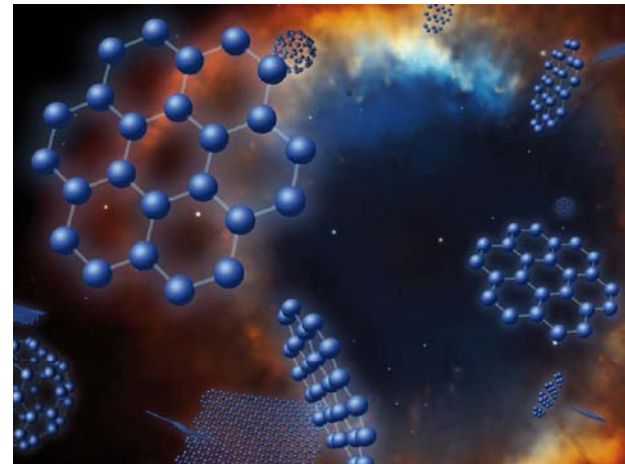


Multifunctional Graphene Polyimide Nanocomposites

Mitra Yoonessi, Matthew A. Dittler, Daniel Scheiman,
Marisabel Lebron-Colon, James Gaier, John Peck,
Michael A. Meador

Ohio Aerospace Institute, Cleveland, OH
NASA Glenn Research Center, Cleveland, OH
ASRC, Cleveland, OH



Graphene in Space, NASA's Spitzer Space Telescope has spotted the signature of flat carbon flakes, called graphene, in space

Nanotechnology Engineered Materials and Structures

Light Weight Materials

- Multifunctional

-Adaptive Materials

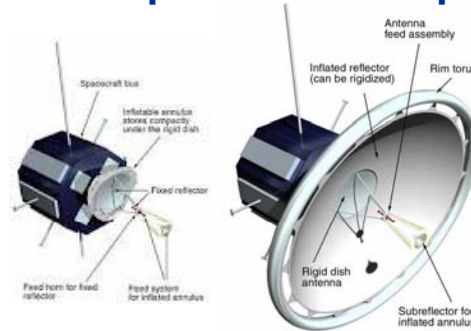
-Self Healing Materials

Development of nanostructured materials 50% lighter than conventional materials with equivalent or superior properties

Reduced Vehicle Mass



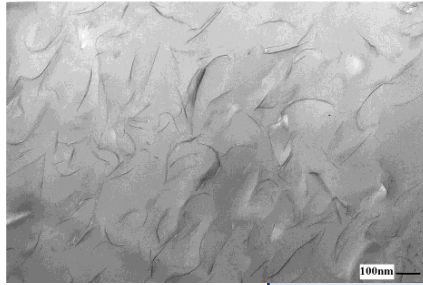
Boeing 787 composite aircraft
Copper mesh 4000 lb of weight



NGST 1/2-scale Sunshield Demonstration Model Deployment,
Cadogan, D. P. et al.

hour sonication.

Administration

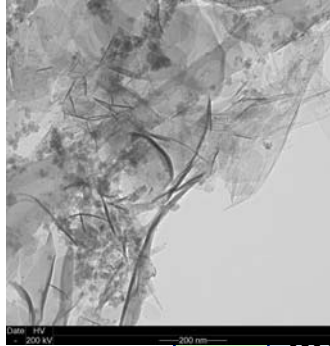
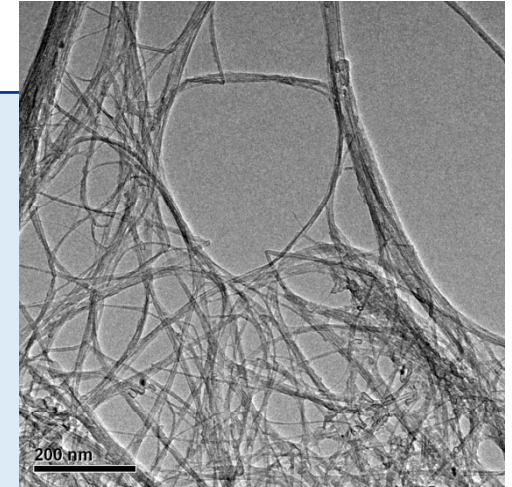


Carbon Nanoparticles:

SWCNT - Ijima 1991

~ 1315 m²/g

DCNT ~ 700-800



Graphite and Graphene – Giem 2004

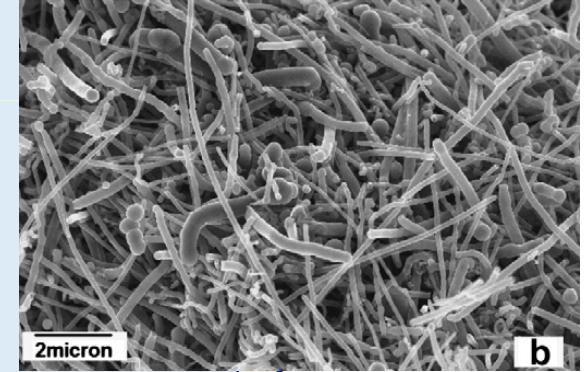
Graphene ~ theoretical: 2600 m²/g, 700- 1300 m²/g

Carbon nanofibers

Alumina silicates – Fukushima, Toyota 1987

Montmorillonite ~ 725 m²/g

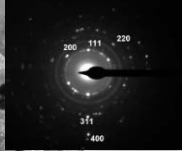
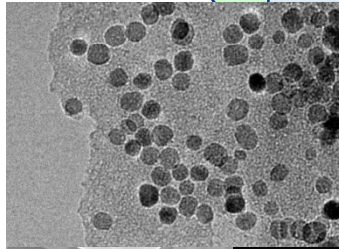
Magadiite, Laponite, Vermiculite



Magnetic Nanoparticles

Organometallic physical crosslinkers

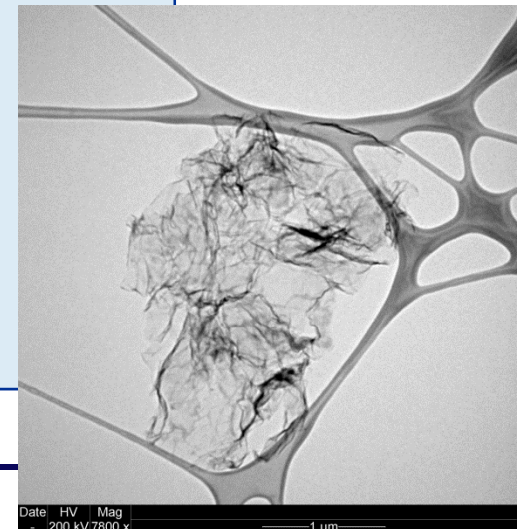
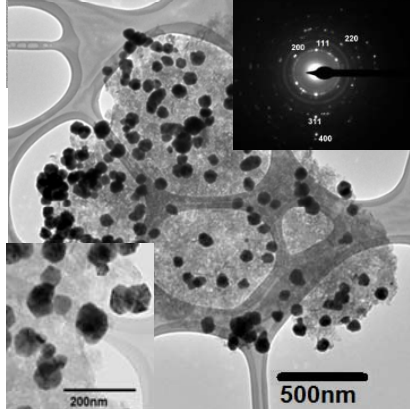
Cross

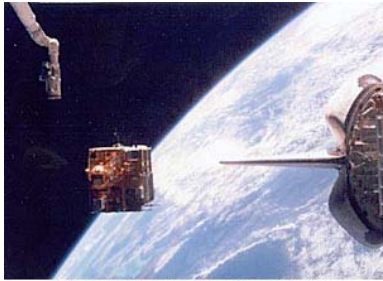


Composite Nanoparticles

Graphitic graphene

oxide graphene





Space Administration

Polyimide High Performance Polymer



PMR-15 - GRC
After burner

Satellite

Aromatic polyimide:

- Low color
- Flexibility
- High thermal stability
- Dimensional stability
- Low dielectric constant
- High T_g
- Radiation resistance
- Low coefficient of thermal expansion



General Ind.

Stiffness and modulus
and reinforcement

Actuation
and morphing

Electronics
and packaging



Quartz fabric-polyimide 815 °C

Electrical performance
and EMI shielding

Thermal performance
and stability



Continuous operating
range between
-65 °C to +357 °C

- Space
- Aero
- Electronics

¹Qu,L., Connell, J.W., Sun, Y.-P., Macromolecules, 2004, 37, 6055-6060.

²Lebron-Colon, M. Meador, M. A., Gaier, J. R., Sola, F., Scheiman, D.A., McCorkle, L.S. ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces, 2010, 2 ,3 , 669-676 .

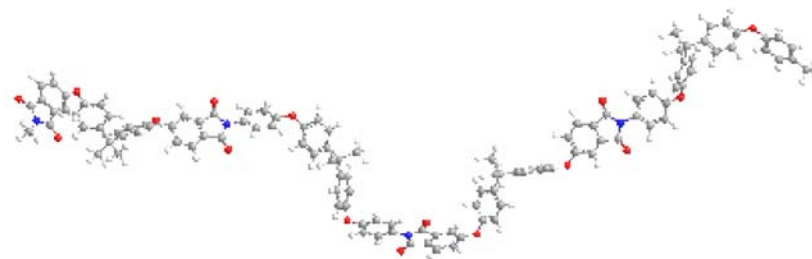
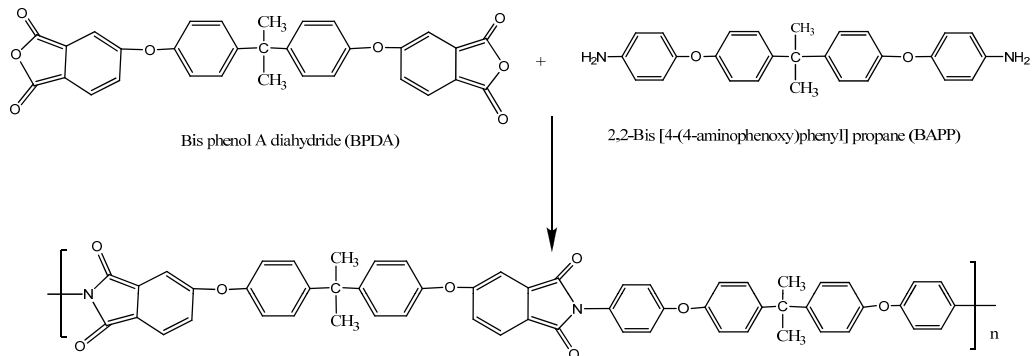


Polyimide Graphene Nanocomposites



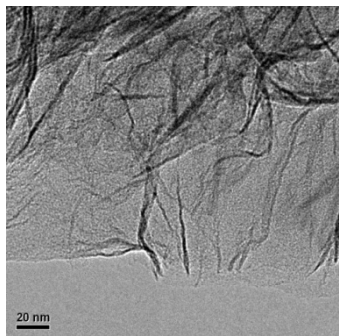
PMR-15
GRC
After burner

Polyimide, thermal stability >500 °C, T_g > 200 °C, flexible and semi-transparent.



Thermal imidization:

- Mixing and dissolving equi-molar ratio diamine in anhydrous-NMP under dry N₂ followed by addition of dry anhydride and stirring for 24h in flame dried vessels.
- Then, increasing the temperature ~230 °C (NMP reflux) for 3h and precipitating in methanol and drying



+

Polyimide solution
sonication

Solvent casting



0.025 wt% graphene/PI

¹Qu, L., Connell, J.W., Sun, Y.-P., *Macromolecules*, 2004, 37, 6055-6060.

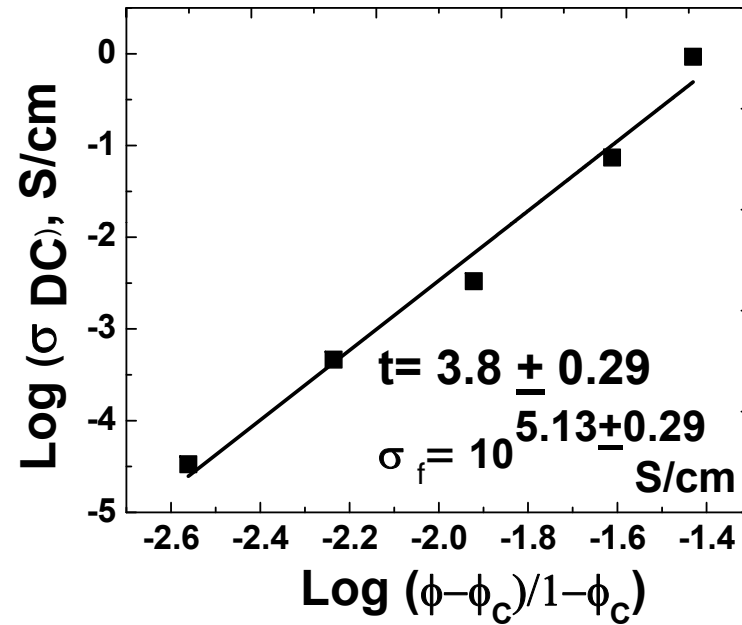
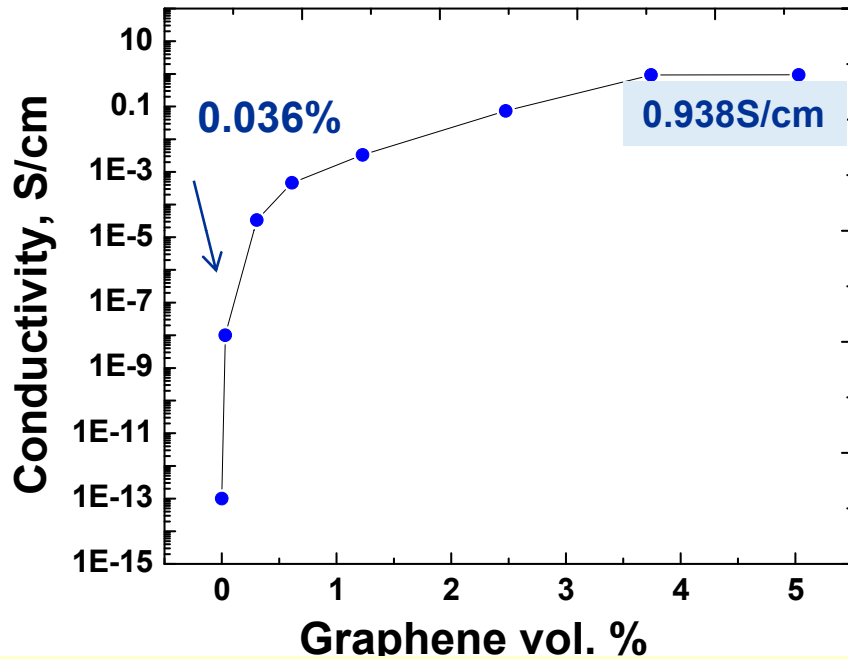
²Lebron-Colon, M. Meador, M. A., Gaier, J. R., Sola, F., Scheiman, D.A., McCorkle, L.S. *ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces*, 2010, 2, 3, 669-676.

Polyimide Graphene Nanocomposites



Electrical Performance

$$\sigma_{DC} = \sigma_f [(\phi - \phi_c) / (1 - \phi_c)]^t$$



	Percolation	Max. Conductivity	
Chemically graphene PS nanocomposites	0.1 vol.%	0.01S/cm	CNT/nanocomposites $t = 1.2 - 2$ CNF/polyimide $t \sim 3.1$ PET graphene $t \sim 3.47 \pm 0.64$ PS graphene $t \sim 2.74 \pm 0.2$
PS Gr, Latex method	0.6 wt%	0.15S/cm	
PET graphene	0.47 vol.%	0.021S/cm	
PC graphene, emulsion	0.14 vol.%	0.512 S/cm	
PC graphene, solution	0.38 vol.%	0.226 S/cm	
PS CCG	0.19 vol.%	0.722S/cm	

AC Electrical Performance



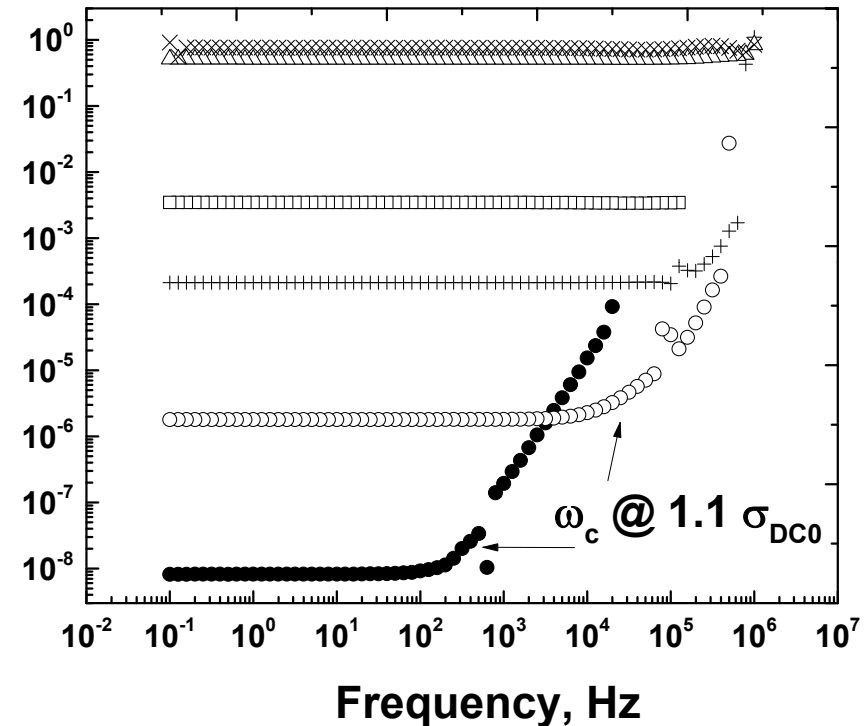
Broad band AC impedance spectroscopy

Extended pair approximation model

$$\sigma(\omega) / \sigma_{DC0} = 1 + k(\omega / \omega_c)^s$$

Vol. %	σ_{DC0} , S/cm	ω_c , Hz	S
0.03046	8.21e-9	150.47	0.499
0.3051	1.879e-6	7.027e3	0.647
0.6115	2.11e-4	1.241e5	0.446

σ' , S/cm

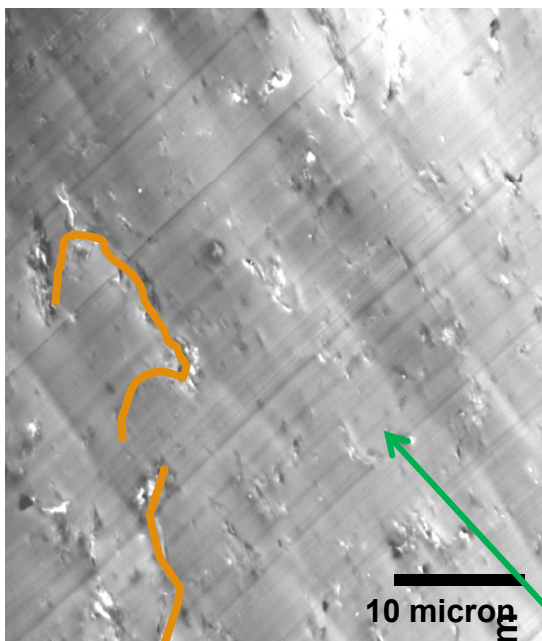


S ~ 0.99 -> hopping

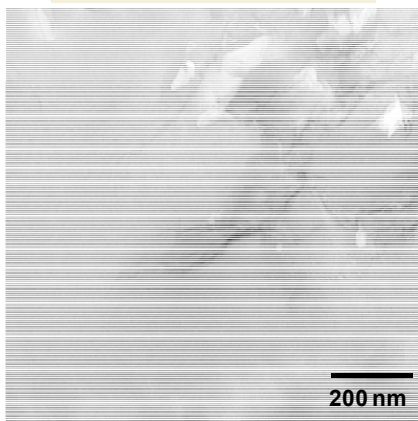
S ~ 0.72 -> 3D material

S ~ 0.58 -> anomalous diffusion in fractal cluster exist

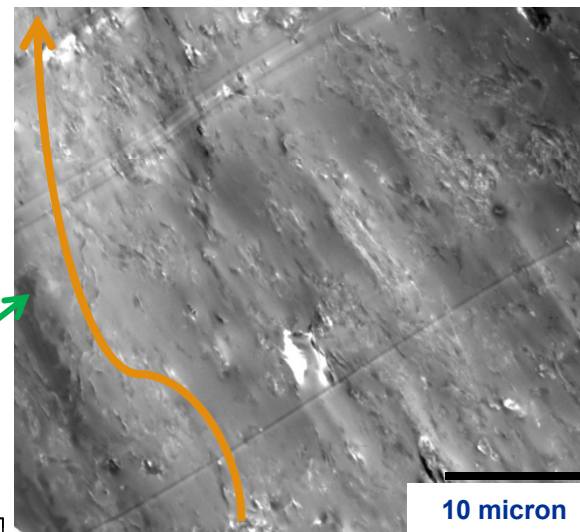
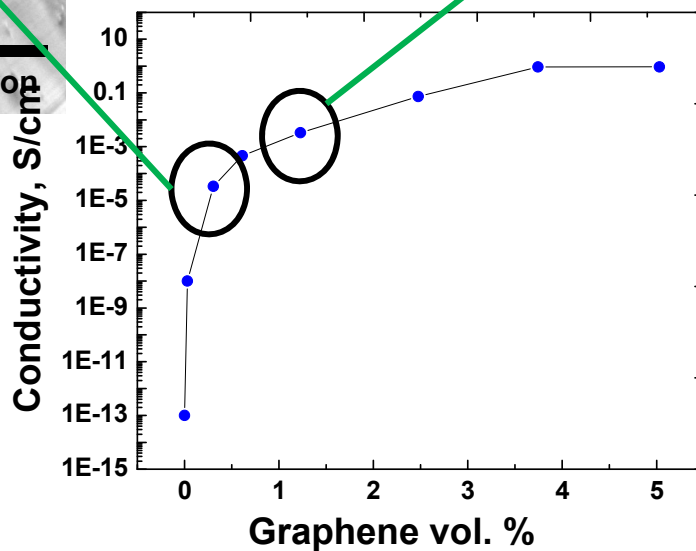
Dispersion of graphene in polyimide TEM



0.25 vol.%



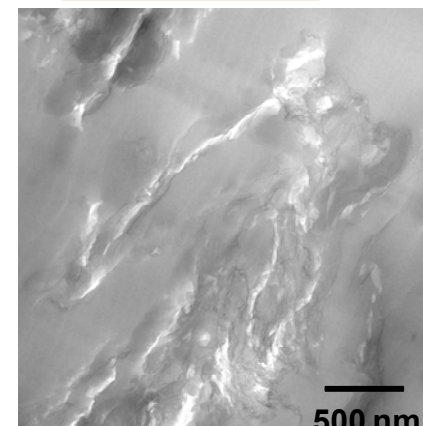
200 nm



10 micron

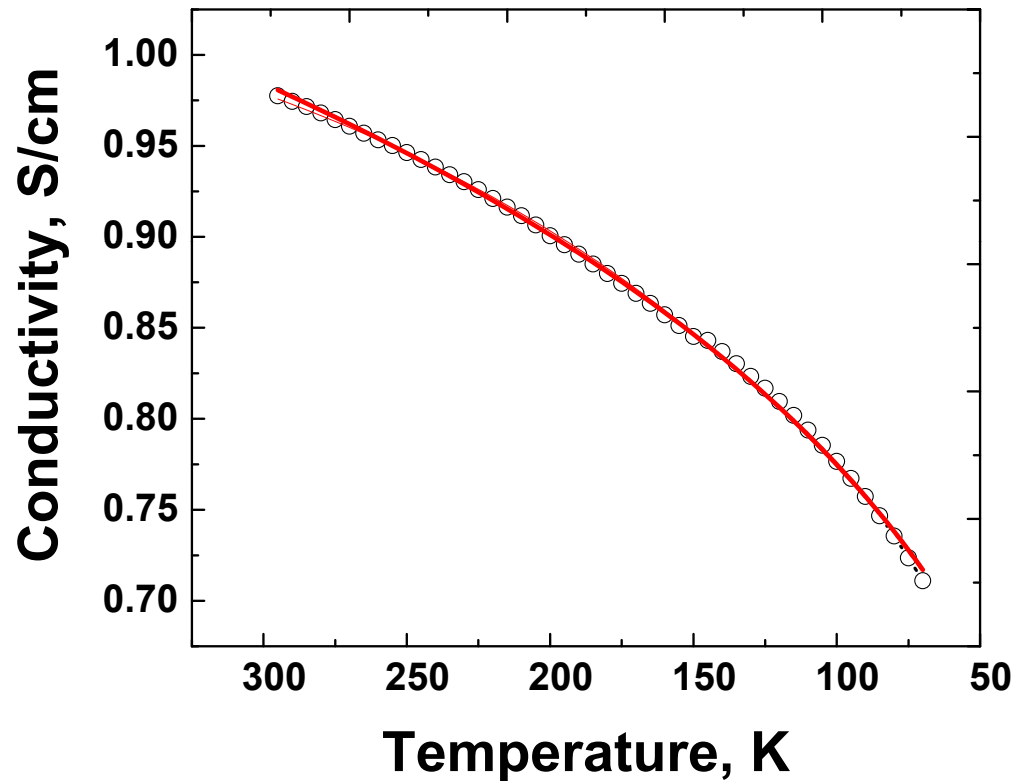
Conductive path

1.1 vol.%



500 nm

Temperature Dependence Conductivity



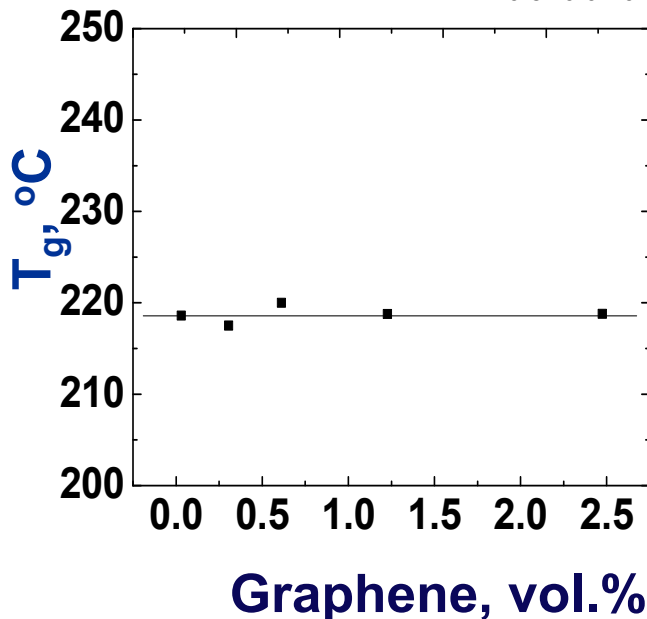
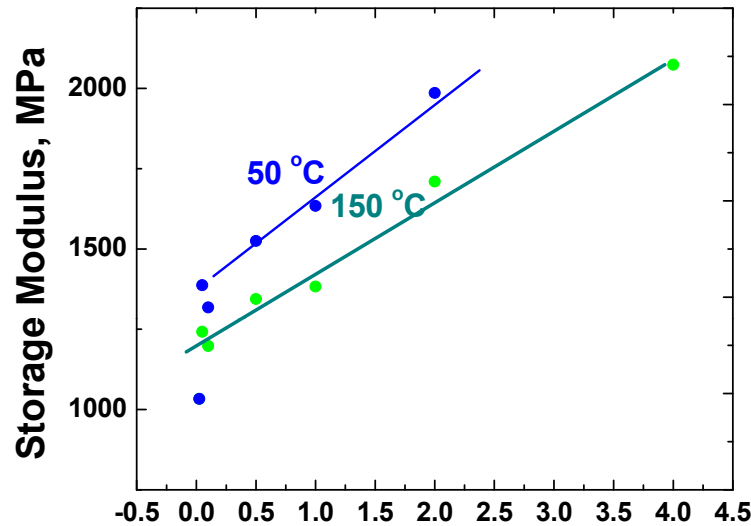
5 vol. % graphene polyimide

$$\sigma = 0.2844T^{0.2177}$$

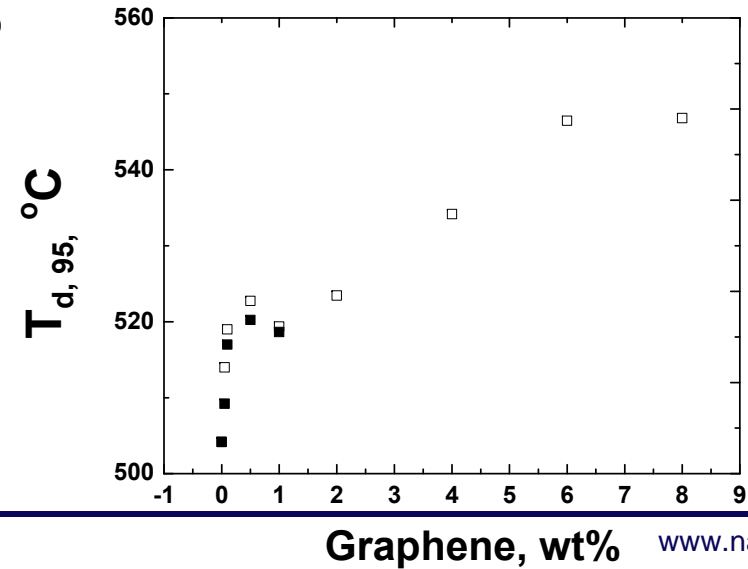
$$T = 322.404\sigma^{4.6}$$

Thermal and Mechanical Properties

Addition of graphene resulted in composite reinforcement without adverse effect on the T_g



Graphene wt%

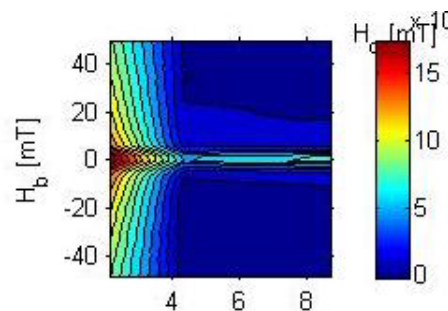
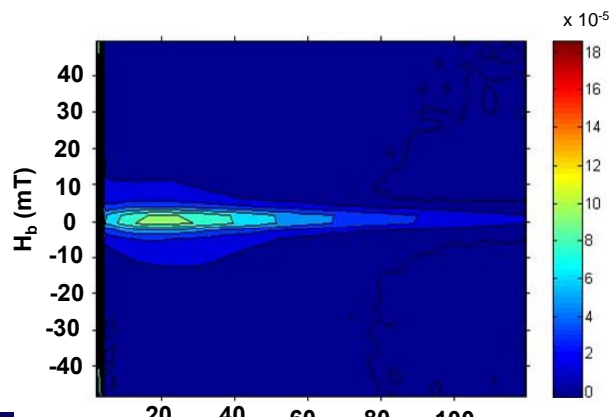
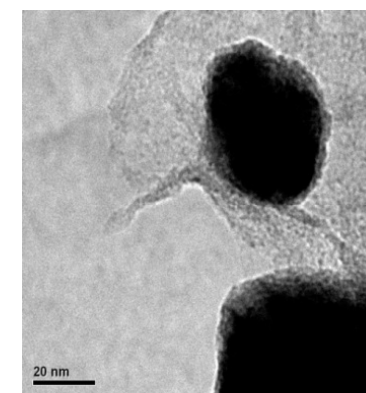
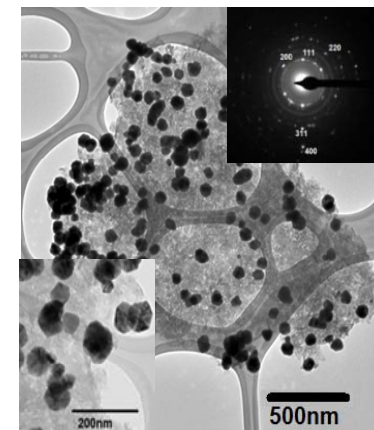
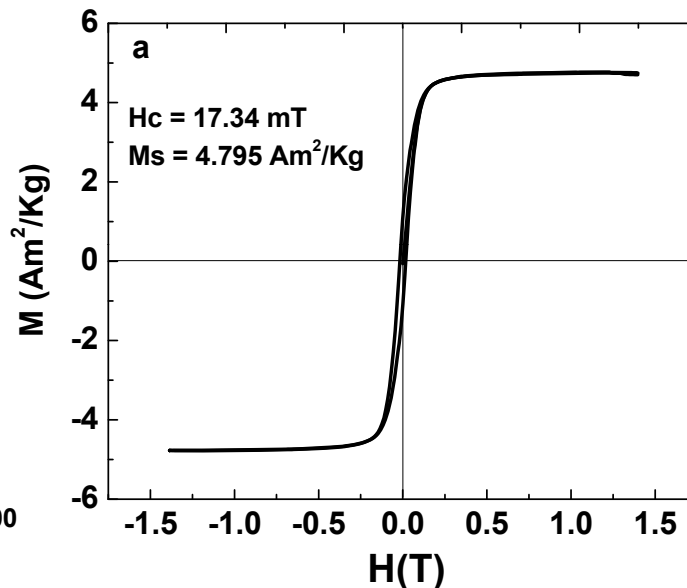
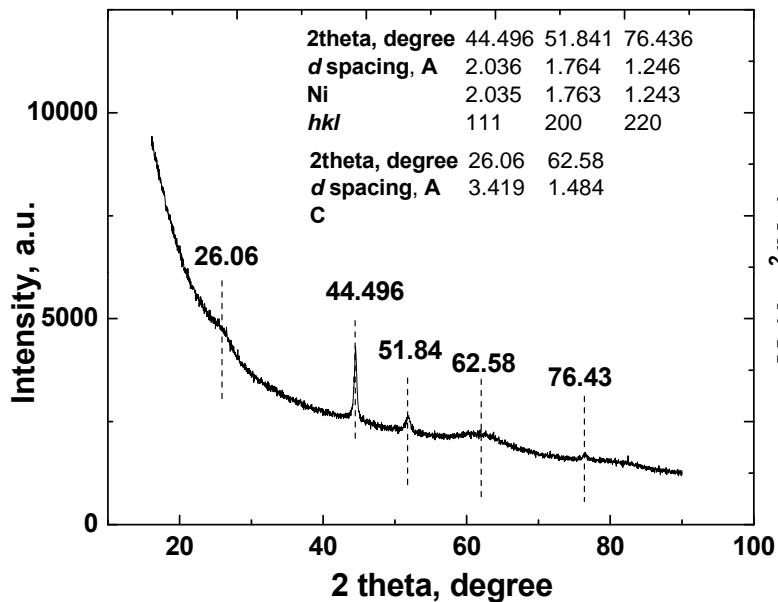


Controlled Property Direction

Ni-Tethered Graphene

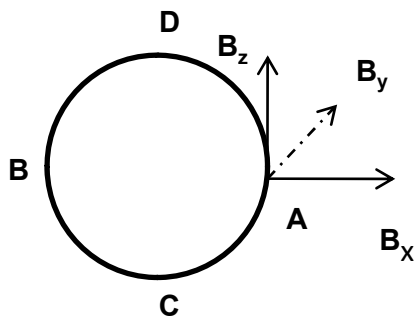
Composites Nanoparticles

Thermal decomposition of Ni(acac)₂ in the presence of O-graphene

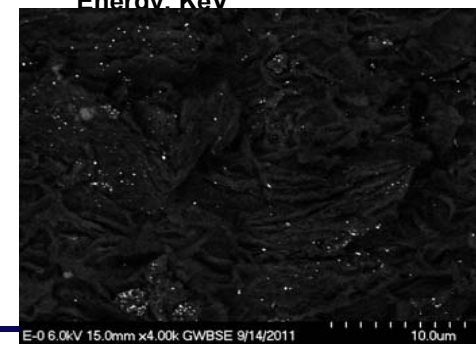
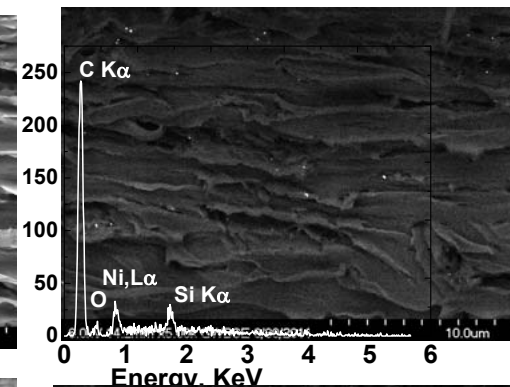
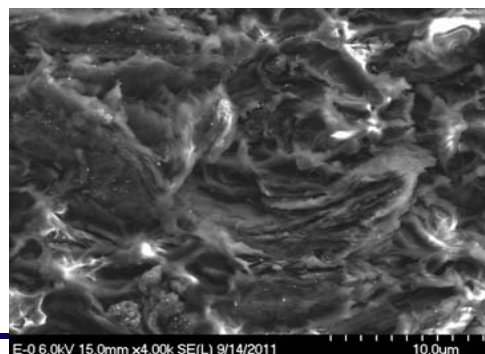
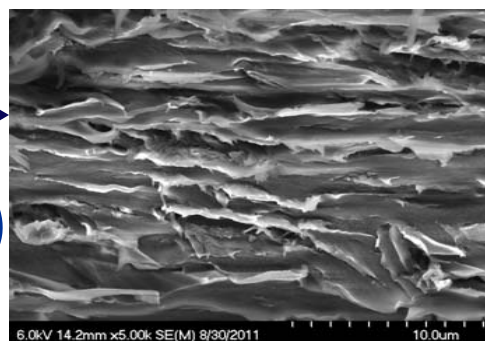
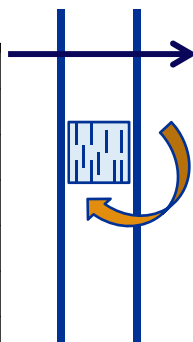
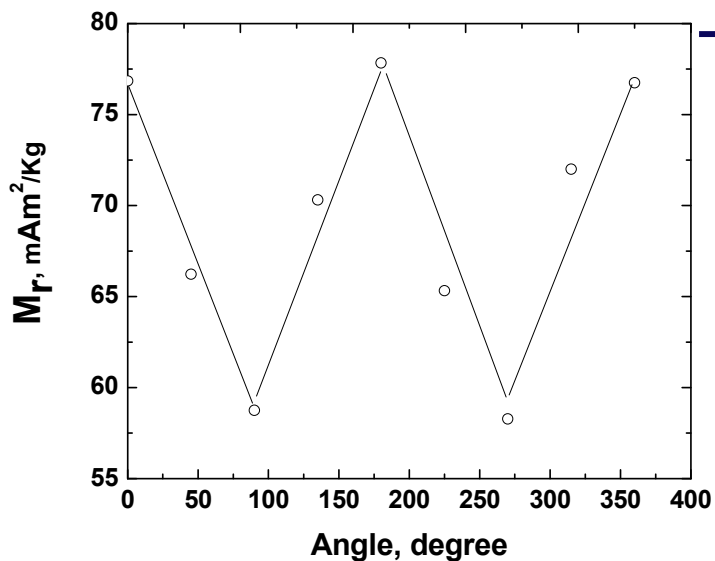
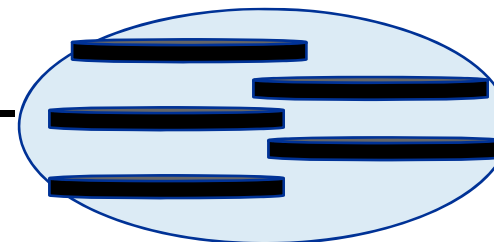


First-order reversal curve (FORC)

Controlled Directionality

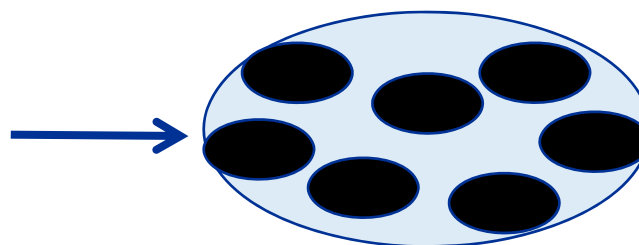
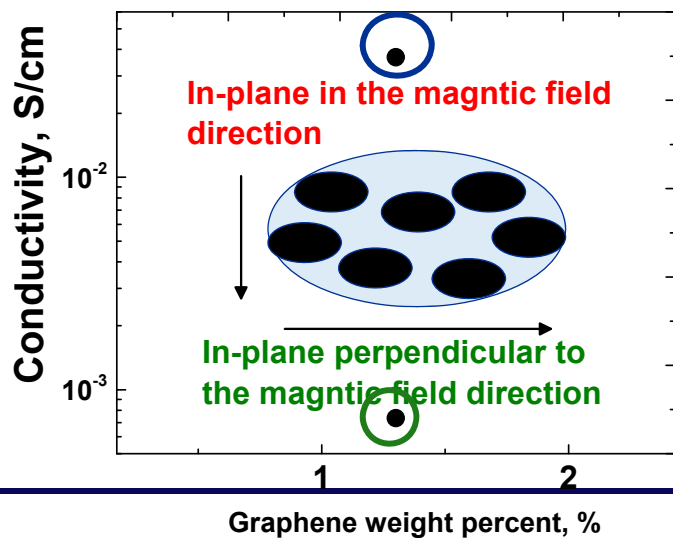
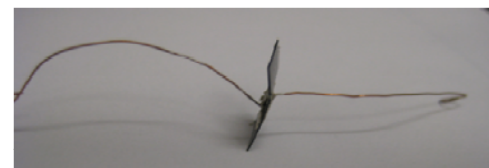
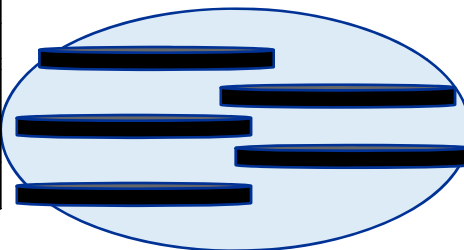
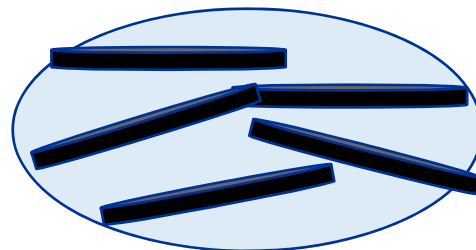
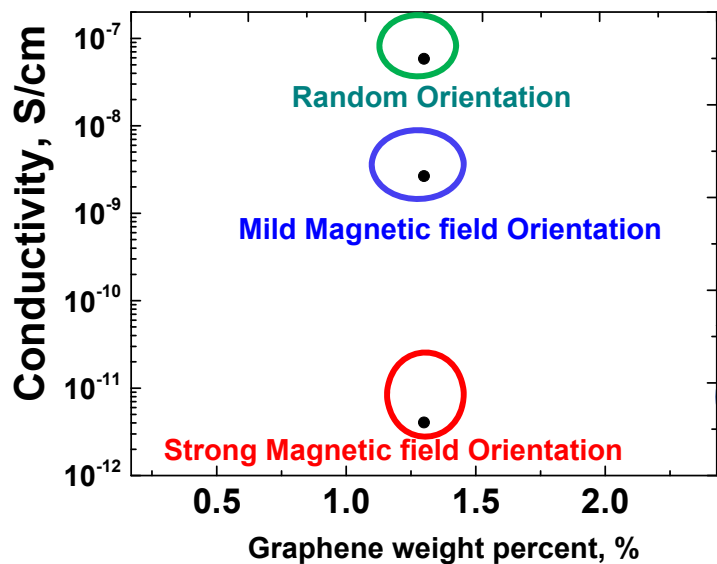


	B (Gauss)	B_x (Gauss)	B_y (Gauss)	B_z (Gauss)
A	1150	-1150	-237	-50
B	976	-948	475	50
C	440	-432	-55	-120
D	500	-520	-12	42.3



Anisotropic Properties

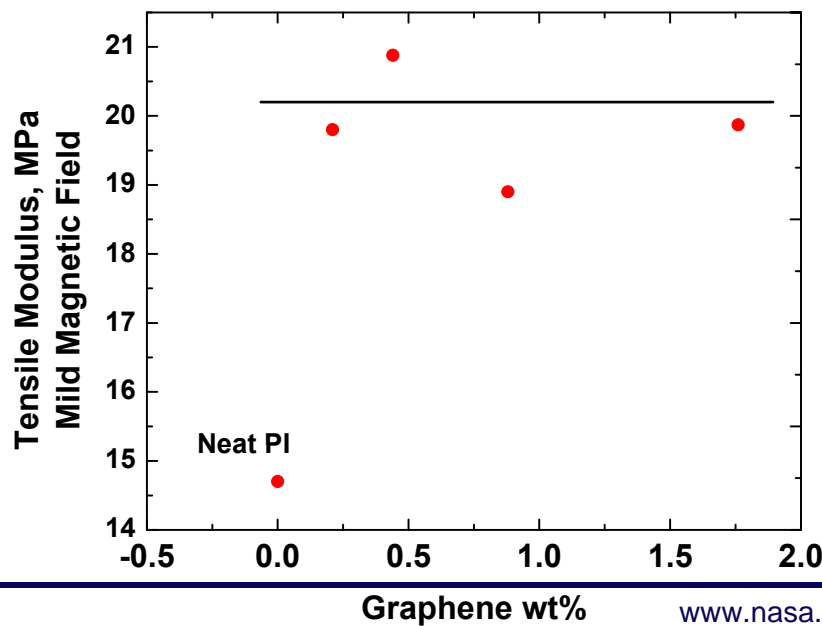
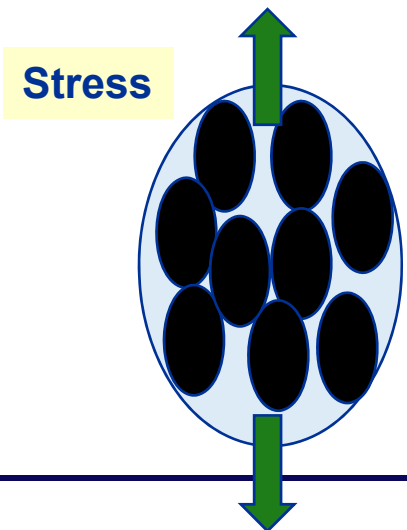
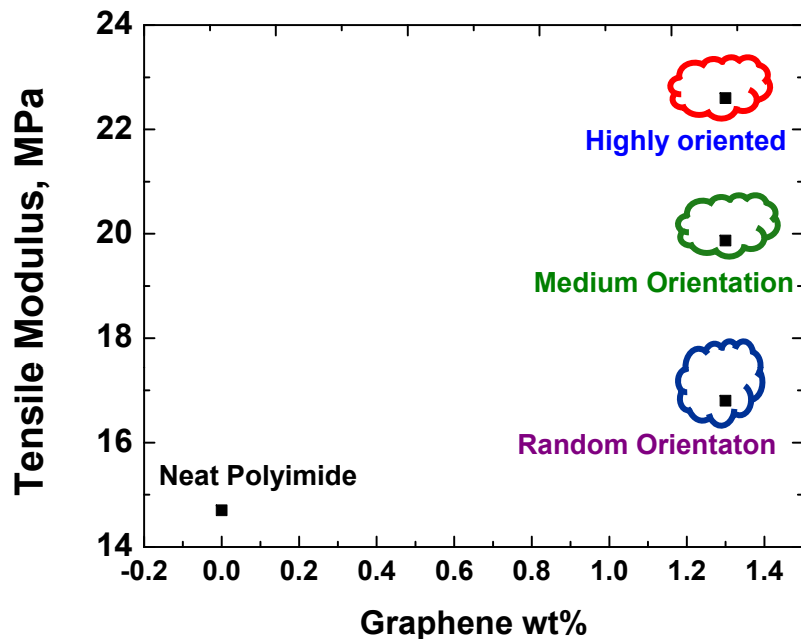
Electrical properties



In-plane
Magnetic field

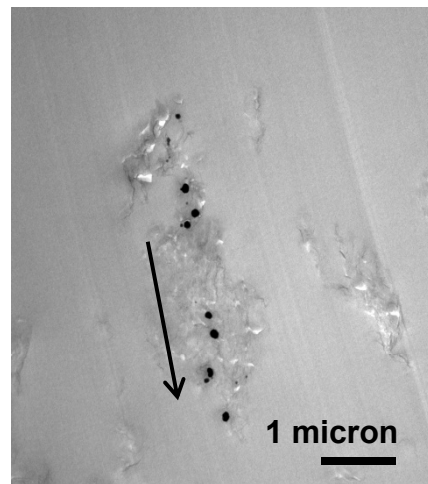
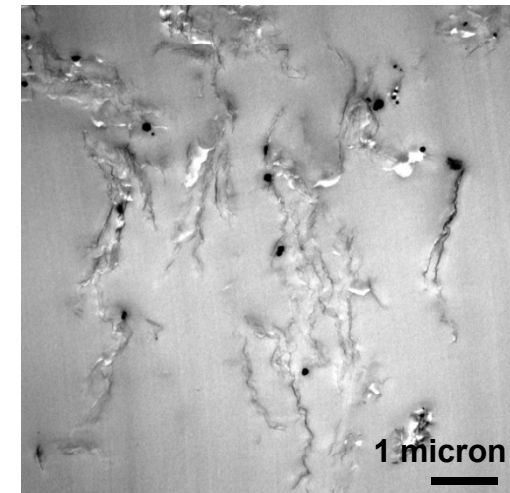
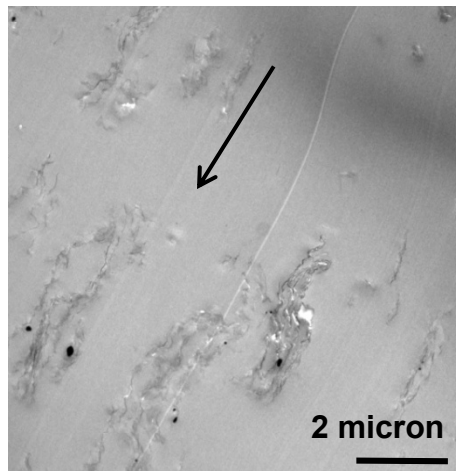
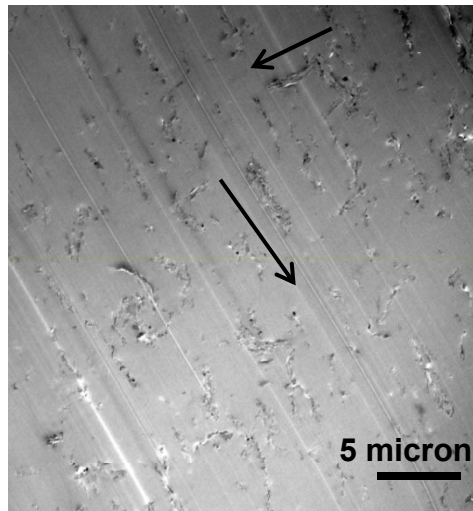
Anisotropic Properties

Mechanical properties



Transmission Electron Microscopy

1.77 wt% Ni-graphene polyimide
90% parallel and 5% perpendicular



Conclusions

- Addition of graphene resulted in nanocomposites with high conductivity with a percolation as low as 0.036 vol.% and a maximum conductivity of 0.94 S/cm
- Dynamic moduli of the nanocomposites increased with addition of graphene with no adverse effect on T_g or flexibility.
- Magnetic graphene were synthesized enabled controlled orientation of graphene in magnetic fields.
- Ni-graphene/PI nanocomposites were obtained which has $e-2$ S/cm *in-plane* conductivity and insulating in the *through-plane* direction.
- Ni-graphene/PI nanocomposites exhibited increased modulus with increasing orientation.
- The orientation was verified by magnetic characterization and TEM studies.



is and Space Administration



Acknowledgements

- **The NASA Aeronautics-Subsonic Fixed Wing Program: Contract NNC07BA13B**
- **Dr. Dave Kankam, NASA USRP program, NASA GRC**
- **Dr. Kathy Chuang, NASA GRC**
- **Dr. Dean Tigelaar, NASA GRC**
- **Dave Hull, Derek Quade, Terry McCue, NASA/GRC**
- **Professor Aksay, Princeton University,**
- **Vorbeck Materials Inc., John Lettow**

