# N93-22083

2.2 National Launch System
Structures and Materials –
Jack O. Bunting, Martin Marietta
Astronautics Group

Dr. Bunting stressed that Al-Li should be incorporated as a major structural material in space transportation vehicles. The National Launch System, as a joint NASA / Air Force program, provides an opportunity to realize the potential of Al-Li. Advanced structures can reduce weights by 5-40% as well as relax propulsion system performance specifications and reduce requirements for labor and materials. The effect on costs will be substantial. For example, a redesigned external tank fabricated from Al-Li would weigh 8 klb less than existing ET's and, as a result, reduce effective launch costs by \$800 per pound of payload.

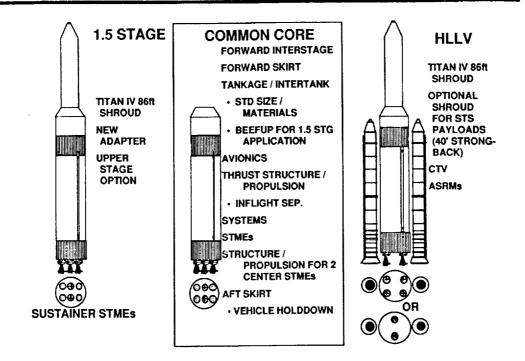
Advanced assembly and process control technologies also offer the potential for greatly reduced labor during the manufacturing and inspection processes. Current practices are very labor-intensive and, as a result, labor costs far outweigh material costs for operational space transportation systems.

The technological readiness of new structural materials depends on their commercial availability, producibility and materials properties. Martin Marietta is vigorously pursuing the development of its Weldalite™ 049 Al-Li alloys in each of these areas. Al-Li alloys are now commercially available, they have been used in high quality welds, and they perform as expected in terms of yield strength and ultimate Martin Marietta tests have demonstrated satisfactory welds using a variety of techniques in test articles composed entirely of Al-Li and in joining Al-Li to aluminum. Preliminary demonstrations of producibility based on the design of the Space Shuttle external tank have also been successful, and more complex tests are continuing.

Martin Marietta is also preparing to test an automated work cell concept that it has developed using discrete event simulation. One of the goals of this effort is to develop a manufacturing process that features continuous inspection of welded joints as they are created and thereby eliminate the time consuming practice of inspecting welds after the fact as a separate step of the fabrication process. Martin Marietta is currently procuring tooling for initial demonstrations.

# **NLS Structures and Materials**

J. O. Bunting Martin Marietta Astronautics Group Denver, Colorado



# **Existing Launch Vehicles**

### Structures Technology

- Aluminum Alloys 2219,2014
- Fabrication Techniques
- Machine, Stretch Form
- Chem Mill to Tight Tolerances
- Manual Inspection

### Assembly & Process Control Technology

- Manual Material Handling
- Manual Part Set-Up
- Manual Part Weld Prep
- Manual Part Fit-Up
- Point Design Weld Processes
- Manual inspection

# Advanced Technology

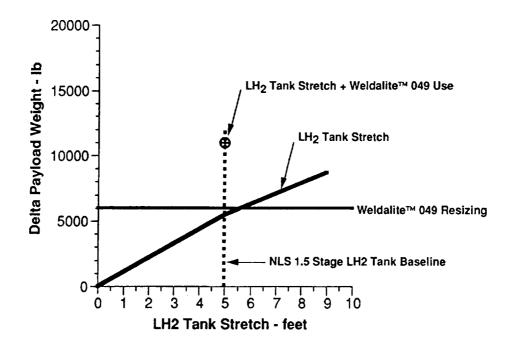
#### Structures Technology

- Reduce Weight (5 40%)
- Reduce Direct Labor/Material
- Reduce Support Labor
- Reduce Propulsion Requirements

#### Assembly & Process Control Technology

- Reduce Direct Assembly Labor (30%)
- Reduce Major Weld Labor (34%)
- Reduce Inspection Labor (33%)

# Delta Payload vs Stretch for Weldalite™ 049 Substitution



# Weldalite™ 049 and The External Tank (ET)

- Redesign of the ET Using Weldalite™ 049 Can Result in A Weight Savings of Approximately 8000 lb
- This Equates to a Savings of Cost to Orbit of about \$800/lb

## Success Criteria

- Demonstrated Production Capability
- Demonstrated Cost Advantage through Higher Strength
- Adequate Fracture Toughness
- Adequate Stress Corrosion Resistance
- Demonstrated Manufacturability

# **Technology Readiness of Al-Li Alloys**

Requirement	Present Status
Commercial Availability	Alloys Are Currently Available
Producibility	
- Forming	Full Scale External Tank Gores and Extruded Chords Have Been Produced. All Meet Design Tolerances
- Chem-milling	Chem-milled Gores Meet Design Requirements
- Machining	Extruded Chords Have Been Machined and Meet Design Requirements

# Technology Readiness of Al-Li Alloys (Concl.)

#### <u>Requirement</u>

#### **Present Status**

Welding

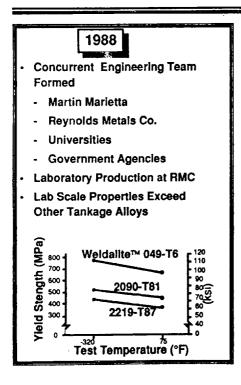
High Quality Welds Have Been Produced by All Conventional Processes Including VPPA. Backside Shielding Concepts Have Been Demonstrated

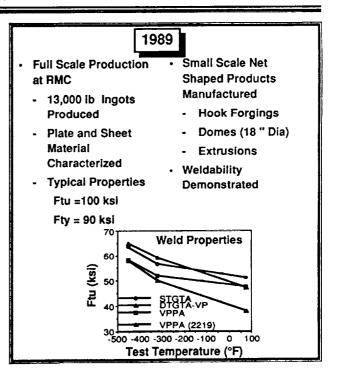
**Design Allowables** 

All Product Forms of Weldalite™
049 Have Been Shown to Meet
the Specified Yield Strength of
85 ksi and the 90 ksi Ultimate
Strength Goal. Reynolds Will
Begin the "S" Basis Allowables

Program in Late 1991

# Advanced Cryotank Program - ADP 3106 Weldalite™ 049 Development





# Advanced Cryotank Program - ADP 3106 Weldalite™ 049 Development

1990

- Large Products Produced
  - Extruded External Tank (ET) Chord
  - ET Gore Panels
  - Domes (42" Dia)
  - Extruded Barrel Panels (18" Width)
  - Roll Forged Ring (34" Dia)

 1991

### In Progress:

- Integrally Stiffened
   Extruded Tube Producing
   105" Wide x 360" Length
   Barrel Panel
- 120" Dia Dome Spin Forming
- Weld Process Optimization

#### STATUS:

- Alloy Lab to Production in 3 Years
- Net Shapes Demonstrated
- Exceeded Mechanical Property Goals

1992-93

- Components for 14' Dia Tank Manufactured
- Fabricate Tank
- Test Tank at Cryogenic Temperatures

