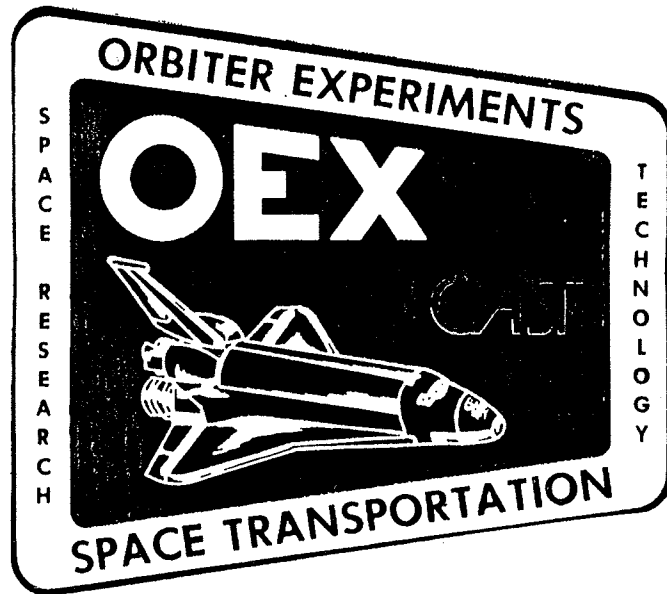


# THE ORBITER EXPERIMENTS (OEX) PROGRAM



**David A. Throckmorton**  
**NASA Langley Research Center**

NASA/DOD Flight Experiments  
Technical Interchange Meeting

October 7, 1993  
Monterey, CA

159236  
P. 38

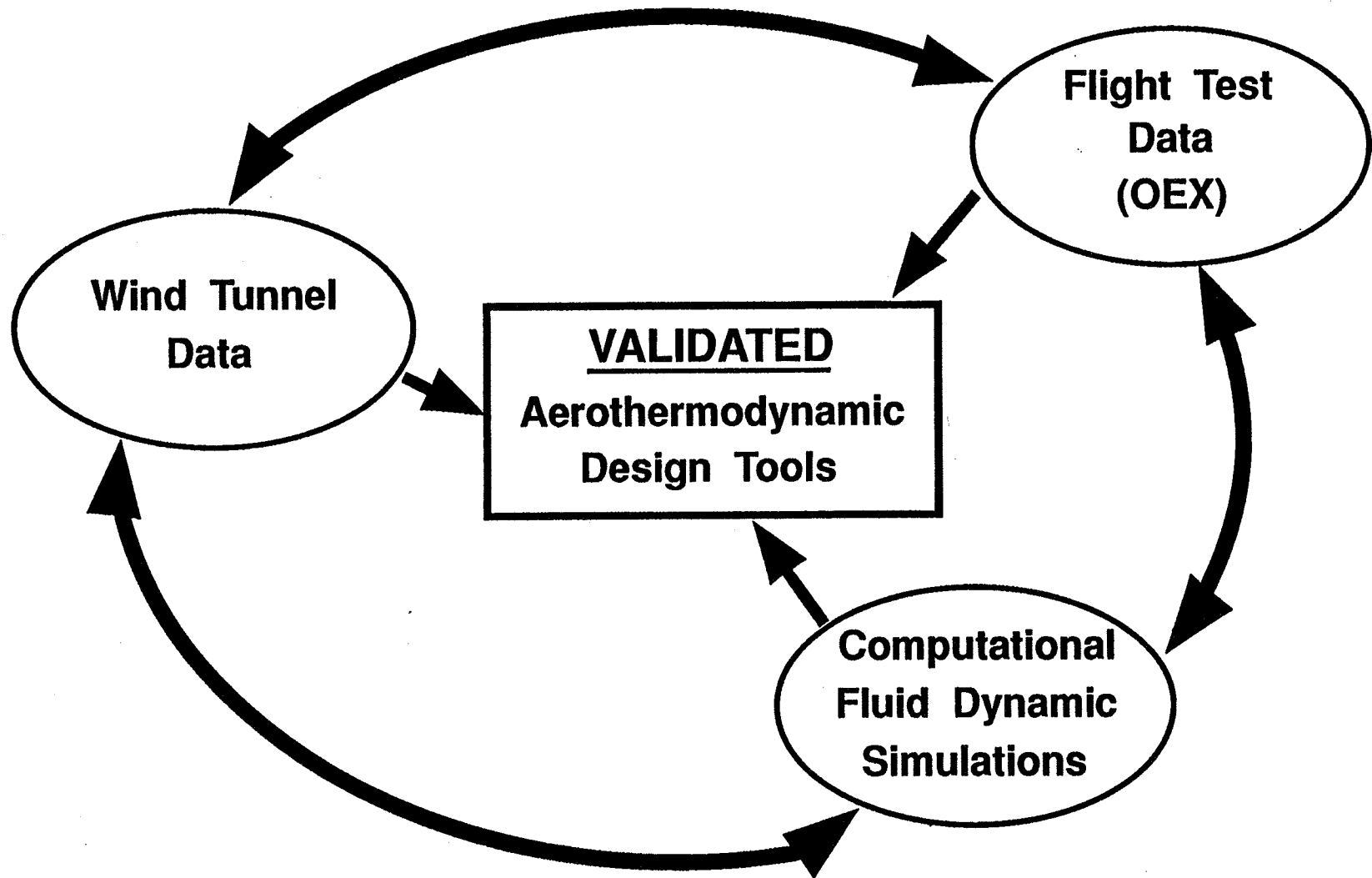
N93-28731

## **OEX PROGRAM OBJECTIVE**

**". . . . to obtain research quality flight data for augmentation and advancement of space transportation technologies. This includes the validation and advancement of analytical theories and of ground-test methods and techniques."**

**OEX Project Plan**

# AEROTHERMODYNAMIC DESIGN TOOL DEVELOPMENT AND VALIDATION



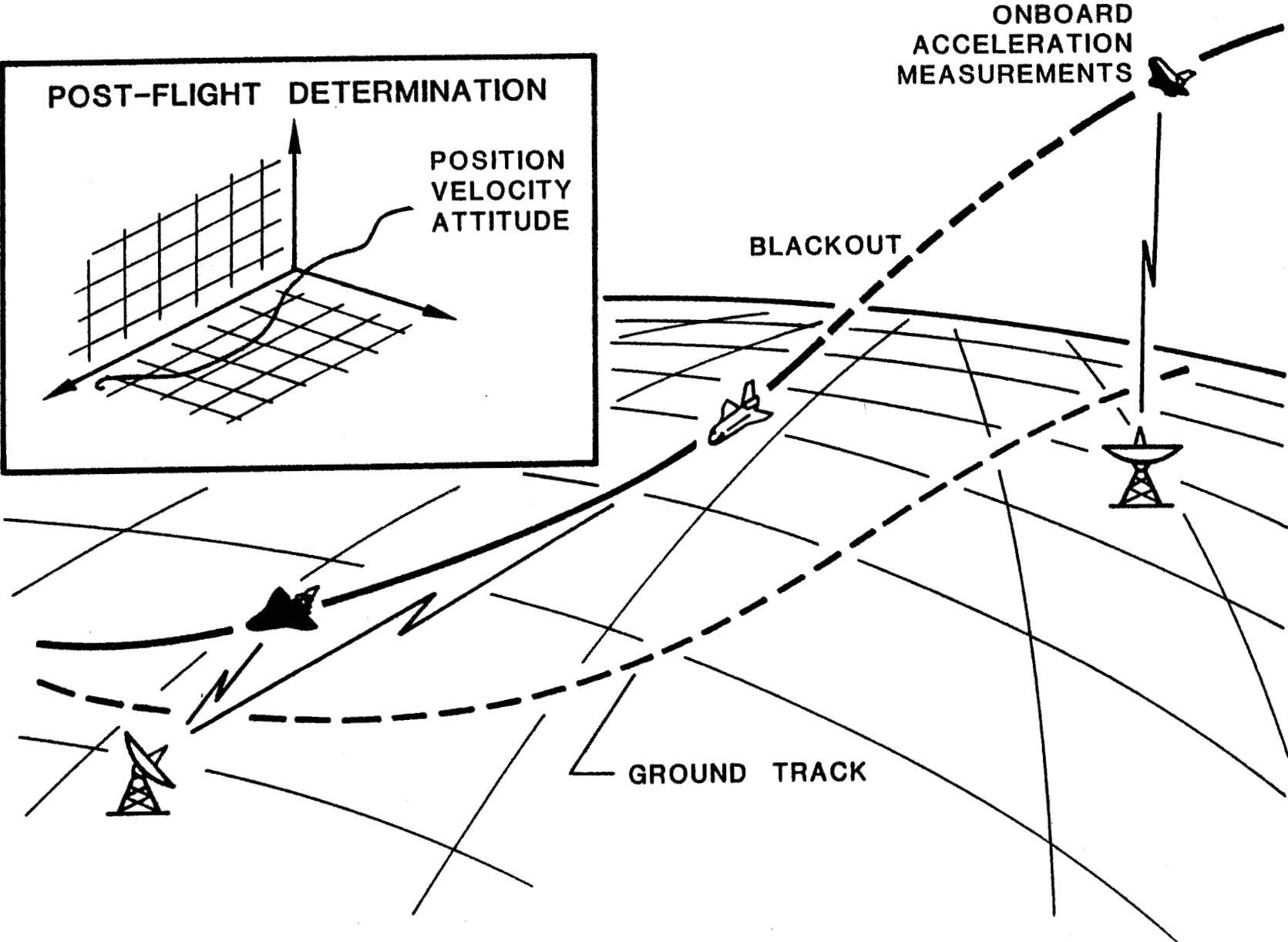
# **AEROTHERMODYNAMIC FLIGHT RESEARCH DATA REQUIREMENTS**

- o Freestream Environment  
(Including Vehicle Attitude)**
- o Aerodynamic Forces and Moments**
- o Surface Pressure and Heat Transfer**

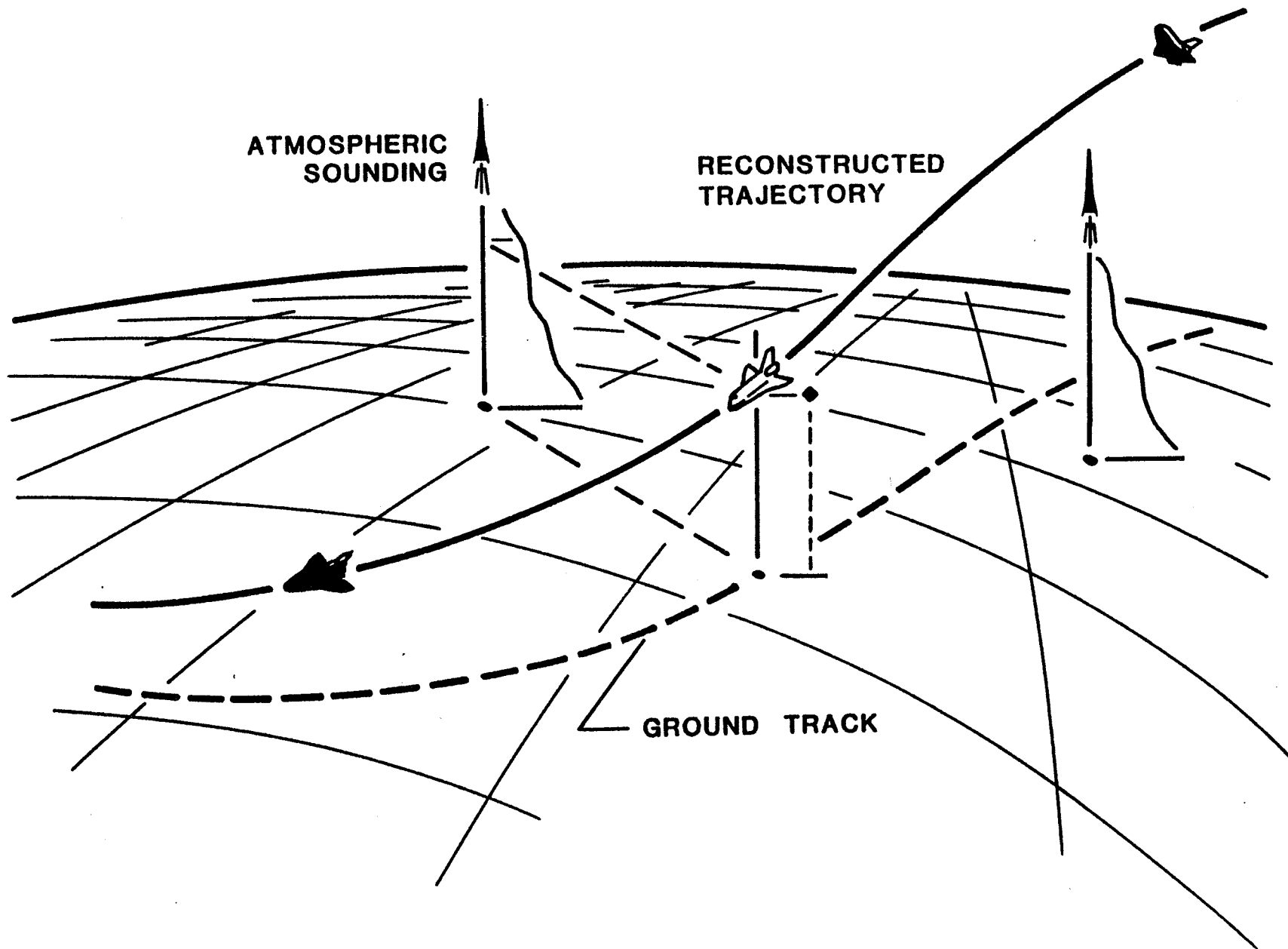
## **FREESTREAM ENVIRONMENT**

- o Best Estimate of Trajectory**
- o Shuttle Entry Air Data System (SEADS)**
- o Shuttle Upper Atmosphere Mass Spectrometer (SUMS)**

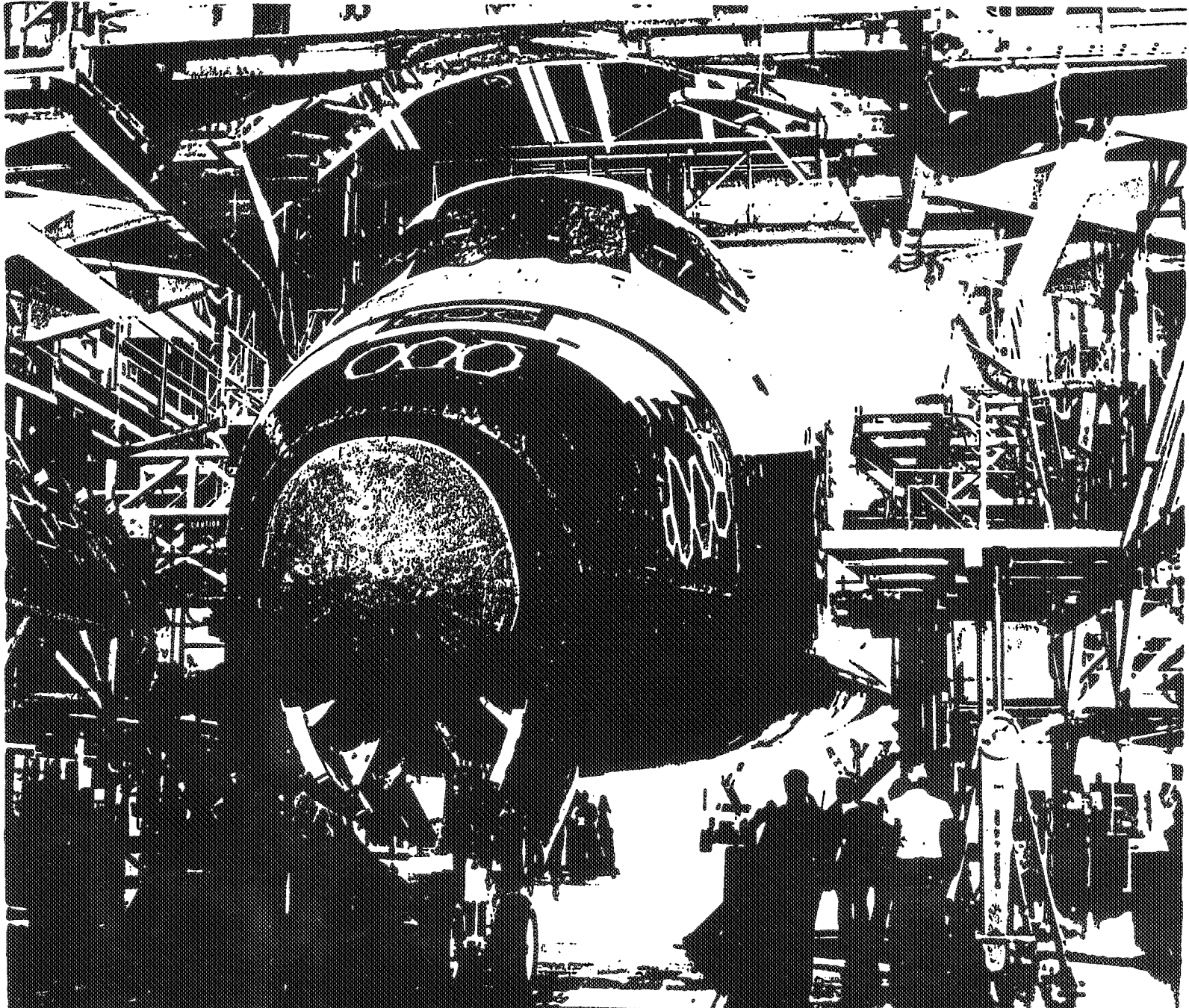
# TRAJECTORY RECONSTRUCTION



# ATMOSPHERIC RECONSTRUCTION



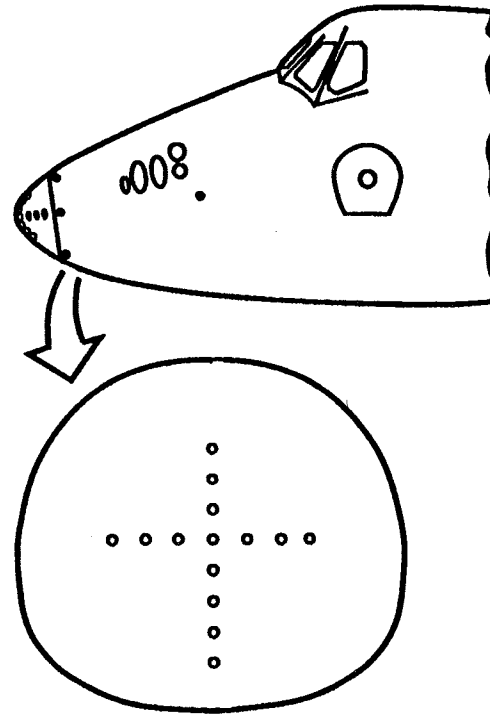
# SHUTTLE ENTRY AIR DATA SYSTEM (SEADS)



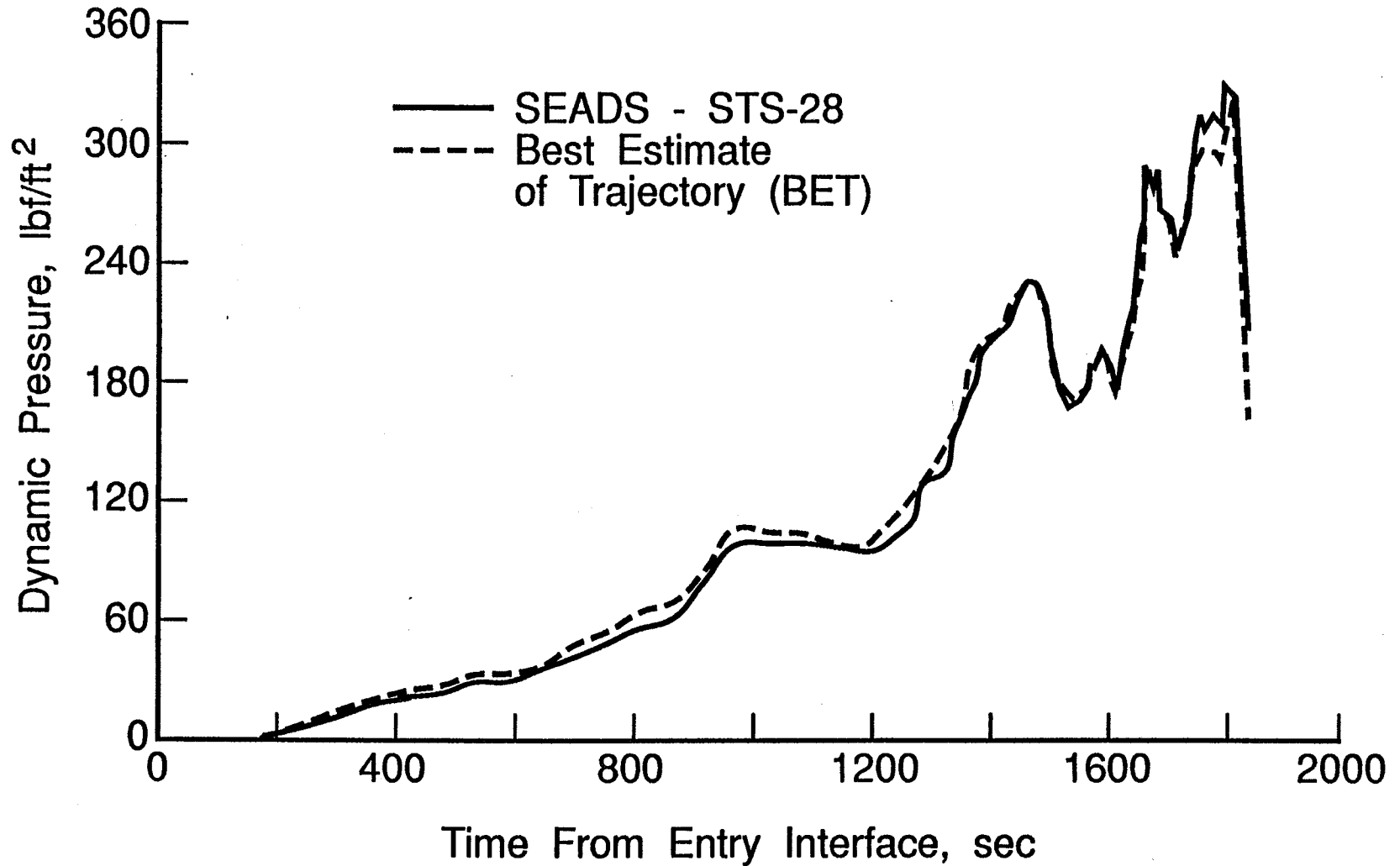


# SHUTTLE ENTRY AIR DATA SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

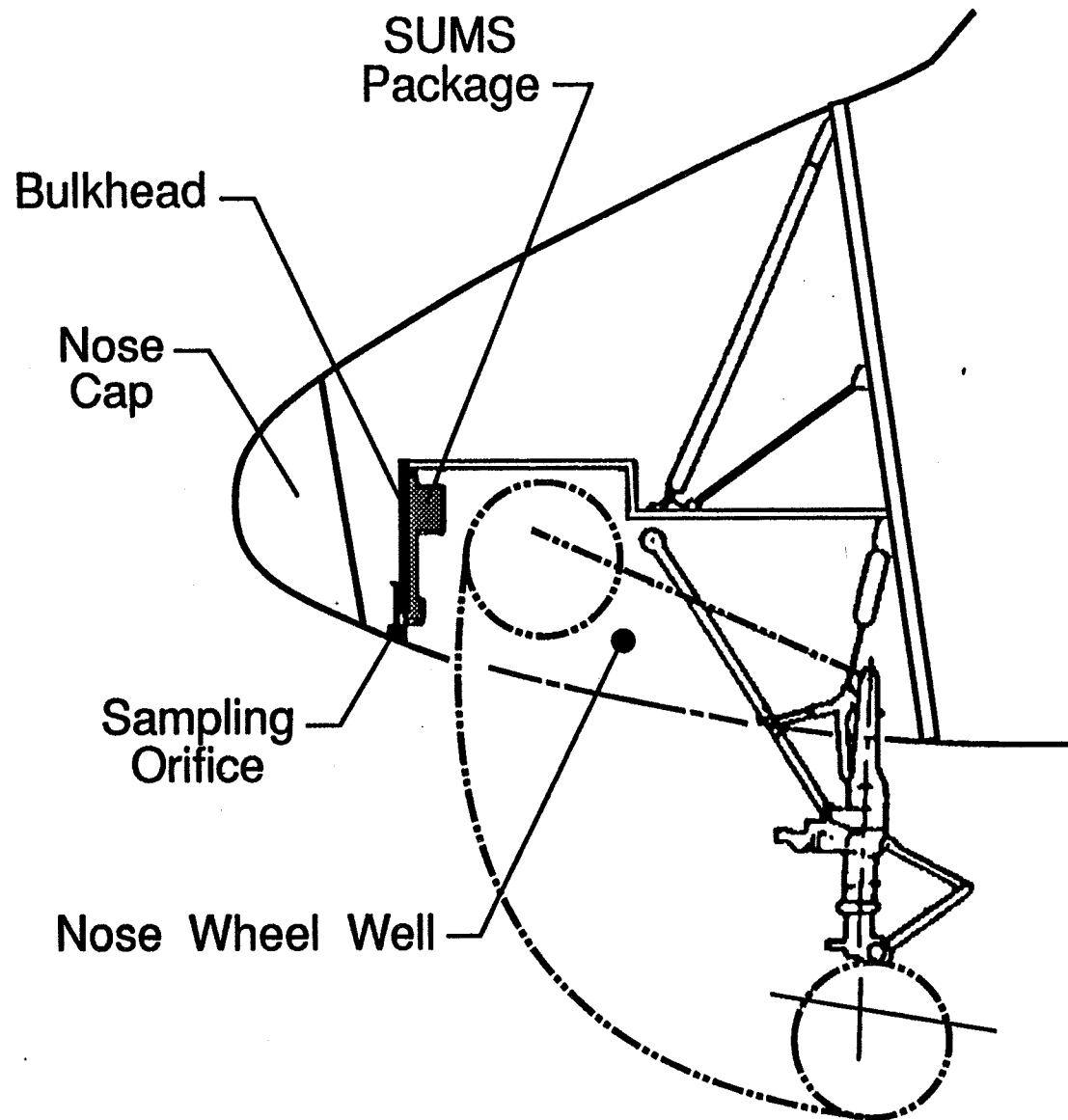
- Nosecap Orifices (14)
- "Static" Orifices (6)



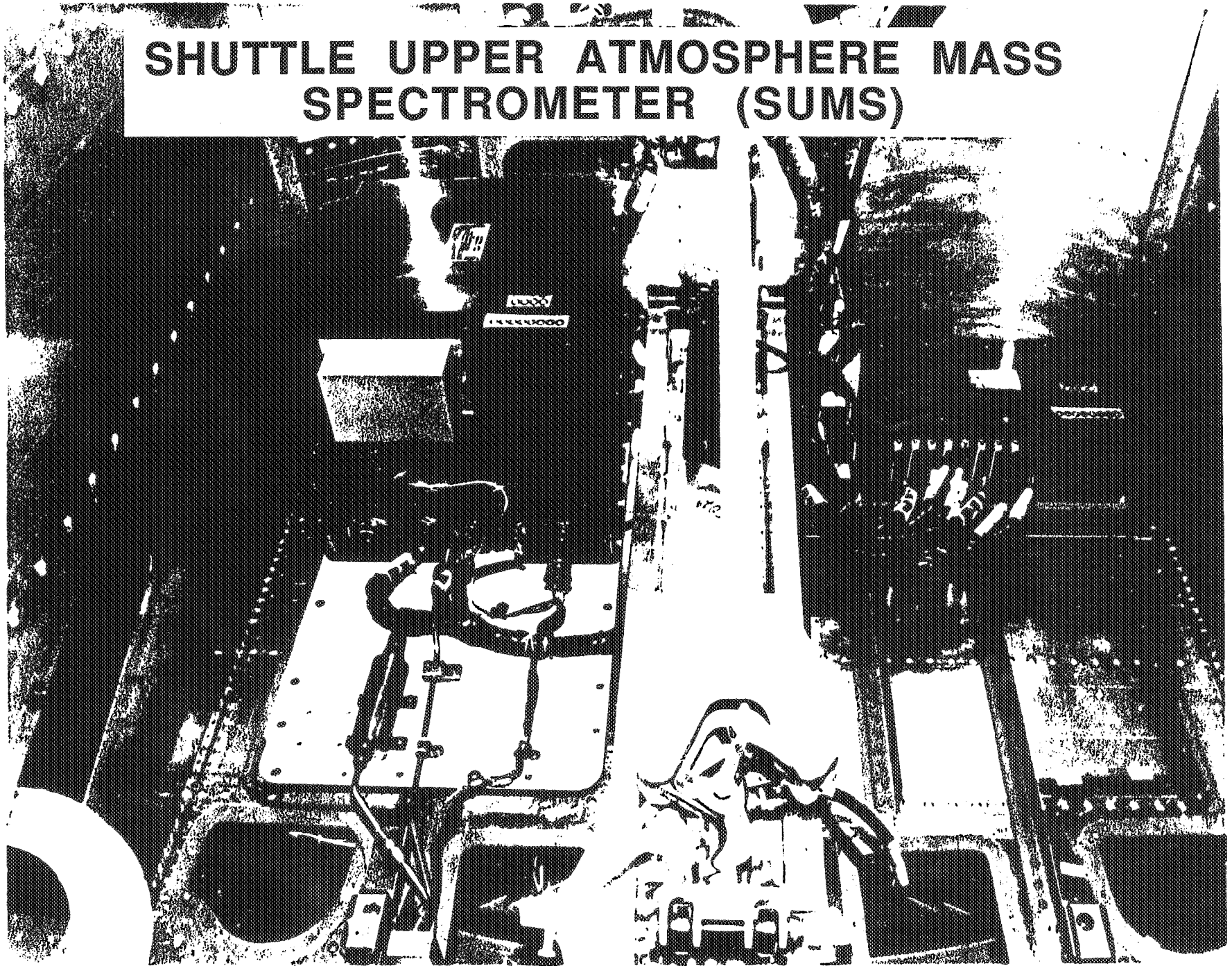
# SEADS RESULTS CONFIRM ACCURACY OF BEST ESTIMATE OF TRAJECTORY (BET)



# LOCATION OF SUMS ON THE SHUTTLE ORBITER



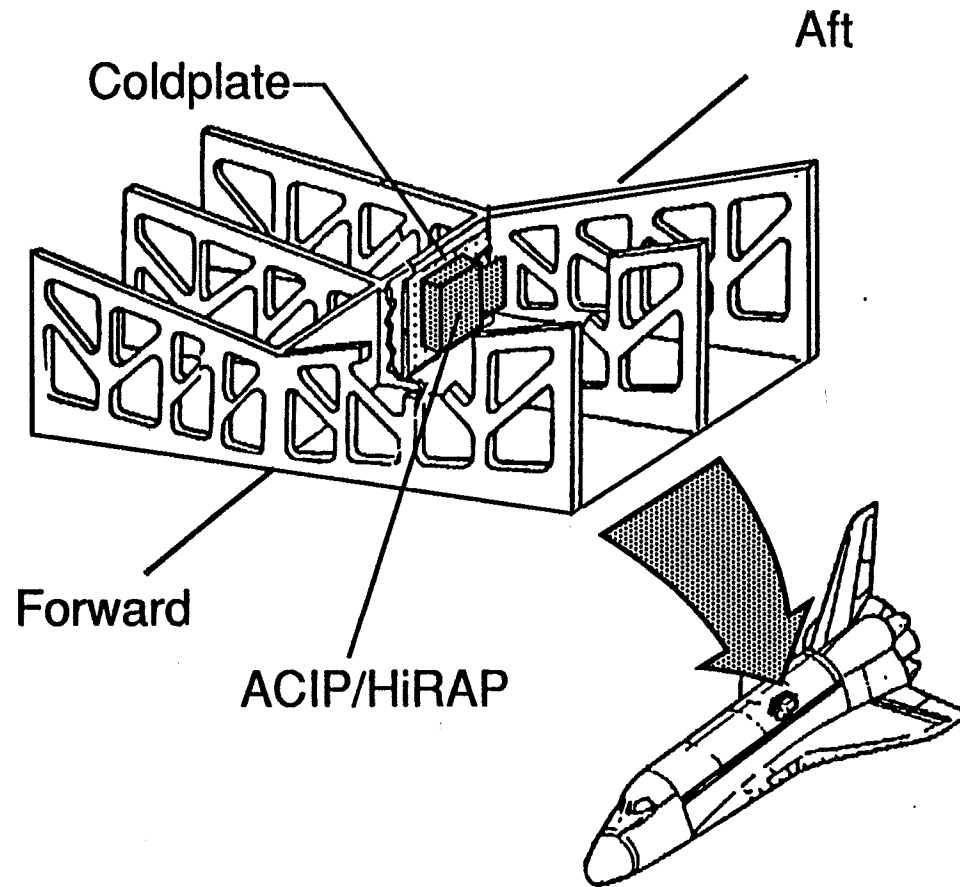
# SHUTTLE UPPER ATMOSPHERE MASS SPECTROMETER (SUMS)



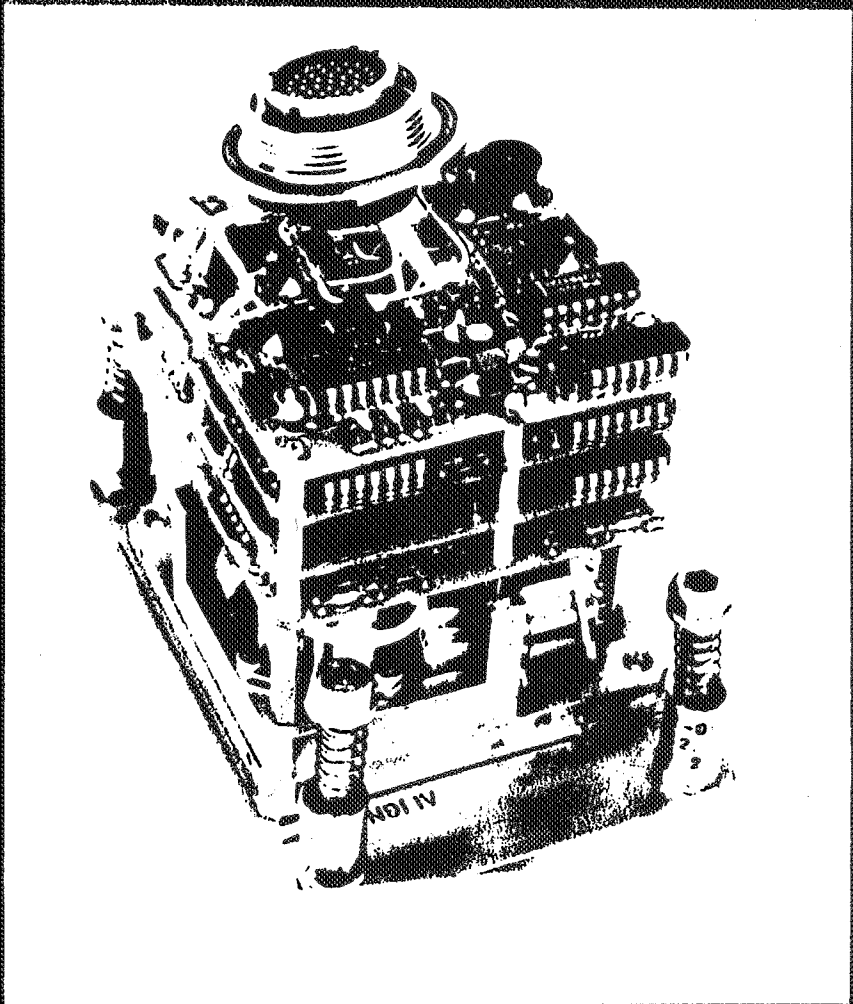
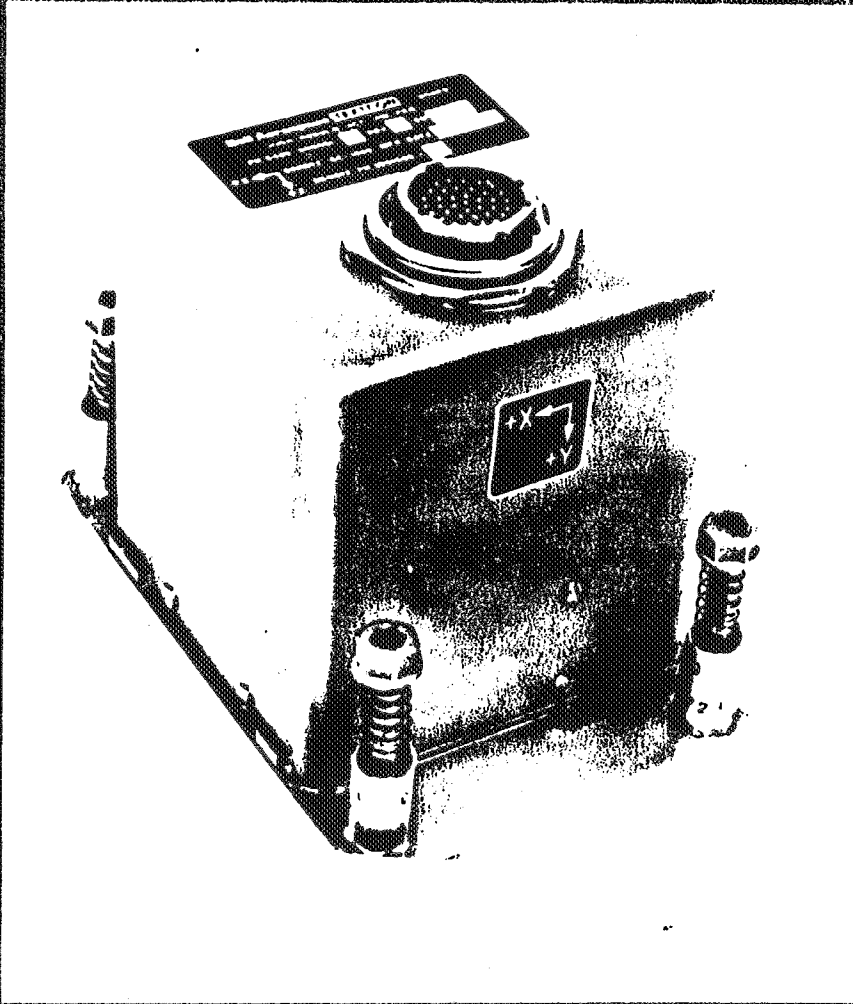
# **AERODYNAMIC FORCES AND MOMENTS**

- o Inertial Measurement Units**
- o Aerodynamic Coefficient Identification Package (ACIP)**
- o High-Resolution Accelerometer Package (HiRAP)**
- o Orbital Acceleration Research Experiment (OARE)**

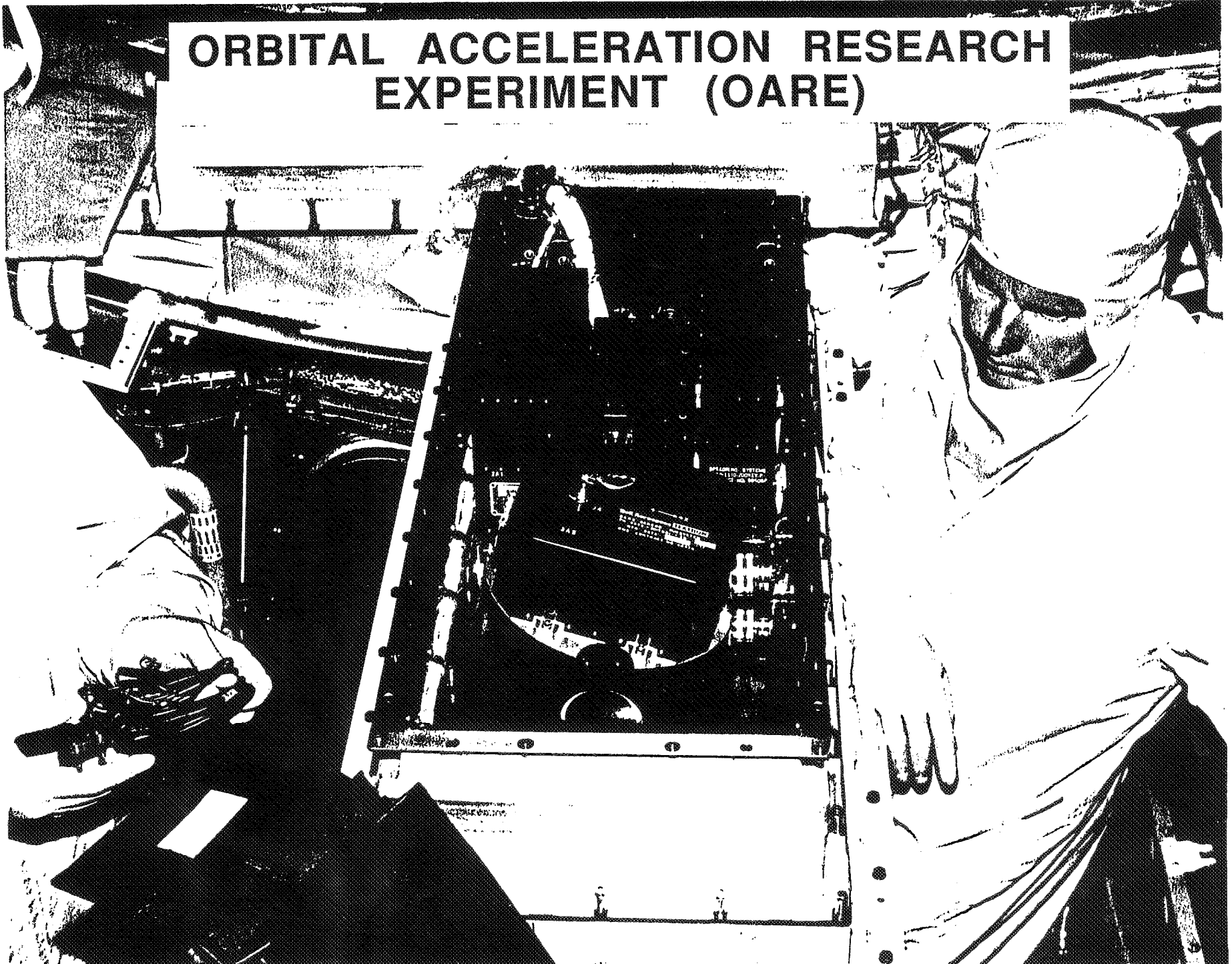
# ACIP AND HiRAP LOCATION WITHIN SHUTTLE ORBITER



# HIRAP FLIGHT UNIT: SN 002



# ORBITAL ACCELERATION RESEARCH EXPERIMENT (OARE)

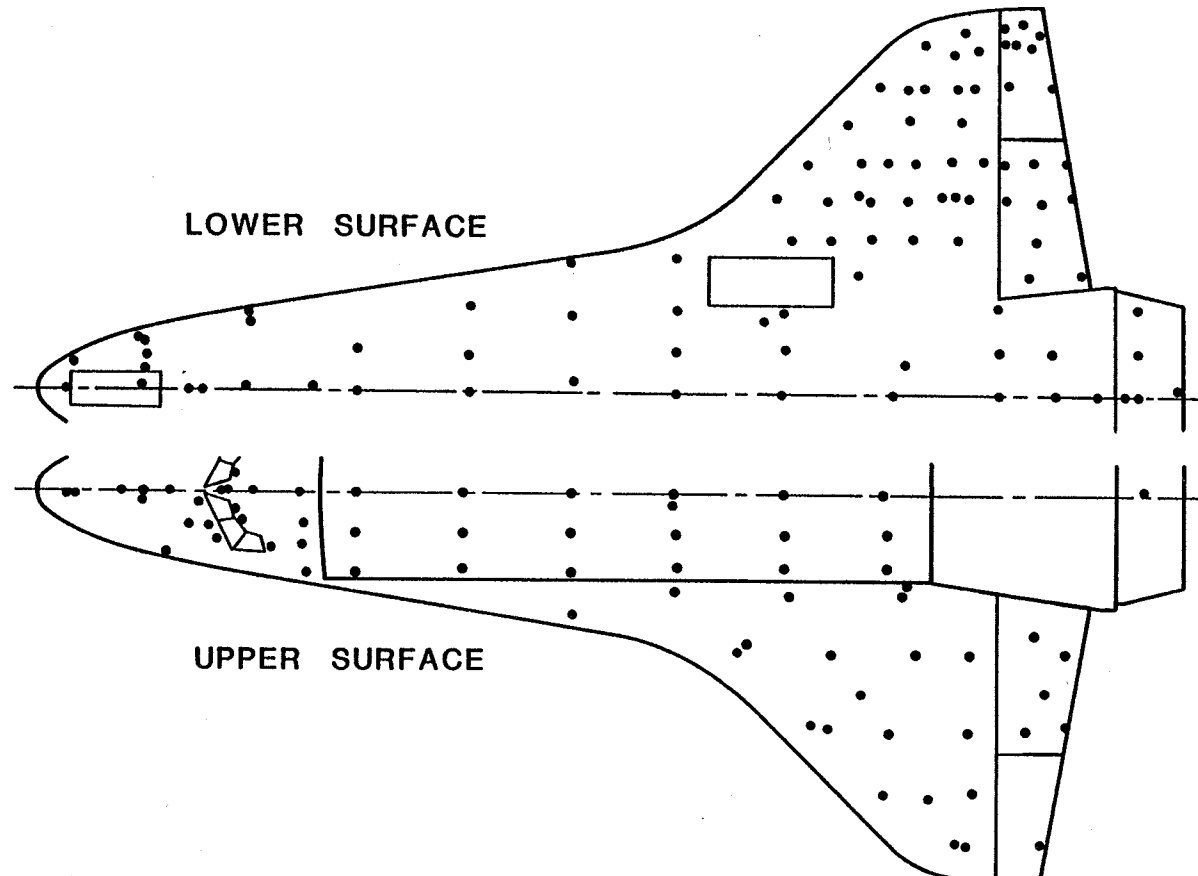
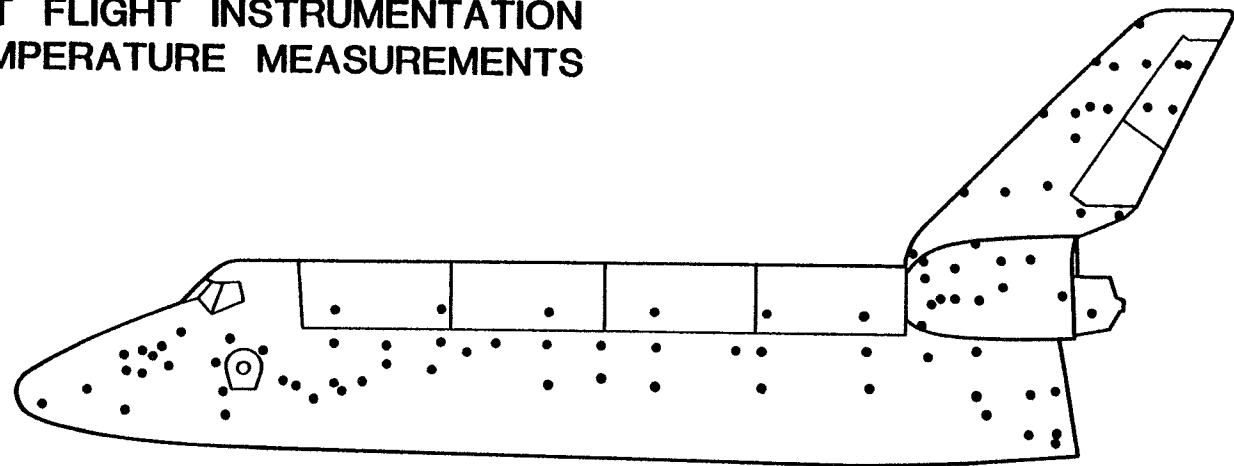




## **SURFACE PRESSURE AND HEAT TRANSFER**

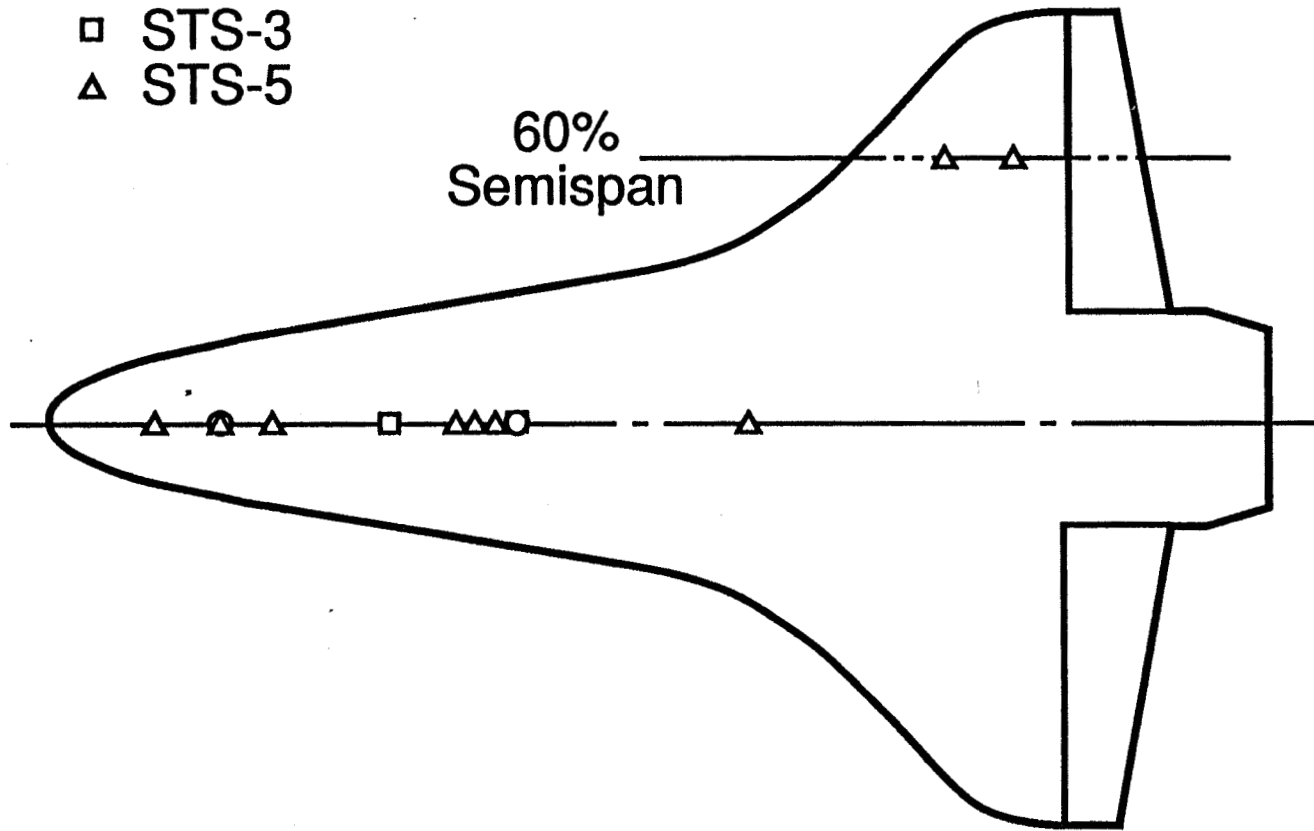
- o Development Flight Instrumentation (DFI)**
- o Tile Gap Heating (TGH)**
- o Catalytic Surface Effects (CSE)**
- o Infrared Imagery of Shuttle (IRIS)**
- o Shuttle Infrared Leeside Temperature Sensing (SILTS)**
- o Aerothermal Instrumentation Package (AIP)**

**DEVELOPMENT FLIGHT INSTRUMENTATION  
SURFACE TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS**

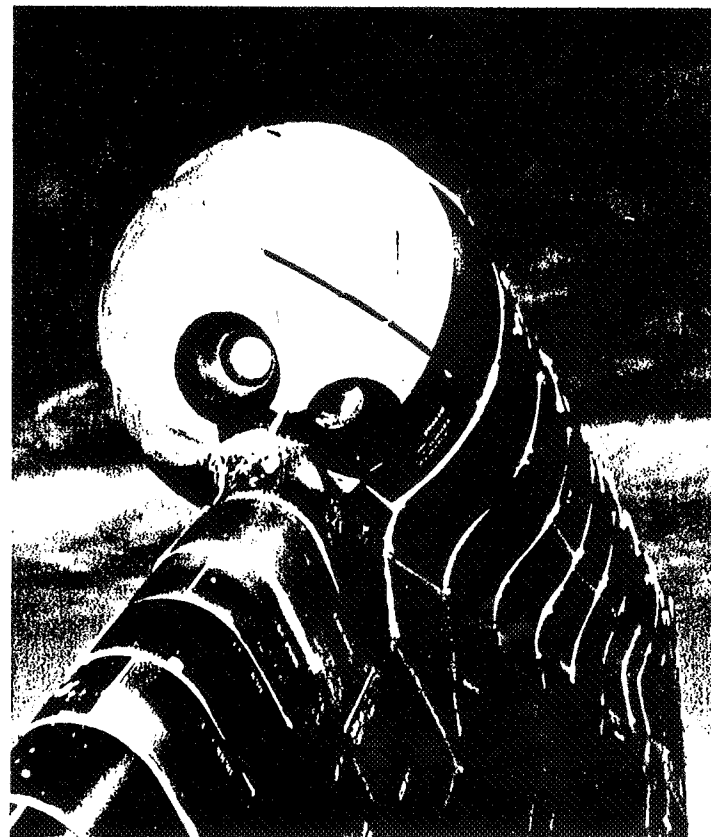
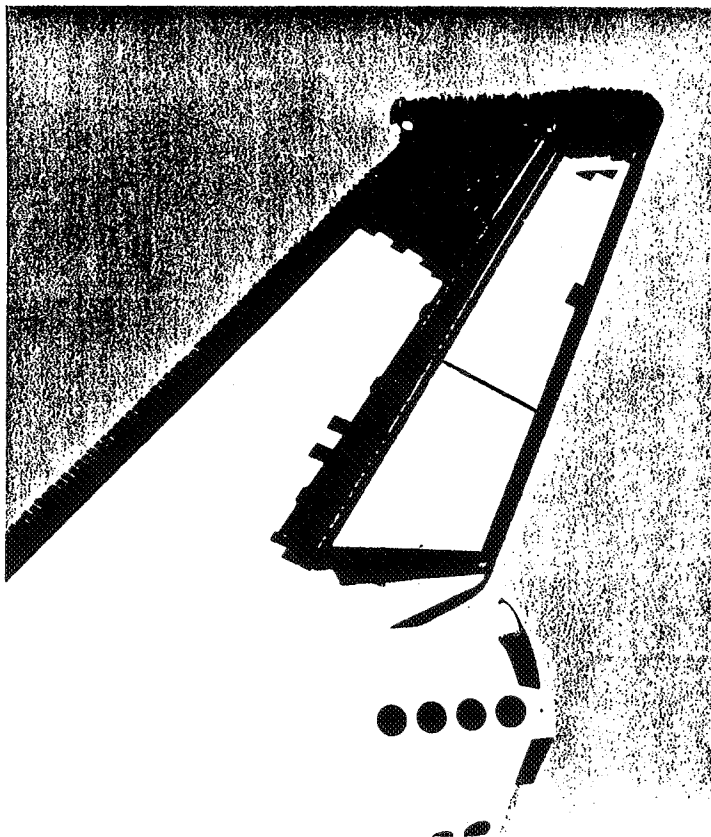


# CSE EXPERIMENT MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS

- STS-2
- STS-3
- △ STS-5

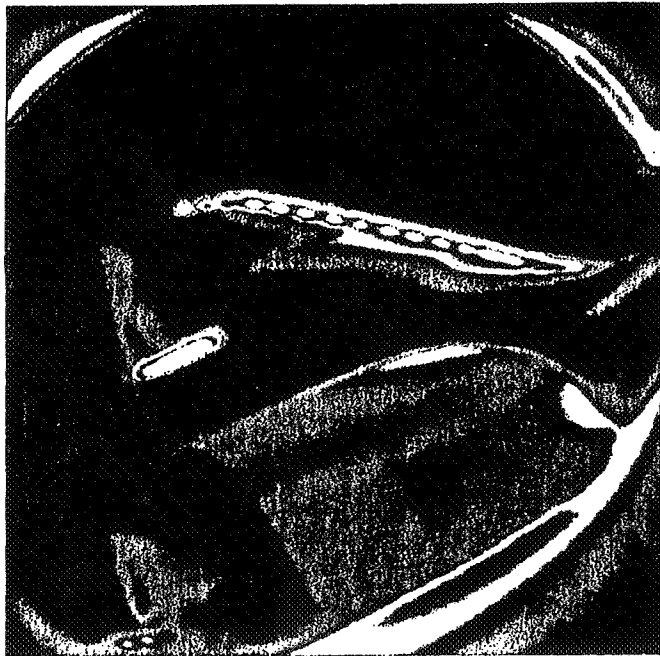


# SILTS MODIFICATION TO ORBITER COLUMBIA

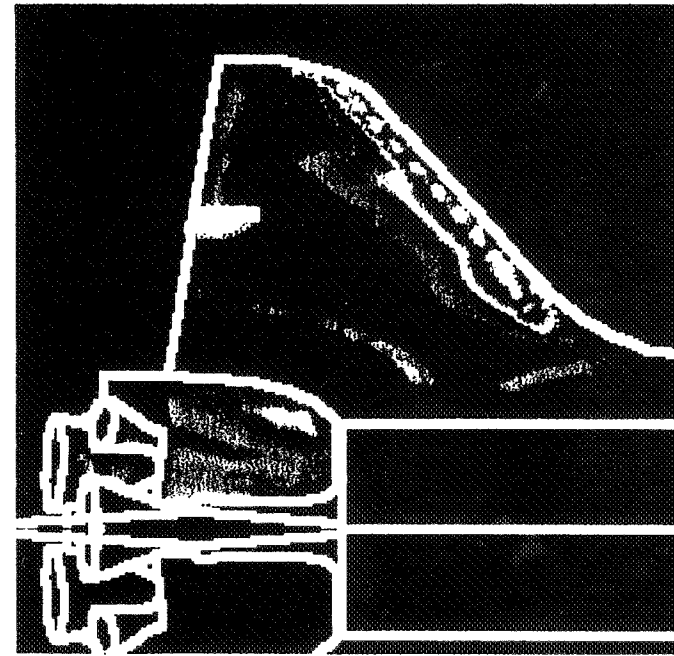


# TYPICAL SILTS IMAGE DATA FROM STS-28

Increasing Temperature



Camera View



Projection to Planview

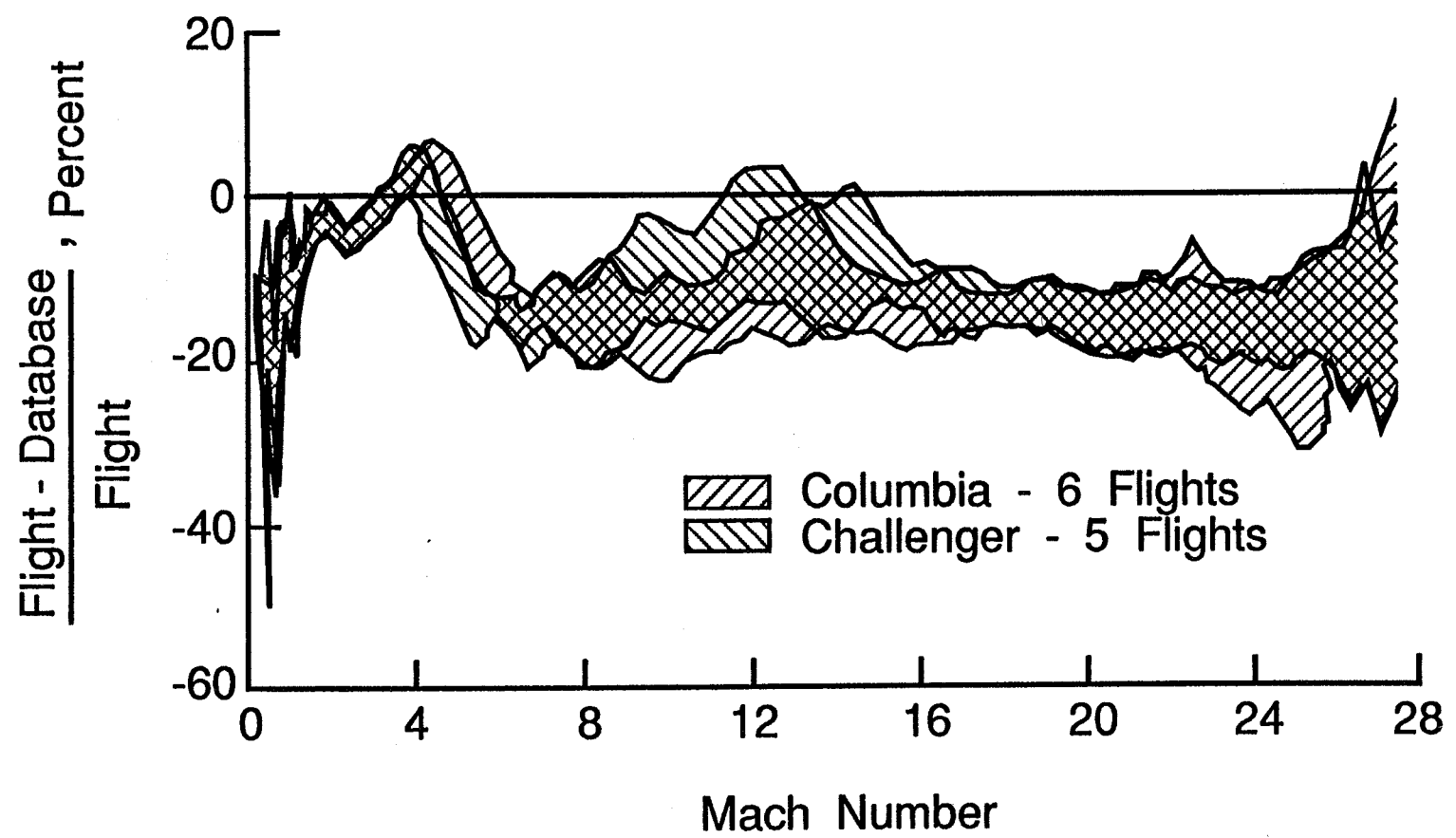
## **NON-AEROTHERMODYNAMIC EXPERIMENTS**

- o Dynamic, Acoustic, and Thermal Environments (DATE)**
- o OEX Autonomous Supporting Instrumentation System (OASIS)**
- o Advanced Autopilot Experiment (AAPE)**
- o Advanced Flexible Reusable Surface Insulation (AFRSI)**

**OEX FLIGHT DATA UTILIZATION  
EXAMPLES**

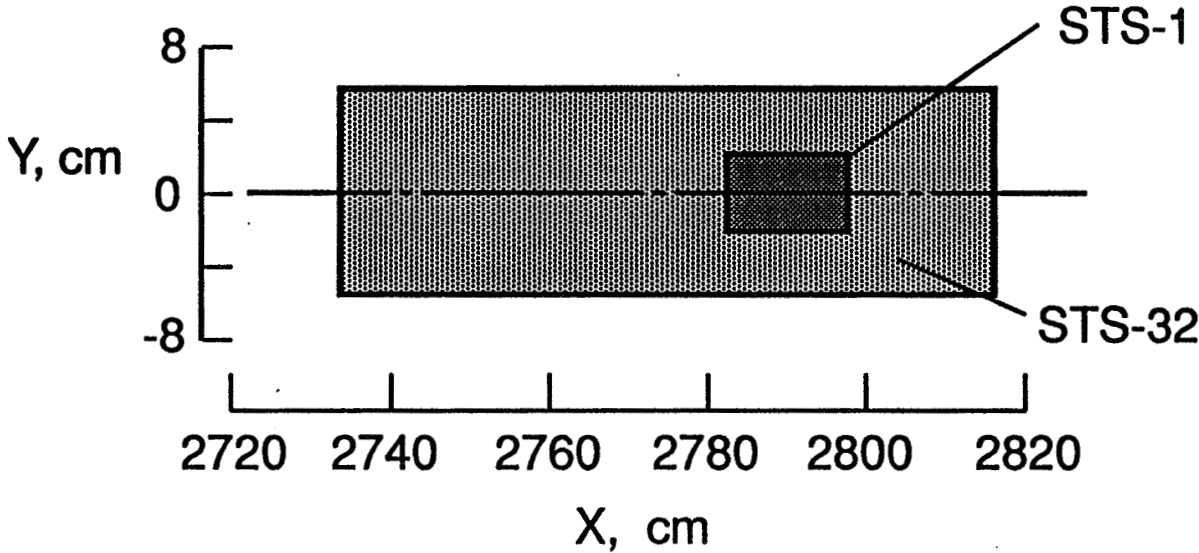
# TYPICAL FLIGHT / WIND TUNNEL DATABASE COMPARISON

## Axial Force Coefficient

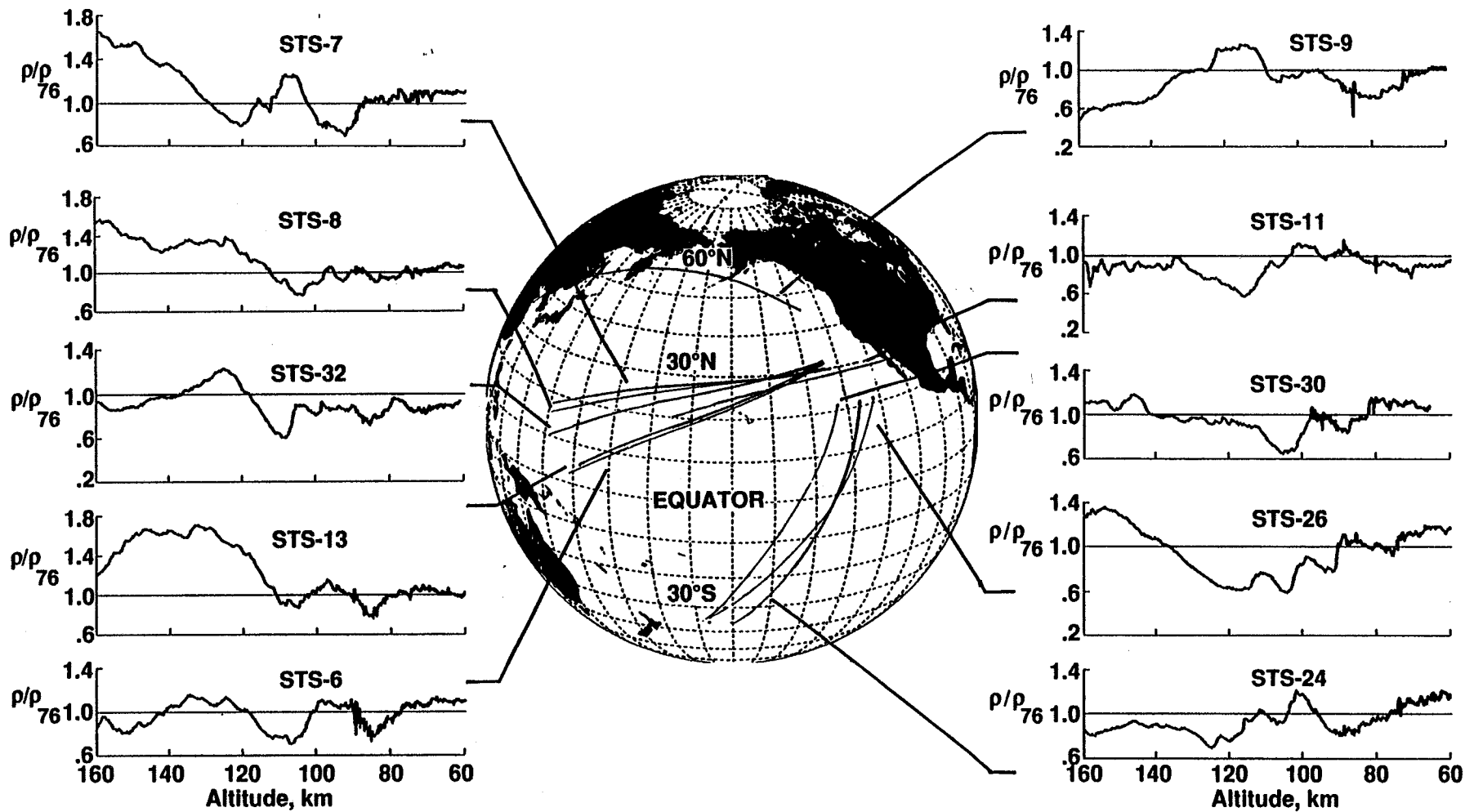




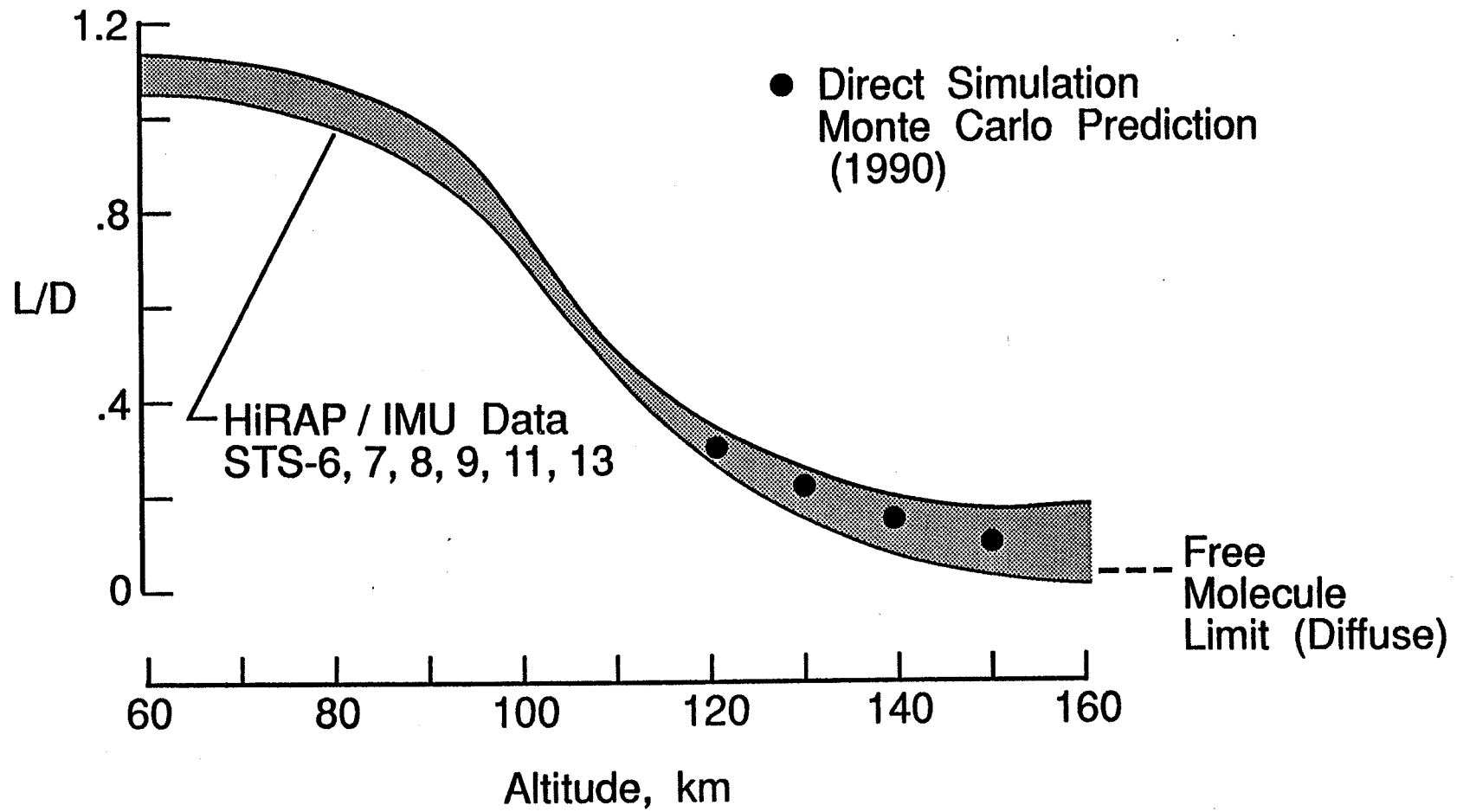
# ACIP DATA ENABLED EXPANSION OF ALLOWABLE ORBITER C. G. ENVELOPE



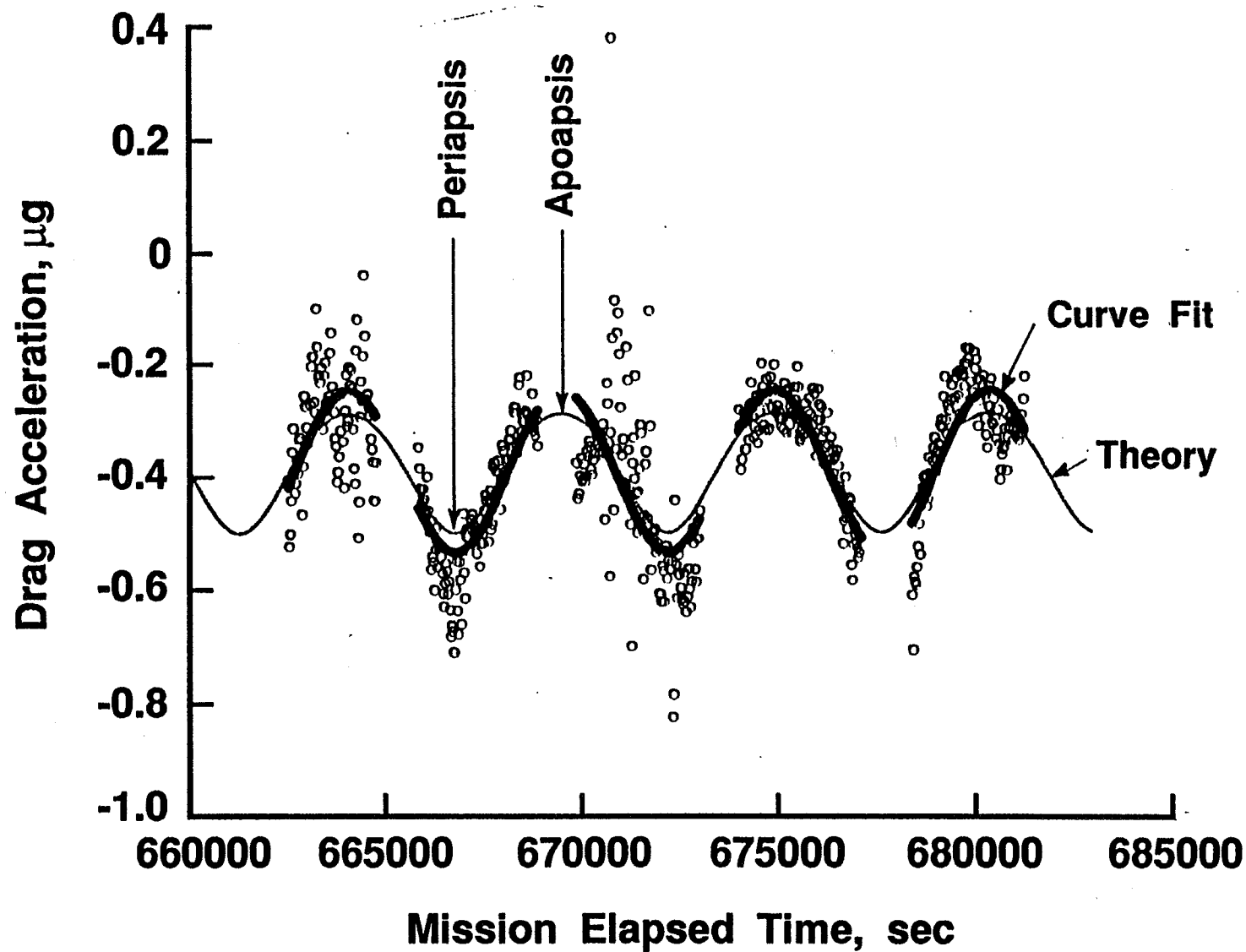
# HIRAP/IMU DENSITY DATA LED TO MODIFICATION OF GLOBAL REFERENCE ATMOSPHERE MODEL (GRAM)



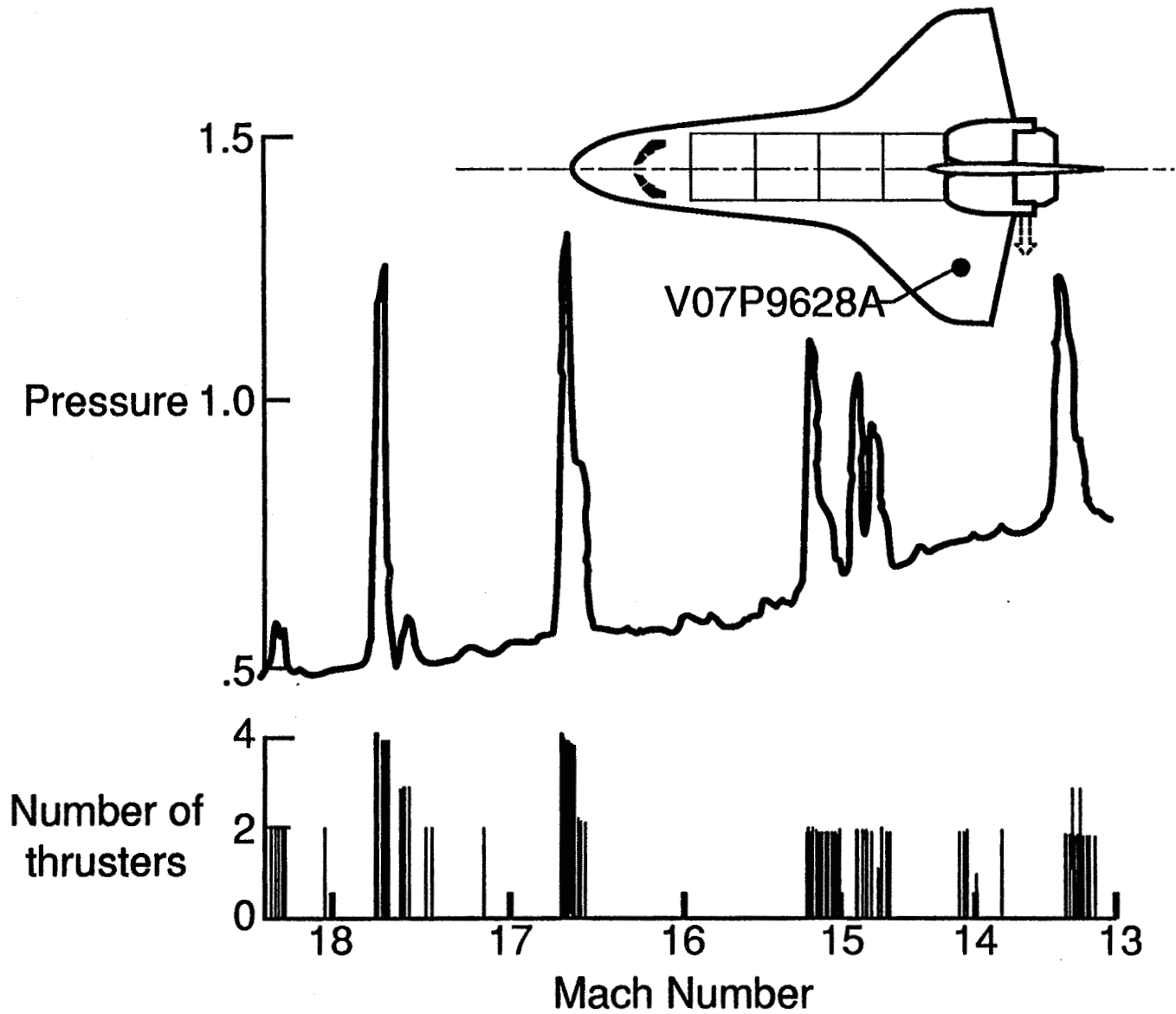
# HIRAP PROVIDES VALIDATION DATA FOR RAREFIED FLOW COMPUTATIONAL TOOLS



# OARE SENSES PERIODIC ORBITAL DRAG VARIATION

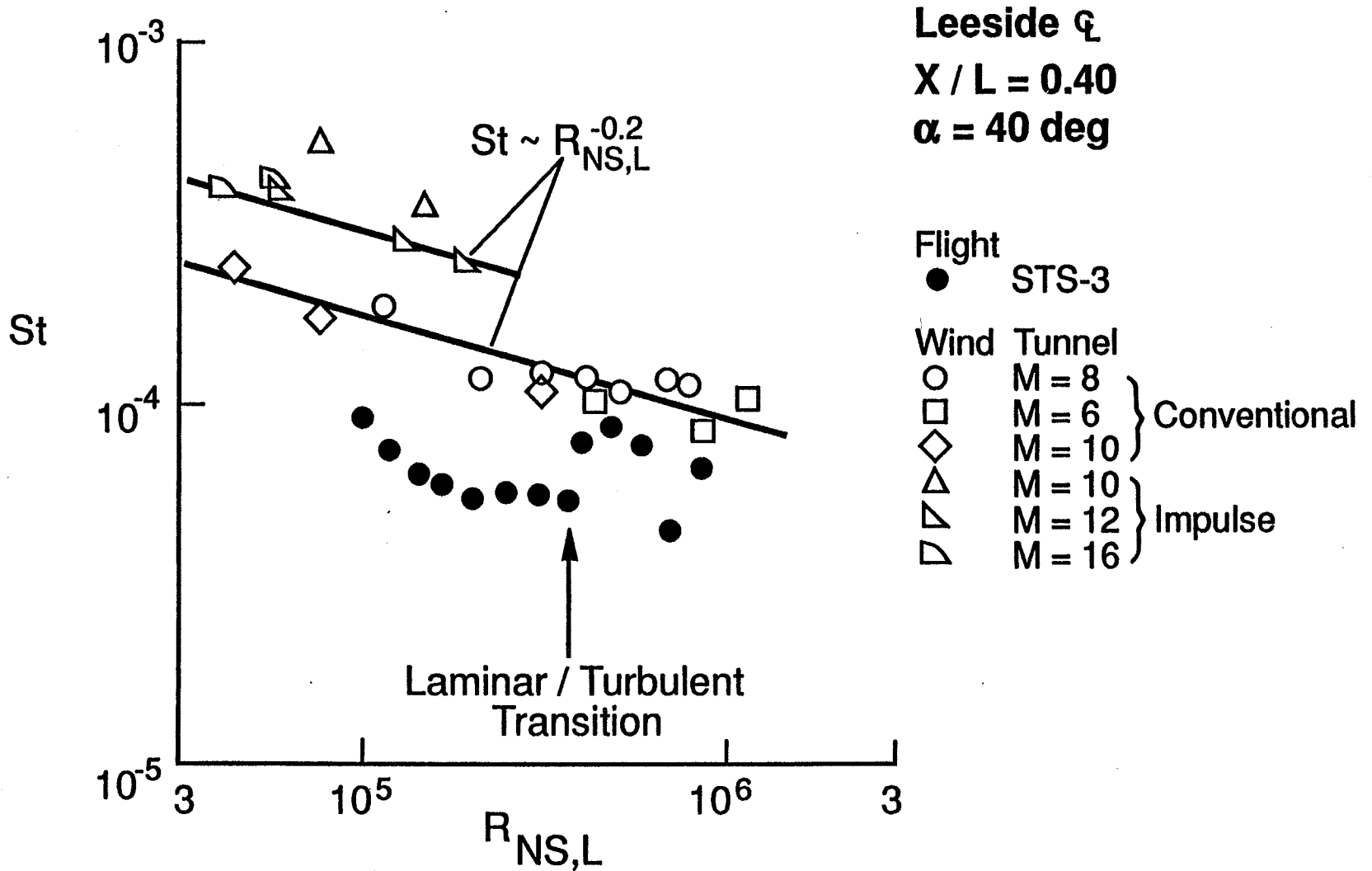


# STS-3 CORRELATION OF PRESSURE CHANGES ON LEEWARD SURFACE OF WING WITH RCS FIRINGS

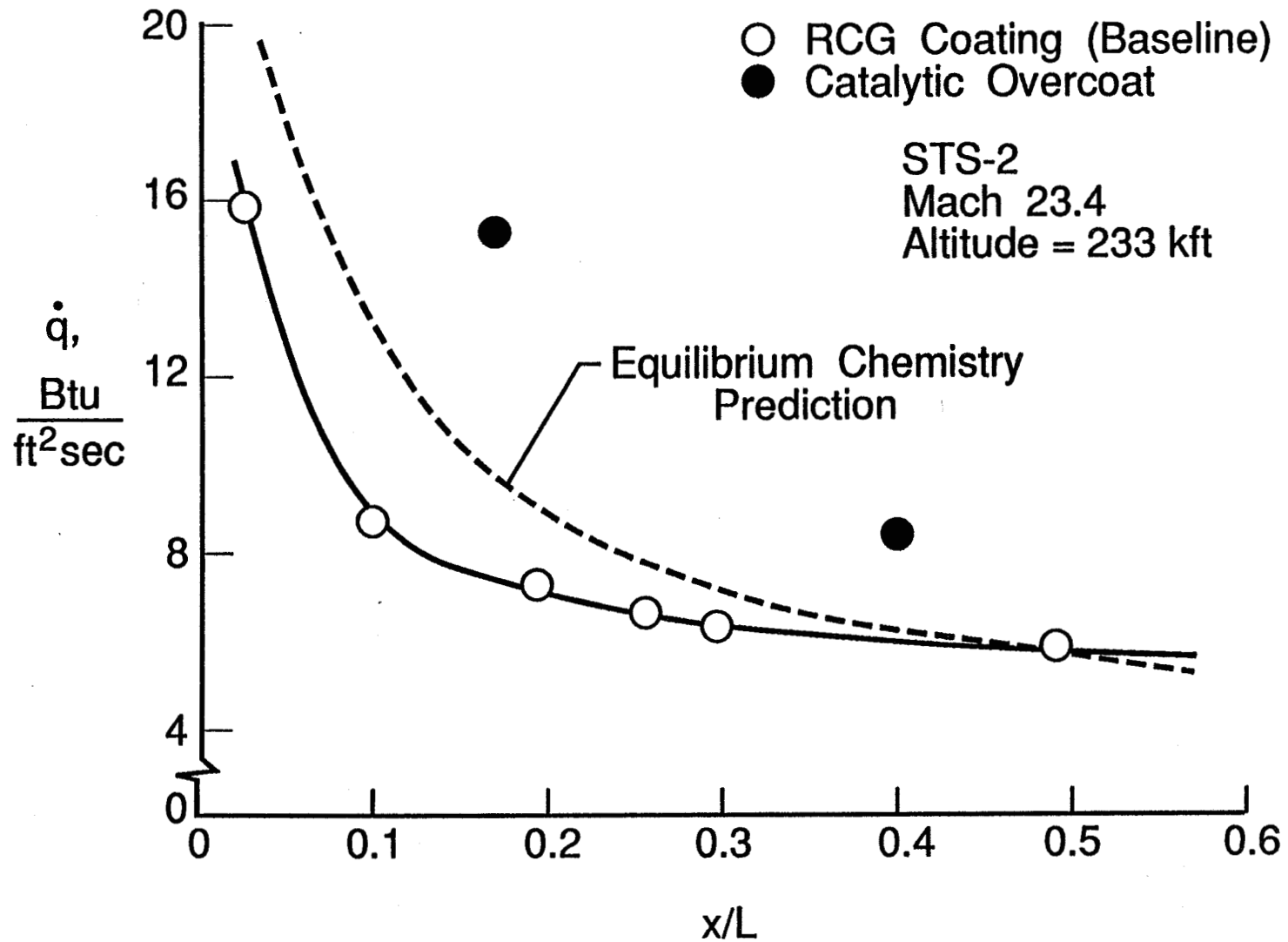


# WIND TUNNEL DATA OVERPREDICT LEESIDE HEAT TRANSFER

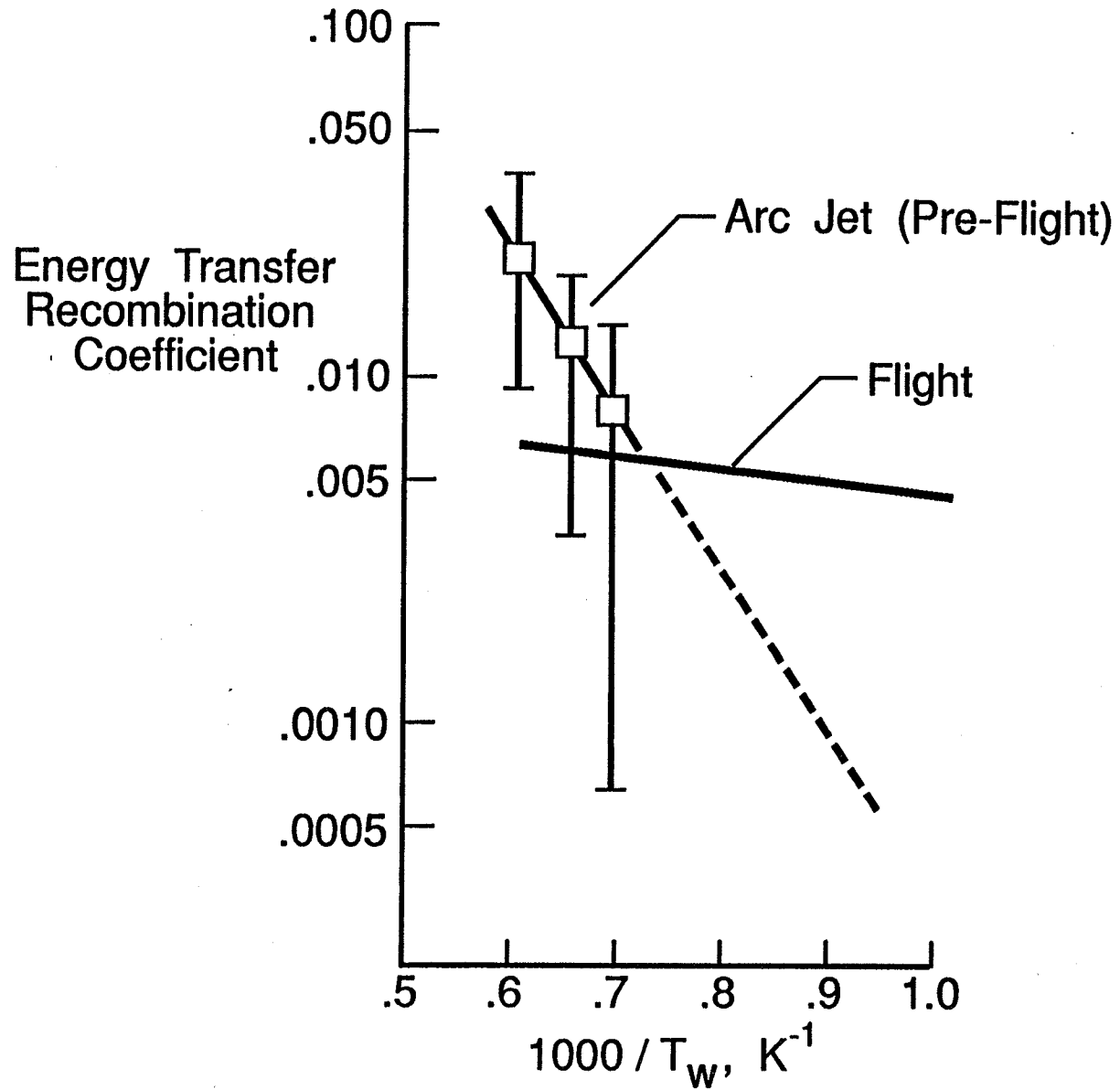
## (LAMINAR VS TURBULENT LEESIDE FLOWFIELD)



# CSE EXPERIMENT CONFIRMS NON-CATALYTIC BENEFIT OF GLASS TILE COATING IN FLIGHT ENVIRONMENT



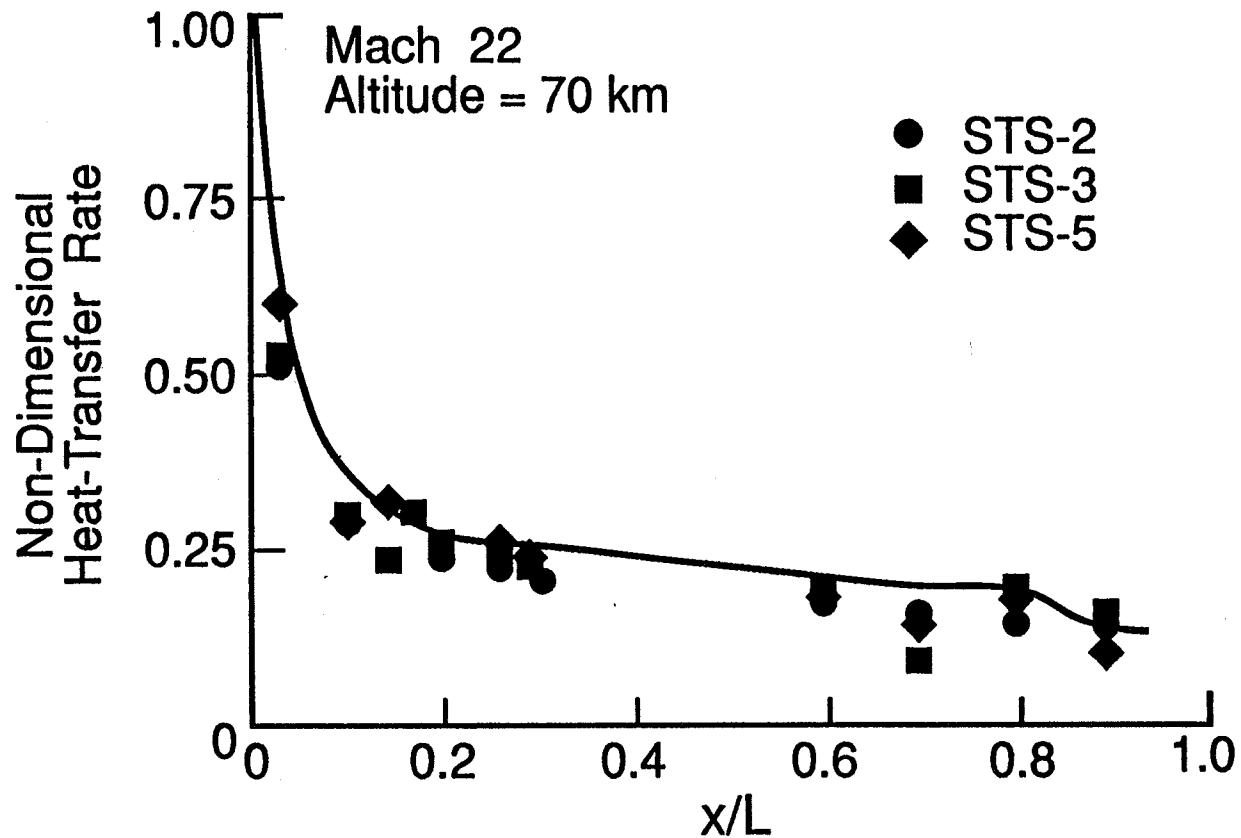
# FLIGHT DATA ENABLE DETERMINATION OF TPS SURFACE CATALYTIC EFFICIENCY



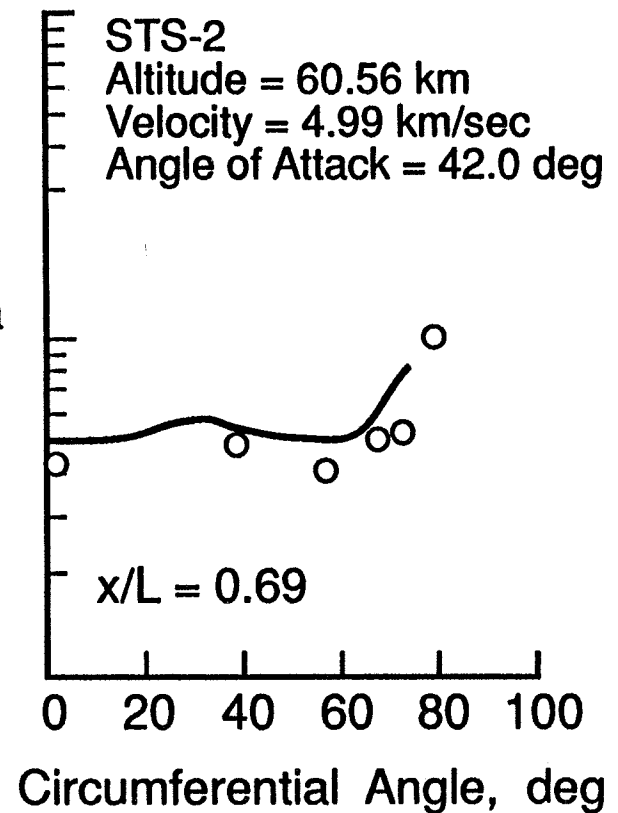
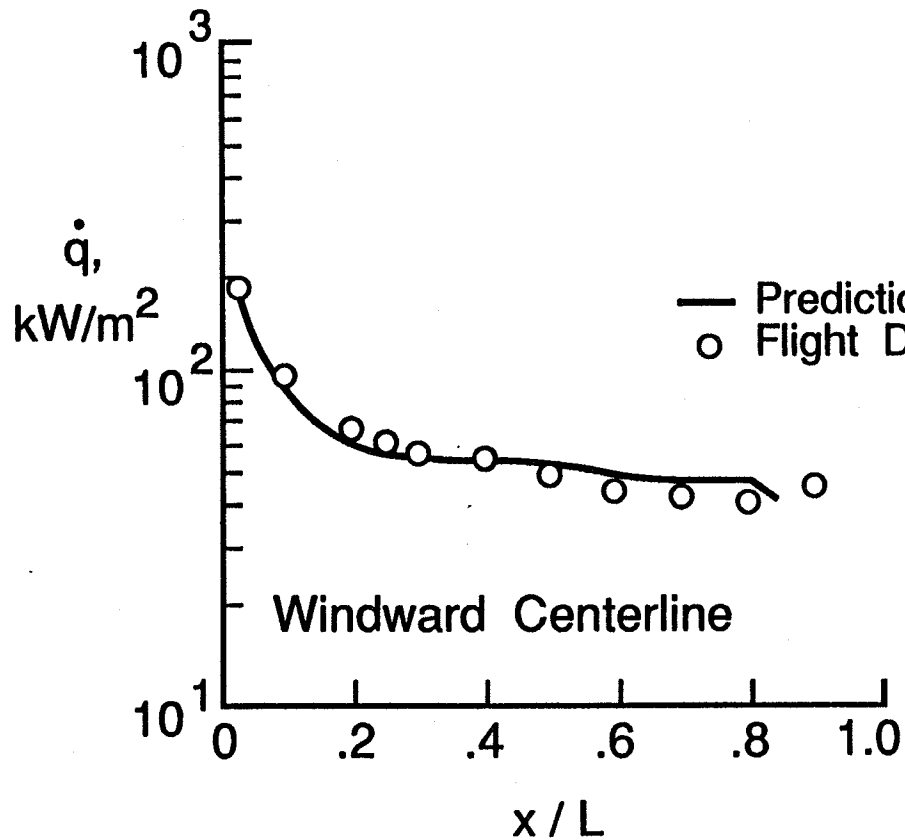
8-17



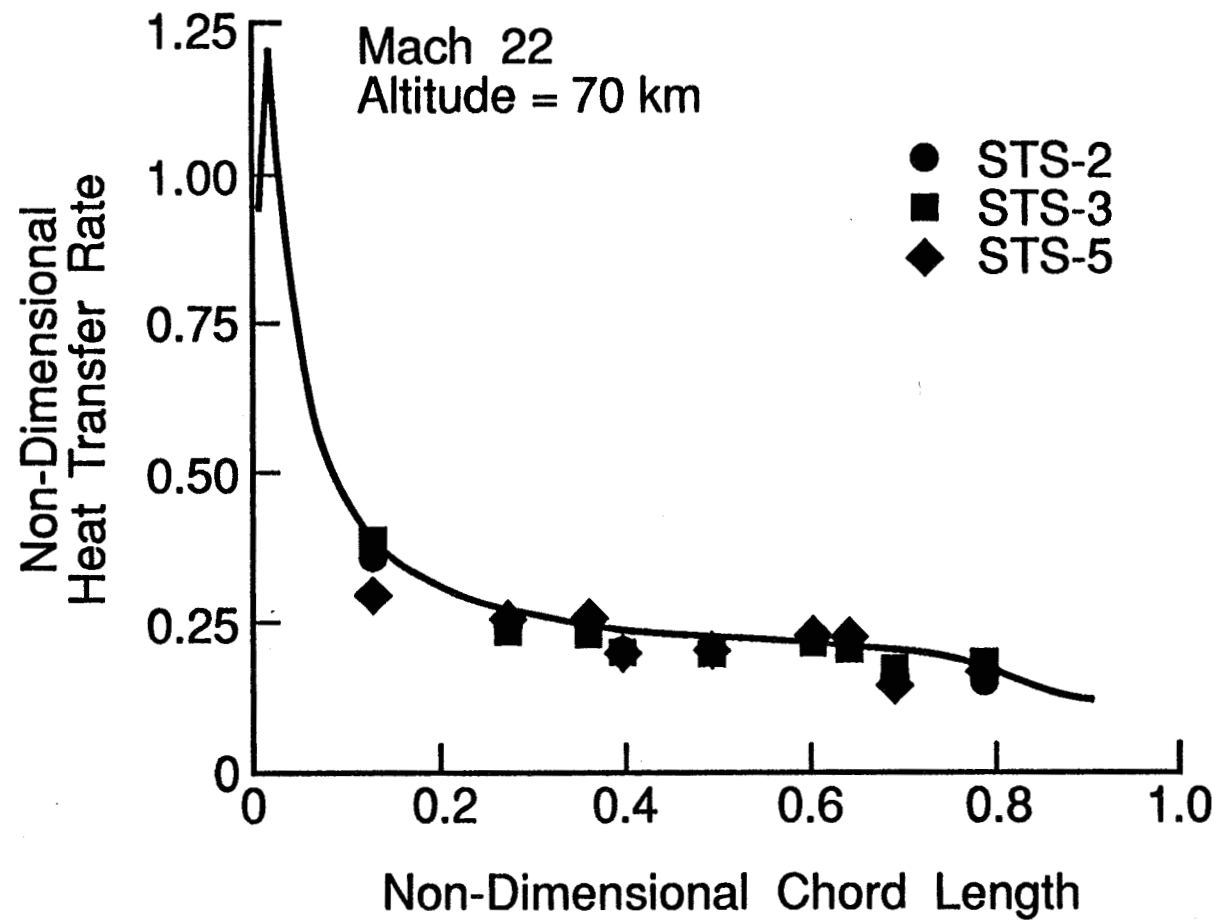
# COMPARISON OF FLIGHT DATA WITH 3-DIMENSIONAL NAVIER STOKES SOLUTION



# COMPARISON OF FLIGHT DATA WITH 3-DIMENSIONAL VISCOUS SHOCK LAYER SOLUTION



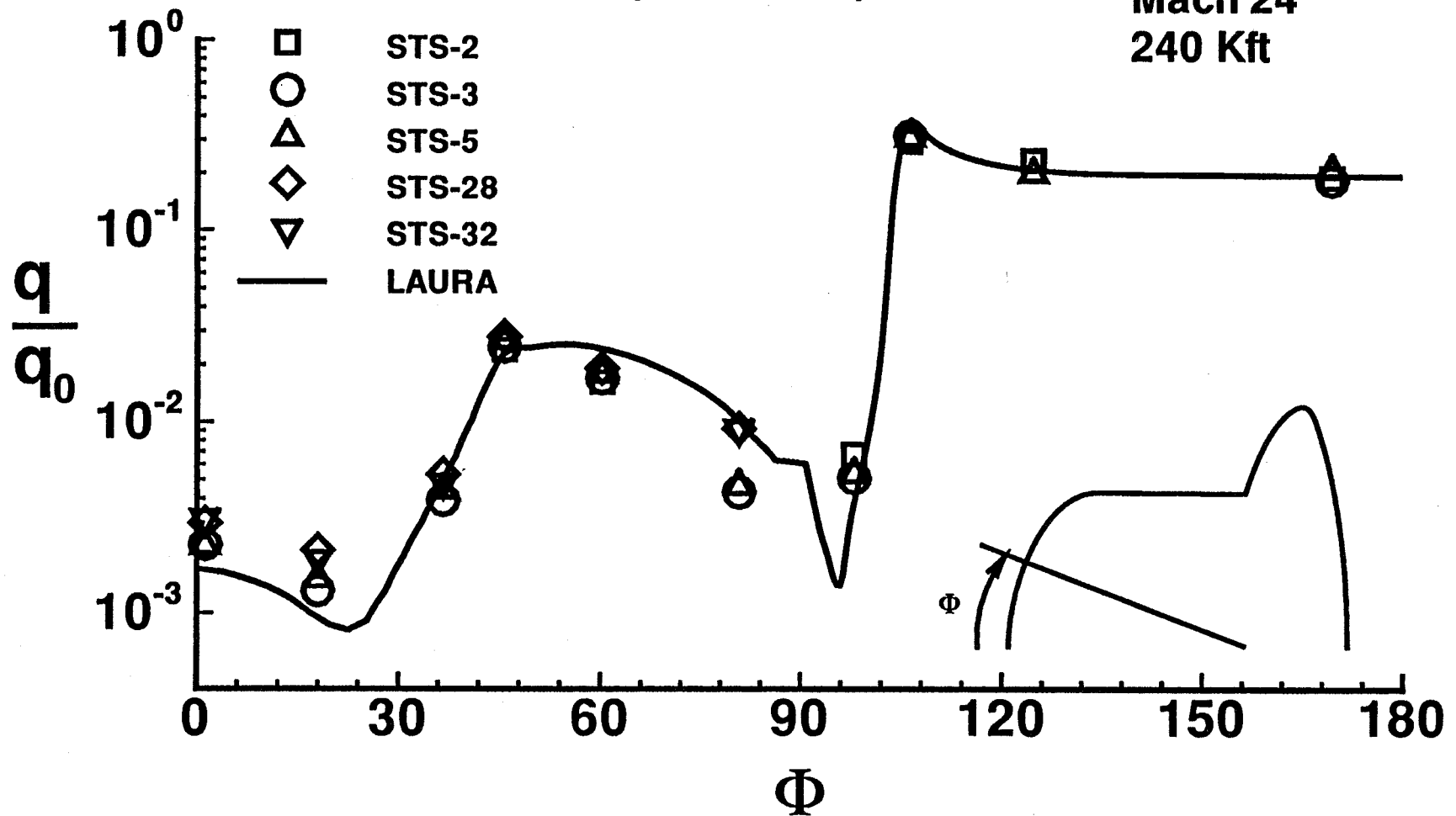
# COMPARISON OF FLIGHT DATA WITH 3-DIMENSIONAL NAVIER STOKES SOLUTION (50 PERCENT SEMISPAN)



# Comparison of Predicted and Flight-Measured Heat-Transfer Rates

(X/L=0.50)

Mach 24  
240 Kft

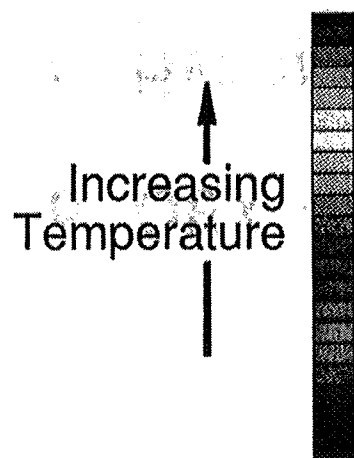


# COMPARISON OF PREDICTED AND FLIGHT-MEASURED SURFACE TEMPERATURES

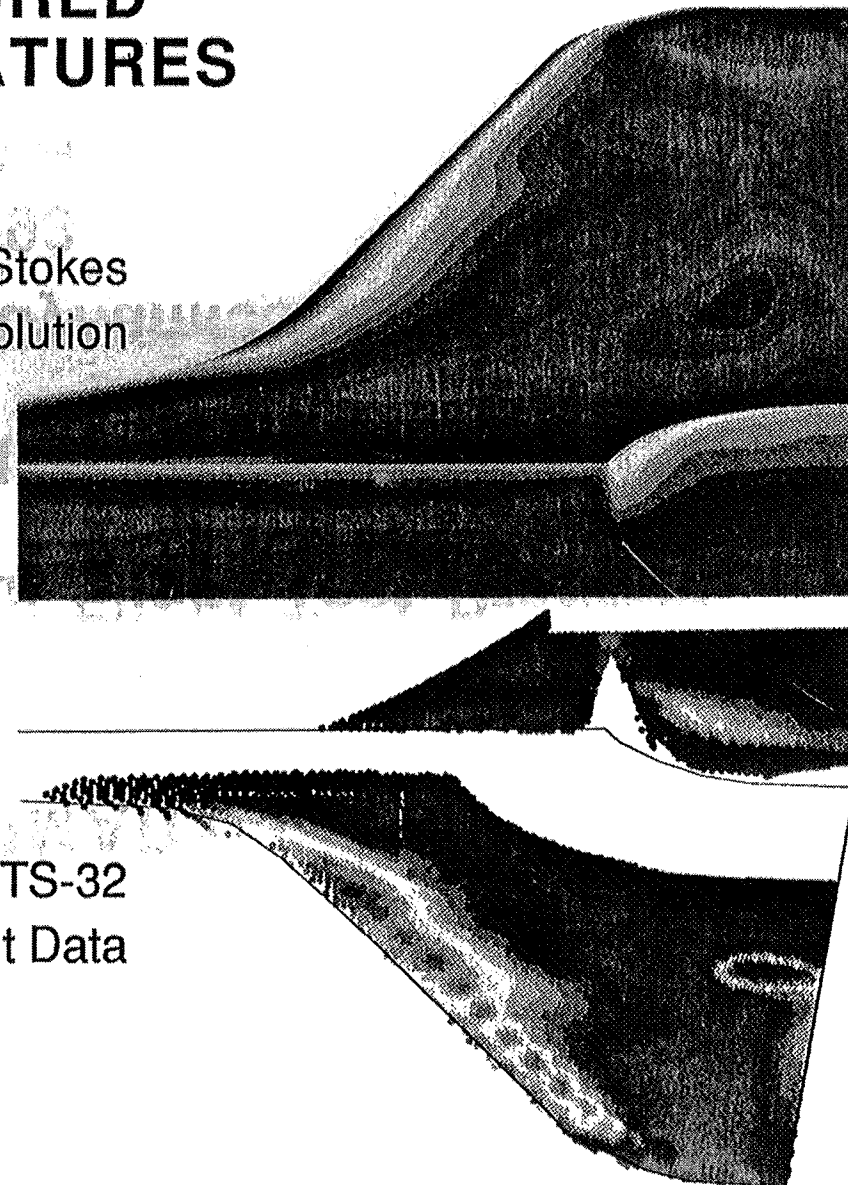
Altitude = 73 km

Mach = 24.3

Navier-Stokes  
Solution



SILTS STS-32  
Flight Data



## **SUMMARY**

- o OEX -- Successful Flight Test Program**
- o Hypersonic Flight Test Lessons Learned**
- o OEX Aerothermodynamics Symposium**

**April 27-30, 1993  
Williamsburg, VA**