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ULTRAVIOLET ABSORPTION CROSS-SECTIONS OF SOME CARBONYL COMPOUNDS AND THEIR TEMPERATURE DEPENDENCE.

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ABSTRACT

Ultraviolet absorption cross-section of phosgene (CCl_2O) , trichloroacetylchloride (CCl_3-CClO) and trichloroacetaldehyde (CCl_3-CIO) have been measured between 170 and 320 nm for temperature ranging from 210 to 295 K with a classical double beam equipment.

These data are compared with other available determinations performed at room temperature. Photodissociation coefficients are estimated and their temperature dependence is discussed. Impact of the photodissociation on the total atmospheric destruction of these compounds is illustrated.

I. INTRODUCTION.

Chemical degradation of alternative hydrochlorofluorocarbons in troposphere produces a series of carbonyl compounds like phosgene, halo-aldehydes or halo-ketones, which could themselves be removed in three ways : (1) Photodissociation by solar UV radiations to

- produce potential odd chlorine precursors,
- (2) Reaction with $H_{2}O$ and
- (]) Reaction with OH.

In order to determine the lifetimes for the photolysis processes, an accurate knowledge of the UV absorption cross-sections is required as a function of wavelength and temperature.

II. EXPERIMENTAL.

Ultraviolet absorption cross sections of phosgene (CCl_2O) , trichloroacetylchloride (CCl_3-CClO) and trichloroacetaldehyde (CCl_3-CHO) have been measured between 170 and 320 nm for temperature ranging from 210 to 295 K with a classical double beam equipment.(Gillotay et al., 1989). The purity of the three compounds is batter than 99.5 % as determined by gas phase chromatography.

III. RESULTS.

Numerical values of absorption cross-sections for wavenumber intervals of 500 $\rm cm^{-1}$ are given in tables I-III. The absorption spectra are illustrated in Figures 1-3 for selected temperatures namely 295, 250 and 210 K and compared with other available data at 295 K. In all cases, Beer-Lambert's law was verified for absorption ranging from 10 to 85 %. In such conditions, and according to the error budget previously published, (Simon et al., 1988), the absorption cross-sections reported here are determined with an accuracy of ± 2 % at room temperature and of ± 3 to ± 4 % at the lowest temperature.

Carbonyl compounds display a continuous absorption in the 170-335 nm range. The presence of two maxima and the temperature dependence observed near the maxima and for the longest wavelengths, seems to indicate that there are two continua, one corresponding to the absorption of the C-Cl bond, with a maximum around 170 nm and the other centred respectively at 240 nm for phosgene, around 260 nm for trichloroacetylchloride and at 290 nm for trichloroacetaldehyde, corresponding to the absorption of the C=O bond.

Absorption cross-sections values change with temperature by a factor, which depends on both the wavelength and the chemical composition of the compound. For each wavelength, an exponential dependence of the absorption cross-section versus temperature is clearly established, with a decrease of absorption cross-sections in the region of low absorptions (up to 80 % at 305 nm and 210 K in the case of CCl₂O) and a small increase near the maximum of absorption (up to 5 %). This effect is the most important at the lowest temperature.

Descrepancies observed between the different set of available data at room temperature have to be discussed in more details in terms of experimental conditions.

IV. DISCUSSION.

Photodissociation coefficients of the molecules have been calculated, neglecting the effects of multiple scattering, for given altitude (z), zenith angle (χ) and wavelengths intervals according to the relation :

$$J(z) = \sigma_{\lambda} q_{\lambda}(z) \quad ; q_{\lambda}(z) = q_{\lambda}(\infty) e^{-\tau_{\lambda}(z)}$$
$$\tau_{\lambda}(z) = \int_{z}^{\infty} [n(O_{2}) \sigma_{\lambda}(O_{2}) + n(O_{3}) \sigma_{\lambda}(O_{3}) + n(air) \sigma_{scatt}] \sec \lambda dz$$

where

z is the altitude,

are the absorption cross-sections,

q (z) and q (w) are the solar irradiance at altitude z or extraterrestrial ($z = \infty$)

n is the number of particles per volume unit.

Calculations are made for solar zenith angle of 0° and 60° (sec = 1 and 2), taking into account the values of σ (0₂) and σ (0₃) from WNO and Kockarts (1976), $\sigma_{\rm scatt}$ from Nicolet (1984) and the values of q(=) from WNO (1986) and by taking into account the actual values of cross-sections corresponding to the temperature conditions at each altitude.

These photodissociation coefficients are illustrated in Figures 4-6 and compared with those calculated with values of absorption cross-sections measured at room temperature.

Stratospheric photodissociation coefficients (for altitude ranging from 15 to 50 km) calculated the temperature dependent absorption cross-sections, are smaller than those calculated with the room temperature values in the 20-35 km region, due to the decrease in the absorption cross-sections in the 200 nm region and the influence of the wavelengths longer than 280nm in the low stratosphere.

Tropospheric photodissociation coefficients for phosgene are very low (between 10^{-9} and 10^{-11} sec $^{-1}$) and are reduced down to 20 t of their room temperature values, using the temperature dependent cross-sections. For the two other compounds, tropospheric photodissociation coefficients are relatively high (ebetween 10^{-7} and 10^{-4} sec⁻¹) and show a small temperature dependence. Photolysis is, for these two molecules, a non negligible mechanism for their tropospheric removal.

Table I PHOSCENE (CC1_0)

In conclusion, this work presents a new set of experimental data on the absorption cross-sections of carbonyl componds in atmospheric temperature conditon and highlights a non negligible temperature dependence of their photolysis.

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		0(2) × 10	²¹ (cm ² m	lec. ⁻¹ }		
н.	(na)	295K	270K	250K	370K 1	TOK
		1010	1600	4160 4	810 55	60
42	100./-107.3	4330	4760	5130 5	510 51	160
	177 4-173 8	4910	5160	5360 5	560 51	770
	171.2-175.4	5030	5150	5240 5	1330 54	130
	175.4-177.0	4890	4910	4920 4	940 41	150
	177.0-178.6	4540	4490	4460 4	420 4	140
	178.6-180.2	4040	3960	3900	1650 3	790
	140.2-181.4	3470	3390	3330 3	1270 3	110
30	141.8-187.5	2690	2820	2760	2710 2	
51	163.5-185.2	2340	2280	2240	1200 1	110
52	185.2-186.9	1860	1820	1790	1760 1	70
53	186.9-188.7	1460	1440	1410	1110 1	
54	188.7-190.5	1160	1140	1120		854
35	190.5-192.3	903			673	660
56	192.3-194.2	715	898		487	476
57	194.2-196.1	524	309	376	367	357
58	196.1-198.0	377	101	293	285	277
59	198.0-200.0	314	241	236	229	223
60	200.0-202.0	208	202	196	191	185
	202.0-204.1	179	173	168	163	159
	204.1-208.1	158	153	149	145	141
	208 3-210.5	143	139	136	112	129
	201.5-212.8	133	129	127	124	121
	212.8-215.0	126	124	121	119	117
47	215.0-217.4	123	121	119	117	115
	217.4-219.6	122	120	119	117	110
49	219.8-222.2	122	121	120	119	110
70	222.2-224.7	124	124	123	123	1177
71	224.2-227.3	127	127	127	111	117
72	227.3-229.9	131	131	111	1.1	115
73	229.9-232.6	134	134	113	112	137
74	232.6-235.3	136	11/	117	111	133
75	235.3-238.1	131	174	176	126	127
76	238.1-241.0	123	114	117	117	110
77	241.0-243.9	111	104	106	106	106
7	243.9-246.9		92.9	92.8	\$2.7	92.5
	246.9-230.0	80.5	79.8	79.3	78.8	78.2
	181 2-256.4	66.5	65.3	64.4	63.4	62.5
	256.4-259.7	\$3.4	51.6	50.6	49.4	48.2
	259.7-243.2	40.3	38.4	17.0	35.7	34.4
	267.2-266.7	28.9	27.1	25.8	24.5	23.2
	266.7-270.3	19.8	18.1	16.9	15.4	
86	270.3-274.0	12.4	11.1	10.1	8.10	4.55
87	274.0-277.8	7.36	6.39	3.71	7.48	2.16
	277.0-201.7	3.92	3.29	4.80	1.11	0.933
89	201.7-205.7	1.93	1.30	ñ 534	0.426	0.347
90	285.7-289.9	0.831	9.043	0 181	0.143	0.112
91	289,9-294.1	0.310	0.073	2 0.0549	0.0413	0.0310
92	294,1-298.3	0.0744	0.019	0 0.0136	0.00970	0.0069
	101.0-307.7	0.0041	1 0.002	98 0.0029	0 0.00134	0.0008
		.				

 CHLORIDE C
TRICHLOROACETY
111
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II TRICHLOROACETALDEHYDE (CC1₃CHO)

			a(Y)	10 ²¹ (cm ²	molec. ⁻¹)	
210K	x	(wu)	295K	270X	250K	230K
6490	42	166.7-169.5	9880	0106	6880	8470
6720	;; :	169.5-172.4	7850	7540	7310	7080
6710	::	171.2-175.4	0699	01/9	6570	
6690	\$	175.4-177.0	6040	0865	5920	
	47	177.0-178.6	5730	5700	56.00	5660
06730	4	178.6-180.2	5480	5480	5470	5470
6380	Ş :	180.2-181.8	5250	5270	5290	\$300
6240	2.2	181-8-181 5-181-5-181	0105	2010		5120
6060 1111	25	185.2-186.9	4590	4620	4650	
5620	2	186.9-188.7	4330	4360	4 390	4410
5360		188.7-190.5	4070	4080	4100	4110
5050	25	190.5-192.J	3740	3740	3740	3740
4710	0 F-	194.2-196.1		0455		0510
4150	. .	196.1-198.0	2650	2600	2550	2510
	5	198.0-200.0	2270	2200	2140	2090
1170	60	200.0-202.0	1690	1810	1750	1700
2770	61	202.0-204.1	1540	1450	1390	1330
2370	30	204.1-206.2	1210	0011	1060	1020
0661	73	208.2-208.3	976	865	812	762
1630	5	210.5-212.6		197		
	99	212.8-215.0	366	326	296	271
767	67	215.0-217.4	257	227	205	186
557	89	217.4-219.8	176	155	139	126
193	6	219.8-222.2		106	95.3	85.7
266	55	1.822-2.222		2	6.59	1.65
212	12	227.3-229.9			1.51	42.1
		229.9-232.6	28.3	25.1	27.62	21.2
	74	232.6-235.3	22)	20.1	1.4	17.0
155	15	235.3-238.1	19.2	17.4	16.1	14.9
160	21	238.1-241.0	17.9	16.4	15.4	14.3
170		6.047-0.147 6 310-0 Lit				6.41
CB1 55,	6	246.9-250.0	22.1	21.2	20.4	10.1
010	80	250.0-253.2	26.2	25.5	24.9	24.42
217	3	253.2-256.4	32.5	0.22	31.6	C.1C
217		256.4-259.7	40.4	40.2	101	5.60
212		2.182-1.562		0.10		1.12
007	1	266.7-270.3	72.7	72.0	71.5	21.0
156	2	270.3-274.0	84.6	13.7	0.15	6.24
128	2	274.0-277.8	96.0	1.26	54.3	93.5
100		277.8-281.7	901	501	104	104
75.0		285.7-289.9	116	116	116	111
	16	289.9-294.1	115	115	116	116
22.8	92	294.1-298.5	110	111	111	112
11.7	23	298.5-203.0	101	102	102	101
6.95	*	7.702-0.102			1-1	87.2 21.2
4.27	2	312.5-317.5	61.5		1.65	0.02
	5	317.5-322.5	47.7	45.5		1.2.4
484	3	322.5-327.5	35.6	32.6	30.8	28.9
0.221	66	327.5-332.5	25.7	22.6	20.5	10.5
8660.0	201	c./rr_c.sff	F.'.T	14.9	12.9	1.11

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0.578 0.436	0.347	0.277	0.221	6	ni
0.326 0.230	0.173	111.0	8660.0	100	ö



Figures 1-3 : Ultraviolet absorption cross-sections at 295 K, 250 K and 210 K.

Figures 4-6 : Photodissociation coefficients as a function of altitude.