRN	THERMCCOUPLE
J217			HIN	THERMOCOUPLE
J250	BENDIX	PT06A-10-6S	HRN	SPEED SENSOR
J251	DEUTSCII	AFD56-14-55N	HRN	Fan Power
J252		   		



# TABLE 11 (CONTINUED)

# CONNECTOR LIST

\_

	!	1		
J253	BENDIX	PT06A-10-65	HRN	PRESSURE CENSOR POWER & OUTPUT
J304	CANNON	HS3106A-145-65	HRN	COMPRESSOR 115V 60 HZ POWER
J305	BENDIX	PT06A-10-65	HRN	CONPRESSOR 24V POWER, INST
P100	ANPHENOL	3102A-20-135	CON	Sand 115V 60 HZ LOAD POWER
P101	BENDIX	PT02A-12-10S	CON	SAND 24V LOAD POWER
P102	BENDIX	PT02A-14-195	CON	SAND 115V 400 HZ LOAD POWER
P103	BENDIX	PT02A-16-26S	CON	SAND INSTRUMENTATION
P104	CANNON	MS3102A-145-65	CON	COMPRESSOR 115V 50 HZ POWER
P105	BENDIX	PT02A-10-6S	CCN	COMPRESSOR 24V POWER, INST
P106	DENDIX	PT02A-12-10S	CCN	NASA SUPPLIED INSTRUMENTATION
P110	! 	r 	CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P111	1	1 9 9	CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P112			CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P113		-	CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P114	1 1 1		CCN	THERMOCOUPLE
P115			CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P116			CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P117			CON	THERMOCOUPLE
P150	CANNON	MS3102A-18-1P	CON	FRONT PANEL POWER SIGNALS
P151	DENDIX	PT02A-12-10P	CON	FRONT PANEL STATUS SIGNALS
P200	Amphenol	3102A-20-1GP	PPS	115V 60 HZ LOAD POWER INPUT
P201	BENDIX	PT02A-12-10P	PPS	24V LOAD POWER INPUT
P202	BENDIX	PT02A-14-19P	PPS	115V 400 HZ LOAD POWER INPUT
P203	BENDIX	PT02A-16-26P	PPS	INSTRUMENTATION OUTPUT
P210			PPS	THERMOCOUPLE
P211	, , , ,		PP3	THERMOCOUPLE
P212		1 	PPS	TIERMOCOUPLE
P213			PPS	THERMOCCUPLE
P214			PPS	THERMOCOUPLE
P215			PPS	THERMOCOUPLE
P216			PPS	THERICCOUPLE
P217			PPS	THERINGCOUPLE
P250	DENDIX	PT02A-10-6P	PPS	SFEED SENSOR
P304	CANNON	HS3102A-145-6P	CMP	COMPRESSOR 1157 60 HZ POWER
P305	DENDIX	PT02A-10-6P	Cip	COMPRESSOR 24V POWER, INCT



# TABLE 12 PREPROTOTYPE SAWD CONECTOR LIST

## (\_) INDICATES LOWER CASE LETTERS

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	WIRE SIZE	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION
1100	AMPHENOL #	16	A	
0100	3100H-20-10F	12	B	STEAM GENERATOR-RETURN
J200	3100H-20-185	16	C	WATER PUMP-RETURN
P100	31024-20-185	16	D	HATER PUMP-HOT
P200	3102A-20-18P	16	E	WATER PUMP-SAFETY GROUND
	CABLE CLAMP:	12	F	STEAM GENERATOR-SAFETY GROUND
	97-3057-1012-1	16	G	
	9 9 9 9	16	Н	
		12	I	STEAM GENERATOR-HOT
	BENDIX#	20	A	V4-HOT
0101	1 FIVON-12-10F	1 1 1	B	V3-нот
3201	PT00A-12-105		C	V3-RETURN
P101	P102A-12-105		D	****
P201	PT02A-12-10P	8	E	
	3 7 9 9		F	
	9 3 7 2		G	SHIELD GROUND
	, 1 1 1		H	V1-HOT
1	2 9 2		J	VA-RETURN
	1 9 0 7	1	K	VI-RETURN
.11/12	BENDIX #	20	A	
10102	DT040-14-100		B	
D102	1 FIVON-14-100		C	
F104	T TV2H-14-170		D	
r 202	FIV2H-14-17P		E	
			٢	



•

# TABLE 12 (CONTINUED)PREPROTOTYPE SAWD CONECTOR LIST

•

	1	1	·	!
		3 E I 7	G	1 1 1
			Н	
	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	K	SPARE
	1		L	SPARE
	1 7 7		M	SPARE
	, 1 1 1		N	**************************************
	, , , ,		F	FAN-PHASE A
	6 7		R	FAN-PHASE B
	, 1 1 1		S	FAN-PHASE C
	5 7 1		T	SHIELD GROUND
	, 1 1 2		U	
	r 1 1 1		V	FAN-RETURN
	BENDIX #	20	A _	
J103	Fiven-10-26P		B	
J203	P106A-16-265		C	
P103	PT02A-16-265		D	
P203	P102A-16-26P		E	,
			F	
	1 1 1		G	
	3 1 2		H	
	r 1 3			
			K	PRESSURE SENSOR +24V
		9 8 8 1	 L	PRESSURE SENSOR +24V RETURN
			M	SHIELD GROUND
		1 1 1	N	PRESSURE SENSOR-OUTPUT
		F	P	PRESSURE SENSOR-RETURN
			R	
		i		





# TABLE 12 (CONTINUED) PREPROTOTYPE SAWD CONECTOR LIST

			l S	SPEED SENSOR-HI
	2 1 1		T	SPEED SENSOR-LO
	3 1 1 1	1 9 9	U	SPEED SENCOR-SAFETY GROUND
	) 1 1		V	
	) } ]	9 9 1	W	PRESSURE SWITCH (P2)-NO
		9 1 1	X	PRESSURE SHITCH (P2)-COMMON
	1 1 1		Y	PRESSURE SWITCH (P2)-NC
	8 3 1		Z	
	1 9 8		(A)	PRESSURE SWITCH (P5)-NC
	1 1 7 5		(B)	PRESSURE SWITCH (P5)-COMMON
	1 		(C)	PRESSURE SWITCH (P5)-NO
1104	CANNON #	16	A	COMPRESSOR POWER
0104	HC2104A-140-40		B	RETURN
0004	HC21020-140-40		C	GROUND
F104	1 MC2102A-140-40	1	D ·	
rovt	1001028-140-06	 	E	
	·	1 1 1 1	F	
1105	BENDIX #	20	A	IP3-HI
0103	PT040-10-49	E 6 7	B	P3/P4-COMMON
DIOE	F100H-10-05	1   	C	F4-L0
F10J	PT024-10-00	9 1 1	D	Shield ground
rouj		2 1 2 1	E	V5-hDT
	1 5 1	t t 1	F	V5-RETURN
1104	EENDIX #	1 20	A	DEWPOINT RETURN
0100 D10/	1 PT026 12 100	20	B	SHIELD GROUND
r 100	FIV2H=12+103	1 1 1	C	
		9 1 2	D	SHIELD GROUND
	t     1	1 9 9 9	E	FLOW METER RETURN
	1	• • •	F	IFLOW METER +



		1	1	!	!
		5 1 5	1 1 1 7	G	SCALE +
				Н	DEWPOINT +
			)     	J	SHIELD GROUND
			1 1 2	K	SCALE -
		HUBBELL #	10		115VAC 60 HZ HOT
	D107	7527	12		RETURN
0	P107	7333	*		SAFETY GROUND
	11.00	HUBBELL #	10		115VAC 400 HZ HOT, PHASE A
	0100		10		115VAC 400 HZ HOT, PHASE B
	r100 i		4 1 1		115VAC 400 HZ HOT, PHASE C
	1		t 1 1 t		RETURN
			1 1 1 1		SAFETY GROUND
	J110		1 7	+	CAN INLET-THERMOCOUPLE
			1 1 1 	-	CAN INLET-THERMOCOUPLE
	J111			+	CAN HEADER-THERMOCOUPLE
			1 ! !	-	CAN HEADER-THERMOCOUPLE
	J112		1 1 1	+	CAN OUTLET-THERMOCOUPLE
			1   	-	CAN OUTLET-THERMOCOUPLE
	J113			+	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
			) 1 1 1	-	DED-THERMOCOUPLE
	J114		1	+	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
			1 1 1 1 1	-	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
	J115		1 1 1 1	+	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
	UZIJ I		1 1 1 1	-	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
	J116			+	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
				-	BED-THERMOCCUPLE
	J117			+	BED-THERMOCOUPLE
				-	RED-THERMCCOUPLE
					1

# TABLE 12 (CONTINUED) PREPROTOTYPE SAWD CONECTOR LIST



.

TABLE 1	12 (00	ONTINUED)	
PREPROTOTYPE	SAWD	CONECTOR	LIST

	CANNONE	ł	A	1
0100	1 153106A-18-15		B	115VAC 60 HZ RETURN
P150	MS31026-18-1P		C	115VAC 400 HZ PHASE A POWER SIG
			D	115VAC 400 HZ PHASE B POWER SIG
	2 1 9		E	115VAC 400 HZ PHASE C POWER SIG
			F	115VAC 400 HZ RETURN
	7 1 1		G	
			H H	
	1 ] }		I	115V 60 HZ
	3 3 8 6		J	RELAY POWER
	BENDIX#	20	A	24 VDC
J151	P106A-12-105		B	SHUTDOWN INDICATOR SIGNAL
P151	PT06A-12-10P		C	5 VDC
			D	SYSTEM ON INDICATOR SIGNAL
	r 8 9 2		E	V1 ACTUATED SIGNAL
	r 1 7		F	SG ON SIGNAL
	r 8 8 9		G	
	1 5 8 9	t t 1	H	SI SIGNAL INPUT TO DATA LOGGER
	с 1 1	1 1 1 1	J	SV RETURN
	2 7 1 2		K	V1-RETURN
	BENDIX #		A	SPEED SENSOR-HI
0200	P106A-10-6P		B	SPEED SENSOR-LO
P200	P102A-10-65		C	SPEED SENSOR-SAFETY GROUND
	2 2 3		D	
			E	
			F	
J251	DEUTSCH #		A	FAN-PHASE A
	i HFU30-14-35N		B	FAN-PHASE D
			C	FAN-PHASE C

-



TABLE 1	12 (CC	ONTINUED)	
PREPROTOTYPE	SAWD	CONECTOR	LIST

	1	1	۱ <u></u>	
	5 5		D	FAN-RETURN
	i 1 1	1	E	FAN-SAFETY GROUND
J252	MS24266-R14B-		1	V2-OPEN
	1.1.2514		2	V2-CLOSE
	1		3	V2-RETURN
		9 9 9	4	
		3 1 8	5	
			6	
	1 5 7		7	
	1 1 2 2		8	
	1 7 7		9	
	2 1 1	1 1 1	10	
	8 5 1	1 	11	
J253	BENDIX #	1	A	PRESSURE SENSOR +24V
	1 F100M-10-00	1 } 1	В	PRESSURE SENSOR +24V RETURN
	7 1 1	1 1 1	C	PRESSURE SENSOR-OUTPUT
	5 F 1		D	PRESCURE SENSOR-RETURN
	1 1 2	1 1 1	E	PRESCURE SENSOR-SAFETY GROUND
<u></u>	1 1 1 1		F	
	,	1		1

•



## Table 13

## SAWD SUBSYSTEM DRAWINGS

•

Drawing No.	No. Sheets	Title	Latest <u>Revision</u>
<u>Electrical</u>			
SVSK 107467	3	Schematic, SAWD Controller	12/06/83
SVSK 107468	1	PPS Package, Inter. Harness Dwg.	12/06/83
SVSK 107469	1	PPS System Block Diagram	1/12/84
Mechanical			
SVSK 86322	1	Fan, Centrifugal	1/24/84
SVSK 103199	8	Preprototype SAWD Canister Assy.	1/24/84
SVSK 105648	1	Preprototype SAWD (PPS) Schematic	1/24/84
SVSK 105692	1	SAWD Accumulator	1/24/84
SVSK 105825	2	Preprototype SAWD (PPS) System	1/24/84
SVSK 108048	1	Test Stand, SAWD I	1/24/84





#### SUBSYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

This section describes the preprototype SAWD operational sequence and presents the logic used by the controller to affect proper sequencing. The function of each control related sensor is identified during explanation of the software logic.

#### Subsystem Operation

The operating components of the preprototype SAWD were shown previously in Figure 2. The subsystem's normal sequential operating cycle consists of an absorption cycle followed by desorption. However, subsystem start-up begins with a desorption cycle to ensure that the amine moisture content is controlled. A test series is normally terminated with an absorption cycle to prevent the subsystem from being shut down with a hot sorbent bed. Operation during absorption, desorption, and with  $CO_2$  delivery are described in the following paragraphs.

Absorption Operation - During absorption (ABS) cabin air is drawn by fan F1 through the solid amine absorbent bed B1. Valve V1 is positioned to supply pressurized nitrogen which opens pneumatically controlled valves V6 and V7 to permit air flow at a rate determined by the fan operating characteristics. The steady state air flow rate is about 600 liters (21 ft<sup>3</sup>) per minute. All other valves, the compressor, and the pump are maintained in the closed or off position by the controller. No other flow occurs during absorption except the flow of carbon dioxide from the accumulator A1 to the reduction unit if the  $CO_2$  reduction mode is operational. Absorption continues for the period determined by the controller as a function of the average measured relative humidity of the inlet air during the cycle. The controller then initiates desorption.

<u>Desorption Operation</u> - Desorption (DES) proceeds through three distinct stages, namely:

- (1) Preheat stage during which the steam generator is heated prior to initiating water flow (DES1).
- (2) Bleed stage when trapped air is bled from the system (DES2).
- (3) CO<sub>2</sub> delivery stage during which CO<sub>2</sub> is released from the amine bed (DES3).



At the onset of DES1, valve V1 is positioned to vent pressurized nitrogen and close valves V6 and V7, isolating the amine bed from the atmosphere. Power to fan F1 is off. Power to the steam generator G1 heater is turned on to preheat the steam generator coils and the canister header. Valve V3 is opened to permit the venting to the atmosphere of air trapped in the amine bed canister at the completion of absorption. After about two minutes of DES1 preheat. DES2 begins when power is supplied to the water pump F2 to provide water flow (3-4 lb/hr) to the steam generator. The air displaced by the steam introduced into the bed is vented at a low flow rate until CO<sub>2</sub> desorption from the amine begins, increasing the air flow rate through V3. The flow rate increase causes an increase in the pressure drop across V3 and the activation of pressure switch P2. This generates a signal that closes valve V3 and, depending on the preselected  $CO_2$  delivery mode, either opens valve V4 to dump  $CO_2$  overboard or powers compressor F3 to deliver CO<sub>2</sub> to accumulator A1. This sequence begins DES3. If CO<sub>2</sub> delivery is in the reduction mode, valve V2 is opened momentarily to relieve the downstream pressure and prevent activation of the compressor's overpressure shutdown. DES3 is continued until the bed outlet temperature T1 increases to 65.5°C(150°F) indicating that the desorption is complete. The controller then initiates the next absorption cycle.

The cyclic operation, absorption followed by desorption, continues until an end of test command is initiated by the controller. The end of test command initiates an absorption followed by a normal shutdown sequence.

<u> $CO_2$  Delivery Operation</u> - During DES3, the desorbed  $CO_2$  can be delivered to the  $CO_2$  reduction subsystem of the Atmosphere Revitalization System through the SAWD accumulator, or dumped overboard. The delivery mode is selected by manually positioning switch S1 on the controller panel.

If the  $CO_2$  reduction mode is selected, the signal from pressure switch P2 will close valve V3 and start the  $CO_2$  compressor F3 to pump the desorbed  $CO_2$  into the accumulator. If the  $CO_2$  overboard mode is selected, the P2 signal will close V3 and open valve V4 to vent the desorbed  $CO_2$ .

The delivery of  $CO_2$  is initiated by opening valve V5 to permit flow when pressure switch P4 indicates an accumulator pressure of at least 262 kPa (38 psia). The  $CO_2$  can then be delivered from the accumulator to a  $CO_2$  reduction system at any time during the SAWD operating cycle when there is sufficient  $CO_2$  in the accumulator to maintain a pressure greater than 138 kPa (20 psia). Valve 5 remains open until pressure switch P3 indicates a decrease in the accumulator pressure to 138 kPa (20 psia). Continuous flow at a preselected rate is maintained by the pressure regulator R2 and the variable orifice flow control valve  $\emptyset$ 1.

#### Subsystem Control

The controller package provides automatic sequencing and control of the cyclic absorb/desorb process. The controller monitors all operating parameters, actuates the components, calculates subsystem performance data, and provides automatic shutdown in the event of an operational anomaly, or the completion of the test series. The sensed operating parameters are identified in Table 14. The parameters designated by an asterisk control the cyclic operation of the SAWD. The other parameters monitor performance, generate a signal to cause component actuation, and/or initiate automatic shutdown.



.

## Table 14

## SAWD SUBSYSTEM OPERATING PARAMETERS

Parameter Sensed	Senso	r Identification
Dew Point Temperature	DP*	Ambient Air Dewpointer
F1 Air Fan Speed	N	Fan Rotational Speed Sensor
Bed Air/Steam Pressure	P1	Sorbent Bed Pressure Transducer
CO <sub>2</sub> Flow-Induced Pressure	P2*	High Pressure Switch Desorb Air Vent
Flow Restriction-Induced Pressure	Ρ5	High Pressure Switch Water Pump
ABS - Inlet Air Temperature DES - Outlet Steam Temperature	T1*	Inlet Air Temperature Sensor
Header Temperature	T2*	Header Temperature Sensor
ABS - Outlet Air Temperature DES - Steam Temperature	Т3	Outlet Air Temperature Sensor
Sorbent Bed Temperatures	T4-T8	Bed Temperature Sensors
Reduction - CO <sub>2</sub> Desorption Flow Rate Overboard - Accumulator CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Flow Rate	M1	CO <sub>2</sub> Flow Rate
CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Start Pressure (Accumulator)		High Pressure Switch Accumulator
CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery Stop Pressure (Accumulator)		Low Pressure Switch Accumulator

\* These parameters are used to control cyclic operation, i.e., Absorption time and the starting and stopping of Desorption.


Logic diagrams for the SAWD controller software are presented in Figures 28 through 35. Figure 28 presents the main controller software logic. This program provides overall management of the subsystem operation via utilization of the subroutines identified in Figures 29 through 35.

The microprocessor operations that are available, in the order of their programmed occurrence, are as follows:

- 1. A functional checkout of the SAWD operating components. (This is activated via use of the subroutine "CHECKOUT".)
- The instrument calibration curves are loaded into memory (eg the electronic scale uses the subroutine "SCALE", the CO<sub>2</sub> flowmeter uses "FLOW").
- 3. The initializing parameters are input (eg date, time of day).
- 4. An option is available to recondition the amine to a 20% moisture content condition.
- 5. Input the total number of cycles desired to be run.
- 6. Enter the initial test conditions (eg inlet temperature, dew point, etc.).
- 7. Print the output heading.
- 8. Press the start button on the controller front panel.
- 9. Set the time interval for the "WATCHDOG" reset. This "WATCHDOG" fundamentally is electronic circuitry that will affect an automatic shutdown if any electronic device is nonresponsive when scanned.
- 10. Read and display the time and temperatures.
- 11. Check for out of limits conditions. If any parameter is out of limits, then initiate an automatic shutdown.
- 12. If all parameters are within limits, then continue SAWD operation.

During subsystem start-up, the controller scans the operating parameters of the subsystem and activates a shutdown sequence if an anomaly exists. The conditions considered to be abnormal during start-up are listed in Table 15.

In the normal operating mode, the subsystem starts operation by activating a desorption. The controller automatically initiates each of the three phases of desorption - DES1, DES2, and DES3. Figure 29 presents the logic diagram for SAWD operation during desorption.





FIGURE 28 SAWD CONTROLLER LOGIC



۵



DESORB SUBROUTINE





FIGURE 30 ABSORB SUBROUTINE

















FIGURE 33

## CO2 DELIVERY SUBROUTINE







FIGURE 34 SHUTDOWN DETECTION SUBROUTINE\*

★ ALL SHUTDOWNS RESULT IN AN APPROPRIATE SHUTDOWN MESSAGE BEING PRINTED ON HP-OS INTERNAL PRINTER ALL SHUTDOWNS OCCURRING DURING AN ABSORPTION CYCLE RESULT IN IMMEDIATE SHUTDOWN
★ IMMEDIATE SHUTDOWN IF DURING AN ABSORPTION CYCLE





FIGURE 35 SHUTDOWN SUBROUTINE



¢



٠

## Table 15

### SUBSYSTEM START-UP ANOMOLIES

Inlet Air Temperature	Τ1	>	150°F
Header Temperature	Τ2	>	300°F
Outlet Temperature	Т3	>	350°F
Pressure Switch P2 Is Closed			



Desorption phase DES1 is initiated when the controller signals the application of power to the steam generator. The primary control parameter during DES1 is the header temperature T2. A header temperature greater than  $54.4^{\circ}C$  ( $130^{\circ}F$ ) is sufficient to generate steam of 100% quality at 100°C ( $212^{\circ}F$ ). When the header temperature exceeds  $54.4^{\circ}C$  ( $130^{\circ}F$ ), the controller terminates DES1 and initiates DES2.

Desorption phase DES2 begins upon the completion of DES1. The primary control parameter during DES2 is the  $CO_2$  flow-induced pressure difference across the desorb air vent solenoid valve, V3. The pressure switch, P2, is activated when the pressure difference across V3 exceeds 2.49 kPa (10 inches of H<sub>2</sub>O). This increase in pressure is due to a flow through V3 exceeding approximately 1.42 l/min (0.05 cfm) and is indicative of  $CO_2$  flow initiation from the sorbent bed. When this occurs, all trapped air has been purged from the canister header and the sorbent bed, and pure  $CO_2$  is being evolved from the amine. The activation of P2 signals the end of DES2.

Desorption phase DES3 is activated by the controller at the completion of DES2. The primary control parameter during DES3 is the outlet steam temperature, T1. Toward the end of DES3, the steam wave approaches the outlet surface of the sorbent bed resulting in a rapid increase in temperature at T1. When T1 reaches 65.5°C (150°F), an end of desorb command is activated by the controller which signals the end of DES3. A typical desorption flow profile showing DES2 and DES3 is shown in Figure 36. Performance data, in the format illustrated by Figure 36, are printed at the end of desorption, if the required instrumentation (electronic scale and CO<sub>2</sub> mass flow meter) and an external printer are incorporated in the test setup. At this point, desorption is terminated and the controller activates an absorption.

Absorption is activated upon completion of desorption. The logic diagram for SAWD operation during absorption was presented in Figure 30. The primary control parameter during absorption is the inlet air relative humidity. The absorption time varies as a function of the inlet air relative humidity. The specific design relationship between absorption duration and inlet relative humidity was presented in Figure 24. However, during the early stages of operational development, the air flow transient presented in Figure 37 was established. This fan flow rate characteristic results when the amine bed moisture content decreases from the wet condition that exists immediately after desorption to a moisture level near the design operating condition. The reduced flow characteristic predicates a longer adsorption duration to expose the amine to the proper amount of air. Accordingly, the relative humidity related control parameter during absorption shifts slightly, as is shown in Figure 38.

The SAWD airflow rate, as a function of pressure drop, is presented in Figure 39. This characteristic is shown for two fans and three levels of moisture content. The first fan experienced bearing failure after about 50 hours of operation and was replaced by the second fan. The second fan experienced bearing failure after between 100-200 hours of operation. These fan bearings are believed to have contained Beacon 325 as a lubricant and to have been aged by about 10 years of shelf life. The fan manufacturer now incorporates Mobil 28 as the standard bearing lubricant, and recommends (and supplies the bearings with) Syncolon lubricant for moist air applications with that fan. Bearings, lubricated with Mobil 28, were procured and used in the second fan for the acceptance tests.











## FIGURE 37

## ABSORPTION CYCLE FLOW TRANSIENT







ABSORPTION CYCLE CONTROL RELATIONSHIP





### FIGURE 39

### SAWD AIR FLOW vs PRESSURE DROP CHARACTERISTIC



The absorb subroutine (Reference Figure 30) continually recalculates the absorption duration as a function of the average relative humidity experienced during the current absorption and compares the calculated time to the measured operating time. When the calculated absorption time equals or exceeds the actual time of operation in absorb, the controller concludes absorption. This controller relationship maintains the sorbent bed moisture content level between 22-26 percent. The controller directs SAWD operation into the desorption phase again upon completion of absorption.

<u>Automatic Shutdown Control</u> - The logic diagrams for the shutdown detection and shutdown subroutines are presented in Figures 34 and 35, respectively. These subroutines cause the SAWD subsystem to shutdown to a safe hold condition when one of the sensors incurs an out-of-limits reading. The occurrence of an automatic shutdown causes the output (to the external printer) of a record of all sensor readings for the 15 minute period preceding the shutdown. Tables 16 and 17 illustrate typical automatic shutdown records for absorption and desorption, respectively. This data record also identifies the instant of occurrence and the shutdown number. The shutdown number identifies the sensing element that triggered the shutdown and the possible component malfunction that caused the out-of-limits sensor reading. There are twenty programmed automatic shutdowns which are defined in Table 18. Table 19 presents a complete description of the triggering sensors, the type of sensor, location, and the parameter sensed.

<u> $CO_2$ </u> Storage/Delivery Control - The control of  $CO_2$  storage and delivery is governed by the high and low pressure switches, P4 and P3 respectively. This operational mode must initially be manually selected by placing the  $CO_2$  Delivery Mode switch (located on the controller display panel) in the  $CO_2$  reduction position.

The  $CO_2$  accumulator is sized to accommodate the  $CO_2$  that is evolved during desorption at a rate greater than 0.12 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr). Storage, therefore, only occurs during that period of the desorption phase when the  $CO_2$  evolution rate exceeds 0.12 kg/hr. Delivery of the  $CO_2$  to the  $CO_2$  reduction system can be initiated at any time that the accumulator pressure is at or above 262 kPa (38 psia) and is activated by the high pressure switch, P4. The delivery of  $CO_2$  continues until the low pressure switch, P3, is activated at 138 kPa (20 psia). Under normal operating conditions, with delivery initiated at an accumulator pressure above 262 kPa (38 psia), the low pressure switch is never activated. The logic diagram for the  $CO_2$  delivery subroutine is presented on Figure 33.





## TABLE 16 SAWD HISTORICAL DATA SUMMARY TEST NUMBER 102

SAWD AUTO SHUTDOWN-ABSORPTION CYCLE- 10 TIME INTO CYCLE,min: 5.5 SHUTDOWN NUMBER- 4 DATE 01/10/1983 TIME 11:10:40

NINUTES BEFORE			sand ti	ENPERA	TURES, I	DEGF			INLET AIR DEV POINT	FAN SPEED SENSOR	Sand Bed Pressure
SHUTDOWN	T1	12	13	. <u>14</u>	75	T6	7	T8	DEGF	READING	PSIA_
1	68.3	282.4	138.4	71.9	78.7	86.0	94.1	183.0	69.4	793	14.8
2	68.3	212.8	155.4	74.7	85.7	95.3	185.4	115.3	68.4	794	14.8
3	68.3	223.1	172.7	88.9	95.6	186.6	118.1	128.5	68.7	796	14.8
4	68.9	238.1	198.7	97.8	115.6	128.1	149.5	149.5	68.8	797	15.6
5	75.2	254.9	229.5	131.1	159.5	161.3	179.1	175.5	68.7	888	15.6
6	193.5	267.7	267.5	288.9	289.8	289.8	289.3	289.5	68.8	8	15.6
7	91.1	267.8	339.2	215.1	215.2	215.1	214.7	214.6	68.8	8	15.8
8	89.2	267.7	331.9	215.5	215.7	215.6	215.2	215.1	61.8	8	15.9
9	88.6	267.6	334.4	215.5	215.9	215.9	215.5	215.4	68.9	8	16. <del>8</del>
18	88.6	267.5	337.3	215.1	215.8	215.9	215.5	215.4	68.7	8	16. <del>8</del>
11	87.6	267.6	337.3	213.9	215.8	215.9	215.5	215.4	68.3	8	16.0
12	87.0	267.4	335.7	285.6	215.7	215.9	215.5	215.4	68.2	9	16.9
13	86.2	267.2	336.8	171.3	215.5	215.8	215.5	215.4	68.3	8	16.9
14	85.5	267.9	338.4	137.8	215.3	215.8	215.5	215.3	68.4	8	16.9
15	84.9	267.1	336.1	123.6	215.1	215.8	215.5	215.4	69.5	9	16.9



.

**SVHSER 8921** 

### TABLE 17

### SAWD\_HISTORICAL\_DATA\_SUMMARY TEST NUMBER 103

SAWD AUTO SHUTDOWN-DESORPTION CYCLE- 11 TIME INTO CYCLE,min: 5.1 SHUTDOWN NUMBER- 9 DATE 01/12/1984 TIME 07:57:07

MINUTES BEFORE		SAND TEMPERATURES, DEGF								FAN SPEED SENSOR	SAND BED PRESSURE
SHUTDOWN	T1	12	<u>13</u>	T4	75	<u>16</u>	_17_	18	DEGE	READING	PSI8
1	71.6	231.4	214.1	72.4	79.2	65.5	61.5	198.2	52.8	0	15.1
2	71.6	226.2	214.1	72.4	79.3	65.5	61.2	89.4	52.8	8	15.1
3	71.7	221.5	214.1	72.3	78.2	ର୍ଟ.5	61.8	72.9	52.8	0	15.2
4	71.8	213.7	214.3	72.2	78.3	65.6	69.8	67.4	52.8	9	15.8
5	71.9	181.4	297.6	72.5	78.4	66.0	68.9	64.4	52.8	8	15.6
6	72.1	134.8	163.1	72.1	79.2	65.8	69.6	62.3	52.9	9	15.8
7	72.8	83.7	64.6	72.8	79.2	66.4	69.1	61.1	52.8	798	15.9
8	72.7	84.3	64.7	72.8	78.2	66.3	68.2	61.2	52.8	799	15.8
9	72.7	84.9	64.8	71.9	7 <b>9.</b> 1	66.3	69.3	61.3	52.8	798	15.8
19	72.8	85.8	65.0	71.9	79.9	66.3	68.3	61.4	52.8	789	15.0
<u>11</u>	72.8	86.6	65.1	71.8	79.9	66.3	69.4	61.5	52.8	789	15.8
12	72.8	87.3	65.1	71.3	79.0	66.2	68.5	61.6	52.8	789	15.9
13	72.8	88.3	65.3	71.7	69.9	66.2	68.6	<b>61.7</b>	52.8	798	15.0
14	72.8	89.1	65.4	71.7	69.9	<b>66.</b> 2	58.7	51.8	52.8	789	15.8
15	72.8	89.9	65.5	71.7	69.9	66.1	68.8	61.9	52.8	789	15.0





### Table 18

## AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN DEFINITION

SD NO.	SHUTDOWN MESSAGE -CRT DISPLAY	CYCLE PHASE	SENSING ELEMENT	POSSIBLE COMPONENT MALFUNCTION
1 2	Desorb Time < 10 Min. Critical TC Failure	DES3 ALL	T1 T1,2,3	Tl Reading Low TC Open Circuit
3	Water Pressure > 90 psi	DES2,3	P5	Gl Blockage
4 5	Inlet Air RH Range Controller Circuit	ABS All	DP,T1 -	Bite Circuitry Peripheral Not Responsive
6	Preheat Time > 5 Min.	DESI	T2	Gl Heat Low F2 On Early C2 Circuit
7	CO <sub>2</sub> Flow Start > 45 Min.	DES2	Ρ2	Gl Heat Low F2 On Early V6 Open V7 Open V4 Open V1 Failed Closed
8	Header Temp. > 320°F	DES2 DES3	Τ2	F2 Flow Low C2 Circuit
9	Steam Temp. < 215°F	DES2 DES3	Т3	Gl Heat Low F2 Flow High V6 Open V7 Open V1 Failed Closed C2 Circuit
10	Steam Temp. > 400°F	DES2 DES3	Т3	F2 Flow Low C2 Circuit
11	Header Temp. < 195°F	DES2 DES3	Τ2	Gl Heat Low F2 Flow High V6 Open V7 Open V1 Failed Closed C2 Circuit



# Table 18 (Continued)

## AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN DEFINITION

SD NO.	SHUTDOWN MESSAGE CRT_DISPLAY	CYCLE PHASE	SENSING ELEMENT	POSSIBLE COMPONENT MALFUNCTION
12	Bed Pressure > 17.3 psi	DES1,2	Pl	P2 Failed Open V3 Failed Closed Rl Set High
		DES3 0'B'D	P1	V4 Failed Closed Rl Set High
		DES3 RED	Pl	F3 Failed Off V2 Failed Closed V9 Failed Closed Rl Set High
13	Bed Pressure < 13.7 psi	ALL	P1	F3 Failed On Rl Set Low
14	CO <sub>2</sub> Flow Start < 10 Min.	DES2	P2	Gl Heat High F2 Flow Low V3 Failed Closed
15	Desorb Time > 70 Min.	DES3	TI	Gl Heat Low F2 Flow High
16	Low Fan Speed	ABS	N	Fl Motor, Bearings
17	High Fan Speed	ABS	N	Fl Motor, Power
18	Inlet Air Temp. > 120°F After 2 Min.	ABS	TI	Gl On Fl Failed Off V6 Closed V7 Closed V1 Failed Open C2 Circuit
19	Outlet Air Temp. > 125°F After 5 Min.	ABS	Т3	Gl On Fl Failed Off V6 Closed V7 Closed V1 Failed Open C2 Circuit
20	Header Temp. > 150°F After 25 Min.	ABS	Τ2	Gl On Fl Failed Off V6 Closed V7 Closed V1 Failed Open C2 Circuit



SVHSER 8921

## TABLE 19

## SENSORS TRIGGERING AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWNS

Sens	or Identification	Туре	Location	Parameter Sensed
DP	Ambient Air Dewpointer		External	Dew Point Temperature
N	Fan Rotational Speed Sensor	Magnetic Coil	Fan Motor Housing	Fl Air Fan Speed
P1	Sorbent Bed Pressure Transducer	Capacitive, 0-5VDC	CO <sub>2</sub> Desorb Line	Bed Air/Steam Pressure
P2	High Pressure Switch Desorb Air Vent	Mechanical Switch	Desorb Air Vent Line	CO <sub>2</sub> Flow-Induced Pressure
P5	High Pressure Switch Water Pump	Mechanical Switch	Water Feed Line	Flow Restriction- Induced Pressure
וד	Inlet Air Temperature Sensor	Thermocouple Type T	Bed Air Inlet	ABS - Inlet Air Temp. DES - Outlet Steam Temp
Т2	Header Temperature Sensor	Thermocouple Type T	Canister Inlet Header	Header Temperature
Т3	Outlet Air Temperature Sensor	Thermocouple Type T	Bed Air Outlet	ABS - Outlet Air Temp. DES - Steam Temp.





### SUBSYSTEM ACCEPTANCE TESTS

### Objective

The purpose of the preprototype SAWD subsystem acceptance tests is to verify the following specific operational requirements:

- 1. The ability of the SAWD to provide a  $CO_2$  removal capability at the rate of 0.12 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr) over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range.
- 2. The abililty of the SAWD to provide  $CO_2$  delivery in the  $CO_2$  reduction mode at the rate of 0.12 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr) over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range.
- 3. The ability of the controller software to automatically control the SAWD subsystem operation over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range.

The cumulative acceptance test duration is to be a minimum of 120 hours, with the  $CO_2$  storage/delivery package operated for a minimum of ten cycles in the  $CO_2$  reduction mode to verify the compatibility of the integrated subsystem. The testing is to be in accordance with the following tabulated test conditions.

Test Conditions									
Inlet CO <sub>2</sub> Level (mmHg)	Inlet Relative Humidity (%)	Inlet Temperature (°F)	Minimum Test Duration (hr)						
3.8 3.8	35 50	72 72	24 72						
3.8	70	72	24						

#### Summary

The preprototype SAWD subsystem demonstrated a total of 281 hours (208 cycles) of operation during ten acceptance tests that were conducted over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range. This operation was comprised of 178 hours (128 cycles) in the  $CO_2$  overboard mode and 103 hours (80 cycles) in the  $CO_2$  reduction mode. The average  $CO_2$  removal/delivery rate met or exceeded the design specification rate of 0.12 kg/hr (0.264 lb/hr) for all ten of the acceptance tests. The data from these tests are summarized on Table 20 and the individual data sheets for each acceptance test are presented in Tables 21 through 28.

The controller demonstrated the ability to automatically control operation of the SAWD subsystem over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range. The amine moisture content was maintained within the design range of 22-26% moisture for all tests, except nine cycles of Test 105, where the moisture content dropped to slightly below 21%.



## Table 20

### SAWD ACCEPTANCE TESTS

## ACCEPTANCE TEST SUMMARY

	Inlot	Dolativo	Average			
Test	CO <sub>2</sub> Level	Humidity	Rate	Total	Total Hours	CO <sub>2</sub> Delivery
1030	<u>(marig)</u>	<u></u>		<u>cycres</u>	nours	
101	3.8	51.8	0.143(0.315)	24	38.4	Overboard
102-A	3.8	61.2	0.139(0.305)	3	6.2	Overboard
102 <b>-</b> B	3.8	64.6	0.132(0.290)	10	18.8	Overboard
102-C	3.8	67.9	0.122(0.269)	10	25.3	Overboard
104	3.8	37.1	0.122(0.268)	15	18.1	Overboard
105	3.8	36.8	0.121(0.266)	22	24.5	Overboard
106	3.8	35.3	0.125(0.276)	44	47.0	Overboard
			Subtotal	128	178.0	Overboard
103	3.8	50.0	0.127(0.279)	27	39.2	Reduction
107	3.8	34.8	0.121(0.266)	35	37.7	Reduction
108	3.8	51.4	0.123(0.270)	18	26.5	Reduction
			Subtotal	80	103.0	Reduction
			Total	208 Cycles	281 Hours	



TABLE 21

ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 101 12/19/1983

#### \*

DESIRED	TEST	CONDI	TIONS
TEMPERATU	RE		72degF
DEW POINT	•		52degF
RELATIVE	HUMIC	ITY	50%
FLOW RATE	•		21cfm
PC02 LEVE	L		3.8mmHg
****	*****	*****	******

CYCLE	AVG.	CYCLE	TIME	BED LO	DADING	CO2 REMOVAL	ACCUMULATED
NO.	<b>ZRH</b>	Cmi	n)	(16/16 de	y amine)	RATE	TIME
		AB	DE	%H20	2002	(1b/hr)	(hrs)
1	51.1	53.3	39.9	23.0	3.18	0.309	1.6
2	51.5	54.2	40.2	23.0	3.28	0.315	3.2
3	52.0	55.1	40.2	23.1	3.30	0.313	4.8
4	51.7	54.5	40.3	23.2	3.29	0.314	6.4
5	51.8	54.7	40.3	23.3	3.26	0.311	8.1
6	52.0	55.1	40.5	23.2	3.32	0.314	9.7
7	51.5	54.0	40.2	23.4	3.25	0.312	11.3
8	52.2	55.4	40.5	23.2	3.34	0.315	12.9
9	52.3	55.8	40.4	23.4	3.34	0.314	14.6
10	51.8	54.7	39.9	23.3	3.28	0.314	16.2
11	51.6	54.4	38.4	24.0	3.23	0.314	17.8
12	53.0	57.2	38.9	23.7	3.37	0.318	19.4
13	51.3	53.6	38.6	24.1	3.24	0.318	21.0
14	52.3	55.6	38.1	23.9	3.28	0.317	22.6
15	51.7	54.5	38.1	23.7	3.24	0.317	24.2
16	51.8	54.7	38.3	23.6	3.26	0.317	25.8
17	51.3	53.6	38.3	23.5	3.20	0.315	27.3
18	51.5	54.0	37.8	23.5	3.22	0.318	28.9
19	51.4	53.7	37.8	23.3	3.22	0.319	30.5
20	51.7	54.4	37.8	23.2	3.23	0.317	32.0
21	51.3	53.5	38.1	23.2	3.21	0.318	33.6
22	51.8	54.7	37.9	23.2	3.22	0.315	35.2
23	52.0	55.1	37.9	23.0	3.26	0.317	36.8
24	52.3	55.6	38.1	22.9	3.26	0.315	38.4



.

## TABLE 22

			AC	CEPTANCE	TEST NO.	102	
				12/21/	1983		
			****	*****	*******	****	
			DESIR	RED TEST	CONDITIO	DNS :	
			TEMPE	RATURE	720	degF	
			DEW F	POINT	606	degF	
			RELAT	IVE HUMI	DITY 70	x	
			FLOW	RATE	21	cfm	
			DC02	LEVEL	3.8	Smalla	
			*****	********	********		
CYCLE	AVG.	CYCLE	TIME	BED L	DADING	CO2 REMOVAL	ACCUMULATED
ND.	ZRH	(m1	n)	(15/15 a	lry amine	) RATE	TIME
		AB	DE	<b>%</b> H20	XC02	(16/hr)	(hrs)
1	59.2	74.0	40.6	25.6	3.99	0.316	2.0
2	61.4	81.6	39.9	25.0	4.04	0.303	4.0
3	63.0	88.2	40.3	24.4	4.18	0.296	6.2

### ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 102 01/08/1984

CYCLE NO.	AVG. Zrh	CYCLE (mi AB	TIME n) DE	BED LI (16/16 di 1420	DADING ry amine) %CO2	CO2 REMOVAL RATE (1b/hr)	ACCUMULATED TIME (hrs)
1	59.9	76.5	36.9	24.5	3.90	0.313	1.9
2	62.8	87.3	36.8	24.3	4.10	0.300	4.0
3	66.2	102.8	37.1	23.9	4.32	0.281	6.4
4	67.0	107.1	37.4	23.6	4.38	0.276	8.9
5	66.9	106.5	37.4	23.7	4.39	0.278	11.3
6	43.6	42.0	30.2	26.4	.31	0.039	12.5
7	62.0	84.4	29.6	25.7	. 44	0.035	14.5
8	62.5	86.0	29.6	24.8	. 47	0.037	16.4
9	44.4	43.1	29.7	24.4	.27	0.033	17.7
10	34.7	33.2	28.3	24.6	. 18	0.026	18.8

### ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 102 01/09/1983

CYCLE NO.	AVG. Zrh	CYCLE (mi	TIME ח)	8ED LC (16/16 dr	)ADING ry amine)	CO2 REMOVAL Rate	ACCUMULATED TIME
		AB	DE	XH20	XCO2	(15/hr)	(hrs)
1	70.4	126.5	36.7	22.5	4.21	0.235	2.8
2	67.0	107.2	36.6	22.7	4.23	0.268	5.2
З	68.2	113.8	36.9	22.9	4.37	0.264	7.8
4	67.7	110.8	37.2	23.2	4.38	0.270	10.3
5	67.5	109.6	37.7	23.8	4.43	0.274	12.8
6	66.8	105.8	37.7	24.3	4.38	0.278	15.2
7	67.2	108.3	37.9	24.6	4.43	0.277	17.7
8	67.9	111.9	38.1	24.6	4.48	0.272	20.2
9	68.7	116.7	38.0	24.6	4.48	0.264	22.8
10	67.8	105.7	37.9	24.6	4.46	0.283	25.3



TABLE 23

### ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 103 01/12/1984

### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

DESIRED	TEST	COND	ITIONS:
TEMPERAT	JRE		72degF
DEW POIN	r		52degF
RELATIVE	HUMIC	<b>YTI</b>	50%
FLOW RATE	Ξ		21cfm
pCO2 LEVE	EL		3.8mmHg
******		****	*******

CYCLE	AVG.	CYCLE	TIME	BED L	DADING	CO2 REMOVAL	ACCUMULATED
NO.	%RH	נשז	כח	(16/16 d	ry amine)	RATE	TIME
		AB	DE	XH20	XC02	(16/hr)	(hrs)
1	49.9	51.1	33.7	N/A	N/A	0.280	1.5
2	50.8	52.8	33.9	N/A	N/A	0.259	2.9
3	51.2	53.7	34.2	N/A	N/A	0.258	4.4
4	50.6	52.5	33.8	N/A	N/A	0.268	5.9
5	49.8	51.0	33.9	N/A	N/A	0.269	7.4
6	49.6	50.7	33.9	N/A	N/A	0.263	8.8
7	49.5	50.4	34.0	N/A	N/A	0.262	10.3
8	49.1	49.7	34.0	N/A	N/A	0.265	11.7
9	48.9	49.5	33.8	N/A	N/A	0.275	13.1
10	49.0	49.7	3 <b>3.</b> 8	N/A	N/A	0.285	14.5
11	49.3	50.0	34.0	N/A	N/A	0.291	16.0
12	49.0	49.8	34.1	N/A	N/A	0.295	17.4
13	49.0	49.7	33.8	N/A	N/A	0.296	18.8
14	48.8	49.5	33.8	N/A	N/A	0.298	20.3
15	50.8	52.7	33.7	N/A	H/A	0.268	21.8
16	51.3	53.7	33.6	N/A	N/A	0.268	23.3
17	50.8	52.3	33.3	N/A	N/A	0.272	24.7
18	50.3	51.9	33.4	NZA	N/A	0.269	26.2
19	50.4	52.1	33.1	N/A	N/A	0.287	27.7
20	50.5	52.2	33.3	N/A	N/A	0.285	29.1
21	49.6	50.6	32.9	N/A	N/A	0.290	30.6
22	49.7	50.9	32.8	N/A	N/A	0.288	32.0
23	50.1	51.6	32.8	N/A	N/A	0.288	33.4
24	49.8	50.9	32.6	N/A	N/A	0.289	34.9
25	50.3	51.9	32.6	N/A	N/A	0.288	36.3
26	50.6	52.5	32.5	N/A	N/A	0.237	37.8
27	50.4	51 <b>.9</b>	32.6	N/A	N/A	0.286	39.2



TABLE 24

### ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 104 01/03/1984

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

DESIRED	TEST	CONDI	TIONS:
TEMPERATI	JRE		72degF
DEW POIN	Г		45degF
RELATIVE	HUMI	DITY	37%
FLOW RATE	E		21cfm
pCO2 LEVI	EL		3.8mmHg
*******	<b></b>	*****	******

CYCLE NO.	AVG. Zrh	CYCLE (mi AB	TIME n) DE	BED L( (16/16 d) %H20	DADING 'y amine) %CO2	CO2 REMOVAL RATE (16/hr)	ACCUMULATED TIME (hrs)
1	36.1	34.4	36.5	26.1	2.23	0.285	1.2
2	36.1	34.4	36.3	26.2	2.15	0.269	2.4
З	36.3	34.6	36.1	26.2	2.16	0.278	3.6
4	37.2	35.5	35.8	25.9	2.18	0.277	4.8
5	37.6	35.7	35.6	26.0	2.17	0.275	6.0
6	37.5	35.7	35.5	26.0	2.16	0.274	7.3
7	37.3	35.5	35.5	26.2	2.11	0.269	8.5
8	37.4	35.7	35.3	26.4	2.10	0.268	9.7
9	37.3	35.5	35.3	26.0	2.08	0.266	10.9
10	37.2	35.5	36.1	25.8	2.07	0.262	12.1
11	37.2	35.5	35.5	25.6	2.06	0.262	13.3
12	37.2	35.5	35.0	25.3	2.03	0.259	14.5
13	37.5	35.7	34.9	25.2	2.05	0.262	15.7
14	36.9	35.3	34.7	24.9	1.99	0.257	16.9
15	36.9	35.3	34.9	24.5	2.02	0.260	18.1

.



### TABLE 25

### ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 105 01/04/1984

#### \*

DESIRED	TEST	CONDI	ITIONS:
TEMPERAT	JRE		72degF
DEW POIN	г		44degF
RELATIVE	HUMII	DITY	37%
FLOW RATE	Ε		21cfm
PC02 LEV	EL		3.8mmHg
*******	<b>{</b> ****	<b>{**</b> ***	-

CYCLE	AVG. 784	CYCLE	TIME	8ED L(	DADING	CO2 REMOVAL	ACCUMULATED
		AB	DE	<b>%</b> H20	<b>X</b> CO2	(1b/hr)	(hrs)
1	36.6	34.8	33.1	23.3	1.99	0.262	1.2
2	37.8	35.9	33.1	23.2	2.08	0.271	2.4
З	37.3	33.5	31.8	23.3	1.94	0.268	3.5
4	36.3	32.6	31.6	23.1	1.93	0.272	4.6
5	36.3	32.6	31.4	23.0	1.86	0.262	5.7
6	36.6	33.0	31.6	22.8	1.94	0.270	6.8
7	36.7	33.0	31.4	22.8	1.87	0.262	7.9
8	36.7	33.0	31.7	22.6	1.92	0.268	9.0
9	37.0	33.2	31.7	22.6	1.90	0.264	10.1
10	36.7	33.0	32.4	22.4	1.92	0.264	11.2
11	36.5	32.8	31.4	22.3	1.91	0.268	12.3
12	36.4	32.8	32.4	22.1	1.89	0.261	13.4
13	36.5	32.7	31.4	21.8	1.86	0.261	14.5
14	36.7	33.0	31.4	21.7	1.94	0.272	15.6
15	36.9	33.2	31.4	21.5	1.94	0.270	16.8
16	36.8	33.0	31.1	21.4	1.90	0.267	17.9
17	36.6	32.7	32.4	21.2	1.92	0.266	19.0
18	36.9	33.2	31.4	21.1	1.92	0.268	20.1
19	36.8	33.0	31.4	21.0	1.94	0.272	21.2
20	36.6	32.8	31.4	21.1	1.79	0.251	22.3
21	37.1	33.4	31.4	20.9	1.88	0.261	23.4
22	36.7	33.0	31.3	20.8	1.87	0.262	24.5



### TABLE 26

			ACC	EPTANCE 01/14/	TEST NO 1984	. 106	
			DESI	DCD TEC	T CONDI	TIONS	
			TEMO	COATHOS		724005	
			DEU	DOINT		/Lueyr AddooF	
					410171	990egr 708	
			RELH CLOW	DATE NUP	110111	JO1 04 - 4	
			FLUR			21CT0) 7. 0U-	
			pcu2	LEVEL		J. SRBHG	
						*****	
CYCLE	AVG.	CYCL	E TIME	8ED	LOADING	CC2 REMOVAL	ACCUMULATED
NO.	2RH	Cm	in)	(15/15	dry amin	ne) RATE	TIME
		<b>AB</b>	DE	XH20	1002	(16/hr)	(hrs)
1	37.0	35.4	31.8	25.3	2.26	0.303	1.2
2	35.5	33.8	31.7	25.8	2.18	0.300	2.3
3	35.6	33.8	31.7	26.1	2.15	0.296	3.4
4	35.2	33.5	31.6	25.9	2.12	0.293	4.5
5	35.5	33.8	31.7	26.3	2.05	0.282	5.6
6	35.5	33.8	31.7	26.2	2.09	0.288	6.8
7	35.4	33.8	31.8	26.2	2.13	0.293	7.9
8	35.3	33.8	31.7	26.2	2.08	0.287	9.0
9	35.2	33.5	31.7	26.2	2.09	0.289	10.1
10	35.3	33.8	31.7	26.1	2.08	0.287	11.2
11	35.0	33.2	31.4	26.2	2.00	0.279	12.4
12	35.0	33.2	31.4	26.2	2.00	0.278	13.5
13	34.9	33.3	31.5	26.0	2.05	0.285	14.6
14	35.1	33.5	31.4	26.1	2.00	0.278	15.7
15	34.9	33.3	31.2	26.0	1.96	0.274	16.8
16	35.0	33.2	31.1	25.9	1.96	0.274	17.9
17	35.1	33.5	31.2	25.9	1.97	0.274	19.0
18	35.0	33.5	31.1	25.8	1.96	0.273	20.1
19	34.9	33.3	30.9	25.6	1.94	0.272	21.2
20	34.7	33.0	30.9	25.6	1.94	0.273	22.3
21	34.8	33.2	30 9	25 5	1 96	0 275	23.4
22	34.5	32 9	30.7	25.4	1 92	0 272	24 5
23	35.2	33.5	30.8	25 1	1 99	0.278	25 6
24	36.0	28 4	30.1	25 4	1 73	0.266	26.6
25	35 5	27 8	30 4	25.4	1 75	0.200	27 6
25	36.2	29 6	30.4	25.5	1 69	0.271	27.0
20	75 5	20.0	30.1	23.5	1 77	0.250	20.0
20	33.3	20 4	30.1	23.5	1 70	0.205	23.5
20	76.0	20.4	70 4	23.3	4 77	0.275	30.6
23	JJ.J 75 5	27.0	70.4	23.3	1.73	0.266	31.6
30	33.3	27.8	30.4	25.5	1.72	0.257	32.6
31	35.3	27.6	30.4	25.8	1.72	0.268	33.6
32	34.9	27.3	30 4	26.0	1.6/	0.262	34.6
33	34.9	27.4	30.4	26.1	1.71	0.267	35.6
34	35.0	29.4	30.8	26.0	1.81	0.271	36.6
35	35.0	29.4	30.8	26.1	1.81	0.270	37.6
36	35.2	29.4	30.8	26.2	1.79	0.268	38.7
37	35.2	29.7	30.8	26.3	1.81	0.269	39.7
38	35.3	29.7	30.8	26.3	1.81	0.269	40.7
39	35.0	29.4	31.0	26.3	1.82	0.272	41.8
40	35.1	2 <del>9</del> .4	30.8	26.5	1.78	0.267	42.8
41	35.3	29.7	30.8	26.5	1.80	0.268	43.8
42	35.3	29.7	30.8	26.5	1.80	0.267	44.9
43	35.3	2 <del>9</del> .7	30.8	26.5	1.81	0.269	45.9
44	35.3	30.5	30.9	26.2	1.82	0.267	47.0



TABLE 27

-

ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 107 01/16/1984

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

DESIRED TEST CONDITIONS: TEMPERATURE 72degF DEW POINT 44degF RELATIVE HUMIDITY 36% FLOW RATE 21cfm pC02 LEVEL 3.8mmHg

CYCLE	 AVG.	CYCL	E TIME	 8ED L	0AD I NG	CO2 REMOVAL	ACCUMULATED
NO.	12RH	Сл (л	ביים אות	(1b/1b d	rv amine)	RATE	TIME
		AB	DE	XH20	XC02	(1b/hr)	(hrs)
1	 36.4	34.9	30.6	 N/A	N/A	0.252	1.1
2	36.0	34.6	30.3	N/A	N/A	0.250	2.2
3	35.9	34.3	30.0	N/A	N/A	0.250	3.3
4	35.8	34.3	30.3	H/A	N/A	0.250	4.5
5	35.5	33.9	30.1	N/A	H/A	0.250	5.6
6	35.2	33.6	29.8	N/A	N/A	0.250	6.6
7	35.2	33.7	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.250	7.7
8	35.3	33.7	29.6	N/A	H/A	0.250	8.8
9	35.2	33.6	29.5	H/A	N/A	0.251	9.9
10	34.9	33.4	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.251	11.0
11	35.4	33.7	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.251	12.1
12	35.1	33.7	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.251	13.2
13	34.8	33.0	29.4	N/A	N/A	0.253	14.2
14	34.9	33.4	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.268	15.3
15	34.6	33.0	29.3	N/A	N/A	0.265	16.4
16	35.1	33.4	29.4	N/A	N/A	0.265	17.5
17	34.7	33.0	29.5	N/A	N/A	0.265	18.5
18	34.6	33.0	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.265	19.6
19	35.0	33.4	29.5	N/A	N/A	0.266	20.7
20	34.9	33.3	29.3	N/A	N/A	0.265	21.8
21	34.4	32.9	29.5	N/A	N/A	0.265	22.8
22	34.3	32.9	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.266	23.9
23	34.1	32.6	29.2	N/A	N/A	0.266	25.0
24	34.3	32.8	29.1	N/A	N/A	0.266	26.0
25	34.3	32.8	29.2	N/A	N/A	0.266	27.1
26	34.4	32.7	29.2	N/A	N/A	0.267	28.2
27	34.2	32.7	29.2	N/A	N/A	0.267	29.2
28	34.0	32.4	28.9	N/A	N/A	0.268	30.3
29	33.9	32.4	28.9	N/A	N/A	0.266	31.3
30	34.1	32.4	28.7	N/A	N/A	0.266	32.4
31	34.2	32.7	28.9	N/A	N/A	0.266	33.4
32	34.1	32.7	28.7	N/A	N/A	0.266	34.5
33	34.1	32.7	28.9	N/A	N/A	0.266	35.6
34	34.0	32.4	28.7	N/A	N/A	0.267	36.6
35	33.9	32.4	28.9	N/A	N/A	0.267	37.7



### TABLE 28

ACCEPTANCE TEST NO. 108 01/19/1984

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

********	****	******	<b>[米米米</b> 米
pCO2 LEVE	L	3.8	BwwHa
FLOW RATE		210	:fm
RELATIVE	HUMID	ITY 357	5
DEW POINT		440	legF
TEMPERATU	RE	720	legF
DESIRED	TEST	CONDITIO	INSI

CYCLE NO.	AVG. ZRH	CYCL (m AB	E TIME in) DE	BED L (15/15 d %H20	_OADING dry amine) %CO2	CO2 REMOVAL Rate (16/hr)	ACCUMULATED TIME (hrs)
		 40 0					
4	44.1	42.0	30.2	nz e	N/H	0.000	1.5
2	45.0	44.0	29.7	NZA	N/A	0.007	2.5
3	46.8	46.2	29.6	N/A	N/A	0.269	3.8
4	47.4	47.1	30.0	N/A	N/A	0.269	5.1
5	46.3	45.6	30.5	N/A	H/A	0.270	6.4
6	45.5	44.6	30.5	N/A	H/A	0.274	7.7
7	55.1	62.3	31.6	N/A	N/A	0.270	9.3
8	56.7	66.4	32.1	N/A	N/A	0.262	11.0
9	56.1	64.6	31.8	N/A	N/A	0.261	12.6
10	55.3	62.8	31.9	N/A	N/A	0.261	14.3
11	55.0	62.0	31.9	N/A	N/A	0.261	15.9
12	54.1	59.8	31.9	N/A	N/A	0.263	17.4
13	5 <b>3</b> .9	59.2	31.7	N/A	N/A	0.266	19.0
14	52.4	55.9	31.5	N/A	N/A	0.271	20.5
15	51.7	54.7	31.5	N/A	N/A	0.276	21.9
16	52.4	56.0	31.6	N/A	N/A	0.284	23.4
17	53.7	58.6	32.1	N/A	N/A	0.290	25.0
18	52.9	57.1	31.6	N/A	N/A	0.277	26.5



The controller demonstrated the ability to monitor subsystem operation, detect malfunctions, and shutdown the SAWD to a safe hold condition. This capability was verified for all twenty of the programmed shutdowns that were defined in the Operation/Control section.

### Test Description

The SAWD subsystem testing was accomplished in conjunction with the Multipurpose Air Rig (Rig 88), which is shown by schematic in Figure 40. The Multipurpose Air Rig was used to supply air at the desired conditions of temperature, relative humidity, and CO<sub>2</sub> concentration. This test rig is independently controlled to maintain the desired SAWD inlet conditions at a nearly constant level and can operate unattended for up to four days continuously.

All acceptance testing was accomplished with the  $CO_2$  removal package seated upon an electronic scale, which allowed measurement of the amine bed weight change, and with the desorbed  $CO_2$  flow routed through a  $CO_2$  mass flow meter. The  $CO_2$  flow meter was used to measure the  $CO_2$  loading on the amine bed. This measurement of  $CO_2$  loading, in conjunction with the weight reading from the electronic scale, permitted calculation of the moisture content of the amine bed. Therefore the incorporation of these two instruments provided the data required to continuously establish the operating performance level of the SAWD subsystem. Table 21 illustrates the operating performance results that are computed by the controller software and output at the end of each cycle via an external printer that was employed during the acceptance tests.

All acceptance tests were conducted with the air inlet filter, I1, and the exhaust silencer, E1, installed to demonstrate the design performance specifications are met with the preprototype SAWD subsystem configuration that is to be evaluated in the CSD Life Test Laboratory.

Each acceptance test was initiated with the normal start-up procedure and terminated with the normal shutdown sequence. Therefore all acceptance tests were conducted with fully automatic control directed by the controller, until an end of test sequence command was input from the computer keyboard. The cyclic performance data was printed at the end of each full SAWD cycle (absorption plus desorption) and these performance data are presented in Tables 21 through 28.

#### Discussion of Results

The preprototype SAWD subsystem demonstrated  $CO_2$  removal/delivery performance at or above the design specification performance level for a total of 281 hours (208 cycles) of operation, in both the  $CO_2$  overboard and  $CO_2$  reduction modes, over the 35 to 70% relative humidity range. Table 20 presents a summary of these acceptance test results. The data for each individual acceptance test are presented in Tables 21 through 28. UNITED TECHNOLOGIES HAMILTON STANDARD



FIGURE 40 MULTIPURPOSE AIR RIG (RIG 88)

SVHSER 8921





The individual acceptance test data sheets tabulate the average relative humidity, the absorption and desorption durations, the moisture content, CO<sub>2</sub> loading, CO<sub>2</sub> removal rate, and accumulated operating time for each cycle of operation. The relative humidity values are calculated from the inlet air dew point and the canister inlet temperature, T1. The absorption time is calculated from the control algorithm, as a function of the average relative humidity experience during the absorption itself. The desorption duration is the sum of DES2 (time from end of preheat, DES1, to the initiation of  $CO_2$ flow) and DES3 (time from the initiation of  $CO_2$  flow to the termination of the desorption cycle). The total cycle duration is the sum of ABS (absorption time), DES1 (steam generator preheat time), DES2, and DES3. The CO<sub>2</sub> removal rate, for operation in the CO $_2$  overboard mode, is calculated from the CO $_2$ loading and the total cycle duration. (Average CO<sub>2</sub> removal rate equals  $CO_2$ loading multiplied by dry amine weight divided by the total cycle duration.) For operation in the CO<sub>2</sub> reduction mode, the CO<sub>2</sub> removal rate is the average  $CO_2$  delivery rate (over the total cycle duration) from the accumulator. During operation in the GO<sub>2</sub> reduction mode, the CO<sub>2</sub> flow meter was mounted at the accumulator outlet and the flow rate is therefore directly measured. Because this precludes direct measurement of the CO<sub>2</sub> loading on the amine (and therefore also precludes calculation of the bed moisture content), the symbol "N/A" for not applicable is printed in the Bed Loading columns for SAWD operation in the CO<sub>2</sub> reduction mode.

<u>CO<sub>2</sub> Overboard Mode Operation</u> – Acceptance tests 101, 102, 104, 105, and 106 present the data for operation in the CO<sub>2</sub> overboard mode and the average performance of these data are shown in Table 29. These data are representative of SAWD subsystem operation over the design range of relative humidity from 35 to 70% and demonstrate attainment of the design performance level for a total of 178 hours (128 cycles). A comparison of these acceptance test results with the predicted preprototype SAWD subsystem performance is presented in Figure 41. The plotted acceptance test points are the overall averages that are presented in Table 29. These performance averages show very good correlation with the predicted performance for the SAWD subsystem.

The data from Tests 104, 105, and 106 demonstrate several significant details regarding SAWD performance, which are:

- The SAWD subsystem response, in terms of bed moisture content stability to changes in the ambient relative humidity is extremely slow.
- 2. Essentially no  $CO_2$  removal performance degradation occurs as a result of the slow moisture content return to steady state conditions.
- 3. The moisture content of the SAWD is quite sensitive to relatively small absorption duration changes during operation at 35% relative humidity conditions.



## Table 29

## AVERAGE ACCEPTANCE TEST PERFORMANCE

## (Averages Of The Data For Each Cycle)

Test	Relative Humidity (%)	Moisture Content (%)	CO2 Removal Rate [kg/hr(lb/hr)]	Absorption Duration (min.)
101	51.8	23.4	0.143(0.315)	54.6
102 <b>-</b> A	61.2	25.0	0.139(0.305)	81.3
102 <b>-</b> B	64.6	24.0	0.132(0.290)	96.0
102 <b>-</b> C	67.9	23.8	0.122(0.269)	112.0
104	37.1	25.8	0.122(0.268)	35.3
105	36.8	22.1	0.121(0.266)	33.2
106	35.3	25.9	0.125(0.276)	31.3





FIGURE 41

CYCLIC SAWD PERFORMANCE


Test 105 can be viewed as a continuation of Test 104 and Test 106 as a repeat of Test 104. Examination of the Test 104 data (which began with a 26% moisture content that is representative of operation at 70% relative humidity conditions) revealed that steady state moisture content conditions had not yet been achieved. The moisture content had decreased from 26% to 24.5%, but had not stabilized. The Test 105 data show a further moisture content decrease from 23.3% to 20.8 during 24.5 hours of operation. However, throughout this period of operation (42.6 hours total), the CO<sub>2</sub> performance remained at or above the design specification level. Test 106 began with a moisture content near 26% and appeared to be trending downward after 24-25 hours of operation (25.1% at cycle 23). At this time the absorption duration was reduced by six (6) minutes. Ten hours later (cycle 33) it was observed that the moisture content was increasing, and the absorption duration reduction was changed to shorten absorption by only four (4) minutes. Operation under these conditions held the moisture content essentially steady at slightly above 26% for the remainder of Test 106. The average CO2 removal performance throughout these tests (89.6 hours total) was 0.124 kg/hr (0.272 lb/hr). The specific performance that resulted from the absorption duration variations during Test 106 is summarized in the following tabulation.

Test	Cycle	<u>% RH</u>	<u>% H20</u>	CO2 Removal Rate [kg/hr (lb/hr)]	Absorption Duration (min.)
106	1-23	35.2	25.9	0.128(0.283)	33.5
106	24-33	35.5	25.6	0,121(0,267)	27.9
106	34-43	35.2	26.3	0.122(0.269)	29.6

While conducting Test 102-B, the test rig humidity control and CO2 supply ceased to operate during the sixth cycle. For the remainder of the test, the relative humidity flucuated between 62-35% and only ambient CO2 levels were supplied to the SAWD. For this period (7.5 hours total), the SAWD subsystem demonstrated the ability to maintain the bed moisture content stable while the inlet conditions were highly unstable.

<u>CO2</u> Reduction Mode Operation - Acceptance tests 103, 107, and 108 were conducted with SAWD operation in the CO2 reduction mode. These tests were run for a total of 103 hours (80 cycles) over the relative humidity range from 35-51%. The data from these tests are shown in Tables 23, 27 and 28, and are summarized on Table 20.

Because the CO<sub>2</sub> flow meter was located downstream of the accumulator, the CO<sub>2</sub> process rates, shown in Table 20, are the average CO<sub>2</sub> flow rate from the accumulator during the entire cycle (absorption plus desorption duration). Therefore, no meaningful direct comparison of actual SAWD performance with predicted performance can be made on Figure 41. However, the average CO<sub>2</sub> delivery rate met or exceeded the design specification for CO<sub>2</sub> delivery for all three tests.



The data for Test 107, which was conducted at 35% relative humidity show a CO2 delivery rate of 0.114 kg/hr (0.25 lb/hr) for the first 13 cycles (14.2 hours) of operation. This occurred because the delivery rate was not adjusted until cycle 14. After adjustment at cycle 14, the CO2 delivery rate remained above specification for the final 23.5 hours (22 cycles) of the test.

Acceptance Test 108 was conducted with a transient inlet dew point (and therefore transient inlet relative humidity) to evaluate CO2 delivery performance under variable relative humidity conditions. The overall relative humidity variation was between 44.1 and 56.7%. In addition, the test was initiated with the accumulator pressure at 101 kPa (14.7 psia) to determine the number of cycles needed to initiate CO2 delivery. The data, shown on Table 28, show CO2 delivery began near the end of the second cycle and was essentially at the design delivery rate thereafter. The average CO2 delivery rate for the test was 0.123 kg/hr (0.270 lb/hr) for the sixteen cycles of CO2 delivery and 0.11 kg/hr (0.24 lb/hr) for the entire test. These data show that two full cycles of SAWD operation raise the accumulator to 262 kPa (38 psia) and initiate CO2 delivery.

Fan Noise Evaluation - The design objective specified for fan noise is for noise suppression to less than 70 dB at 3 feet from the SAWD subsystem when operated in an open air loop.

The fan noise measurements are presented in Figure 42 and data are plotted for both open and closed loop SAWD operation. The open loop testing was conducted with the inlet air filter (I1) and air outlet silencer (E1) installed. The closed loop measurements were taken with the fan exhaust plumbed to the fan inlet.

Subjective noise evaluation was conducted with a variety of muffler arrangements and no significant noise reduction was observed beyond the suppression provided by a single muffler. The single muffler installation resulted in noise level reduction to 77.7 dB "A". The major noise contribution is due to that at the blade passing frequency and only a noise level reduction at this frequency will further reduce the overall noise level. I E**CHNOLOGIES** HAMILTON STANDARD

TED







SVHSER 8921

.

APPENDIX A

**SVHSER 8921** 



## Statement of Work

The following modifications to the subject contract amended the Statement of Work to provide for a Preprototype SAWD Subsystem. Modification 32S added the design, fabrication, testing and delivery of the Preprototype SAWD subsystem to the contract. Modifications 33S and 34S implemented modification of the SAWD subsystem's preprototype canister, incorporation of monitoring instrumentation and controller capabilities, and the reduction of airborne noise (by the design and fabrication of a subsystem fan enclosure). Modification 35C incorporated hardware and software modifications to allow the SAWD subsystem to operate in the CSD Life Test Laboratory. Modification 35C also provided for engineering support on the installation and initial start-up of the SAWD subsystem in the CSD's Life Test Lab.

STANDARD FORM 30, JULY 1966 GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION	DMENT OF SC		ATION OF CONTRACT		
PED PROC REG (41 CFR) 1-16 101	12 EFFECTIVE DATE			1 -	
325	12-23-81	1-161-020 (Com	olete)	-,	
S ISSUED BY CODE		6. ADMINISTERED BY (If other th	en block S) CODE		
NASA Johnson Space Center		7			
R&T Procurement Branch					
Attn: Faye Henry/BC72(6)		Same			
LOUSTON X 77058	EAC	TTY CODE			
NAME AND ADDRESS			AMENDMENT OF		
Hamilton Standard	UIVISION	· · · ·	DATED (See black 9	,	
(Street, casy, Office Technolog	ies corporat	. 100		2621	
and ZIP Actil. Bave hennin Code) Uindsor Locks (	T 06096		CONTRACT/ORDER NO. THAS 5010	1024	
		1	8-01-73 (c. lat.)		
		L	SAV OLDER 1	1)	
9 THIS BLOCK APPLIES ONLY TO AMENDMENTS OF SOU	CITATIONS				
The above numbered solicitation is assended as set for	with an block 12. The h	our and dote specified for receipt of Of	fers is extended, is not extended.		
Offerors must acknowledge receipt of the opendment pe	nor to the hour and date	specified in the solicitation, or as among	ded, by one of the following methods:		
(a) by signing and returning	cment numbers. FAILUI	RE OF YOUR ACCOWLEDGMENT TO I	SE RECEIVED AT THE ISSUING OFFICE PRIOR TO	THE HOUR MC	
DATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF YOUT or letter, provided such telegram or letter makes referen	LOFFER. If, by varue o as to the solicitation and	f this amendment you desire to change this amendment, and is received prior	an offer already submitted, such change may be a to the opening hour and date specified.	socie by teleptere	
10. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA (1/ THE					
906-54-13-01-EC-2511-EC31	•				
802/30108	Increase:	L.0.6.0. \$99,905	.10 PPC:DK	·····	
11 THIS BLOCK APPLIES ONLY TO MODIFICATIONS OF	CONTRACTS/ORDERS				
(a) inis chonge Order is indeed pursuant to		net/autar			
(b) The above numbered controct/order is another	of to reflect the odminger	strve changes (such as changes in payir	ng office, appropriation data, etc.) set forth in bac	± 72.	
(c) X This Supplemental Agreement is entered and pursuant to outbority of The Changes Clause, Limitation of Government's					
It modifies the above numbered control as set forth in block 12. Obligation Clause, and agreement of the parties.					
12 DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION					
(a) <u>ARTICLE I - SCOPE OF WORK</u> - is amended to read as follows:					
The contractor chall furnich all necessary nerconnel facilities					
Ine contractor shall furnish all necessary personnel, facilities,					
Statement of Work, as modified by the attached addendum dated April					
22, 1981, attached h	ereto and ma	ide a part of this	contract. The		
attached addendum modifies the current Statement of Work to provide for					
a Preprototype SAWD	Subsystem.		·		
The Preprototype SAW	D Subsystem	is to be designed	, built, acceptance		
tested and delivered to NASA, JSC in accordance with the attached					
addendum to the SUW.	Lontract e	end items for the	Preprototype SAWD		
Subsystem are as to i	IOWS:				
(1) Preprototy	De SAWD Sube	vstem			
(2) Installation/Operations Manual					
(3) Applicable	drawinos ar	nd specifications			
Except as provided herein, all terms and conditions of the	document referenced in bi	iact 8 as hereichore gionged, remain un	nchanged and in full force and effect.		
13 CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR IS NOT REQUIRED IS CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR IS REQUIRED TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT AND RETURN 3 COMES TO ISSUNG OFFICE					
14 MARE OF CONTRACTOR/OFERO					
or Dellian O. Horner			4 W. Wilan	<b>`</b>	
Signature of period auto	onced to sign)		(Signature of Controlling Officer)	-	
William O. Horner	12/2	- Co. I S. NUME OF CONTROL	Clubs Officer ( 1 ype of print)		
Manager-Contracts Administ	ration 73	James W.	Wilson AP	R 2 1982	
L					

/ ·.·

NAS-151

3.2.7.11: Preprototype SAWD Support - The contractor shall provide up to 5 days service as JSC within a period of 6 months subsequent to subsystem delivery for the purposes of test support, integration, and interface demonstration.

Change Figure 1, Work Breakdown Structure, to read:

4

مت ا

9.0 Final Report (See SOW Section 3.2.6, 3.2.7.5, 3.2.7.6).

Delete the current contents and substitute the following in lieu thereof in Figure 1, Work Breakdown Structure:

- 13 Preprototype SAWD System
- 14 Preprototype SAWD Test
- 15 Preprototype SAWD Documentation
- 16 Preprototype SAWD Subsystem Delivery
- 17 Preprototype SAWD Support

## EXHIBIT "A"

## STATEMENT OF WORK

ADDENDUM 4-22-81

Delete the current SOW contents of paragraphs 3.2.7.7 through 3.2.7.11 and substitute the following in lieu thereof.

- 3.2.7.7: Preprototype SAWD System The preprototype SAWD CO2 removal system shall be designed and built based on a 3-man nominal metabolic load, 3.8 mmHg CO2 level. The system must be capable of operating in either a CO2 dump mode or a continuous CO2 feed to a Sabatier CO2 reduction subsystem mode. The system shall be designed to fit within a 22 inch wide X 24.5 inch high X 31 inch deep envelope exclusive of the remotely located controller and CO2 accumulator. The system shall be capable of integrating with the existing air supply unit located in CSD's Development Laboratory. The system shall use one of the existing preprototype SAWD canisters and steam generator assemblies. The system controller and other ancillary components shall be defined as required.
- 3.2.7.8: <u>Preprototype SAWD Test</u> A minimum of 120 hours of accumulated test time shall be utilized to conduct tests to verify operation of the system.
- 3.2.7.9: <u>Preprototype SAWD Documentation</u> The following documentation shall be submitted as defined by the program schedule:
  - Installation and Operating Instructions: An installation and operating manual shall define system interfaces and operating procedures.
  - Test Plan: A test plan shall define component and system checkout testing.
  - Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA): An FMEA shall define the failure modes and resultant effects for the system.
  - <u>Non-metallics List</u>: All non-metallics used in the system shall be defined as to type, quantity and exposed area exclusive of the remotely located cycle controller.
  - <u>Final Report</u>: A Final Report shall describe the Preprototype SAWD System activity.
- 3.2.7.10: Preprototype Subsystem Delivery At the conclusion of testing, the SAWD subsystem shall be inspected, refurbished as required, and prepared for shipment to JSC. Subsystem operating instructions and the drawings and specifications which are prepared for the manufacturing and purchase of this subsystem shall accompany this shipment of the hardware.

Contract NAS 9-13624 Modification 32S Page 2

. . . . .

(b) <u>ARTICLE II - COMPLETION OF WORK</u> - is amended to read as follows:

Delete December 31, 1981, and substitute May 2, 1983.

-----

. .

(c) <u>ARTICLE VIII - ESTIMATED COST AND FIXED FEE</u> - is amended to read as follows:

"The estimated cost of this contract is 1,128,611.00, exclusive of the fixed fee of 579,935.00. The total estimated cost and fixed fee is 1,208,546.00."

- (d) <u>ARTICLE XVII LIMITATION OF GOVERNMENT'S OBLIGATION</u> is marked "Reserved." This modification modifies and fully funds the contract.
- (e) All references to Frank Collier as technical monitor shall be changed to:

Robert J. Cusick EC3 X-3343

	• • •		-		
STANDARD +ORM 30, JULY 1966 AM	MENDMENT OF SO	LICITATION/MODIFIC	ATION OF CONTRACT	PAGE OF	
1. ADIENDIENT/ACOPICATION NO. 335	2. EFECTIVE DATE 03-02-83	3. LEQUISITION/TURDIASE REQUE	T NO. 4. PROJECT NO. (4/ epp4	cette)	
-NASA Johnson Space Cent	CODE	6. ADMINUSTERED BY (1) other the	en black 3) . LODE		
R&F Procurement Branch					
Attn: Faye Henry/BC72( Houston, TX 77058	6)	Same			
T. CONTRACTOR CODE	FACIL	TTY CODE	8. AMENDMENT CP		
		<b>–</b>	SOUCTATION NO.		
Hamilton Sta	ndard Division Diodies Corporat	' tion	DATED (See ble	ch 9)	
Attn: Dave	Hennessey		MODIFICATION OF NAS 9.	-13624	
Windsor Lock	s, CT 06096		A CONTRACT/ORDER NO.		
			DATED 08-01-73 (See Ma	<del>ch</del> 11)	
TT THIS TIOCK APPLIES ONLY TO AMENDMENTS O	of SOUCITATIONS	مربعه می ایند می اینداز می بر مادی ایس در م	in The structure The set structure		
Offerers aust acknowledge receipt of this second	ment prior to the hear and date of	notified in the solicitation, or as amond	ind, by ano at the following methods:		
(a) by signing and returning capits of this which includes a reference to the solicitation and	emendments (b) By acknowledging d emendment symbolsFALLIRE	receipt of this omendment on each OF YOUR ACKOWLEDGMENT TO B	copy of the offer submitted; or (c) by separate RECEIVED AT THE ISSUING OFFICE PRIOR	te letter er telegrem TO THE HOUE AND	
BATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF	F YOUR OFFER. If, by write of the solicitation and the	that amondment you desire to change is amondment, and is recoved prior	an offer already submitted, such change may to the opening hour and dete specified.	be mede by telegram	
10. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA (	(required)				
505-54-37-38-EC2511 803/40108	-EL31 Increas	se: \$25,000.00	PPC:DK		
TT. THIS BLOCK APPLIES CHEY TO MODIFICATION	IS OF CONTIACTS/ORDERS				
The Changes art forth in block 12 are as	•	1/antise.	······································		
(b) - The above numbered control/order is	medified to reflect the administrati	na changes (such as changes in payin	g office, appropriation, data, etc.) we forth in	bleck 12.	
(c) X This Supplemental Agreement is entered	d into pursuant to orthority of	and agreement of	the parties.	<u>ciau</u> se,	
F2. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION					
(a) The Contractor is Exhibit "A," Stat	hereby directed ement of Work.	d to implement the	e following changes t	0	
Add the following	to SOW paragra	oh 3.2.7.7, Prepr	ototype SAWD System:		
<ul> <li>Modify the existing preprototype canister, SVSK103199, to incorporate temperature and pressure sensors compatible with interfacing with NASA's RLSE laboratory's data acquisition system. One (1) pressure and seven (7) temperature sensors shall be provided; temperature shall consist of air inlet, air outlet and five (5) bed sensors equally spaced in the axial direction.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Incorporate adequate instrumentation and controller capability to monitor system operation, detect malfunctions, and shut down the system to a safe hold condition.</li> </ul>					
Design and fab noise to less	than 70 dB.at 3	sure for the subs	ystem fan to reduce a eprototype system.	irborne	
TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT		OR IS REQUISED TO SIGN THIS DO	CUMENT AND RETURN 3 COPIES TO	SSUNG OFFICE	
THE THERE DE CONTRACTOR COMMON AND THE THE OF AMERICA					
- Succas Or Aburrow	<u> </u>	07	(Semanters of Continuous Officers)		
12 THUR WO THE OF MORE (Type or pres	// 16. DATE &	CHED 18. HUME OF CONTRAC	TING Offices (Type or press)	19. DATE SIGNED	
William D. Horner Manager-Contracts Admini	istration 3/16	83			
		A=0			

٠.

Contract NAS 9-13624 Modification 33S Page 2

- Update drawings and the Installationand Operating Manual to reflect above changes.
- (b) For the pruposes of the clause entitled "Limitation of Cost," the Estimated Cost of the contract has been provisionally increased in the amount of \$25,000.00. This provisional increase results from undefinitized contract changes resulting from Statement of Work changes contained in this modification.

The parties shall promptly hereafter enter into negotiations directed towards establishing the final negotiated dollar amount. Failure of the parties to agree with respect to the definitive estimated cost, shall be considered to be a dispute concerning a question of fact subject to the clause entitled "Disputes." Nothing in this modification shall be derogation of the contractor's right as set forth in the clause entitled "Limitation of Cost."

(c) The total estimated cost and fixed fee of this contract, inclusive of the provisional increase is as follows:

Estimated Cost	\$1,128,611.00
Provisional Increase	25,000.00
Total Estimated Cost	\$1,153,611.00
Fixed Fee	79,935.00
Total Estimated Cost and	
Fixed Fee	\$1,233,546.00

- (d) Pursuant to the Changes Clause, a technical and cost proposal shall be submitted within 30 days to cover the contractual impact of above SOW changes.
- (e) ARTICLE II COMPLETION OF WORK is amended to read as follows:

Delete May 2, 1983, and substitute July 2, 1983.

A-7

••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••						
·						
STANDARD FORM 30, JULY 1966					PAGE	
RD. PROC. REG. (41 CFI 1-16 101	PECTIVE DATE 12. EROI	USTION/PURCHASE A	FOUEST NO.	A PROJECT NO (1/ and	l 1	
<u>1 345 06</u>	-10-83	(See Below	a)			
NASA Johnson Space Center	6. ADM	INUSTERED BY (If and	er iben block 3)	. CODE		{
R&T Procurement Branch			•			ł
Houston, TX 77058	Sam	e				
7: CONTRACTOR CODE	FACILITY CO	DE				
		٦		ON NO		,
(some any United Technologies C	ision orporation		DATED	(See bi	lack 9)	
isuny, itele, Attn: Daniel C. Lee				ION OF NO. NAS 9-	-13624	[
Windsor Locks, CT 06	196	1	DATED O	8-01-73 (Sar b)	6611)	
	<u></u>	ہے 				
Y. THIS BLOCK AFFILES ONLY TO AMENDMENTS OF SOLICITATIO	ria lack 12. The hour and de	te specified for receipt	ef Offers 🛄 is extend	ed, 🔲 is not extended.		
Government acknowledge receipt of this emendment prior to the	<ul> <li>hour and date specified in</li> <li>by advantations mount a</li> </ul>	the solicitation, or as a	enended, by one of the	fellowing methods:	orta latter or tale	
which includes a reference to the solicitation and amendment a DATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF YOUR OFFER	umbers. FAILURE OF YOU, If, by virtue of this amon	R ACKOWLEDGMENT	TO BE RECEIVED AT T unge an offer already	HE ISSUING OFFICE PRICE submitted, such change may	R TO THE HOUR be made by tel	agram
or letter, provided such telegram or letter makes reference to the JID. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA (If required)	) solicitation and this amond	Intent, and is received	prior to the opening ho	wr and date specified.		
506-64-37-38-EC2511-EC31 (PI 506-64-37-31-EC2511-EC31 (PI	<pre>     3-048-032     3-095-003 - </pre>	- \$15,000 \$ 320.00	- Complete) - Partial)	Increase: 803/40108 Pf	\$15,32 PC:DK	0.00
11. THIS BLOCK APPLIES ONLY TO MODIFICATIONS OF CONTRA	CT5/000815					
The Changes art forth in block 12 are made to the above numbered contract/order.						
(b) The above numbered contrad/order is modified to reflect the administrative changes (such as changes in paying office, appropriation data, etc.) set forth in block 12. (c) This Supplemental Agreement is entered into pursuant to authority of <u>The Changes Clause</u> , <u>Limitation of Cost Clause</u> , the modified the above numbered entered into pursuant to authority of <u>and agreement</u> of the parties.						
12. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MCDIFICATION						
into the contract the final	at No. 345 1s al negotiated	agreement	to definiti resulting	ze and incorp from Contract	porate t	
Modification 33S and Cont	ractor's prop	osal No. H	SC-HS-12 da	ted May 4, 19	983. Th	is
Supplemental Agreement No. 34S represents a full and complete equitable adjustment.						
() ARTICLE I - SCOPE OF WORK	- is amended	as follow	. •			
	The gueranded	83 10410W.	2•	•		
Add the following to SOW paragraph 3.2.7.7, Preprototype SAWD System:						
- Modify the existing preprototype canister, SVSK103199, to incorporate						
temperature and pressure sensors compatible with interfacing with NASA's RLSE laboratory's data acquisition system. One (1) pressure and seven (7)						
temperature sensors shall be provided; temperature shall consist of air inlet,						
air outlet and five (5) bed sensors equally spaced in the axial direction.						
Except as priorided herein, all terms and conditions of the document referenced in black 8, as heretatore changed, rymain unchanged and in full force and effect.						
12. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR IS NOT REQUIRED CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR IS REQUIRED TO SIGN THE DOCUMENT AND ASTRONE COMES TO ISSUING OFFICE						
14. HOME OF CONTRACTOR OFFICE						
NY Sullialow (Signature of person automated to sign) BY (Signature of Contracting Officer)						
13. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or prist) 16 DATE SIGNED 18. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER (Type or prist) 19. DATE SIGNED						
Manager-Contracts Administration 6/28/83 TAVID F. BRUCE						

•

•

١

-----

----

NAS 9-13624 Modification 34S Page 2

- Incorporate adequate instrumentation and controller capability to monitor system operation, detect malfunctions, and shut down the system to a safe hold condition.
- Modify the subsystem fan installation to reduce airborne noise to less than 70 dB at 3 feet from the preprototype system.
- Update drawings and the Installation and Operating Manual to reflect above changes.
- (c) ARTICLE II COMPLETION OF WORK is amended to read as follows:

Delete July 2, 1983, and substitute February 29, 1984.

(d) ARTICLE VIII - ESTIMATED COST AND FIXED FEE - is amended to read as follows:

"The estimated cost of this contract is \$1,166,117.00, exclusive of the fixed fee of \$82,749.00. The total estimated cost and fixed fee is \$1,248,866.00."

The above represents an increase to the contract as follows:

Cost:	\$37,506,00
Fee:	2,814.00
Total:	\$40,320.00

A-9

1					
STANDARD FORM 30, JULY 1966 OBNERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION AMEN	DMENT OF SC	LICITATION	/MODIFICATION	OF CONTRACT	TAGE OF
1. AMENDIMENT/MODIFICATION NO.	2. EFECTIVE DATE 12-1-83	1. REQUISITION/M	TOUSE MOUTH NO. 07-043 (Partial)	4. PROJECT NO. ( If appli	nable)
s. ssued by CODE NASA Johnson Space Center	·	4. ADMACSTERED	W (If other these black 3)	CODE	
R&T Procurement Branch		1			
Attn: Faye Henry/BC72(6)		Same			
Houston, TX 77058	-		•		
7. CONTRACTOR CODE	FAC	TTY CODE	<b>1.</b>		
NAME AND ADDRESS				4ENT OF JION NO	
Hamilton Sta	ndard Diviet				4
United Techn	ologies Corr	oration	DATED	(See blo	ck 9)
(Street, city, county, state, Attn: Garv	Steinberg			ATION OF NAS 9-	-13624
Gade Windsor Lock	s, CI 06096	5		CT/ORDER NO.	
L			DATED _	8-1-73 (See bla	ah 11)
. THIS BLOCK APPLIES ONLY TO AMERICANDERS OF SOL	CILARONS				
The chore sumbared sulicitation is enceded as sat fo	onto in March 12. The In	ne and data specified	for receipt of Offers 🔲 is each	nded, 🔲 is set extended.	
Offerers must acknowledge receipt of this emerdment pr	riar to the laser and date :	specified in the solicit	ties, or as amonded, by one of (	he following methods	
(a) By signing and returning oppose of this amand	mant, (b) by actuardistin	g receipt of this amo	ndment on each capy of the el	for submitted; or (c) By separa	to latter or telegram
which includes a reference to the solicitation and amon DATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF YOUR	identifications. FAELUE & OFFER. III, by virtue of	z OF TOUR ACKOW	desire to change an effor sirved	<ul> <li>mis isource unnice million</li> <li>hy submitted, such change may</li> </ul>	be made by telegram
ar letter, provided such tologram or letter makes referen	co to the solicitation and t	this exandment, and	is received prior to the opening	hour and date specified.	
906-54-15-01-EC-2511-EC3		8 Incre	ase: \$28.000.00	PPC:DK	
11. דאו אוסבי אייעוב סאני דס אסטארגוזסאג סי	E Changes cl	lause, Lim	itation of Cost	Clause	
(d) [A] Tals Change Order is inved persent to			••		
(b) The above comband contract of the set of the		nar ururt. Man channas /	chesons in pervise office, even	eristing dataate 3 and finds in	black 12
It modifies the obave numbered contract as set	forth in block 12.				
12. DESCRIPTION OF AMERICARENT/MODIFICATION				··· ··· ··· ··························	
a. The Contractor is here "A," Statement of Work	by directed . Add the f	to implem following	ent the followi to SOW paragrap	ng changes to h 3.2.7.7.	Exhibit
- Modify the intake/exhaust system, incorporating a filter (not exceeding a 40u average particle size) to filter out airborne particulate matter and a muffler to suppress fan noise at less than 70 dB at 3 feet from the subsystem when operated in an open air loop.					
- Design, fabricate, and install a mounting frame for the subsystem package to provide maintenance access to subsystem components.					
- Provide the mechanical and electrical provisions for a dewpoint signal interface and modify necessary software to adjust cycle time and to automatically shut down the subsystem if dewpoint limits are exceeded.					
Eccept as provided herein, all terms and curdifiens of the decomme referenced in black 8, as hereinfore changed, remain unchanged and in full form and effect.					
13, K CONTRACTOR/OFFEEDR IS NOT REQUIRED CONTRACTOR/OFFEEDR IS REQUIRED TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT AND RETURN COMES TO ISSUEND OFFICE					
14 NAME OF CONTRACTOR/OFFERCE					
Binnetword anover automated to man					
15. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or prest) 14. DATE SIGNED 18. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER (Type or prest) 119. DATE SIGNED					
					15 1 47
		D	aryl W. Chilcut	t	12-6-07
30-101 NASA-JSC					
		A-10			

Contract NAS 9-13624 Modification 35C Page 2

- Provide and install a water pressure transducer along with software modifications to monitor and shut down the SAWD subsystem if water pressure at the steam generator input exceeds allowable levels.
- Modify the software to provide printout of a historical record of key instrumentation measurements over a reasonable time period.
- Undate the documentation to reflect changes.
- Provide engineering field support on the installation and operation of the SAWD subsystem in CSD's Life Test Laboratory.
- b. For purposes of the clause entitled "Limitation of Cost," the estimated cost of this contract has been provisionally increased in the amount of \$28,000.00. This provisional increase results from undefinitized contract changes resulting from Statement of Work changes authorized in this modification.

The parties shall promptly hereafter enter into negotiations directed towards establishing the final negotiated dollar amount. Failure of the parties to agree with respect to the definitive estimated cost shall be considered to be a dispute concerning a question of fact subject to the "Disputes" clause. Nothing in this modification shall be derogation of the contractor's rights as set forth in the "Limitation of Costs" clause.

c. The total estimated cost and fixed fee of this contract, inclusive of the provisional increase is as follows:

Estimated Cost	\$1,166,117.00			
Provisional Increase	28,000.00			
Total Estimated Cost	\$1,194,117.00			
Fixed Fee .	82,749.00			
Total Estimated Cost				
and Fixed Fee	\$1,276,866.00			

:

d. Pursuant to the Changes clause, a technical and cost proposal shall be submitted within 30 days to cover the contractual impact of above SOW changes.

A-11