



Harnessing the Risk-Related Data Supply Chain: An Information Architecture Approach to Enriching Human System Research and Operations Knowledge

Lynn E. Buquo and Kathy A. Johnson-Throop, Ph.D.



Information Architecture

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- What is it?
 - A representation of the enterprise built using systematic rational methods. The architecture contains a representation of the current state as well as a design of the desired (target) state that operates more effectively and efficiently. The target state is designed to facilitate the movement of data and information to the right people at the right time to get their work done.
- How is it built?
 - Identify the data/information and the people and systems generating or consuming that data/information
 - Identify the business processes
 - are they defined, documented, ad hoc, a combination
 - Determine the target state
- How is it used?
 - Determine a transition strategy (priorities and specific tasks) to move from the current state to the target state



Current Information Architecture

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- Multiple projects generating data
 - Operational
 - Research

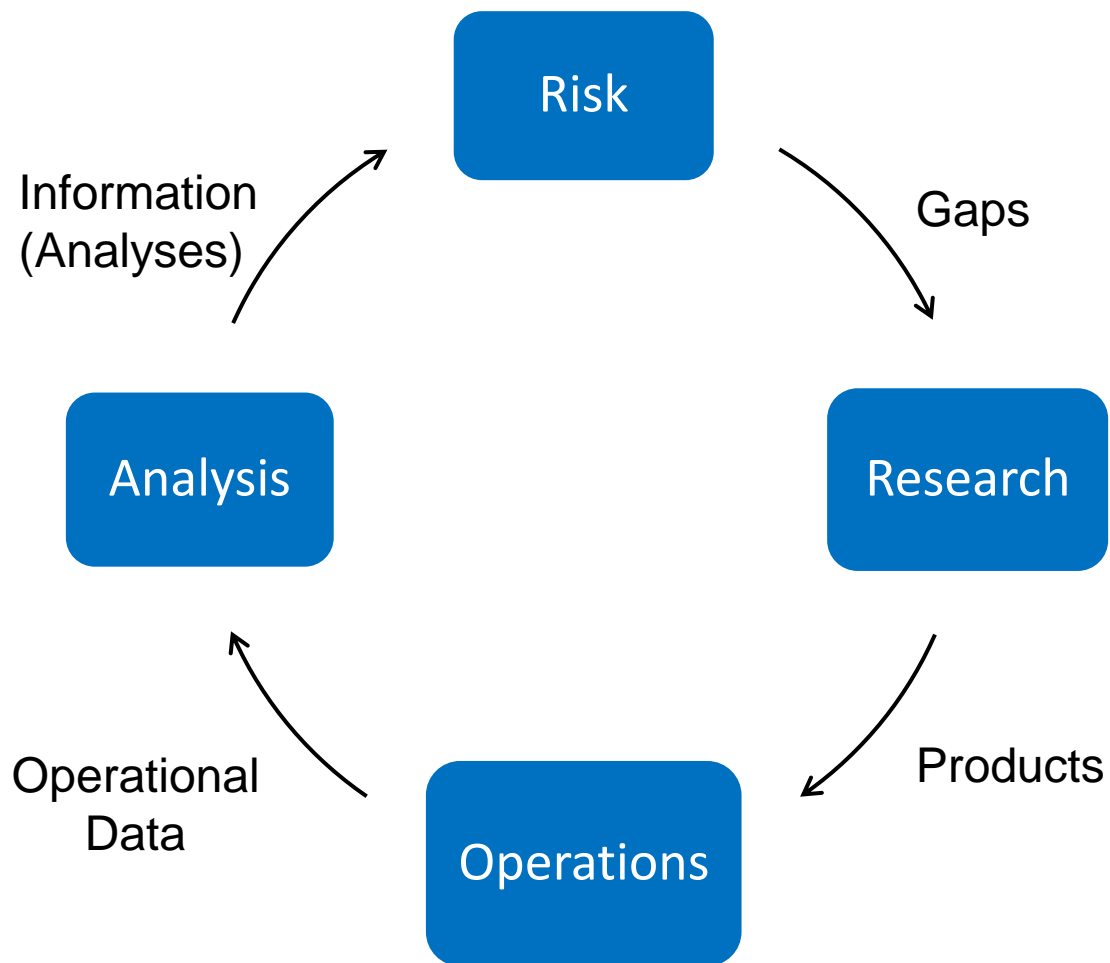


- Multiple systems storing data
- Few connections between the systems
- Inefficient access to data/information
- Incomplete knowledge of data/information available



Current & Target State: Human System Risk Business Process

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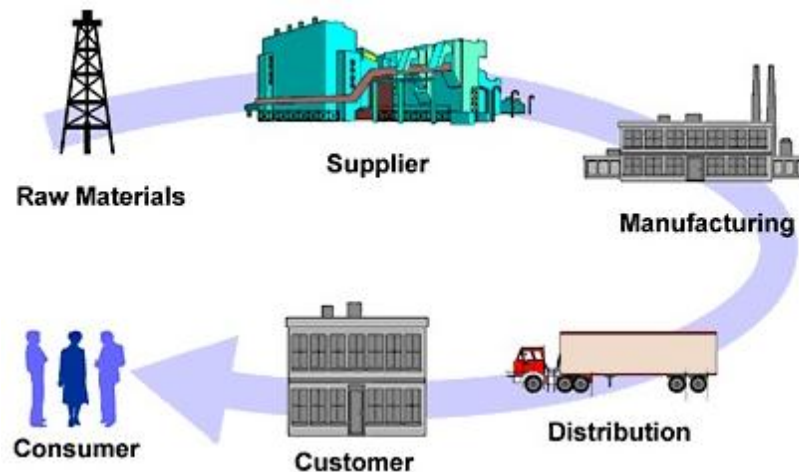




Current State: Flow of Risk Data/Information

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- By mapping the risk-related data flow from raw data to useable information and knowledge (think of it as a data supply chain), the Human Research Program (HRP) and Space Life Science Directorate (SLSD) are building an information architecture plan to leverage their existing, *and often shared*, IT infrastructure.





Target Information Architecture: Some Key Aspects

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Get the **Right Information** to the **Right Place** at the **Right Time!**

- Single place to go for evidence
 - Can be a distributed system underneath
- Risk representation tool that fully represents the richness of the risks and enables problem solving about the risks
 - Many risks have relationships among them.
 - E.g. inadequate nutrition can be a contributing factor to many other risks
 - Some risks share mitigation strategies
- It is important to understand how people and systems in the enterprise participate in multiple tasks and activities



Activities Derived from Key Aspects

Single place to go for evidence

- Creation of an Evidence Base Working Group and Executive Committee to handle all data requests for data derived from personally identifiable data in our systems (both research and clinical data)
- Data systems inventory – identify all types of data in SLSD and HRP systems

	A	AF	Sheets	Charts	SmartArt	Graphics	WordArt	AH	AI
1	HRP Systems	Crew Health Care Systems Hardware - (CHeCS Hardware)	Evidence Book	Budget Change Directive (BCD)	Institutional Review Board (IRB Website)				
2	System Content/Purpose	Document	Move closer to HRR. Directly related Old external Website. Unstructured documents SMO to BC IT.	Budget folks (mail code LS) supporting SLSD and HRP utilize the BCD tool to replace a paper form for moving money from one account to another. When the form is filled out, it is routed around for electronic signature. Once complete the budget analysts have record of authorization to move money.					
3									
4	STRAW # for System								
5	NAMS # for System						10461	n/a	
6	System Owner						Stacey Morrison	Kathleen McMonigal	
7	Information Owner						Stacey Morrison	Kathleen McMonigal	
8	Primary User Description		Management and researchers					Mainly researchers proposing/completing research on human subjects in space	
9	Number of users						50		
10	Supporting IT Contract						PPM	PPM	
11	Location of System						46/300	46/300	
12	Sys Integrations/Dependencies						n/a	n/a	
13	Associated Portal SSO/Authentication Mechanism						n/a eAuth	HS/Active Directory	
14									
15	Security Plan Number Information Risk Level:(C, I, A, S)						SPSA0030 M.M.L	SPSA0030 m/m/m	
16									
17	Data Sensitivity								
18	Server Names								
19	Web Server						jc-sls-admin	jc-sls-web	
20	Database Server Name						jc-sls-db	n/a	
21	Application URL						https://sls.jsc.nasa.gov/BCD	http://irb.nasa.gov	
22									
23	Institutional Platform Seat								
24	Web Front End Seat								
25	SQL DB Seat								
26	Oracle DB Seat								
27									
28	OR								
29									
30									



Activities Derived from Key Aspects

Risk representation tool

- RMAT – Risk Management Analysis Tool
 - Enter all risks into a database tool to capture current risk representation
 - Explore richer representation format that can capture the relationships between components of the risk representation

⚡ RISK FACTOR OF INADEQUATE NUTRITION

Element: Human Health Countermeasures
Lunar Criticality: Controlled
Mars Criticality: Unacceptable

[Expand All Sections](#)

Risk Statement

Given that adequate nutrition is a key factor in all physiological functions, and that spaceflight has been shown to alter many physiological functions in humans, and that countermeasures for individual systems may alter nutritional status, there is a possibility that inadequate nutrition will compromise crew health, including endurance, muscle mass and strength, immune function, bone mass and strength, cardiovascular performance, gastrointestinal function, endocrine function, and ocular, psychological and physical health, and ability to mitigate oxidative damage.

Context

Operational Relevance

Mitigation Strategy

Gaps (8)

- N1: Are nutrients in food stable during space flight?
- N2: What is the adequate dose range of vitamin D supplementation?
- N3: How do nutritional status/nutrition requirements change during spaceflight?
- N9: What are the interactions of exercise and nutrition in altered weight bearing environments that mitigate muscle loss?
- N14: What integrated nutritional, exercise and/or pharmaceutical countermeasures can be used to mitigate bone loss?
- N6: What impact does flight have on oxidative damage?
- N15: Can nutrition/nutrients mitigate O2/radiation risks?
- N4: Do countermeasures impact nutrition?

Related Risks (7)

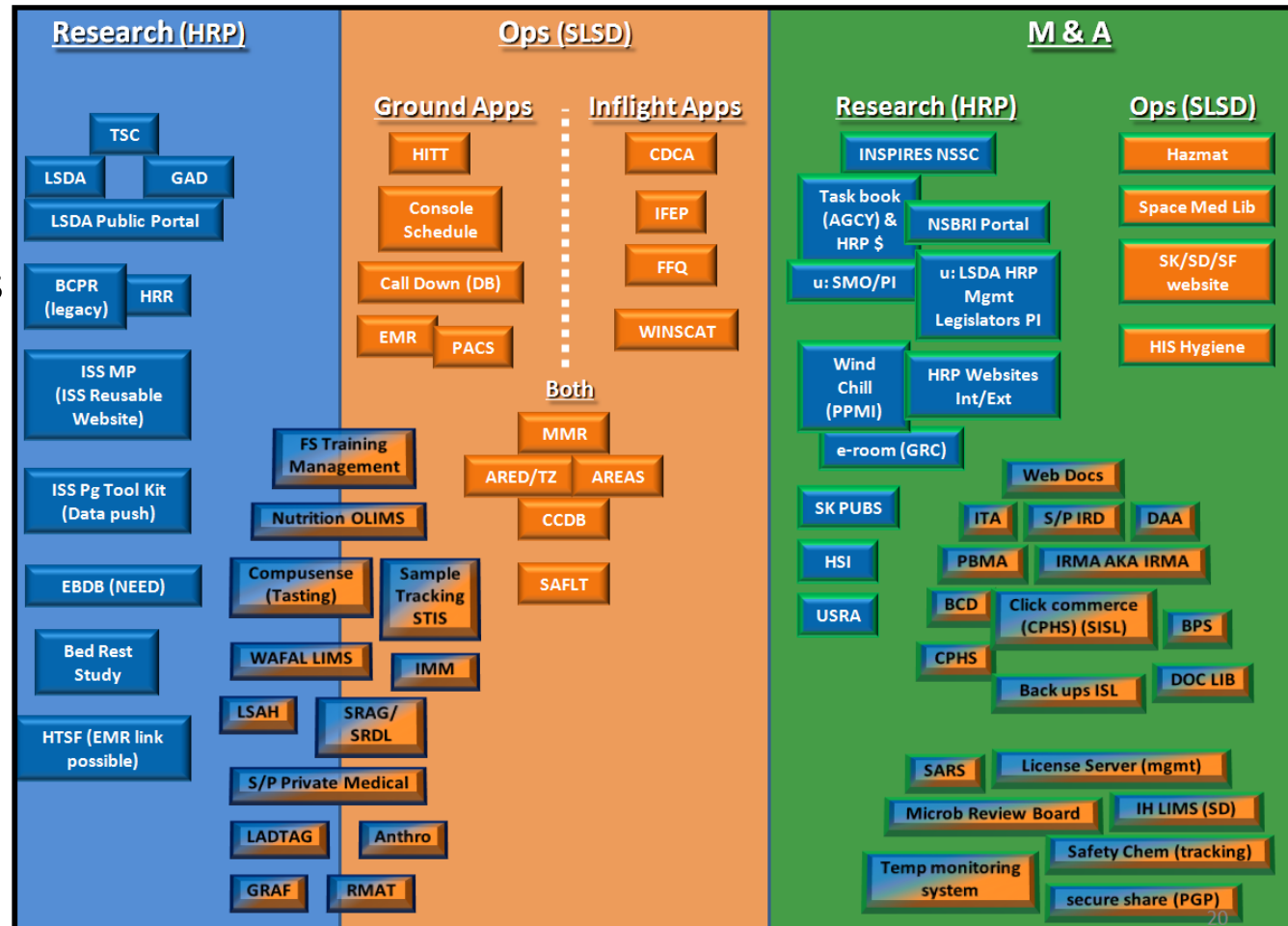


Activities Derived from Key Aspects

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Understand People and Systems Relationships

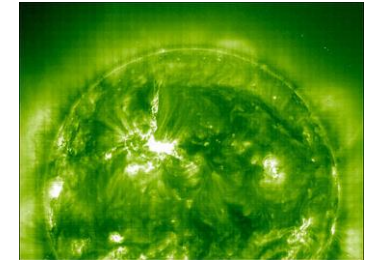
- Organizational Relationships documentation
- Functional review of Systems



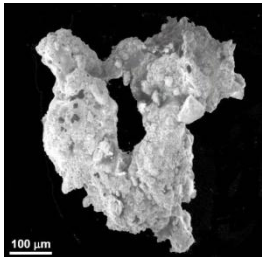


Summary

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An Information Architecture facilitates the understanding and, hence, harnessing of the human system risk-related data supply chain which enhances the ability to securely collect, integrate, and share data assets that improve human system research and operations.





BACKUP MATERIAL



HRP-SLSD: Organizational View

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- HRP and SLSD have a unique organizational construct that adds a layer of complexity to the challenge of building an information architecture plan.
 - Organizational symbiosis at least at the Johnson Space Center
 - HRP program management and support are organizationally embedded in SLSD at the Johnson Space Center
 - Key individuals are both SLSD managers/discipline experts as well as HRP element managers.
 - SLSD employees are funded by and work on HRP-funded efforts, but live within an SLSD organizational reporting structure
 - IT systems and dependency on the kinds of data are entwined
 - This is particularly strong in the area of human system risk-related data/information



Space Life Sciences Directorate

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SA/DIRECTORATE OFFICE
Director - Jeffrey R. Davis, M.D.
Deputy Director - J. Craig Stencil
Associate Director - Judith L. Robinson, Ph.D.
Chief Scientist - Neal R. Pellis, Ph.D.
Deputy Chief Medical Officer - James M. Duncan, M.D.
Senior Strategist - Elizabeth E. Richard (Wyle)
 Administrative Officer - Carolyn A. Woolverton
 Directorate Secretary - Vanessa T. Thomas
 Secretary - Barbara C. Buentello (RCJV)
 Secretary - Cathy D. Graham (RCJV)

CPHS
Chair - Kathleen A. McMonigal, M.D.
Alt Chair - Todd T. Schlegel, M.D.
Admin Officer - Mary P. Flores (Wyle)
Admin Officer - Karen Mathes (Wyle)



SA2/Human Research Program (HRP)
Program Manager - Dennis J. Grounds*
Deputy Program Manager - Barbara J. Corbin
Program Scientist - John B. Charles, Ph.D.
 Administrative Officer - Deitra A. Nimmons
 Secretary - Cathy D. Graham (RCJV)

 * reports directly to Associate Administrator, ESMD

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 Jeffrey R. Davis, M.D.
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Human Health & Performance Integration - Judith L. Robinson, Ph.D.
Innovation - Jennifer A. Fogarty, Ph.D.
Education - Neal R. Pellis, Ph.D.
Strategic Communication - Elizabeth E. Richard (Wyle)

SA4/Business and Institutional Management Office
Assistant Director - Janice K. Hall
 Lead Secretary - Isis Gomez (RCJV)

SA5/Constellation Support Office
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Assistant Associate Director - Michael L. Richardson
 Secretary - Cathy D. Graham (RCJV)

SD/Space Medicine Division
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Deputy Chief - Mark D. Weyland
 Administrative Officer - Desiree M. Thompson
 Lead Secretary - Sandy L. Levassar (RCJV)

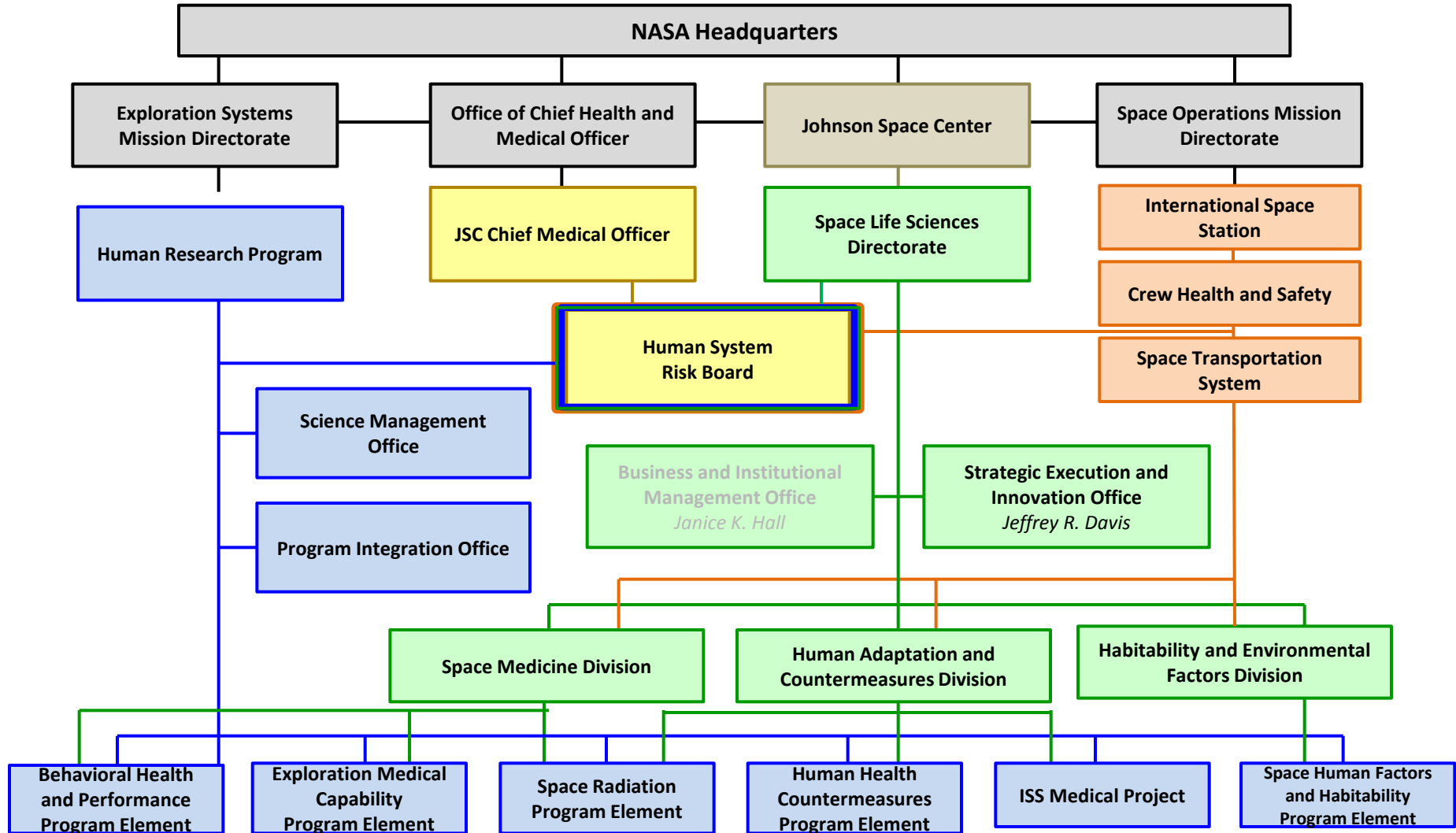
SF/Habitability & Environmental Factors Division
Chief - William W. Seitz
Deputy Chief - Antony S. Jeevarajan, Ph.D.
 Administrative Officer - Deitra A. Nimmons
 Lead Secretary - Lenora (Linnie) F. Guin

SK/Human Adaptation & Countermeasures Division
Chief - David R. Francisco
Deputy Chief - Judith C. Hayes
 Administrative Officer - Desiree M. Thompson
 Lead Secretary - LaToya E. Eaglin (RCJV)



HRP-SLSD Organizational Relationships

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HRP-SLSD Organizational Relationships to the Lowest Levels

NASA Headquarters

Exploration Systems Mission Directorate

Office of Chief Health and Medical Officer

Johnson Space Center

Space Operations Mission Directorate

Human Research Program
Dennis J. Grounds

JSC Chief Medical Officer

Space Life Sciences Directorate

International Space Station

Crew Health and Safety

Space Transportation System

Science Management Office

Human System Risk Board

Program Integration Office

Business and Institutional Management Office

Strategic Execution and Innovation Office

Human Adaptation and Countermeasures Division

Space Medicine Division

Habitability and Environmental Factors Division

Space Radiation Program Element

Human Health Countermeasures Program Element

ISS Medical Project

Behavioral Health and Performance Program Element

Exploration Medical Capability Program Element

Space Human Factors and Habitability Program Element

Nutri & Biochem

Human Test Subject Facility

Core Analytical

Pharmaco-therapeutics

Clinical Lab

Medical Clinic

Habitability Design Center

Graphics Research and Analysis

Space Toxicology Office

Lighting Environment Test Facility

Biostatistics

Cardiovascular

Immunology

Neurosciences

JSC Pharmacy

Audio & Hearing Clinic

Space Food Sys Lab

Acoustics & Noise Control

Anthropometry & Biomechanics

SRAG

Radiation Biophysics

Tissue Analogues

EVA Physiology

Exercise Physiology

Core Lab

Animal Care Facility

Microbiology Lab

Usability Testing and Analysis

WAFAL

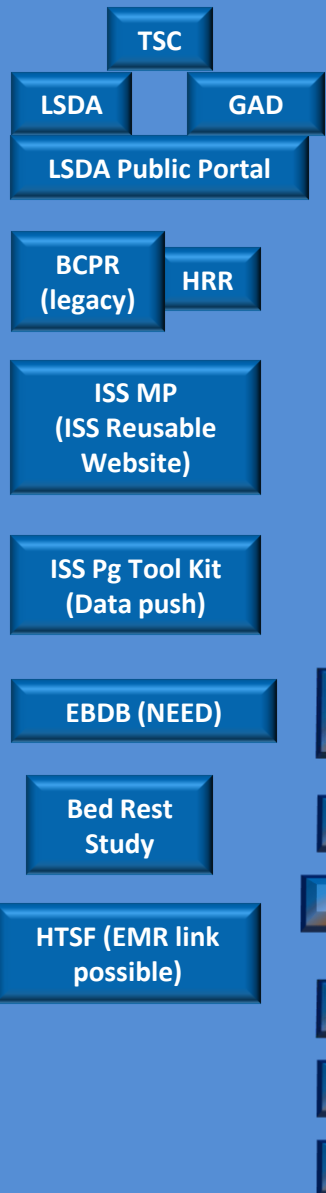


HRP-SLSD: Applications View

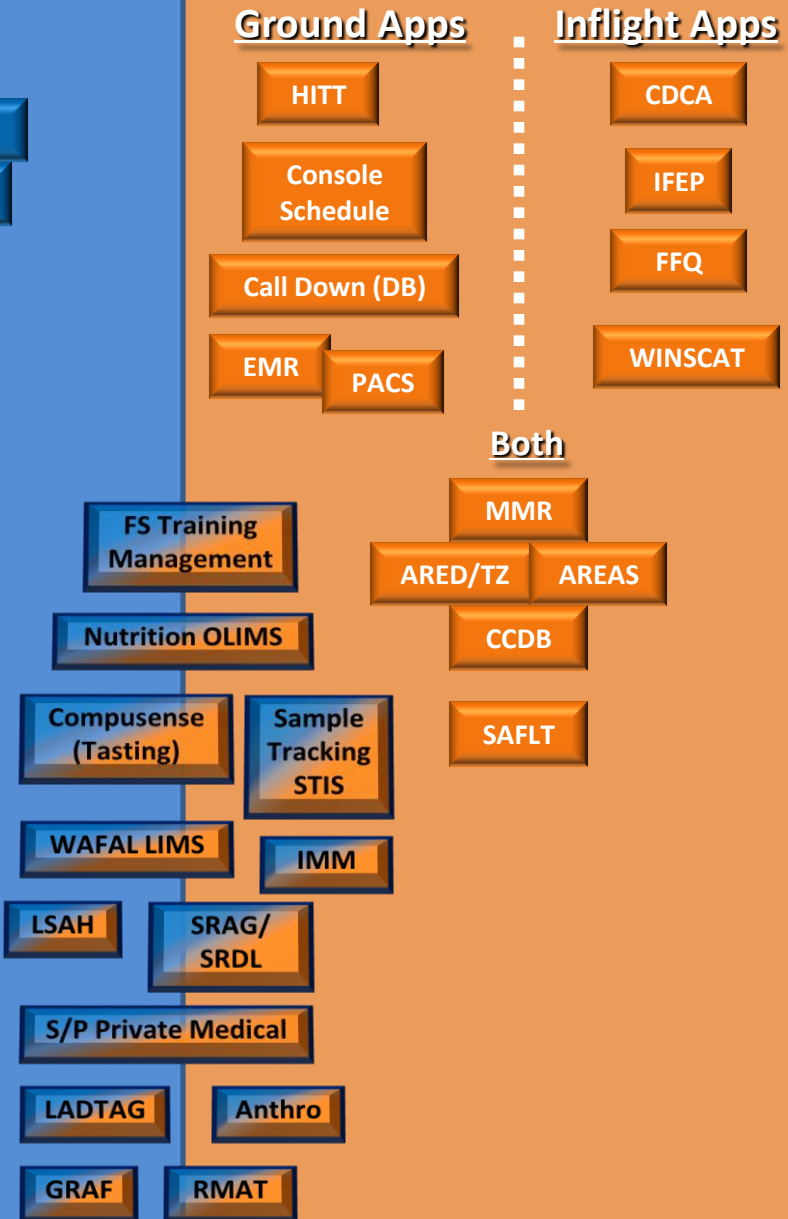
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- The complexity of the organizational construct is compounded by the complexity of the applications that support both organizations.
- We literally took a physical inventory of the applications used to support HRP, SLSD, and those that were shared.
 - We layed it out by abstracting the business process to the highest level:
 - HRP = Research
 - SLSD = In-flight and ground-based operations
 - M&A = Both organizations have systems that support management and administration

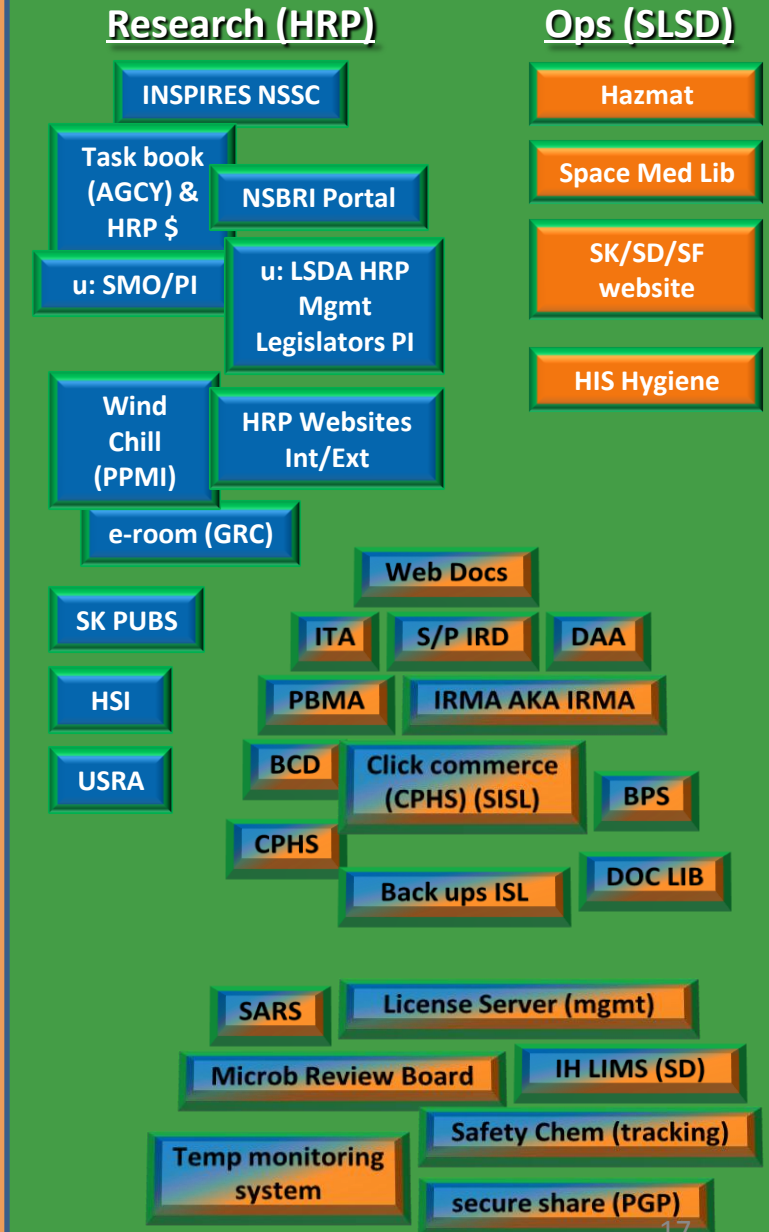
Research (HRP)



Ops (SLSD)



M & A





HRP-SLSD: Business Process View

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- We, then talked through the primary lines of business that fall out of the research and operations areas.
- Still keeping it at a high level, we identified 4 primary lines of business
 - Risk Management (both organizations do this)
 - Research Management (primarily HRP, but SLSD does it in support of HRP)
 - Human System Management (primarily SLSD: in-flight medical care, flight medicine clinic, JSC clinic)
 - Innovation. Major SLSD goal this year is to make this more foundational to the organization
- With these 3 elements better understood, we have a notional representation of our IT infrastructure baseline.



Notional Architecture Representation

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