



Tolerance of Li-ion Pouch Cells to Varied Space Environment Pressures

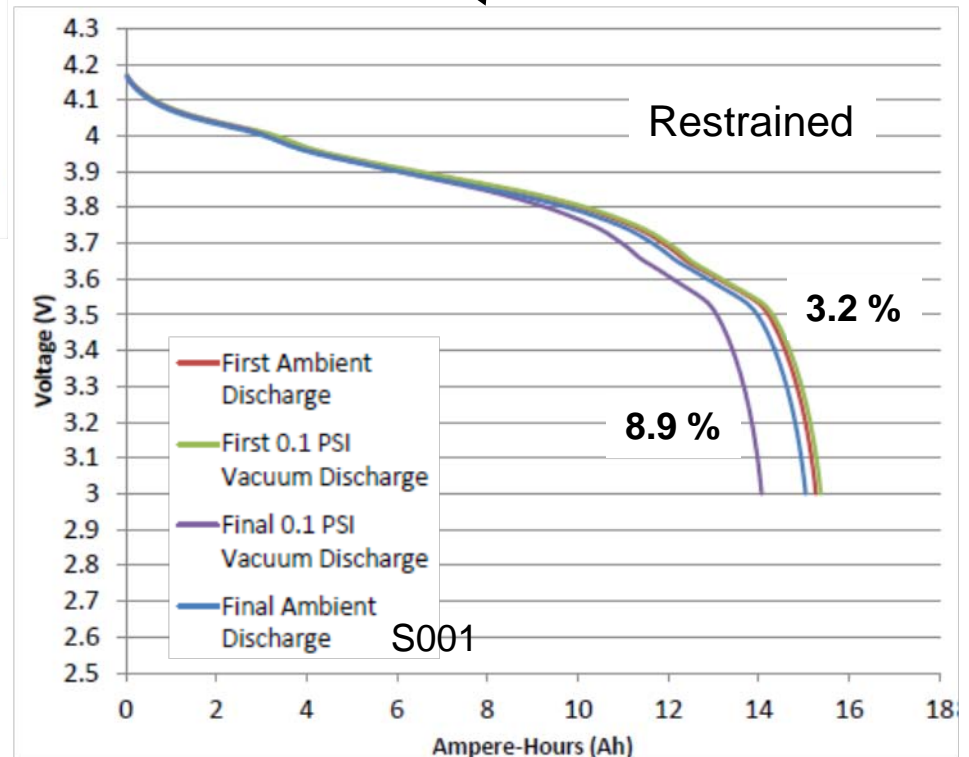
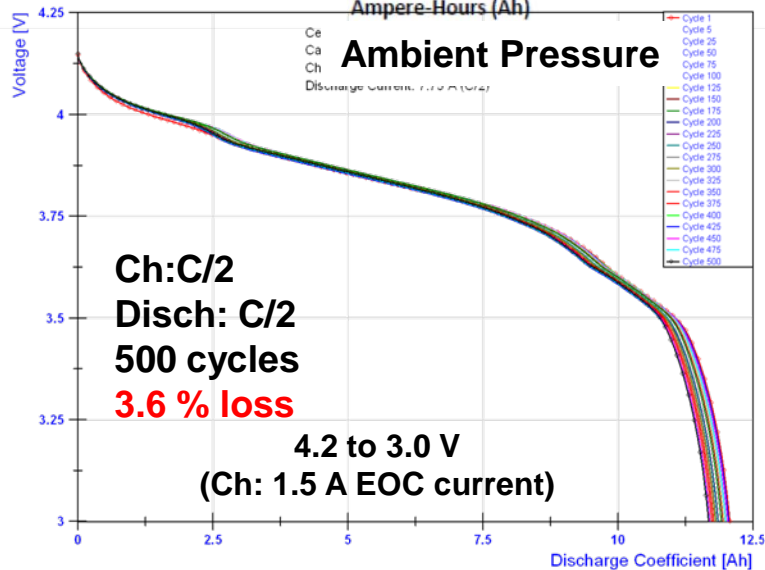
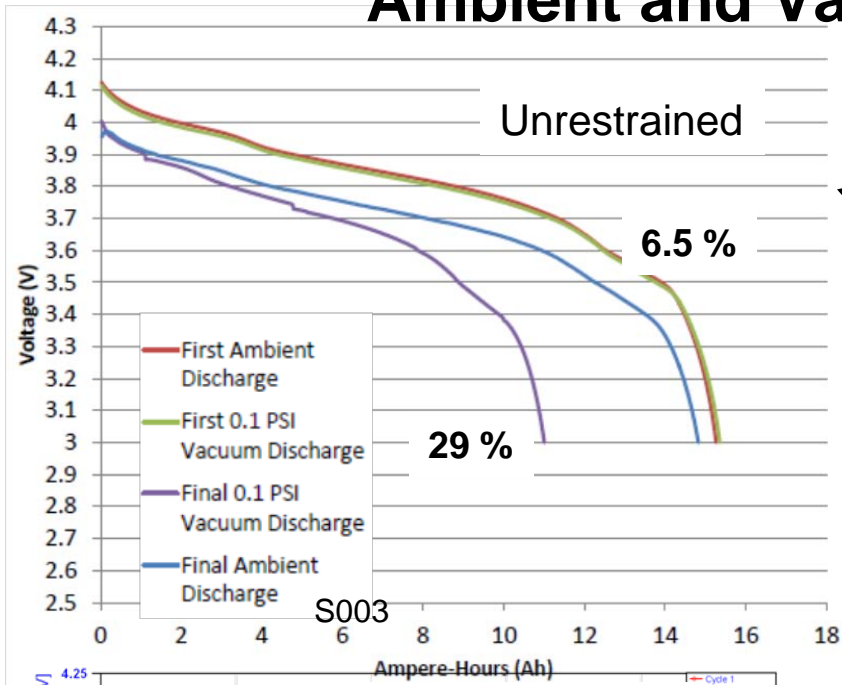
Judith Jeevarajan, Ph.D.
NASA-JSC, Houston, TX
Dec. 2012
Lithium Power 2012



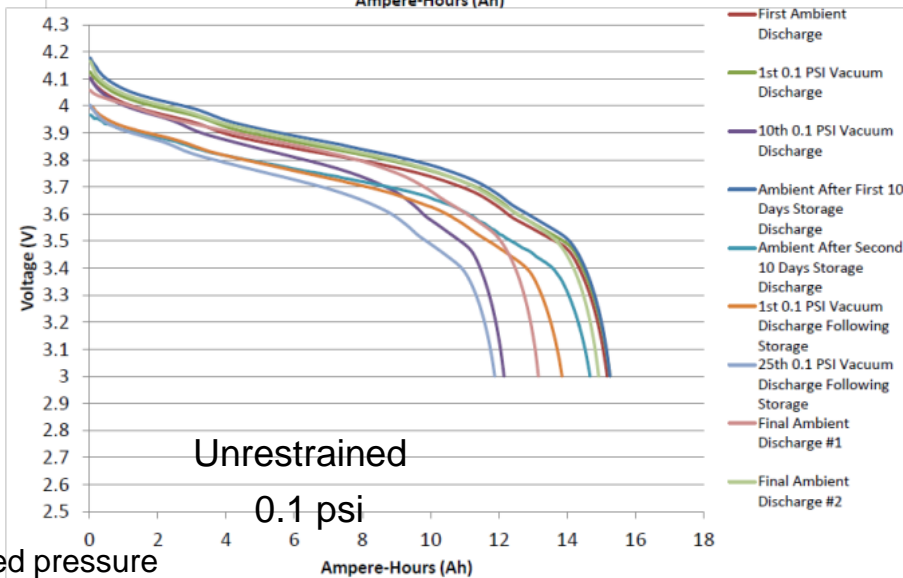
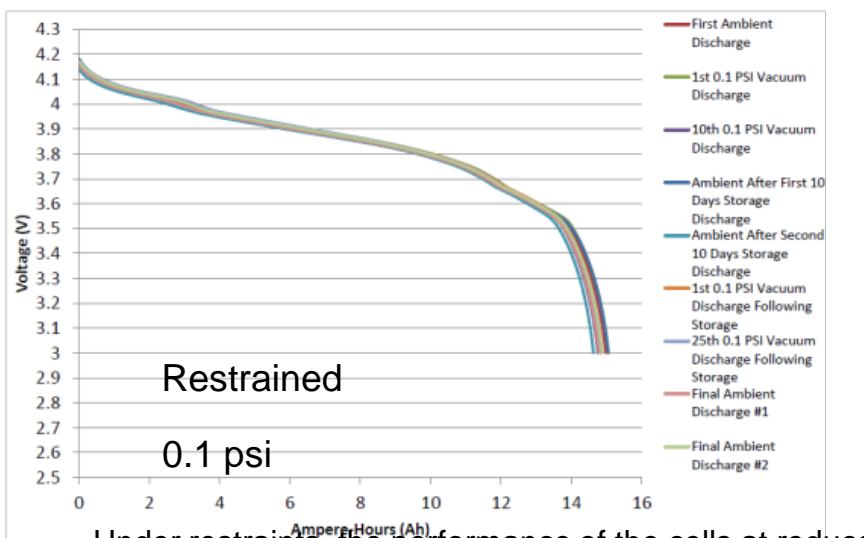
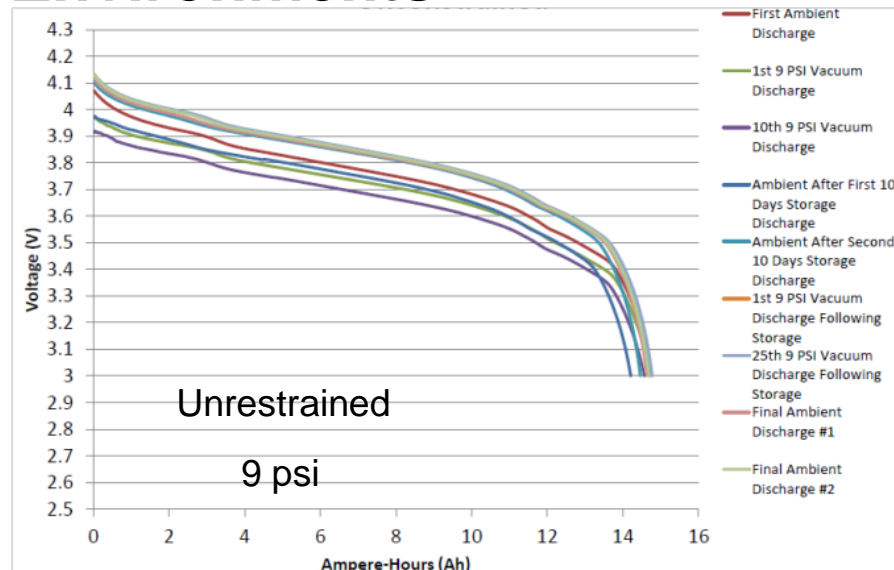
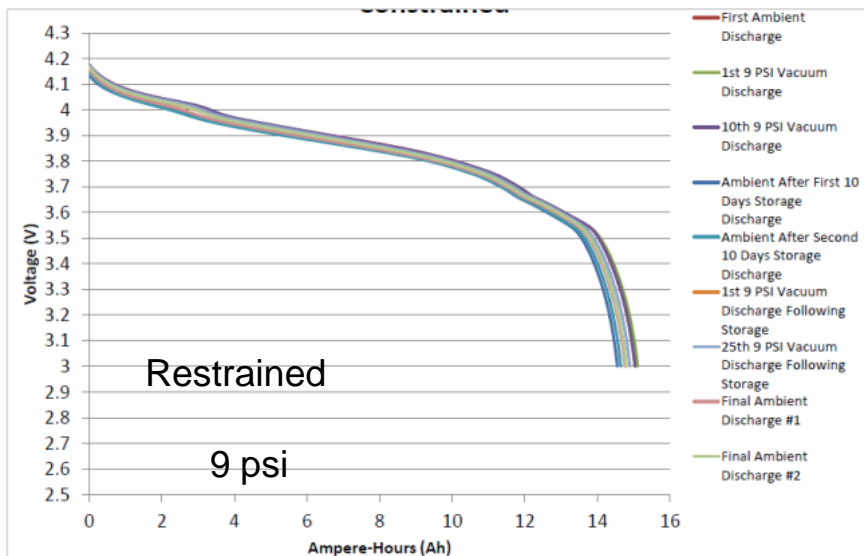
Background

- Commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) li-ion cells are frequently subjected to a standard set of tests to determine their performance and safety in order to add them to a database that allows users at NASA, specifically at Johnson Space Center, to choose cell designs for different applications.
- In recent years, Li-ion polymer cells in pouch format are used increasingly in portable equipment applications and are commonly being referred to as lithium polymer cells, although these cells are not of the true polymer types.
- Several Li-ion polymer or pouch cells have been tested at NASA-JSC in the past 15 years. Cells of this type have developed from being low rate (Ultralife, 1998) to medium rates (Valence, Samsung, Kokam, etc. ~2005) and then on to high energy and high rates (~2010-).
- Testing of these li-ion polymer cells have shown that long term storage as well as vacuum exposures cause swelling of the pouch; there is also a variance in their safety characteristics under off-nominal conditions.
- Recent test programs at NASA-JSC have focused on testing the li-ion polymer cells for their safety as well as their performance under different rates and temperatures, and in addition to this, under vacuum and reduced pressure conditions.
- The most recent tests included cells of the following types:
 - SKC 15 Ah (high-rate capability)
 - Tenergy 6 Ah (medium rate medium energy density)
 - Altairnano 13 Ah (nanotitanate anode with high rate capability)
 - Wanma 5 Ah (medium rate medium energy density)
 - iPad Battery ~4.0 Ah
 - GMB 3.9 Ah
 - Kokam 5.0 Ah

SKC 15 Ah Li-ion Cell with Continuous Cycling Under Ambient and Vacuum Environments

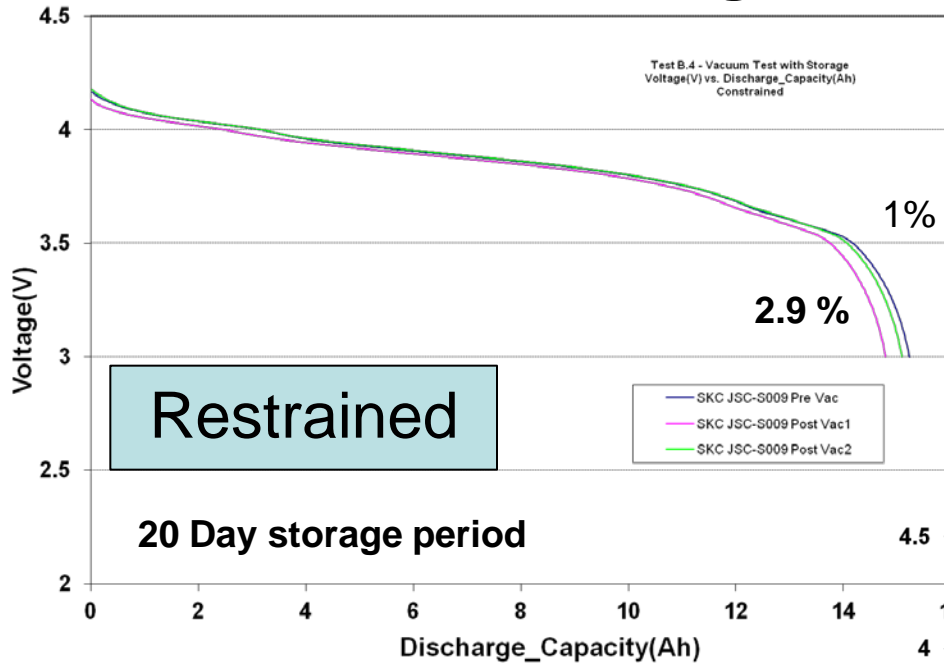


SKC 15 Ah Li-ion Cell with Cycling Under Low Pressure and Vacuum Environments

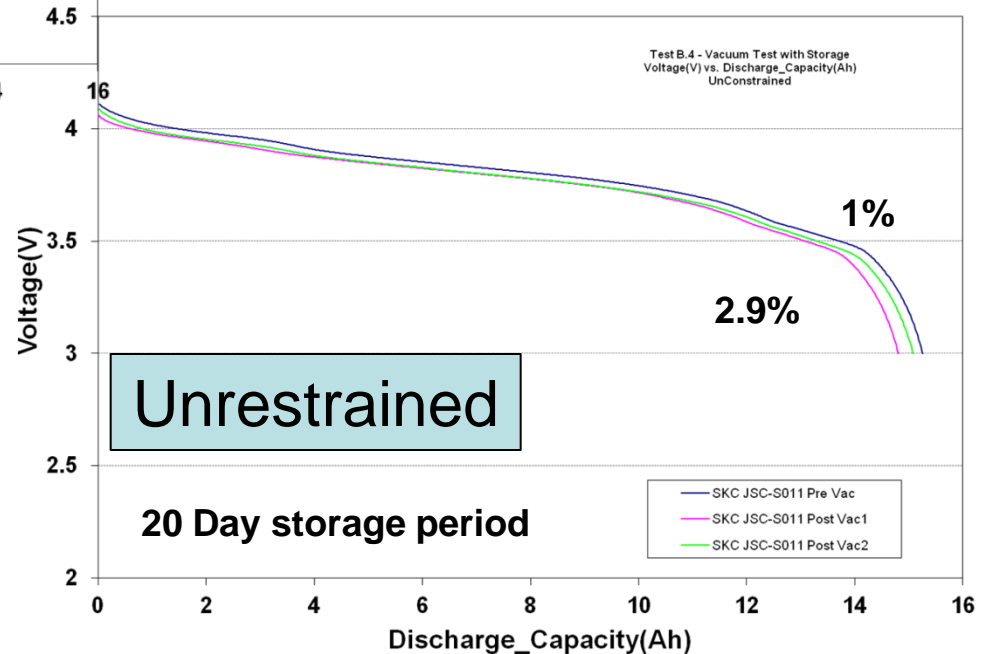


Under restraints, the performance of the cells at reduced pressure and vacuum remains similar. The performance for both without cell restraints is very poor

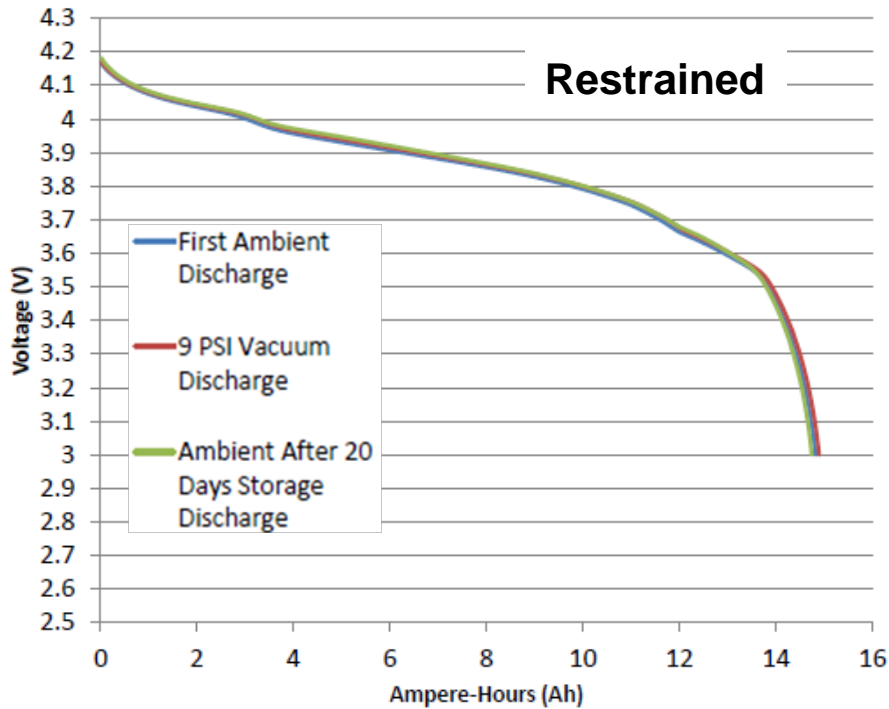
SKC Li-ion Cell Performance After Charge Under Vacuum and Storage at Ambient Pressure



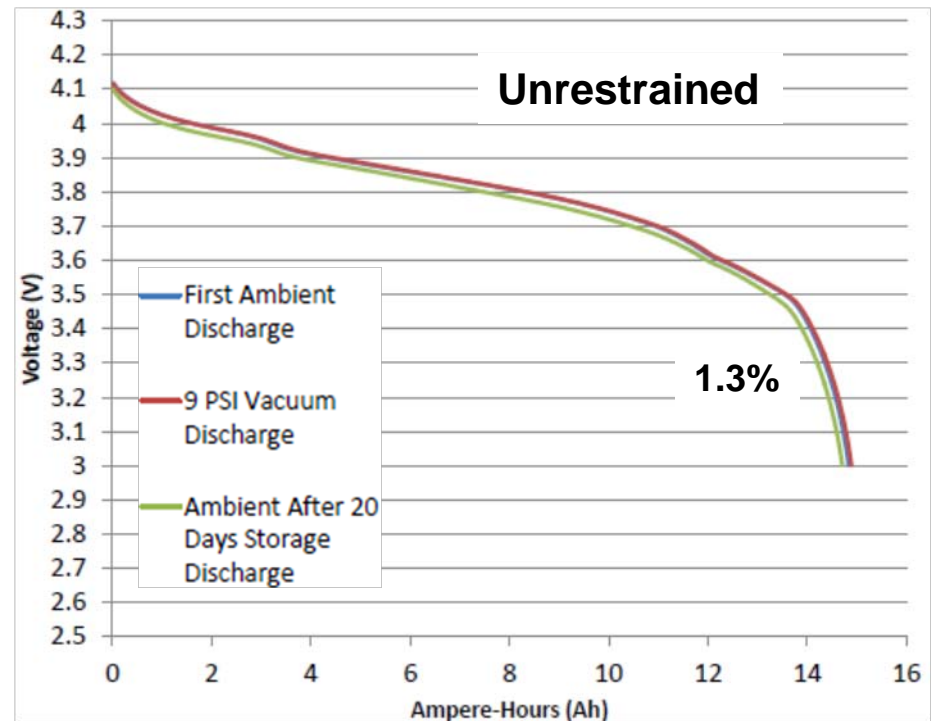
**One charge under vacuum;
storage at full charge at
ambient pressure for 20 days**



SKC Li-ion Cell Performance After Cycling Under Reduced Pressure and Storage at Ambient

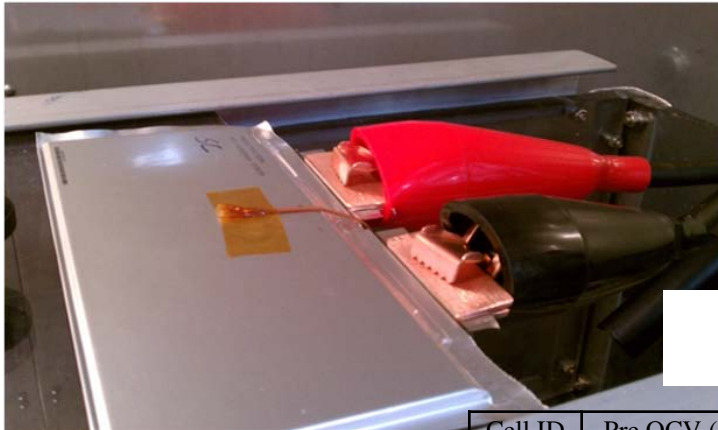
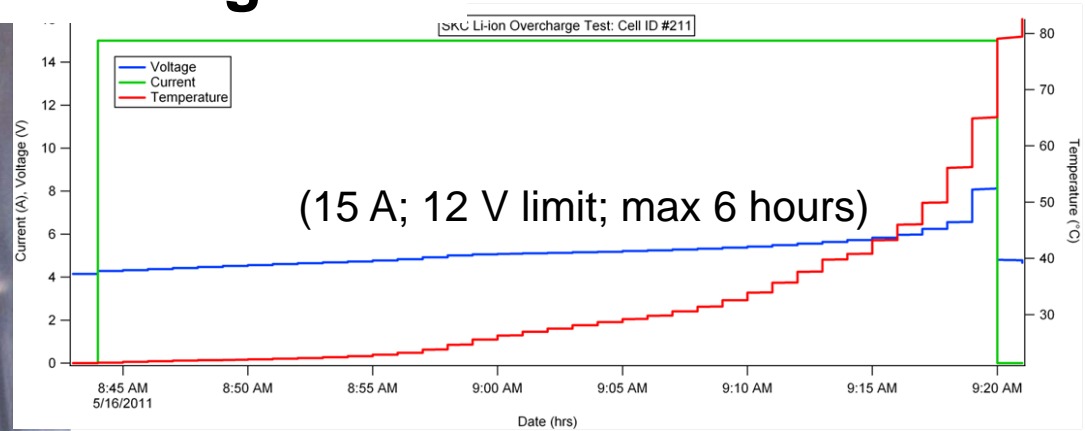


One cycle under reduced pressure; storage at full charge at ambient pressure for 20 days



SKC 15 Ah Cell Safety Tests

Overcharge Test

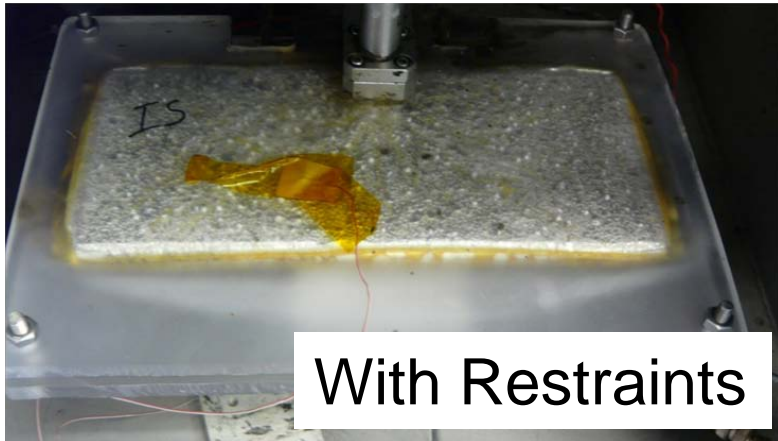


External Short Test

| Cell ID | Pre OCV (V) | OCV at Peak Current (V) | Post OCV (V) | Load Value (mΩ) | Peak Current (A) |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 204 | 4.165 | ≈2.03 | 1.353 | 3.60 | 482.00 |
| 301 | 4.148 | ≈2.49 | 4.083 | 1.76 | 1,410.10 |
| 302 | 4.151 | ≈2.37 | 1.733 | 1.76 | 1,393.30 |
| 309 | 4.137 | ≈2.77 | 0.658 | 1.60 | 1,395.80 |
| 313 | 4.161 | ≈2.96 | 2.853 | 1.60 | 1,404.10 |

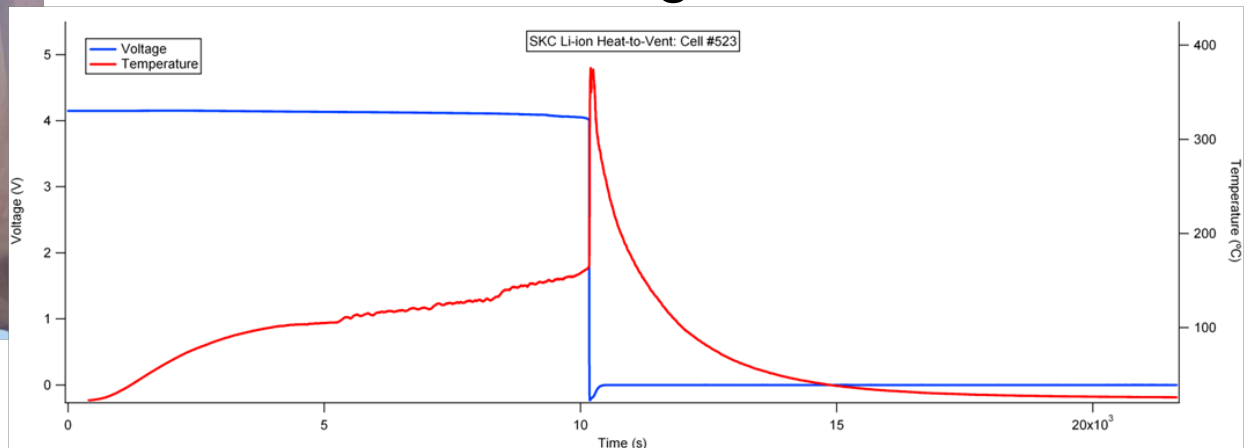
Cell swelling

SKC 15 Ah Li-ion - Simulated Internal Short Test

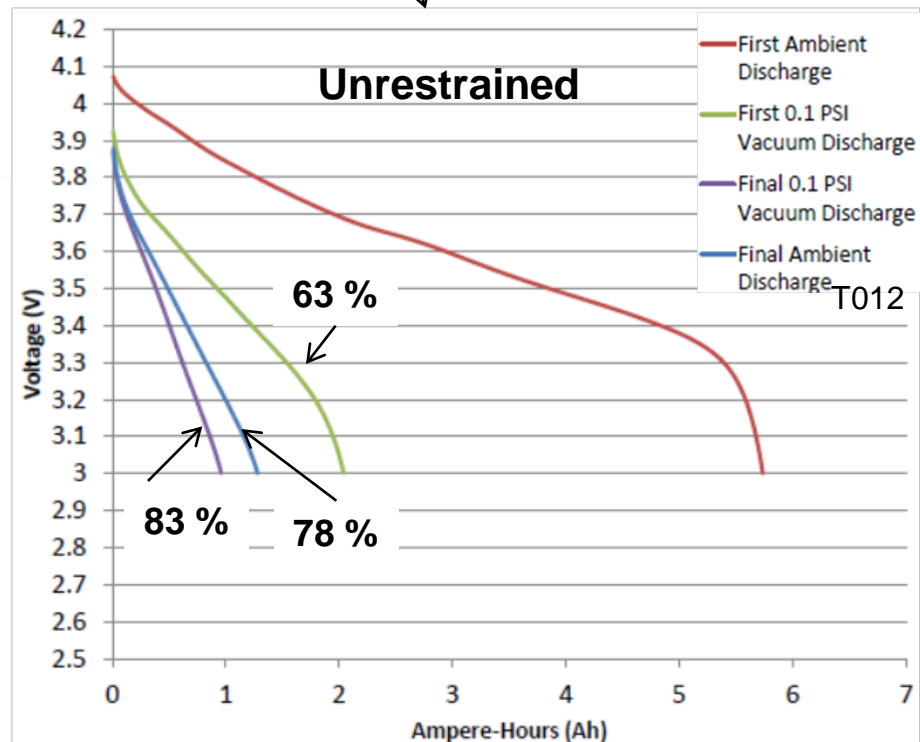
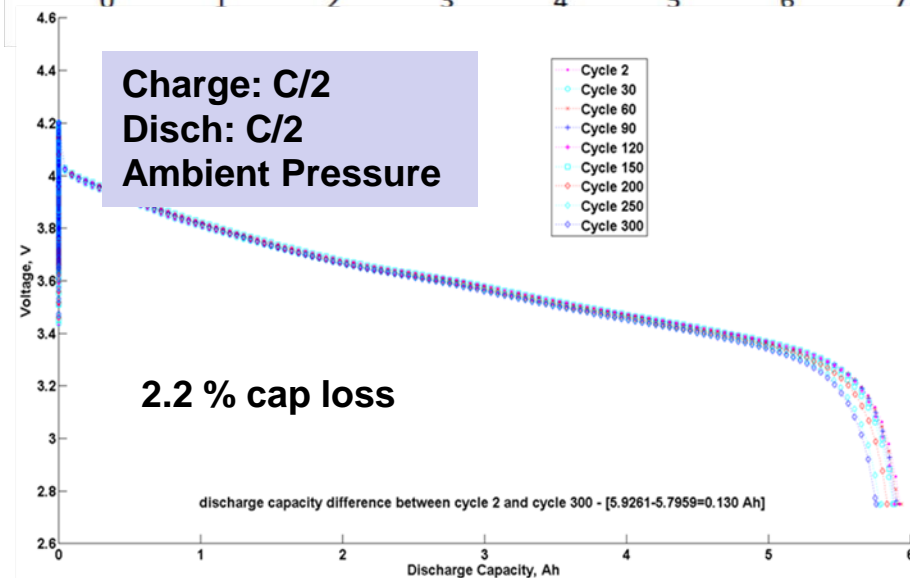
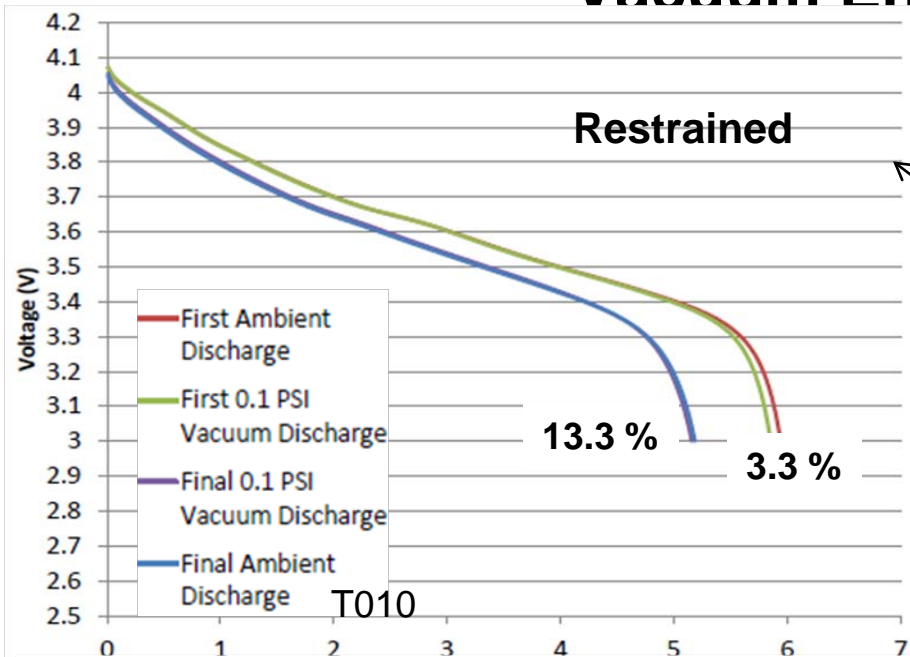


SKC 15 Ah Li-ion - Heat to Vent Test

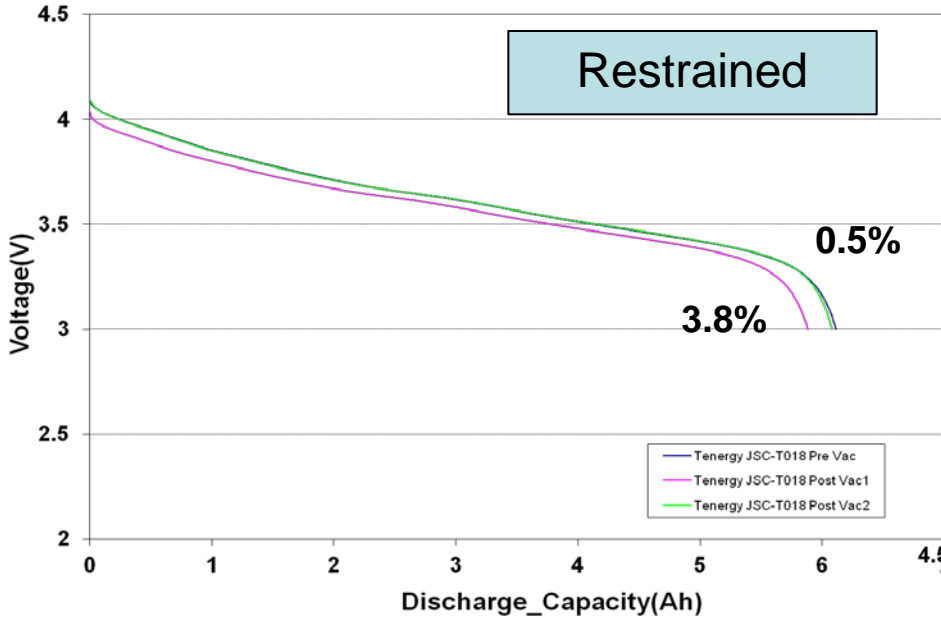
Venting and thermal runaway above 175 deg C



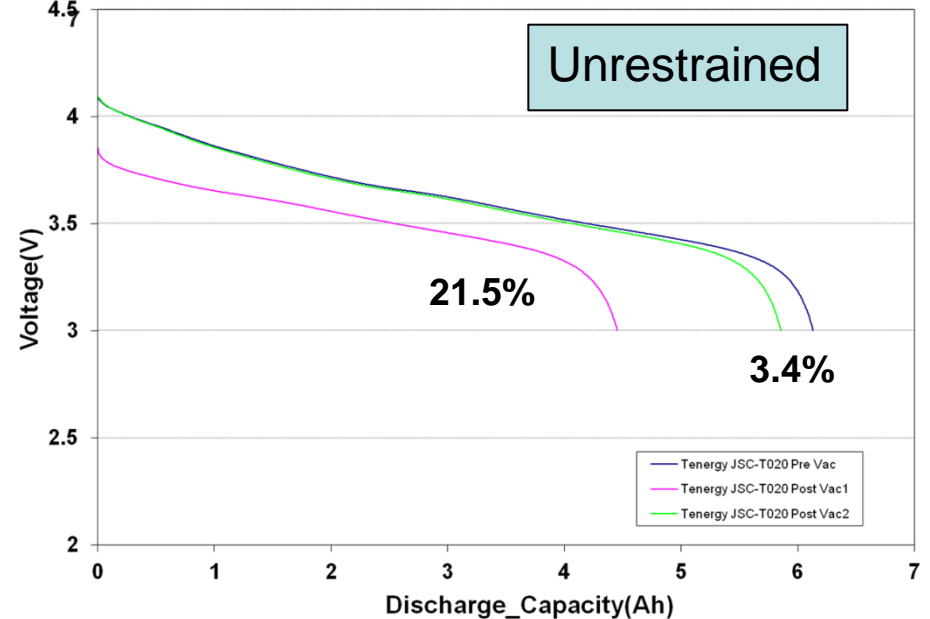
Tenergy 6 Ah Li-ion Cell with Continuous Cycling Under Vacuum Environments



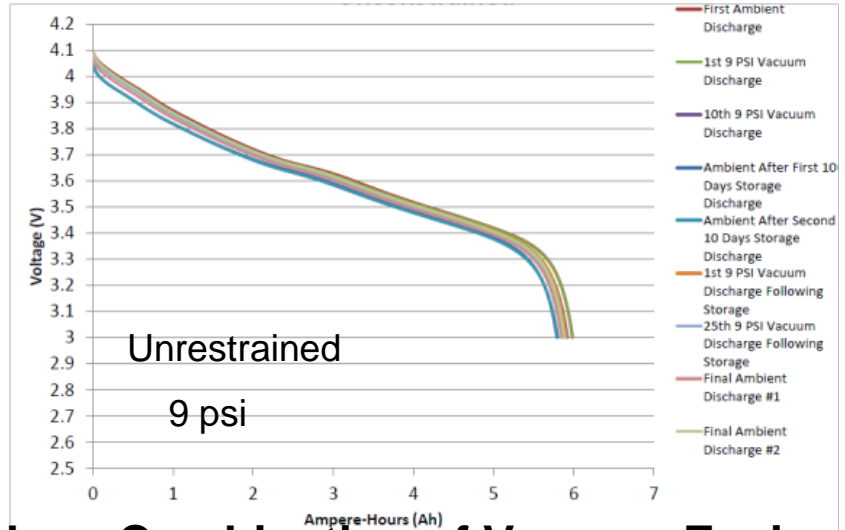
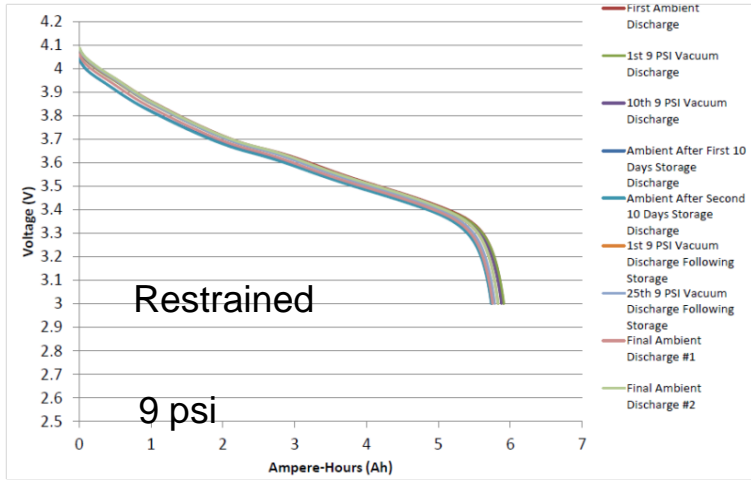
Tenergy Li-ion Cell Performance After Charge Under Vacuum and Storage at Ambient Pressure



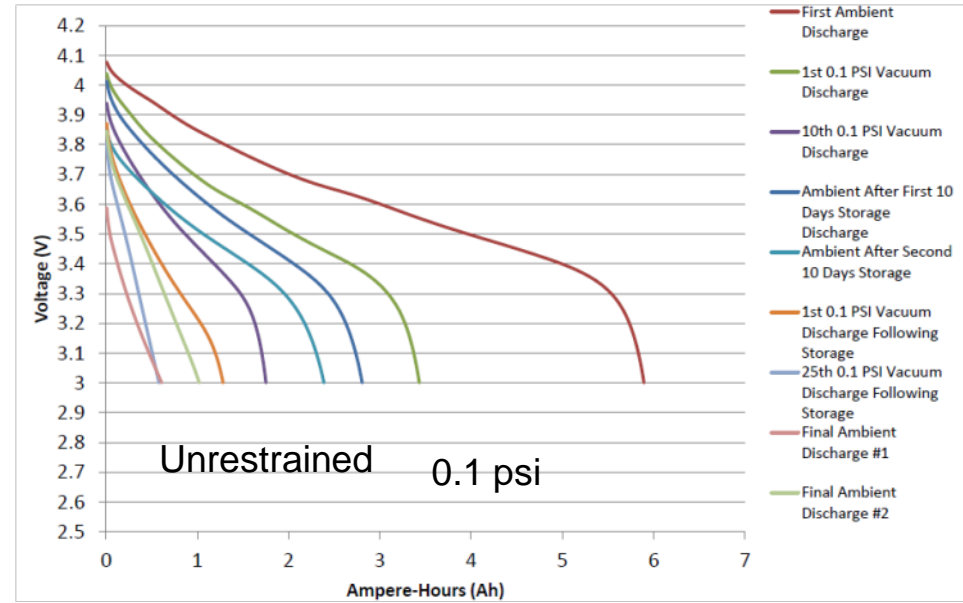
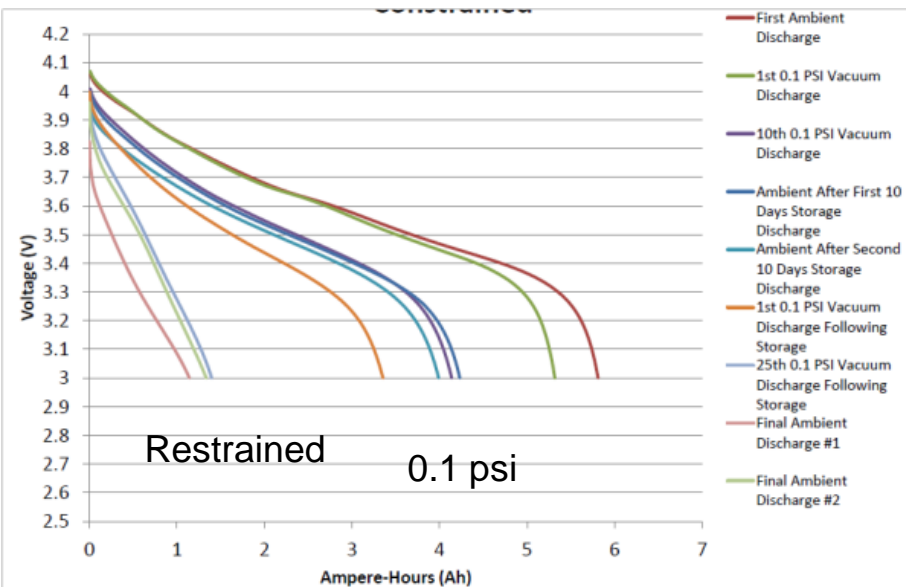
**One charge under vacuum;
storage at full charge at
ambient pressure for 20 days**



Tenergy Li-ion Cell Performance Under a Combination of Reduced Pressure Cycling and Ambient Pressure Storage

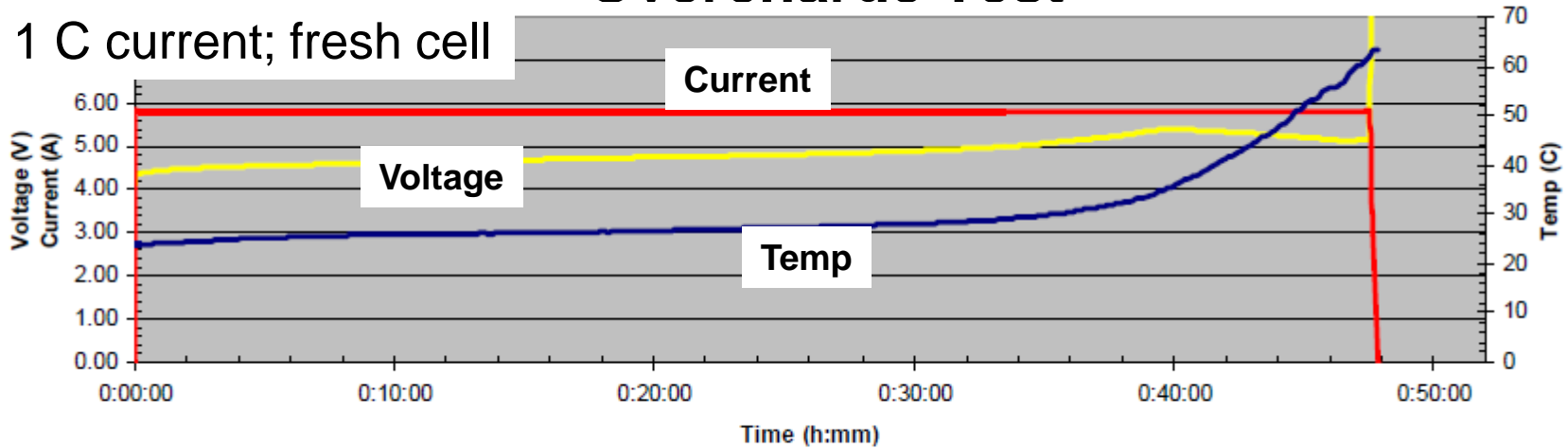


Tenergy Li-ion Cell Performance Under a Combination of Vacuum Environment Cycling and Ambient Pressure Storage

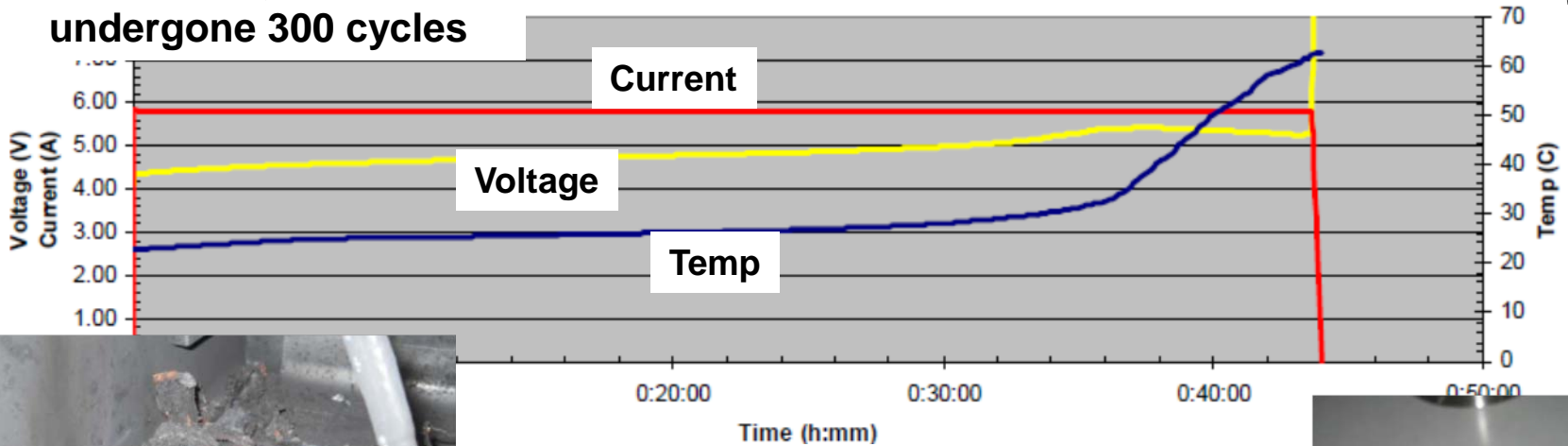


Tenergy 6.0 Ah Li-ion Prismatic Pouch Cell Overcharge Test

1 C current; fresh cell



1 C current; Cell had undergone 300 cycles

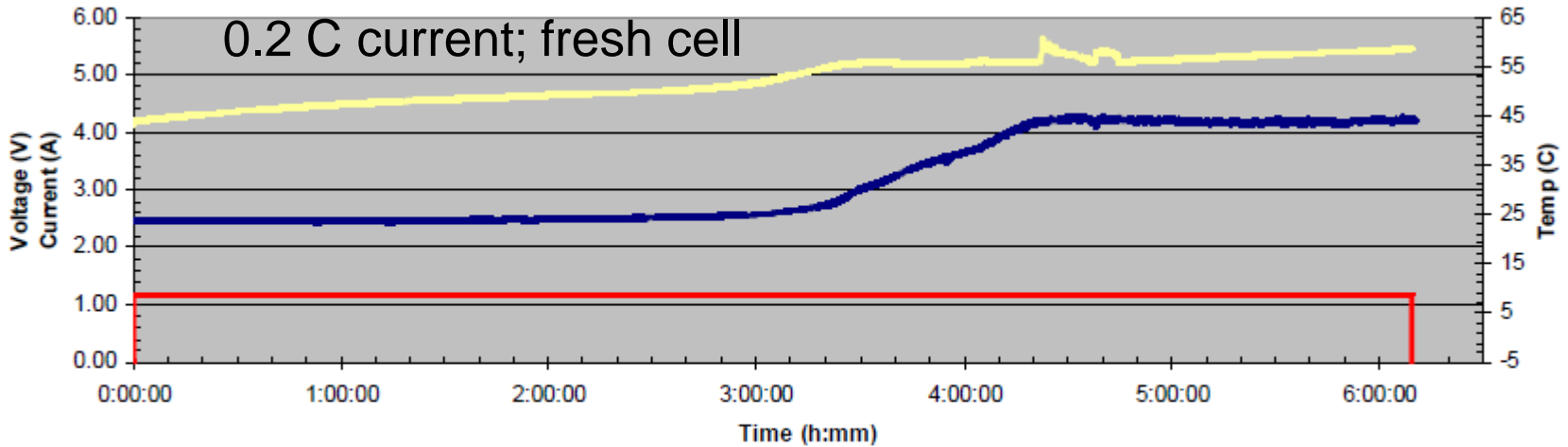


Both cells vented violently



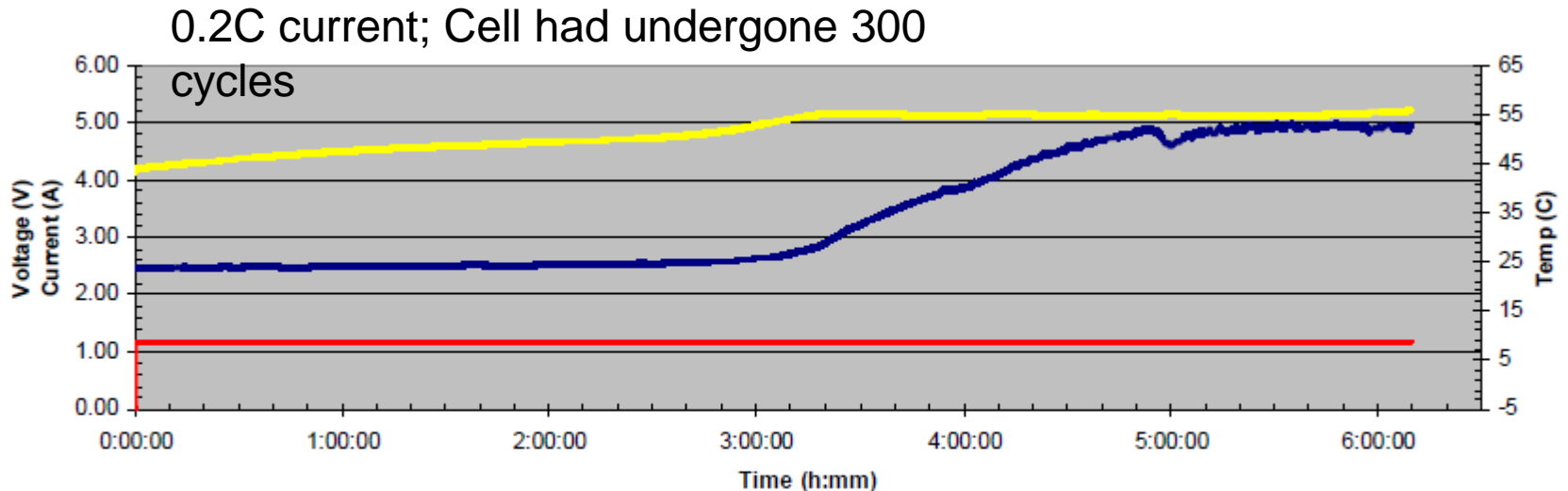
0.5C current overcharge
produced same results

Overcharge Test of Tenergy 6.0 Ah Li-ion Cell



No thermal runaway was observed in both cases

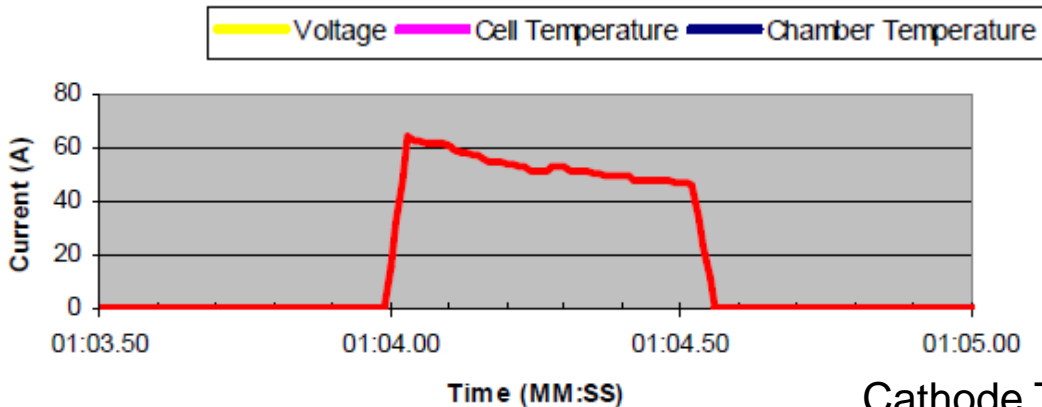
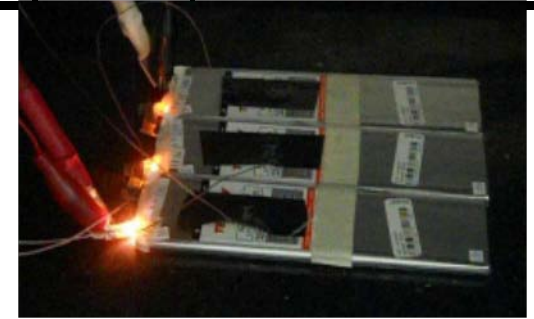
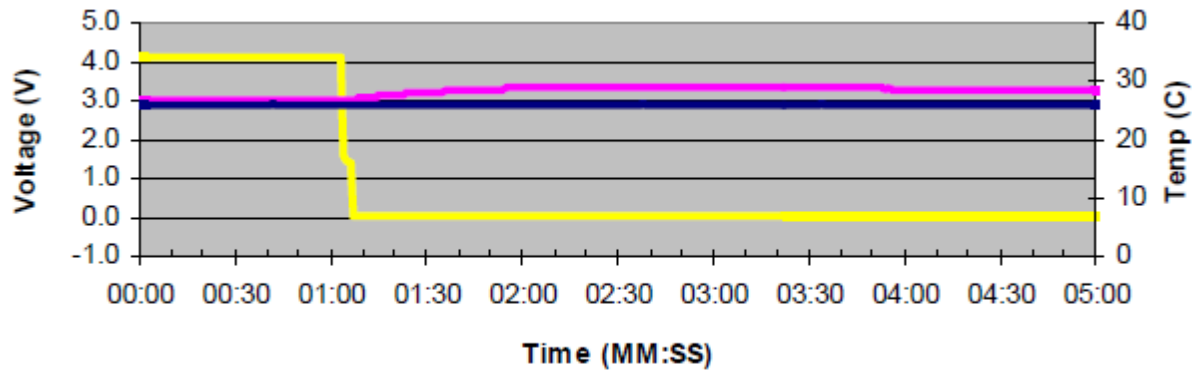
— Voltage (V) — Current (A) — Temp (C)



— Voltage (V) — Current (A) — Temp (C)

External Short Test on Tenergy Li-ion 6.0 Ah Prismatic Pouch Cell

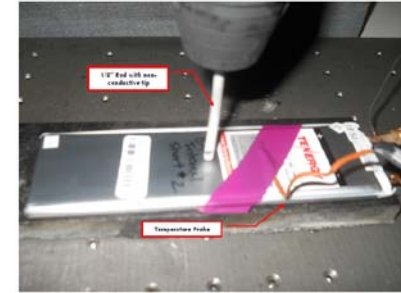
| Test Temp (°C) | Sample Condition | Sample # | Sample ID | Resistance (mOhm) | Initial OCV (V) | Initial ACR (mOhm) | Maximum Temp (°C) | Maximum Current (A) | Notes |
|----------------|------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 1 | 11 | 30 | 4.1284 | 20.4 | 28.9 | 62.0 | Cathode tab burned off |
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 2 | 8 | 30 | 4.1327 | 20.4 | 27.2 | 63.0 | Cathode tab burned off |
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 3 | 9 | 30 | 4.1325 | 20.3 | 29.7 | 65.0 | Cathode tab burned off |
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 3-Cell | 25,26,27 | 27 | 12.431 | 63.2 | 27.2 | 113.0 | Cathode tab burned off |



Cathode Tabs from all three cells burned off and became disconnected

Simulated Internal Short Test on Tenergy Li-ion 6.0 Ah Prismatic Pouch Cell

| Test Temp (°C) | Sample Condition | Sample # | Maximum Temp (°C) | Notes |
|----------------|------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 1 | 172.6 | Fire |
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 2 | 309.8 | Fire |



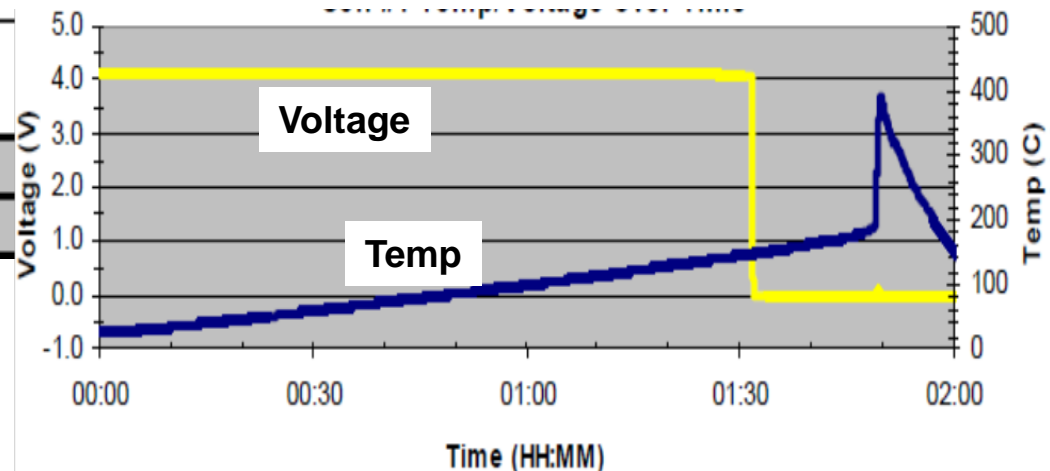
Burst Pressure Test for Tenergy Li-ion 6.0 Ah Prismatic Pouch Cell

| Test Temp (°C) | Sample Condition | Sample # | Sample ID | Max Pressure (kPa) |
|----------------|------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 1 | 40 | 662 |
| 20 | Fresh Chg | 2 | 5 | 617 |

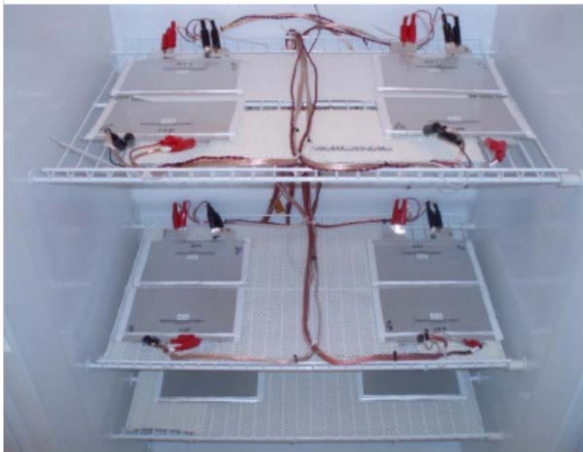
89/96 psi

Heat-to-Vent Test for Tenergy Li-ion 6.0 Ah Prismatic Pouch Cell

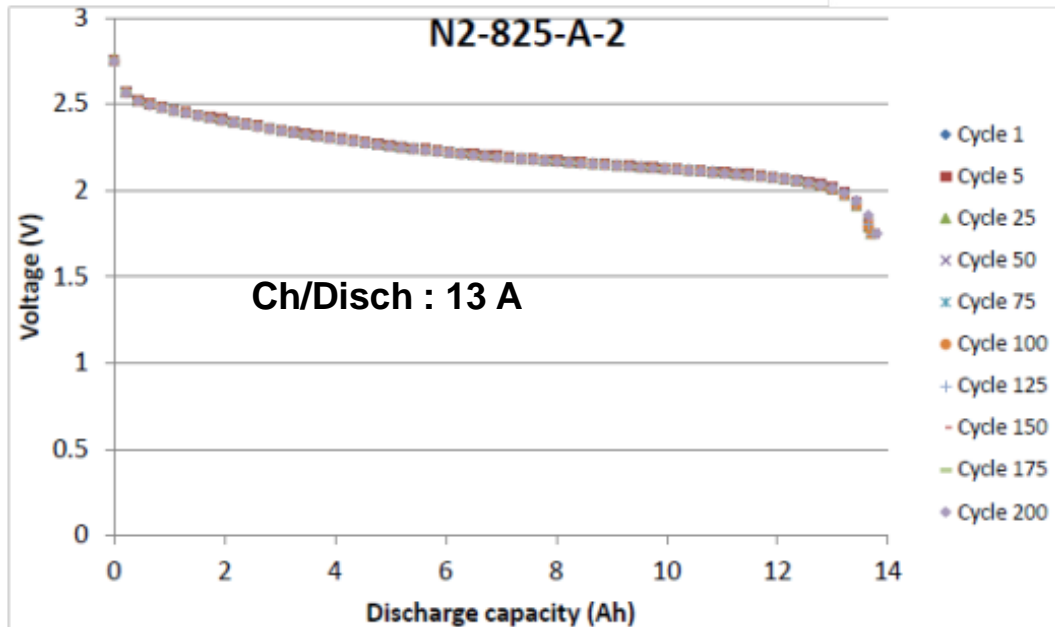
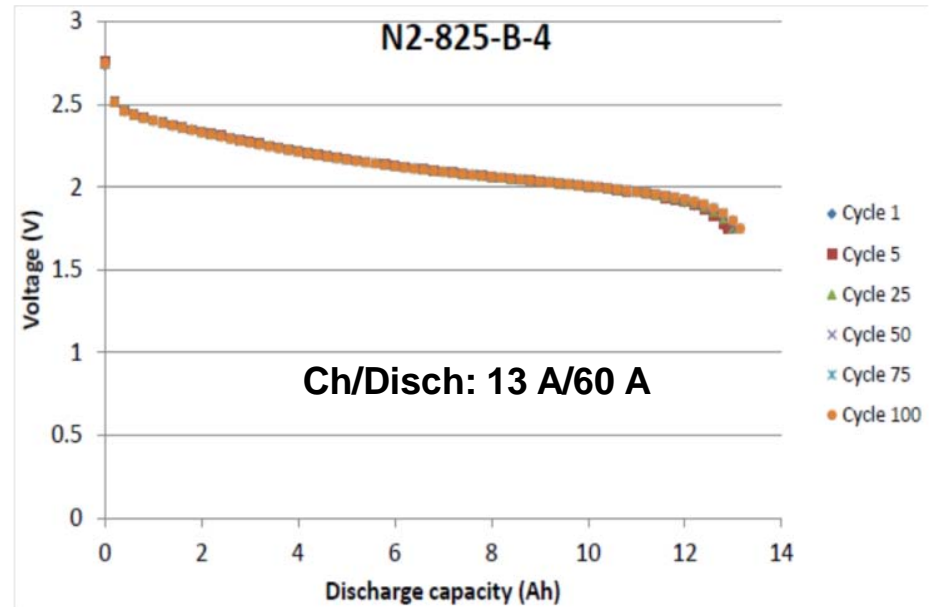
| Test Temp (°C) | Sample Condition | Sample # | Maximum Temp (°C) | Notes |
|----------------|------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|
| 20 | Fresh | 1 | 189.8 | Fire |
| 20 | Fresh | 2 | 192.0 | Fire |



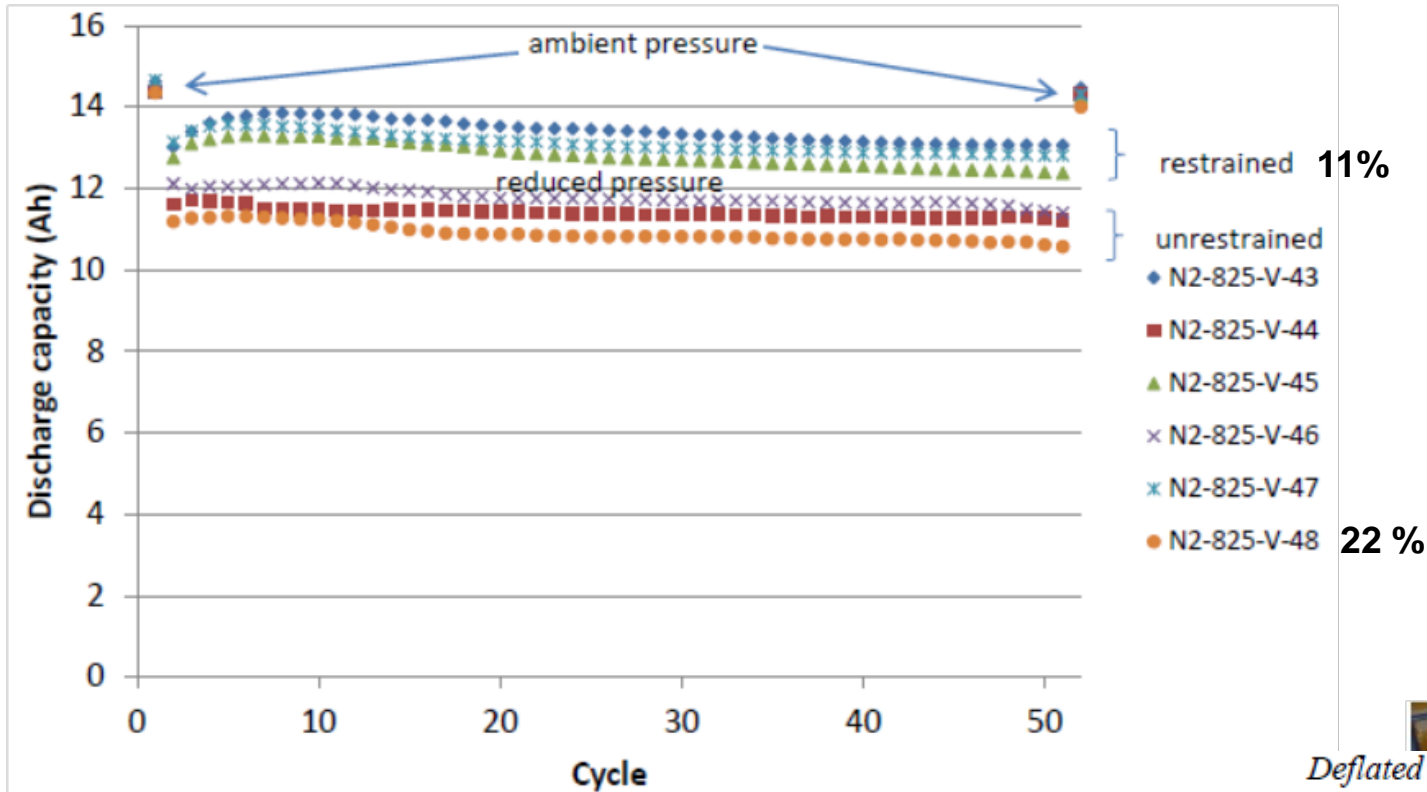
Altairnano 13 Ah Li-ion Cell Tests



Nameplate Capacity: 13 Ah
Average Capacity at C/2: 14.3 Ah



Altairnano 13 Ah Continuous Cycling in Vacuum Conditions



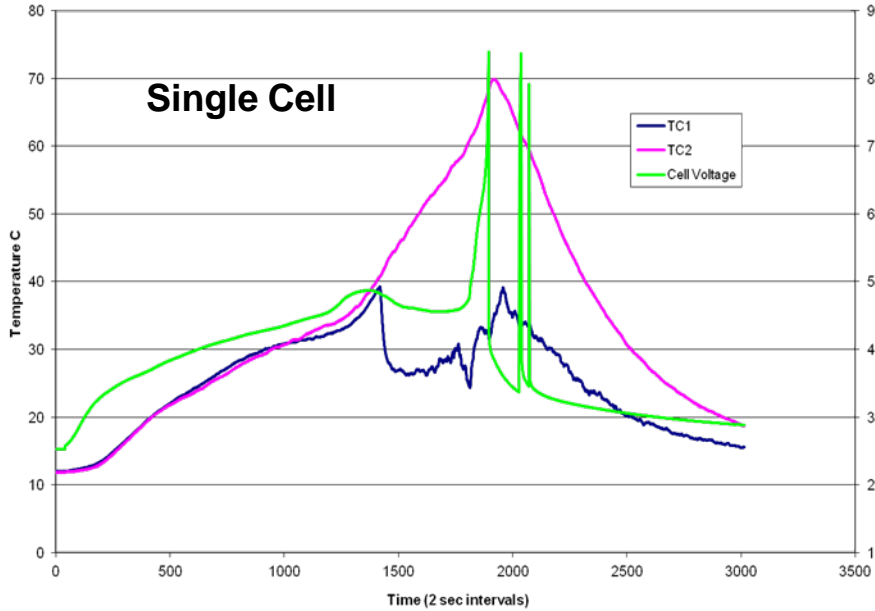
**Burst Pressure:
23 to 31 psi**

Higher capacities observed with restrained than with unrestrained cells

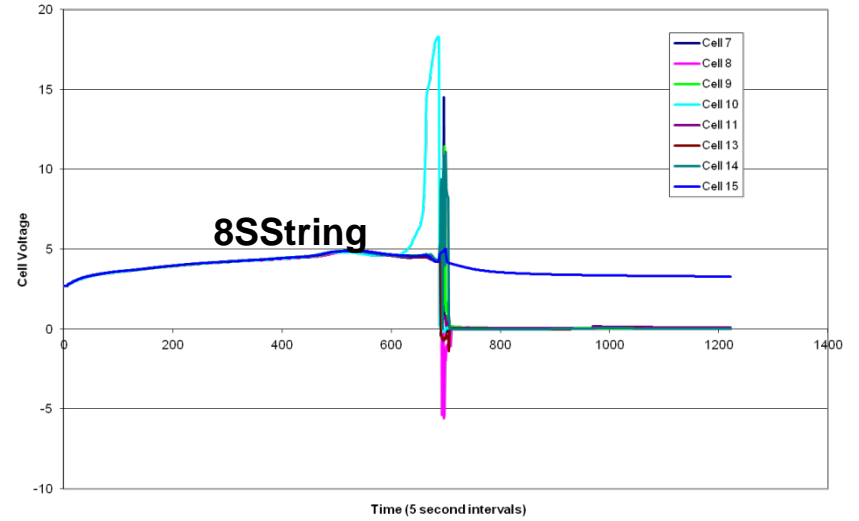


Altairnano Safety Tests

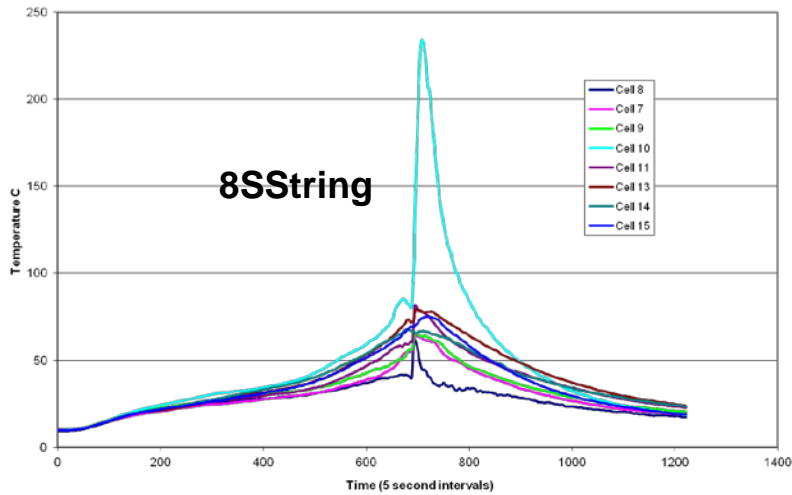
AltairB1b, 11 A Overcharge, Cell 4



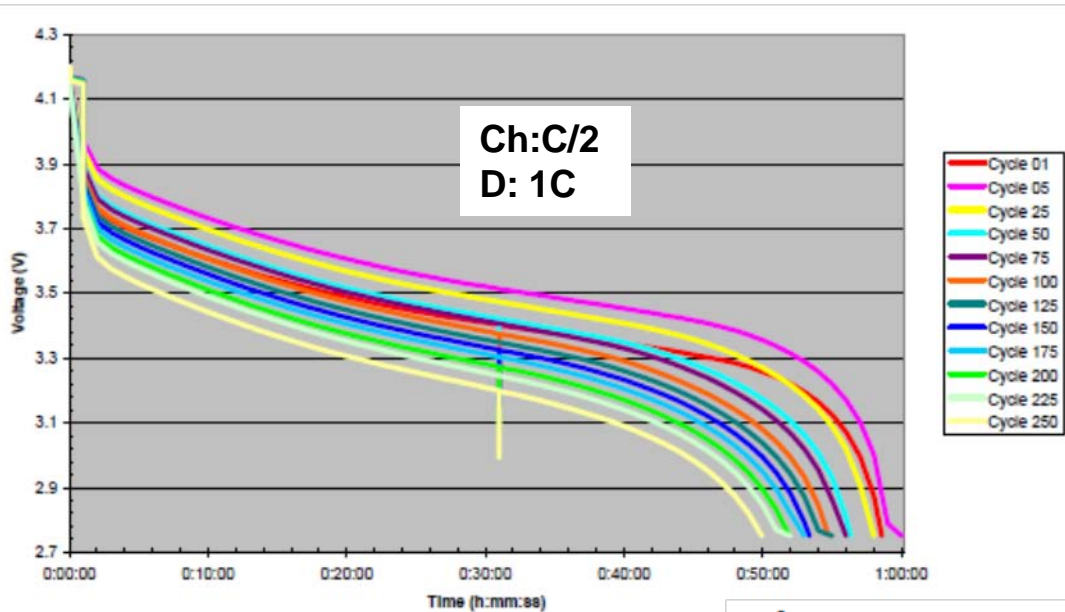
Altair B1c Overcharge at 11 A



Altair B1c Overcharge

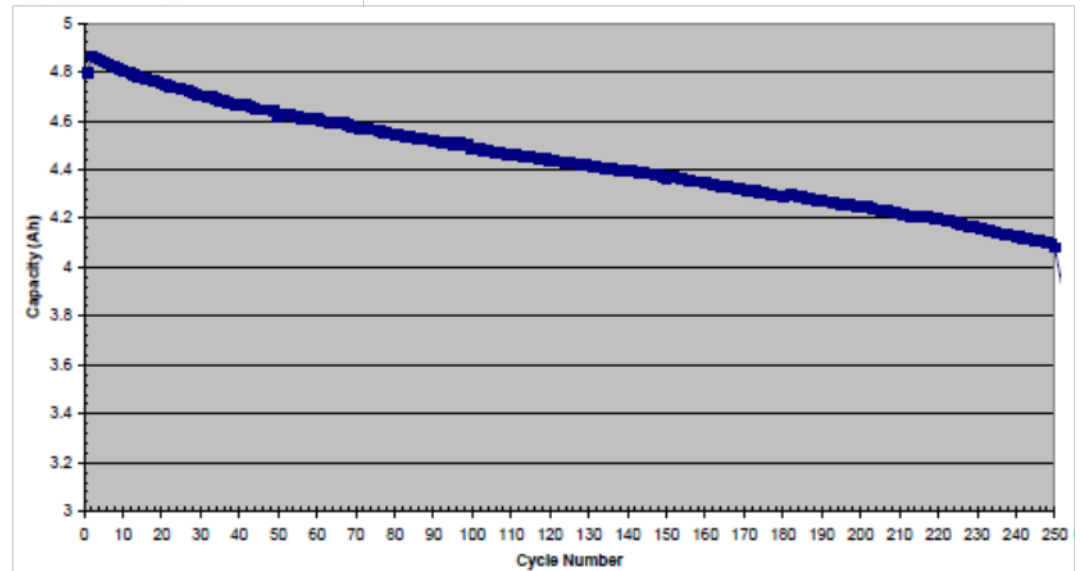


Wanma Performance Tests

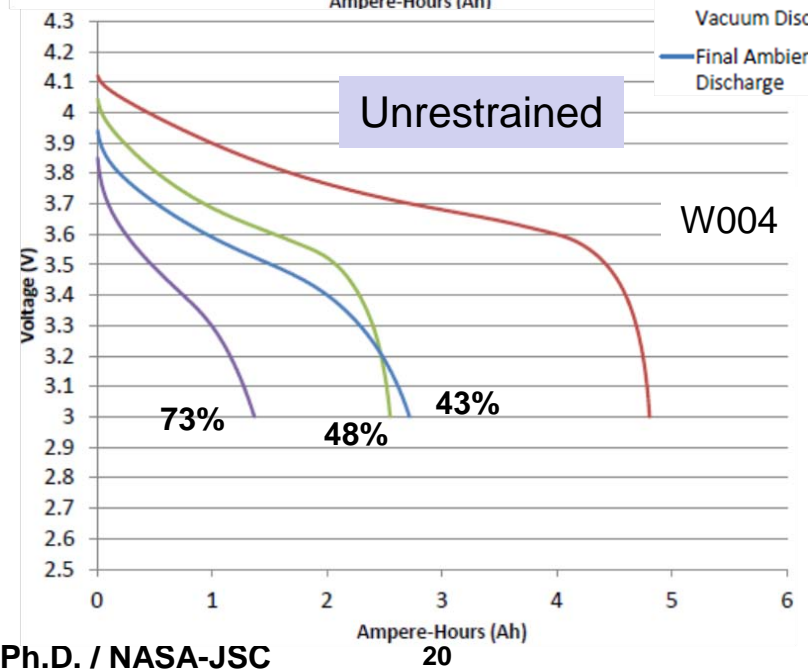
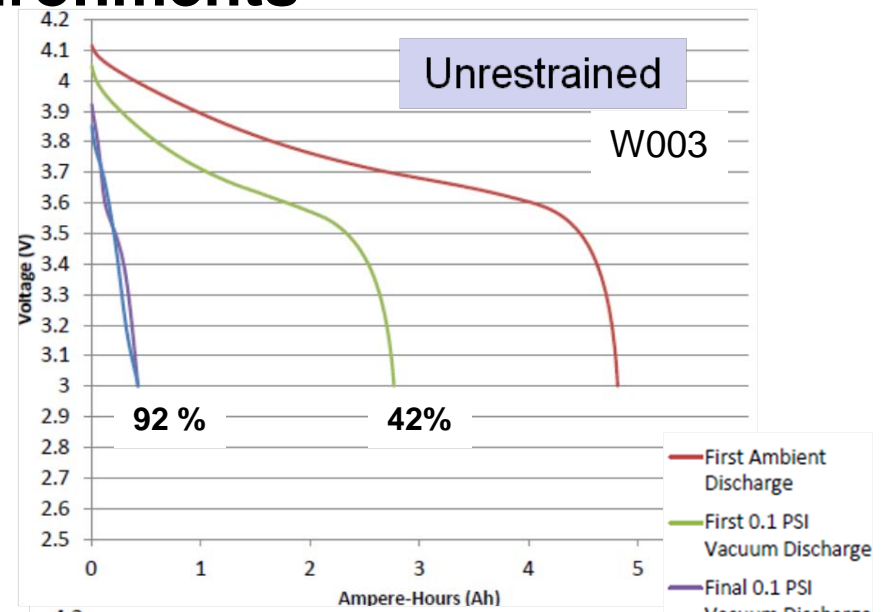
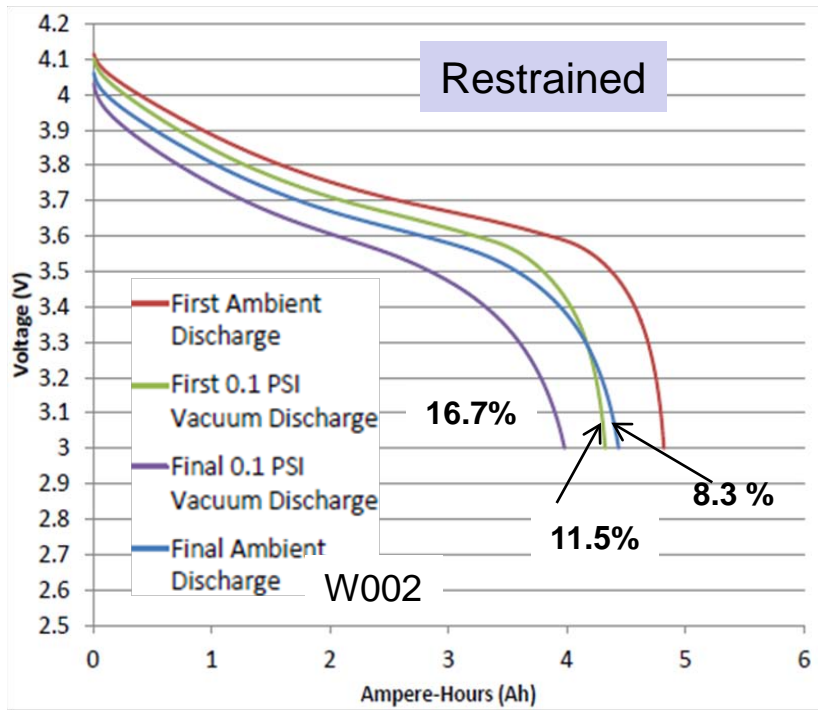


4.85 Ah Cycle 2
4.1 Ah Cycle 250

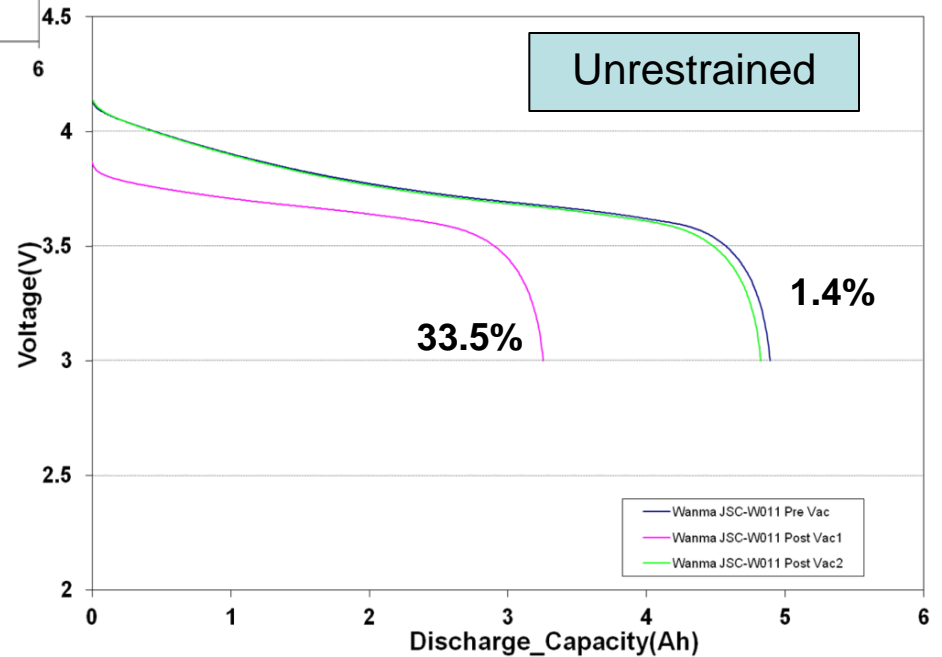
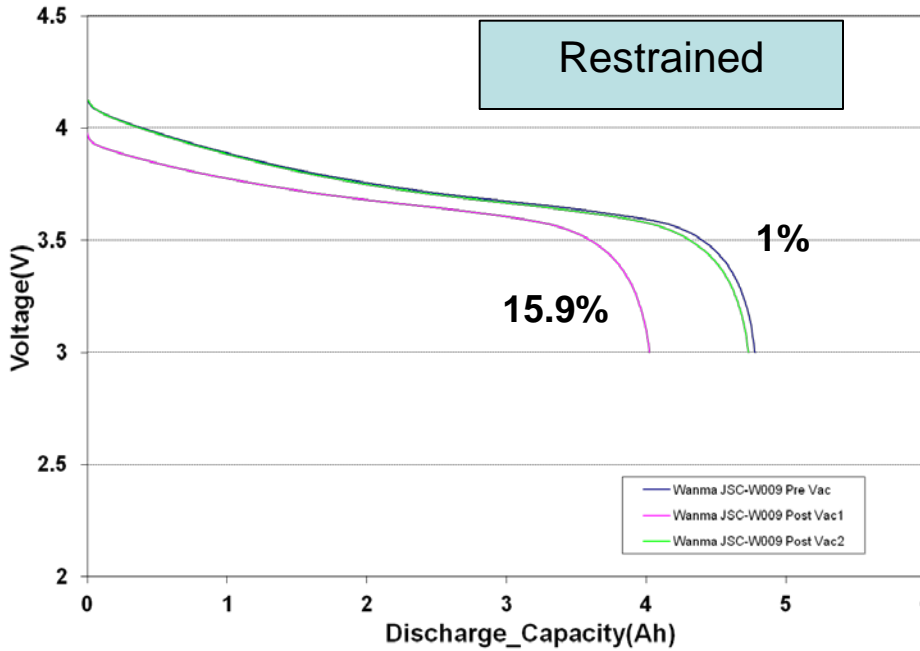
15.5% loss



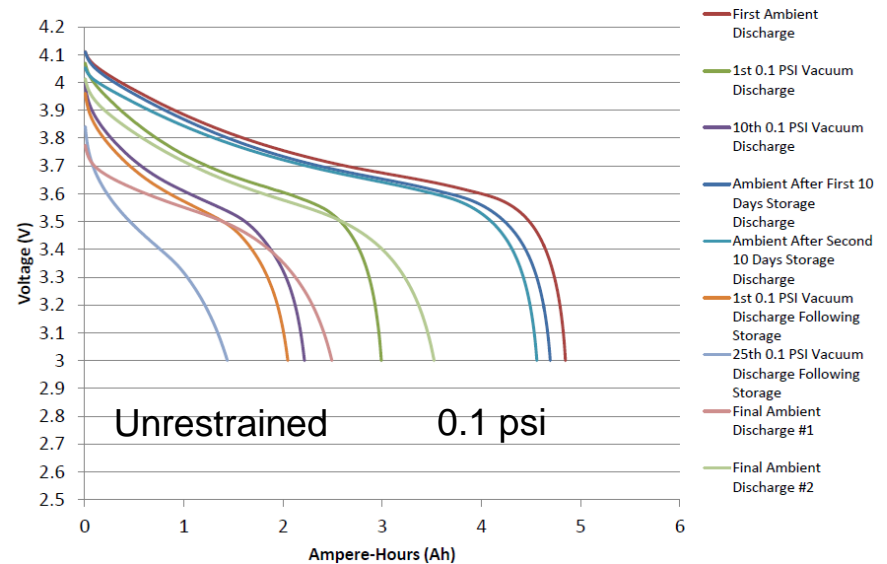
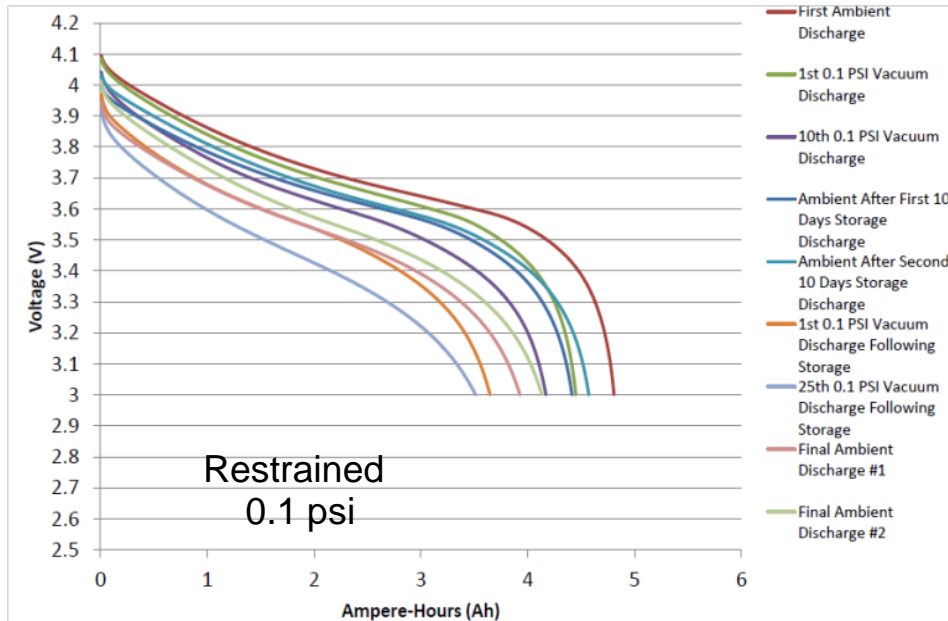
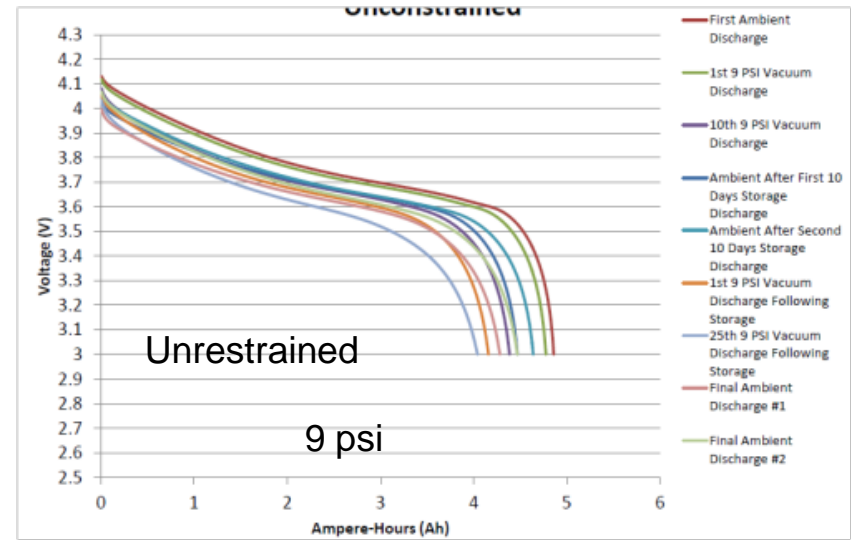
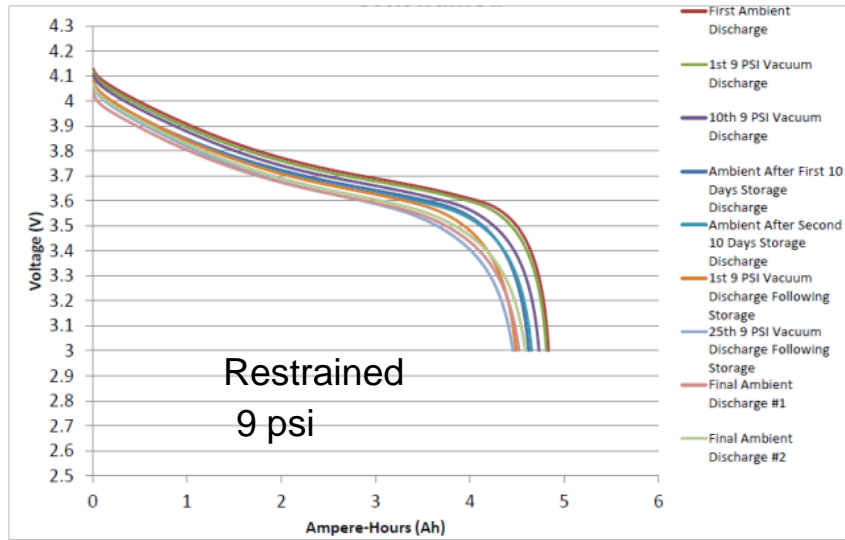
Wanma 5 Ah Li-ion Cell with Continuous Cycling Under Vacuum Environments



Wanma Li-ion Pouch Cell Charge under Vacuum With Storage under Ambient Pressure



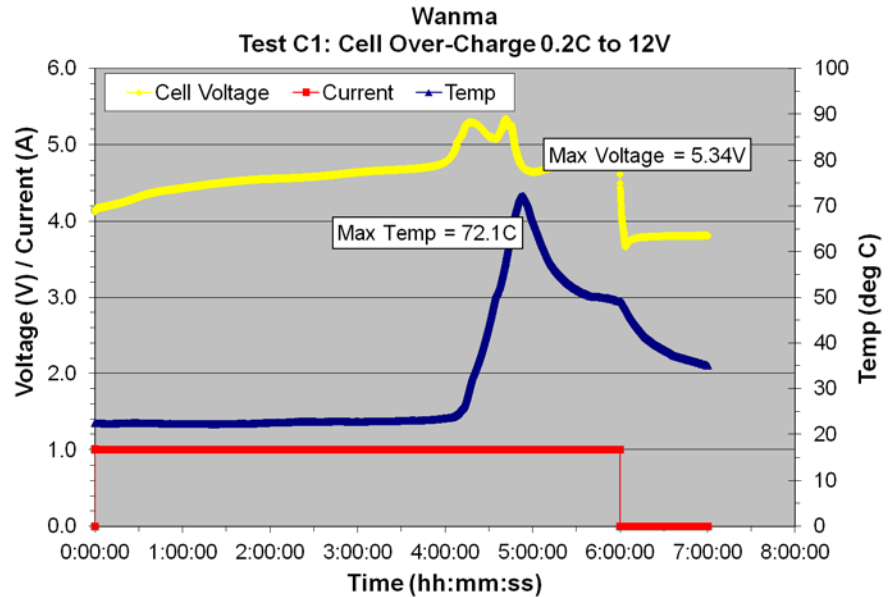
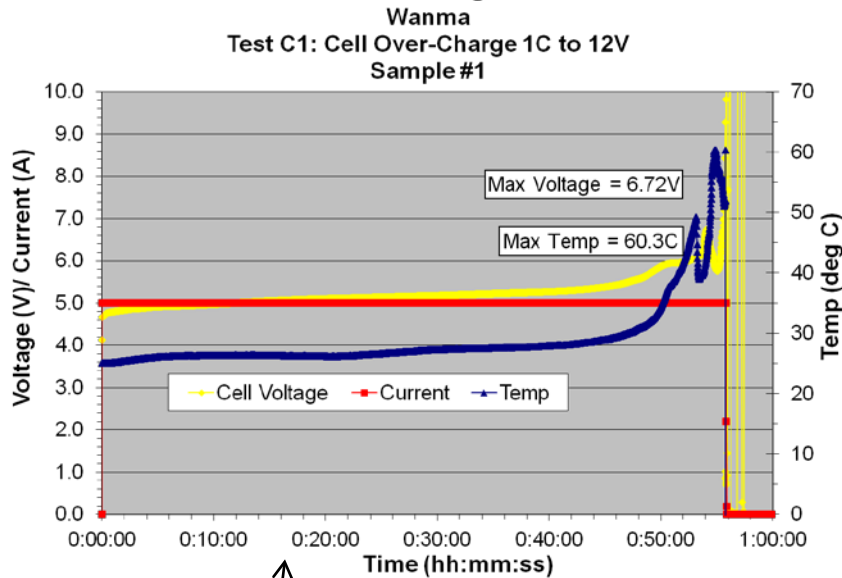
Wanma 5 Ah Li-ion Cell with Cycling Under Low Pressure or Vacuum Environments and Storage at Ambient



Vacuum exposure reduces performance tremendously

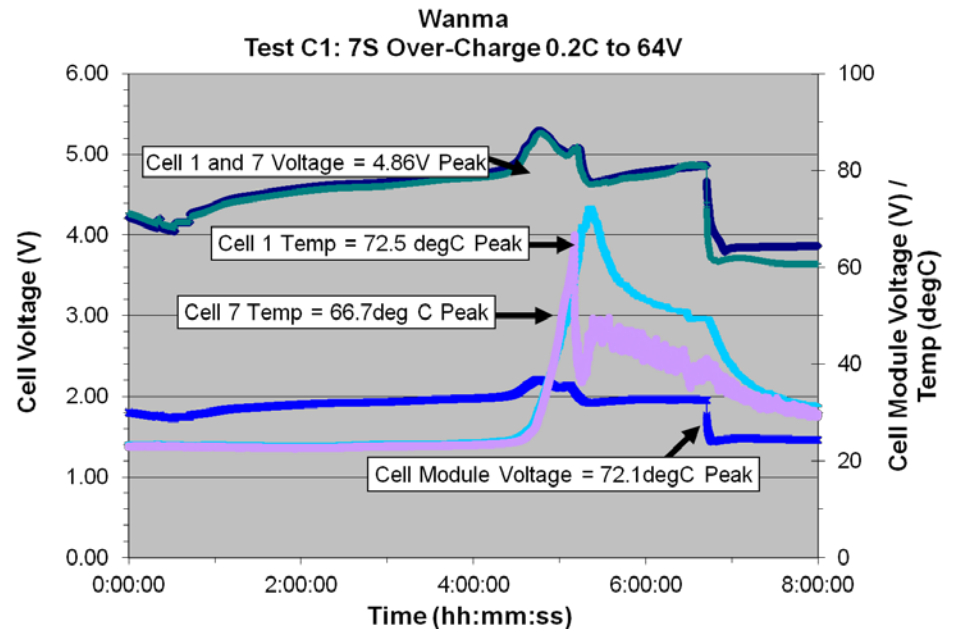
Compared to low pressure environments J. Jeevarajan, Ph.D. / NASA-JSC

Overcharge Test on Wanma Li-ion Pouch Cell

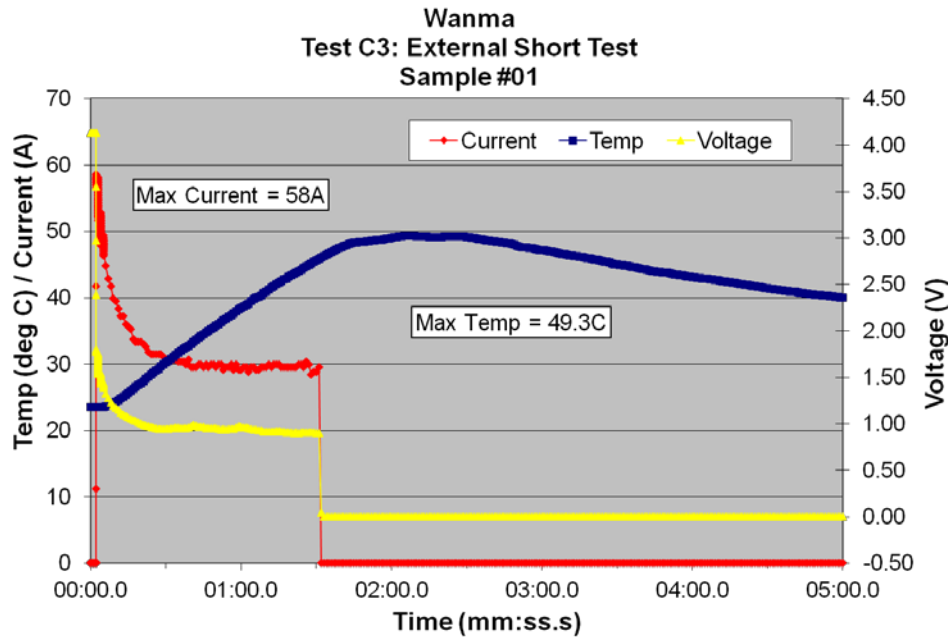


All 3 samples vented violently with fire and thermal runaway

Violent venting observed for 0.5 C overcharge at single Cell level

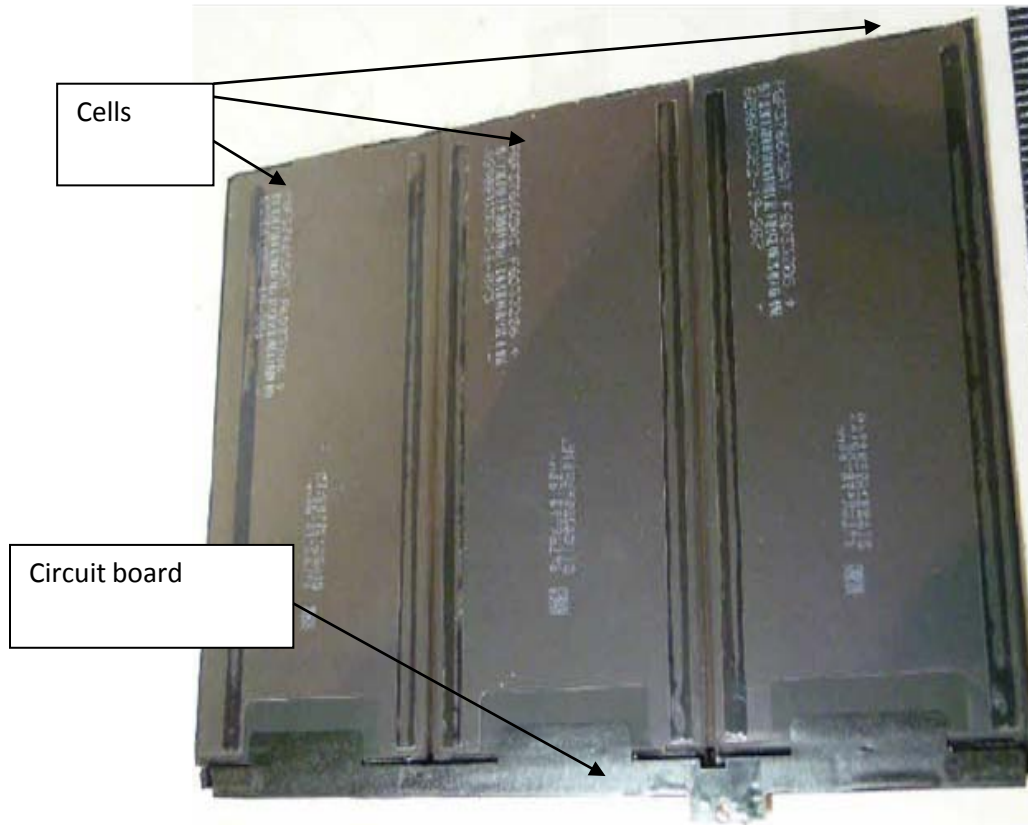


Wanma 5 Ah Li-ion Pouch Cell – External Short Test

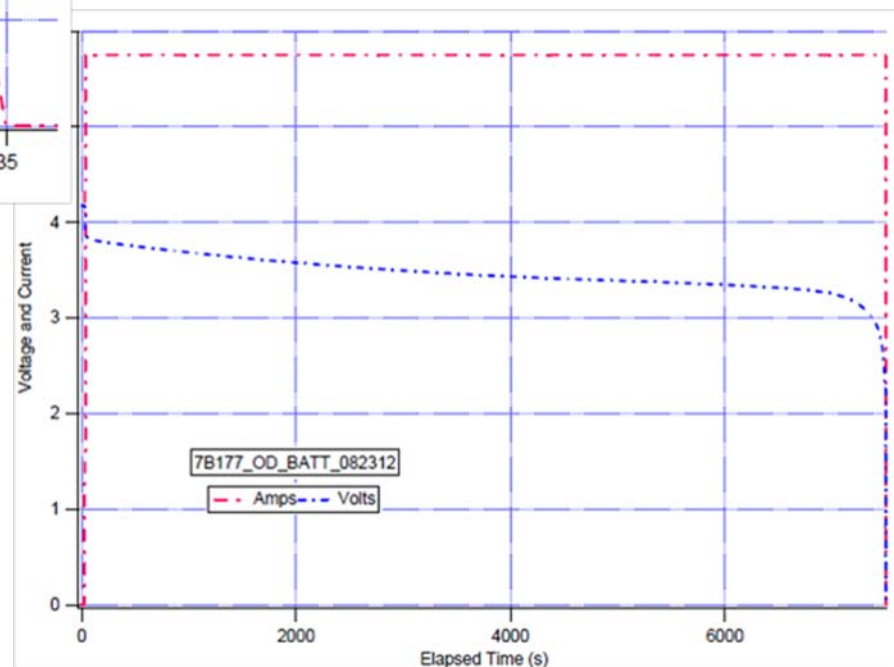
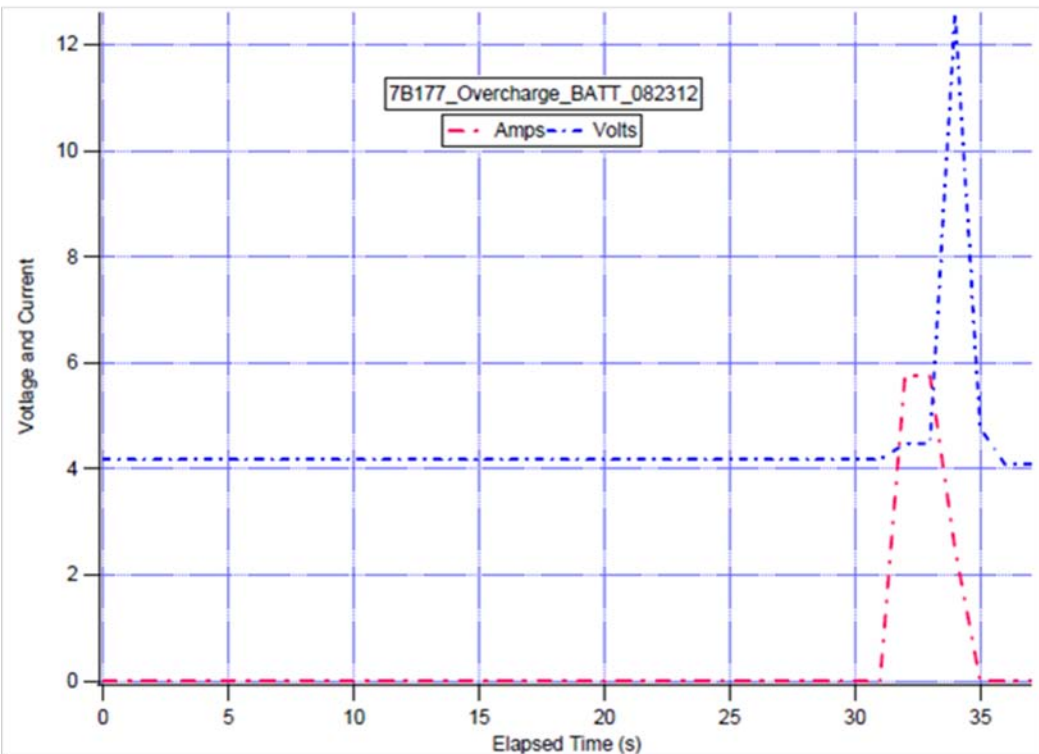


No venting or thermal Runaway was observed

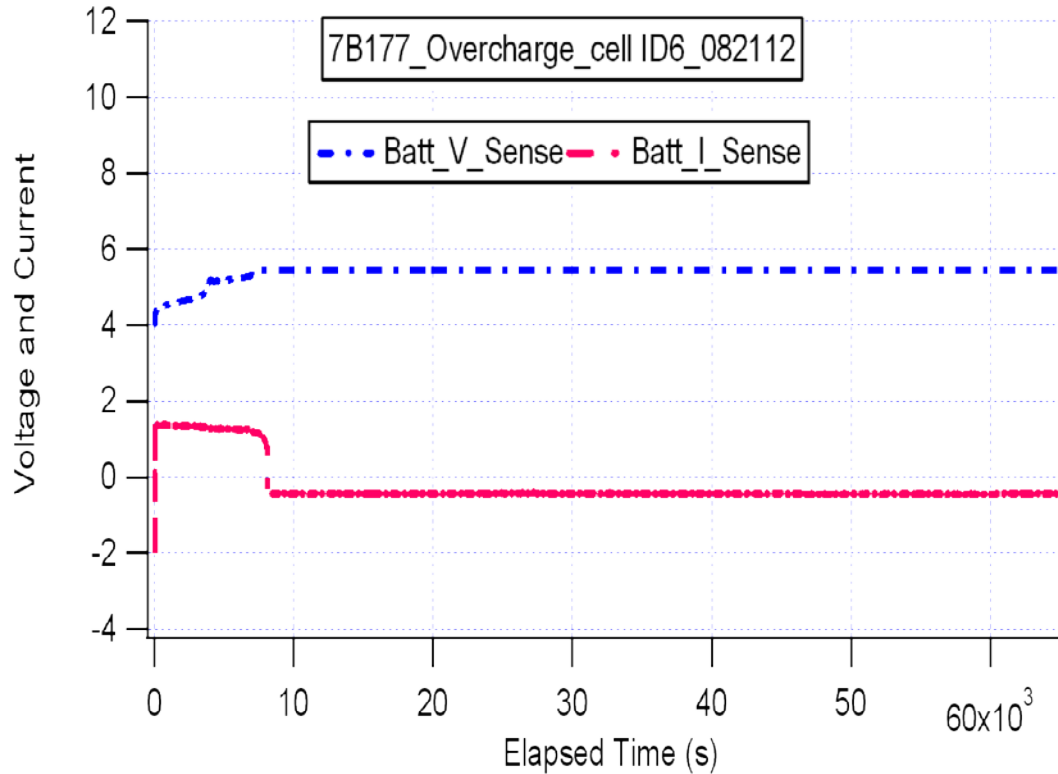
iPad Li-ion Pouch Cell Battery



iPad Battery Level Overcharge and Overdischarge



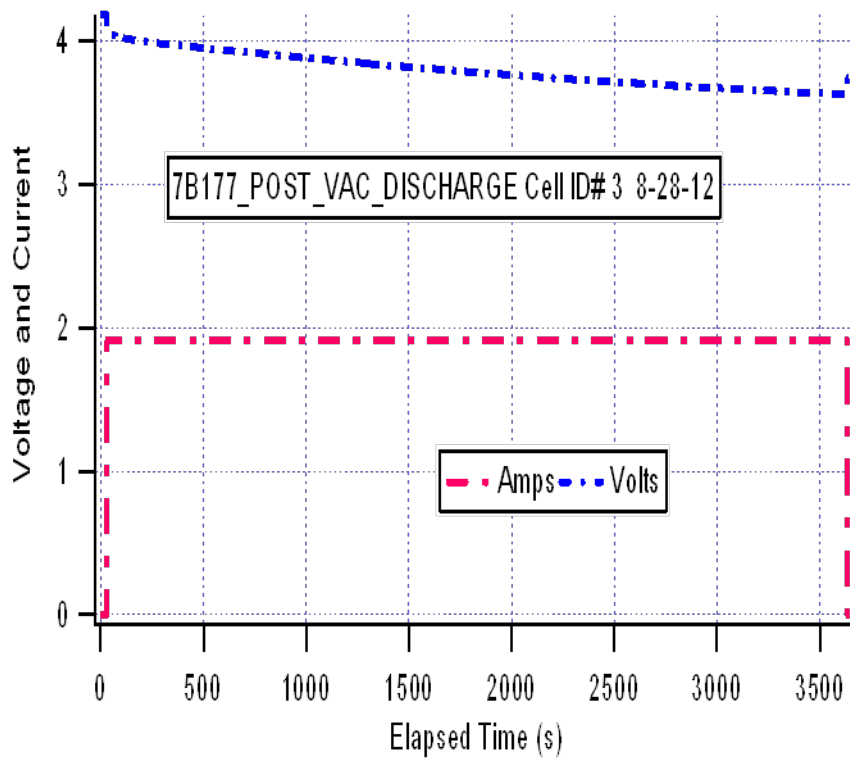
iPad Cell Overcharge Test



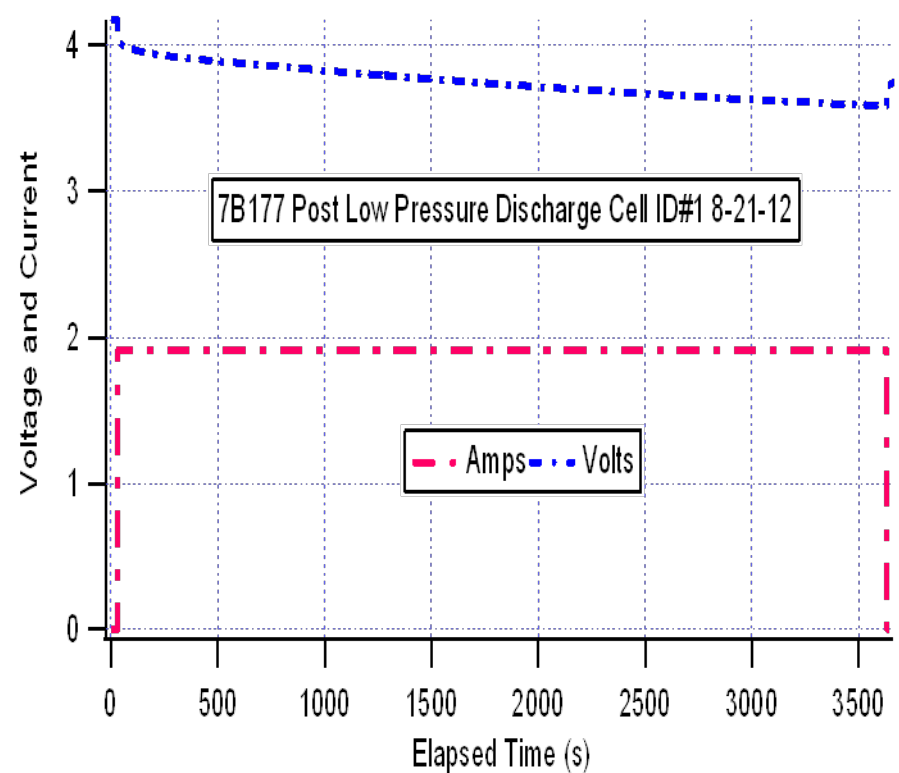
Max Temp 76 deg C

Cells did not show any swelling under overdischarge or external short conditions

iPad Li-ion Pouch Cells Under Vacuum and Reduced Pressure Conditions



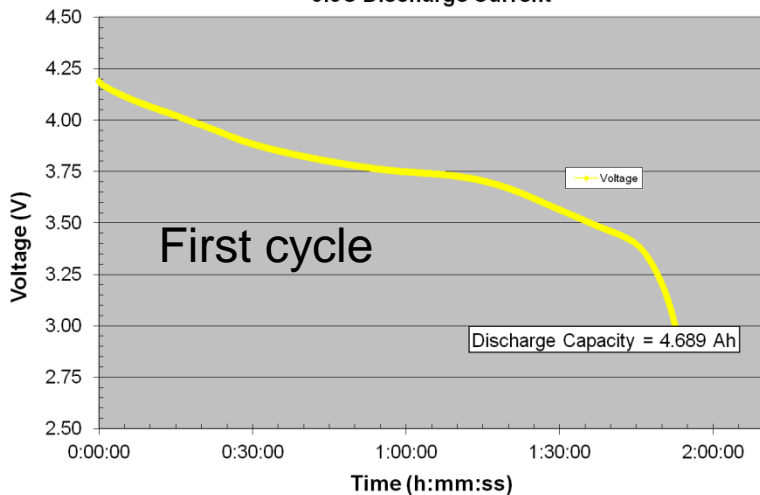
Vacuum exposure for 6 hours at 0.1 psi
1.94 Ah retained after vac exposure;
original capacity was 2.66 Ah (27% capacity loss);
No swelling was observed post-vacuum.



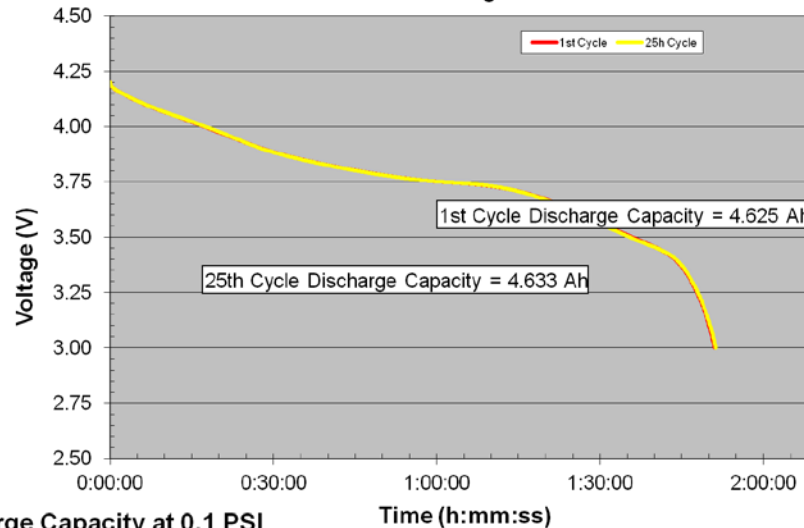
Low Pressure exposure for 6 hours at 9 +/-0.5 psi.
1.91 Ah retained after low pressure exposure;
original capacity was 2.95 Ah (35 % capacity loss);
No swelling was observed post-vacuum.

Kokam 5 Ah pouch Li-ion cells under Vacuum and Reduced Pressure Environments

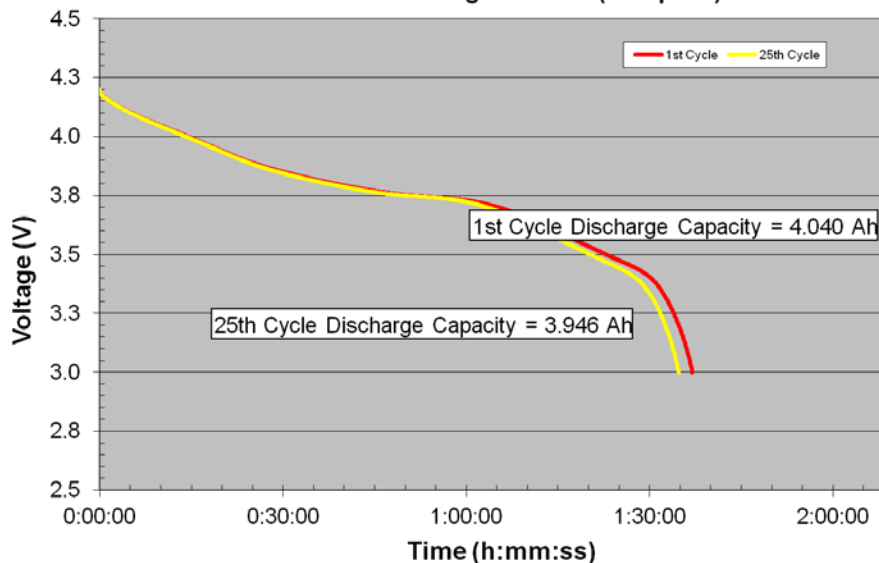
KOKAM Discharge Capacity at Ambient Pressure
0.5C Discharge Current



KOKAM Discharge Capacity at 8 PSI
0.5C Discharge Current

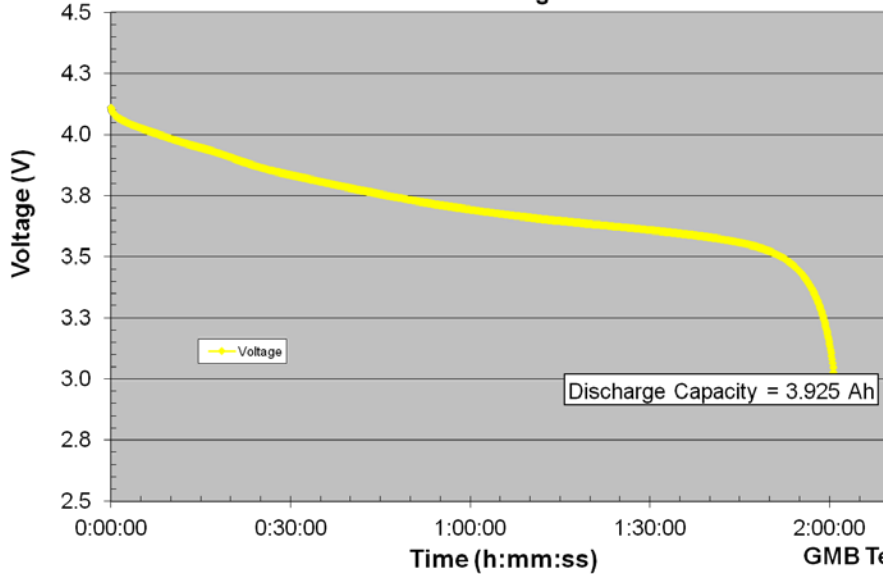


KOKAM Discharge Capacity at 0.1 PSI
0.5C Discharge Current (sample 1)

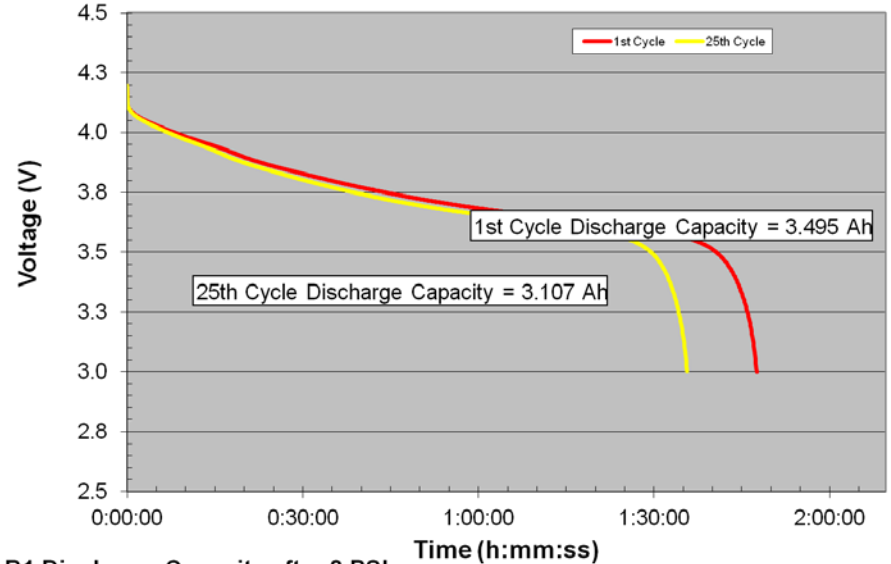


GMB 4.0 Ah Li-ion Pouch Cells under Ambient, Reduced Pressure and Vacuum Environments

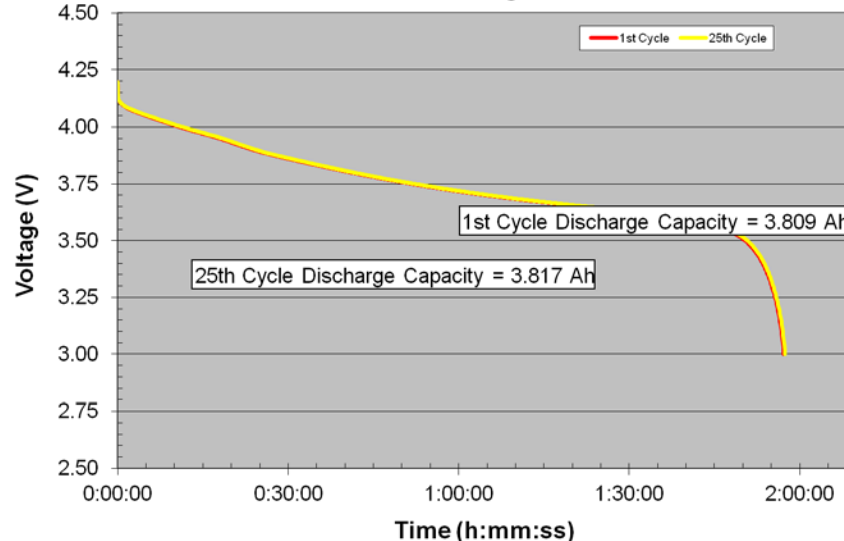
GMB Test B1 Discharge Capacity at Ambient Pressure
0.5C Discharge Current



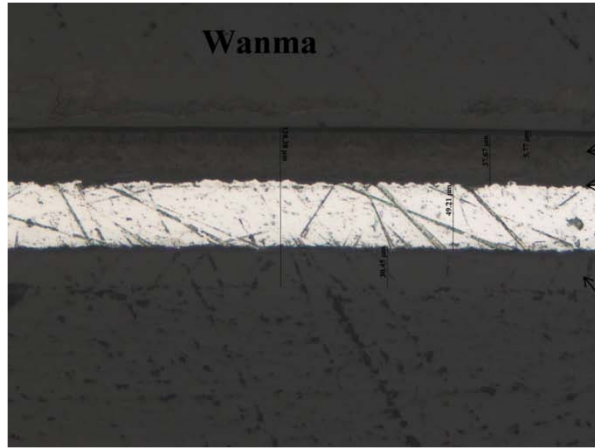
GMB Test B1 Discharge Capacity at 0.1 PSI
0.5C Discharge Current



GMB Test B1 Discharge Capacity after 8 PSI
0.5C Discharge Current

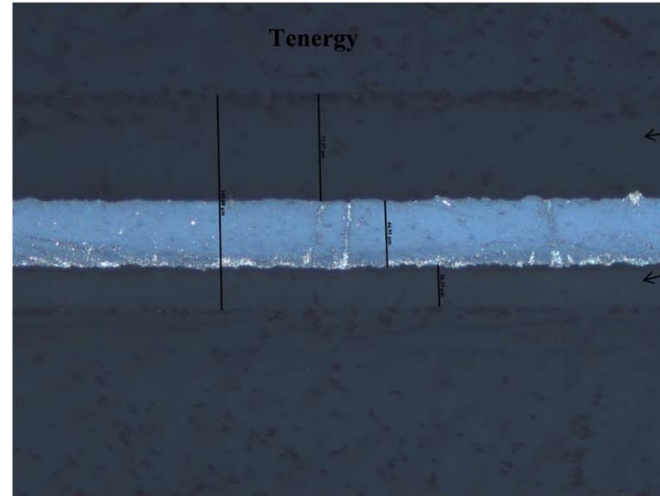


Analysis of Pouch Materials from the Different Manufacturers



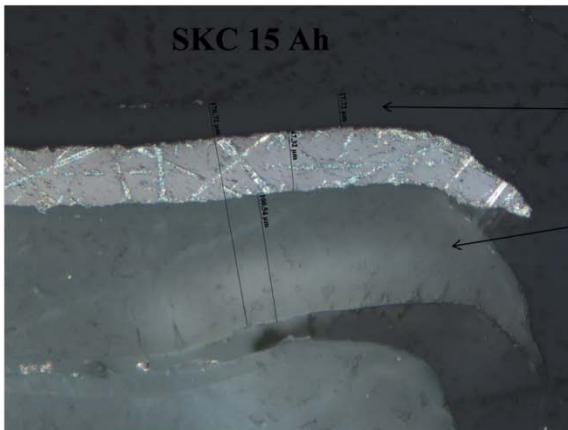
Outside:
Nylon 6 &
with a possible
Acrylic
adhesive

Inside:
Polypropylene



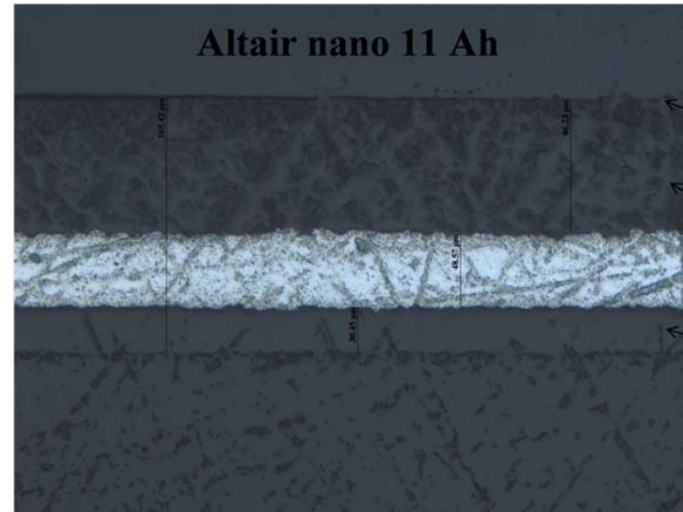
Outside:
Nylon 6

Inside:
Polypropylene



Outside:
Nylon 6

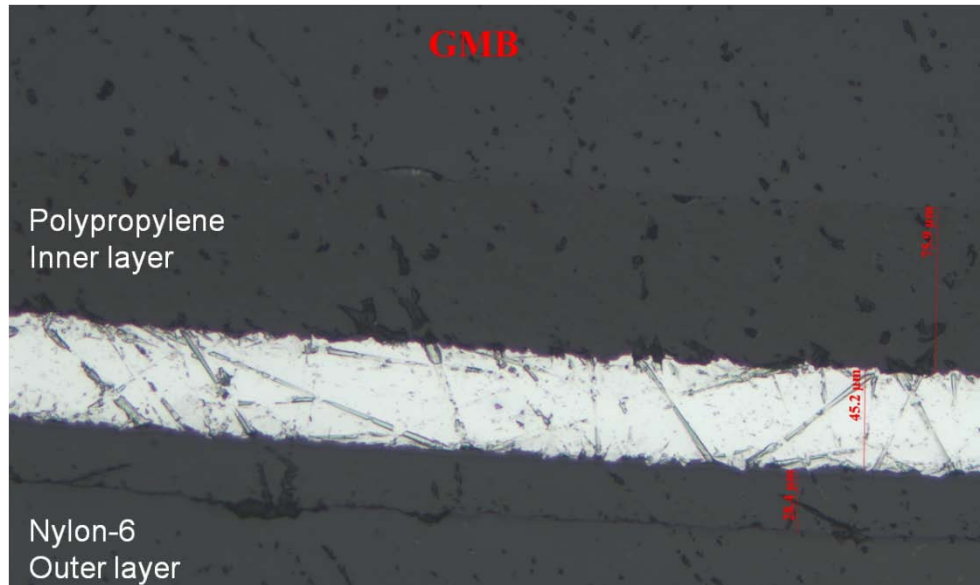
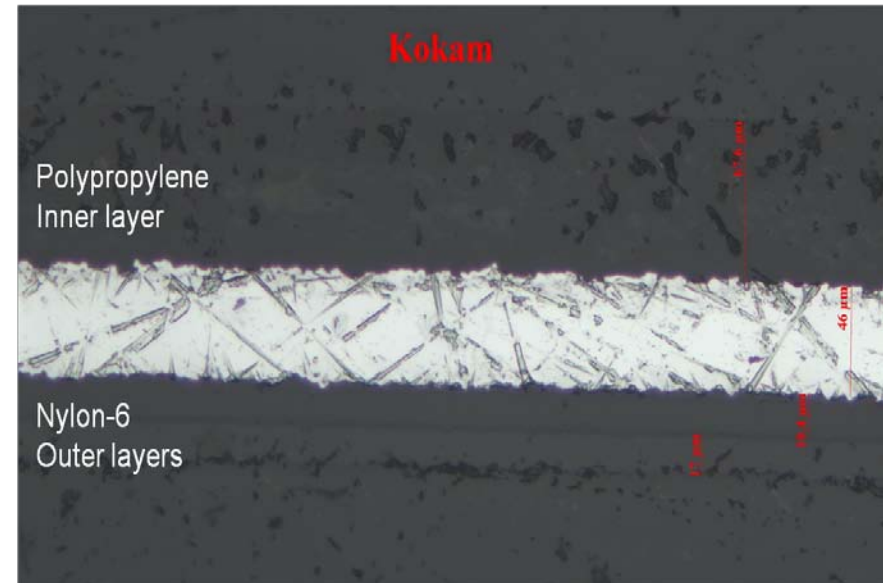
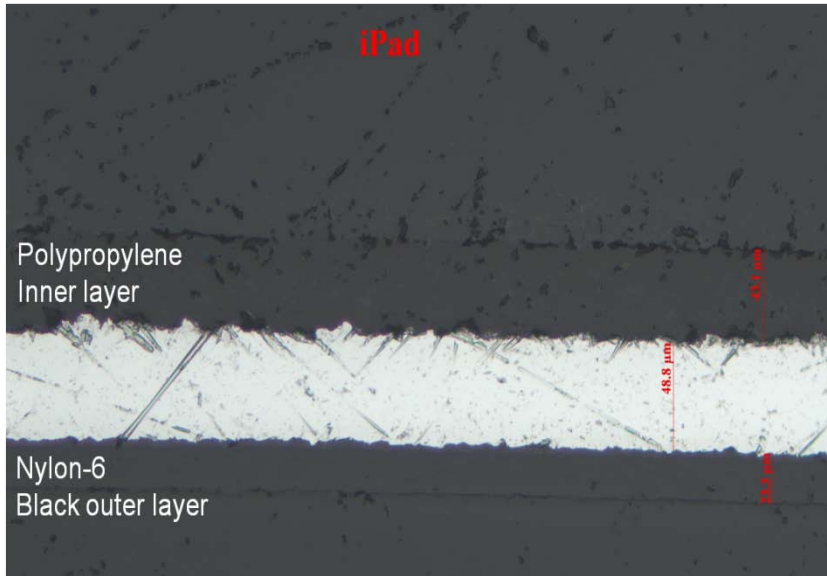
Inside:
Polypropylene



Outside:
Polyethylene
terephthalate &
Nylon 6

Inside:
Polypropylene

Analysis of Pouch Materials from the Different Manufacturers



Summary

- The li-ion pouch design cells exhibit similar behavior under off-nominal conditions as those in metal cans that do not have the internal safety devices.
 - Safety should be well characterized before batteries are designed.
- The li-ion pouch cell designs studied reacted most violently to overcharge conditions.
- Some pouch cell designs have higher tolerance to vacuum exposures than some others.
- A comparison of the pouch material itself does not show a correlation between this tolerance and the number of layers or composition of the pouch indicating that this is a property of the electrode stack design inside the pouch.
- Reduced pressure (8 to 10 psi) test environments show that the extent of capacity degradation under reduced pressure environments is less than that observed under vacuum conditions.
- Lithium-ion Pouch format cells are not necessarily true polymer cells

Acknowledgment

Test Team Members:

NASA-JSC: Bruce Duffield, Henry Bravo, Michael Andrews, Olga Vyshtykailo, Mike Salinas

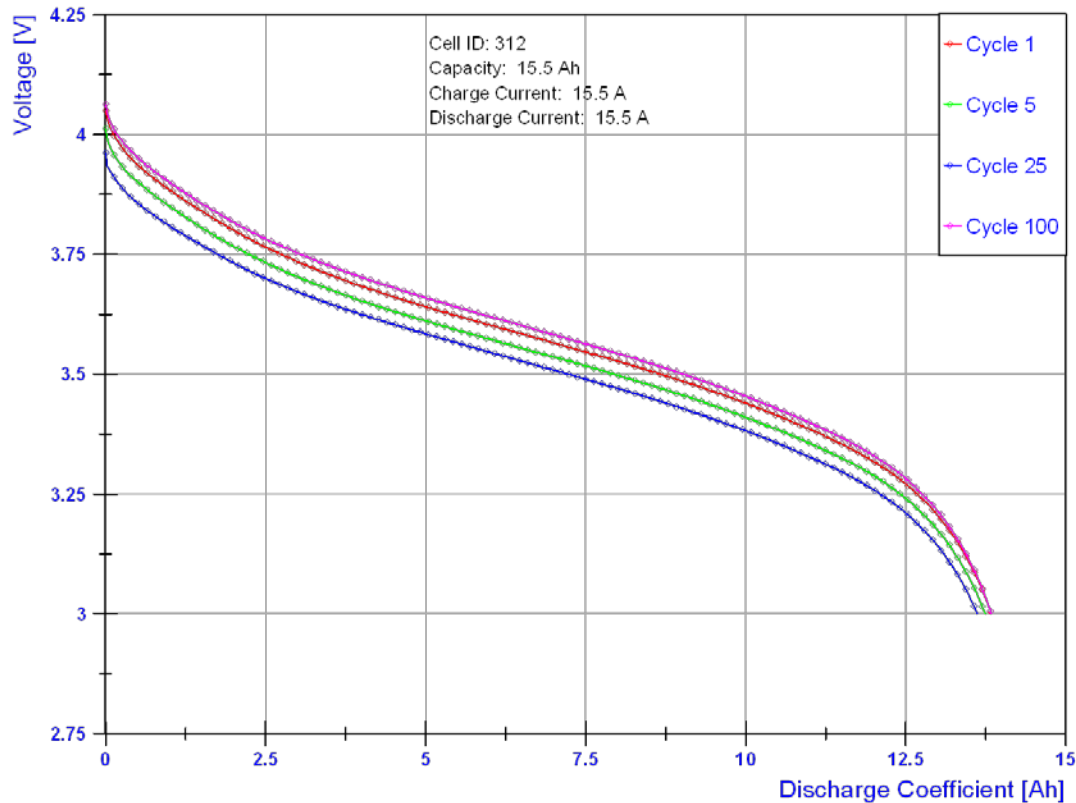
PC Test Engineering: Dr. Chung, James Park and Kwang Jung

Mobile Power Solutions : Dr. Andy Tipton and team

Space Information Labs: Jim Hammond and team

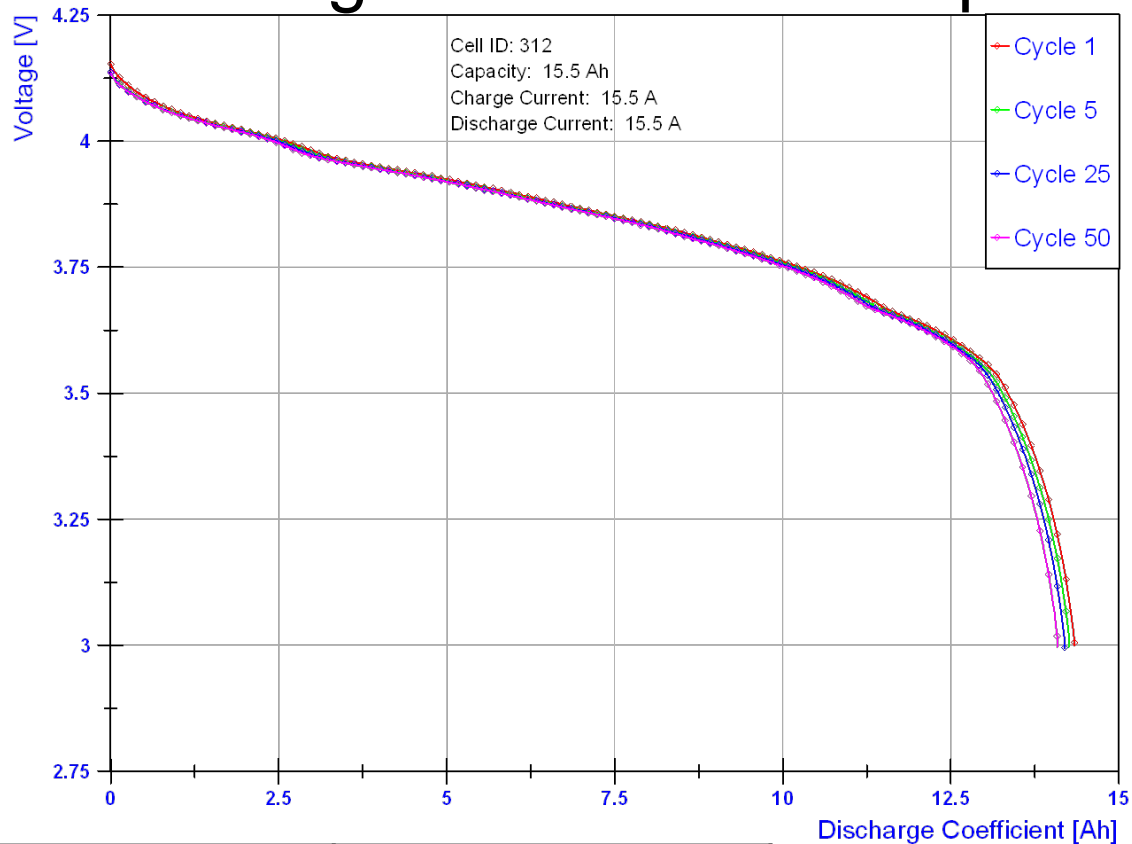
Back Up Slides

SKC 15 Ah Cell Cycling at 0 Deg C Discharge Charge at Ambient Temp



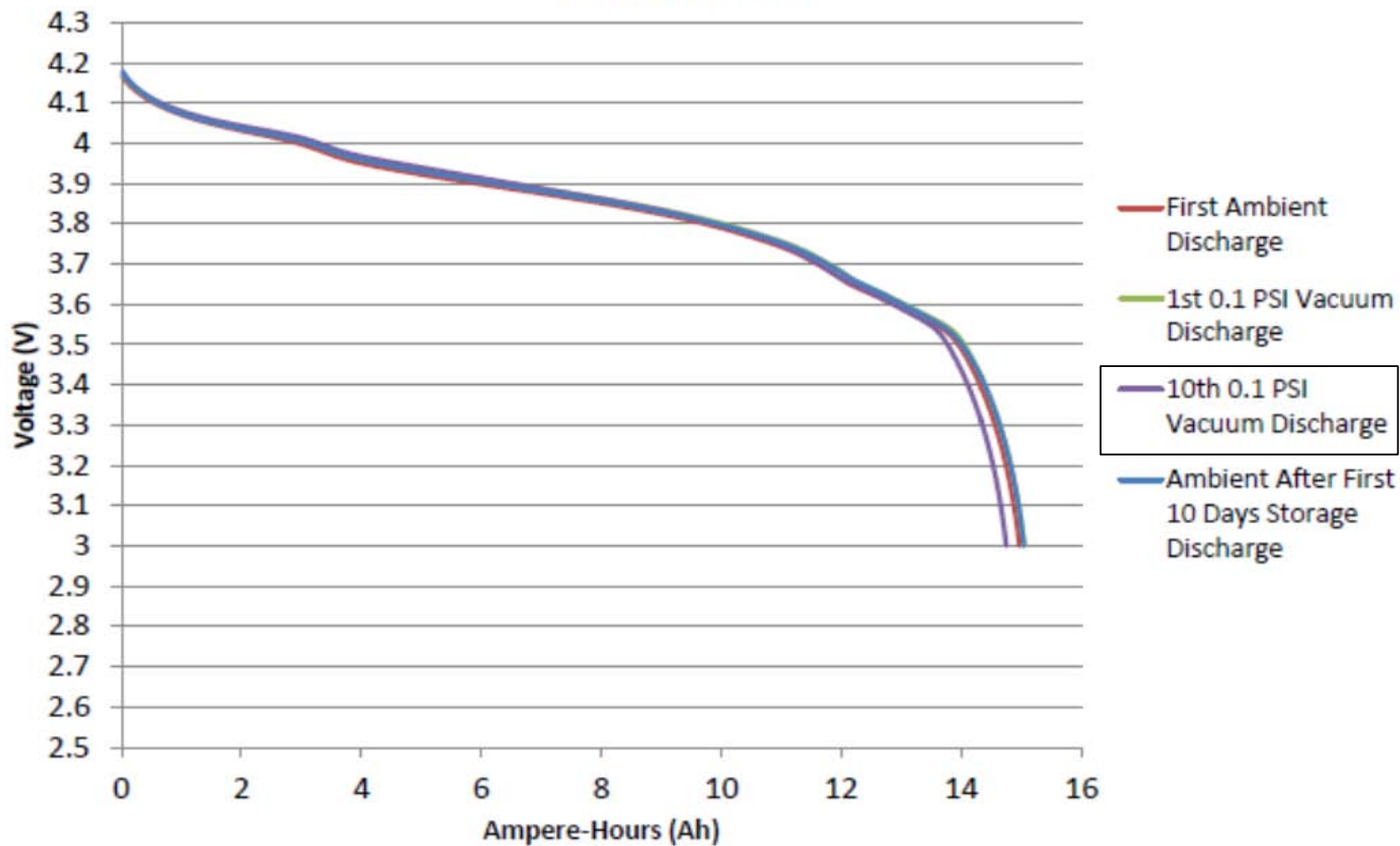
| | SN 221 | SN 312 |
|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cycle | Discharge Capacity | Discharge Capacity |
| 1 | 13.89 Ah | 13.82 Ah |
| 5 | 13.89 Ah | 13.74 Ah |
| 25 | 13.89 Ah | 13.61 Ah |
| 50 | 13.89 Ah | 13.83 Ah |

SKC 15 Ah Cell Cycling at 55 Deg C Discharge Charge at Ambient Temp

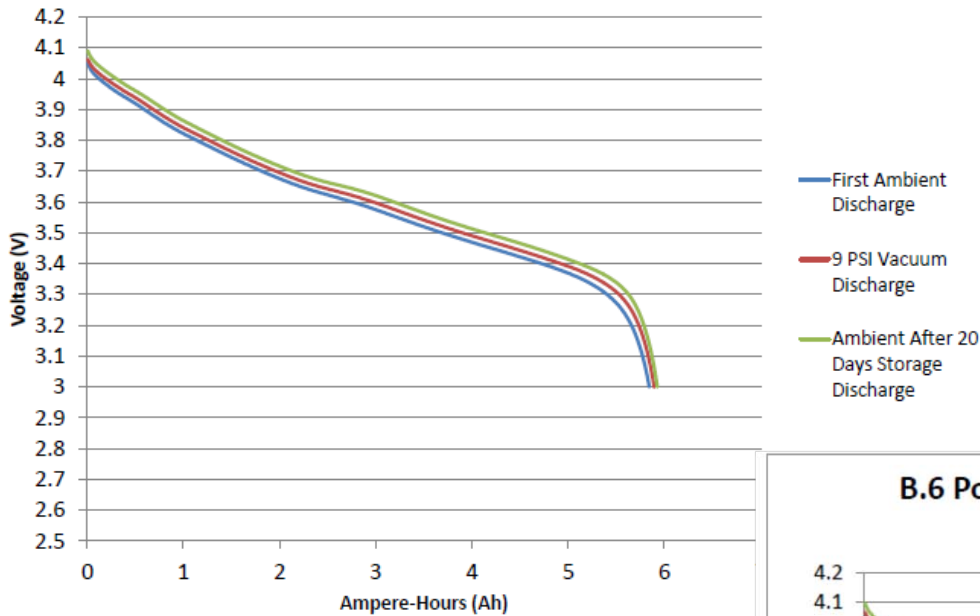


| | SN 221 | SN 312 |
|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cycle | Discharge Capacity | Discharge Capacity |
| 1 | 14.34 Ah | 14.34 Ah |
| 5 | 14.23 Ah | 14.26 Ah |
| 25 | 14.17 Ah | 14.19 Ah |
| 50 | 14.06 Ah | 14.08 Ah |

B.3 Pouch Cell Discharge Tests - SKC JSC-S005 - Constrained

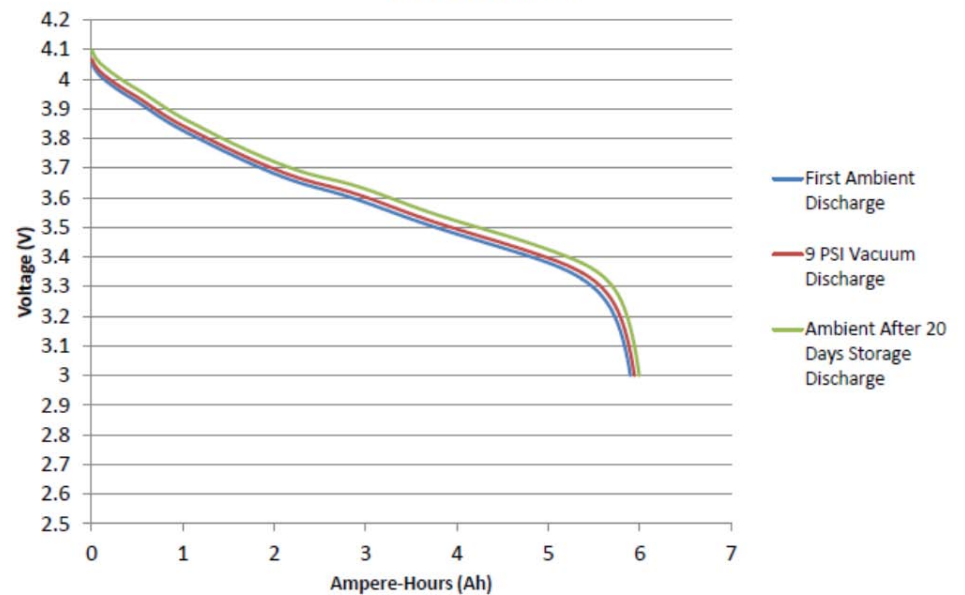


B.6 Pouch Cell Discharge Tests - Tenergy JSC-T027 - Constrained

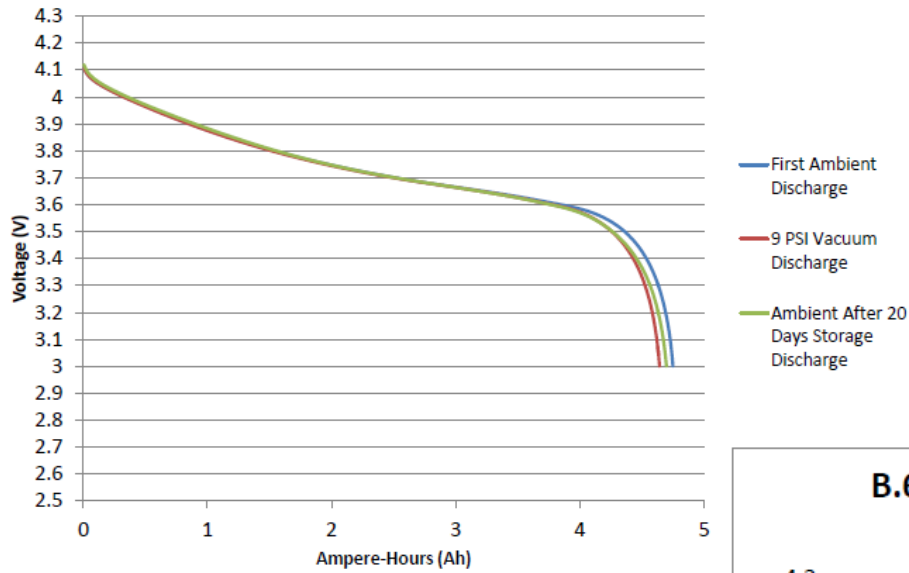


Reduced Pressure: 9 psi

B.6 Pouch Cell Discharge Tests - Tenergy JSC-T028 - Unconstrained



B.6 Pouch Cell Discharge Tests - Wanma JSC-W017 - Constrained



Reduced Pressure: 9 psi

B.6 Pouch Cell Discharge Tests - Wanma JSC-W019 - Unconstrained

