



NASA's Space Launch System Takes Shape: Progress Toward Safe, Affordable Exploration

61st JANNAF Propulsion Meeting
May 22, 2014

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Space Launch System



marshall
marshall



The Future of Exploration



Europa
390,400,000 mi



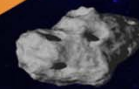
Mars
34,600,000 mi



Curiosity



Near-Earth Asteroid
~3,100,000 mi



International Space Station
220 mi



Moon
239,000 mi



Earth



70 t



Commercial Partners

*The Space Launch System [will] be the **backbone** of its manned spaceflight program for decades. It [will] be the most **powerful** rocket in NASA's history...and puts NASA on a more **sustainable** path to continue our tradition of **innovative** space exploration.*

President Obama's Accomplishments for NASA
May 22, 2012

SLS Driving Objectives



◆ Safe

- Human-rated to provide safe and reliable systems
- Protecting the public, NASA workforce, high-value equipment and property, and the environment from potential harm

◆ Affordable

- Maximum use of common elements and existing assets, infrastructure, and workforce
- Constrained budget environment
- Competitive opportunities for affordability on-ramps

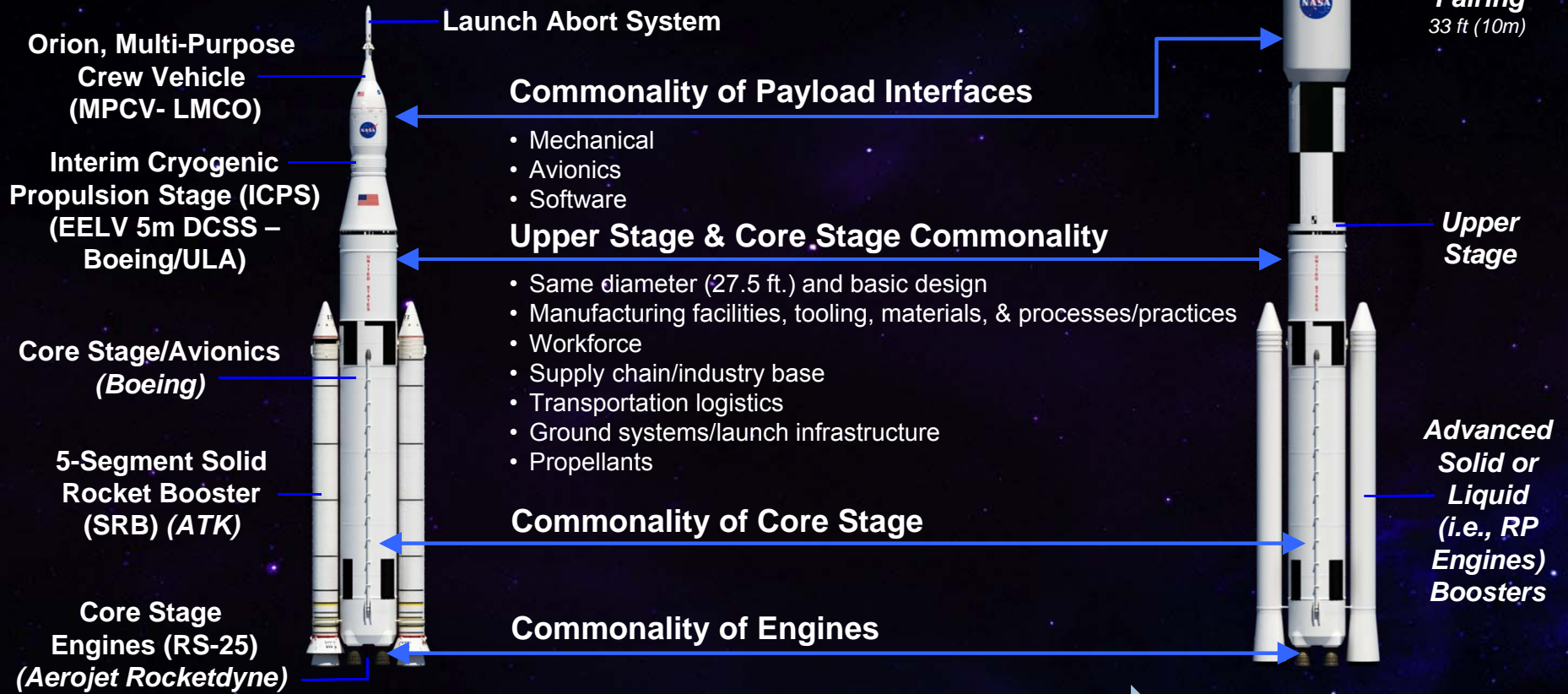
◆ Sustainable

- Initial capability: 70 metric tons (t), 2017–2021
 - Serves as primary transportation for Orion and human exploration missions
- Evolved capability: 105 t and 130 t, post-2021
 - Offers large volume for science missions and payloads
 - Reduces trip times to get science results faster
 - Minimizes risk of radiation exposure and orbital debris impacts



Optimum design for BEO missions of national importance

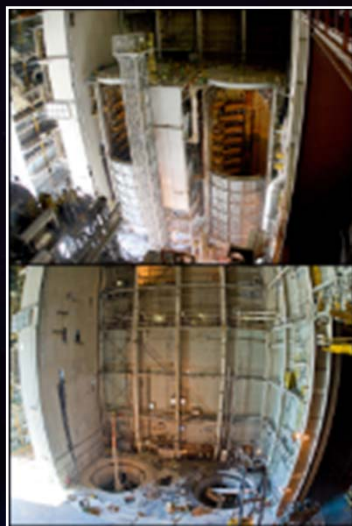
Building on the U.S. Infrastructure



Evolutionary Path to Future Capabilities

- Minimizes unique configurations
- Allows incremental development

SLS Core Stage Welding Tools Progress



Building the world's largest rocket in a state-of-the-art facility.

Core Stage Vertical Assembly Center Progress



SSC B-2 Test Stand Progress



SLS RS-25 Core Stage Engine Progress



Scheduled for summer 2014 at Stennis Space Center.

SLS Booster Progress



Testing upgrades for the solid rocket boosters.

Launch Vehicle Stage Adapter



Launch Vehicle/Stage Adapter (LVSA)

- Manufacturing Contract Award is Projected for January 2014
- Critical Design Review Jan. 2015

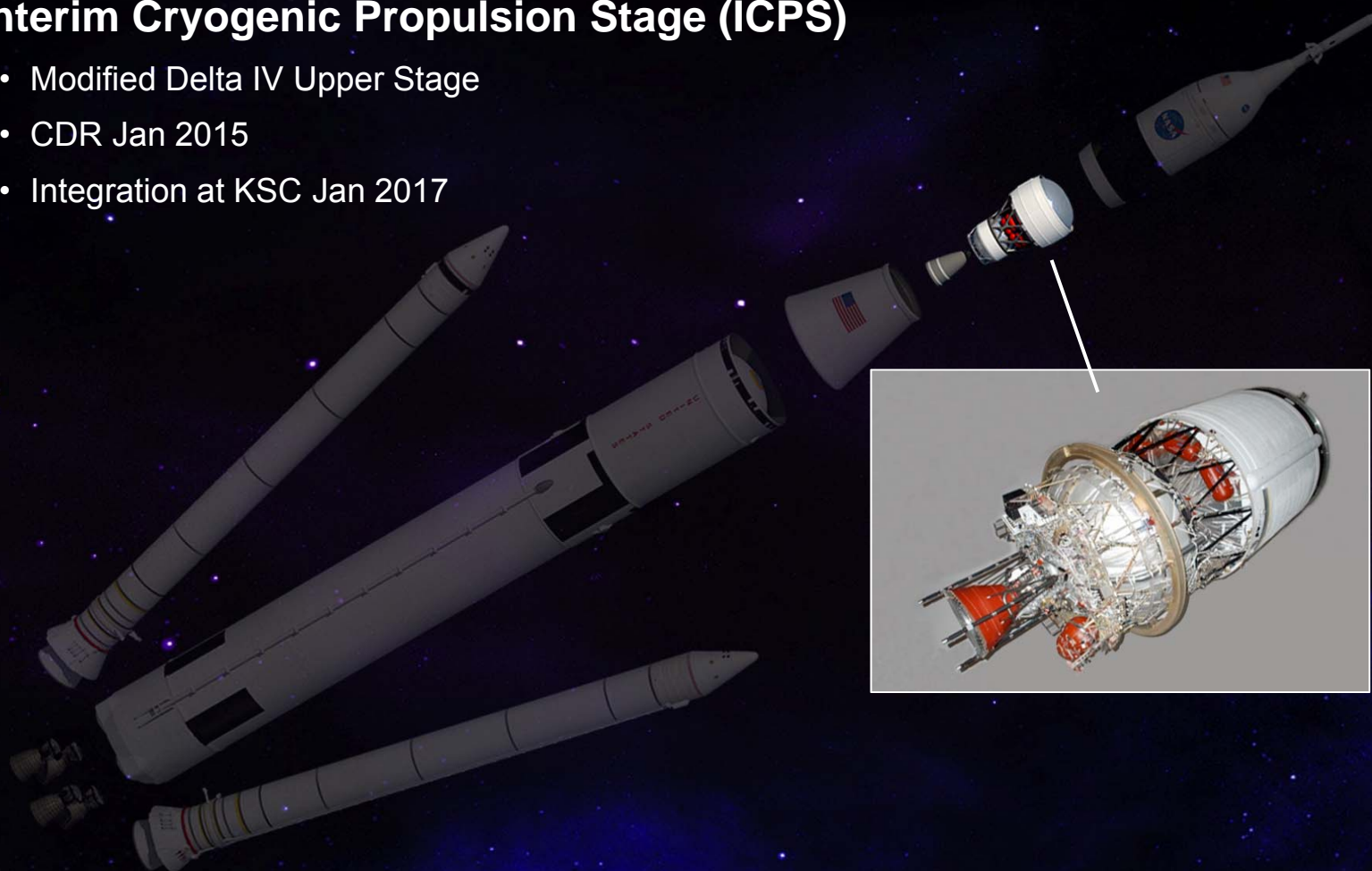


Interim Cryogenic Propulsion Stage

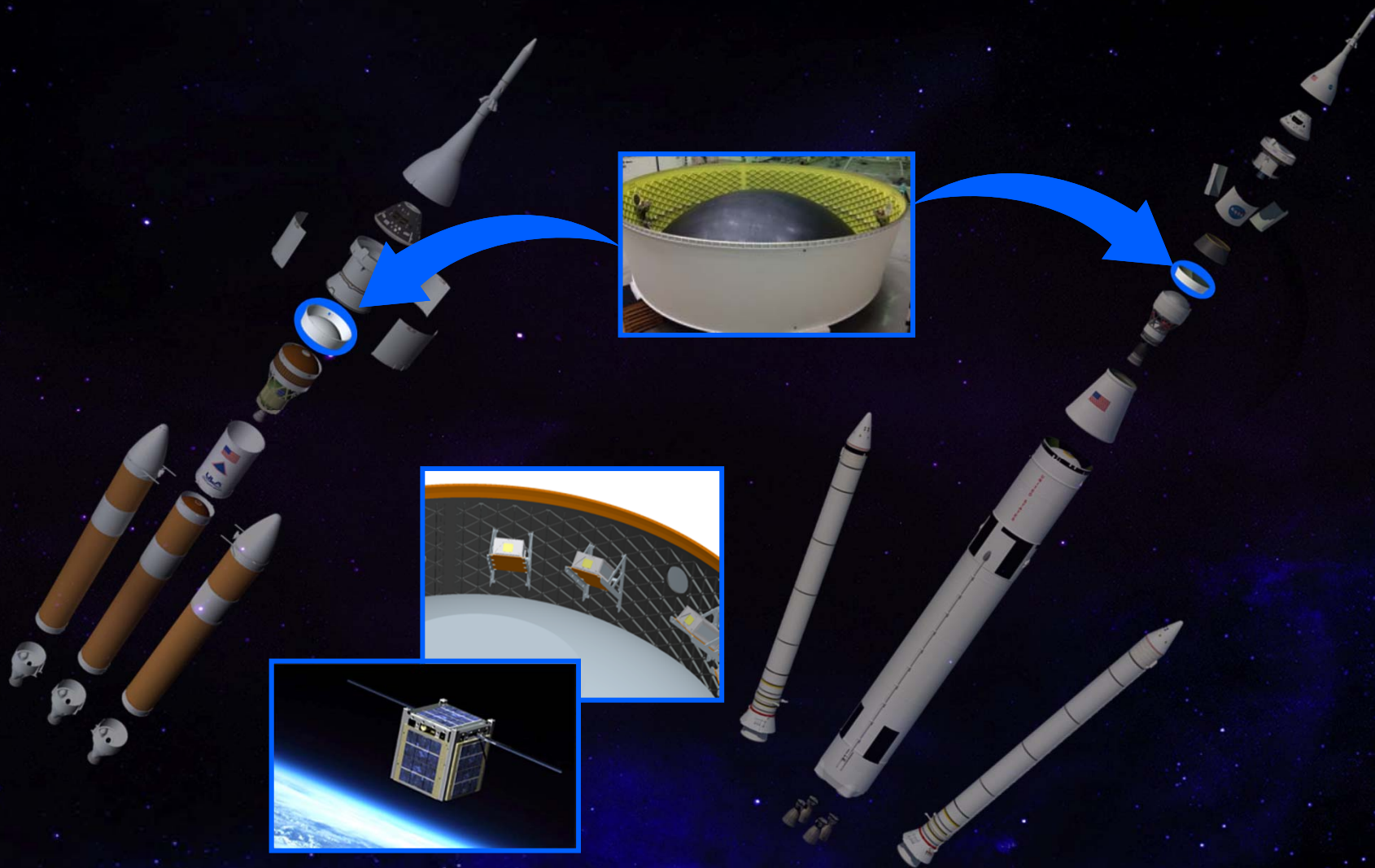


Interim Cryogenic Propulsion Stage (ICPS)

- Modified Delta IV Upper Stage
- CDR Jan 2015
- Integration at KSC Jan 2017

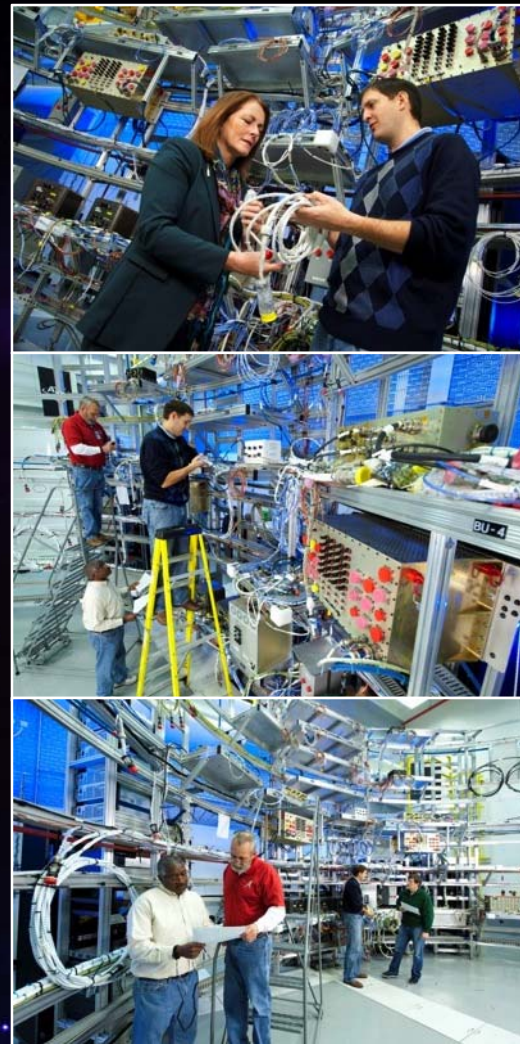


Orion-to-Stage Adapter for EFT-1 and EM-1



Design once. Build and fly many times.

SLS Avionics Progress



Integrated and powered up hardware, software, and operating systems for an inaugural run.

SLS Systems Engineering and Integration

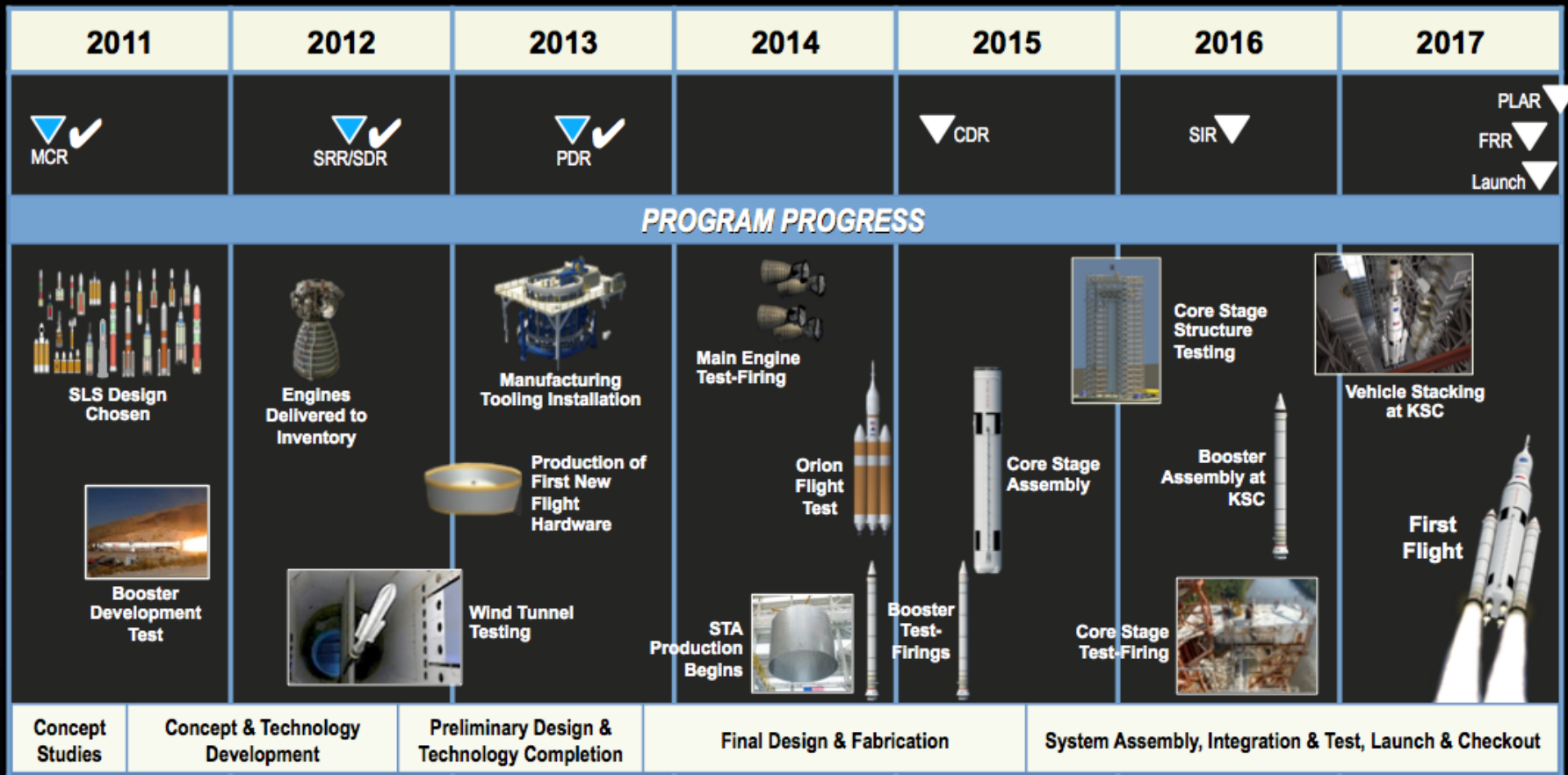


Conducted thousands of hours of testing across the country.

Ground Operations Liaison Office

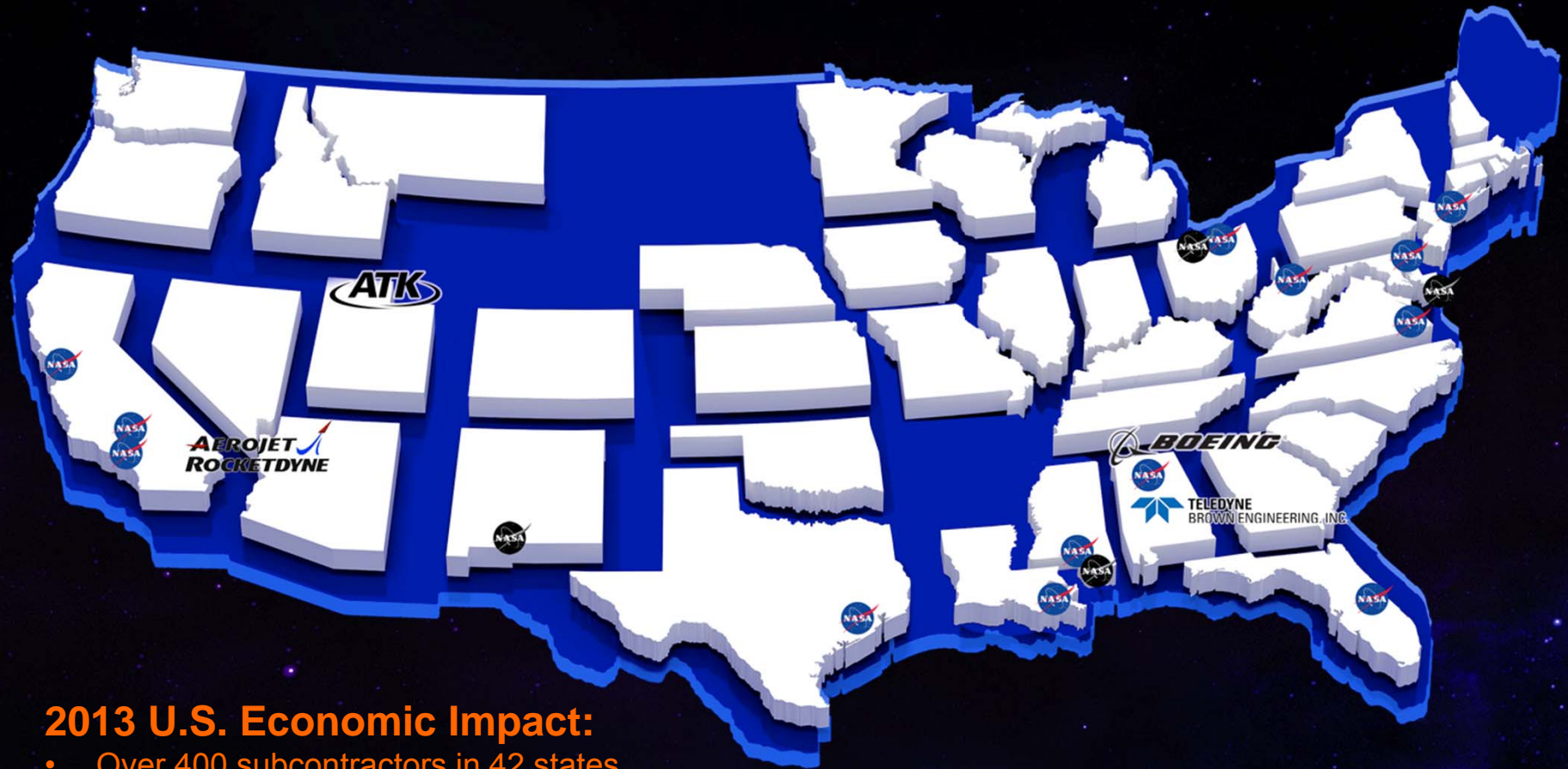


SLS Development On Time, Within Budget



MCR: Mission Concept Review	CDR: Critical Design Review
SRR: System Requirements Review	SIR: System Integration Review
SDR: System Definition Review	FRR: Flight Readiness Review
PDR: Preliminary Design Review	PLAR: Post-Launch Asses. Review

SLS Nationwide Team

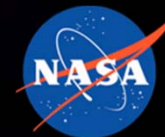


2013 U.S. Economic Impact:

- Over 400 subcontractors in 42 states
- \$4.29B
- 25,000 Jobs
- Engaging the U.S. aerospace industry
- Strengthening sectors such as manufacturing
- Advancing technology and innovation

 NASA Facilities
 NASA Centers

Conclusion



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