The NASA Vision
To improve life here,
To extend life to there,
To find life beyond.

The NASA Mission
To understand and protect our home planet,
To explore the universe and search for life,
To inspire the next generation of explorers
... as only NASA can.
What's New: NASA Transformation

- NASA Transformation: Merge Office of Earth Science with Office of Space Science
- Science Mission Directorate Formed
- Sun-Earth System Division
  - Research Program
  - Missions Program
  - Applied Sciences Program
    - National Applications Program Element
      - 12 National Applications
    - Crosscutting Solutions Program Element
      - Integrated Benchmarked Systems Function
      - Solutions Networks Function
      - Human Capital Development Function
      - Geoscience Standards and Interoperability Function
Turning Observations into Knowledge Products

**Petabytes** \(10^{15}\)
- Multi-platform, multiparameter, high spatial and temporal resolution, remote & in-situ sensing

**Terabytes** \(10^{12}\)
- Calibration, Transformation To Characterized Geophysical Parameters

**Gigabytes** \(10^9\)
- Interaction Between Modeling/Forecasting and Observation Systems

**Megabytes** \(10^6\)
- Interactive Dissemination and Predictions

---

**Advanced Sensors**

**Data Processing & Analysis**

**Information Synthesis**

**Access to Knowledge**
# Applications, Partners and Decision Support

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National Application</th>
<th>Partner Organizations</th>
<th>Decision Support Tools - Current Priority (supporting decision processes)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Efficiency</td>
<td>USDA, NOAA</td>
<td>CADRE – Crop Assessment Data Retrieval &amp; Evaluation (USDA)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Quality</td>
<td>EPA, NOAA, USDA</td>
<td>CMAQ – Community Multi-scale Air Quality Modeling System</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AIRNow &amp; AQI – Air Quality Index</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aviation</td>
<td>DOT/FAA, NOAA</td>
<td>NAS_AWRP – National Air Space – Aviation Weather Research Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carbon Management</td>
<td>USDA, DOE, NOAA</td>
<td>CQUEST – Support to the Energy Act of 1992, Section 1605b</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coastal Management</td>
<td>NOAA, EPA, NRL</td>
<td>HAB – Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin / Mapping System</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CREWS – Coral Reef Early Warning System</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disaster Management</td>
<td>DHS/FEMA, NOAA, USGS, USFS</td>
<td>HAZUS-MH – Hazards U.S. – Multi Hazards</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ecological Forecasting</td>
<td>USAID, NOAA, NPS, COAD, USGS</td>
<td>SERVIR – Regional Visualization &amp; Monitoring System</td>
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<tr>
<td>Energy Management</td>
<td>DOE, UNEP, NOAA, NRC</td>
<td>RETScreen – Energy Diversification Research Laboratory (CEDRL)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Homeland Security</td>
<td>DHS, USGS, NOAA, NIMA, DoD</td>
<td>IOF – Integrated Operations Facility</td>
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<tr>
<td>Invasive Species</td>
<td>USGS, USDA, NOAA</td>
<td>ISFS – Invasive Species Forecasting System</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health</td>
<td>NIH, CDC, DoD, EPA</td>
<td>PSS – Plague Surveillance System</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>EPHTN – Environmental Public Health Tracking Network</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>MMS – Malaria Monitoring &amp; Surveillance</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>RSVP – Rapid Syndrome Validation Project</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Management</td>
<td>EPA, USDA, USGS, BoR</td>
<td>RiverWARE – Bureau of Reclamation Decision Support Tool</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>AWARDs – Agricultural Water Resources &amp; Decision Support Tool</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>BASINS – Better Assessment Science Integrating Point &amp; Non-point Source</td>
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Integrating Knowledge, Capacity and

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INPUTS</th>
<th>OUTPUTS</th>
<th>OUTCOMES</th>
<th>IMPACTS</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NASA and Research Partners</td>
<td>Partners with Decision-Support Tools</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Planetary Models**
- Land
- Oceans
- Atmosphere
- Solar

**Sun-Earth Observatories**
- Satellite
- Airborne
- In Situ

**Predictions/Forecasts**
- High-Performance Computing, Communication, and Visualization

**Decision-Support Tools**
- Assessments
- Decision-Support Systems
- Scenario Tools

**Value and benefits to citizens and society**
- Policy Decisions
- Management Decisions
- Exploration Decisions
## National Priorities in a Global Context

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>National Activity</th>
<th>International Context</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>National Vision for Human and Robotic Exploration</strong></td>
<td>Understanding the Earth as the Foundation for Planetary Exploration and Search for Life</td>
<td>“Pursue opportunities for international participation to support U.S. space exploration goals”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Climate Change</strong></td>
<td><strong>Climate Change Science Program</strong> (CCSP, 13 Agencies) <strong>Climate Change Technology Program</strong> (CCTP, 12 Agencies)</td>
<td><strong>Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</strong> (IPCC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weather</strong></td>
<td><strong>U.S. Weather Research Program</strong> (USWRP, 7 Agencies)</td>
<td><strong>World Meteorological Organization</strong> (WMO)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Natural Hazards</strong></td>
<td><strong>NSTC CENR Subcommittee on Natural Disaster Reduction</strong> (SNDR, 14 Agencies)</td>
<td><strong>International Strategy for Disaster Reduction</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sustainability</strong></td>
<td><strong>Roundtable on Science and Technology for Sustainability</strong> (National Academies)</td>
<td><strong>World Summit on Sustainable Development</strong> (WSSD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>President’s Management Agenda: E-Government</strong></td>
<td><strong>Geospatial One-Stop</strong> (GOS, 12 Agencies) and the <strong>Federal Geographic Data Committee</strong> (FGDC, 19 Agencies)</td>
<td><strong>World Summit on the Information Society</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Simultaneous high-time & space resolved pollutants (O3, CO, NOx, SO2, HCHO, aerosols); local resolution in boundary layer. Nighttime chemistry & transport. Feedbacks between aerosols, O3, H20, climate. Chem-radiation coupling in GCMs. Quantify LRT in regional pollution.


AURA - SO2, NOx, NH3 and aerosol products & IMPROVE network. INTEX-West. NH3 emissions factors; air dispersion models (NOx, CO, PM); MM5 & assimilation of surface moisture, heat capacity, insulation. Nested model developments. RAQMS & DAS for daily 3-D ozone.

AURA - AURA. Trop. residuals (O3, NO2, SO2, HCHO); NRT NOx & VOC emission inventories (top-down/bottom-up) for CMAQ & ozone precursors; O3 assimilations in CMAQ; 3-D global trop. chemistry in GEOS-CHEM; aerosol pattern rendering.

INTEX continental inflow-outflow; ICESat - vertical distribution of dust & clouds; ASTER urban heat flux; Global-to-regional RAQMS - prototype BCs in CMAQ; DAS nested GCM to 0.5° grid. Pollution trajectories & BL deposition of LRT of aerosols. PM network.

MODIS AOD, MOPITT CO, TOMS ozone residuals - correlate to EPA ground measures. Large scale transport of aerosols. OCART assimilations for B.C.s in models.

Policy-Forecasts-Health-Economics. Aerosol transport loops in EPA Air Quality Index (AQI) for regional forecasts. Improved siting for surface monitoring network locations. Support EPA-developed tools for state/locals on regional haze. Evaluate exceptional events for effects on NAAQS violations. EPA PM transport rule making.
Air Quality
Integrated System Solution

EARTH SYSTEM MODELS
- Aerosol Transport: GOCART
- Global-Regional Assimilations: RAQMS
- Atmospheric Chemistry: GEOS-CHEM
- Emissions: SMOKE
- Meteorology: MM5, ETA
- Air Trajectories: NOAA-Hysplit4

EARTH OBSERVATIONS
- Aerosols: Terra, Aqua, TOMS, Aura, Aerosol, AIRNow, INTEX, CALIPSO, Glory-APS
- Ozone & Precursors: TOMS, Aura, SAGE III, AIRNow, INTEX
- Trace Gases: Terra, Aqua, OCO
- Clouds: Terra, Aqua, CloudSAT, CALIPSO
- Land Use/Cover: Terra, Aqua, Landsat
- Atmospheric Parameters: GOES, POES, GIFTS, NPP, NPOES

DECISION SUPPORT TOOLS
- CMAQ (Community Multiscale Air Quality modeling system)
- Assess emissions control strategies
- Develop achievable SIPs (State Implementation Plan)
- Assess compliance
- Waivers to air standards
- Quantify voluntary stationary emission reductions

AIRNow & AQI (Air Quality Index)
- Forecast transport of dust/pollutants
- Actions to reduce source emissions
- PM2.5 forecasts

International Treaties

VALUE & BENEFITS
- Reduce lung-related diseases & premature death
- Reduce hospital admissions & use of medicines
- Reduce lost workdays and schooldays
- Improve visibility and reduce haze for tourism
- Improve resiliency of crops; increase yields
- Increase confidence in government
- Improve crop estimates
- Sensitive populations can change activities
Air Quality

TOMS-EP

Aqua

Tasking

Data Processing & Mission Control

Processing

Exploitation

Ozone

EOSDIS Science Data Systems: DAACs

Public Access

Ozone and PM2.5 Forecasts

The U.S. EPA has developed the AIRNow website to provide the public with easy access to national air quality information. This website offers daily Air Quality Index forecasts as well as real-time conditions for over 100 cities across the U.S.

Current Air Quality Conditions
Applied Sciences and JACIE

- NASA Research is Undertaken Utilizing Best Possible Data Sources AND Not Competing with Private Industry
- JACIE is integral to the Applied Sciences goal of incorporating commercial data sources into scientific research
  - Used by Earth System Science Research as an high resolution augmentation to NASA remote sensing assets
  - Used by Space Science to help characterize “Mars Analog” Features on Earth for Future Exploration
- Applied Sciences Annual Performance Goals Include:
  - Crosscutting Solutions: Work within the Joint Agency Committee on Imagery Evaluation and the Commercial Remote Sensing Policy Working Group through partnerships with NIMA, USGS, NOAA, and USDA to verify/validate at least two commercial remote sensing sources/products for Earth science research, specifically with respect to land use/land cover observations for carbon cycle and water cycle research.
Applied Sciences Solicitation:
Decision Support through Earth Science Results

A--NASA COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT NOTICE (CAN) APPLIED SCIENCES PROGRAM-2004

General Information

Document Type: Presolicitation Notice Solicitation Number:NN-H-04-Z-YO-010-CPosted Date:Sep 03, 2004Original Response Date:Dec 17, 2004Current Response Date:Dec 17, 2004Original Archive Date:Sep 03, 2005Current Archive Date:Sep 03, 2005Classification Code:A -- Research & Development

Description

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) is announcing opportunities to participate in the Applied Sciences Program of the Science Mission Directorate. The Program requests innovative solutions to evaluate, verify and validate, and benchmark solutions that integrate NASA Earth and Space science results into decision-support tools of partnering organizations. Proposals are invited in two main areas: 1) Integrated Systems Solutions to integrate NASA Earth and Space science results into applications of national priority, demonstrate prototypes, and benchmark performance, and 2) Solutions Networks to improve the collective ability of Earth science organizations to interact and harness the results of NASA Earth and Space science research. Participation in the CAN is open to all categories of domestic and foreign organizations, including educational institutions, industry, non-profit institutions, NASA research centers, and other government agencies and laboratories. This solicitation will be available electronically on the release date via the Internet at the Science Mission Directorate 'Research Opportunity.' Paper copies of the announcement will be available to those who do not have Internet access by calling (202) 358-3552 and leaving a voice-mail message. The following dates apply to this announcement: CAN Release Date: September 17, 2004 Step 1 (Pre-Proposals) Due: October 22, 2004 Step 2 (Final) Proposals Due: December 17, 2004 POC: Lawrence Friedl Program Manager, Science Applications Applied Sciences Program NASA Headquarters Washington, DC 20546 Phone: (202) 358-1599 Fax: (202) 358-3098 E-mail: Lawrence.A.Friedl@nasa.gov "This is a broad agency announcement as specified in FAR 6.102 (d) (2). Notwithstanding the posting of this opportunity at FedBizOpps.gov, Grants.gov, or at both sites, NASA reserves the right to determine the appropriate award instrument for each proposal selected pursuant to this announcement.
• Questions or Comments, Contact:
• Martin Frederick/Deputy Director, Applied Sciences Program
  – Email: Martin.Frederick-1@nasa.gov
  – Program Website: www.earth.nasa.gov/eseapps/
  – Phone: 202-358-0913
Disaster Management

HAZUS-MH - Risk Assessment and Loss Estimation

Primary Partners:

Transfer of advanced event-modeling capabilities using next-generation hardware, software, and communications

Outcomes: Improvement of FEMA capabilities across all hazards and phases

Impacts: Reduce losses across all disasters

Land use/Land cover, changes in earth's surface topography and improved geodetic imaging, ocean measurements to track hurricanes

Outcomes: Improvement of FEMA planning, and response capabilities to weather and natural hazards

Impacts: Reduce losses across all weather-driven Disasters and earth movement

Improved measurements of soil moisture, global precipitation, water vapor, and wind

Outcomes: Improvement in wildfire prediction, HAZUS-MH High Winds Module Final Version

Impacts: Reduce losses related to hurricane, fire, and high wind disasters.

Understanding of Earth's gravity field and terrestrial reference frame changes in geomagnetic field and understanding of sea level change and climate

Outcomes: Improvement of the HAZUS-MH earthquake assessments and flood inundation for coastal areas

Impacts: Reduce losses related to hurricanes and earthquakes.

Production of assimilated data sets, reanalysis of long period observations

Outcomes: Improvement in climate data and information for risk assessments

Impacts: Reduce losses related to flood and wind disasters. Better community planning

State 1 - Earthquake Damage assessment

State 2 - Improved Hurricane prediction, Flood prediction, Severe Storm prediction, Wildfire prevention and prediction, Earthquake prediction

An operational decision support system for quantification and verification of solutions for natural hazard predictions.
Disaster Management
Integrated System Solution

EARTH SYSTEM MODELS
- Earthquake: MMI, Quakesim
- Hurricane: HURRSIM
- Flood: SLOSH, WAVEwatch, STWAVE, HURSURGE
- Land: GPS Network, SBEACH
- Building Cost Models: ATC-13
- Building Structure Models: EPEDAT

EARTH OBSERVATIONS
- Land: Landsat, SRTM, GPS, SCIGN, Terra, Aqua
- Ocean: QuickSCAT, IceSAT, GOES, POES, SSMI, JASON, TOPEX/POSEIDON
- Atmosphere: TRMM, GOES, POES, GPM, NPP, NPOESS

DECISION SUPPORT TOOLS
- HAZUS-MH (Hazards U.S. - Multi Hazard)
  - Disaster Recovery/ Mitigation
  - Land use decision
  - Potential economic loss
  - Estimation of direct damage, induced damage, direct losses, and indirect losses
  - Accurate risk prediction to communities
  - Loss estimates of buildings, essential facilities, transportation & utility lifelines, and population
  - Social impacts

VALUE & BENEFITS
- Identify/ Prioritize high-risk communities
- Reduction in lives lost
- Reduction in damage cost
- Anticipate the scope of disaster-related damage
- Improve disaster response
- Community Planning
Disaster Management

QuikScat
GRACE
EOSDIS Science Data Systems: DAACs

Tasking
Data Processing & Mission Control
Public Access
Processing
Exploitation

HAZUS
EARTHQUAKE • WIND • FLOOD
HAZUS
can estimate losses from earthquakes, hurricane winds, and floods.

Use GIS technology to combine hazard layers with national databases and apply a standardized loss estimation and risk assessment methodology.

Nationwide database includes datasets on demographics, building stock, essential facilities, transportation, utilities, and high-potential-loss facilities.

Visit www.fema.gov/hazus for more information.
Invasive Species

EOSDIS Science Data Systems: DAACs

Invasive Species Forecasting System
Agriculture Efficiency

Tasking

Data Processing & Mission Control

Processing

Exploitation

EOSDIS Science Data Systems: DAACs

CADRE
An Environmental Monitoring and Decision Support System for Central America

Central American Commission for Environment and Development
- Emergency Responders
- Environmental Managers
- Political Leaders
- Researchers, Educators

Environmental Monitoring & Decision Support Products

Red Tide - El Salvador fishing industry saved $M

Electronic Transfer:

**SERVIR Node @ NSSTC**
(NASA/MSFC and U. Alabama in Huntsville)

- Product Generation System
- Web Server
- Visualization System

- Ingest Data
- Subset Data Over C. Amer.
- Mine Data for Events
- Generate Products
- Distribute Products
- Archive Products

**SERVIR Node in Panama**
University of Arkansas (World Bank Funding)
- Geographic Info Systems
- Decision Support Systems
- Environmental Data from Central American countries

**Goals**
- Rapid Response
- Corridor Preservation
- Species Preservation
- Sustained Development
- Better Living Conditions
- Policy Changes

**Data & Algorithms**

**SIAM-SERVIR Partners**
NASA performs human and robotic exploration in space
- *About 40% of NASA’s budget is dedicated to the study of the Earth and the Universe using the unique vantage point of space*
- *Our fields of research include Climate Variability and Change, Astronomy, Weather, Heliophysics, Atmospheric Composition, Astrobiology, and more*

One of the purposes of our scientific research is to increase knowledge of the Earth-Sun System to enable improved predictions of climate, weather, and natural hazards

The NASA Applied Sciences Program goal is to extend the results of our scientific research and knowledge beyond the science community to contribute to our partners’ applications of national priority.

The Program primarily optimizes benefits for citizens by contributing to partnering on applications that are used by state, local, and tribal governments.