2013-gupta-Presentation-tn8782

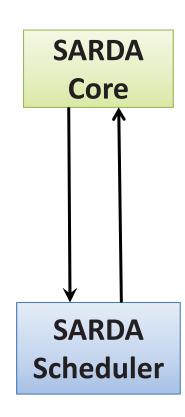
The Spot and Runway Departure Advisor (SARDA) is an integrated decision support tool for aurlines and air traffic control tower enabling surface collaborative decision making (CDM) and departure metering in order to enhance efficiency of surface operations at congested airports. The presentation describes the concept and architecture of the SARDA as a CDM tool, and the results from a human-in-the-loop simulation of the tool conducted in 2012 at the FutureFlight Central, the tower simulation facility. Also, presented is the current activities and future plan for SARDA development. The presentation was given at the meeting with the FAA senior advisor of the Surface Operations Office.

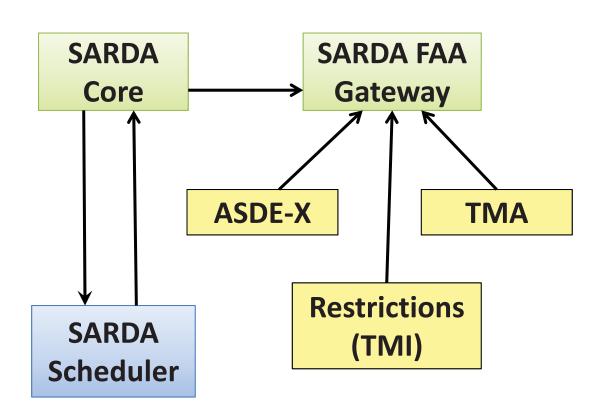
SARDA: An Integrated Concept for Airport Surface Operations Management

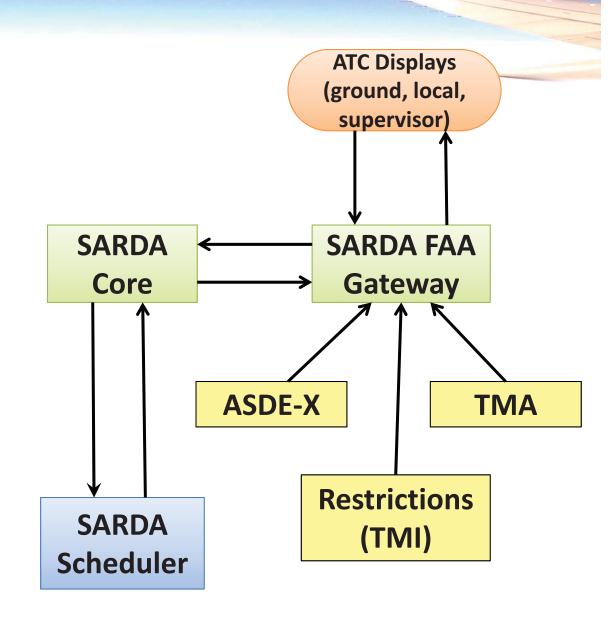
SARDA Team
NASA Ames Research Center
March 7, 2013



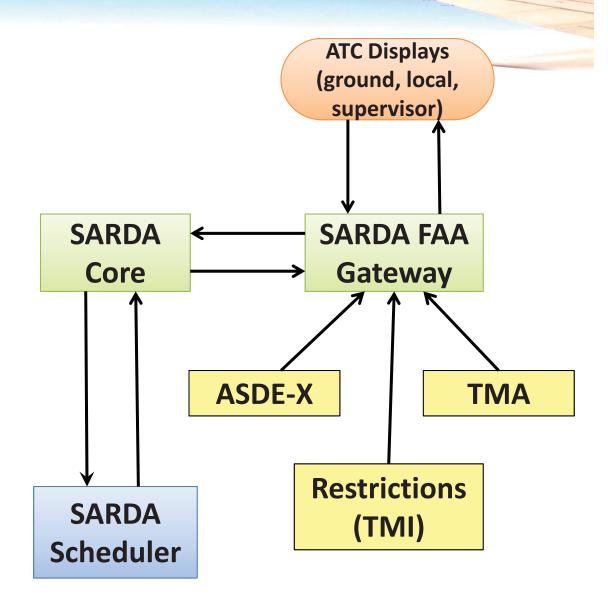
 Integrated tool for airlines and Air Traffic Control Tower enabling CDM and departure metering

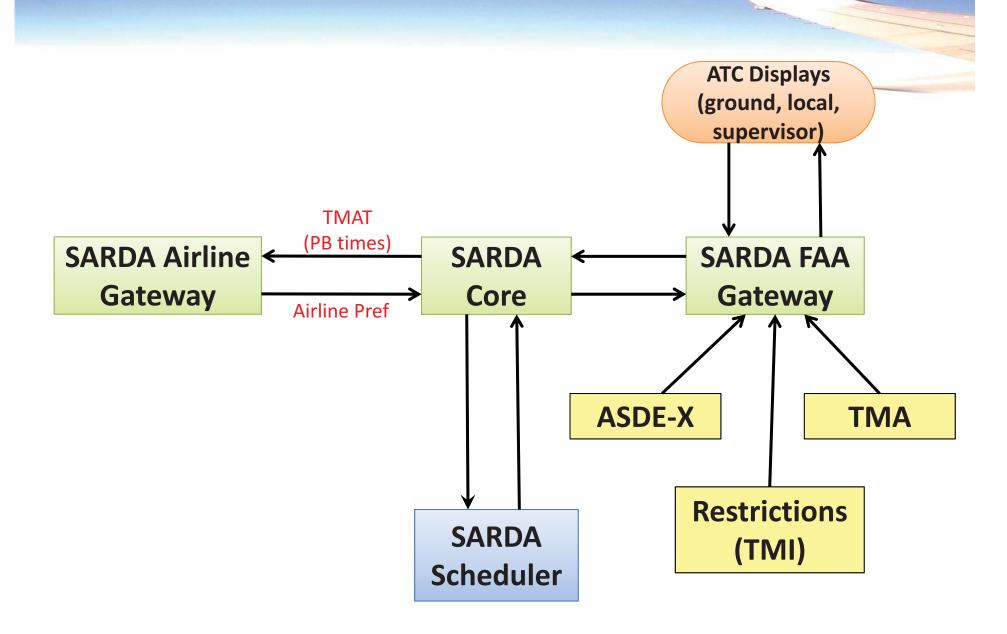


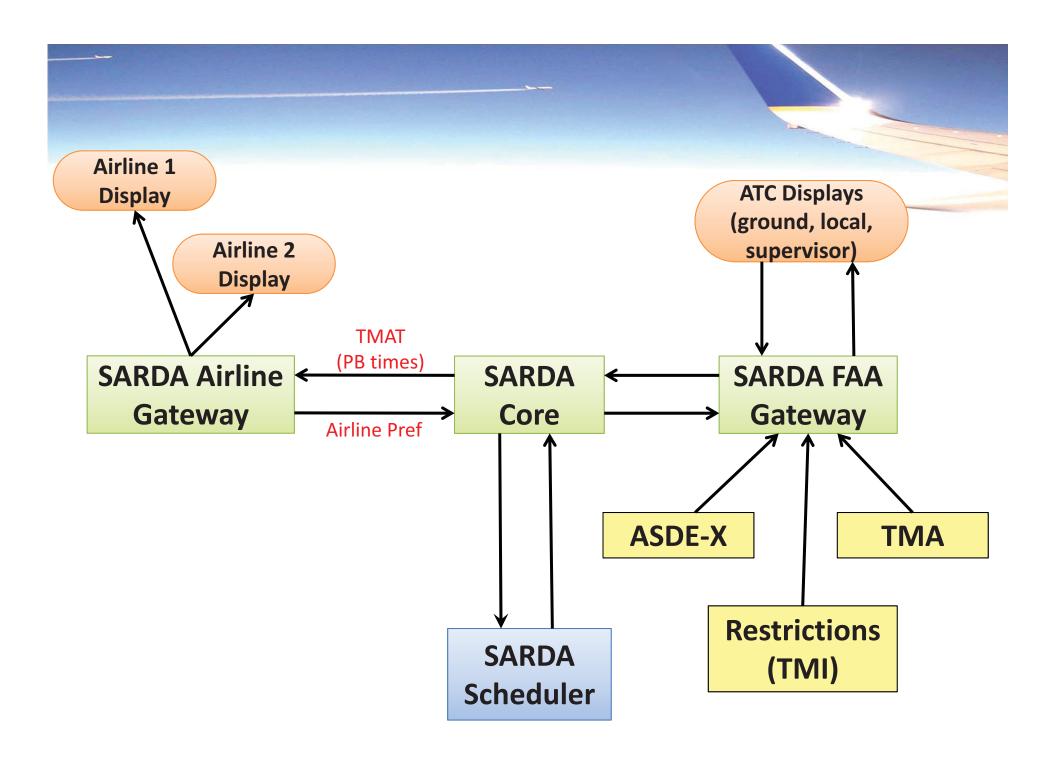


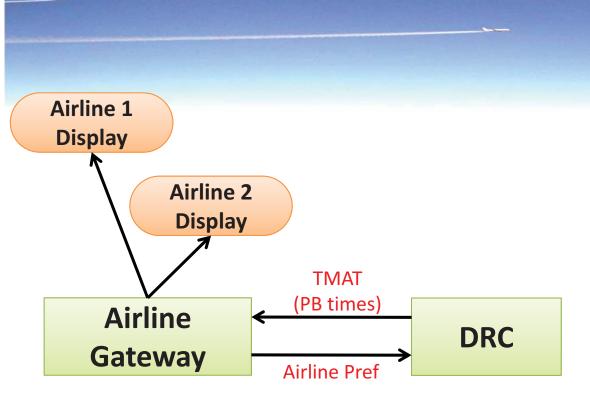


SARDA Airline Gateway









Nominal JFK System

- Integrated tool for airlines and Air Traffic Control Tower enabling CDM and departure metering
- Based on managing scarce resource: <u>Runway</u>
- Strategic or tactical departure metering

- Integrated tool for airlines and Air Traffic Control Tower enabling CDM and departure metering
- Based on managing scarce resource: <u>Runway</u>
- Strategic or tactical departure metering
 - Strategic: gate/ramp hold fixed 30 or 60 mins before scheduled pushback
 - Tactical: gate/ramp hold assigned after pilot communicates pushback readiness
 - Both have tactical ATCT advisories

- Integrated tool for airlines and Air Traffic Control Tower enabling CDM and departure metering
- Based on managing scarce resource: <u>Runway</u>
- Strategic or tactical departure metering
- 4-D trajectory enabler

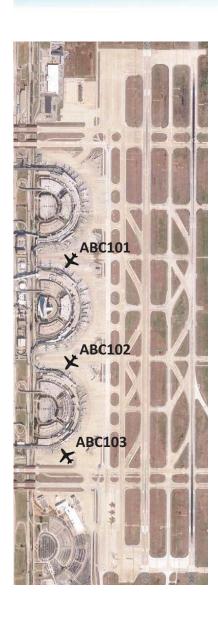
SARDA Strategic Gate Hold

Planning Definition

• <u>Planning horizon (PH)</u>: how soon is planning done. E.g. 30 minutes

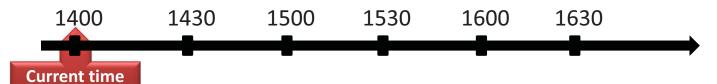


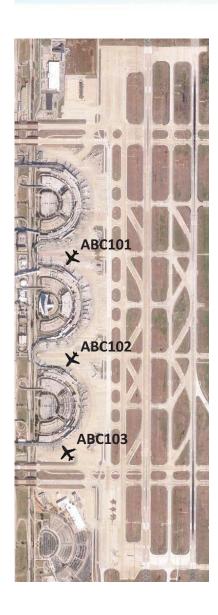




Scheduled push-back

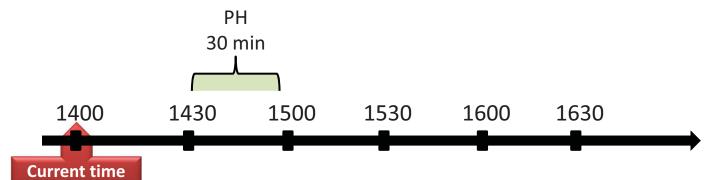
ABC101: 1502 ABC102: 1504 ABC103: 1507

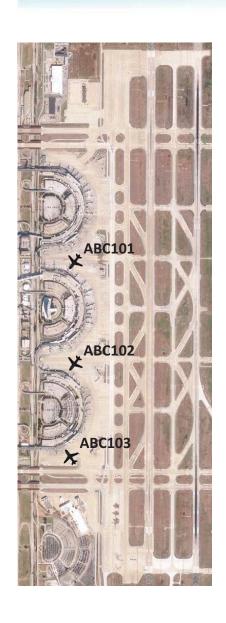




Scheduled push-back

ABC101: 1502 ABC102: 1504 ABC103: 1507





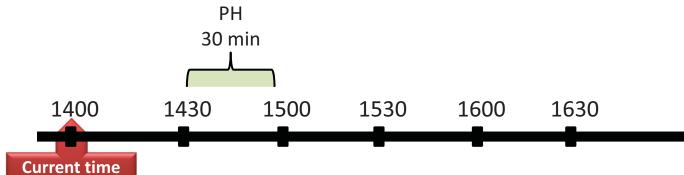
Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

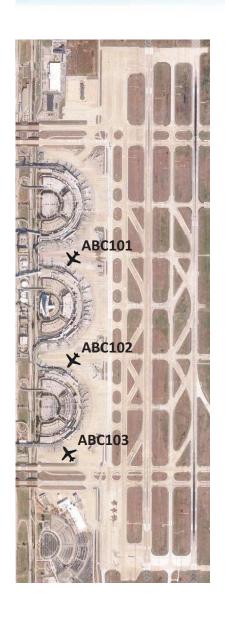
Strategic SARDA Scheduler

Scheduled push-back

ABC101: 1502 ABC102: 1504 ABC103: 1507

- Flight restrictions (TMI)
- Flight details
- Airport config





Stage 1 Updated push-back ABC101: 1504 (1502) Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

ABC102: 1510 (1504) ABC103: 1508 (1507) Strategic SARDA Scheduler

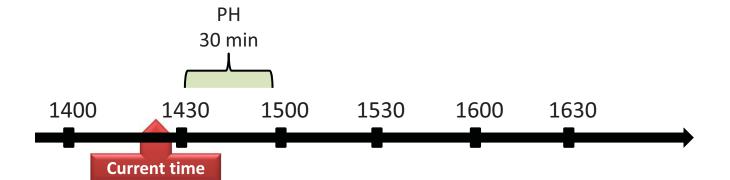


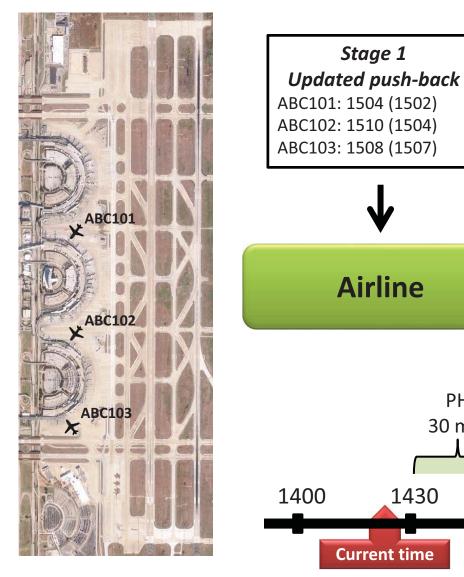
Airline



Preferences

- Later push-back
- Swaps





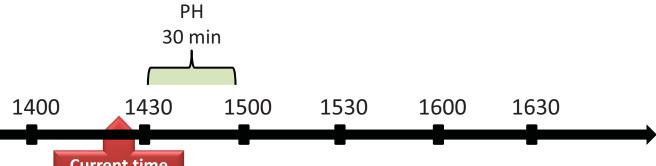
Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

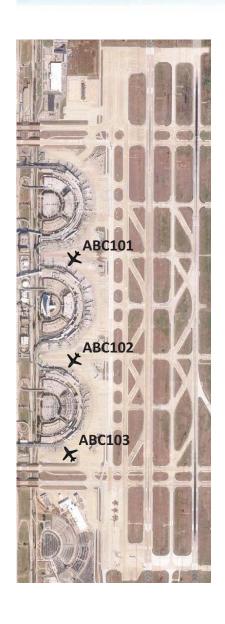
Strategic SARDA Scheduler



Preferences

- Later push-back
- Swaps





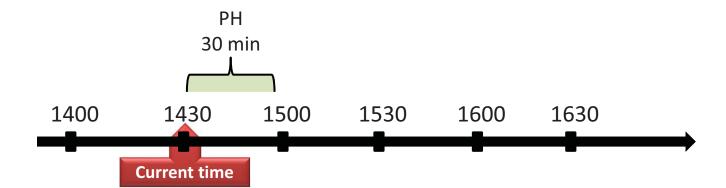
Stage 2 Updated push-back

ABC101: 1504 (no change) ABC102: 1510 (no change) ABC103: 1508 (no change) **Strategic Planning Component (SPC)**

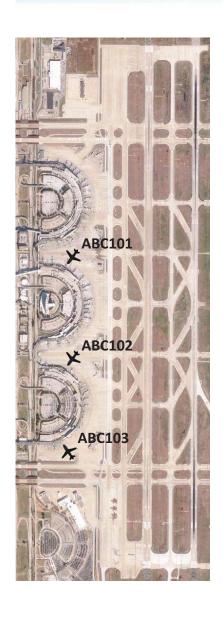
Strategic SARDA Scheduler



Airline



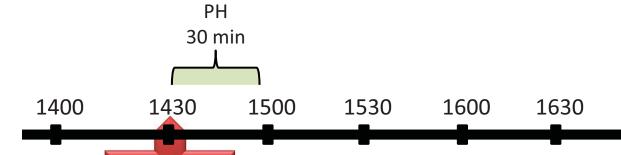
Current time

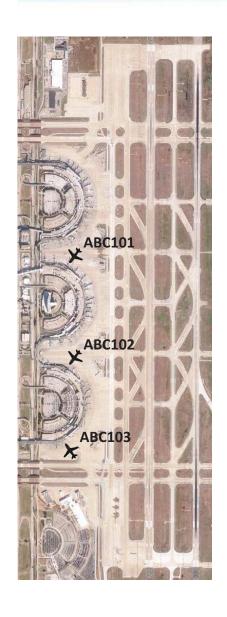


Stage 2 Updated push-back

ABC101: 1504 (no change) ABC102: 1510 (no change) ABC103: 1508 (no change) **Strategic Planning Component (SPC)**

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)

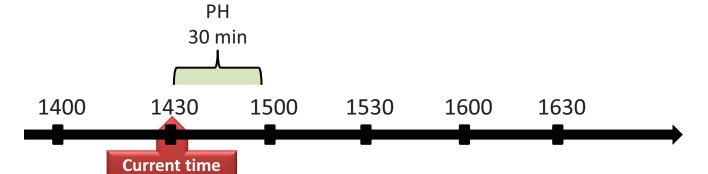


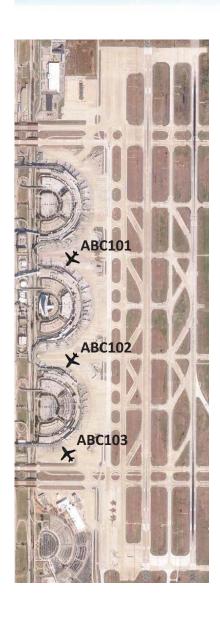


Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

Agreed push-back times

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)





Actual push-back

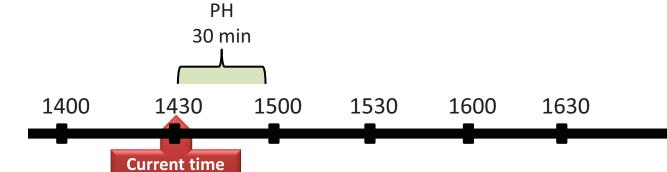
ABC101: 1507 (1504) late ABC102: 1500 (1510) early ABC103: 1508 (1508) on-time

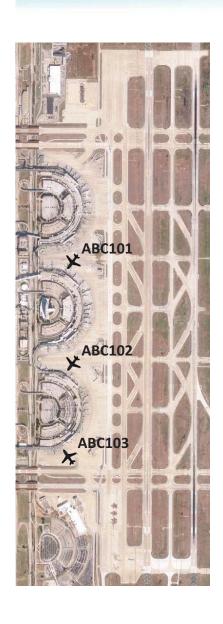
10 sec update of all aircraft positions

Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

Agreed push-back times

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)





Actual push-back

ABC101: 1507 (1504) late ABC102: 1500 (1510) early ABC103: 1508 (1508) on-time

10 sec update of all aircraft positions

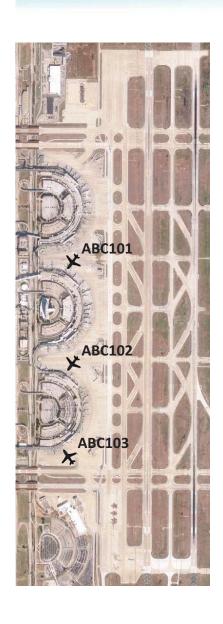
ATCT Advisories

Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

Agreed push-back times

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)





Actual push-back

ABC101: 1507 (1504) late ABC102: 1500 (1510) early ABC103: 1508 (1508) on-time

10 sec update of all aircraft positions

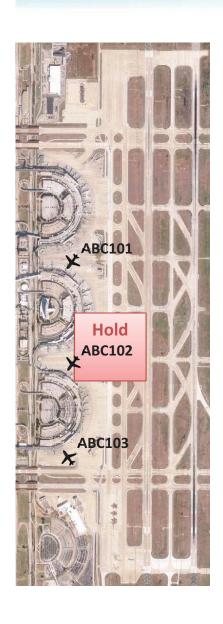
ATCT Advisories

Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

Agreed push-back times

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)





Actual push-back

ABC101: 1507 (1504) late ABC102: 1500 (1510) early ABC103: 1508 (1508) on-time

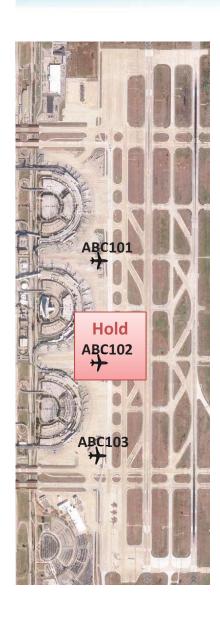
10 sec update of all aircraft positions

ATCT Advisories **Strategic Planning Component (SPC)**

Agreed push-back times

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)





Actual push-back

ABC101: 1507 (1504) late ABC102: 1500 (1510) early ABC103: 1508 (1508) on-time

10 sec update of all aircraft positions

ATCT Advisories

Strategic Planning Component (SPC)

Agreed push-back times

Tactical Advisory Component (TAC)



Strategic SARDA Compliance

- After gate push-back agreement, three potential outcomes:
 - On-time push-back
 - Early push-back: ground controller holds till allotted time
 - Late push-back
 - Compliance encouraged by public performance metrics based on agreed push-back times
 - If late, spot release by ground controller as early as possible, without affecting complying aircraft

Tactical SARDA Walkthrough

- Intended for airports with single majority carrier (CLT)
- Can work with airline or ramp control
- SARDA has flight plan
- Push-back time continuously updated based on current airport situation and airline input
- CLT version: When pilot calls "ready for push back"
 - Ramp Controller inputs in SARDA display, SARDA gives hold or release. If hold, gives hold time
 - Advisories for ATCT

SARDA Components and Uses

- Airline (and/or ramp) collaboration
 - Move delays from runway queue to gate
 - Fuel and emission reductions
 - Potentially better connections
- Ground controller advisory
 - Compliance to SARDA for early push-back
- Local controller advisory
 - Improve predictability for downstream (TRACON) integration of departure aircraft
 - Improve predictability of arrival aircraft movement on taxiways

Tactical SARDA HITL tests

- Conducted in May-June 2012
- SARDA implemented in SDSS
- East side DFW (17R departures and 17C arrivals)
- 2 controllers (Ground and Local)
- Pseudo-pilots
- Tactical gate hold through CDM (Idealized to reduce delays)
- No perimeter taxiway
- Ground Controller and Local Controller advisory through EFS

Tactical SARDA HITL

- Run traffic with SARDA advisories, and without SARDA (aka "Baseline")
- 2 traffic levels medium (1.2x) and heavy (1.5x)
- 3 weeks, 2 controllers per week, 48 runs
- Departure peaks in some scenarios
- Separation requirements for RNAV
- Traffic Management Initiatives (TMI) in all runs

Simulation Caveats

- "Advisories" had to be followed
- Ramp area
 - Gate management not implemented
 - De-conflicted ramp movement under development

SARDA Controller Display







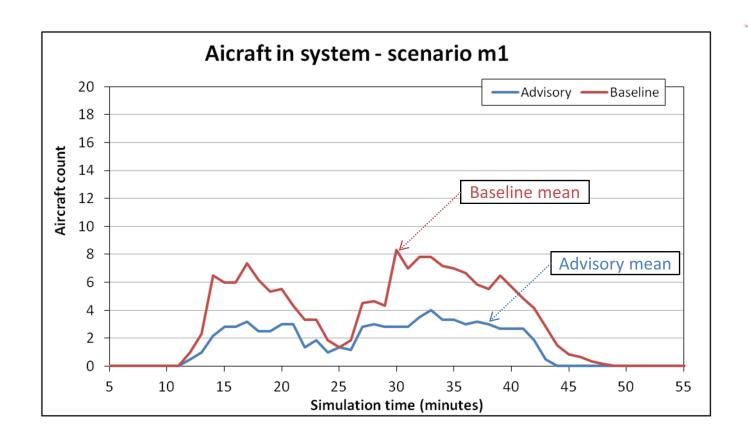
AAL948	B772	9	EF	AKU/PIA	1835	LUAW CFTO
AAL768	MD82	8	EG	NOB/LGA		LUAW CFTO
UAL51	B763	6	S36	E GND		
AWE458	B737	6	S46	E GND		
UAL90	B763		EG	NOB/DTW		LUAW CFTO
AAL394	B772	4	S13	E GND		
AAL6715	MD83	4	S13	E GND		
UAL395	B772	3	EG	TRI/ORF		LUAW CFTO
AAL318	MD82	2	EG	AKU/BOS		LUAW CFTO
AAL648	MD82		EF	SOL/ATL		LUAW CFTO

- Did we succeed in gate holding?
- Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?

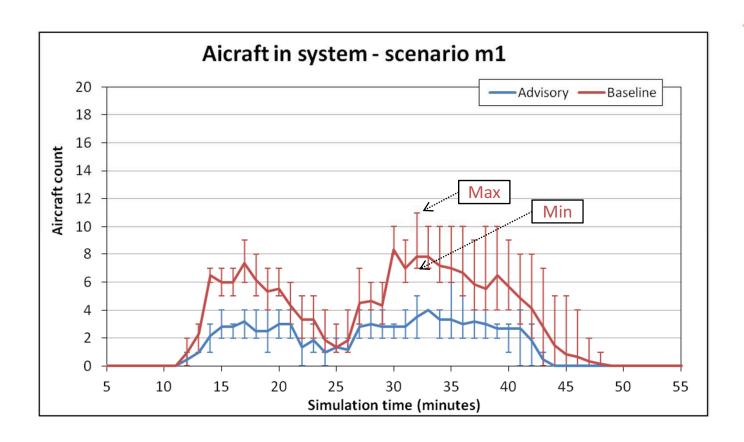
• Aircraft "waiting" in the system:

At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that

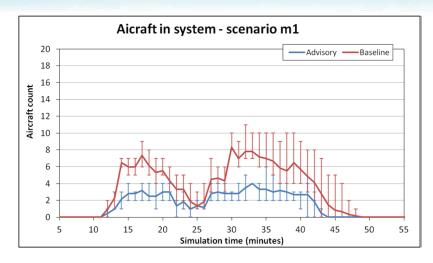
- Have pushed back and
- Have not taken off within unimpeded taxi time
- Expectation: lower for advisory

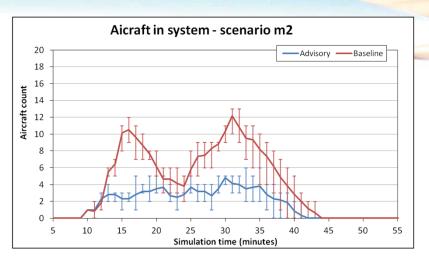


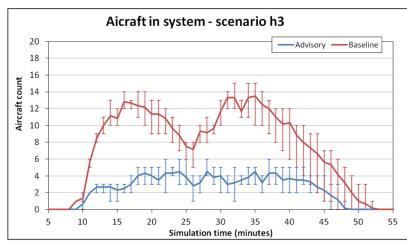
At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off

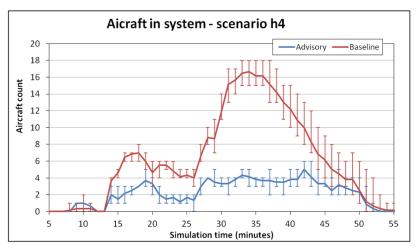


At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off









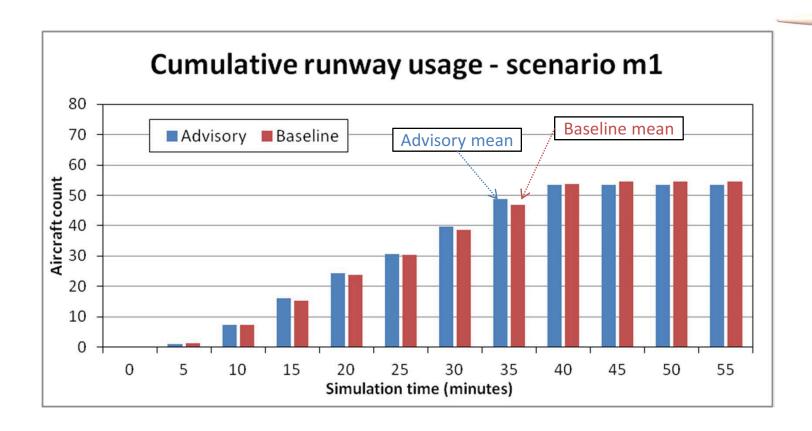
At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off



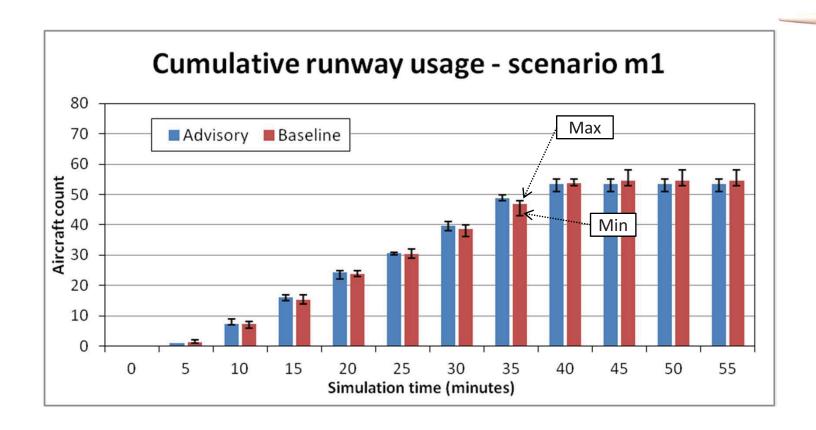
At every 1 minute, number of departure aircraft that have pushed back but not have not taken off

- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?

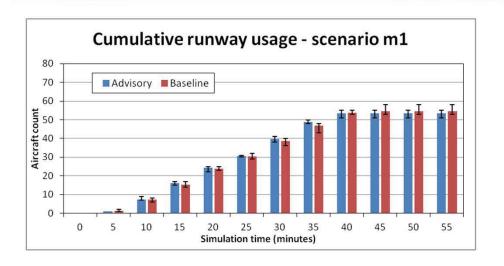
- Cumulative runway usage
 - Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings till a particular time
 - Calculated every 5 minutes
- Expectation: No reduction in runway usage with advisory

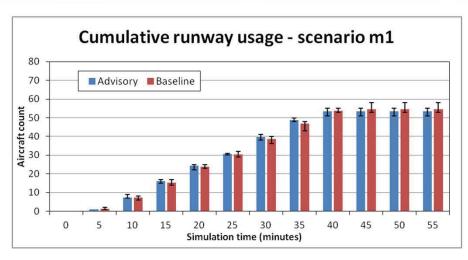


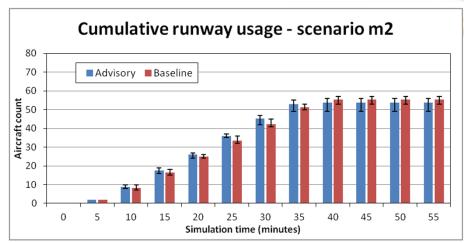
Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings till a particular time

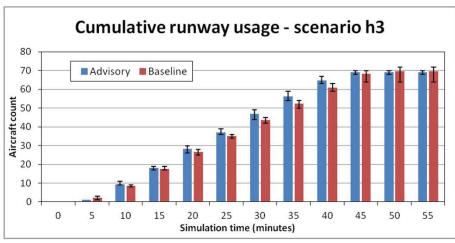


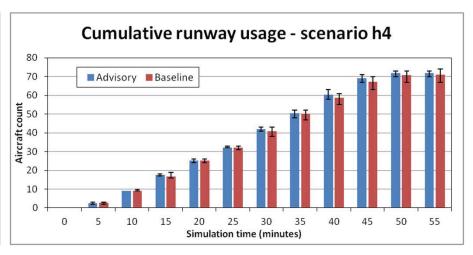
Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings till a particular time



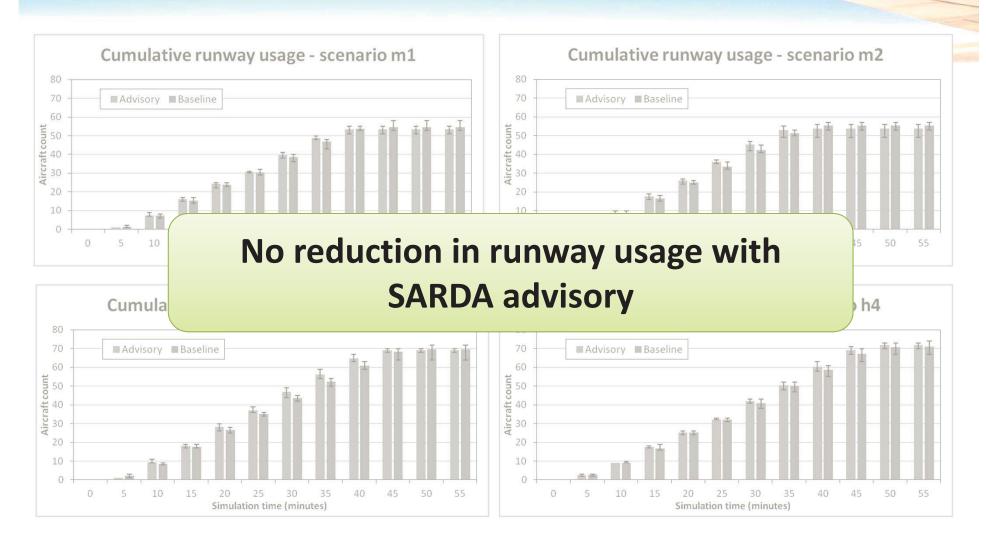








Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings till a particular time



Number of departure take-offs and arrival crossings till a particular time

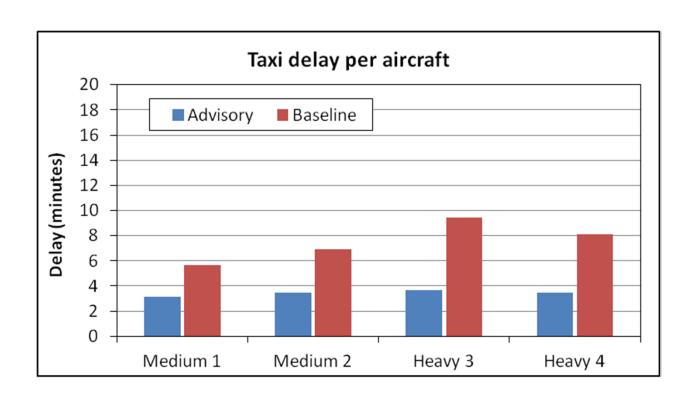
- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- √ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?

- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- ✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?
 - Delay
 - Fuel

Delay

- Delay definition
 - (Observed time unimpeded time)
 - Unimpeded taxi time: time to travel on that route (gate-spot-queue combination) at 17 knots without stops
 - Unimpeded definition different from ASPM
- Taxiing delay: Delay in ramp, taxiways, queues and runway

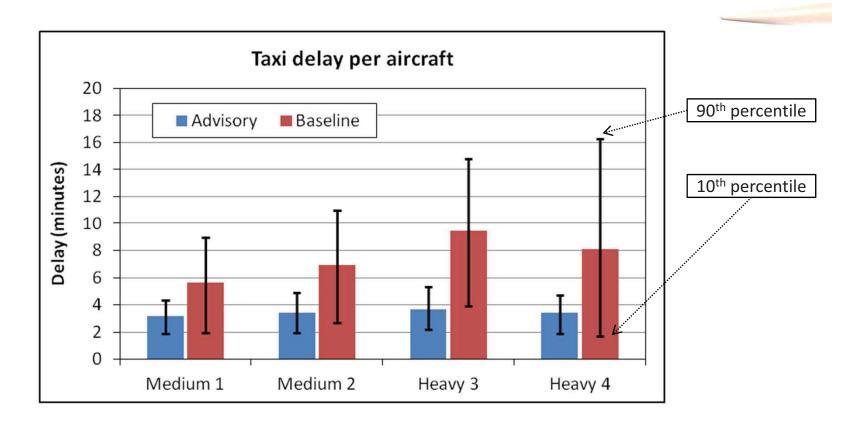
Taxiing Delay for Departures (ramp, taxiway, queue)



3 min reduction in medium (45%)

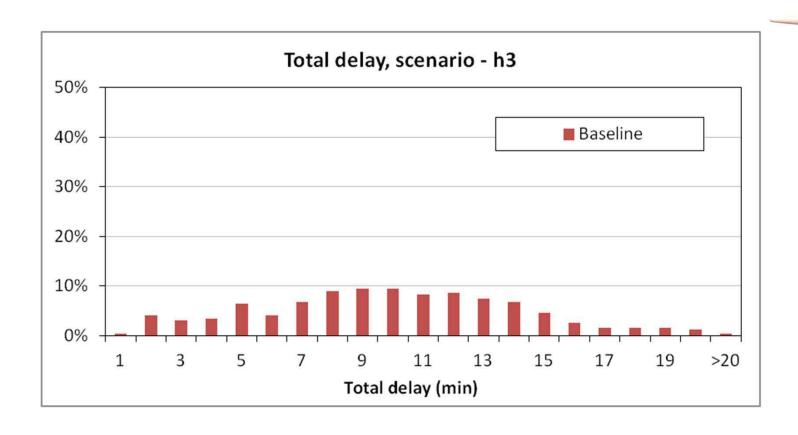
5.5 min reduction in heavy (60%)

Taxiing Delay for Departures (ramp, taxiway, queue)

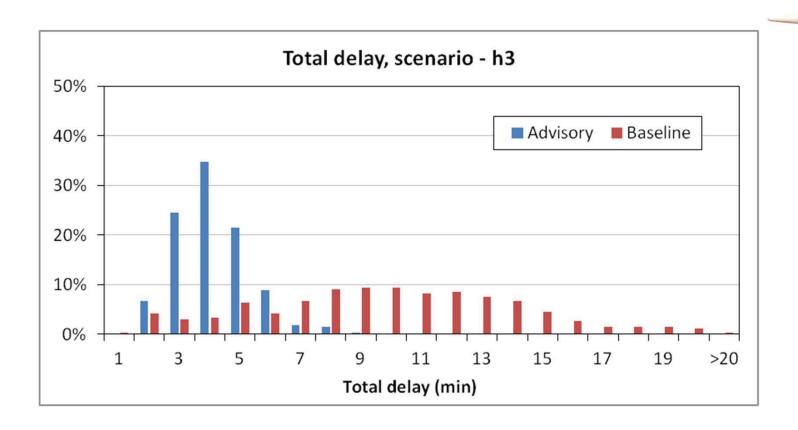


Mean and percentile over all aircraft for that scenario

Taxi Delay - Distribution

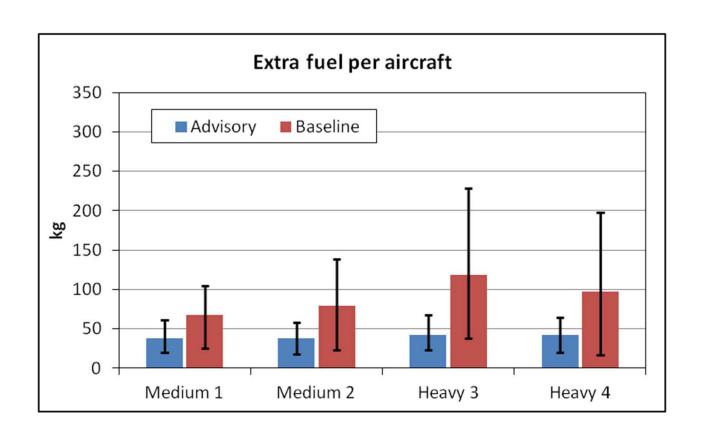


Taxi Delay - Distribution



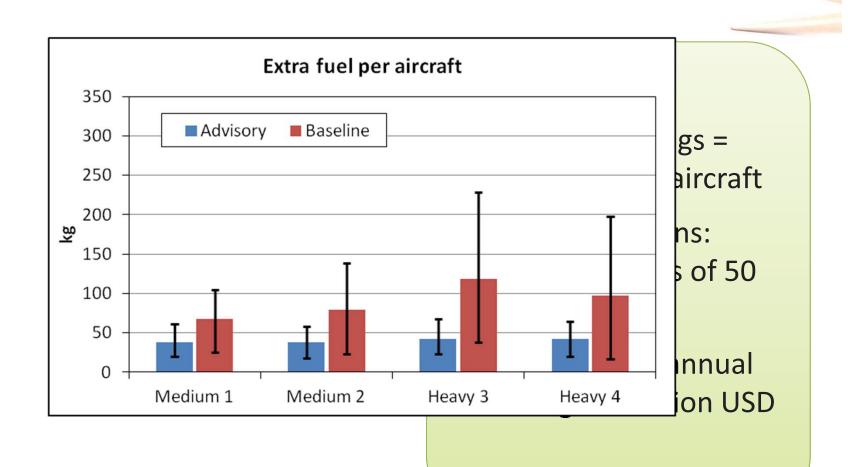
Large variation in delay in baseline

Fuel Consumption



22% reduction in medium34% reduction in heavy

Fuel Consumption



- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- √ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?
 - Delay
 - Fuel
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)

TMI

Details

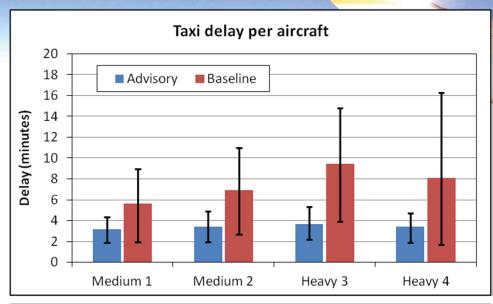
- Each TMI aircraft has a scheduled take-off time (displayed in Electronic Flight Strips)
- Aircraft should take off within 1 minute before or 1 minute after this time
- If cannot be done, release as close to time as possible (no new TMI time issued)

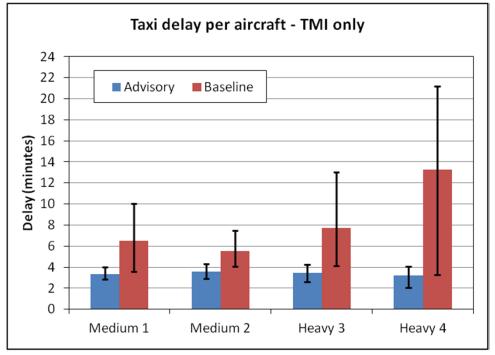
Compliance?

Scenario	Baseline	Advisory
m1	93%	100%
m2	100%	100%
h3	86%	100%
h4	93%	100%

TMI

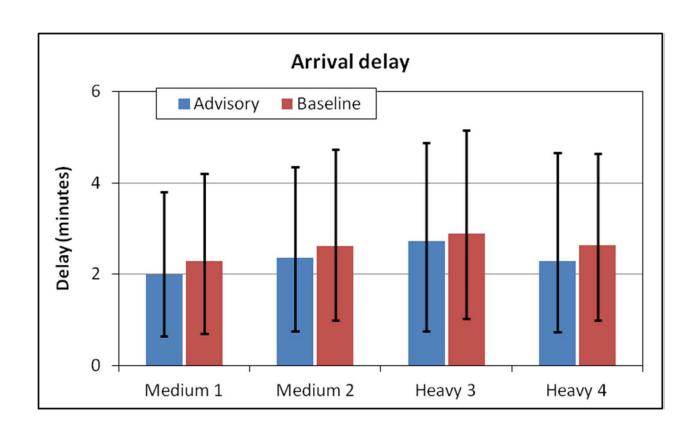
Less variation in TMI aircrafts' delays in advisory





- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- √ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?
 - Delay
 - Fuel
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)
- Effect on arrivals

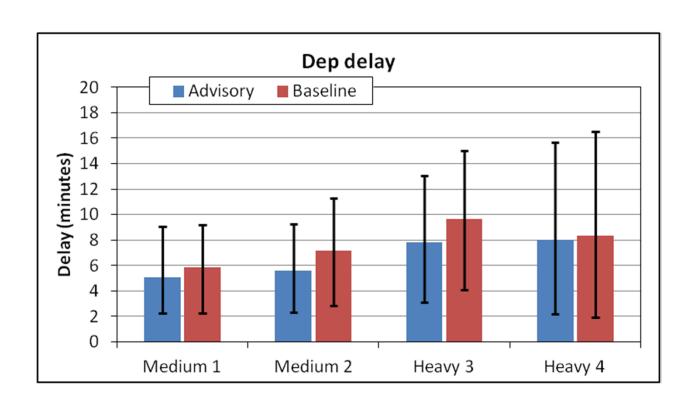
Arrival Delay



No effect on arrival aircraft

- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- ✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?
 - Delay
 - Fuel
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)
- Effect on arrivals
- Reduction in overall delay

Departure Delay



Statistically significant effect of advisory on departure delay

- ✓ Did we succeed in gate holding?
- ✓ Was there any loss in runway usage due to holding?
- What are the benefits?
 - Delay
 - Fuel
 - TMI (Traffic Management Initiatives)
- Effect on arrivals
- Reduction in overall delay
- Increased predictability

Beyond 2012 HITL

- Idealized push back holds what happens under push back uncertainty
 - Real-time automated simulations
 - Even with increasing uncertainty in gate push-back (± 3 mins), there is little increase in taxiing delay
 - For the 2 scenarios tested, loss in runway usage with ± 3 mins pushback uncertainty not substantial

Spot And Runway Departure Advisor (SARDA)

- Integrated tool for airlines and Air Traffic Control Tower enabling CDM and departure metering
- Based on managing scarce resource: <u>Runway</u>
- Strategic or tactical departure metering
- 4-D trajectory enabler
 - Currently 3 advisories: gate/ramp, spot and runway
 - SARDA can provide times for more "nodes" full datalink based movements

Current Activities

- NRA teams are wrapping up studies of implementing SARDA concepts at airports: PHL, LAX, CLT, JFK, and BOS
- Preparation for the next HITL in 2014
 - Developing a second airport model (adaptation), Charlotte
 - Expanding SARDA scheduler to provide full airport scheduling
 - Developing ramp controller interface (GUIs)
 - Enhancing simulation facility to host multiple & concurrent participants (ramp and tower controllers)

Upcoming Activities

2014 Charlotte ramp control HITL

- Simulation characteristics
 - Two hour long scenario, to capture arrival-departure push
 - Includes turnaround traffic
- Ramp side
 - Staffing: 4-ramp controllers + 1-supervisor
 - Participants: airline operator personnel
 - Using Electronic Flight Strips (EFS) and other GUI to interact with SARDA and manage traffic
- Tower side
 - Staffing: 1-ground + 1-local controller
 - Participants: 1-ground controller + 1-local controller (pool of participant is TBD)
 - Using Electronic Flight Strips (EFS) and other GUI to interact with SARDA and control traffic

Future Work

- Strategic SARDA with airline interface
- Accepts changes to miles-in-trail restrictions in real-time.