#### Label-free Detection of Cardiac Troponin-I using Carbon Nanofiber based Nanoelectrode Arrays

#### Adaikkappan Periyakaruppan, Ram P. Gandhiraman, M. Meyyappan, Jessica E. Koehne

#### <sup>1</sup>Center for Nanotechnology, NASA Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, CA

A sensor platform based on vertically aligned carbon nanofibers (CNFs) has been developed. Their inherent nanometer scale, high conductivity, wide potential window, good biocompatibility and well-defined surface chemistry make them ideal candidates as biosensor electrodes. A carbon nanofiber (CNF) multiplexed array has been fabricated with 9 sensing pads, each containing 40,000 carbon nanofibers as nanoelectrodes. Here, we report the use of vertically aligned CNF nanoelectrodes for the detection of cardiac Troponin-I for the early diagnosis of myocardial infarction. Antibody, antitroponin, probe immobilization and subsequent binding to human cardiac troponin-I were characterized using electrochemical impedance spectroscopy and cyclic voltammetry techniques. Each step of the modification process resulted in changes in electrical capacitance or resistance to charge transfer due to the changes at the electrode surface upon antibody immobilization and binding to the specific antigen. This sensor demonstrates high sensitivity, down to 0.2 ng/mL, and good selectivity making this platform a good candidate for early stage diagnosis of myocardial infarction.





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Jessica E. Koehne NASA Ames Research Center Moffett Field, CA



## **Biosensor Motivation**





### **NASA** Applications

- Astronaut health monitoring
  - Lab-on-a-chip (DNA, rRNA, ricin, cholesterol, dopamine, serotonin, pH)
- Water Quality monitoring
  - Pathogen detection on ISS and long duration missions
- Planetary exploration
  - Life on other planets

### **Outside Applications and Customers**

- Medical Diagnostics
  - NIH, DARPA
- Environmental Monitoring
  - EPA, NIH
- Biowarfare agent detection
  - DHS, DARPA
- Food Safety
  - FDA





## Astronaut Heart Health Monitoring





### Microgravity and Cardiovascular Health

- Fluid Shifts
- Changes in total blood volume
- Changes in heart beat
- Diminished aerobic activity

### Need for on-flight diagnostics

### Troponin-I

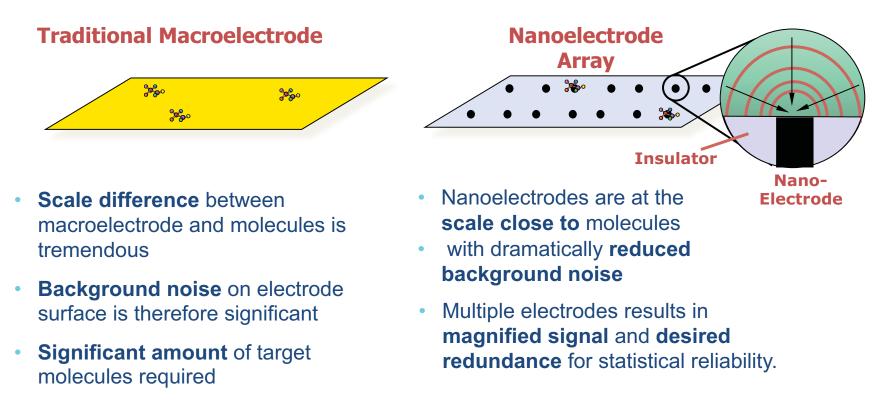
- biomarker: acute myocardial infarction
- normal levels: 0.4 ng/mL and lower
- risk of heart attack: 2.0 ng/mL and above





Nanoscale electrodes create a dramatic improvement in signal detection over traditional electrodes for small analyte concentrations

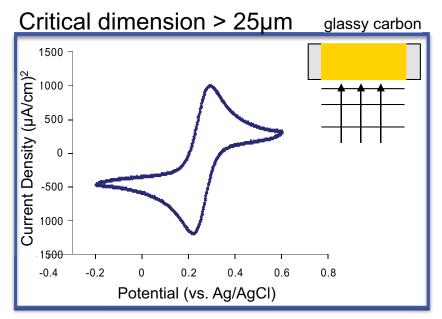
Background:  $i_n \propto C_d^{0}A$ 



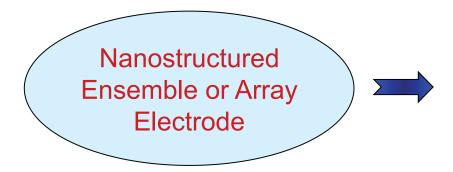


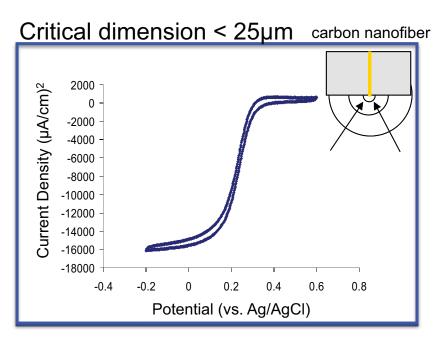
Macroelectrode vs. Nanoelectrode





Semi-infinite planar linear diffusion





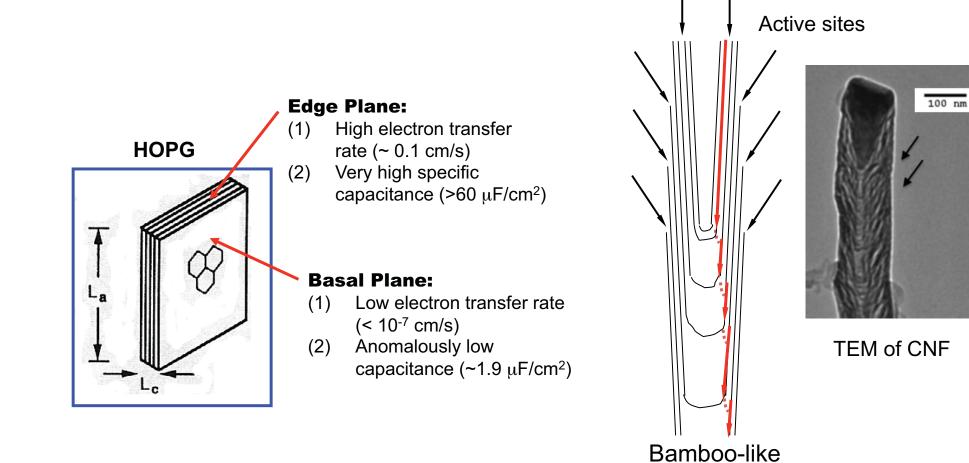
Semi-infinite hemispherical diffusion: Current exhibits a steady state Diffusion layer is approximately 6r

- Spatial Resolution: defined by r
- Sensitivity: signal to noise
  - $i_s/i_n \approx nFC_0D_0/r$



### Carbon Nanofibers (CNFs)





**CNFs** 

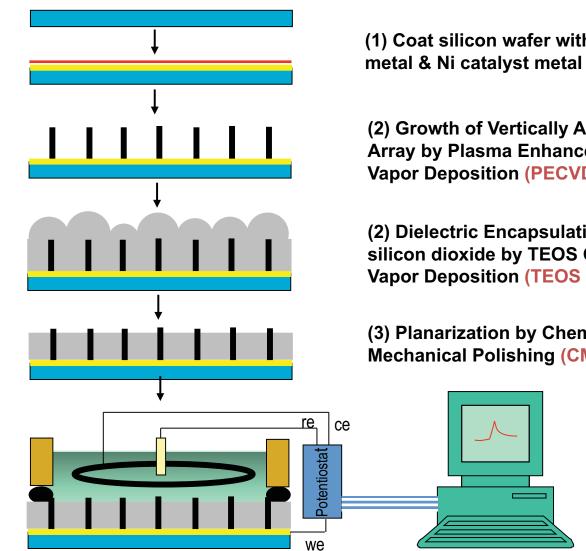
R. L. McCreery, A. J. Bard, in *Electroanalytical* 

Chemistry, Ed., 1991, 17, 221.



## **CNF** Array Preparation





(1) Coat silicon wafer with underlying Cr

(2) Growth of Vertically Aligned CNF Array by Plasma Enhanced Chemical Vapor Deposition (PECVD)

(2) Dielectric Encapsulation of silicon dioxide by TEOS Chemical Vapor Deposition (TEOS CVD)

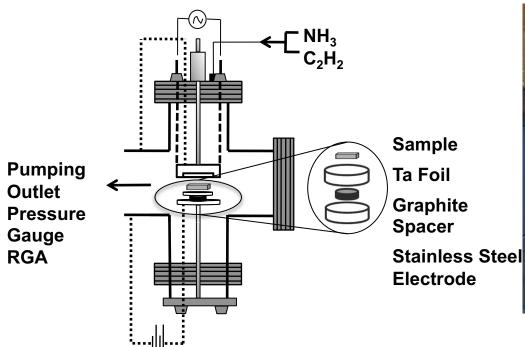
(3) Planarization by Chemical Mechanical Polishing (CMP)

> (5) Electrochemical Characterization

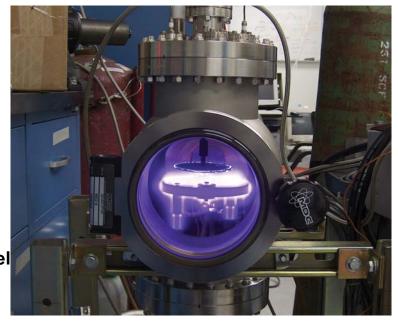
## CNF Growth by Plasma Enhanced Chemical Vapor Deposition (PECVD)



**PECVD** Reactor Schematic



**Custom Built PECVD Reactor** 



### **Growth Process**

- Heated to 650 C
- Plasma discharge 500 W, 530 V, 0.97 A
- 150 sccm NH<sub>3</sub>/50 sccm C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 5-6 torr
- Growth rate- 1000 nm/min
- Quality is good, alignment is good

Cruden, B., et al., Appl. Phys. Lett. 2003, 94, 4070-4078.



### Define CNF Placement by Catalyst Placement

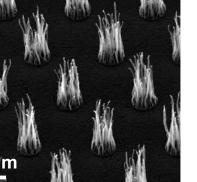


Continuous Layer of Catalyst

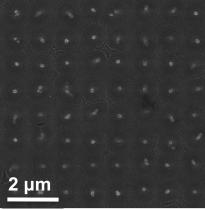
### As Grown CNFs

<u>500 nm</u>

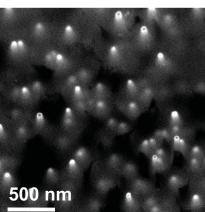
Photolithography Defined Catalyst Spots

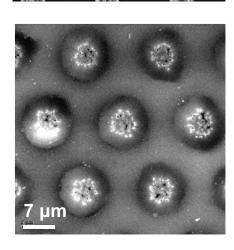


Electron Beam Lithography Defined Catalyst Spots



SiO<sub>2</sub> Encapsulated CNFs



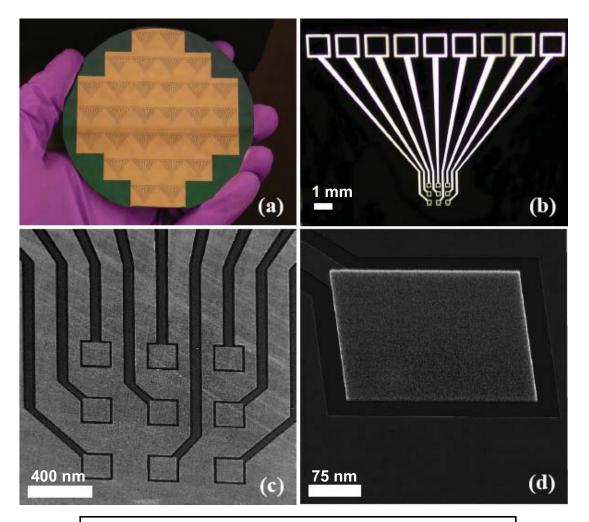




### Fabrication of 3x3 Array



30 devices on a 4" Si wafer



- 200  $\mu m$  by 200  $\mu m$  electrode dimensions
- 9 individually addressed electrodes
- potentially 9 different target molecules

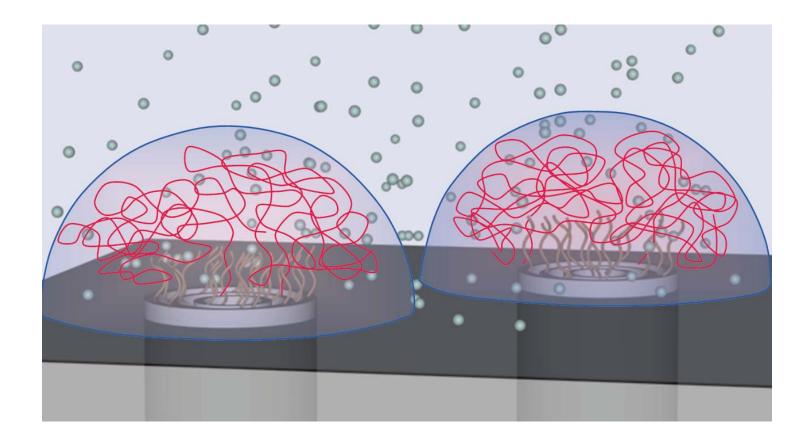




### **Objectives:**

The objective is to test an ultrasmall biosensor for:

1) point of care diagnostics for astronaut health monitoring

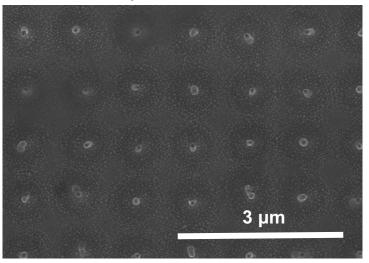


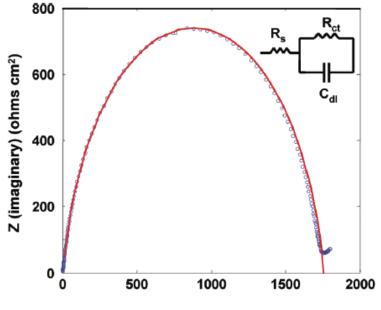


## Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy of CNF Electrode



ultralow density CNF





Z (real) (ohms cm<sup>2</sup>)

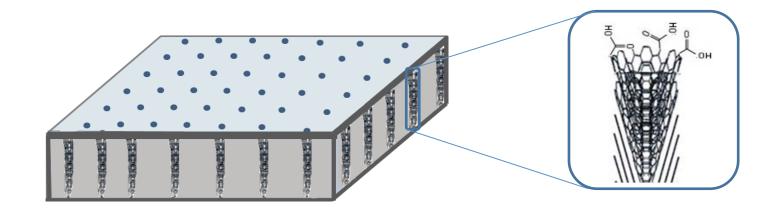
Fitting Parameters	Randomly Grown CNF	CNF (low density)	CNF (ultralow density)
I (A/mm <sup>2</sup> )	7.1 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.8 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.5 X 10 <sup>-7</sup>
R <sub>ct</sub> (KΩ)	N/A	1.8	17.3
CPE (µF)	906	3.3	2.5
n	0.79	0.89	0.91

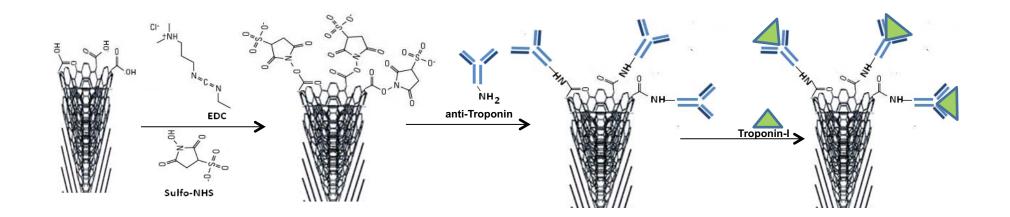
S. Siddiqui, P. U. Arumugam, H. Chen, J. Li, M. Meyyappan, ACS Nano, 2010, 4, 955-961.



### Surface Preparation of CNF Electrode

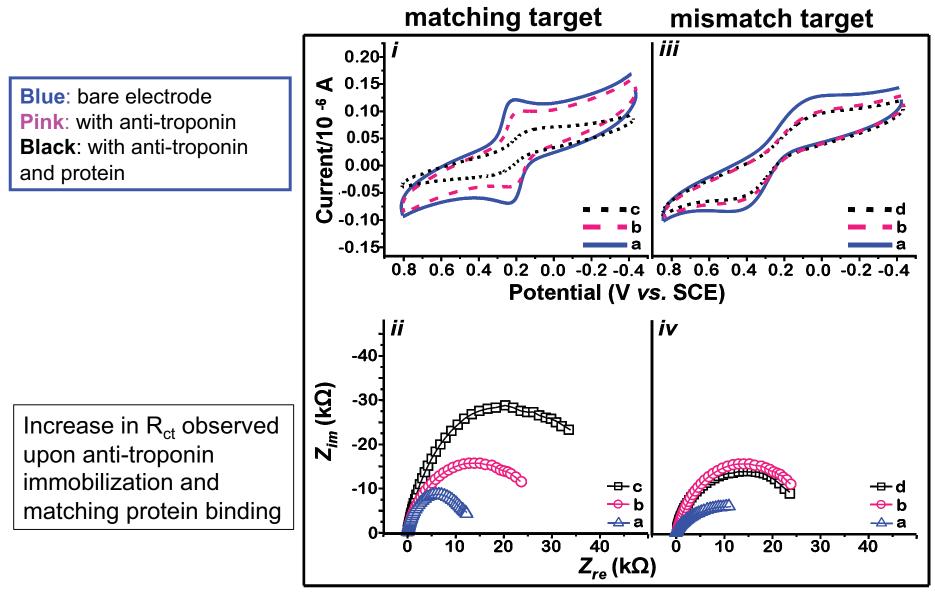






### **Troponin-I Detection**





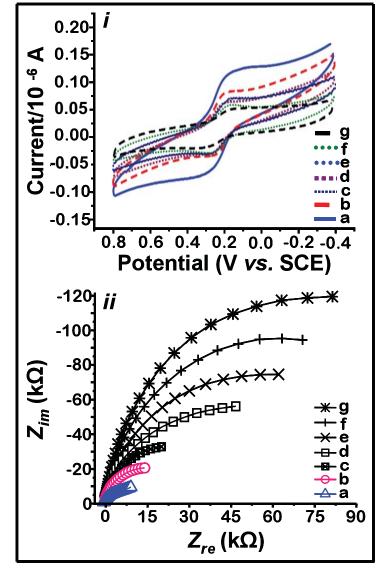
A. Periyakaruppan, R. P. Gandhiraman, M. Meyyappan, J. E. Koehne, Anal. Chem., 2013, 85, 3858-3863.

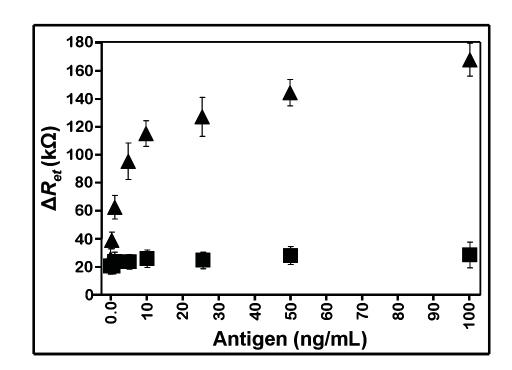
esearch Center



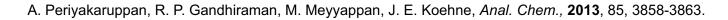
## **Troponin-I Concentration Study**







Troponin-I concentration range: 100 ng/mL to 0.25 ng/mL Detection down to 0.25 ng/mL



# Summary

- Carbon nanofibers can be used to as nanoscale electrodes to reduce background noise while maintaining large sampling volume
- Carbon nanofiber nanoelectrode arrays are easily fabricated using standard silicon processing
  - CNF spacing defined by photolithography and e-beam lithography
- Carbon nanofibers have been used as sensitive nanoelectrodes for cyclic voltammetry and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy investigations
- Changes in R<sub>ct</sub> are measured after antibody immobilization and protein binding
- Carbon nanofiber nanoelectrode arrays have been used to detect down to 0.25 ng/mL troponin-I





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