



Flight Testing ACAT/FRRP

Automatic Collision Avoidance Technology/Fighter Risk Reduction Project





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BACKGROUND





Fighter Risk Reduction Project

FRRP Goal

- Common Modular Architecture for All Aircraft
- Transition Technology from Research to Production ASAP to begin Mishap Rate Reduction
 - 5 Fatalities and 7 Mishaps Due to CFIT that were Preventable Since Project Start

23:1 ROI
 Lives A/C \$B Type
 USAF GCAS 62 81 3.7 F-16, F-22, F-35
 USAF+USN 247 283 12.7 F-16, F-22, F-35, F-18

- Approach
 - Utilize the Small Team of Experts
 - Primary Products
 - Technology Guides
 - Modular Software Architecture
- Milestones
 - Flying May 2009 through Mar 2010

Mountain Home Air Show, September 15, 2003







Background

- Auto-Collision Avoidance Development
 - 22 Years of Development on the AFTI/F-16
 - Ground & Air Collision Avoidance
 - AFRL Managed
 - Over 2500 Auto-Recoveries in Flight
 - Over 40 Evaluation Pilots
 - Prevented the Loss of the AFTI/F-16 in 1995
 - Findings
 - 1. Do No Harm
 - 2. Do Not Interfere
 - 3. Prevent Collisions
 - Collision Avoidance is a Crosscutting Technology







Design Criteria In Order of Priority

1. Do No Harm

- Only maneuver the aircraft if there is reasonable certainty that it will **not** make the situation worse
- Integrity Management

2. Do Not Impede the Pilot from Performing Mission Operations

- Nuisance free flight
- Algorithm & Flight Controls

3. Prevent Collisions

- Save lives
- Algorithm & Flight Controls





Auto GCAS Common Architecture

Integrity Management

Sense Own-State

 Sufficient to support trajectory estimation

Sense Terrain

- DTED
- Map Handler



Predict Evasion Trajectories

- Evasion Types
- Maneuvering Capability
- Evasion Trajectory Estimations
- Associated Uncertainties



Trajectory Predictions

Predict Collision Threat Representation

- Scan/Track Pertinent Threat
- · Simplify Threat Profile
- Associated Uncertainties



Integrity Check
Execute Evasion

Integrity Management

Minimum Approach
Integrity Check
Time to Evade
Command Evasion

Pilot Controls

Notify

Mode Selection

Interface

Evade

- Alert
- Record
- Recall



Auto GCAS Description

Automatically Prevents Collision with the Ground

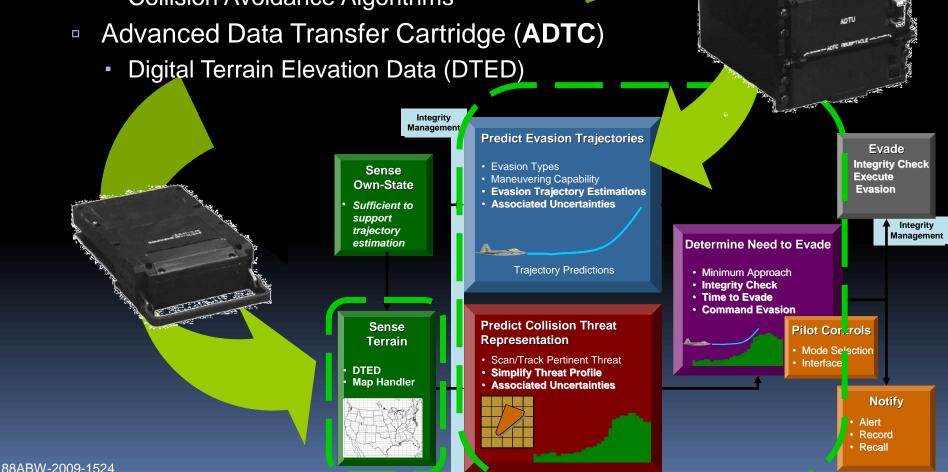
- Avionics Project Future Aircraft Trajectory Over Digital Terrain
- Avionics Request an Evasion Maneuver at Last Instance
- Flight Controls Automatically Perform Recovery
 - □ Recovery model easily tailored to different aircraft
 - ☐ No additional sensors required
 - ☐ High authority <u>autopilot momentarily takes control from pilot</u>
 - ☐ Embedded integrity monitoring prevents erroneous system behavior
 - ☐ Pilot selectable recovery (PARS) for disorientation cases



Collision Avoidance Description

Advanced Data Transfer Equipment (ADTE)

- Advanced Data Transfer Unit (ADTU)
 - Collision Avoidance Algorithms



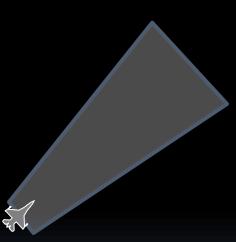


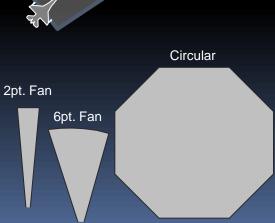
Scanning Process Overview

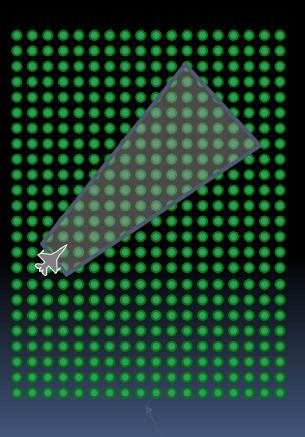
 Generate Scan Shape

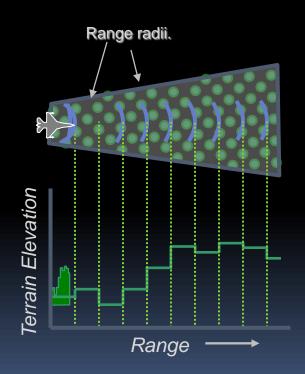


3. Generate 2-D Profile (max height in each range bin)











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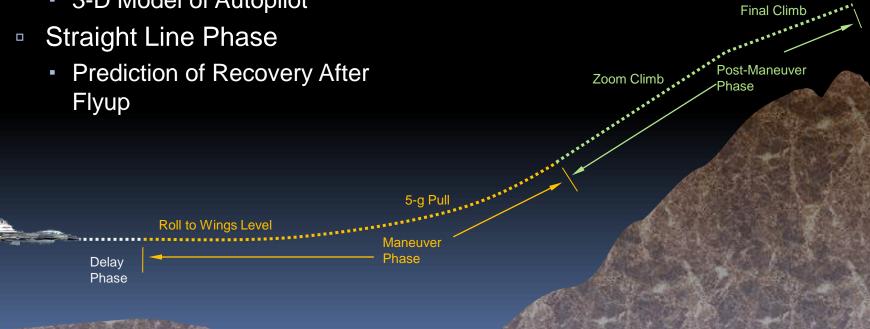
Trajectory Prediction

Model Recovery

- Delay Phase
 - 3-D Integration of A/C States
- Maneuver Phase
 - 3-D Model of Autopilot

Model Aircraft

- Mass Properties
- Configuration
- Available Thrust





FLIGHT TEST



Auto GCAS Test Objectives

- 1. Collect data on individual subsystem contributions to overall Auto GCAS error budget
 - Navigation Solution
 - Digital Terrain Elevation Data
 - Autopilot Precision
- 2. Evaluate the ability of Auto GCAS to stay within pilot physiological limits during a recovery
- 3. Evaluate Auto GCAS in an operationally representative envelope
 - Collision Prevention Across Flight Envelope
 - Evaluation of Mission Impact

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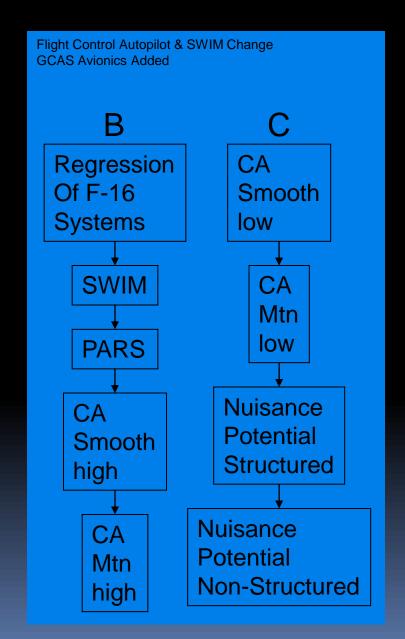
Block Test Flow

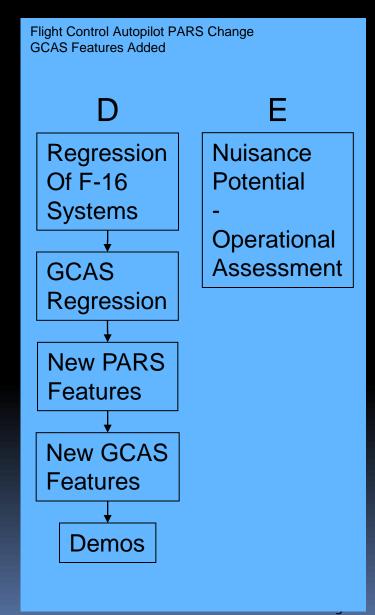
Production Flight Controls USAF Avionics in Test Avionics mux Change New Instrumentation

A

Instro Checkout

Baseline F-16 Systems





Test Sites





Test Resources

Flight / Real-Time

- Test Aircraft
 - F-16D Block 50
 - M5.1 Baseline
 - In Flight Test
 - Auto-GCAS Modifications
- Instrumentation
 - On-Board Recording
 - Hardwired
 - PLA
 - Speed Brake
 - Total Mux
 - Ethernet
 - HUD Video
 - Voice
 - Real-Time
 - Hardwired PLA & Speed Brake
 - Select Mux
 - Select Ethernet
 - HUD Video
 - Hot Mike

Mobile Mission Control Room (MMCR)

- Front End
 - Mobile
 - Antenna
 - Chapter 10
 - Decryption
- Control Room
 - Modified Trailer
 - 8 Workstations
 - IADS
 - Dual UHF Radios
 - Multi-RV A-Cs
 - Indep. Generator





Flight Test Scope

- Envelope
 - 200 knots to Vmax
 - To 90° Dives
 - Upright to Inverted
 - Stores Variations





Test Safety Philosophy

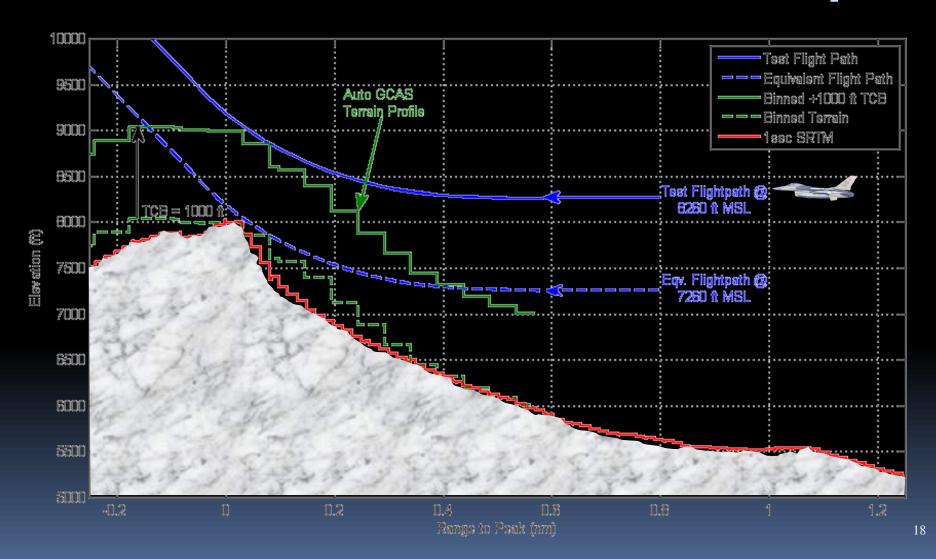
Time is a Better Metric than Distance

- Measure of Performance
 - Available Reaction Time
 - Normalizes Dependencies on Dive & Speed
 - Accounts for A/C Performance
 - Uses High-Fidelity Simulation for Predictions

Available
Reaction
Too Late
Time

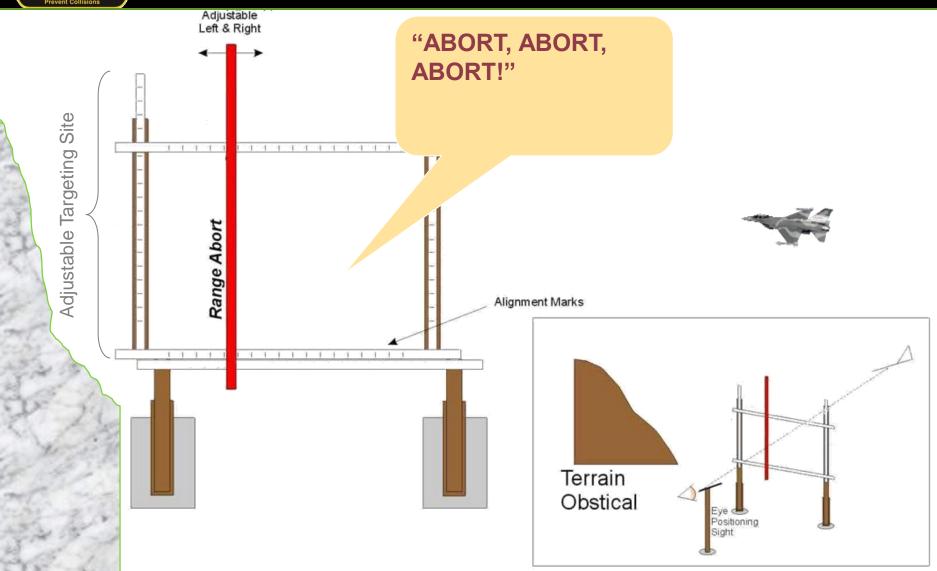
Recovery Profile If Delayed

Test Example





The Contraption Concept





Smooth Terrain Test Approach

Technical

- Validate Simulation & PARS
- Collect Data where Sim is Poor
- Verify PARS Nuisance Potential Evaluation
- Demonstrate Mishap Prevention

Runs Conducted at Lower Available Reaction Time

Safety

- Simulate all Runs First
- Execute initial Runs with ≥ 4 Seconds of Available Reaction
 Time prior to Build Down
- Build Down Specific "Mishap" Runs to No Lower than 1.5
 sec. of Available Reaction Time
 - 3, 2, 1.5 sec. Progression/Sequence
 - Sequence Stopped as Crew Reaches Comfort Threshold
- Crew will Monitor Ground Proximity
- Control Room will Monitor Abort Parameters
 - Altitude, Dive, Bank, Airspeed (KCAS/KTAS), System Status

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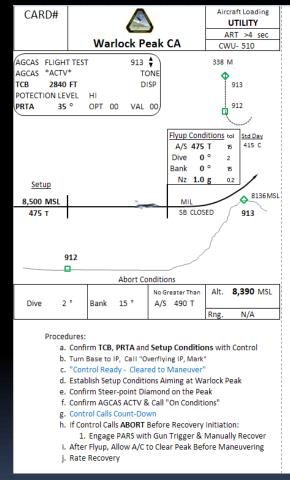


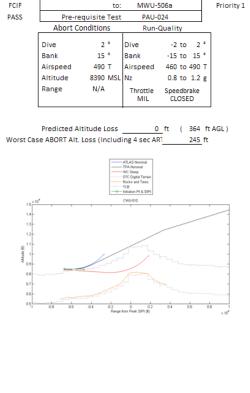
Typical Collision Avoidance Run

Example of Current Version of Run Card

Warlock Peak Procedures

- a. Confirm TCB, PRTA, and Setup Conditions with Control
- b. Turn Base to IP, Call "Overflying IP, Mark"
- c. "Control Ready Cleared to Maneuver"
- d. Establish Setup Conditions Aiming at Warlock Peak
- e. Confirm AGCAS ACTV & Call "On Conditions"
- f. Control Calls Count Down
- g. If Control Calls ABORT Before Recovery Initiation:
 - Engage PARS with Gun Trigger & Manually Recover
- h. After Flyup, Allow A/C to Clear Peak Before Maneuvering
- i. Rate Recovery





Engineering Page



Mountainous Recovery

Sequence of Events

I used Approach 10
Mountain

Almed 1000' Relow Peak

101' Floor Set
470' Min. Alt.

Simulated Mishap

Simulated Mishap
Mountainous Recovery

Sequence of Events
Level Approach to
Mountain
Almed 1000 Below Peak
Pilot Initiates Recovery
Before GCAS*
100' Floor Set
* 470 Min. Alt.



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88ABW-2009-1524 Smooth Mountain Abort



