

**THE SMART HIGHWAY PROJECT:
SMART HIGHWAYS
SMART VEHICLES
SMART ENGINEERING**

**TRANSPORTATION BEYOND 2000:
Technologies Needed for Engineering Design**



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CENTER FOR TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH

- ◆ Interdisciplinary
- ◆ Multidisciplinary
- ◆ Decentralized

Resources:

- ◆ 14 Core Staff Positions
- ◆ 24 Students (50% MS, 50% Ph.D.)
- ◆ 14 Cooperating Faculty
- ◆ 6 Cooperating Labs
- ◆ \$9 Million Total Value of Research Awarded

DESIGNATIONS AND RELATIONSHIPS

- ◆ ITS Research Center of Excellence (FHWA)
- ◆ Mid-Atlantic University Transportation Center
- ◆ Associate Participant, National Automated Highway System Consortium (NAHSC)
- ◆ Capital Beltway Safety Advisory Committee
- ◆ Participant, Virginia Transportation Research Council (VDOT)

**SURFACE TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES SERVE
A VARIETY OF PURPOSES AND ARE EXTREMELY
IMPORTANT TO MODERN LIFESTYLE**

- ◆ Provide for the efficient movement of people and goods necessary to support a modern economy and mobile lifestyle
- ◆ Serve adjacent land uses
- ◆ Enhance personal mobility
- ◆ Give access to services and support economic growth
- ◆ Permit flexibility in the selection and maintenance of quality of life choices

THE “SMART HIGHWAY” WILL BE A TEST BED AND TEST TRACK FOR INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS (ITS) RESEARCH

- ◆ The road is a critical part of the highway network in the region and is expected to carry 20,000 vehicles each day by the year 2015.
- ◆ This is the only ITS research facility being designed and built from the ground up to accommodate evolving technologies in each subsequent stage of construction. Will serve as a full scale test bed and test track for AHS research in cooperation with the NAHSC.
- ◆ The potential research market associated with the Smart Highway could be up to \$100 million over the next 20 years.
- ◆ Environmental studies are completed, and preliminary design is underway. Final Public Hearing is October 18, 1995 in Blacksburg.

THE NATIONAL AUTOMATED HIGHWAY SYSTEM CONSORTIUM (NAHSC) WILL DEFINE FUTURE HIGHWAY SYSTEMS

- ◆ The NAHSC is a federally established entity which is intended to define the nature of future highway systems and then develop and demonstrate one or more prototypes of a fully automated highway.
- ◆ The NAHSC budget is \$150 million for research over the next 7 years.
- ◆ This is a public/private partnership involving top national industries including General Motors, Delco Electronics, Lockheed Martin, Hughes Aircraft, Bechtel, Parsons Brinckerhoff. Also includes Carnegie-Mellon, Caltrans, UC Berkeley PATH, and USDOT.
- ◆ Virginia Tech was selected in the first group of Associate Participants and will serve in a variety of research areas including evaluation.

NATURE OF SUBSTANTIVE RESEARCH

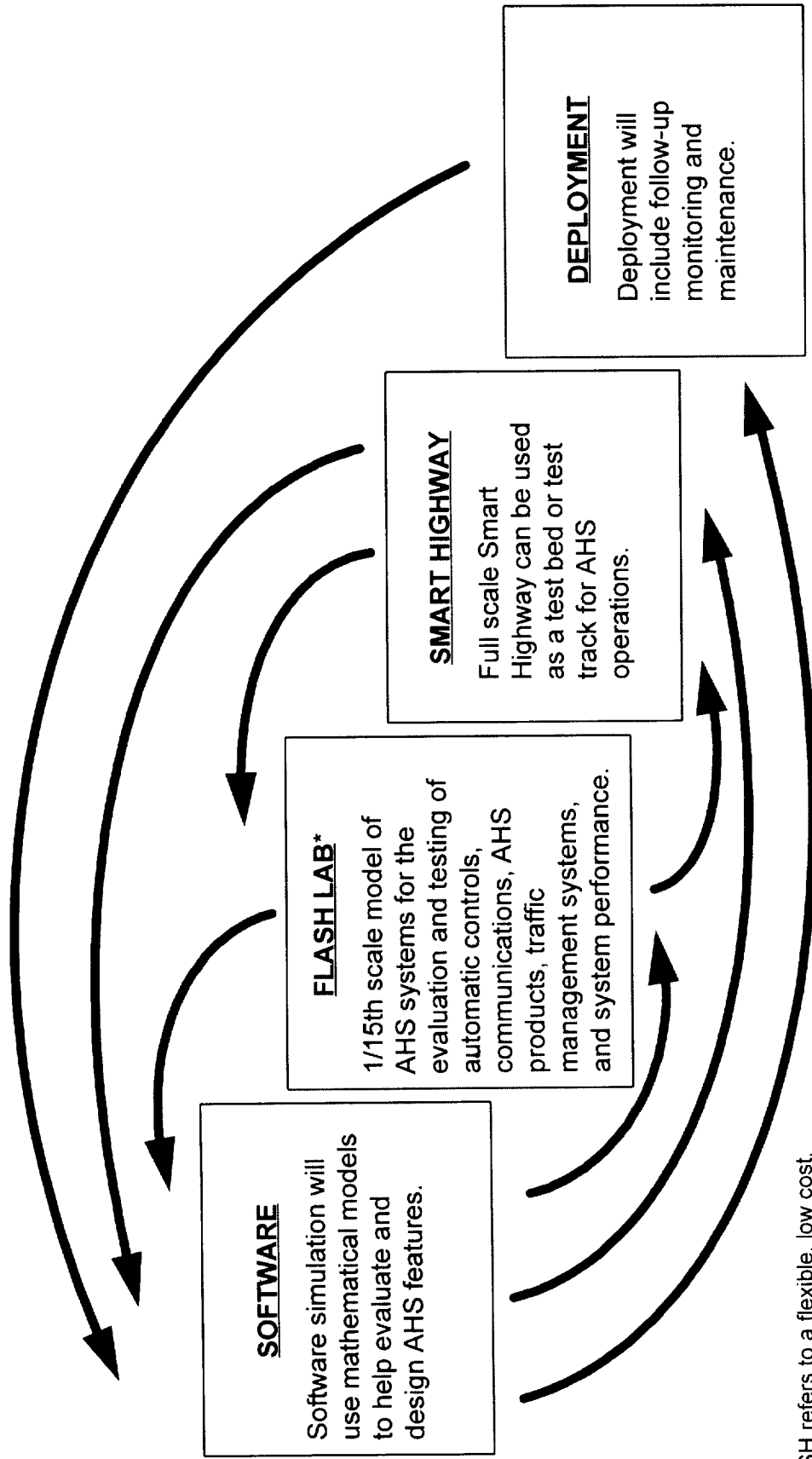
Short Term:

- ◆ Automated vehicle identification, as on Dulles Toll Road
- ◆ High speed weigh in motion, as at I-81 Troutville weigh station
- ◆ Road surface sensing for freezing and pavement condition

Longer Term:

- ◆ Vehicle to roadside communications
- ◆ Vehicle control such as lane following, lateral control, automated steering, and headway distance
- ◆ Collision avoidance
- ◆ Automatic trip routing
- ◆ Fully automated highway systems

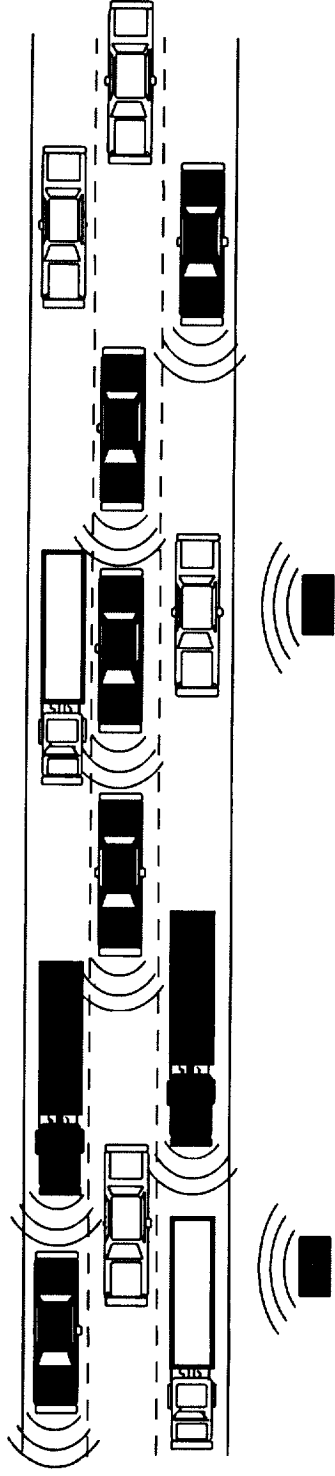
VIRGINIA TECH'S EVALUATION APPROACH



*FLASH refers to a flexible, low cost, automated, scaled highway system. The system can be portable.

COOPERATIVE INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGED SYSTEM

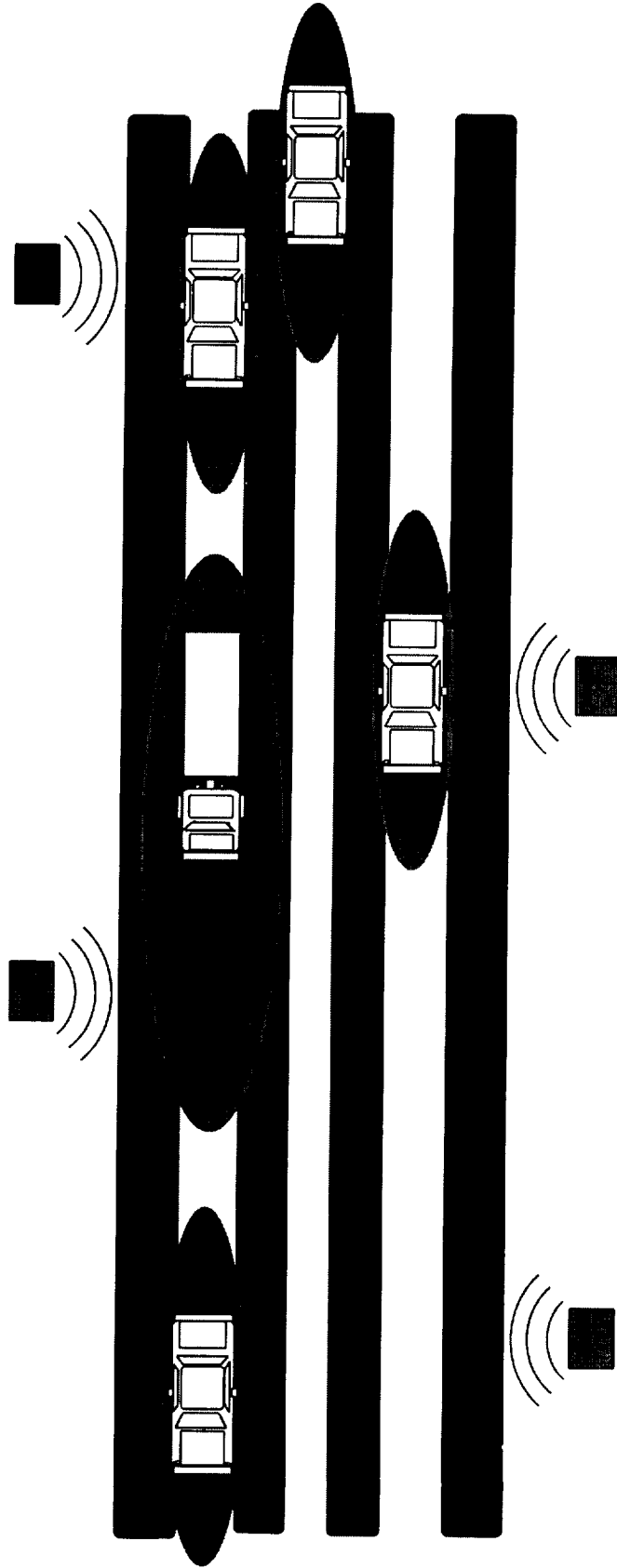
- ◆ Ultra-wideband communication in roadway beacons
- ◆ Obstacle detection and other sensors in vehicles
- ◆ Vehicle/infrastructure cooperation
- ◆ Global management



COOPERATIVE INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGED SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS

- ◆ Infrastructure impact is low to medium
- ◆ Instrumentation distribution is mixed between highway and vehicles
- ◆ Uses global strategy to synchronize traffic
- ◆ Permits active infrastructure control
- ◆ Gives access to conventional and automated vehicles
- ◆ Operating speed is variable by conditions, up to 100's possible
- ◆ Includes all vehicle classes
- ◆ Uses rubber tire vehicles
- ◆ Power is on-board vehicles

CONTROLLER FIELD ILLUSTRATION



ULTRA-WIDEBAND TECHNOLOGY FEATURES

- ◆ Low cost device due to solid state electronics
- ◆ Highly accurate radar ranging (better than centimeter accuracies possible)
- ◆ Good range (200 feet currently, 2 miles or better expected)
- ◆ Multiple communications possible
- ◆ Interference not a problem
- ◆ Can penetrate solids and go around corners

OTHER ITS APPLICATIONS OF ULTRA-WIDEBAND

- ◆ Automatic vehicle identification
- ◆ Advanced traveler information systems (roadside to vehicle information)
- ◆ Transportation planning
- ◆ Advanced traffic management systems (probe vehicle tracking, link travel time)
- ◆ Parking management (space sensor)
- ◆ Collision avoidance (proximity detector, blind spot detector, headway sensor)
- ◆ Automated highway system (cooperative ranging, vehicle to vehicle communications, vehicle to roadside communications)

THE PRODUCT OF THIS TECHNOLOGY BEYOND 2000

- ◆ Foot off the gas
- ◆ Hands off the wheel
- ◆ Brain off the driving task

To produce a safe, modern, efficient transportation system