



# CAD Funded Cost Research

# Estimating Facilities is Easy.... Isn't It?

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# Houston - We Have a Problem!



- ♦ A-3 Test Stand SSC Ares 1
  - ♦ \$157 M initial estimate
  - ◆ \$320 M latest available project estimate
    - ♦ 2 times original estimate
  - Latest available duration 7 years
    - ◆ 1.75 times longer than original estimate
- ♦ SET GRC Orion
  - ♦ \$ 63 M original estimate
  - ♦ \$152 M latest available estimate
    - ◆ 2.4 times original estimate
  - Latest available duration 7 years
    - ♦ 1.75 times longer than original estimate
- ♦ O&C IOZ KSC Orion
  - ♦ \$18 M original estimate
  - ♦ \$55.2 M latest available estimate
  - ♦ Construction Duration 18 months original actual 27.3 months
- ♦ LaRC Hydro Impact Basin Orion
  - ♦ Bid Busted
    - ♦ Conceptual design construction cost estimate: \$1.89M
    - Final design construction cost estimate:

\$2.60M

- ♦ Construction duration 90 days estimate, 210 days reality
- ♦ White Sands LAS Orion
  - ♦ Initial estimate: \$2M
  - Final cost: \$:

\$5.7M

Some of the CxP Program Facility
Cost and Schedule Growth Issues



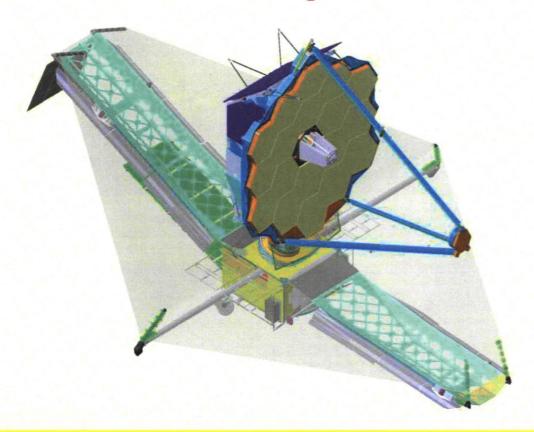
Some program requirements did change from initial requests

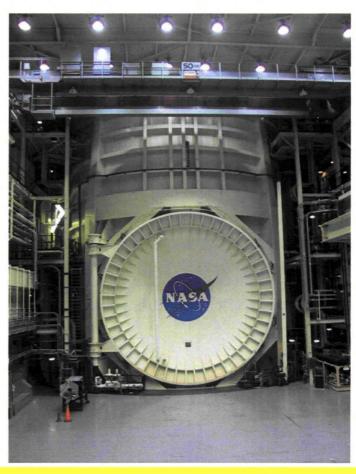
However, program requirements can often be interpolated – but no one likes that answer

### We build satellites, we don't need facilities!



- ◆ JWST had to spend ~\$100 million on JSC Chamber A
  - ◆ Additional funds spent on GSE/STE





Every NASA project is built and tested in one or more facilities Most facilities require repairs, modifications or upgrades

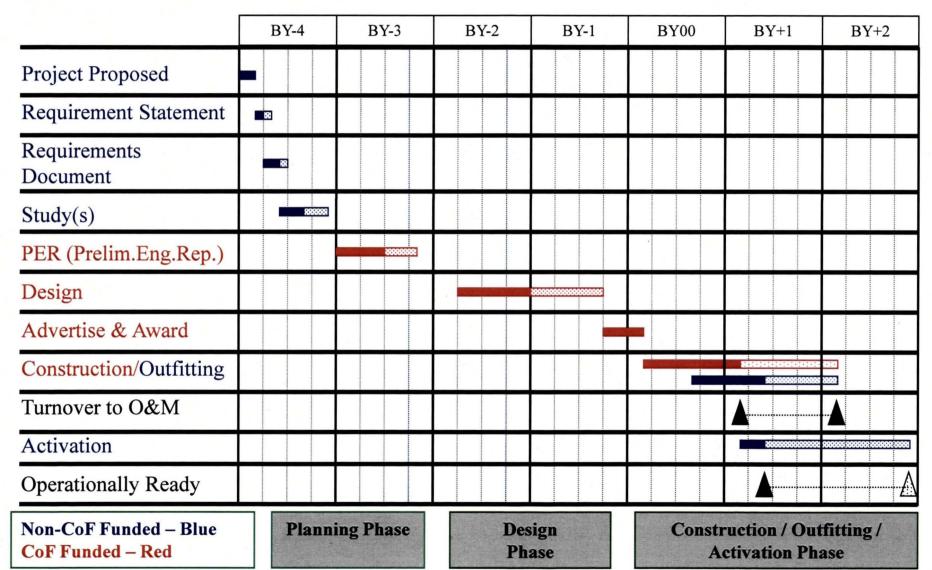
## Background



- ◆ Myth estimating facilities is easy
- ♦ Reality estimating facility costs is difficult
  - ◆ Early estimates developed with nebulous requirements
    - ♦But costs are expected to be accurate
  - ◆ Facilities have unique set of rules
    - **♦** Funding
      - ◆ Approval Requires Center, HQ & Congressional line item approval
      - ◆ Phasing Cost vs. Obligations
        - ♦ Generally all funding must be available before project can be awarded
      - ♦ Different colors of money FP&D, CoF, & non CoF
    - ◆ Schedule long timelines Typically 5-7 year process

# CoF Typical Timeline 5-7 Years

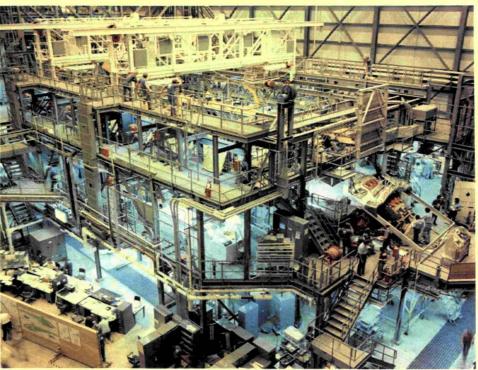




# Assumptions







Shuttle Operations Concept 1974 What was estimated

Shuttle Operations Reality Today
What was built

# **Bad Assumptions = Bad Estimates But we are Smarter Now!**

& Better Looking!

## Historical Data



- Single most useful way to quickly estimate new projects
- Must be used with caution to ensure entire scope is represented
  - NASA method of funding projects makes it <u>very difficult</u> to ascertain total project costs.
    - Result of different funding streams
      - CoF, R&D, FP&D, GSE, Support Contractors, Etc
- New requirements are excluded from historical data
  - Code changes
  - Human rated systems, taller rockets, larger cryogenic systems
- Project final costs should be
  - Adjusted for scope
  - Escalated to midpoint of construction



## Real Life Example

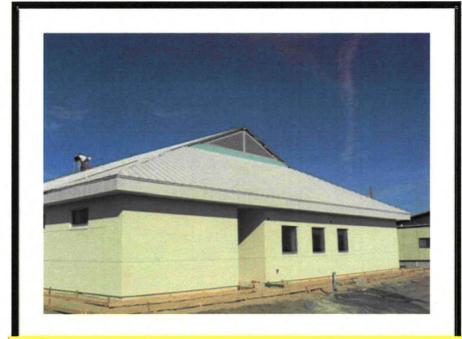


- ♦ KSC hired engineering firm to design 4,200 sf facility
  - Engineering firms initial estimate for this project was \$2.4M
  - ◆ PM concerned facility had to be downsized or additional funding found
  - ◆ Instead an independent assessment of the project was done, estimate was \$1.3M
    - ♦ Assessment performed using available historical data
- ♦ Awarded value \$1.2M (within 3% of independent assessment)
  - ♦ ½ of initial engineering firms estimate

#### This is how it How it "should work"

One of the best ways to define early estimates is to compare to historical projects

However, limited data available for these type of assessments

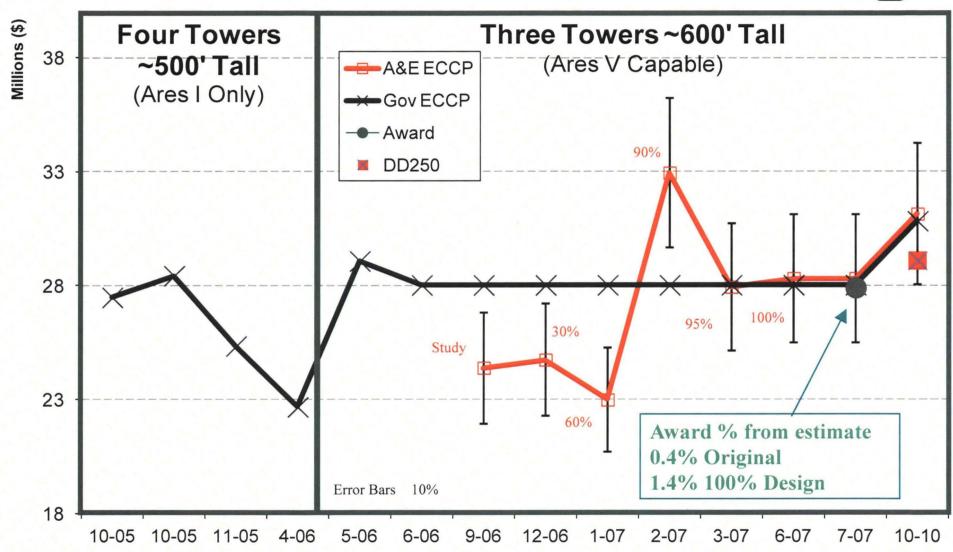


Replacement Operations Building, Fuel Storage Area No. 1

#### Real Life Example #2

LC39B Lightning Protection Towers Estimate History



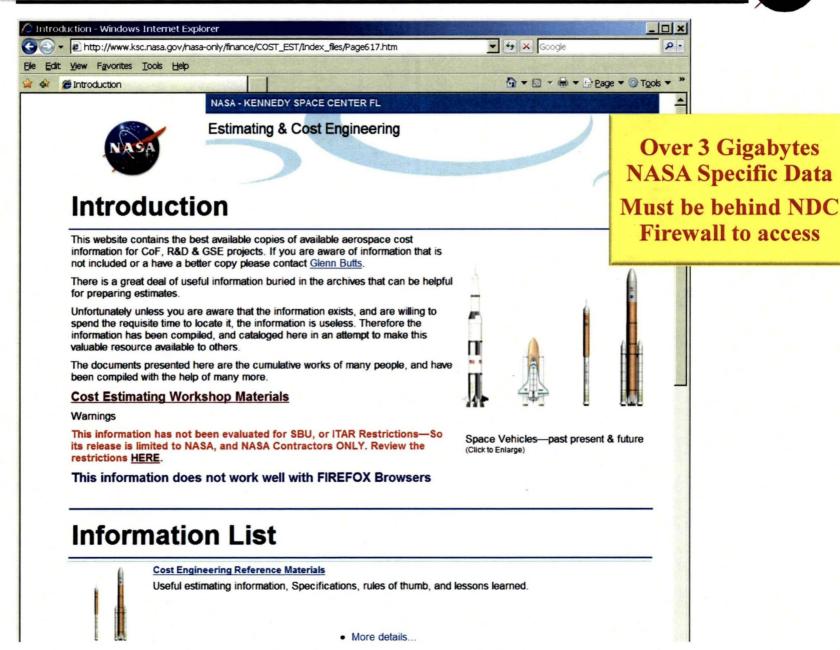


Had quote for \$8M, but historical data suggested this was low

#### Subset of NASA Current KSC Data

http://www.ksc.nasa.gov/nasa-only/finance/COST\_EST/Index\_files/Page617.htm





# Maintain

## Facility Database Project Vision



#### Phase 1 Gather & Validate Historical Data

In Work

#### Phase 2 Data Analysis

Analyze & Understand Compiled Data

#### **Phase 3 Create Model**

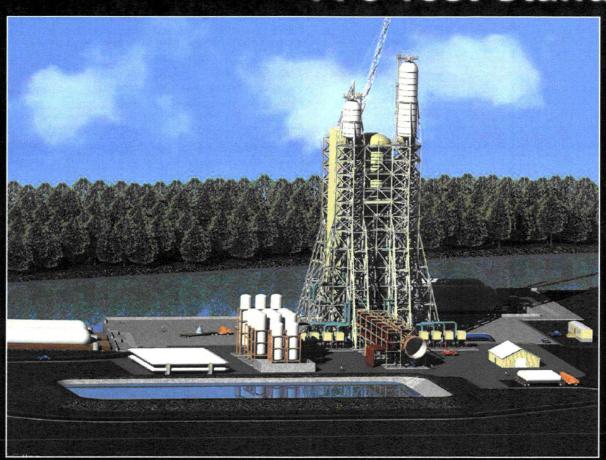
Normalize Data, Develop CER's & Model

#### **Community Education**

If you build it they will come

#### A-3 Test Stand



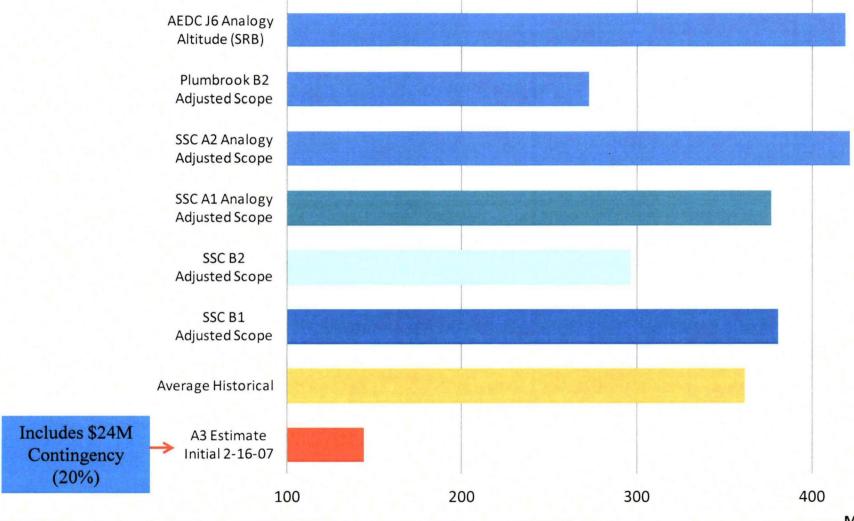


- •300 feet tall
- Open steel frame structure
- Up to 1 million pounds of thrust
- •Simulates altitudes up to 100,000 feet by generating steam to create a vacuum

The new A-3 Test Stand will allow engineers to test operating parameters of the J-2X engine for the Ares launch vehicles by simulating conditions at different altitudes.

# A3 Initial Estimate Sanity Check



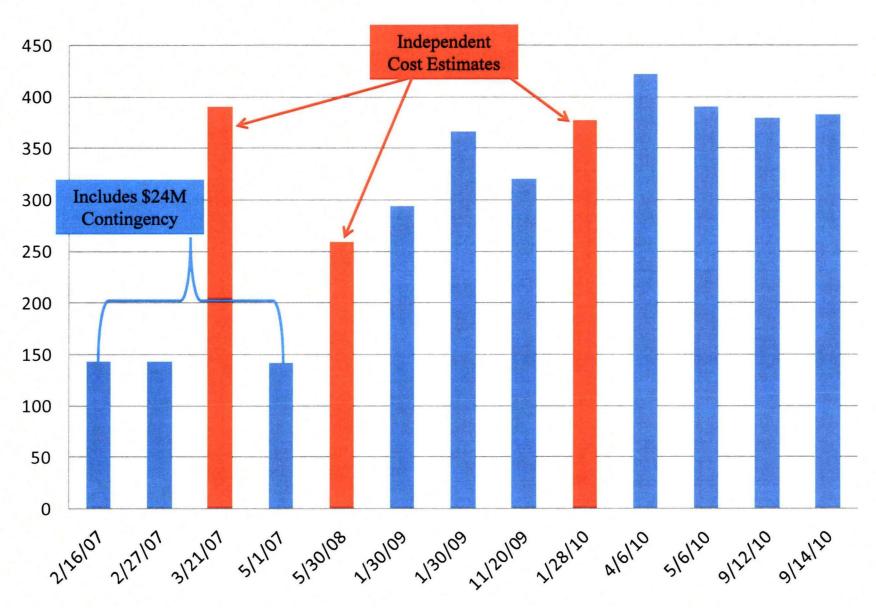


Millions

Compared projects are not for the same scope But give an indication that initial estimate was optimistic

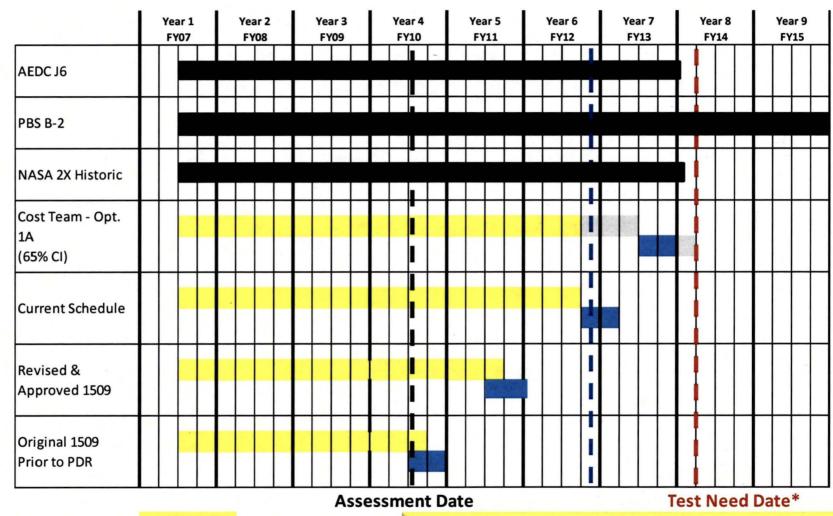
# A3 Cost History





## A3 Schedule





Independent Assessment

Construction
Activation
Contingency

Remember
Typical Project Takes 5-7 Years

### Facilities Database

#### Phase 1 Status



- Integrating available Facility and GSE databases
  - Data for 1,345 projects has been entered in database
  - Some data is conflicting, validation is slow process
- Actively seeking cost and schedule data from other centers
- Looking for facility GSE, & STE data
  - Data = estimates, summary schedules, bid abstracts, DD250's, activation costs, design costs, pictures
  - -Can you help?



# Additional Help



- The new NASA Cost Estimating Handbook
  - Located here
     <a href="http://www.nasa.gov/offices/pae/organization/cost\_analysis\_division.html">http://www.nasa.gov/offices/pae/organization/cost\_analysis\_division.html</a>
  - Has an Appendix that provides overview of CoF
     Process, and a discussion on how to adjust historical facility data
  - Appendix P Construction of Facilities and Ground
     Support Equipment Cost Assessment



# **BACKUP**

#### NASA New Start Escalation Index Should NOT be Used For Facilities



**NASA New Start Composition** 

Total Weighted Index (weighting values)	100%	
Labor total without total weighting applied	81%	
Wages and Salary, Private, Professional, Scientific, Technical		50%
AHE Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing		10%
Avg. Hourly Earnings, Computer System Design & Related Svc		10%
Employment Cost Index, Benefits, Private, All Workers		30%
Material total without weighting applied	12%	
Nonferrous Metals		3%
Semiconductor & Other Electronic Components		4%
Search, Detection, Navigation & Guidance Systems		5%
General total without weighting applied	7%.	
CPI (all items less food & energy)		5%
CPI Fuels & Utilities		2%

Index designed for spacecraft, the only thing it should be used on!

## Phase 1 Status



- Data for 1,345 projects has been entered in database
  - Some data is conflicting, validation is slow process
- Project is integrating available KSC Facility and GSE databases

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# Project Summary



#### • Project:

 Facility and Ground Support Equipment (GSE) Project Cost & Schedule Database

#### • Description:

- KSC has completed 1,500+ facility and GSE projects which are scattered across multiple databases. This project requests funding to integrate the multiple databases into one database, validate the data and provide a search engine so that parametric and detailed project estimates can be prepared from actual historical data.
- Integrate database into the Marshall Space Flight Center Engineering Cost Office Resource Data Storage and Retrieval (REDSTAR) system, or a REDSTAR type system

#### Beneficiaries:

Agency wide Facility and GSE Offices.

# THE FEDERAL BUDGET FISCAL YEAR 2011

#### National Aeronautics & Space Administration

NASA's Constellation program – based largely on existing technologies – was based on a vision of returning astronauts back to the Moon by 2020.

However, *the program was over budget, behind schedule*, & lacking in innovation due to a failure to invest in critical new technologies.

The President's Budget <u>cancels Constellation</u> & replaces it with a bold new approach that invests in the building blocks of a more capable approach to space.

In the last 20 years NASA has spent at least \$21B on canceled Space Transportation Programs ~7% of its Budget

Overruns can have real consequences

# Database Screen Shots







#### **CoF Definition**

- ♦ CoF: Facilities, Facility Systems and Collateral Equipment
  - > Site work, buildings and building systems normally acquired and installed as a part of a facility project
  - > Collateral Equipment
    - General building systems and subsystems such as electrical, plumbing, pneumatic, fire protection, and control and monitoring systems.
    - Building-type equipment normally required to make a facility useful and operable. Built-in or affixed to the facility in such a manner that removal would impair the usefulness, safety, or environment of the facility. Includes such items as elevators; heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning systems; transformers; and compressors and other like items generally accepted as being an inherent part of a building or structure and essential to its utility.
    - Built-in or large substantially affixed equipment/property of any type other than building type equipment which is built in, affixed to, or installed in real property in such a manner that the installation cost including special foundations or unique utility services, or facility restoration work required after its removal, exceeds \$100,000.



#### Non-CoF (R&D) Definition

- ♦ Non-CoF: Outfitting, Activation and Non-Collateral Equipment
  - > Non-collateral Equipment
    - Equipment other than collateral equipment which, when acquired and used in a facility or a test apparatus, can be severed and removed after erection or installation without substantial loss of value or damage to the premises where installed.
    - A unit of equipment may be considered non-collateral if it has such a close relationship to a Program project hardware item (i.e., prototype or test article, launch vehicle, spacecraft) that it is essentially an extension of the Program hardware item in that its configuration and/or operating characteristics must constantly reflect unpredictable changes in the Program item.
    - The relationship between the equipment item under consideration and the Program item must be clear and significant; and, it must be evident that sufficiently frequent changes in the equipment item are definitely to be expected due to the nature or complexity of the Program item although it may not be possible to predict the extent or actual frequency of such changes.



### **CoF vs. Non-CoF Examples**

<b>Examples of CoF Items</b>	<b>Example of Non-CoF Items</b>		
Building Structure (foundation, walls, windows,	Furniture and window treatment		
doors, roof, access floor/platforms etc.)	Electronic equipment racks		
Site work, parking, roads, landscaping	Removable raised flooring		
HVAC systems	Under floor HVAC for raised flooring systems		
AC Power	(cooling for equipment racks, computers, data		
Electrical conduit	equipment)		
Potable water	Fire detection system software		
Fire suppression system	Communication cables (including data circuits) and		
Fire detection system hardware	"end item" equipment		
Wastewater system	Telephones		
Facility grounding & lightning protection	Computers		
Cranes (including control systems and software	Application software		
orograms)	Laboratory equipment and systems including work		
Elevators (including control systems and	benches, sinks, cabinets, exhaust hoods		
software programs)	Uninterruptible Power System (UPS)		
Exhaust systems	DC Power		
Cabling duct banks (power & communications)	Paging & Area Warning System (PAWS)		
Emergency power generation	Fluids/Gases (regulator panels & controls)		
Original finished flooring and ceiling	Operational Intercom systems (OIS-D)		
Facility Propellants Drain Systems	Cafeteria and kitchen equipment/furniture		
Fluids/Gases (Piping, pedestals)	Activation, relocation/move-in expense		
	Calibration & operator certification/training		
Current Non-CoF items to become CoF items in	Groundbreaking & dedication		
FY13:	Kennedy Space Center Complex Control System		
Premise wiring	(KCCS)		