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WORKING PANEL 1

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TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

WITHIN

NASA

WILLIAM ST. CYR

SUBTOPICS

- A) THE "CLASSICAL" PROBLEM: TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER WITHIN AN ORGANIZATION (AND ACROSS ORGANIZATION LINES/CODES)
- B) SPACE SCIENCE/INSTRUMENT TECHNOLOGY & THE ROLE OF UNIVERSITIES IN THE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT/TRANSFER PROCESS

ASSESMENT OF TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROCESS

- HIT & MISS = the state of the
- NO INTERNAL RECOGNIZED/CONSISTENT TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROCESS IN PLACE
- NO MEASUREMENT/REWARD SYSTEM
- RISK AVERSION PROJECT MANAGEMENT
- RTOP PROCESS HAS NO TECH TRANSFER OBJECTIVES

TECHNOLOGY BEING TRANSFERED

- ROBOTICS
- ANALYTICAL TOOLS
- MODELING TECHNIQUES
- SENSORS
- ELECTRO-OPTICAL
- ADVANCEC MATERIALS
- SOFTWARE (HARWARE SPECIAE, ALGORITHMS, COSMIC)
- PERFORMANCE DATA

ISSUES AND BARRIERS

- COMMUNICATIONS
- TURF/PAROCIALISM/NIH
- PRIORITIES/WORK LOADS
- SENSITIVITY TO MISSION NEEDS/REQUIREMENTS
- RISK AVERSION
- LACK OF SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS

- ITP PROCESS IS A GOOD BEGINNING; NEEDS VIGOROUS IMPLEMENTATION
- PROMOTE TECH TRANSFER WITHIN NASA AS AGGRESSIVELY AS TECH UTILIZATION OUTSIDE NASA
- TOP DOWN INPLEMENTATION (EG. METRIFICATION)
- NASA TO NASA TECH TRANSFER SHOW (EG. TECHNOLOGY 2000)
- ESTABLISH REWARD SYSTEM
- BUILD TECH TRANSFER INTO DEVELOPMENT PROCESS AT FRONT END OF PROGRAM (CONCURRENT PROCESS)
- SYSTEM ANALYSIS APPROACH FOR TECHNOLOGY INSERTION

STATEMENT OF PROBLEM:

TRANSFER WITHIN ORGANIZATION:

NASA TECHNOLOGIST TO (OPERATIONAL) MISSION APPLICATION

HENRY PLOTKIN



 DISINCENTIVES FOR RISK-TAKING, FOR TECHNOLOGY - INSERTION

- UP-FRONT COSTS
- NO REWARD FOR LIFECYCLE COST REDUCTION
- BENEFIT OF NEW TECHNOLOGY MUST BE MADE CLEAR TO USER
 - SYSTEMS ANALYSIS/TRADE-OFF DURING PHASE A
 - VALIDATED COST-ANALYSIS

TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER APPROACHES

- IMPROVE COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN TECHNOLGIST AND USERS EARLY IN MISSION DEFINITION
- CREATE BUDGETARY INCENTIVES FOR NEW TECHNOLOGY
 ALLOWANCE (10%?) FOR NEW TECHNOLOGY TO EXCEED BASIC PERFORMANCE
 - ---- MINIMIZE LIFE-CYCLE COSTS
- ALLOW USE OF PARALLEL (OFF-LINE) NEW TECH IN OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT
- INCREASE BUDGET FOR "BRIDGING" ACTIVITIES
 - TEST BEDS
 - FLIGHT DEMONSTRATIONS
 - GAS CANS
 CHEAP S/C
 - CREAP S/C
- ESTABLISH RESPONSIBILITY (&ACCOUNTABILITY) FOR TRANSFER

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PROBLEM: INSUFFICIENT INTERACTION BETWEEN CODE R SENSOR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM AND CODE S

CURRENT PROGRAM: SENSOR WORKING GROUP REVIEWS PROGRAM STTUS, ACCOMPLISHMENTS, FUTURE PLANS. USER ORGANIZATIONS INVITED TO ATTEND.

BARRIERS: NOT ALL USER CODES HAVE ATTENDED: AS A RESULT, PERSEPTION PERSISTS THAT

A) SENSOR TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM MAY NOT OPTIMUM

B) CODE S MAY NOT ACCEPT THE NEW TECHNOLOGY

APPROACH: ENHANCE CODE S ATTENCANCE

ACTOR: CODE R & CODE S

SUB-TOPIC

SPACE SCIENCE INSTRUMENT TECHNOLOGY AND THE ROLE OF UNIVERSITIES IN THE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOP/TRANSFER PROCESS

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CURRENT SPACE PROGRAMS

- FUNDAMENTAL PROBLEM IS THE HIGH COST OF DOING SIMPLE THINGS - OFTEN HIGH **TECHNOLOGY IS NOT NEEDED**
- PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT CYCLE IS TOO LONG - OFTEN TWO GENERATION OF **GRADUATE STUDENTS**

LESSONS - LEARNED

- IMAGE RESTORATION TECHNIGUES HST
- GREYING INCIDENCE X-RAY MIRROR **DEVELOPMENT - AXAF**
- DEVELOPMENT OF METROLOGY **TECHNIGUES FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE MIRRORS - SURFACE FINISH AND SURFACE** CONTOUR
- · IUE mission opérations development, · undergraduate and graduate student programs

BARRIERS TO DEVELOPMENT/TRANSFER

• INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

COMPETITION FOR FUNDING FOR INFREQUENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS IN SPACE

FUNDING IS USUALLY TIED TO A SPECIFIC FLIGHT PROGRAM

APPROACHES

- NASA ISSUES AO'S FOR SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS ALL POTENTIAL RESPONDERS SHOULD BE GIVEN DESCRIPTION OF RELEVANT TECHNOLOGY
- UNIVERSITIES SHOULD HAVE OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN NEW TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AT NASA CENTERS - HELP TO DEFINE DIRECTION OF DEVELOPMENT
- UNIVERSITIES SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED TO USE NASA FACILITIES - LABORATOR, TEST, COMPUTER FACILITIES AS A NATIONAL RESOURCE
- THROUGH VISITING PROFESSOR PROGRAM NEW TECHNOLOGY IS DISSEMINATED TO THE CLASSROOM
- FACILITATE CLOSER INTERACTION BETWEEN UNIVERSITY AND NASA SCIENTISTS AND TECHNOLOGISTS BEYOND CONFERENCES