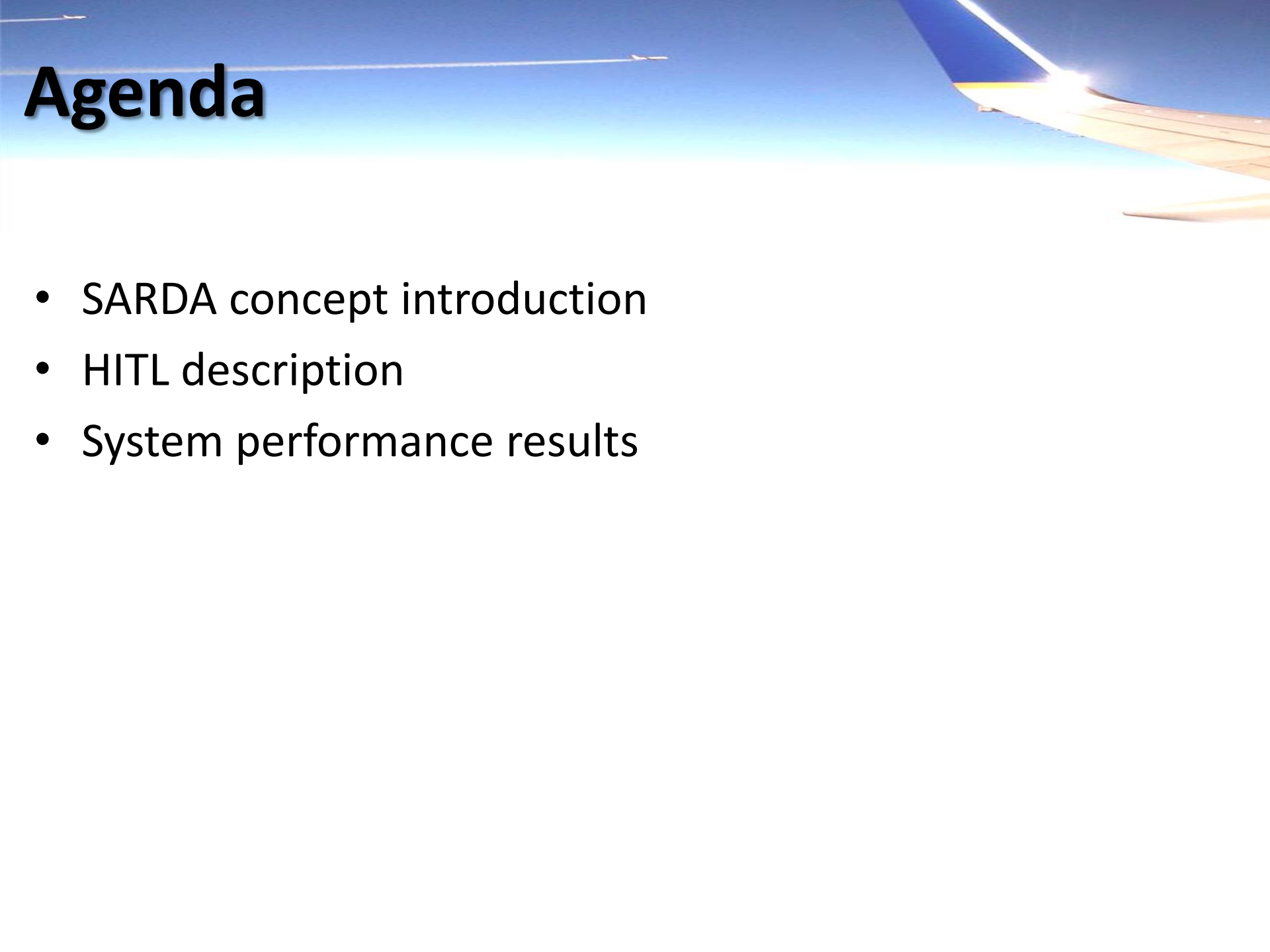


A small airplane is flying horizontally across the upper half of the image, leaving a thin white contrail. The sky is a clear, deep blue. Below the sky, there is a thick layer of white clouds that fills the bottom half of the image.

SARDA HITL Simulations: System Performance Results

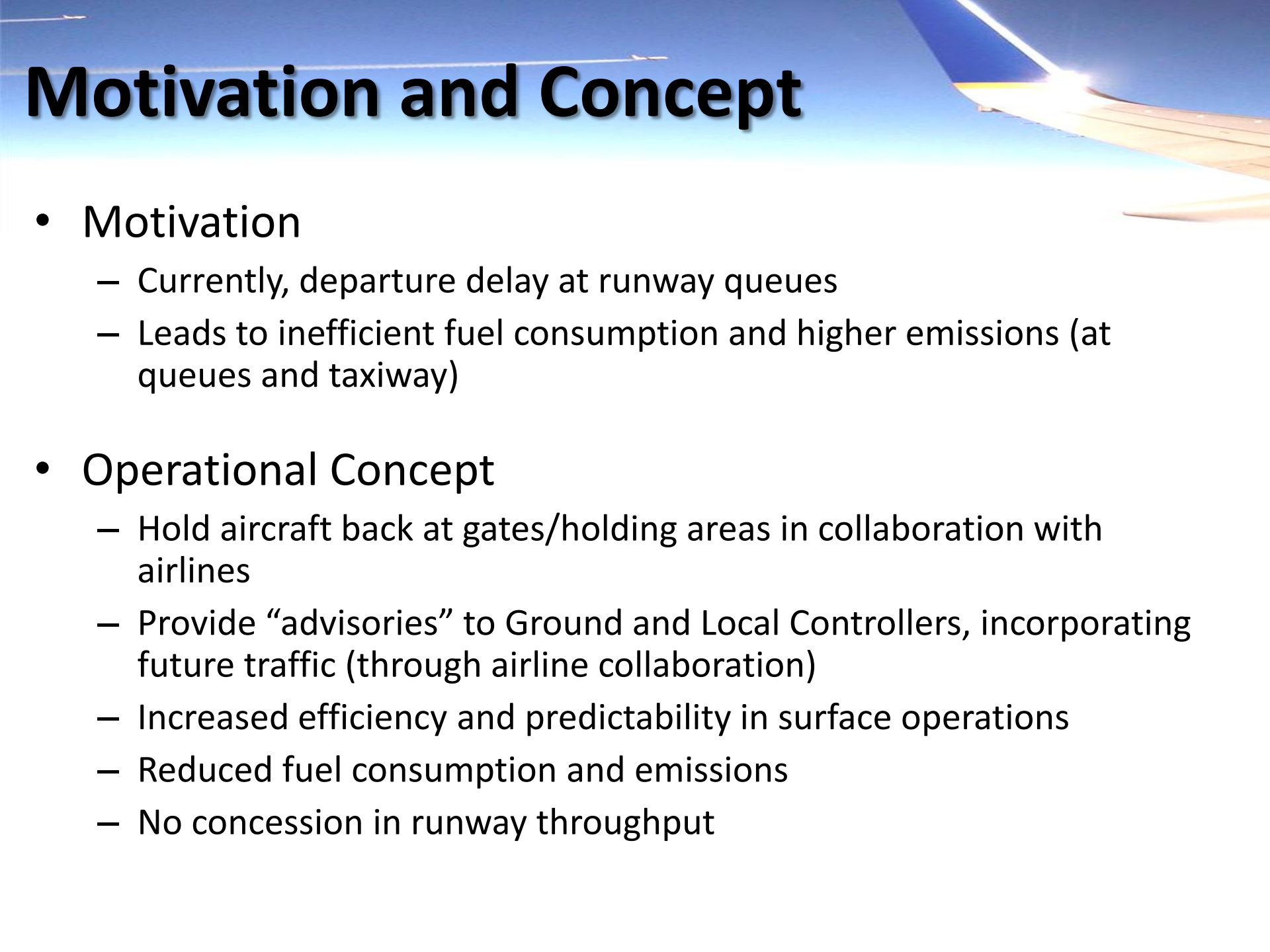
Gautam Gupta

Agenda



- SARDA concept introduction
- HITL description
- System performance results

Motivation and Concept

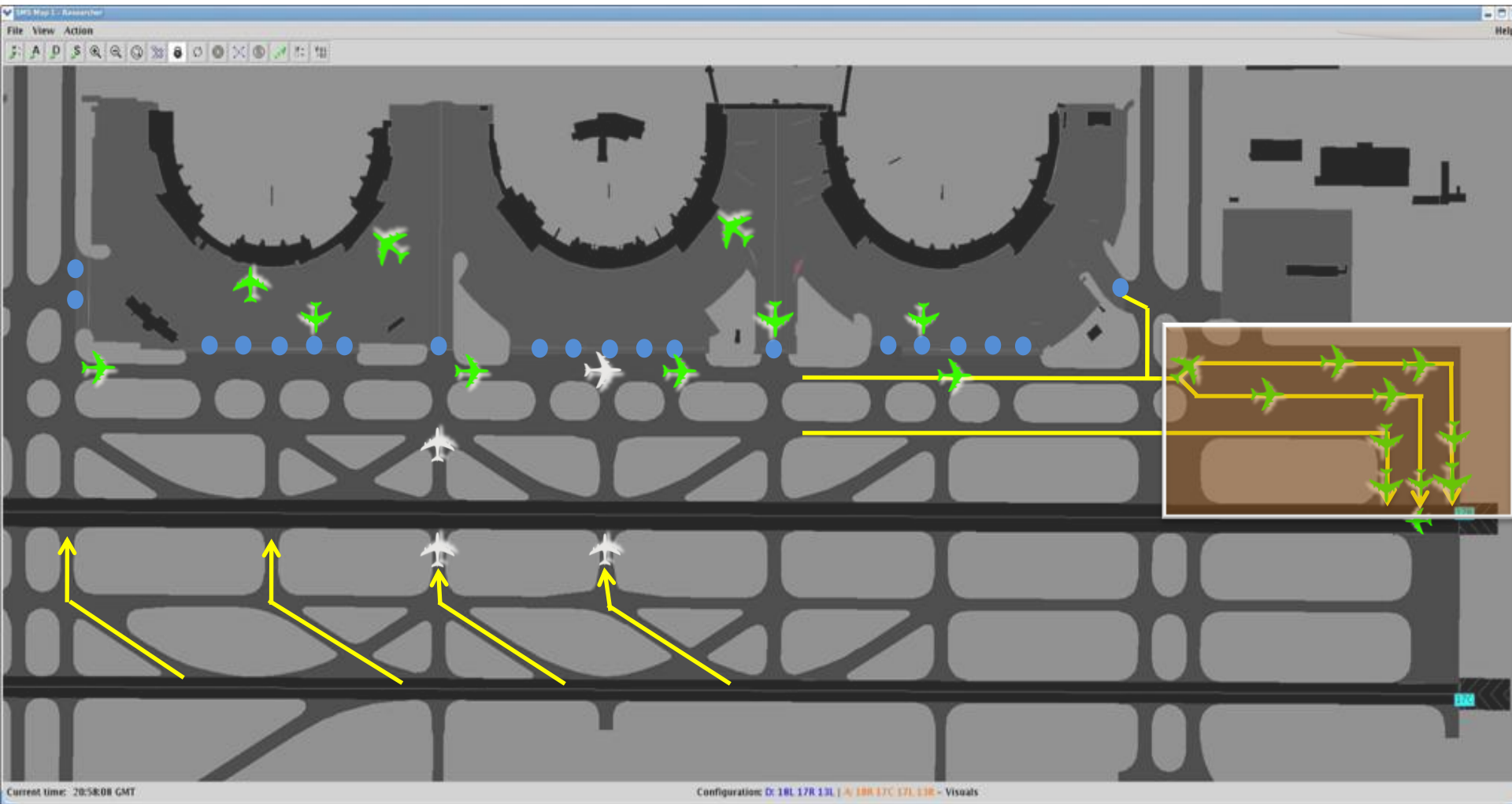


- Motivation
 - Currently, departure delay at runway queues
 - Leads to inefficient fuel consumption and higher emissions (at queues and taxiway)
- Operational Concept
 - Hold aircraft back at gates/holding areas in collaboration with airlines
 - Provide “advisories” to Ground and Local Controllers, incorporating future traffic (through airline collaboration)
 - Increased efficiency and predictability in surface operations
 - Reduced fuel consumption and emissions
 - No concession in runway throughput

Spot And Runway Departure Advisor (SARDA)

- **Goal:** An integrated decision support tool for airlines and tower controllers to enhance the efficiency of surface traffic
- Airline Operator Advisory – Surface CDM
 - Aim: Provide gate push-back times to airlines
- Ground Controller Advisory
 - Aim: Provide spot/ramp release schedule to reduce taxi delay while maintaining maximum runway throughput
- Local Controller Advisory
 - Aim: Provide take-off and crossing sequence for maximum runway usage while addressing all criteria

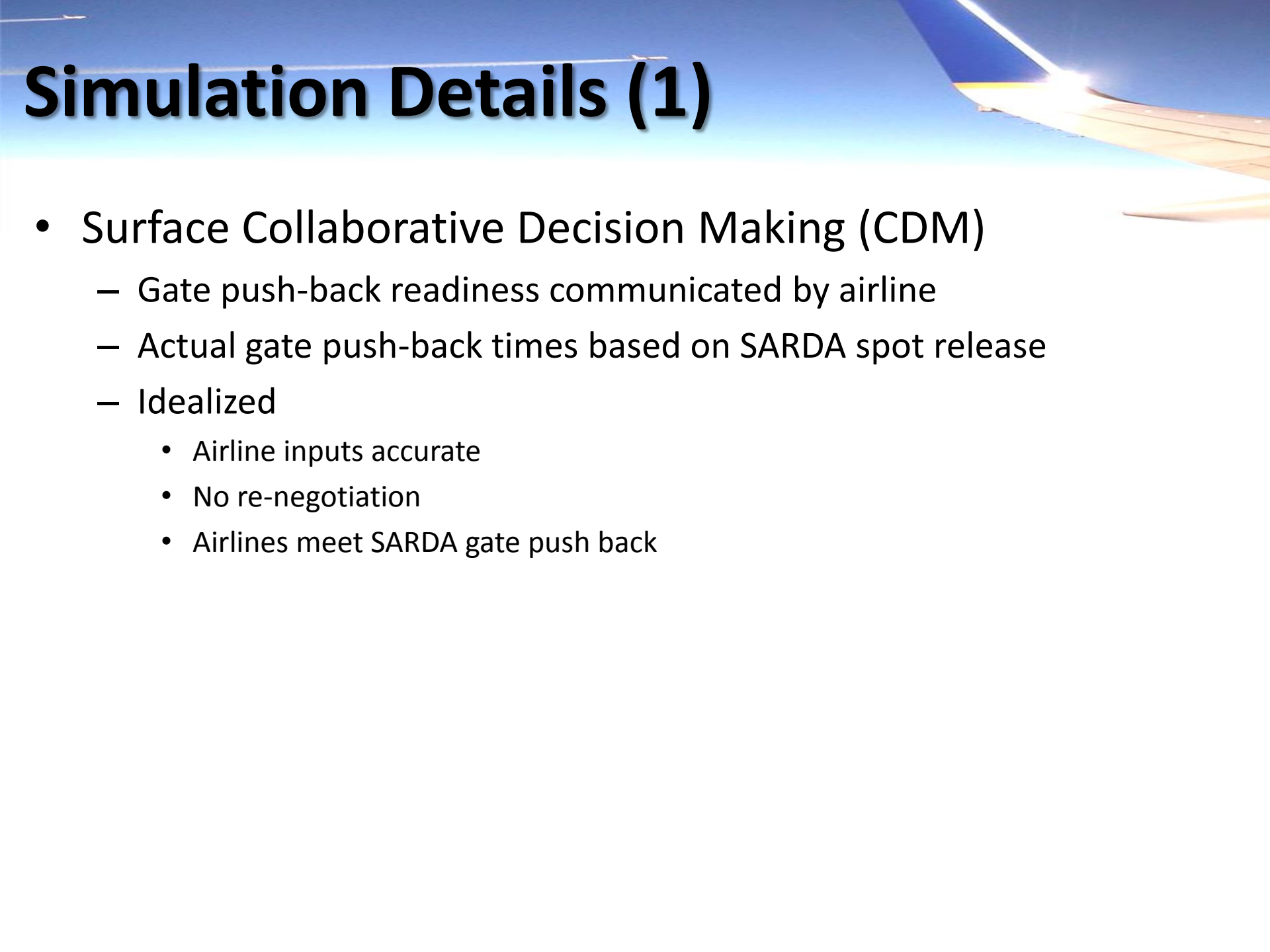
Current Operations



Improvements over SARDA 2010

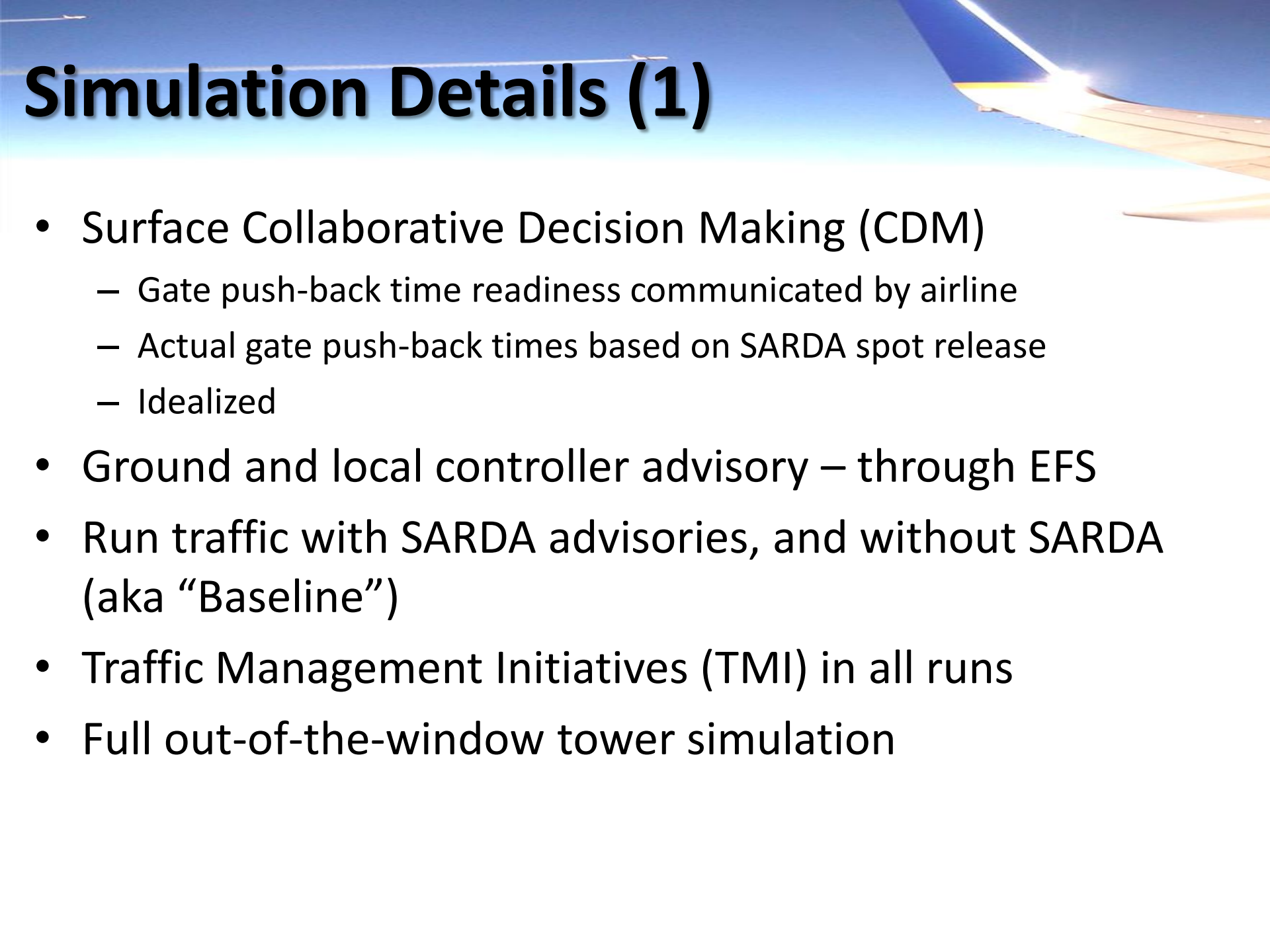
- Traffic management initiatives (TMI)
- Out of the window view
- Gate holding (instead of spot holding)
- Uncertainty in aircraft taxi speed (12 to 17 knots)
- Electronic Flight Strips (EFS)
- Single scheduler

Simulation Details (1)



- Surface Collaborative Decision Making (CDM)
 - Gate push-back readiness communicated by airline
 - Actual gate push-back times based on SARDA spot release
 - Idealized
 - Airline inputs accurate
 - No re-negotiation
 - Airlines meet SARDA gate push back

Simulation Details (1)

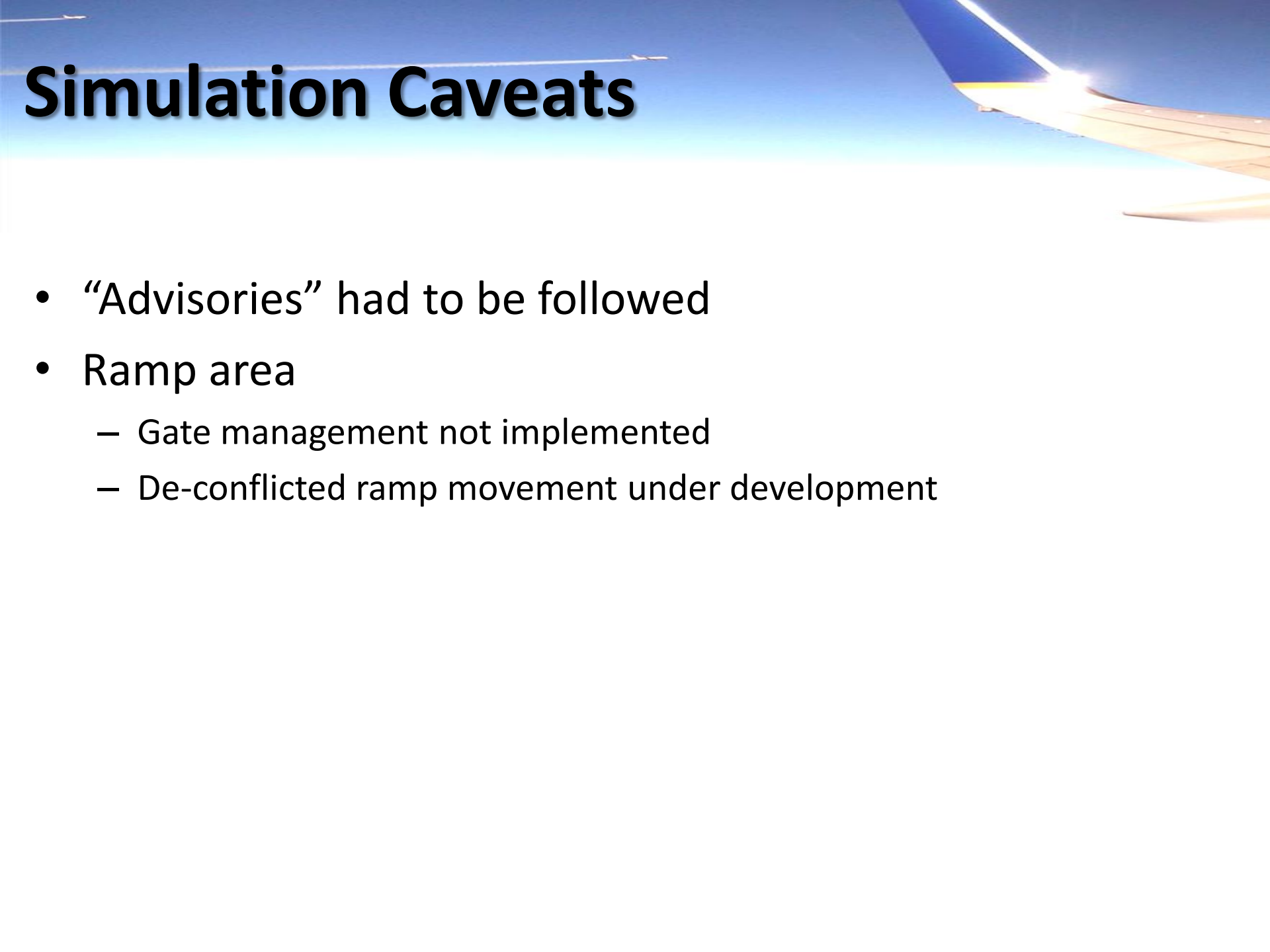


- Surface Collaborative Decision Making (CDM)
 - Gate push-back time readiness communicated by airline
 - Actual gate push-back times based on SARDA spot release
 - Idealized
- Ground and local controller advisory – through EFS
- Run traffic with SARDA advisories, and without SARDA (aka “Baseline”)
- Traffic Management Initiatives (TMI) in all runs
- Full out-of-the-window tower simulation

Simulation Details (2)

- East side DFW (17R departures and 17C arrivals)
- No perimeter taxiway
- 3 weeks, 6 controllers, 2 controllers per week
- 2 traffic levels - medium and heavy, 2 scenarios each
 - M1, M2, H3 and H4
 - 16 runs per week, 48 total
 - 6 runs for each scenario for advisory and baseline
(with different controllers)
- 5 Pseudo-pilots

Simulation Caveats

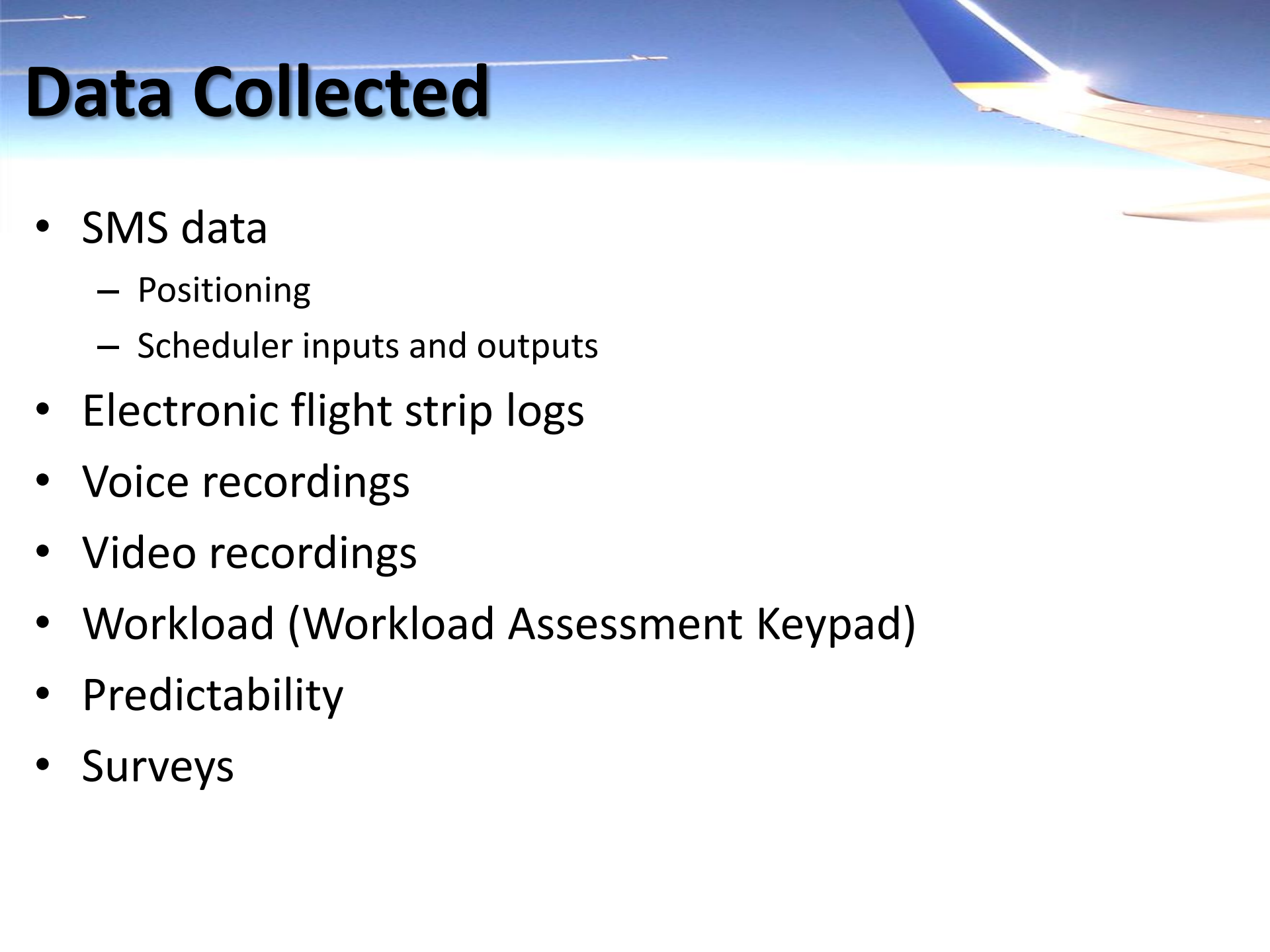


- “Advisories” had to be followed
- Ramp area
 - Gate management not implemented
 - De-conflicted ramp movement under development

Some Pictures



Data Collected

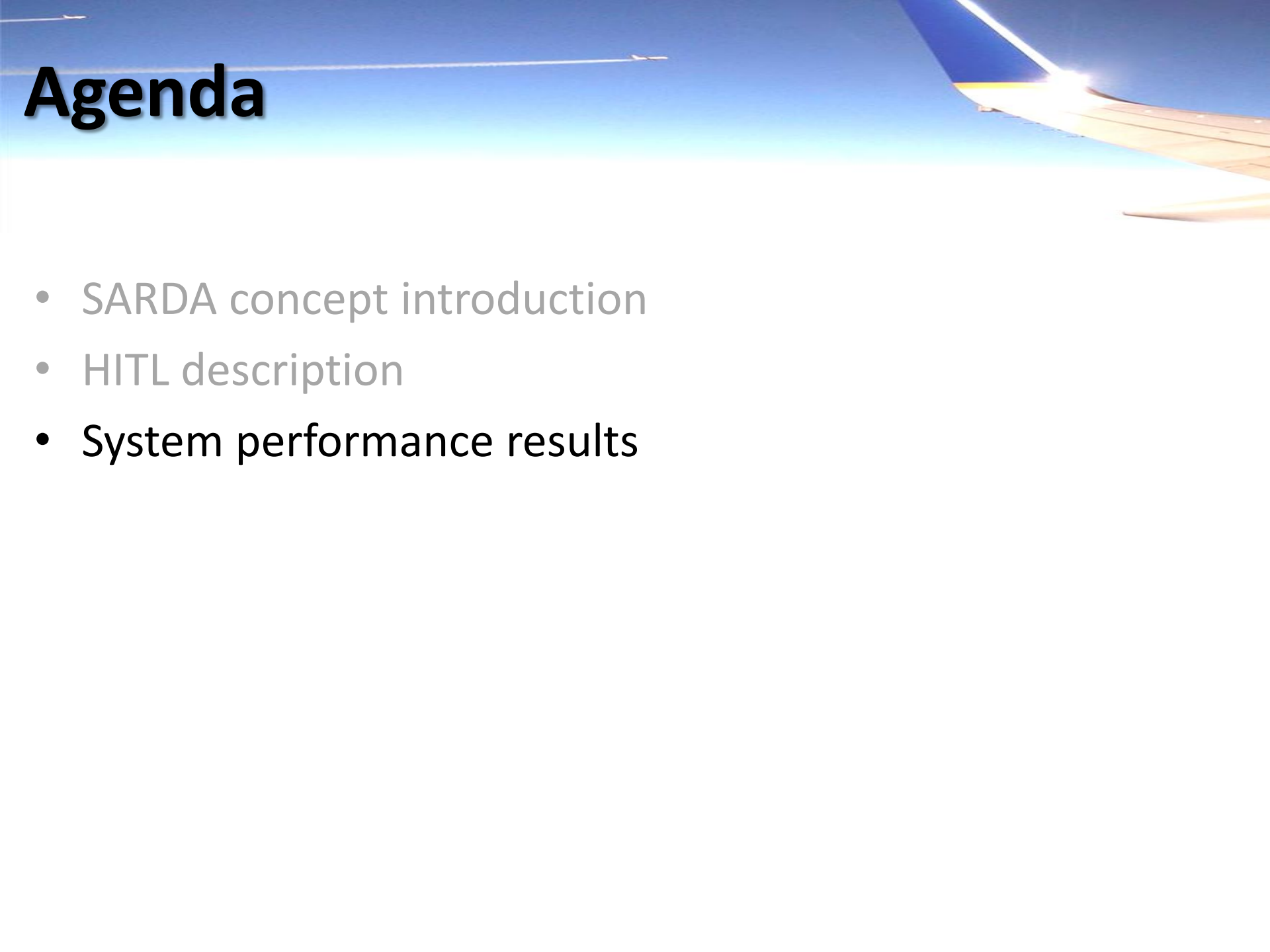


- SMS data
 - Positioning
 - Scheduler inputs and outputs
- Electronic flight strip logs
- Voice recordings
- Video recordings
- Workload (Workload Assessment Keypad)
- Predictability
- Surveys

Data Collected

- SMS data
 - **Positioning**
 - Scheduler inputs and outputs
- Electronic flight strip logs
- Voice recordings
- Video recordings
- Workload (Workload Assessment Keypad)
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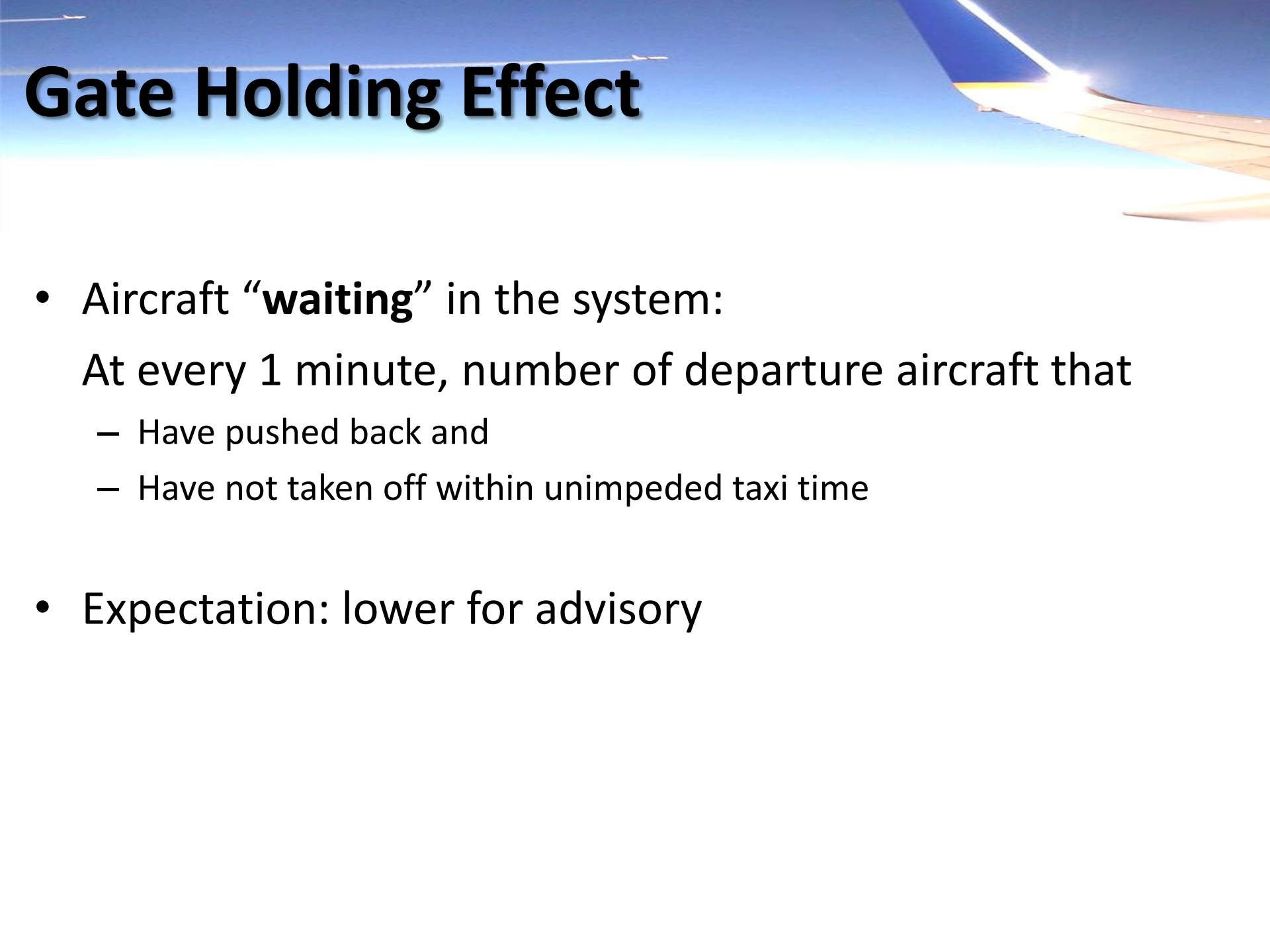
Agenda



- SARDA concept introduction
- HITL description
- System performance results

- 
- Did SARDA reduce taxiing aircraft through gate holding?
 - Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
 - What are the benefits?

Gate Holding Effect

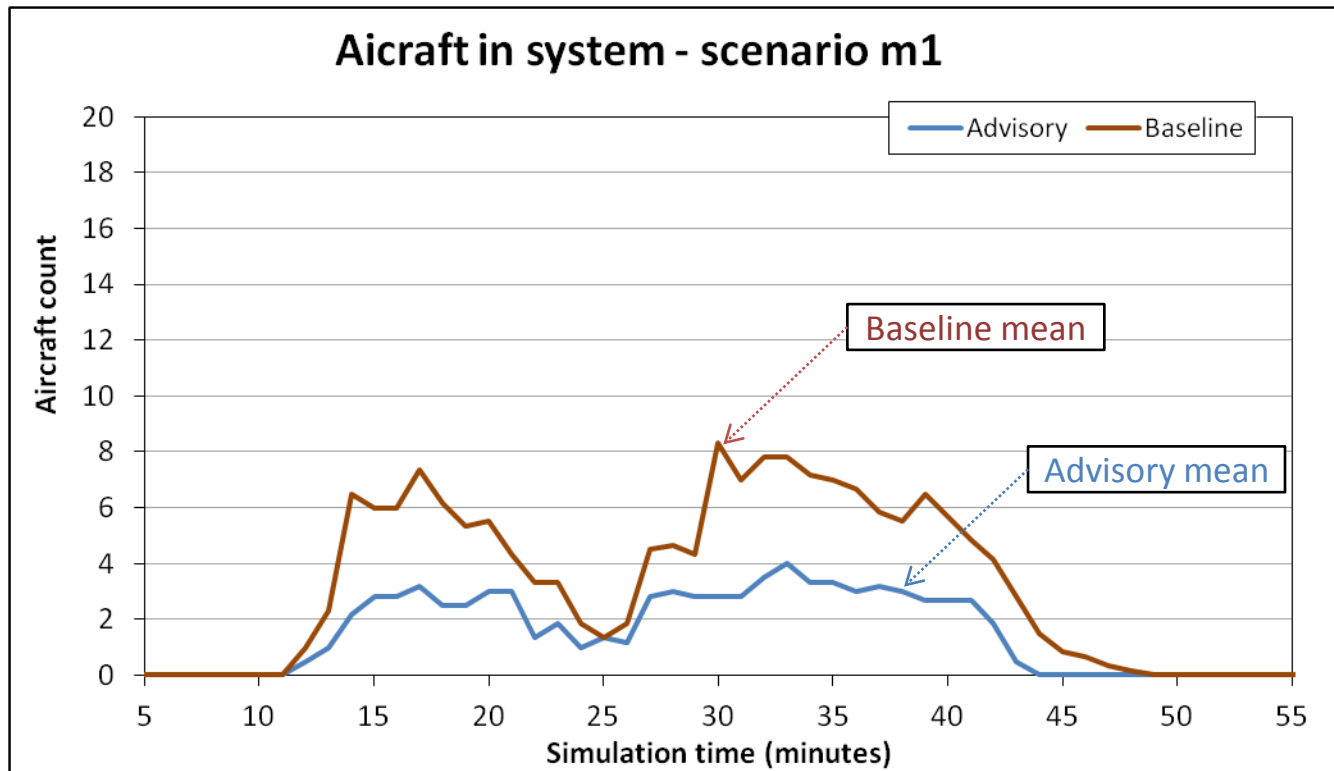


- Aircraft “**waiting**” in the system:

At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that

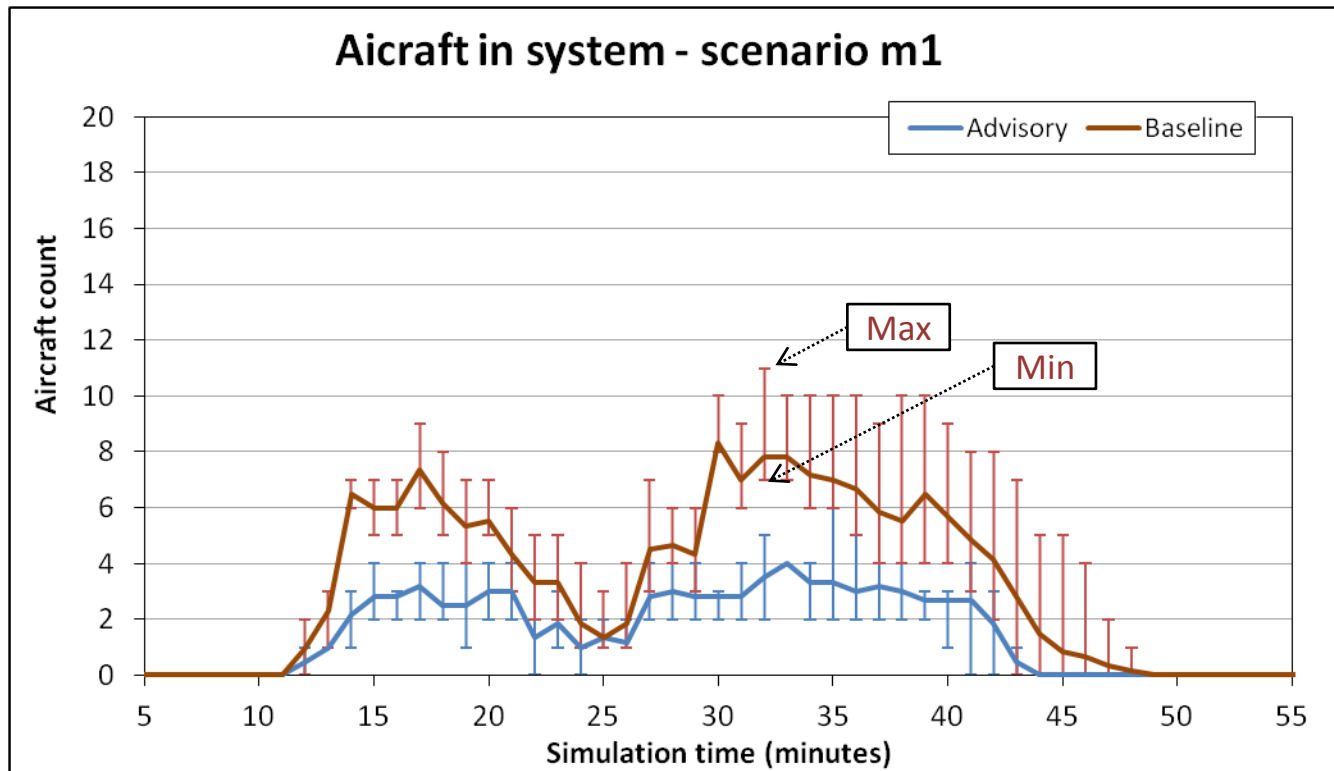
- Have pushed back and
 - Have not taken off within unimpeded taxi time
-
- Expectation: lower for advisory

Gate Holding Effect



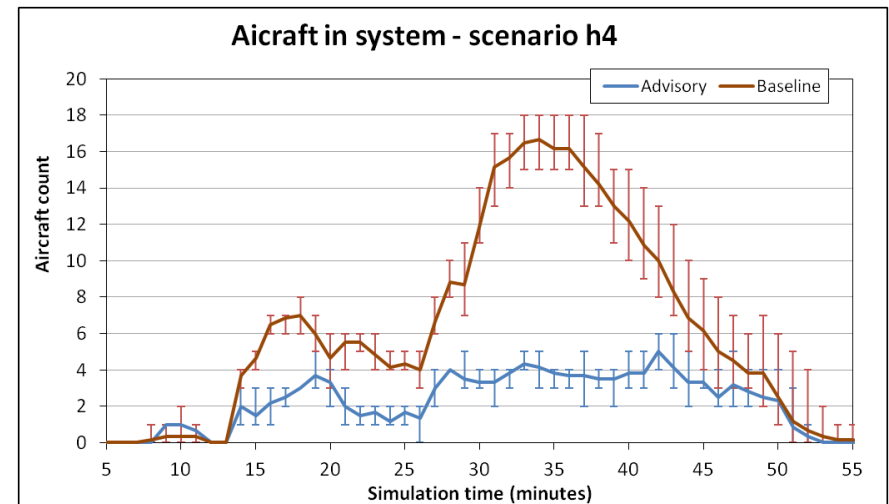
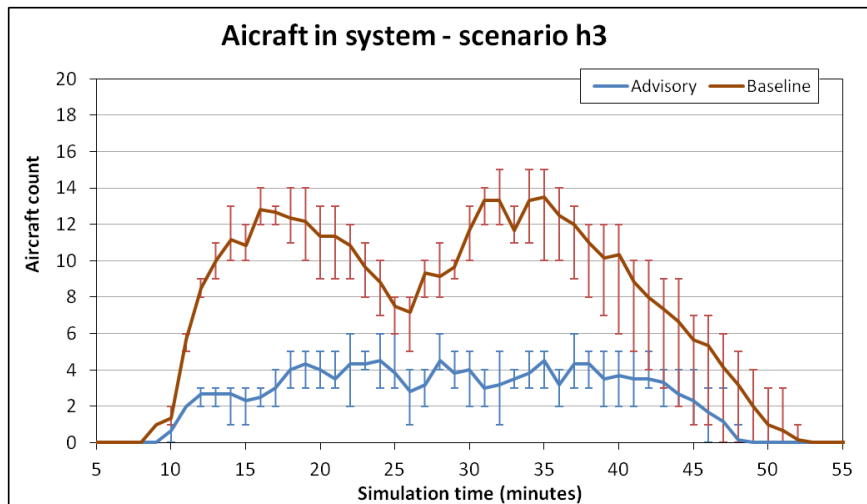
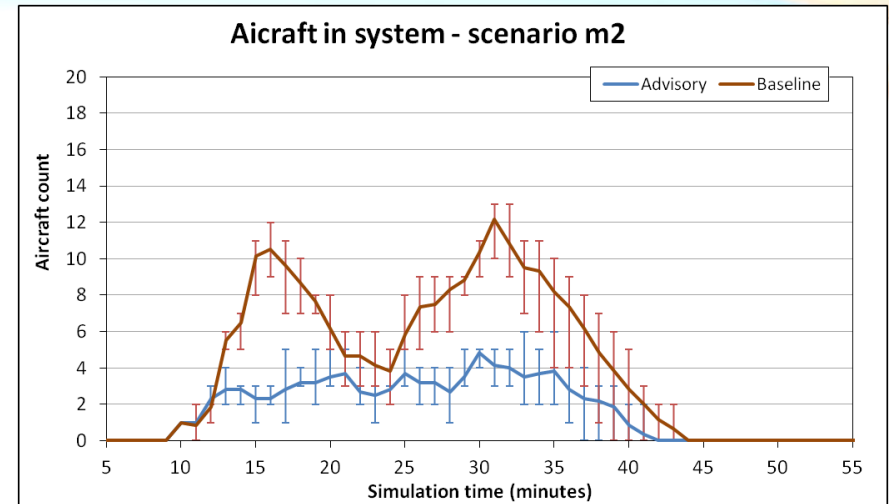
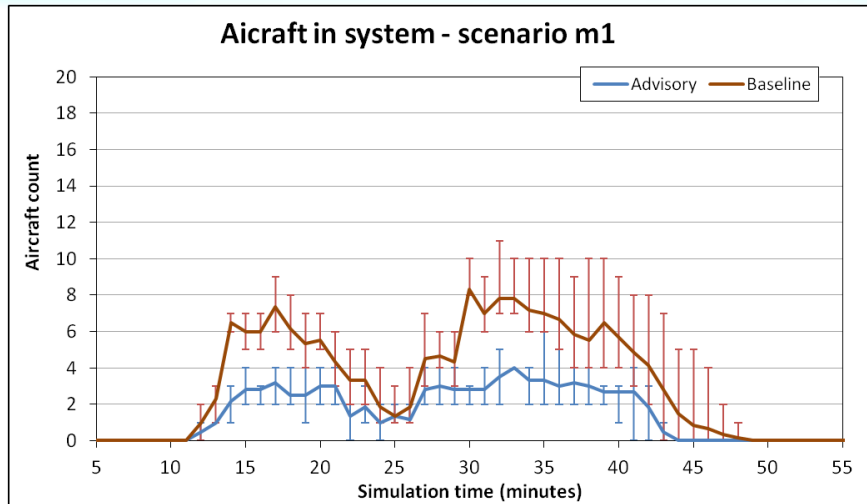
At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off within unimpeded time

Gate Holding Effect



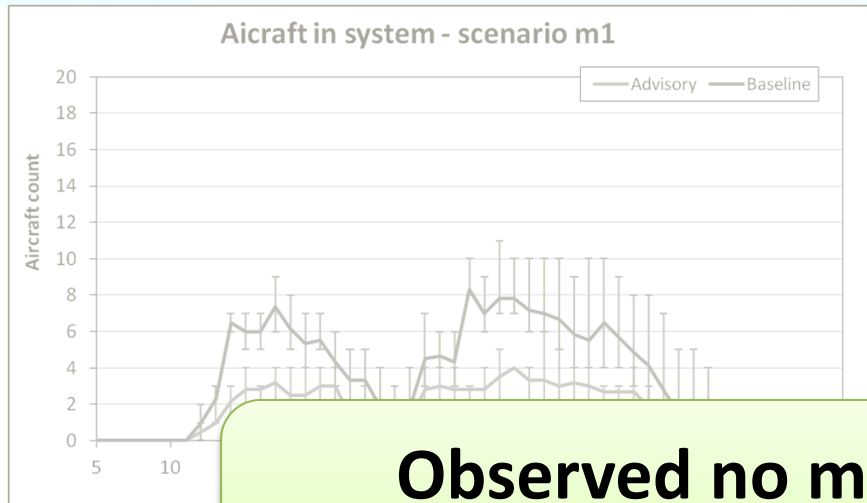
At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off within unimpeded time

Gate Holding Effect

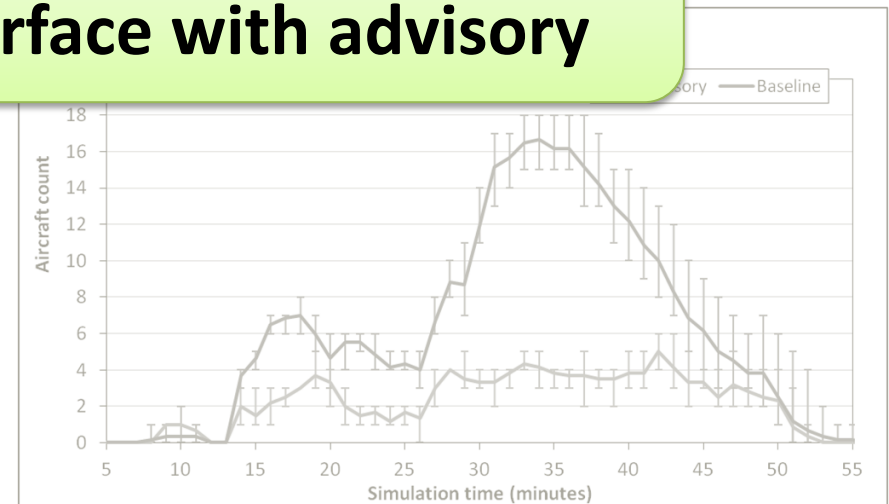


At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off within unimpeded time

Gate Holding Effect



**Observed no more than 6 aircraft
“waiting” on the surface with advisory**



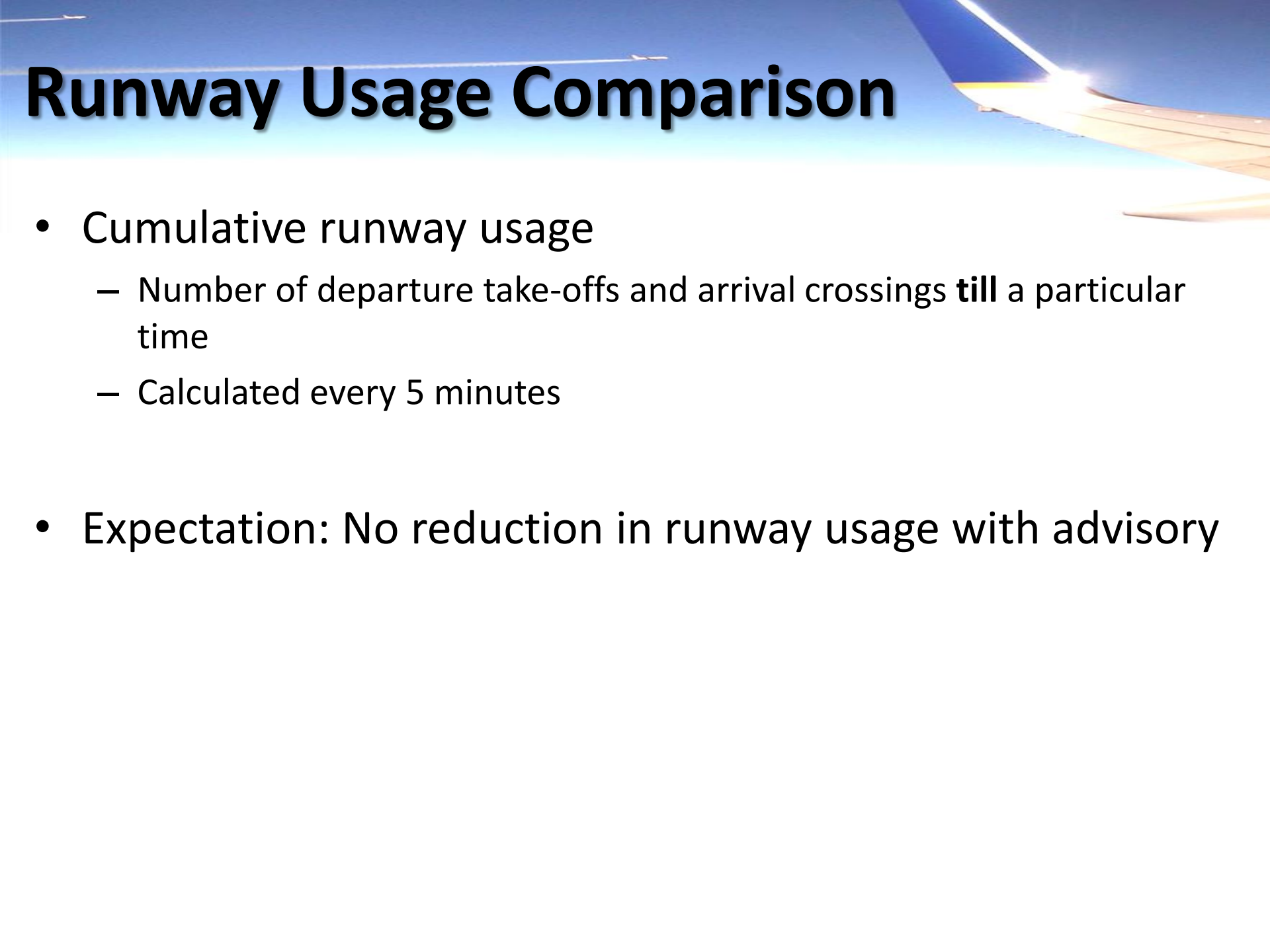
At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off within unimpeded time



✓ Did SARDA reduce taxiing aircraft through gate holding?

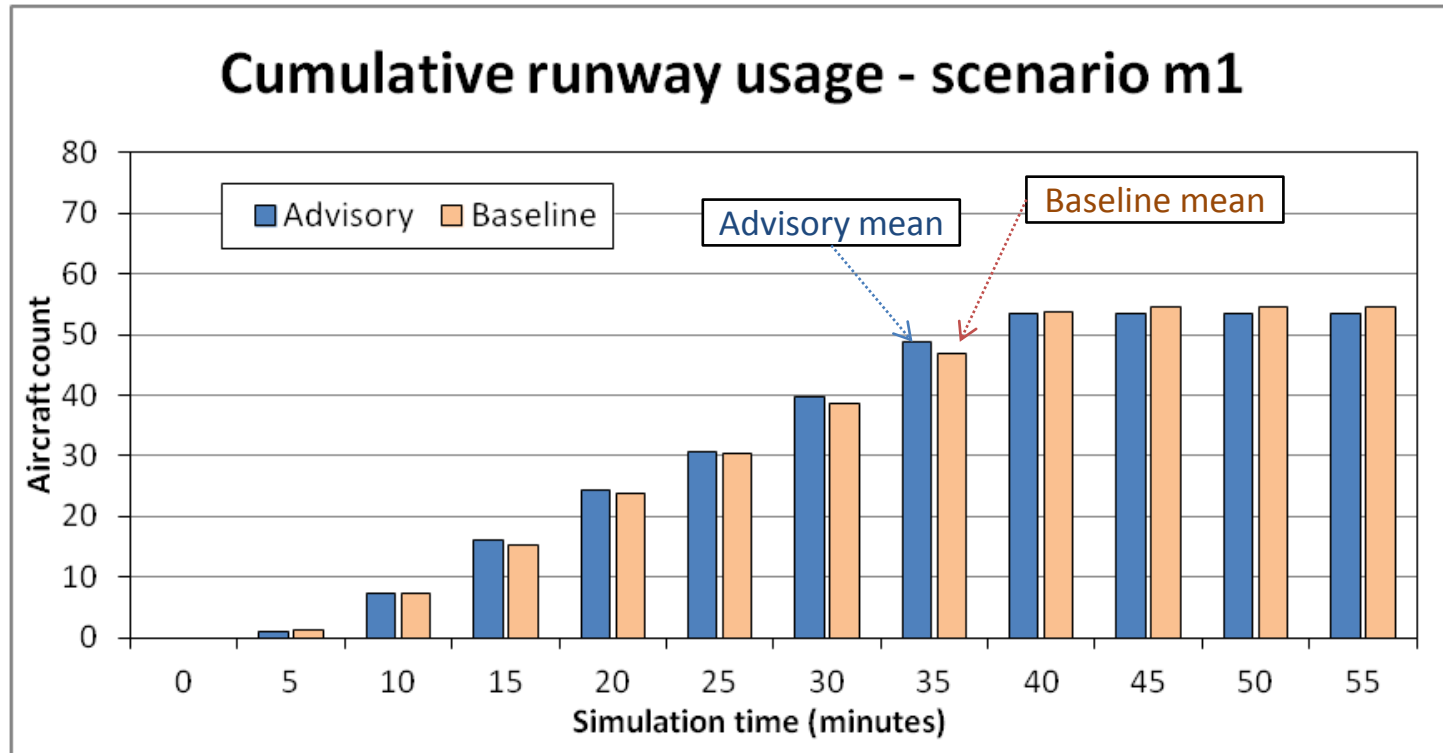
- Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?

Runway Usage Comparison



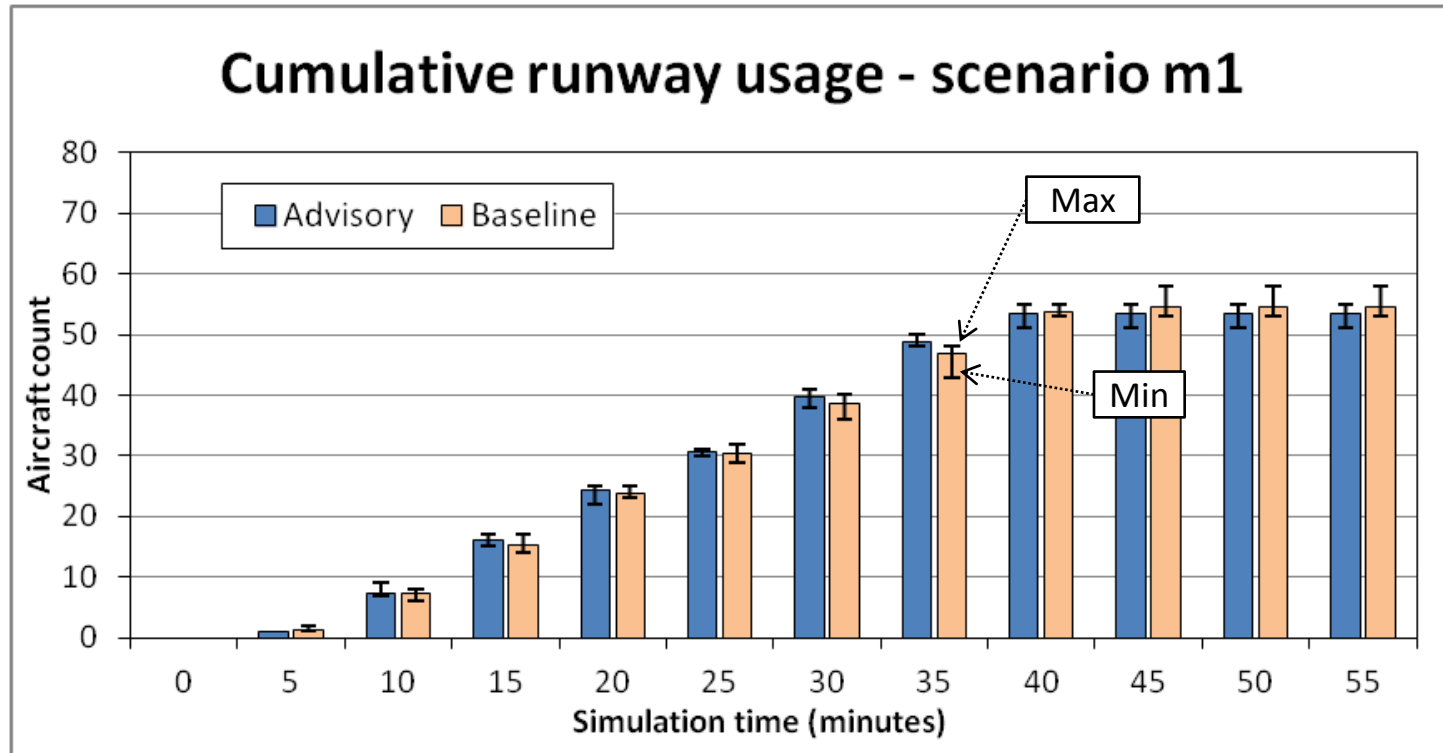
- Cumulative runway usage
 - Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings **till** a particular time
 - Calculated every 5 minutes
- Expectation: No reduction in runway usage with advisory

Runway Usage Comparison



Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings **till** a particular time

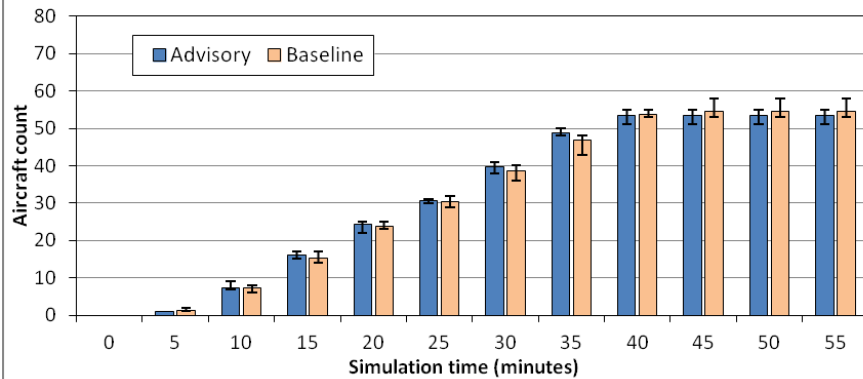
Runway Usage Comparison



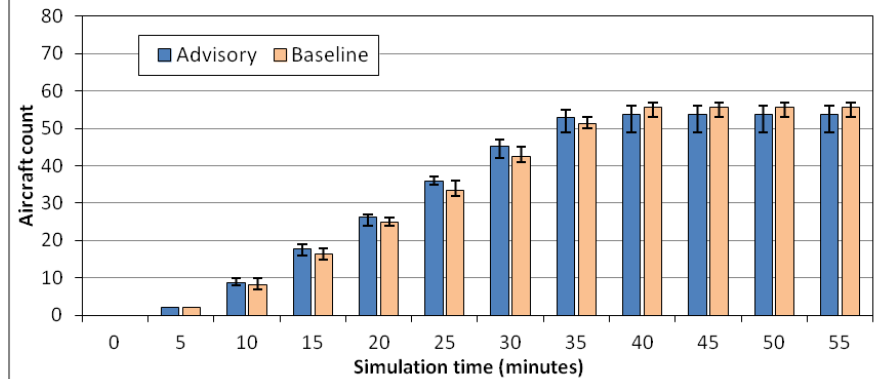
Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings **till** a particular time

Runway Usage Comparison

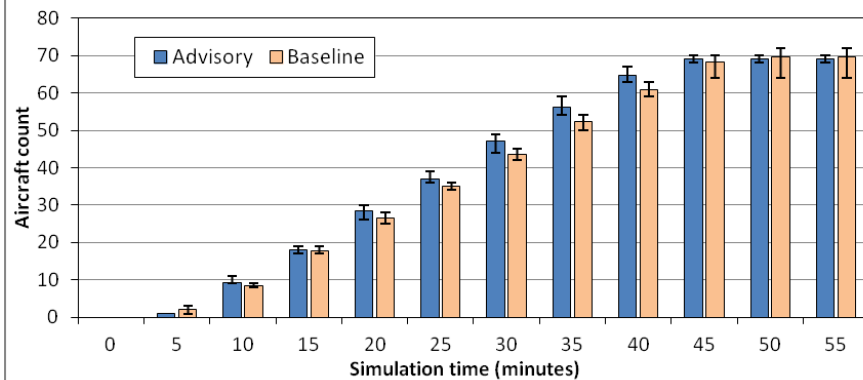
Cumulative runway usage - scenario m1



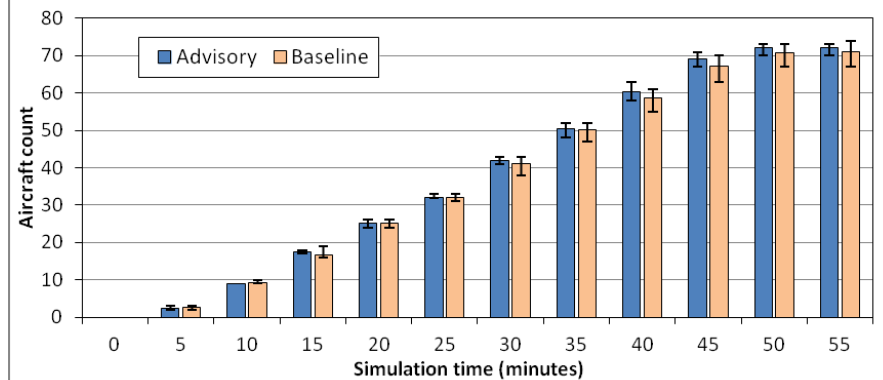
Cumulative runway usage - scenario m2



Cumulative runway usage - scenario h3



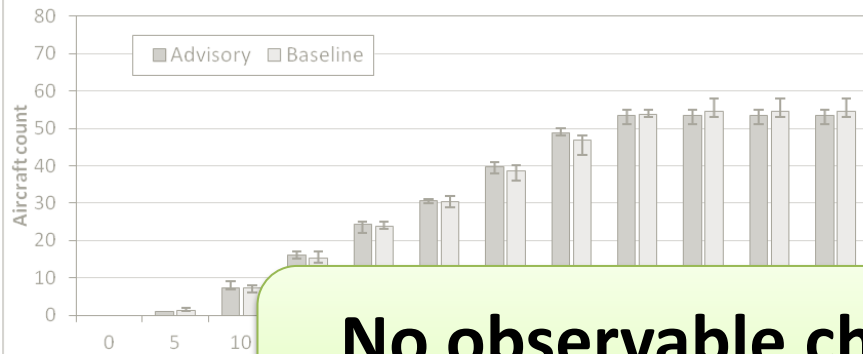
Cumulative runway usage - scenario h4



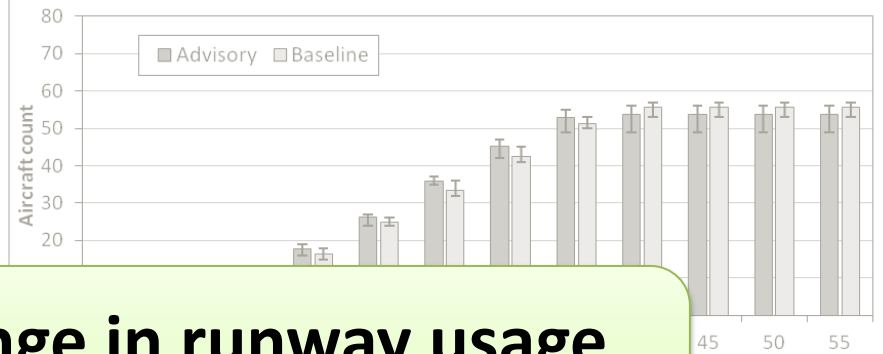
Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings **till** a particular time

Runway Usage Comparison

Cumulative runway usage - scenario m1

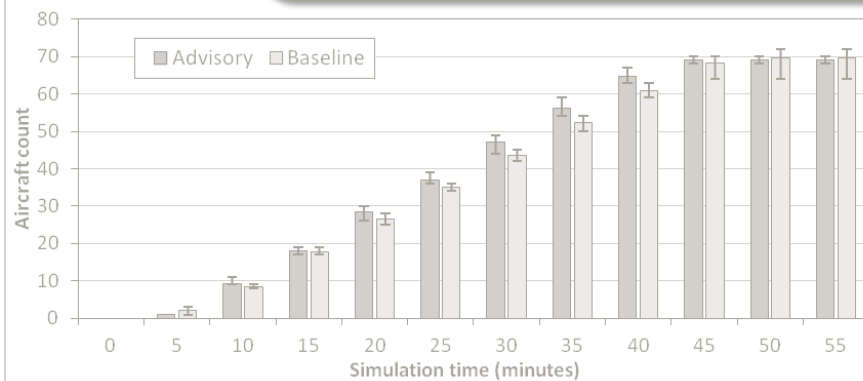


Cumulative runway usage - scenario m2

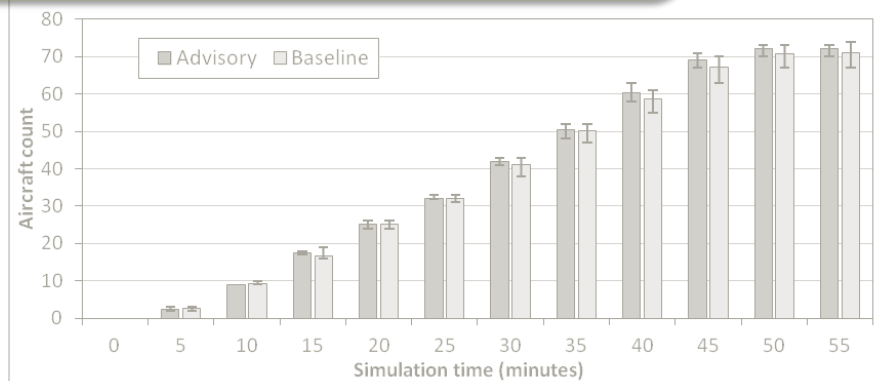


**No observable change in runway usage
with SARDA advisory**

Cumula



o h4



Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings till a particular time



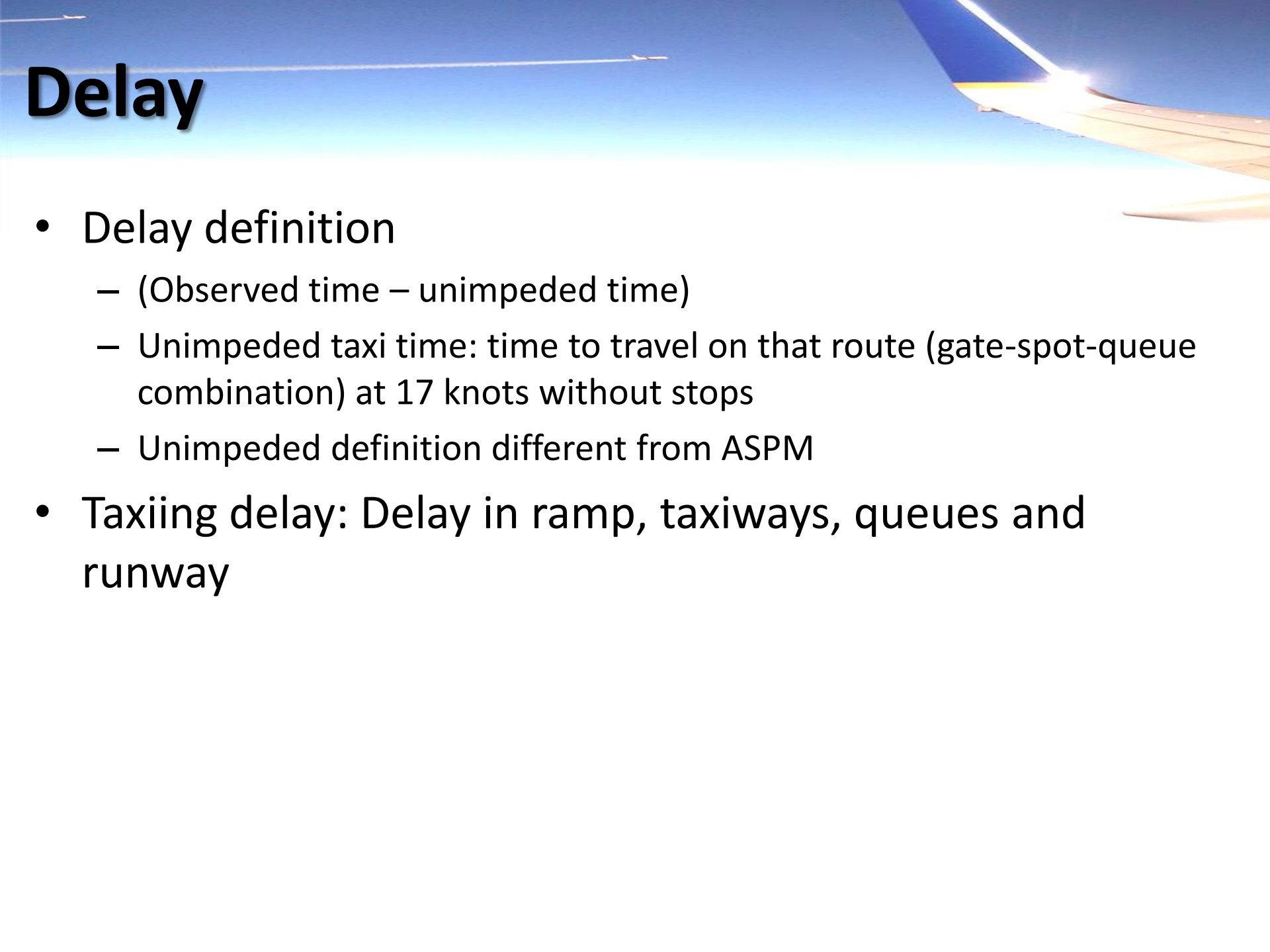
✓ Did SARDA reduce taxiing aircraft through gate holding?

✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?

- What are the benefits?

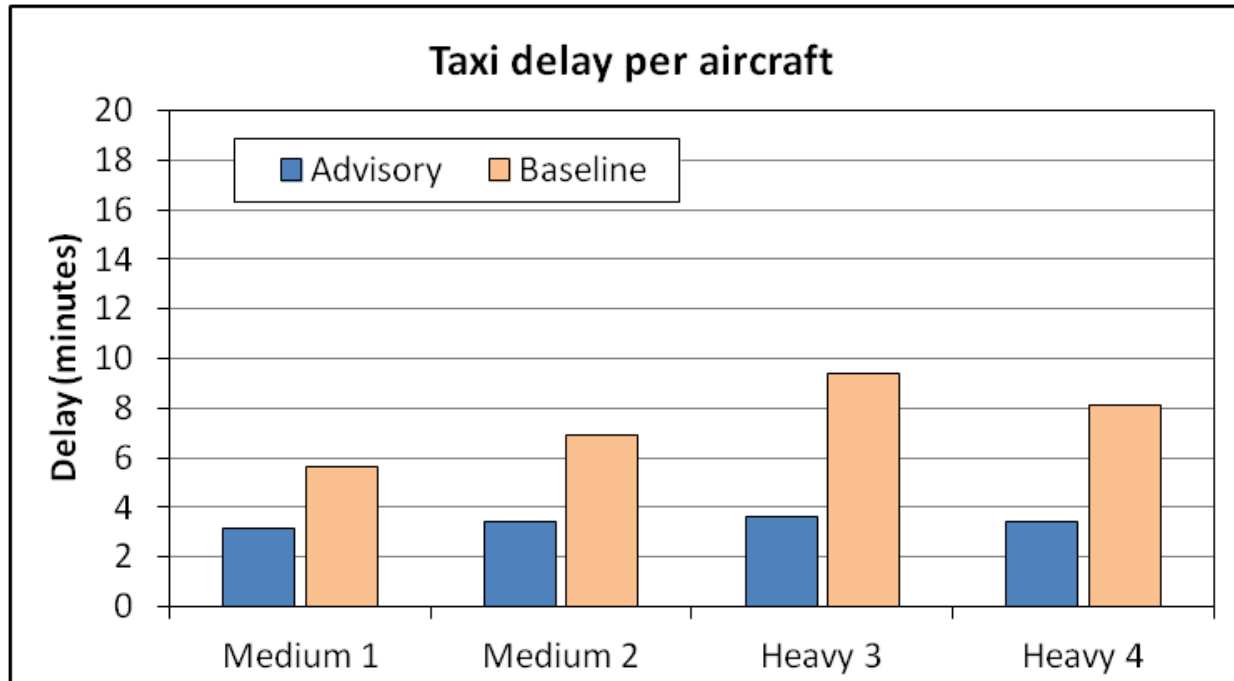
- Taxiing delay reduction
- Potential fuel savings

Delay



- Delay definition
 - (Observed time – unimpeded time)
 - Unimpeded taxi time: time to travel on that route (gate-spot-queue combination) at 17 knots without stops
 - Unimpeded definition different from ASPM
- Taxiing delay: Delay in ramp, taxiways, queues and runway

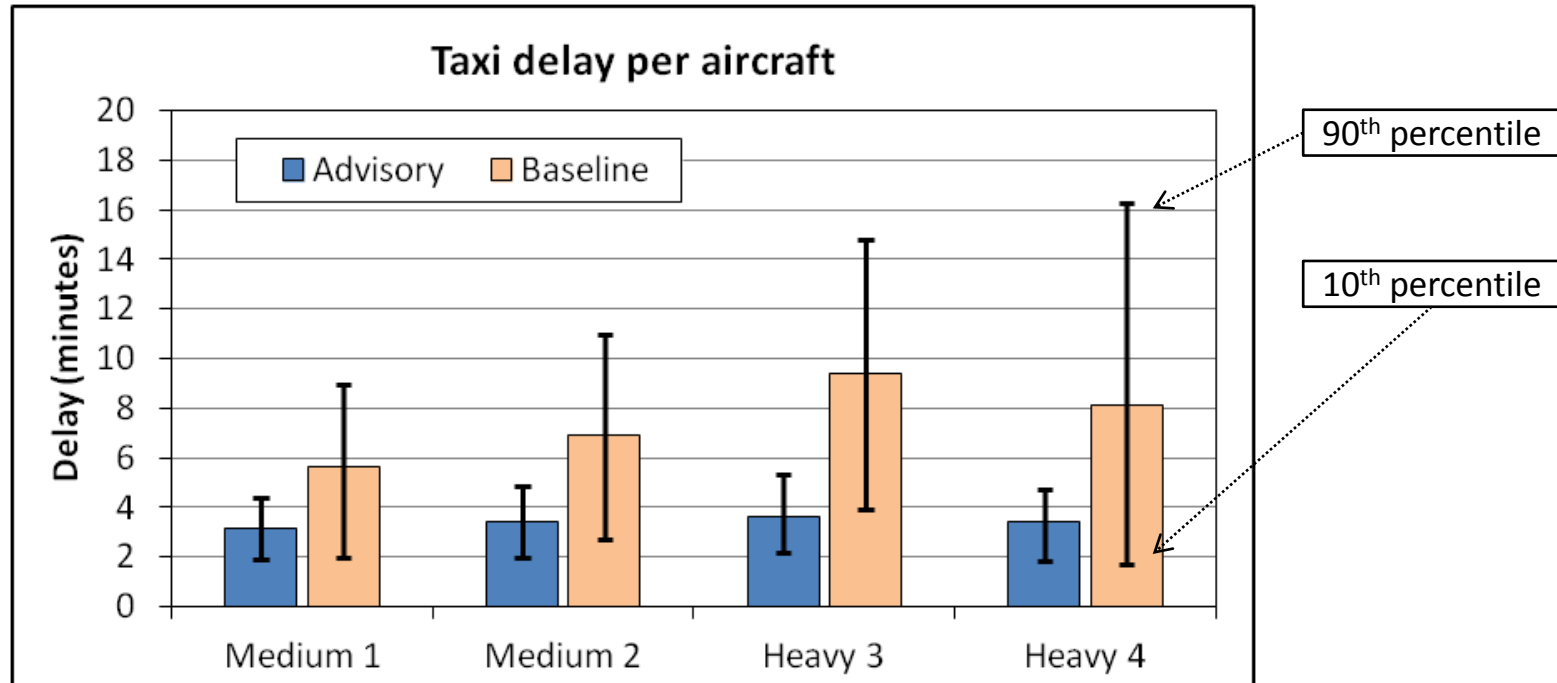
Taxiing Delay for Departures (ramp, taxiway, queue)



3 min reduction in medium (45%)

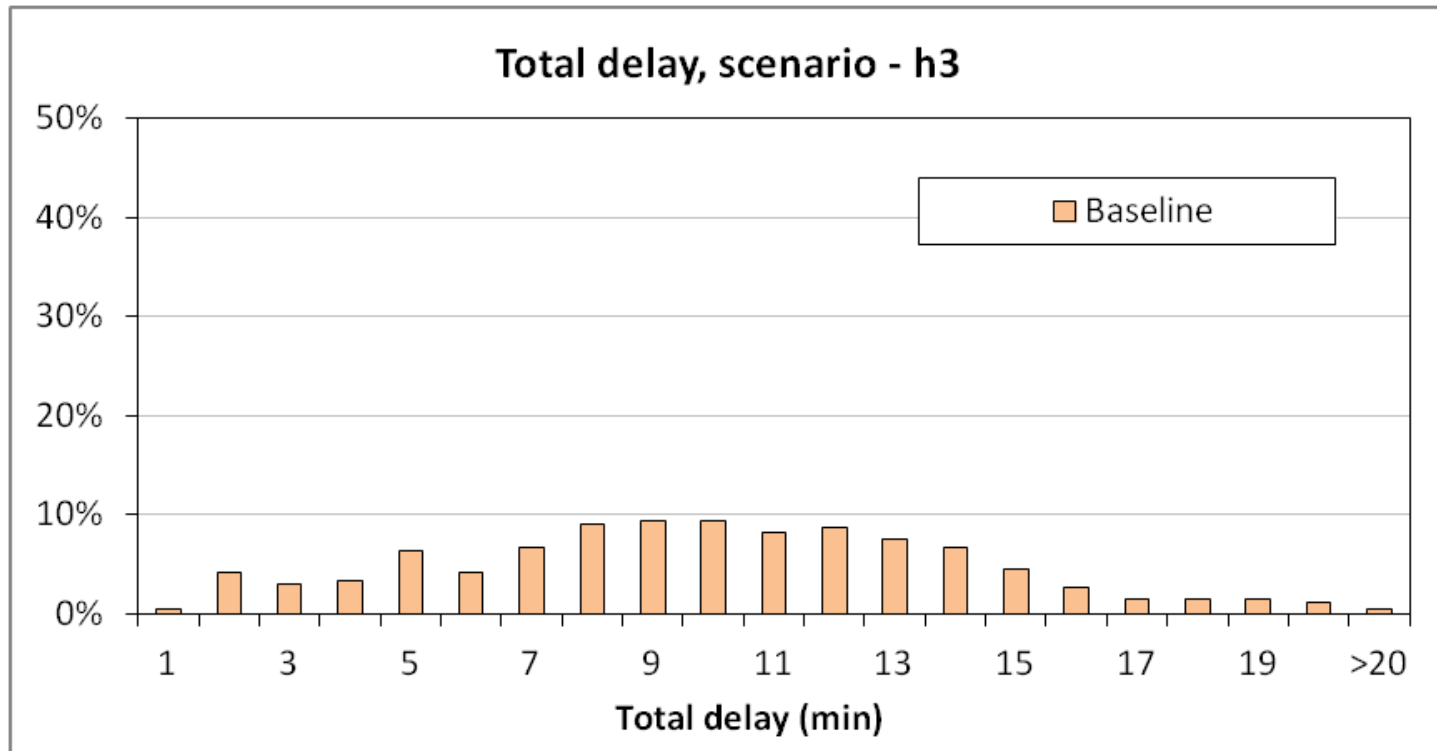
5.5 min reduction in heavy (60%)

Taxiing Delay for Departures (ramp, taxiway, queue)

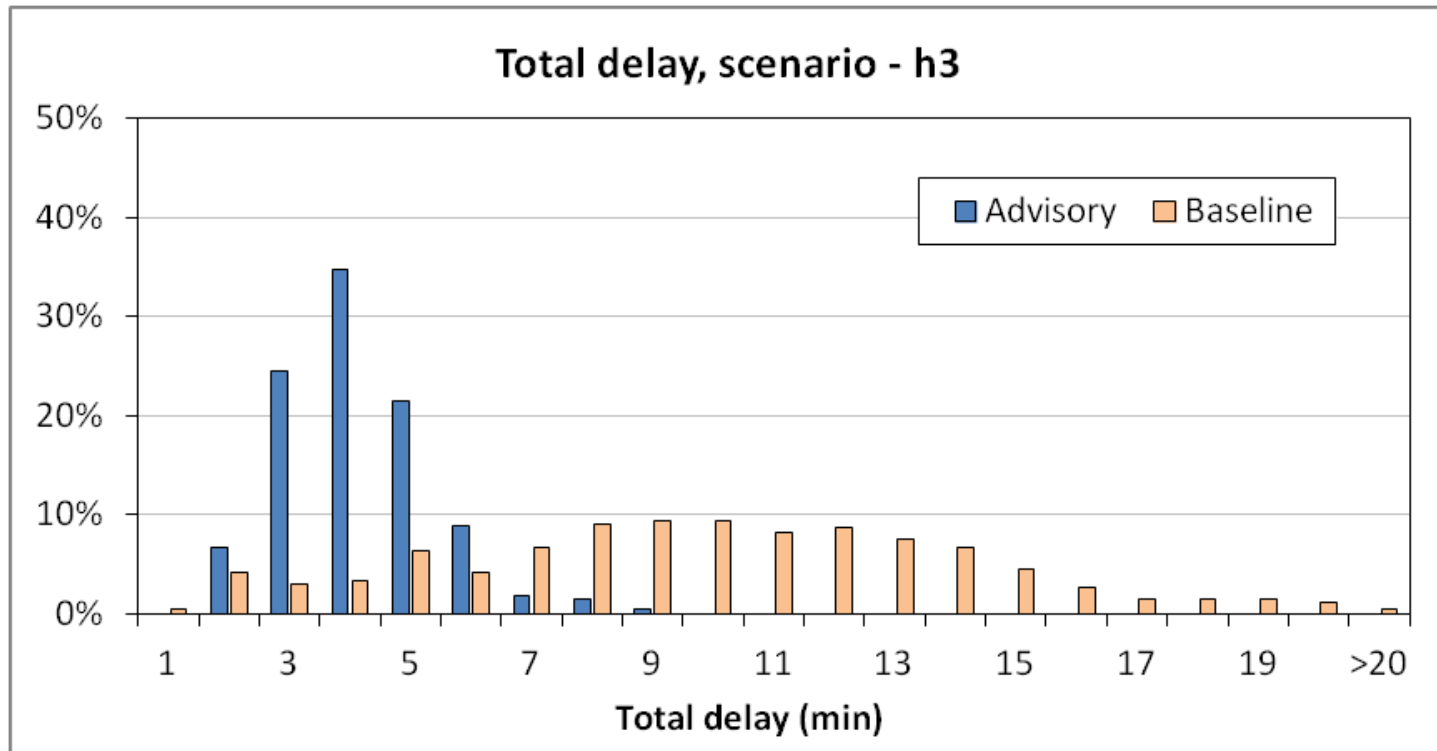


Mean and percentile over all aircraft for that scenario

Taxi Delay - Distribution

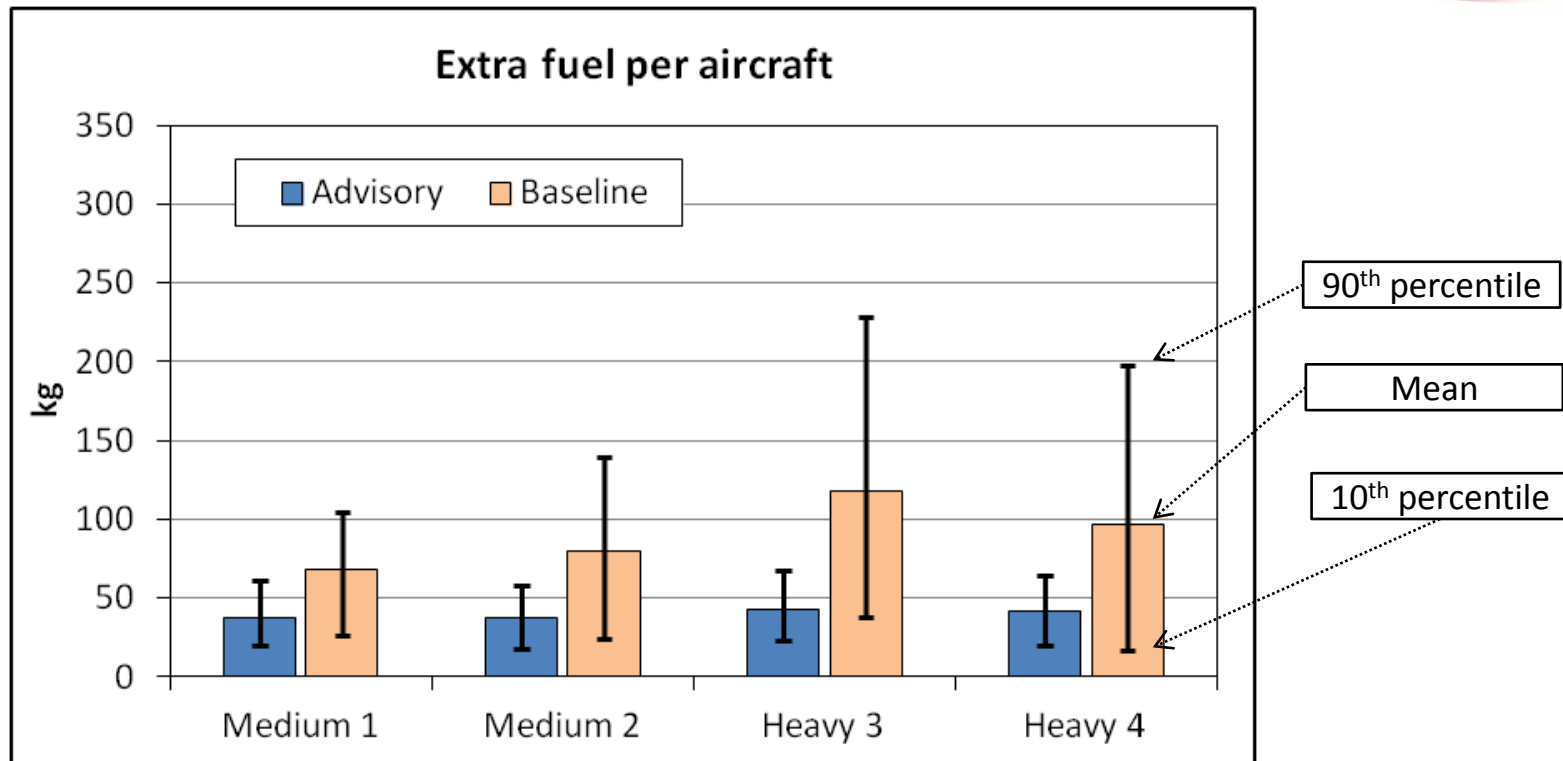


Taxi Delay - Distribution



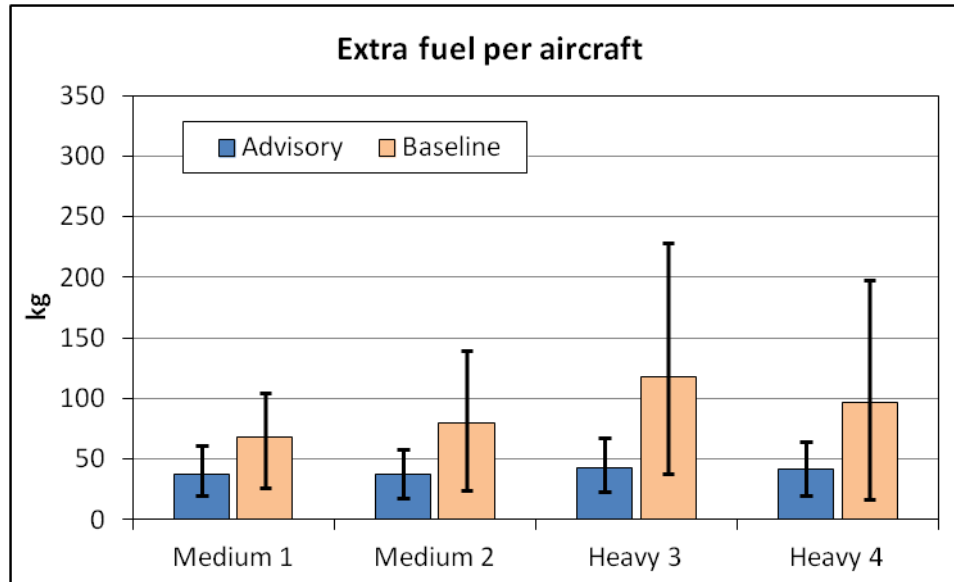
Large variation in delay in baseline

Fuel Consumption

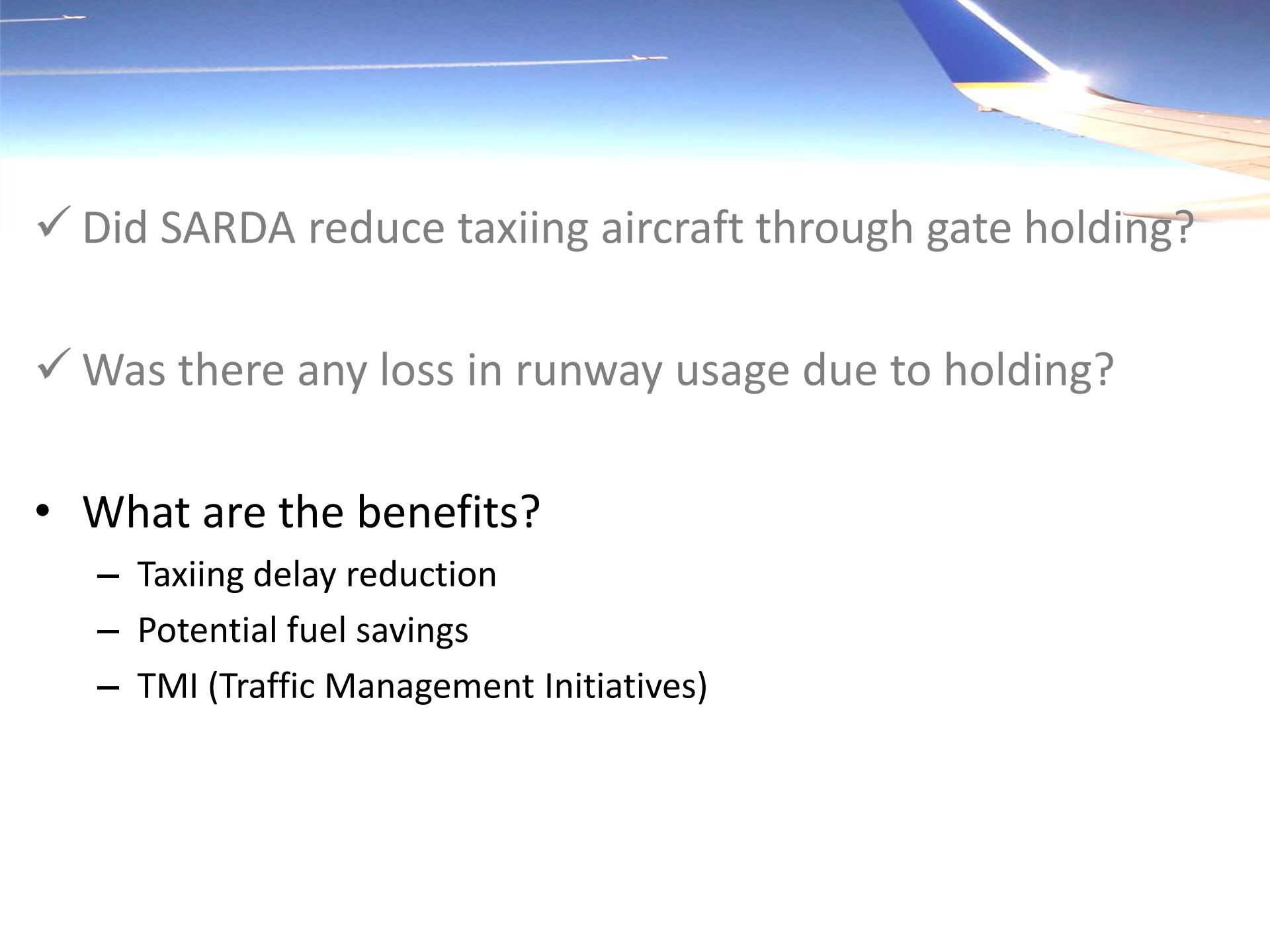


22% reduction in medium
34% reduction in heavy

Fuel Consumption



- 34% fuel savings = 70kg fuel per aircraft
- Daily operations: 6 peak periods of 50 aircraft each
- At \$3/gallon, annual savings: 6 million USD



✓ Did SARDA reduce taxiing aircraft through gate holding?

✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?

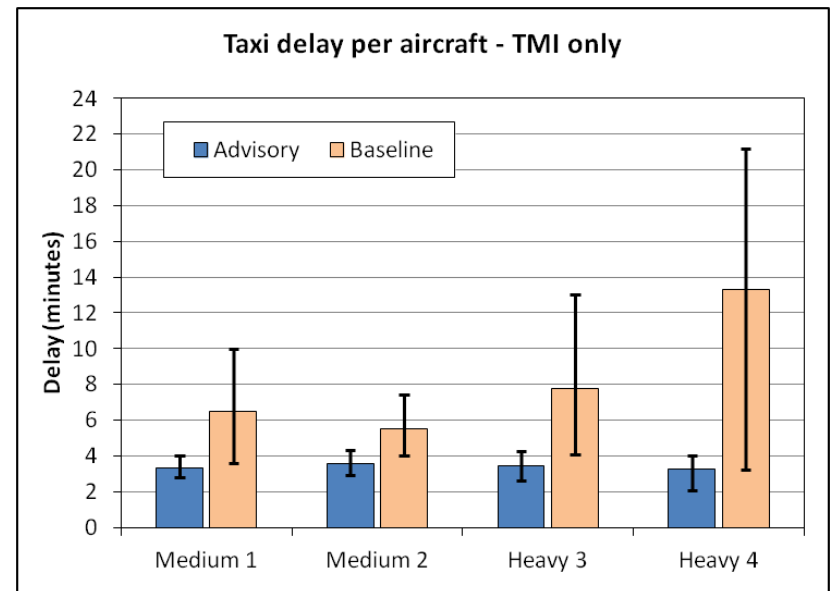
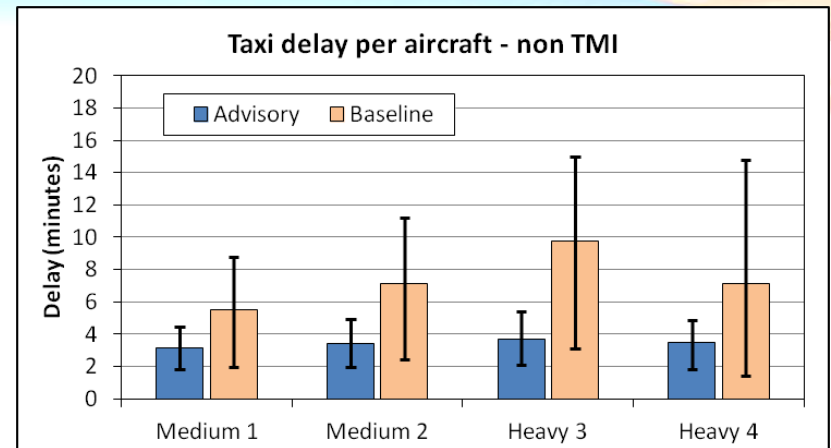
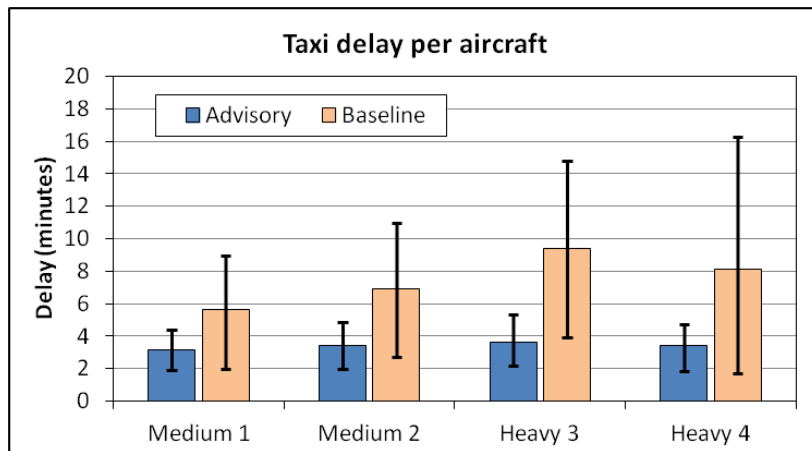
- What are the benefits?
 - Taxiing delay reduction
 - Potential fuel savings
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)

TMI

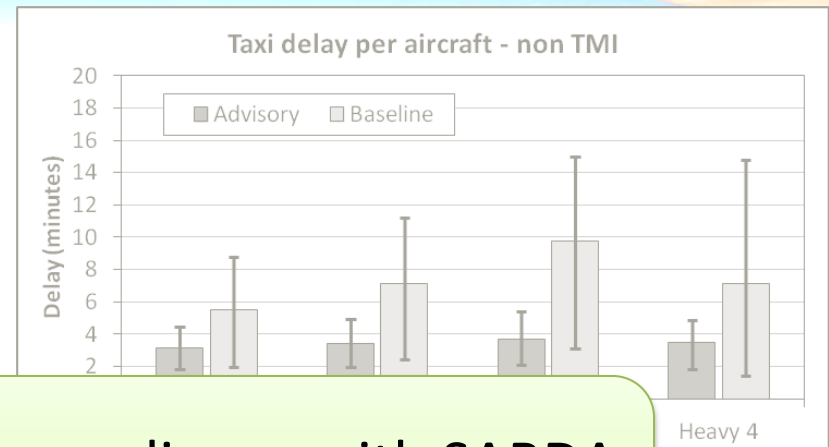
- Details
 - Each TMI aircraft has a scheduled take-off time (displayed in Electronic Flight Strips)
 - Aircraft should take off within 1 minute before or 1 minute after this time
 - If cannot be done, release as close to time as possible (no new TMI time issued)
- Compliance?

Scenario	Baseline	Advisory
m1	93%	100%
m2	100%	100%
h3	86%	100%
h4	93%	100%

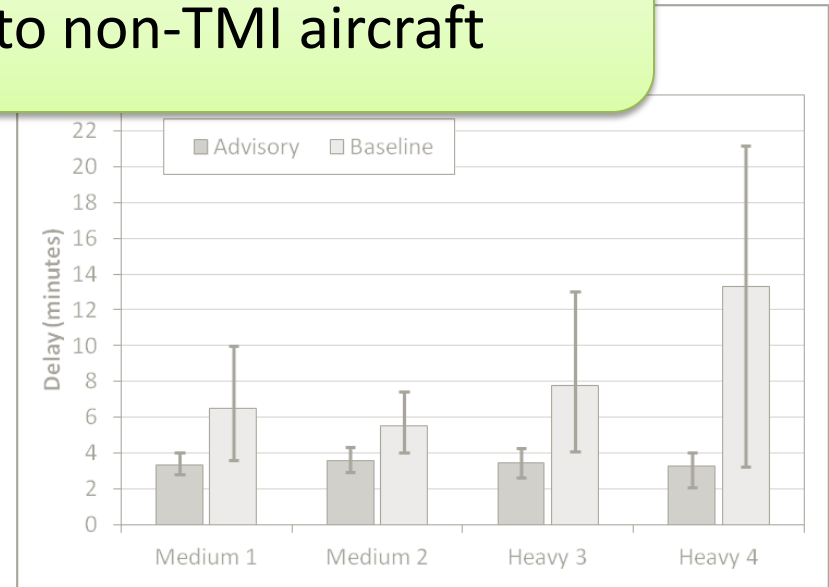
TMI

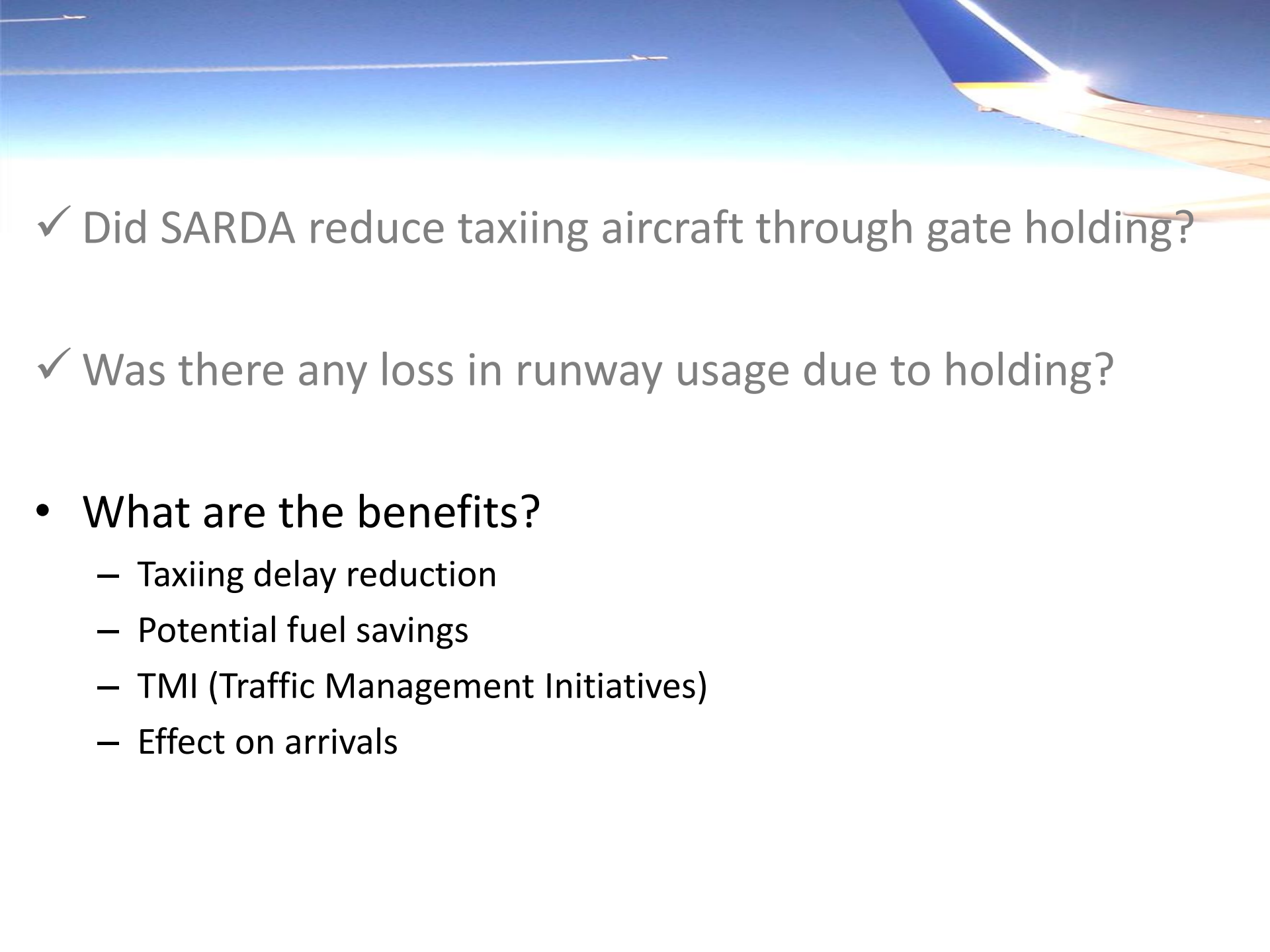


TMI



No observed change in TMI compliance with SARDA
but TMI delays similar to non-TMI aircraft



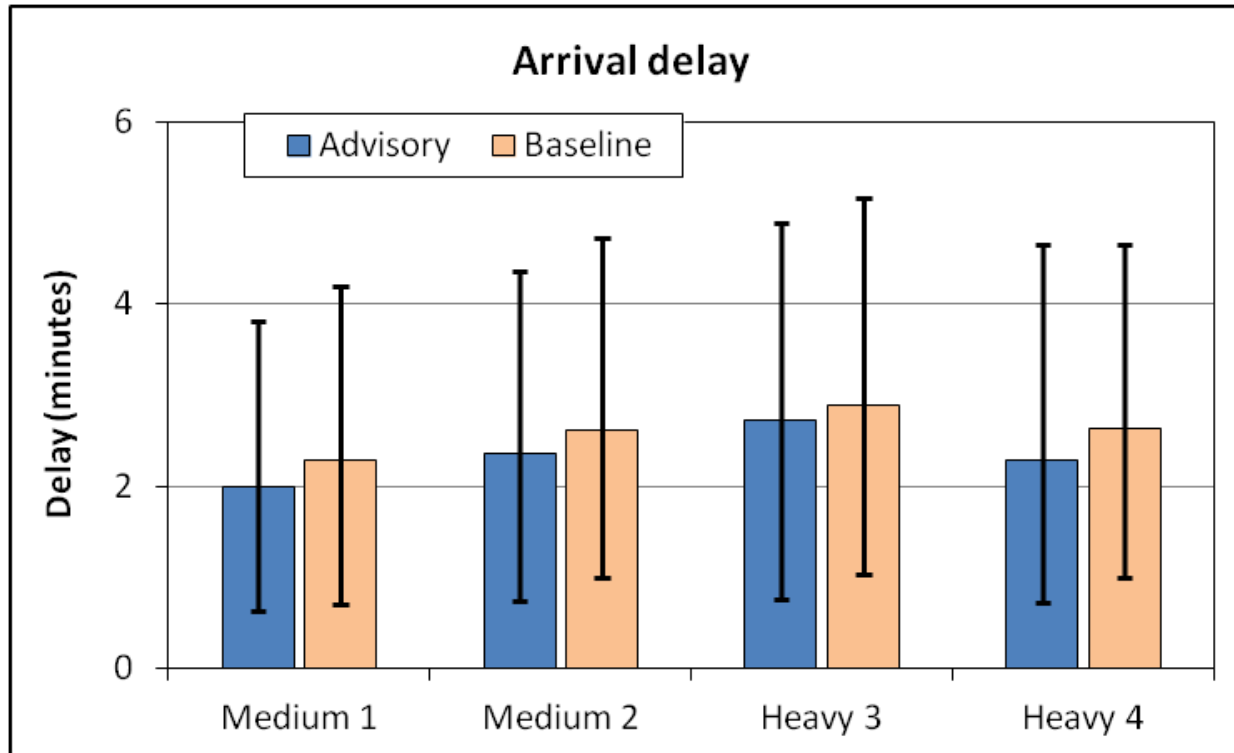


✓ Did SARDA reduce taxiing aircraft through gate holding?

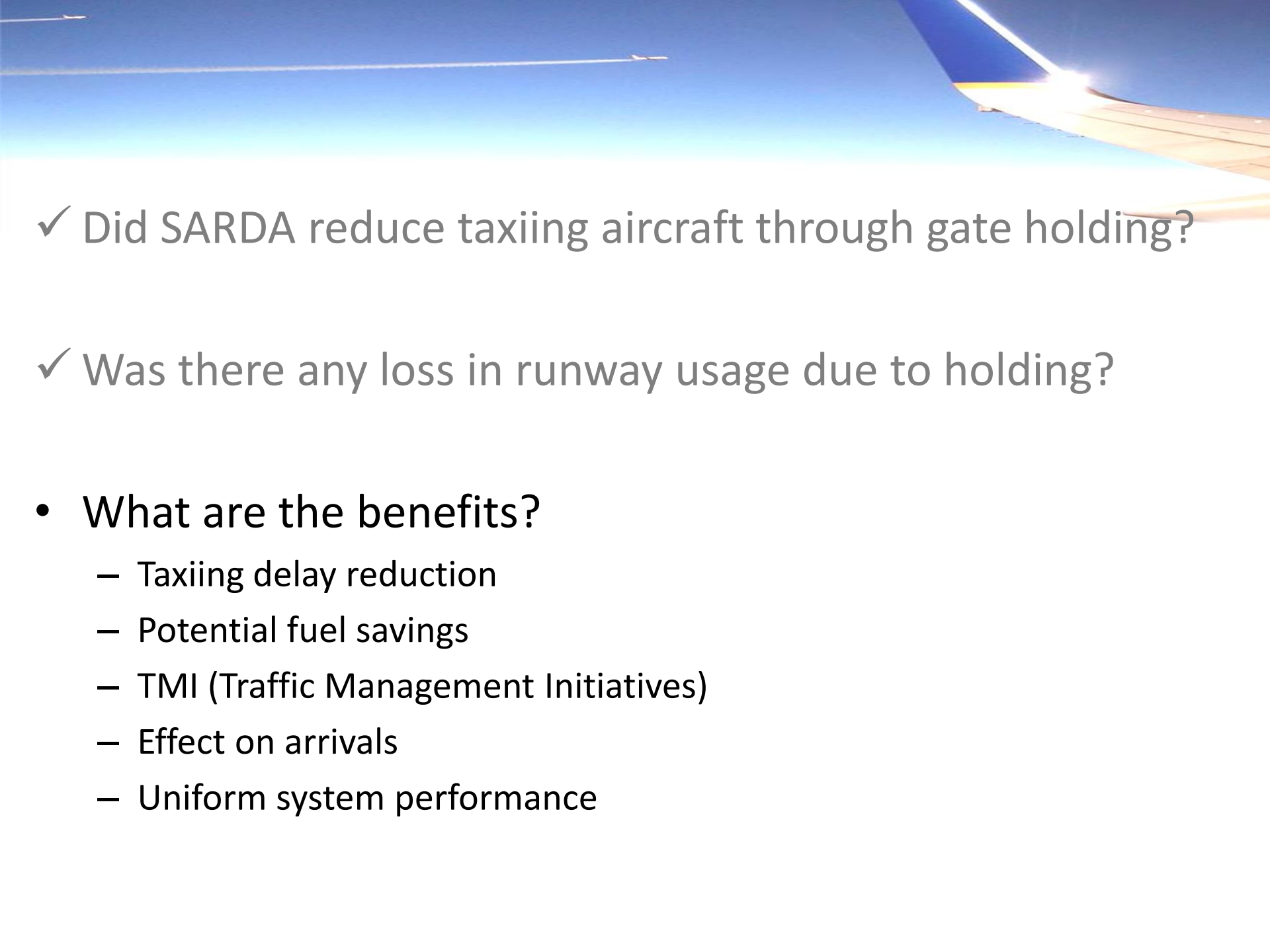
✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?

- What are the benefits?
 - Taxiing delay reduction
 - Potential fuel savings
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)
 - Effect on arrivals

Arrival Delay



No observed effect on arrival aircraft



✓ Did SARDA reduce taxiing aircraft through gate holding?

✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?

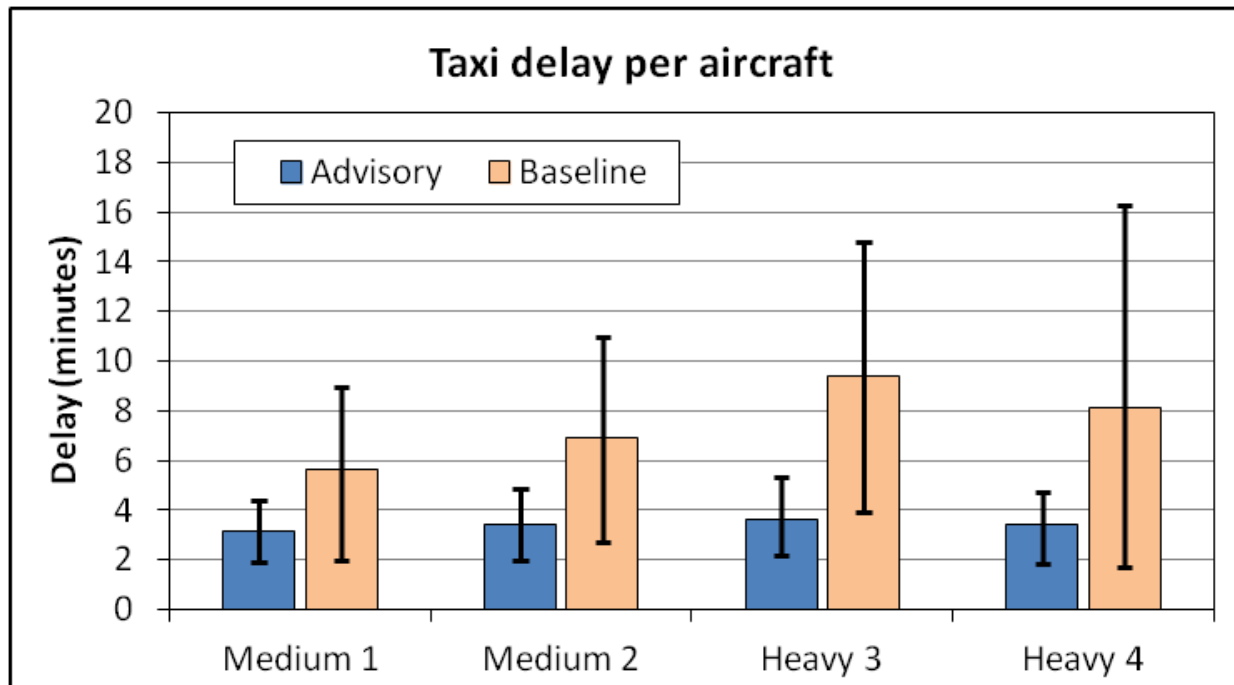
- What are the benefits?
 - Taxiing delay reduction
 - Potential fuel savings
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)
 - Effect on arrivals
 - Uniform system performance

Uniform System Performance

- SARDA advisories seem to make system performance
 - Uniform across different traffic levels

Uniform System Performance

- SARDA advisories seem to make system performance
 - Uniform across different traffic levels

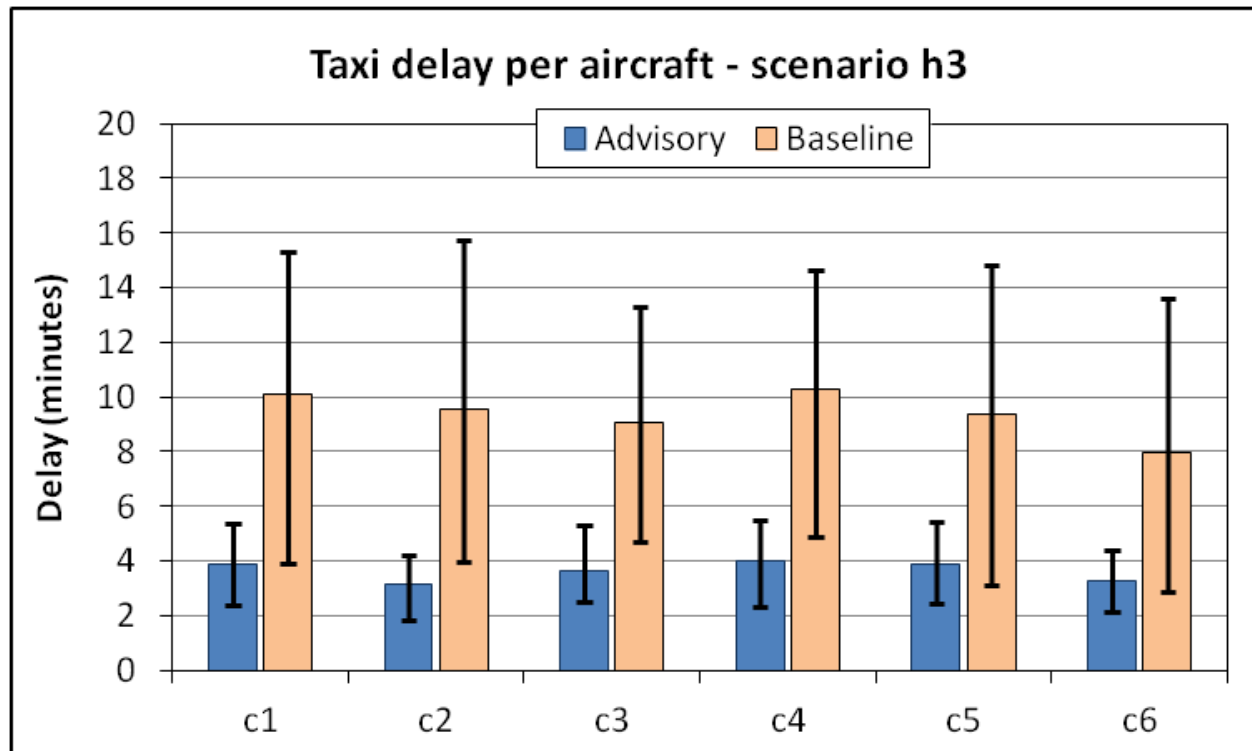


Uniform System Performance

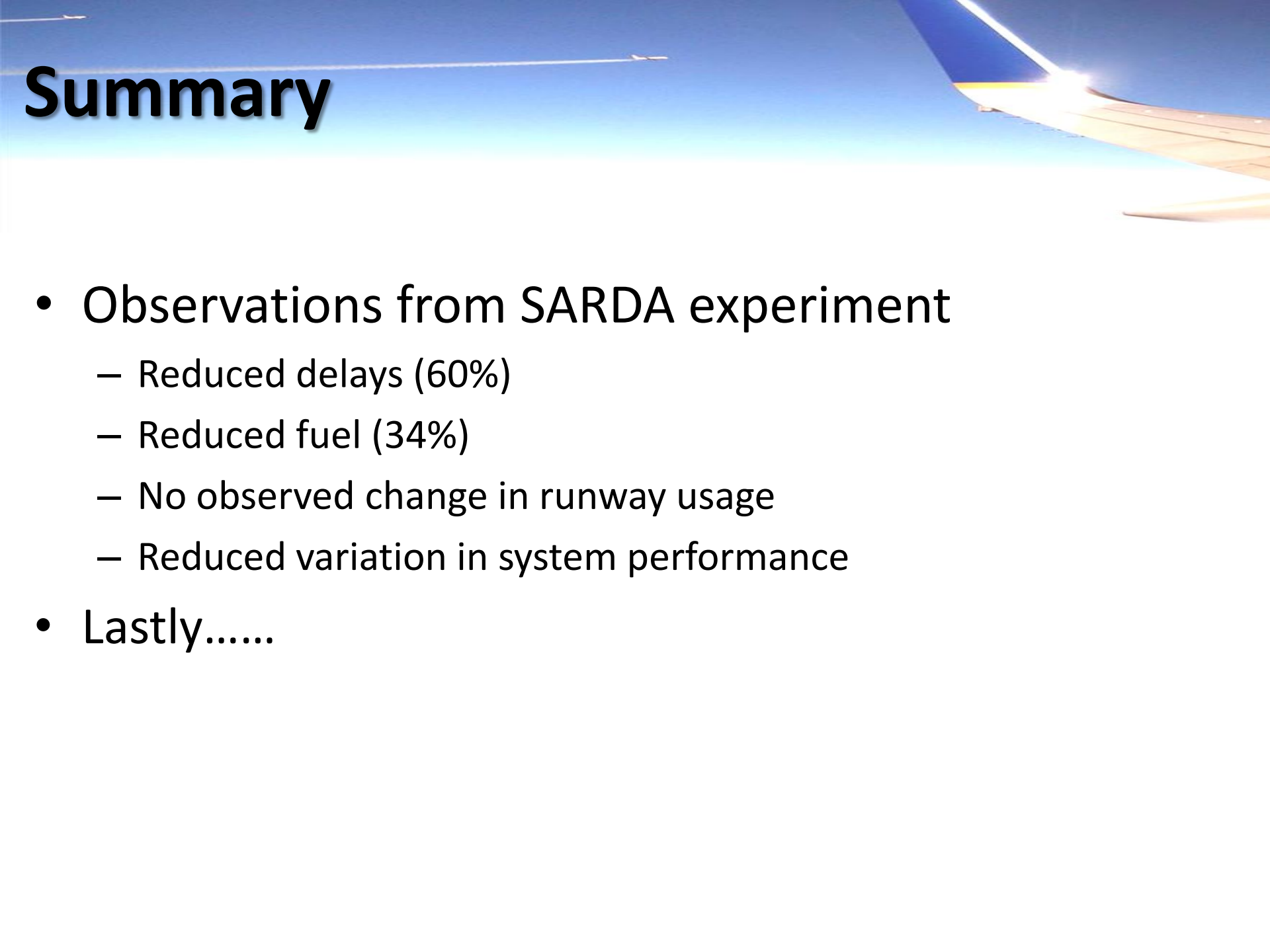
- SARDA advisories seem to make system performance
 - Uniform across different traffic levels
 - Uniform across different controllers

Uniform System Performance

- SARDA advisories seem to make system performance
 - Uniform across different traffic levels
 - Uniform across different controllers



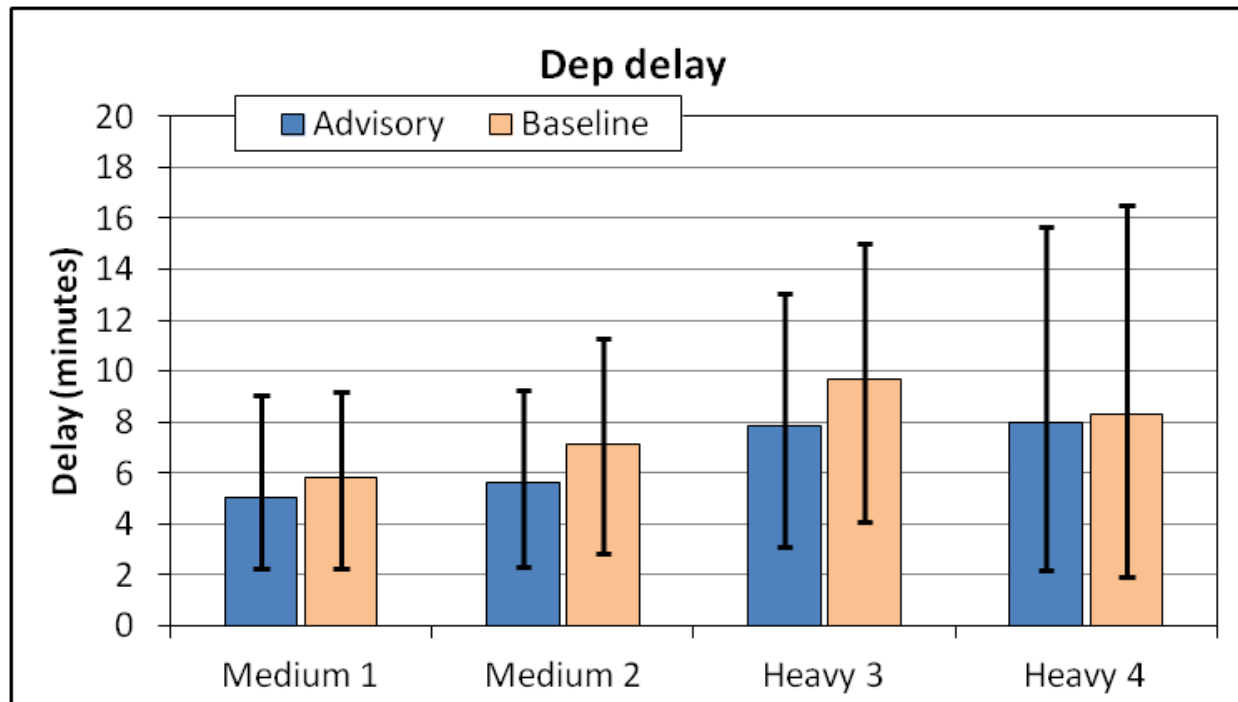
Summary



- Observations from SARDA experiment
 - Reduced delays (60%)
 - Reduced fuel (34%)
 - No observed change in runway usage
 - Reduced variation in system performance
- Lastly.....

Effect on Individual Aircraft

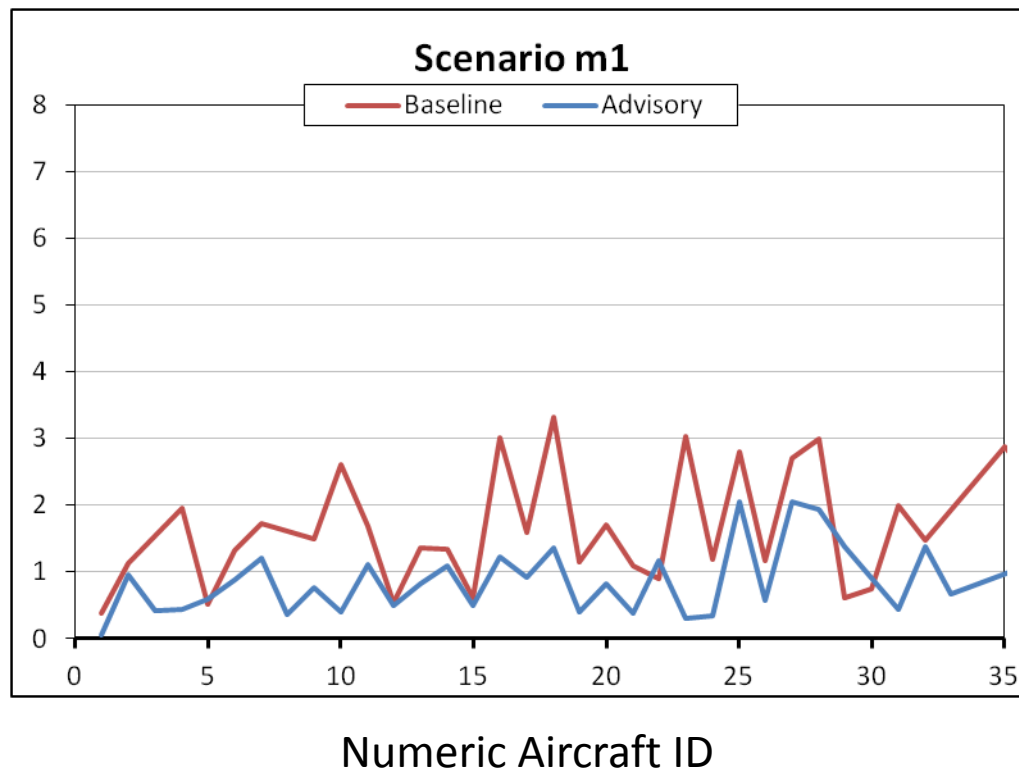
- SARDA gate holding: moves delay from runway to gate
 - Departure delay: Delay from scheduled wheels-off time



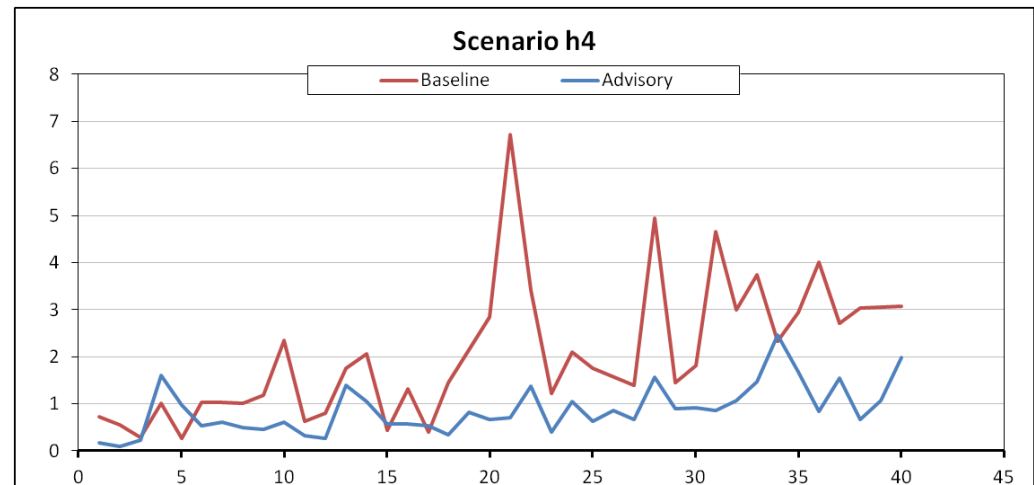
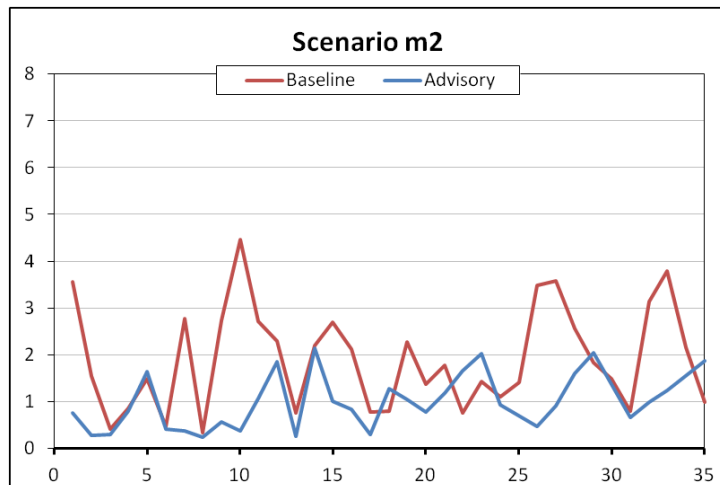
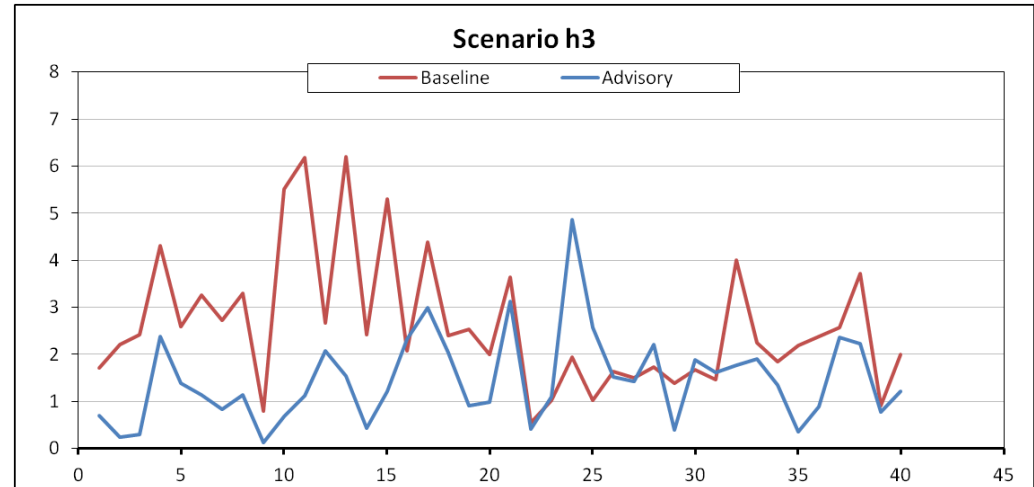
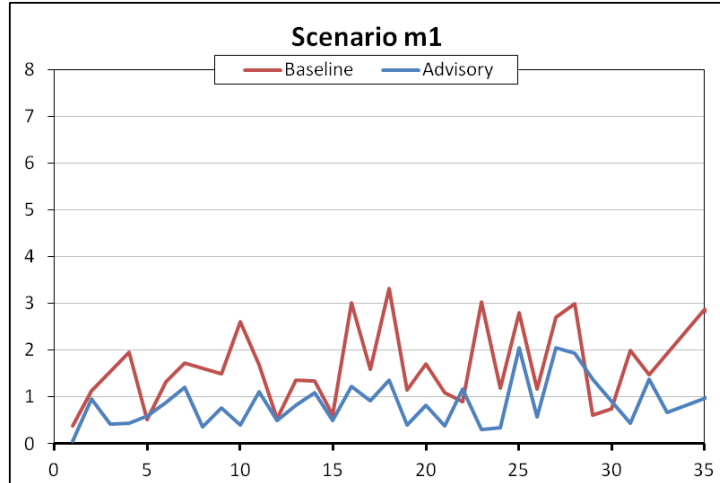
Effect on Individual Aircraft

- SARDA gate holding: moves delay from runway to gate
- Effect on individual aircraft take off time?
 - 6 runs per scenario in baseline and advisory
 - Std deviation of aircraft take off times over 6 points

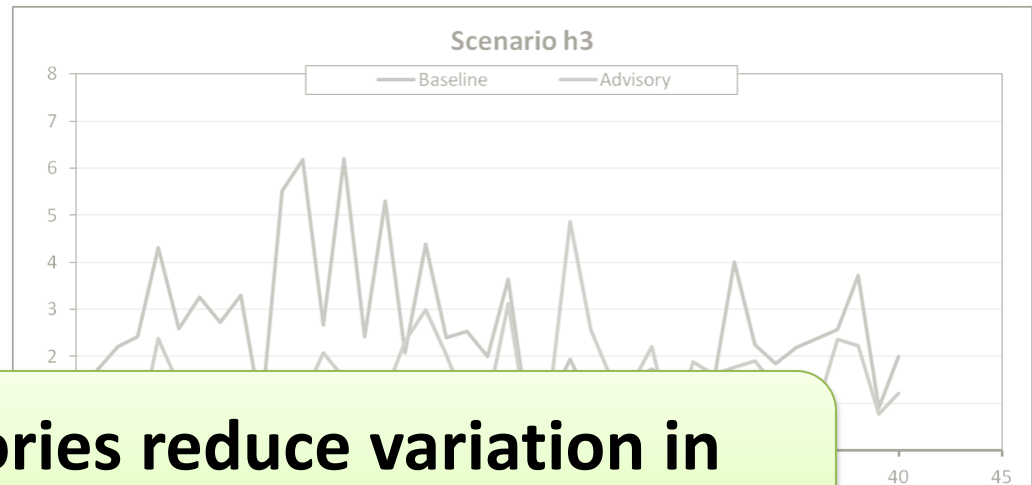
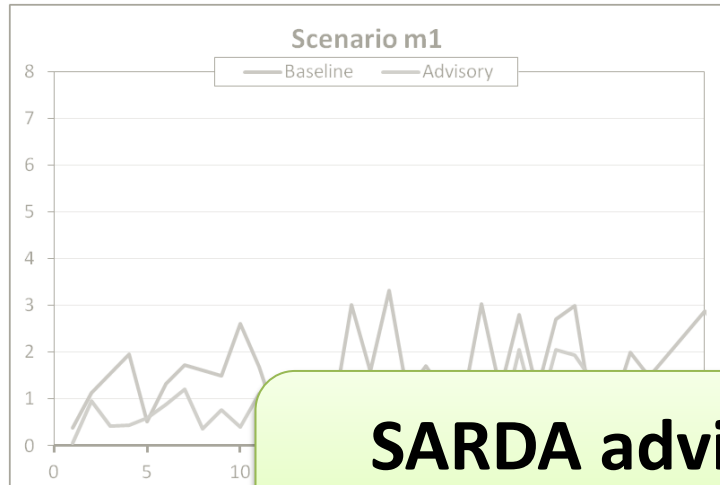
Std Dev in
aircraft
take-off
times
(min)



Effect on Individual Aircraft



Effect on Individual Aircraft



SARDA advisories reduce variation in individual aircraft take off times

