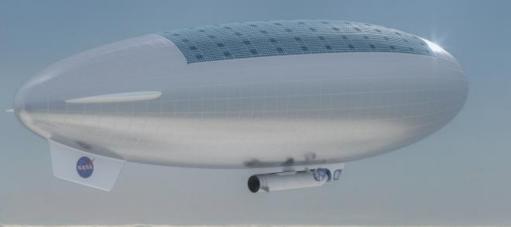


## HAVOC:

## High Altitude Venus Operational Concept

AIAA SPACE 2015 Conference, Pasadena, CA

August 31 – September 2, 2015



Dr. Dale Arney and Chris Jones NASA Langley Research Center Space Mission Analysis Branch

An Exploration Strategy for Venus

#### **Contributors**



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Introduction

**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

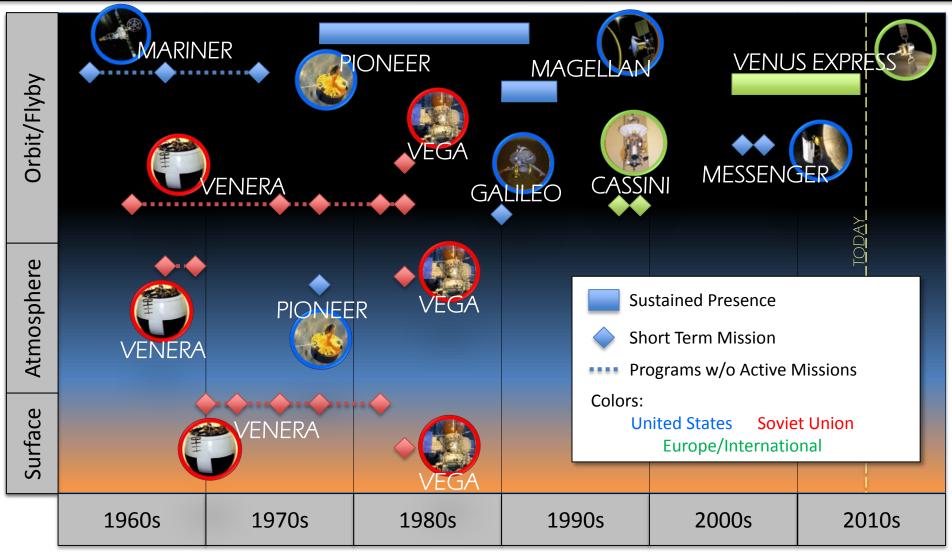
#### What does the future look like?



- Humans as a spacefaring civilization: Humans explore to...
  - Satisfy curiosity
  - Acquire resources
  - Start a new life
- Venus is a destination for humans to reside
  - Nearest planet to Earth
  - Abundance of useful resources: energy, carbon, oxygen, nitrogen
  - Atmosphere is a hospitable environment
- Venus as a stepping stone to Mars
  - Orbital mechanics:
    - Shorter missions (14 month total duration) with similar propulsion requirements
    - Abort-to-Earth available anytime after Venus arrival
  - Similar technologies are required and/or can be used: long-duration habitats, aerobraking/aerocapture, carbon dioxide processing
  - Serve as a test case for operations to/at/from another world

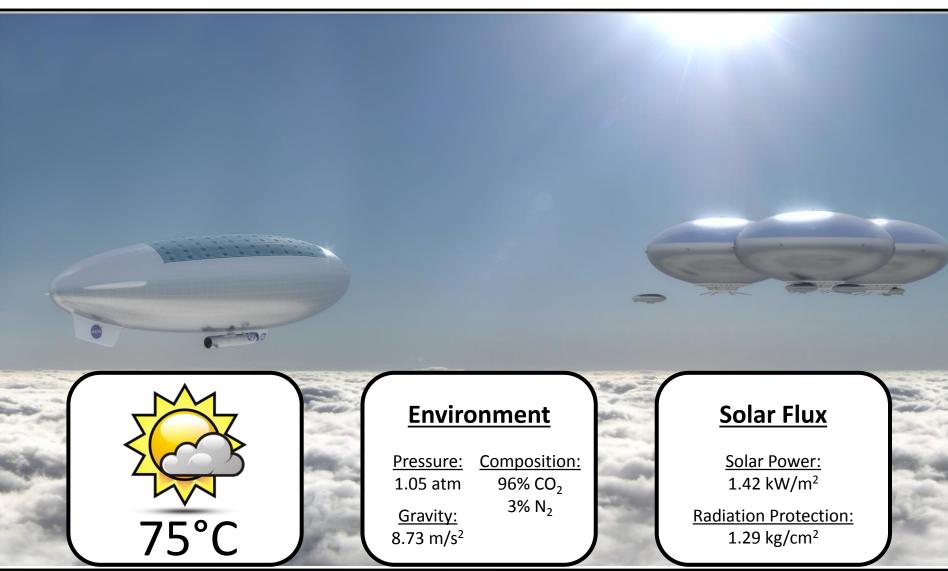
## What does the past look like?





## **Venus Atmosphere at 50 km**





Introduction

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## **Comparison of Venus, Earth, and Mars**









	<u>Surface</u>	<u>At 50 km</u>
Temperature	462°C	75°C
Solar Power	661 W/m <sup>2</sup>	1418 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Rad. Shielding	> 8280 g/cm <sup>2</sup>	1290 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Pressure	9,330 kPa	106.6 kPa
Density	64.79 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1.594 kg/m <sup>3</sup>

8.87 m/s<sup>2</sup>

Temperature	15°C
Solar Power	1060 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Rad. Shielding	1020 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Pressure	101.3 kPa
Density	1.240 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Gravity	9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Temperature	-63°C
Solar Power	590 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Rad. Shielding	16 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Pressure	0.64 kPa
Density	0.016 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Gravity	3.71 m/s <sup>2</sup>

Introduction

Gravity

**Mission Architecture** 

Vehicle Concept

**Proof of Concept** 

Conclusion

8.73 m/s<sup>2</sup>

## **Venus Evolutionary Exploration Program**

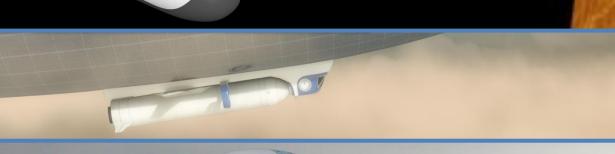


Phase 1: Robotic Exploration

Phase 2: 30-day Crew to Orbit



Phase 3: 30-day Crew to Atmosphere



Phase 4: 1-year Crew to Atmosphere



Phase 5: Permanent Human Presence



**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

### **Mission Operations Overview**



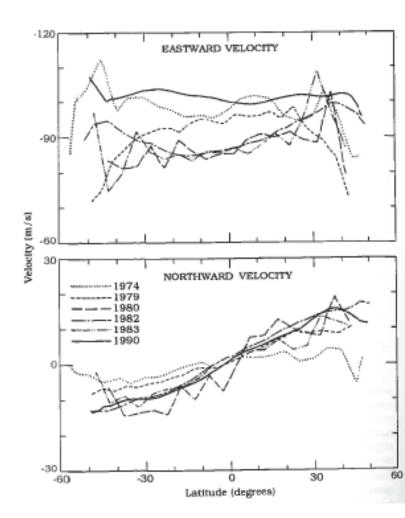
- Longitudinal winds of 85 to 100 m/s at Equator → ~110 hrs to circle planet
- Northward winds up to 5 m/s
- Airship "rides" longitudinal winds while using propulsion to counter poleward drift
- Daytime Operations:
  - Shortest day is ~44 hrs.
  - Power systems sized for dash velocity: 15 m/s

#### Nighttime Operations:

- Longest night is ~66 hrs.
- Energy storage sized for low energy vel.: 3 m/s
- Poleward drift is countered with higher daytime velocity

#### Payload

- Science Instruments (Robotic and Human)
- Atmospheric Habitat (Human only)
- Ascent Vehicle and Habitat (Human only)

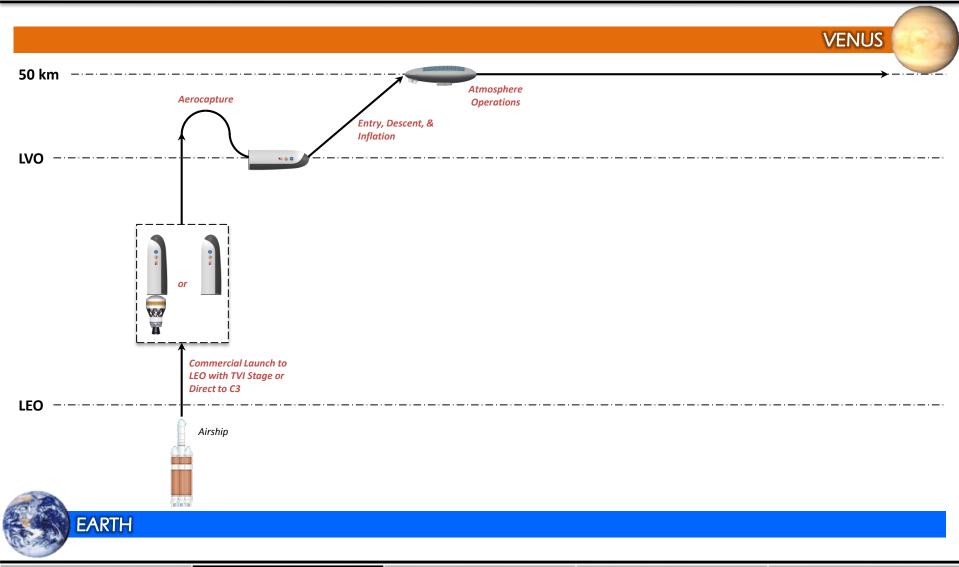




# **Phase 1: Robotic Exploration**

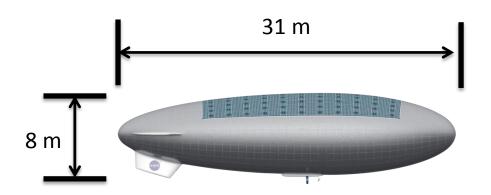
## **Robotic Concept of Operations**





## **Airship Concept – Robotic Mission**





Element	Mass	Requirement	Value
Payload	750 kg	Volume	1,118 m <sup>3</sup>
Helium   Tanks	118 96 kg	Ops Regen Total Power	9.1 2.5 11.6 kWe
Hull	201 kg	Solar Array Area	50.4 m <sup>2</sup>
Power and Propulsion	217 kg	Energy Storage	92.9 kWh
Total	1,382 kg	Energy Storage Time	66 hrs

## **Science Platform Options**



	Orbiter	Airship	Drop Probes	Drop Balloons	Lander	
	Notional Mass Range			50-200 kg	50-200 kg	650-750 kg
rstand oheric evolution, e history.	A. How did the atmosphere of Venus form and evolve?		•	•		
<u> </u>	B. What is the nature of the radiative and dynamical energy balance on Venus (e.g. super-rotation and greenhouse)?	0		0	0	0
I. Unde atmos formation, and climal	C. What are the morphology, chemical makeup, and variability of the Venus clouds, their roles in the radiative/dynamical energy balance, and impact on climate? Does habitable zone harbor life?	0		0	0	
. Understand the nature of interiorsurface atmosphere interactions.	A. Did Venus ever have surface or interior liquid water and what role has the greenhouse effect had on climate through Venus' history?		0	0	0	
II. Unde the nat inter surfa atmos	B. How have the interior, surface, and atmosphere interacted as a coupled climate system over time?	0	0	0	0	0
. Determine le evolution the surface nd interior.	A. How is Venus releasing its heat now and how is this related to resurfacing and outgassing? Has the style of tectonics or resurfacing varied with time?	0	0	0	0	0
III. Dete the evo of the s and in	B. How did Venus differentiate and evolve over time? Is the crust nearly all basalt or are there significant volumes of more differentiated (silica-rich) crust?	0	0			0

**Legend:** ● Major Contribution, ● Moderate Contribution, O Minor Contribution

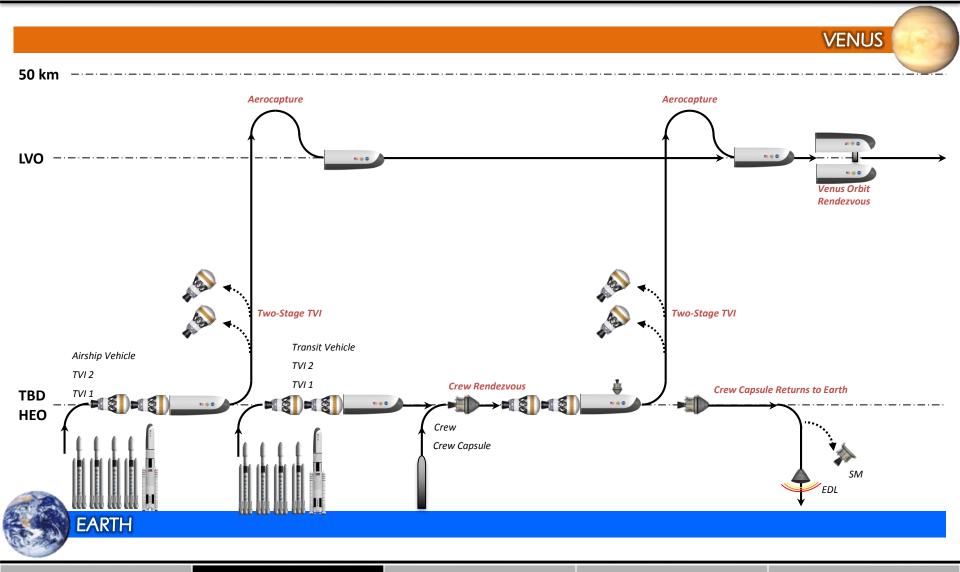


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# **Phase 3: 30-Day Human Exploration**

## **Human Concept of Operations (1 of 2)**





Introduction

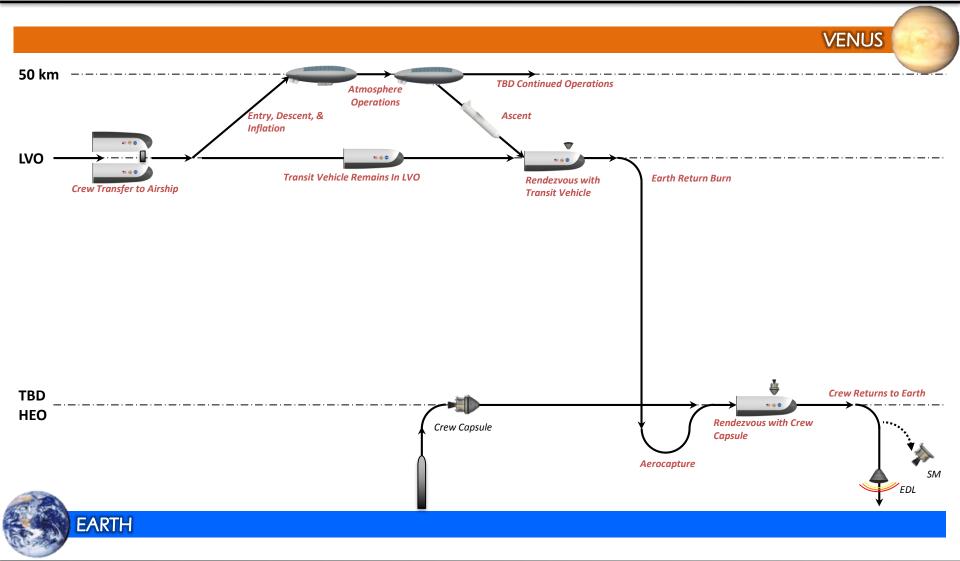
**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

## **Human Concept of Operations (2 of 2)**





Introduction

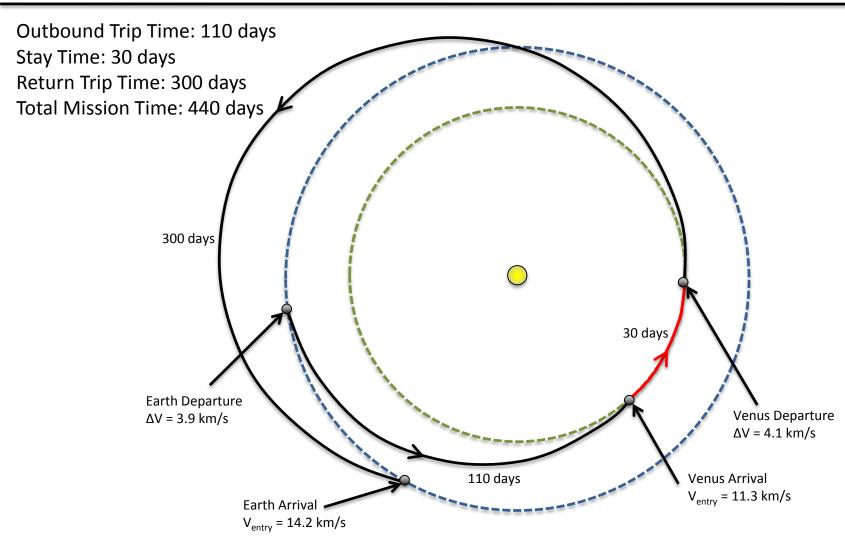
**Mission Architecture** 

Vehicle Concept

**Proof of Concept** 

## **Round-Trip Venus Mission with 30 Day Stay**





## **Human Mission Mass Summary**

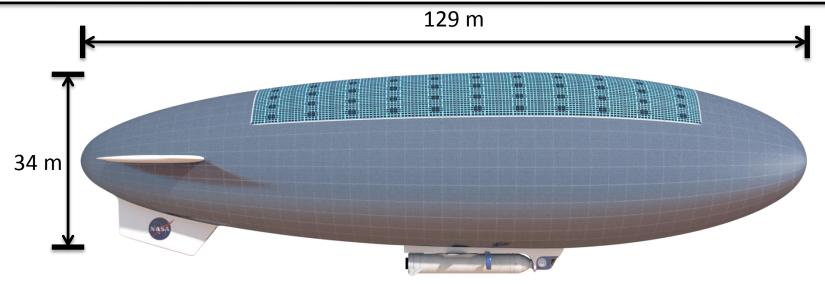


Element	Mass (t)
Atmospheric Habitat	5.1
Ascent Habitat	2.2
Ascent Vehicle	62.7
Airship	25.8
EDI and Aerocapture	33.3
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 2	109.4
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 1	109.4
IMLEO	348.5

Element	Mass (t)
Transit Habitat	20.2
Trans-Earth Injection Stage	52.4
Aerocapture	26.5
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 2	63.3
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 1	103.9
IMLEO	266.3

## **Airship Concept – Human Mission**





Element	Mass	Requirement	Value
Payload	70,000 kg	Volume	77,521 m <sup>3</sup>
Helium   Tanks	8,183 6,623 kg	Ops Regen Total Power	187 53 240 kWe
Hull	6,455 kg	Solar Array Area	1,044 m <sup>2</sup>
Power and Propulsion	4,511 kg	Energy Storage	1,959 kWh
Total	95,776 kg	Energy Storage Time	66 hrs

Introduction

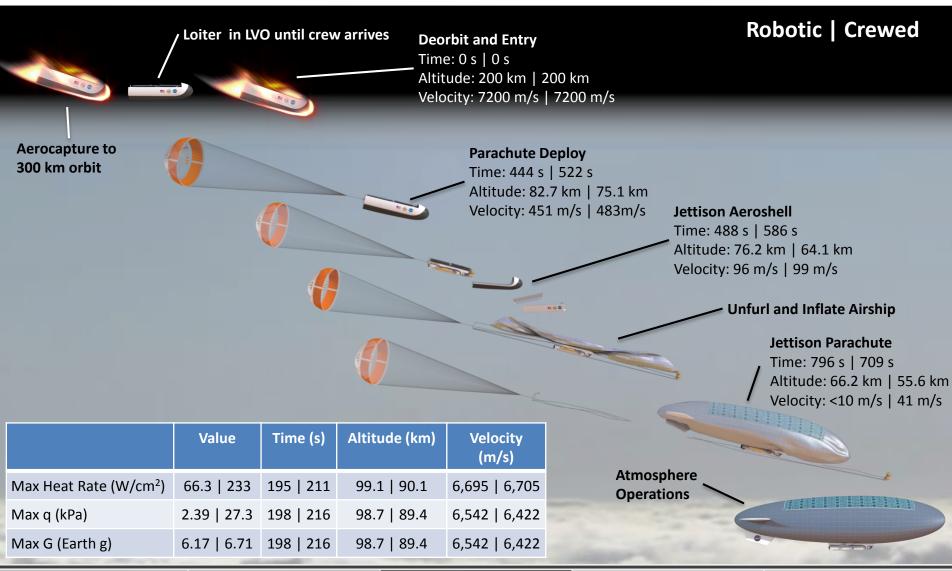
Mission Architecture

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

### Aerocapture, Entry, Descent, and Inflation Profile





**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

**Mission Architecture** 

Introduction

#### **Habitat Overview**









#### **Transit Habitat**

2 crew, 400 days

Contingency EVA only

Similar to DSH: 20.2 t

44 m<sup>3</sup> at 1 atm

Power: 12 kWe

#### **Atmospheric Habitat**

2 crew, 30 days

No EVA

Similar to SEV: 5.1 t

21 m<sup>3</sup> at 1 atm

Power: 3 kWe

#### **Ascent Habitat**

2 crew, up to 1 day

No EVA

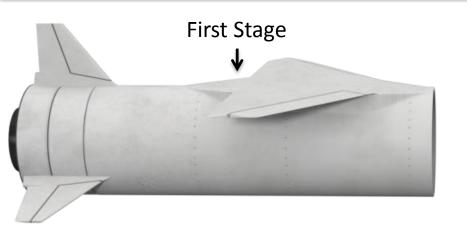
Similar to small capsule: 2.2 t

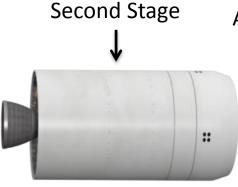
4.6 m<sup>3</sup> at 1 atm

Power: 1 kWe

#### **Venus Ascent Vehicle**











#### Mission Parameters

- Ascend from 50 km to orbit to rendezvous with TEI stage and transit habitat
- Estimated 9,000 m/s total ΔV

#### Configuration

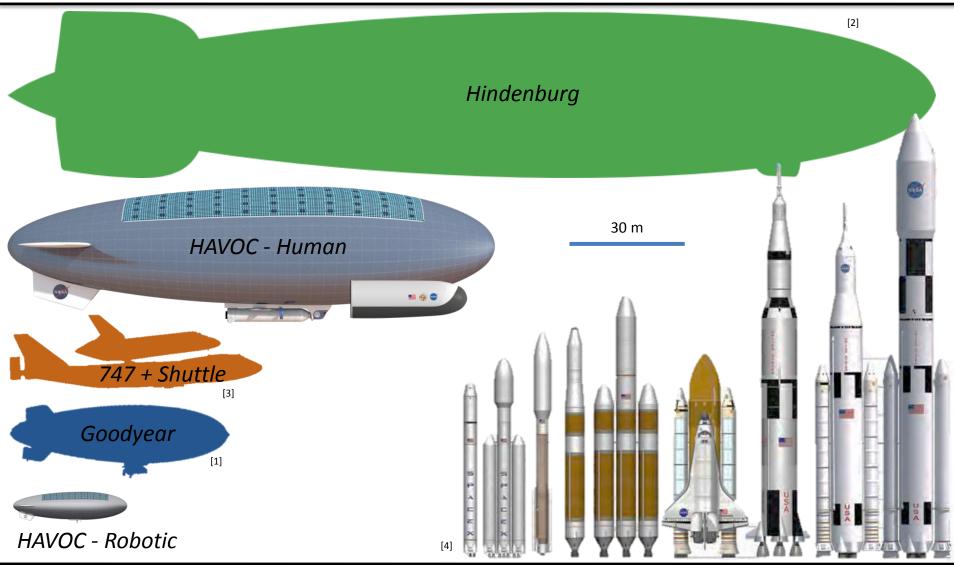
- 2 Crew, Minimal Duration Ascent Habitat
- Two stage ascent
- LOX/RP-1 propellant (easier thermal management than cryogenic fuels)
- Estimated 63 t Gross Mass



Introduction	Mission Architecture	Vehicle Concept	Proof of Concept	Conclusion
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## **Venus Airship Size Comparison**





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**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

#### **HAVOC YouTube Video**

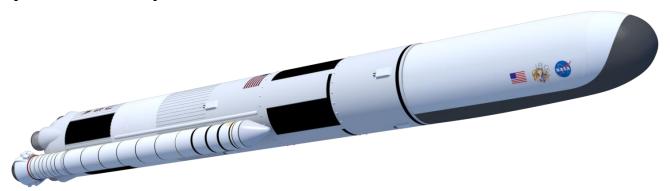


◆ URL: <a href="https://youtu.be/0az7DEwG68A">https://youtu.be/0az7DEwG68A</a>

### Summary



- HAVOC developed an evolutionary exploration plan that presents Venus as another destination for human exploration in space
- Initial analysis shows that robotic and human exploration of Venus with airships is feasible
  - Capability Development Needs: human-scale aeroentry vehicles, advanced supersonic decelerators, long-duration cryogenic storage, Venus and Earth aerocapture, rapid airship inflation during descent
  - Many technologies and capabilities are complementary to Mars missions
- Deeper dives into sizing, trajectories, and operations would refine architectural and vehicle understanding
- Venus, with its relatively hospitable upper atmosphere, can play a role in humanity's future in space.



## **Questions?**







# **Backup Slides**

#### References



- 1. Goodyear blimp picture: Stuart Grout, <a href="http://www.flickr.com/photos/pigpilot/7132847251/">http://www.flickr.com/photos/pigpilot/7132847251/</a>
- 2. Hindenburg outline: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Building">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Building</a> and ship comparison to the Pentagon2.svg
- 3. Shuttle Carrier Aircraft picture from Dryden 747 SCA Graphics Collection: <a href="http://www.dfrc.nasa.gov/Gallery/Graphics/B-747-SCA/index.html">http://www.dfrc.nasa.gov/Gallery/Graphics/B-747-SCA/index.html</a>
- 4. Launch vehicle comparison from "NASA's Space Launch System: A New National Capability"

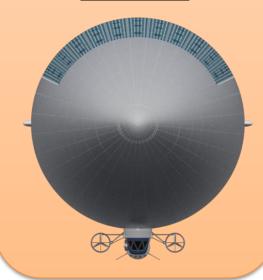
#### **HAVOC Products**







Vehicle Concept



# Proof of Concept



## **Deliverables**

Robotic and crewed Venus
Reference Architectures

Platform to support robotic and crewed missions

Demonstrations of sulfuric acid resistance and vehicle packaging/deployment

### **Objectives for Venus**



#### Science Objectives (VEXAG—Venus Exploration Analysis Group)

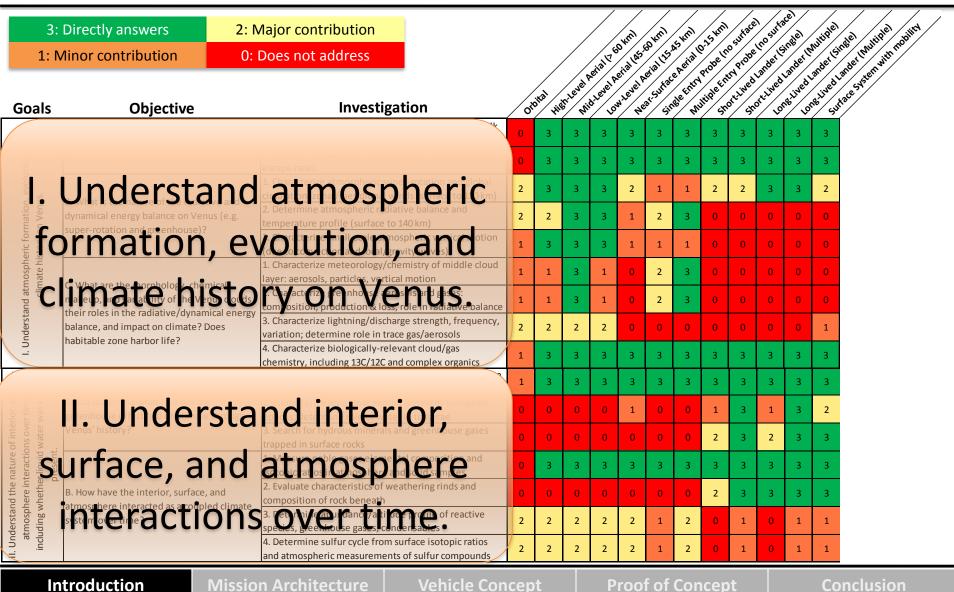
- I. Understand atmospheric formation, evolution, and climate history on Venus.
- II. Understand the nature of interior-surface-atmosphere interactions over time, including whether liquid water was ever present.
- III. Determine the evolution of the surface and interior of Venus.

#### Human Objectives

- IV. Reduce risks and advance technologies for human exploration of the solar system.
  - A. Demonstrate the ability for humans to survive and operate in deep space and around planetary bodies.
  - B. Develop advanced technologies that will enable humans to visit planetary destinations.

## **VEXAG Investigations and Platforms (1 of 2)**

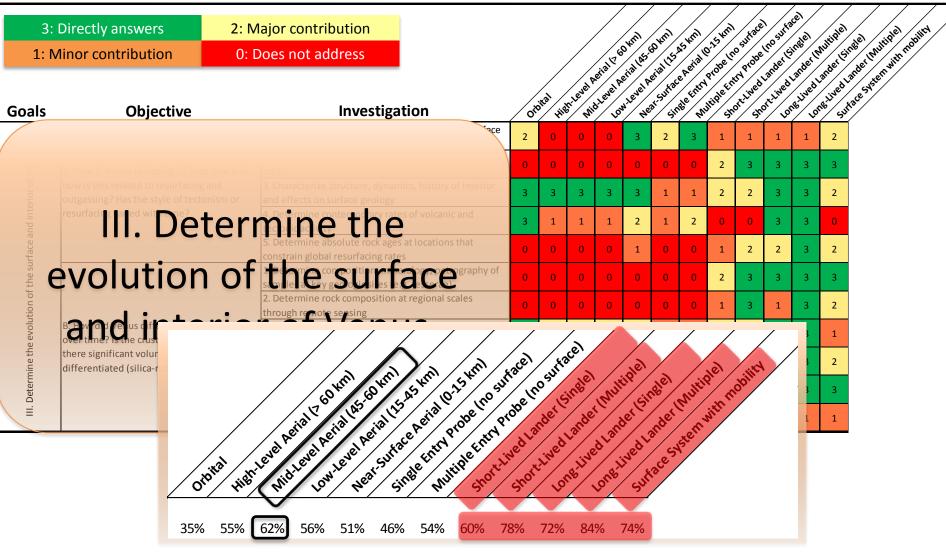




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## **VEXAG Investigations and Platforms (2 of 2)**





Introduction

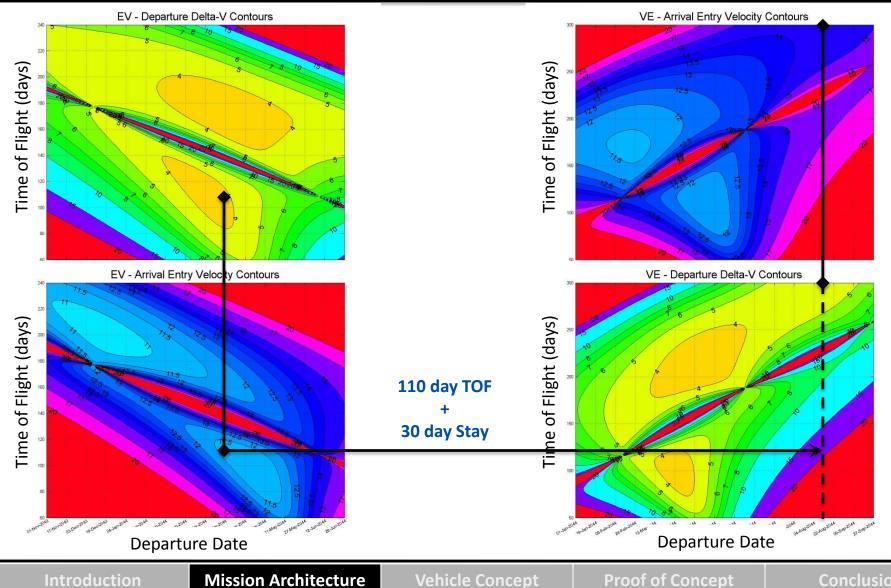
**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

## **Interplanetary Trajectory for 30 Day Mission**





**Vehicle Concept** 

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## **Pre-Position Options (Human Missions)**

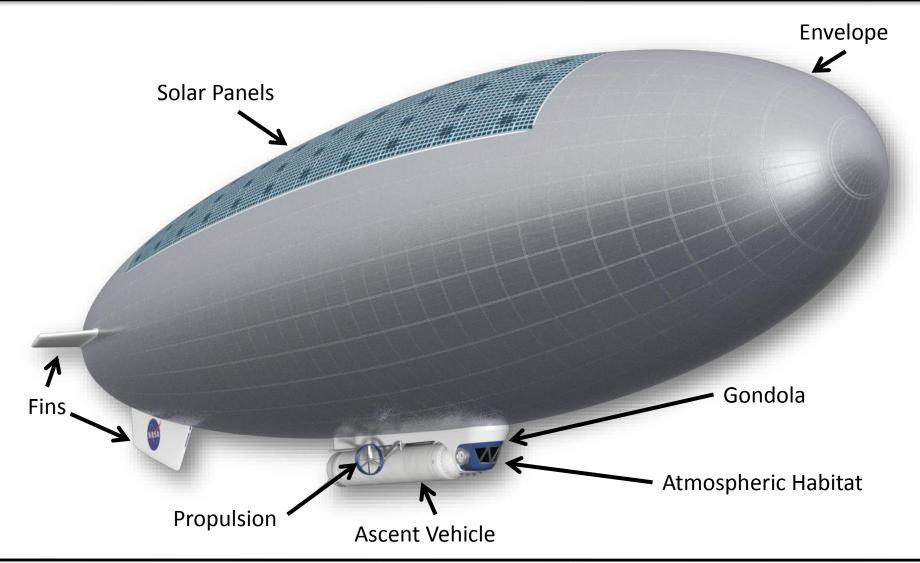


	Direct (or Earth Orbit Rendezvous, EOR)	Venus Orbit Rendezvous (VOR)	Venus Atmosphere Rendezvous (VAR)
Mass	<ul> <li>Earth departure stack is large</li> <li>Aerocapture stack is likely prohibitive in near term</li> </ul>	Aerocapture stack is large but feasible	<ul> <li>Could use ISRU for ascent propellant (reduce delivered mass)</li> </ul>
Operational Complexity	<ul> <li>Rendezvous in Earth orbit similar to other in-space assembly operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rendezvous in Venus orbit poses time delay issues</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Atmospheric rendezvous is challenging for early missions</li> </ul>
Abort Options	<ul> <li>Quicker abort during rendezvous/ integration operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Abort to Earth from Venus (~300 days) during rendezvous operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No abort options during rendezvous (cannot ascend to TEI stage)</li> </ul>

ntroduction Mission Architecture

## **Airship Concept**





Introduction

Mission Architecture

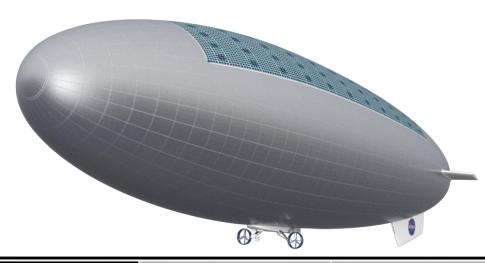
**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

## **Robotic Mission Mass Summary**

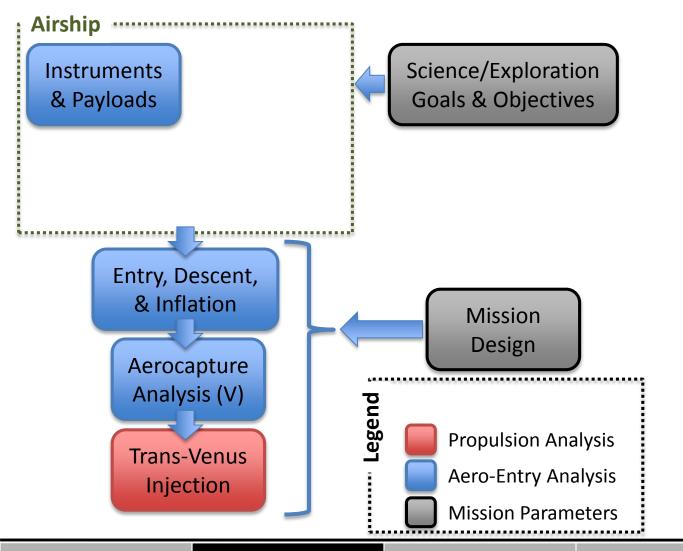


Element	Mass (kg)
Payload and Instruments	750
Airship	652
EDI and Aerocapture	1,049
Cruise Stage	122
Trans-Venus Injection Stage	4,604
IMLEO	7,157



# **Robotic Mission Analysis**





Introduction

**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

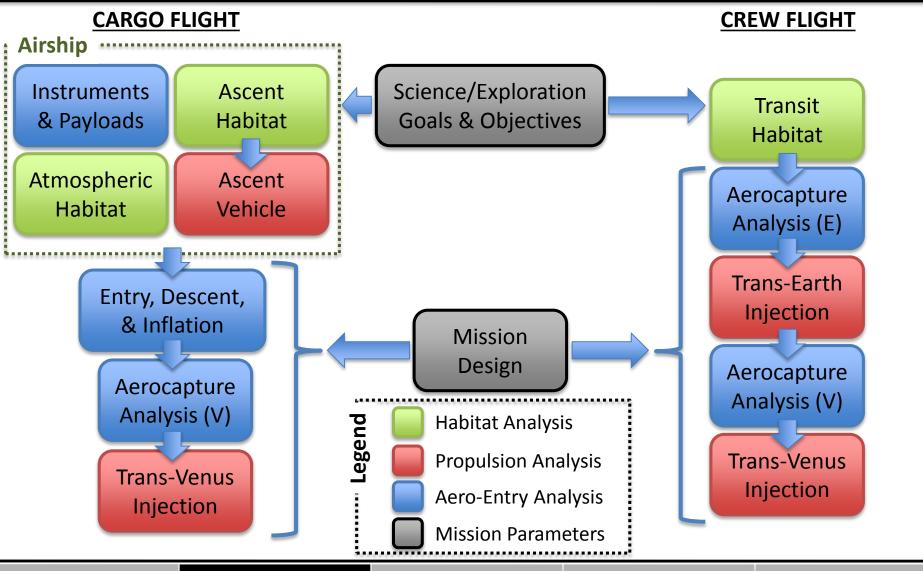
**Proof of Concept** 

# **Human Mission Analysis (Venus Orbit Rendezvous)**

**Mission Architecture** 

Introduction





**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

# Venus Flagship Mission Study (2009) Balloon Instrument **Capabilities—Robotic Mission**



#### Table 4.10: Balloon GCMS Measurement Requirements.

	Table 4.12: Balloon	Net Flux Radiometer Measurement Requirements.
ion		11 look angles from padir to zenith

Resolution	0.1 AMU
Number of spectra per mission	He = 15, other noble gases = 75, CO = 75, sulfur compounds = 200 including two 3 hour campaigns with a spectrum acquired every 20 minutes
	campaigns with a spectrum acquired every 20 minutes
Range of measurement	1 - 150 AMU
016:16:	0.4 1 7 17

	Resolution	11 look angles from nadir to zenith
	Frequency of measurement	Every 30 minutes
	Range of measurement	Two channels, 0.2 to 3 µm and 0.8 to 25 µm
	Sensitivity	SN >200 from 0.2 to 3 µm, SN >100 for 8 to 25 µm
1	Acquecou	2E0/ from 0 0 to 2 ≥400/ for 0 to 2E

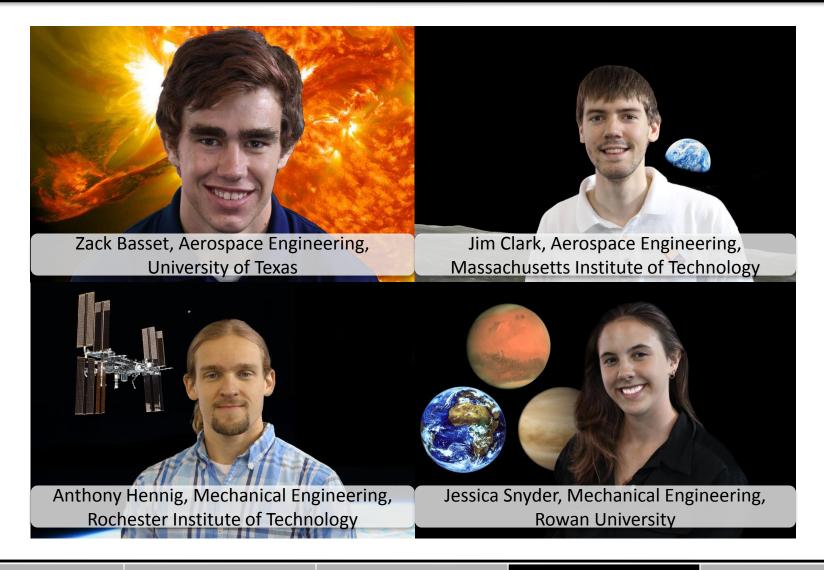
## Table 4.9: Balloon Instruments.

Instrument	Mass (kg)	Power (W)	Source or Proxy
Gas Chromatograph Mass Spectrometer	11	40	Huygens, VCAM
Thermocouple, Anemometer, Pressure Transducer, Accelerometer	2	3.2	MVACS, ATMIS
Radio Tracking	0	0	_
Net Flux Radiometer	2.3	4.6	Galileo Probe
Magnetometer	1	2	JPL internal studies
Nephelometer	0.5	1.2	Pioneer Venus
Lighting Detector	0.5	0.5	FAST
TOTAL	17.3	51.5	

Range of measurement	1 – 100 m/sec
Accuracy	$\pm 10$ cm/s between v = 1 – 10 m/sec; $\pm 100$ cm/s between v = $10 - 100$ m/sec Wind direction $\pm 20^{\circ}$
Constraints	Operates in H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> /H <sub>2</sub> O aerosol environment

## **Summer LARSS Students**





Introduction

**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

## **Sulfuric Acid Test**



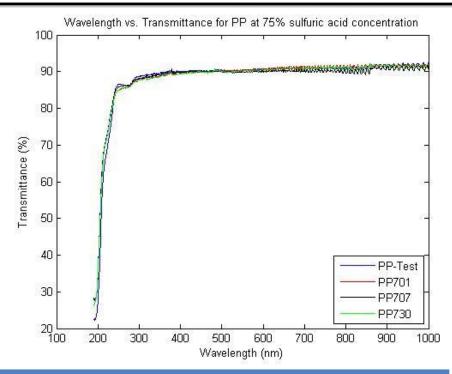
- Goal: Identify material(s) suitable for protecting solar panels from concentrated sulfuric acid.
- ◆ **Method:** Soak candidate materials (FEP Teflon, PVC, PP) in acid for 1, 7, 30 days, compare physical and spectral properties against controls.
- ◆ Analysis: Collect data on light transmittance vs wavelength in ultra-violet, visible, and infrared spectrum.

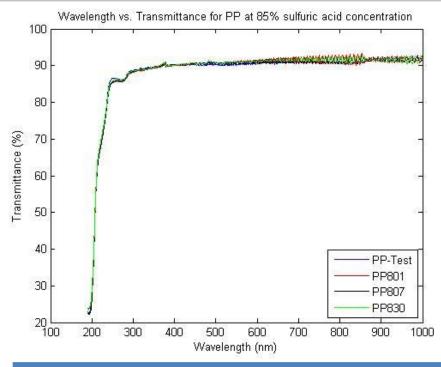




# **Polypropylene Results**







75%: Avg. Transmittance 300 – 1000 nm		
Unexposed	90.7%	
1 Day	90.6%	
7 Day	90.1%	
30 Day	90.5%	

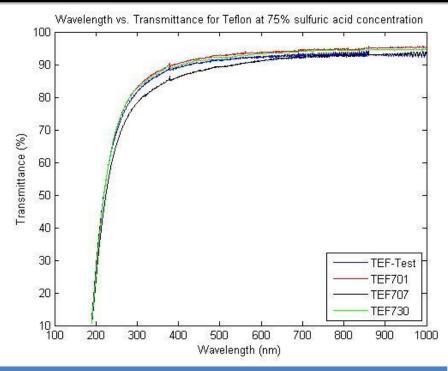
**Mission Architecture** 

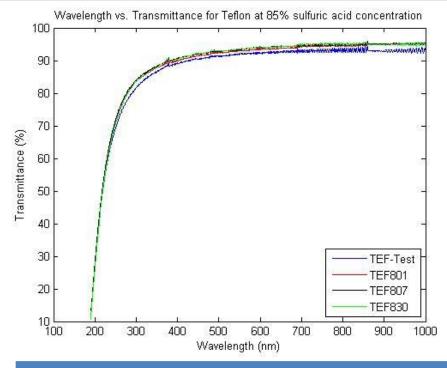
Introduction

85%: Avg. Transmittance 300 – 1000 nm		
Unexposed	90.7%	
1 Day	91.1%	
7 Day	90.9%	
30 Day	91.1%	

## **FEP Teflon Results**







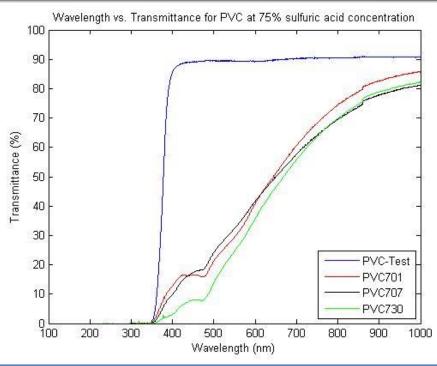
75%: AVG Transmittance 300 – 1000 nm		
Unexposed	91.5%	
1 Day	93.1%	
7 Day	90.3%	
30 Day	92.6%	

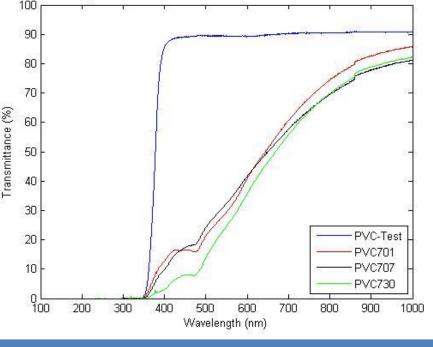
85%: AVG Transmittance 300 – 1000 nm		
Unexposed	91.5%	
1 Day	92.9%	
7 Day	92.9%	
30 Day	93.2%	

Introduction Mission Architecture Vehicle Concept Proof of Concept Conclusion

# **Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Results**

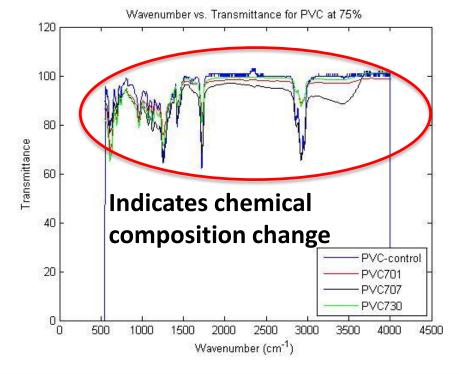






75%: AVG Transmittance 300 – 1000 nm		
Unexposed	80.2%	
1 Day	47.6%	
7 Day	45.7%	
30 Day	42.6%	





## **Sulfuric Acid Test Conclusions**



- Polypropylene did not degrade and had 90% transmittance
  - May degrade when exposed to temperatures above 50°C
- Teflon did not degrade and had 90-93% transmittance
  - Highest melting point of tested materials
- Polyvinyl chloride underwent chemical change and lost transmittance
  - Fell from 80% to 48% after one day, to 43% after 30 days
- Teflon and polypropylene recommended for future testing at relevant temperatures (75-80°C)

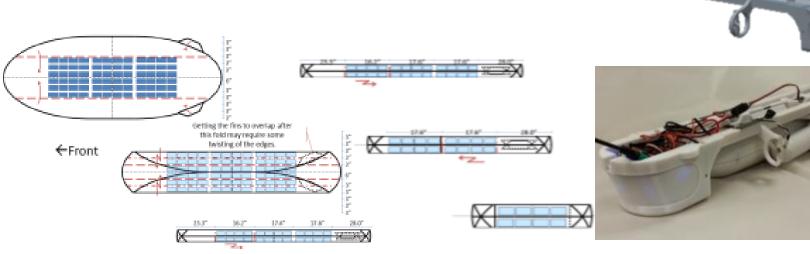


# **Airship Inflation Demonstration**



 Goal: develop and demonstrate concepts for packaging and Entry, Descent, and Inflation (EDI)

Method: design and construct scale model of HAVOC vehicle, demonstrate that it packages and inflates and document algorithm and concept for future development.



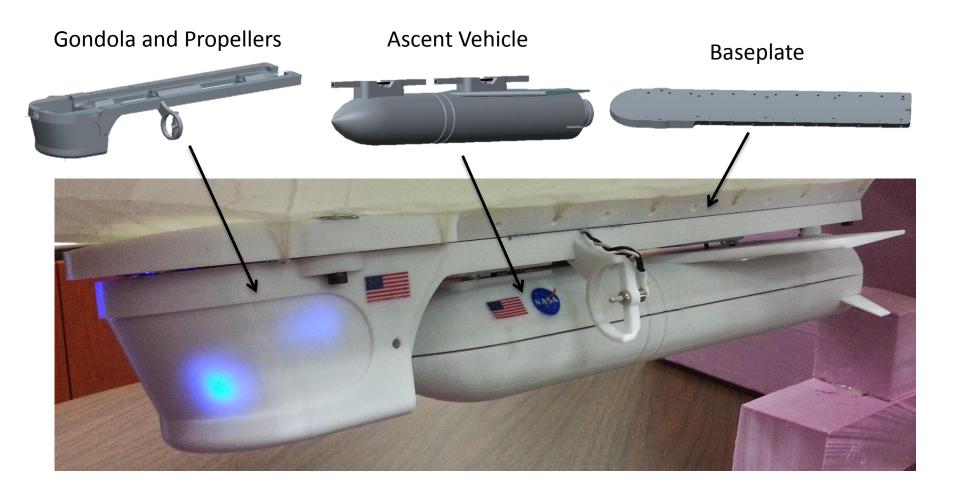
Introduction Mission Architecture

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

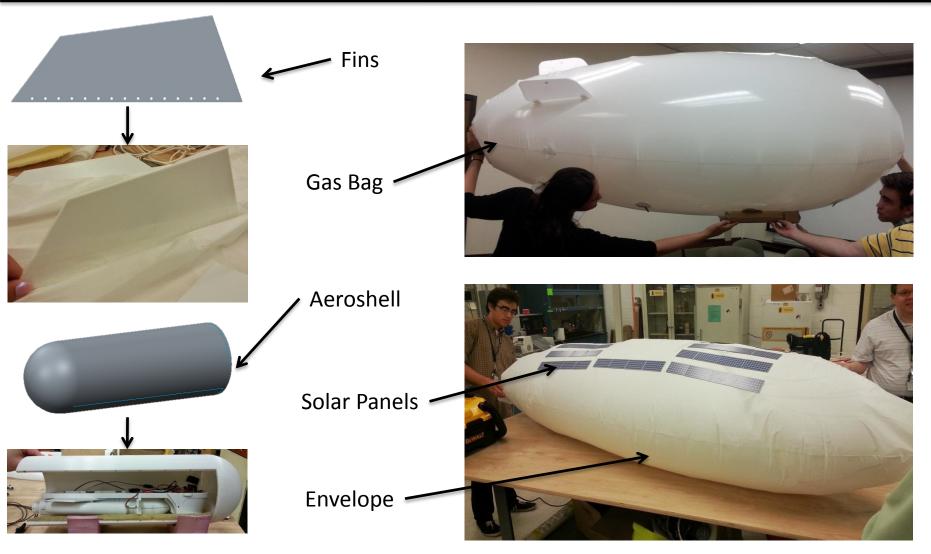
# Airship Elements—Gondola





# **Airship Elements—Structure**





# **Airship Inflation Demonstrations**





## **Future Questions and Trades**



## Mission Architecture

- What is the communications architecture for the robotic and human missions?
- What do the Phase 2, Phase 4, and Phase 5 missions look like?
- Detailed design of propulsive stages (TVI/TEI stages, ascent vehicle, etc.)
- Low thrust pre-deployment trade
- Detailed design of science operations for robotic and human missions

## Vehicle Concept

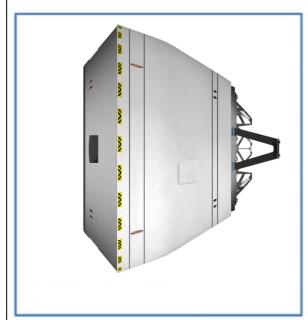
- What guidance algorithms yield optimal aerocapture, entry, and ascent trajectories?
- What can be done with the airship after the human mission is complete?
- Refine decelerator, TPS, and deployment/inflation design
- Entry shape, detailed vehicle dynamics, operational simulation, other lifting gases

## Proof of Concept

- How do Teflon and polypropylene withstand sulfuric acid at Venus temperatures?
- How does a model of the airship perform in Venus atmospheric conditions?
- Physical tests of inflation on parachute and with tanks

# **Ascent Habitat Summary**





### Design Constraints/Parameters

Pressurized Vol.	4.6	m³
Habitable Vol.	2.6	m3
Atmospheric Pressure	101.4	kPa
Crew Capacity	2	
Crewed Mission Duration	1	d
EOL Power Required	1	kW
Total battery energy storage	49	kW-
Number of Batteries	3	
Depth of Discharge	80	%
Power load during battery operati	1.0	kW

ECLSS Closure - Water	Open
ECLSS Closure - Air	Open

Project Manager's Reserve

Habitat Structure	al Rigid Cylinder
Habitat Length	2.77 m
Habitat Diameter	1.50 m
Mass Growth Allocation	20%

#### Description

HAVOC Ascent Habitat provides crew habitation for the ascent from the atmosphere of Venus to the orbiting Transit Habitat.

Category	Vol., m
Systems Volume	1.75
Crew Equipment	0.02
Utilization	0.00
Alriock	0.00
Dry Goods Storage	0.02
Water Storage	0.01
Volds	0.27
Total Non-Habitable Volume	2.07
Habitable Volume	2.56
Total Pressurized Volume	4.63

Category	Mass, kg
Structure	523
Protection	21
Propulsion	0
Power	539
Control (ACS/RCS)	0
Avionics	323
ECLSS	128
Air, Thermal, Fire Subsystems	116
Water Subsystem	12
EVA systems	0
Thermal Control System	117
Crew Equipment	3
Utilization	0
Growth	495
Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)	0
DRY MASS SUBTOTAL	2,150
Logistics	4
Food (Including Trays & Wraps)	4
Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters,	0
Personal Hygiene Kit	0
Hygiene Consumables	0
Clothing	0
Recreation & Personal Stowage	0
Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)	0
Traish Bags	0
Operational Supplies	0
Survival Kit	0
Sleep Accomodations	0
Health Care Consumables	0
Emergency Breathling Apparatus	0
Spares	0
Ma Intenance Items	0
ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)	18
Reserve and Residual Prop.	0
IN ERT MASS SUBTOTAL	2,172
Propellant	0
TOTAL WET MASS	2,172

# **Atmospheric Habitat Summary**





#### Description

HAVOCA tmospheric Habitat provides habitation for 2 drew for up to 28 days. No EVA support iscurrently provided. Propellant and power generation are provided by attached elements.

#### Design Constraints/Parameters

Pressurized Vol.	20.7	m³
Ha bita bl e Vol .	10.8	m³
Atmospheric Pressure	101.4	kPa
Crew Capacity	2	
Crewed Mission Duration	28	d
EOL Power Required	3	kw
Total battery energy storage	6	kw-h
Number of Batteries	3	
Depth of Discharge	80	%
Power load during battery operati	2.4	kW

ECLSS	Closure - Water	Open
ECLSS	Closure - Air	Open

Ha bita t Structure	al Rigid Cylinder
Ha bita t Length	3.41 m
Habitat Diameter	2.91 m

Mass Growth Allocation 20% Project Manager's Reserve 10%

Category	Vol., m <sup>3</sup>
Systems Volume	3.4
Crew Equipment	1.4
Utilization	0.0
Alrlock	0.0
Dry Goods Storage	3.6
Water Storage	0.2
Volds	1.3
Total Non-Habitable Volume	9.9
Habitable Volume	10.8
Total Pressurized Volume	20.7

Category         Mass, kg           Structure         1,104           Protection         54           Propulsion         0           Power         412           Control (ACS/RCS)         0           Avionks         441           ECLSS         607           Air Subsystem         250           Water Subsystem         84           Food Processing         36           Human Accommodations         0           Other         237           EV A systems         0           Thermal Control System         214           Crew Equipment         285           Utilization         0           Growth         892           Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)         0           DRY MASS SUBTOTAL         4,011           Logistics         857           Food (Including Trays & Wraps)         103           Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefil ters, 9         9           Personal Hygiene Kit         4           Hygiene Consumables         4           Clothing         8           Recreation & Personal Stowage         0           Wipes /Paper/Tissue (House		
Propulsion         54           Propulsion         0           Power         412           Control (ACS/RCS)         0           Avionics         441           ECLSS         607           AIrSubsystem         250           Water Subsystem         84           Food Processinq         36           Human Accommodations         0           Other         237           EVA systems         0           Thermal Control System         214           Crew Equipment         286           Utilization         0           Growth         89           Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)         0           DRY MASS SUBTOTAL         4,011           Logistics         857           Food (Including Trays & Wraps)         103           Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9         9           Personal Hygiene Kit         4           Hygiene Consumables         4           Clothing         8           Recreation & Personal Stowage         9           Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)         11           Trash Bags         3           Operational	Category	Mass, kg
Propulsion         0           Power         412           Control (ACS/RCS)         0           Avionics         441           ECLSS         607           AIrSubsystem         250           Water Subsystem         84           Food Processinq         36           Human Accommodations         0           Other         237           EVA systems         0           Thermal Control System         214           Crew Equipment         285           Utilization         0           Growth         892           Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)         0           DRY MASS SUBTOTAL         4,011           Logistics         857           Food (including Trays & Wraps)         103           Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9         9           Personal Hygiene Kit         4           Hygiene Consumables         4           Clothing         8           Recreation & Personal Stowage         0           Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)         11           Trash Bags         3           Operational Supplies         40           S	Structure	1,104
Power	Protection	54
Control (ACS/RCS) 0 Avionics 441 ECLSS 607  Air Subsystem 250 Water Subsystem 84 Food Processing 36 Human Accommodations 0 Other 237 EVA systems 0 Thermal Control System 214 Crew Equipment 286 Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefil ters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags 0 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 188 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance items 512 CTBS 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085	Propulsion	0
Avionics 441 ECLSS 607  Air Subsystem 250  Water Subsystem 84  Food Processing 36  Human Accommodations 0  Other 2377 EVA systems 0  Thermal Control System 214  Crew Equipment 286  Utilization 0  Growth 892  Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0  DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011  Logistics 857  Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103  Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9  Personal Hygiene Kit 4  Hygiene Consumables 4  Clothing 8  Recreation & Personal Stowage 0  Wipes / Paper / Tissue (Housekeeping) 111  Trash Bags 0  Operational Supplies 400  Survival Kit 0  Sleep Accomodations 18  Health Care Consumables 40  Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3  Spares and Maintenance items 512  CTBs 103  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216  Reserve and Residual Prop. 0  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085	Power	412
ECLSS         607           AIr Subsystem         250           Water Subsystem         84           Food Processing         36           Human Accommodations         0           Other         237           EVA systems         0           Thermal Control System         214           Crew Equipment         286           Utilization         0           Growth         892           Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)         0           DRY MASS SUBTOTAL         4,011           Logistics         857           Food (including Trays & Wraps)         103           Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9         9           Personal Hyglene Kit         4           Hyglene Consumables         4           Clothing         8           Recreation & Personal Stowage         0           Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)         11           Trash Bags         3           Operational Supplies         40           Survival Kit         0           Sleep Accomodations         18           Health Care Consumables         40           Emergency Breathing Apparatus         <	Control (ACS/RCS)	0
Air Subsystem 250 Water Subsystem 84 Food Processing 36 Human Accommodations 0 Other 237 EVA systems 0 Thermal Control System 214 Crew Equipment 286 Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0	Avionics	441
Water Subsystem Food Processing Human Accommodations Other 237  EVA systems Other Crew Equipment Crew Equipment Crew Equipment Official Control System Crew Equipment Official Control	ECLSS	607
Food Processing Human Accommodations Other 237  EVA systems 0 Thermal Control System 214 Crew Equipment 286 Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit Hyglene Consumables Clothing Recreation & Personal Stowage Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags Operational Supplies Survival Kit Sleep Accomodations Health Care Consumables Emergency Breathing Apparatus Spares and Maintenance Items CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nomlnal+Contingency) Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL Propellant 0 0  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL Propellant  0 0  1246 1257 1267 1267 127 1287 1297 1207 1207 1207 1207 1207 1207 1207 120	Air Subsystem	250
Human Accommodations Other Other 237  EVA systems 0 Thermal Control System 214 Crew Equipment 286 Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit Hyglene Consumables Clothing Recreation & Personal Stowage Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags Operational Supplies 30 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit Sleep Accomodations Health Care Consumables Emergency Breathing Apparatus Spares and Maintenance Items CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL Propellant 0  0  114 1257 126 127 128 128 129 120 126 126 127 128 129 120 121 127 128 129 120 126 120 127 127 128 129 120 126 120 127 127 128 129 129 120 120 121 120 121 121 122 123 124 125 126 126 127 127 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 123 124 124 124 124 125 126 126 127 127 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 123 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 125 126 127 127 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 123 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124	W ater Subsystem	84
Other 237 EVA systems 0 Thermal Control System 214 Crew Equipment 286 Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hygiene Kit 4 Hygiene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085	Food Processing	36
EVA systems 0 Thermal Control System 214 Crew Equipment 285 Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 111 Trash Bags 0 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0	Human Accommodations	0
Thermal Control System 214  Crew Equipment 286  Utilization 0  Growth 892  Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0  DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011  Logistics 857  Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103  Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9  Personal Hygiene Kit 4  Hygiene Consumables 4  Clothing 88  Recreation & Personal Stowage 0  Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11  Trash Bags 3  Operational Supplies 40  Survival Kit 0  Sleep Accomodations 18  Health Care Consumables 40  Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3  Spares and Maintenance Items 512  CTBs 103  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216  Reserve and Residual Prop. 0  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085	Other	237
Thermal Control System 214  Crew Equipment 286  Utilization 0  Growth 892  Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0  DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011  Logistics 857  Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103  Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9  Personal Hygiene Kit 4  Hygiene Consumables 4  Clothing 88  Recreation & Personal Stowage 0  Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11  Trash Bags 3  Operational Supplies 40  Survival Kit 0  Sleep Accomodations 18  Health Care Consumables 40  Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3  Spares and Maintenance Items 512  CTBs 103  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216  Reserve and Residual Prop. 0  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085	EV A systems	0
Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 111 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085		214
Utilization 0 Growth 892 Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth) 0 DRY MASS SUBTOTAL 4,011 Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 111 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085	Crew Equipment	286
Radiation Protection (waterwall) (Not included in growth)  DRY MASS SUBTOTAL  Logistics  Food (including Trays & Wraps)  Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, Personal Hygiene Kit  Hygiene Consumables  Clothing  Recreation & Personal Stowage  Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)  Trash Bags  Operational Supplies  40  Survival Kit  Sleep Accomodations  Health Care Consumables  Emergency Breathing Apparatus  Spares and Maintenance Items  CTBs  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)  Reserve and Residual Prop.  O  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL  Propellant  657  401  401  401  401  402  403  404  405  406  407  407  408  409  409  409  409  400  400  400		0
DRY MASS SUBTOTAL Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 111 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0	Growth	892
DRY MASS SUBTOTAL Logistics 857 Food (including Trays & Wraps) 103 Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, 9 Personal Hyglene Kit 4 Hyglene Consumables 4 Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 111 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0	Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)	0
Food (Including Trays & Wraps)  Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, Personal Hygiene Kit  Hygiene Consumables  Clothing  Recreation & Personal Stowage  Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)  Trash Bags  Operational Supplies  40  Survival Kit  Sleep Accomodations  Health Care Consumables  Emergency Breathing Apparatus  Spares and Maintenance Items  CTBs  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)  Reserve and Residual Prop.  O  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL  Propellant  9  Personal Trays & Wraps, 9  40  Long Prefilters, 9  103  103  103  104  105  105  106  107  108  108  109  109  100  100  100  100		4,011
Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, Personal Hyglene Kit  Hyglene Consumables  Clothing Recreation & Personal Stowage  Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)  Trash Bags Operational Supplies  40 Survival Kit  Sleep Accomodations Health Care Consumables Emergency Breathing Apparatus Spares and Maintenance Items CTBs  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) Reserve and Residual Prop.  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL Propellant  9  44  45  46  47  47  48  49  40  50  60  60  60  60  60  60  60  60  6	Logistics	857
Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters, Personal Hyglene Kit  Hyglene Consumables  Clothing Recreation & Personal Stowage  Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)  Trash Bags Operational Supplies  40 Survival Kit  Sleep Accomodations Health Care Consumables Emergency Breathing Apparatus Spares and Maintenance Items CTBs  ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) Reserve and Residual Prop.  INERT MASS SUBTOTAL Propellant  9  44  45  46  47  47  48  49  40  50  60  60  60  60  60  60  60  60  6	Food (Including Trays & Wraps)	103
Personal Hyglene Kit         4           Hyglene Consumables         4           Clothing         8           Recreation & Personal Stowage         0           Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)         11           Trash Bags         3           Operational Supplies         40           Survival Kit         0           Sleep Accomodations         18           Health Care Consumables         40           Emergency Breathing Apparatus         3           Spares and Maintenance Items         512           CTBs         103           ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0		9
Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0		4
Clothing 8 Recreation & Personal Stowage 0 Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping) 11 Trash Bags 3 Operational Supplies 40 Survival Kit 0 Sleep Accomodations 18 Health Care Consumables 40 Emergency Breathing Apparatus 3 Spares and Maintenance Items 512 CTBs 103 ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency) 216 Reserve and Residual Prop. 0 INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0	Hygiene Consumables	4
Recreation & Personal Stowage		
Wipes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)         11           Trash Bags         3           Operational Supplies         40           Survival Kit         0           Sleep Accomodations         18           Health Care Consumables         40           Emergency Breathing Apparatus         3           Spares and Maintenance items         512           CTBs         103           ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0	Recreation & Personal Stowage	0
Trash Bags   3   3		11
Survival Kit         0           Sleep Accomodations         18           Health Care Consumables         40           Emergency Breathing Apparatus         3           Spares and Maintenance items         512           CTBs         103           ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0		3
Survival Kit         0           Sleep Accomodations         18           Health Care Consumables         40           Emergency Breathing Apparatus         3           Spares and Maintenance items         512           CTBs         103           ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0	Operational Supplies	40
Health Care Consumables		
Emergency Breathing Apparatus   3   Spares and Maintenance Items   512   CTBs   103   ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)   216   Reserve and Residual Prop.   0   INERT MASS SUBTOTAL   5,085   Propellant   0	Sleep Accomodations	18
Emergency Breathing Apparatus   3     Spares and Maintenance Items   512   CTBs   103     ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)   216   Reserve and Residual Prop.   0   INERT MASS SUBTOTAL   5,085   Propellant   0	Health Care Consumables	40
Spares and Maintenance Items         512           CTBs         103           ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0	Emergency Breathing Apparatus	
CTBs         103           ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0		512
ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)         216           Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0		
Reserve and Residual Prop.         0           INERT MASS SUBTOTAL         5,085           Propellant         0		
INERT MASS SUBTOTAL 5,085 Propellant 0		0
Propellant 0	·	5,085
		0
		5,085

# **Transit Habitat Summary**





#### Description

HAVOC Transit Habitat provides crew habitation with for long-duration transit to and from Venus. It includes an internal Shuttle-class airlock for contingency EVAs and generates its own power.

#### Design Constraints/Parameters

Pressurized Vol.	100.3	m³
Habitable Vol.	44.0	m³
Atmospheric Pressure	101.4	kPa
Crew Capacity	2	
Crewed Mission Duration	410	d
EOL Power Required	12	kW
Total battery energy storage	22	kw-
Number of Batteries	3	
Depth of Discharge	80	%
Power load during battery operati	9.1	kW

ECT22 CIOSDIE - Mare	Partially Closed
ECLSS Closure - Air	Partially Closed
Habitat Structure	al Rigid Cylinder
Habitat Height	4.33 m
Habitat Diameter	5.86 m
Mass Growth Allocation	20%
Project Manager's Reserve	10%

Category	Vol., m <sup>3</sup>
Systems Volume	7.9
Crew Equipment	9.4
Utilization	0.0
Alriock	6.0
Dry Goods Storage	26.2
Water Storage	0.3
Volds	6.5
Total Non-Habitable Volume	56.3
Habitable Volume	44.0
Total Pressurized Volume	100.3

Category	Mass, kg
Structure	2,767
Protection	162
Propulsion	. 0
Power	861
Control (ACS/RCS)	0
Avionics	453
ECLSS	2,341
Air Subsystem	834
Wa ter Su bsystem	1,033
Food Processing	36
Human Accommodations	84
Other	353
EVA systems	1,477
Thermal Control System	660
Crew Equipment	1,688
Utilization	0
Growth	3,002
Radiation Protection (waterwall)(Not included in growth)	0
DRY MASS SUBTOTAL	13,412
Logistics	6,290
Food (including Trays & Wraps)	1,444
Waste Collection (Fecal Canisters, Urine Prefilters,	651
Personal Hygiene Kit	4
Hygiene Consuma bles	70
Clothing	35
Recreation & Personal Stowage	50
Wilpes /Paper/Tissue (Housekeeping)	171
Trash Bags	44
Operational Supplies	40
Survival Kit	0
Sleep Accomodations	18
Heal th Care Consumables	88
Emergency Breathing Apparatus	0
Spares	2,585
Maintenance Items	246
CTBs	744
ECLSS Consumables (Nominal + Contingency)	448
Reserve and Residual Prop.	0
IN ERT MASS SUBTOTAL	20,151
Propellant	0
TOTAL WET MASS	20,151

# **Ascent Habitat Assumptions**



#### **BASELINE ASSUMPTIONS**

### **Structure and Mechanisms**

Metallic, cylindrical habitat: 1.28 m³ habitable volume per person

Min.2.5 m barrel length for reasonable ceiling height

~22 m³/person habitable volume

Secondary structure 2.46 km/m<sup>2</sup> of habitat surface area

Launch integration 2% of habitat gross mass

1 - 0.5 m diameter window

1 docking mechanism, 0 docking tunnels

Atmospheric pressure = 101.3 kPa (14.7 psi)

#### **Avionics**

Provide CC&DH, GN&C, communication

### **Thermal Control**

External fluid loop using Ammonia

Internal fluid loop using 60% prop glycol/water

Xx kW heat rejection using ISS-type radiators

### **Maintenance and Spares**

No spares manifested

### Reserves

Margin Growth Allowance: 20% of basic mass

Project Manager's Reserve: 10% of basic mass

#### **Protection**

20 layers multi-layer insulation

#### **Power**

120 V DC power management (92% efficient)

3 Li-ion batteries (200 W-hr/kg) where any 2 provide 1 kW for 24 hours

### **Environmental Control and Life Support**

Open loop consumables and air distribution hardware only

Modeled with Envision ECLSS model

### **Crew Equipment & Accommodations**

Food, lighting, and hygiene items only.

## **Extra-Vehicular Activity (EVA)**

No EVA capability

# **Atmospheric Habitat Assumptions**



#### **BASELINE ASSUMPTIONS**

### **Structure and Mechanisms**

Metallic, 3m cylindrical habitat: 5.4 m³ habitable volume per person

Min.2.5 m barrel length for reasonable ceiling height

Secondary structure 2.46 km/m<sup>2</sup> of habitat surf area

Launch integration 2% of habitat gross mass

Four 0.5 m diameter windows

1 exterior hatch

1 docking mechanisms, 1 docking tunnels

Atmospheric pressure = 101.3 kPa (14.7 psi)

### **Avionics**

Provide CC&DH, GN&C, communications

## **Thermal Control**

External fluid loop using Ammonia

Internal fluid loop using 60% prop glycol/water

Xx kW heat rejection using ISS-type radiators

### **Maintenance and Spares**

Sized using Monte Carlo simulation engine (EMAT)

### **Reserves**

Margin Growth Allowance: 20% of basic mass Project Manager's Reserve: 10% of basic mass

#### **Protection**

20 layers multi-layer insulation

5.8 cm water-wall on crew quarters for SPE protection

#### **Power**

~XX kWe end of life power provided by external power system

120 V DC power management (92% efficient)

3 Li-ion batteries (200 W-hr/kg) ~XX kW-hr storage

### **Environmental Control and Life Support**

Open Loop ECLSS, LIOH CO2 Removal, Water Storage, O2 and H2O

Storage

10% mass for advanced diagnostics and maintainability

30 days open loop contingency consumables

## **Crew Equipment & Accommodations**

Standard suite for 0-31 day missions

Crew items, sink (spigot), food warmer, toilet

vacuums, seats, medical kit, wipes, photography equiment

### **Logistics**

Sized based upon ISS usage rates

### **Extra-Vehicular Activity (EVA)**

No EVA capability provided

# **Transit Habitat Assumptions**



#### **BASELINE ASSUMPTIONS**

### **Structure and Mechanisms**

Metallic, cylindrical habitat: max 7.2 m diameter 0.3 m for port extrusions, attachments, structure

Min.2.5 m barrel length for reasonable ceiling height

~22 m³/person habitable volume

Secondary structure 2.46 km/m<sup>2</sup> of habitat surf area

Launch integration 2% of habitat gross mass

Four 0.5 m diameter windows

1 exterior hatch

2 docking mechanisms, 2 docking tunnels

Atmospheric pressure = 70.3 kPa (10.2 psi)

#### **Avionics**

Provide CC&DH, GN&C, communications

### **Thermal Control**

External fluid loop using Ammonia

Internal fluid loop using 60% prop glycol/water

TBD kW heat rejection using ISS-type radiators

### **Maintenance and Spares**

Sized using Monte Carlo simulation engine (EMAT)

### Reserves

Margin Growth Allowance: 20% of basic mass Project Manager's Reserve: 10% of basic mass

#### **Protection**

20 layers multi-layer insulation

#### **Power**

~XX kWe end of life power 3-Junction GaAs arrays sized for Earth

120 V DC power management (92% efficient)

3 Li-ion batteries (200 W-hr/kg) ~XX kW-hr storage

### **Environmental Control and Life Support**

Scaled ISS level ECLSS (100% air, ~85% water) hardware for 380 days

10% mass for advanced diagnostics and maintainability

30 days open loop contingency consumables

### **Crew Equipment & Accommodations**

Standard suite for 180-360 day deep-space

Assume freezer for missions longer than 1-year

Crew items, sink (spigot), freezer, microwave,

washer, dryer, 2 vacuums, laptop, trash compactor,

printer, hand tools, test equipment, ergometer,

photography, exercise, treadmill, table

### **Logistics**

Sized based upon ISS usage rates + 30 days contingency

### **Extra-Vehicular Activity (EVA)**

600 kg 6 m<sup>3</sup> internal airlock for contingency

2 person EVAs using shuttle-class internal airlock

1 spare per suit for every suit component

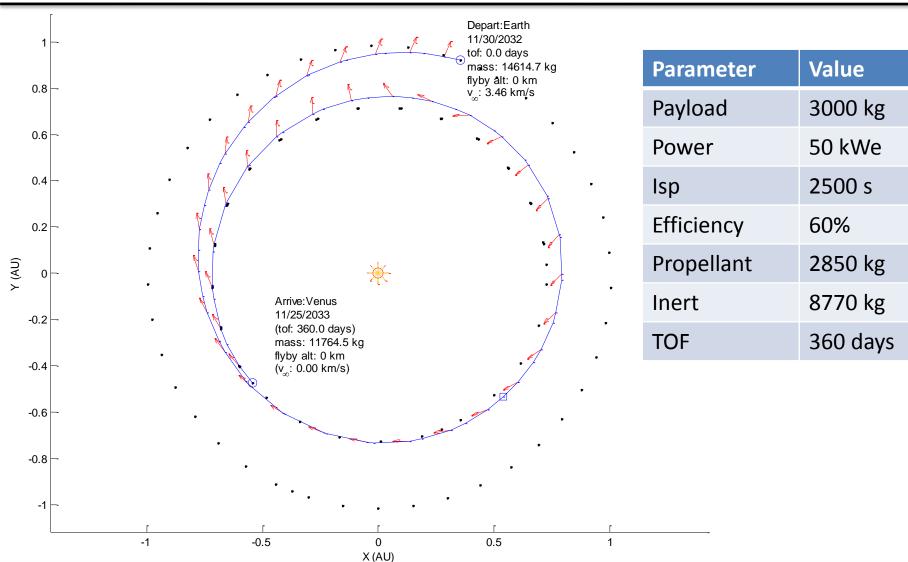
1 EVA per 30 days

# **Low Thrust One-Way to Venus – Notional**

**Mission Architecture** 

Introduction





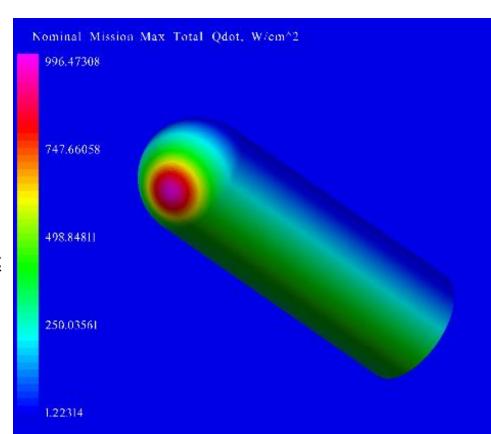
**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

# **Aerothermodynamics**

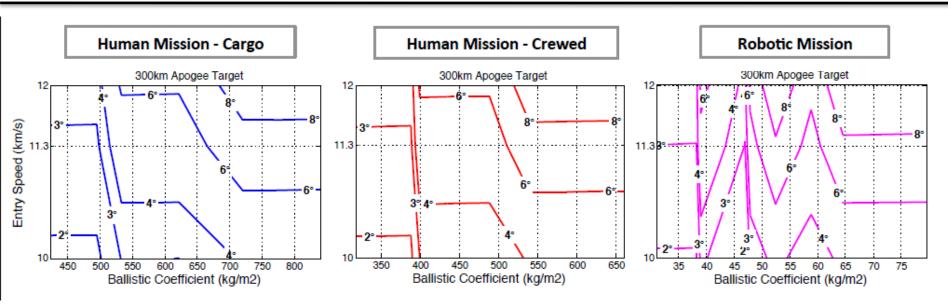


- Entry vehicle modeled as ellipsled design from EDLSA study
  - Right circular cylinder
  - Hemispherical nose cap & flat base
  - Total length-to-diameter ratio of 3
- Databases for 4.7 m (unmanned robotic precursor) and 10 m (manned) diameter ellipsleds generated with CBAERO
- Tables include static aero coefficients, convective & radiative heat rates
- ♦ For conservative aeroheating, <u>fully turbulent</u> <u>flow</u> and <u>fully catalytic wall</u>
  - Mach 24 point check case matched LAURA stagnation point heating
- Databases span dimensions of Mach, dynamic pressure, and angle of attack
  - $M_{\infty}$ : 1.5 to 50
  - q<sub>m</sub>: 1.E-8 to 6.E-2 bar
  - $\alpha_{T}$ : 0 to 90 degrees



# **Aerocapture Entry Flight Path Corridor**

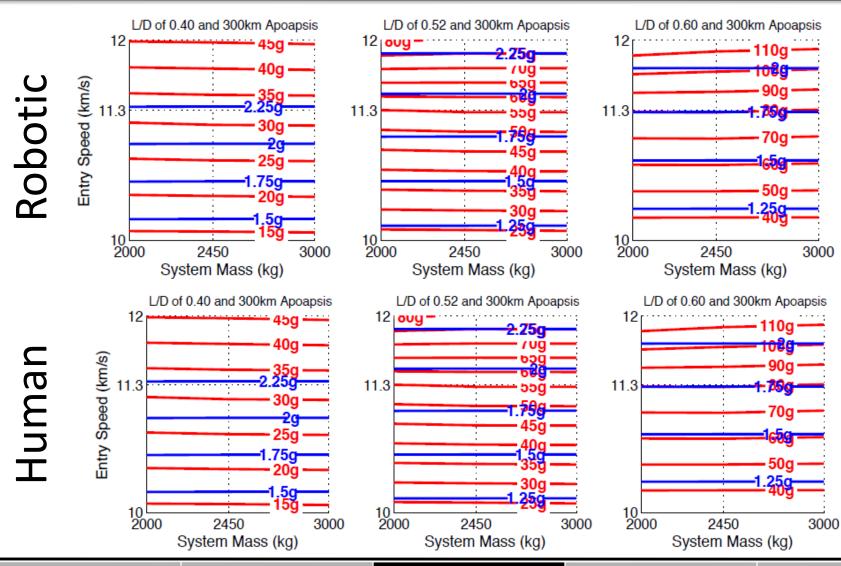




◆ Past studies at Venus have shown that roughly 1 degree of entry flight path angle corridor width is necessary to fly out any unexpected dispersions during aerocapture. All of these cases posses well above 1 degree of corridor width and are therefore deemed viablecases.

# **Aerocapture Acceleration**





Introduction

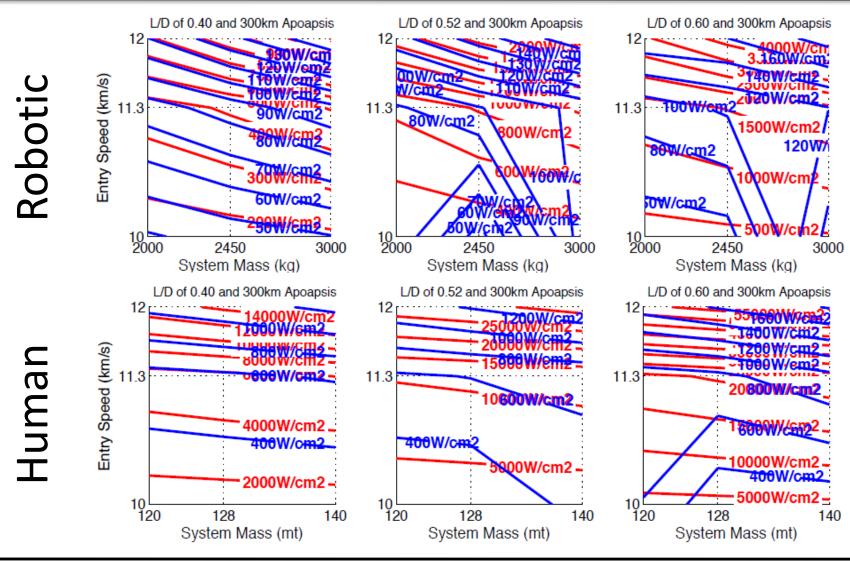
**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

# **Aerocapture Heat Rate**





Introduction

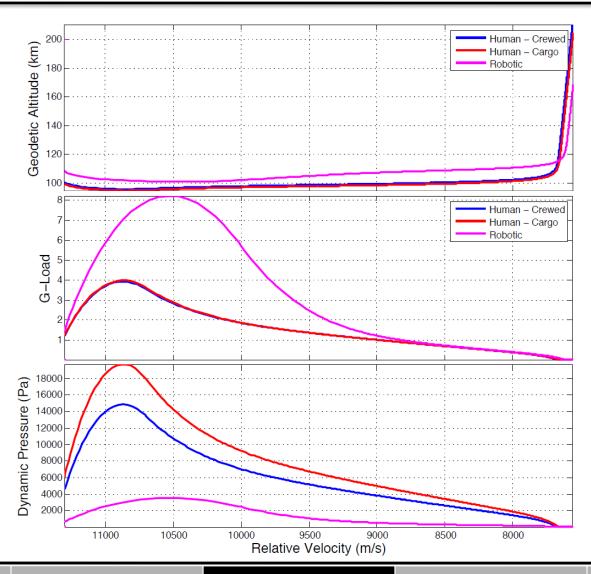
**Mission Architecture** 

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

# **Aerocapture Trajectory**

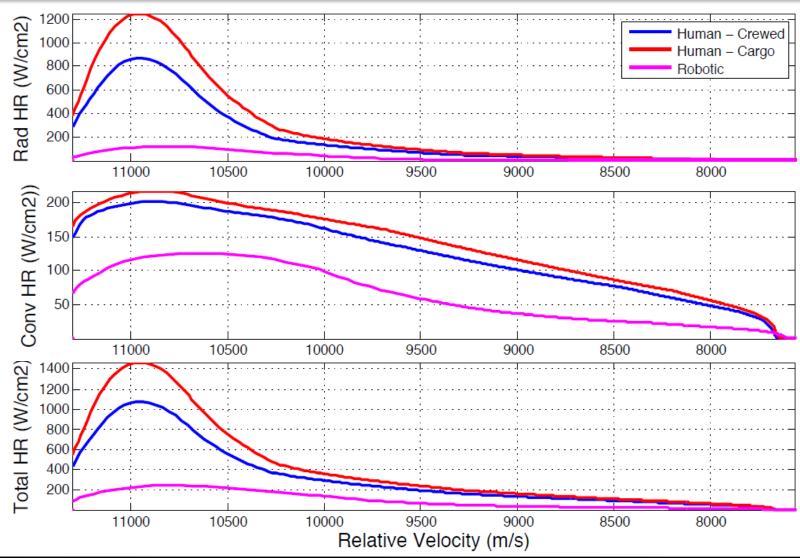




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# **Aerocapture Heating Loads**

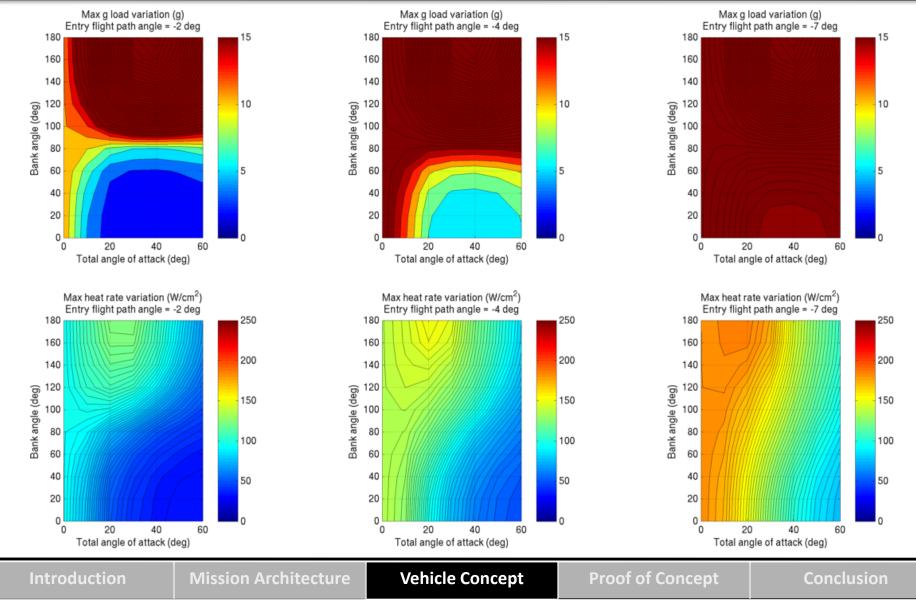




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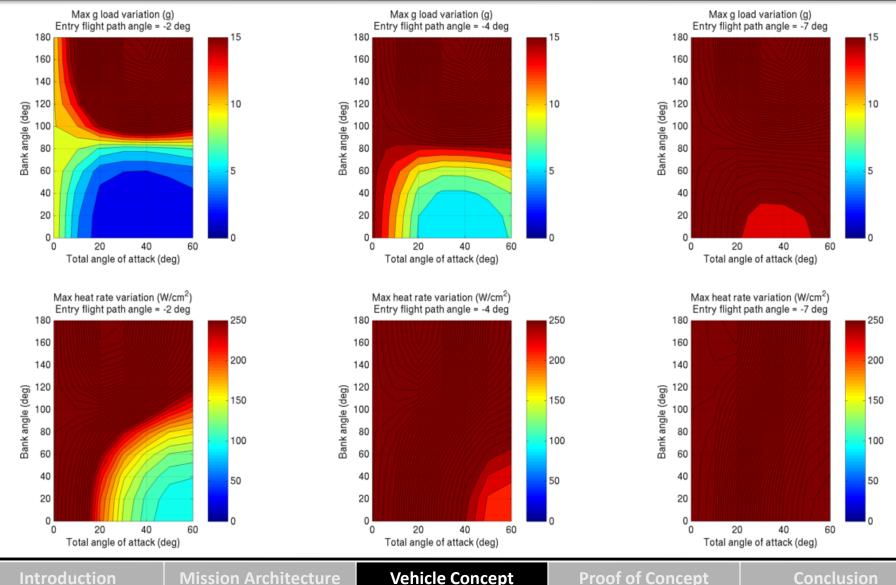
# **Robotic Mission Entry Trajectory Design Space**





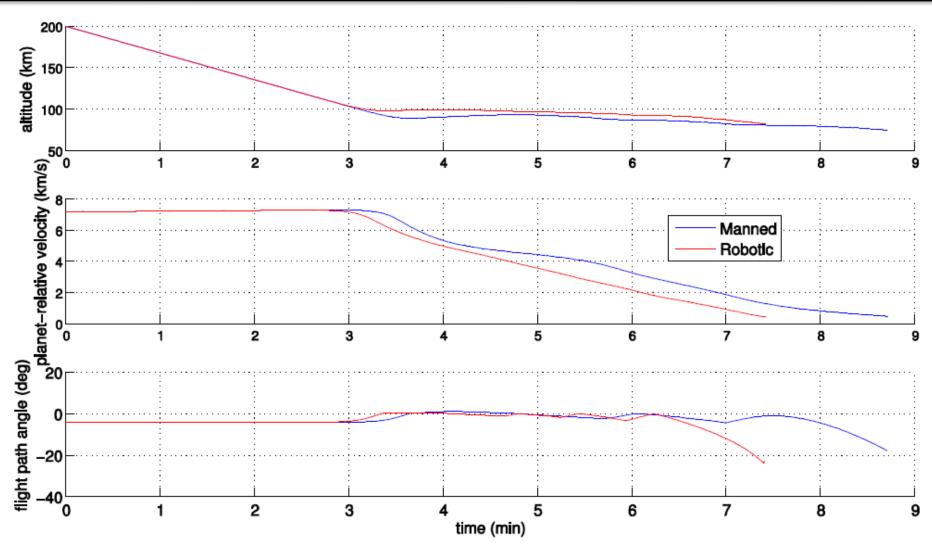
# **Human Mission Entry Trajectory Design Space**





# **Overview of Selected Trajectories**





Introduction

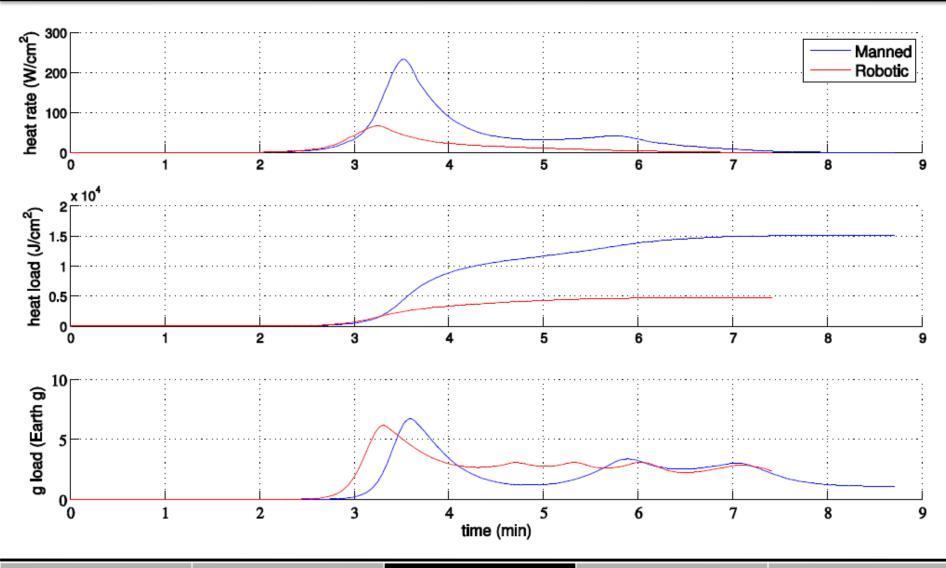
Mission Architecture

**Vehicle Concept** 

**Proof of Concept** 

# **Aero Loads for Selected Entry Trajectories**

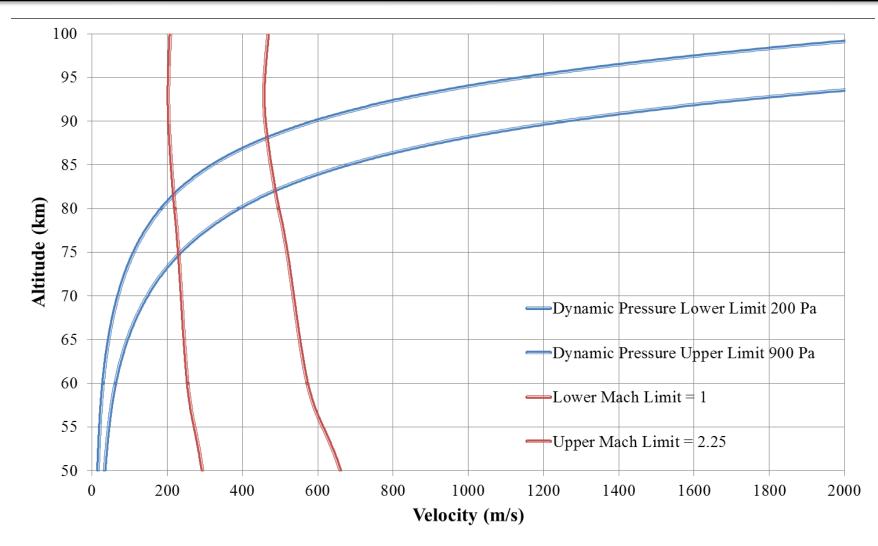




**Proof of Concept** 

# **Historical Disc Gap Band Parachute Deploy Conditions**





# **Airship Inflation Modeling**

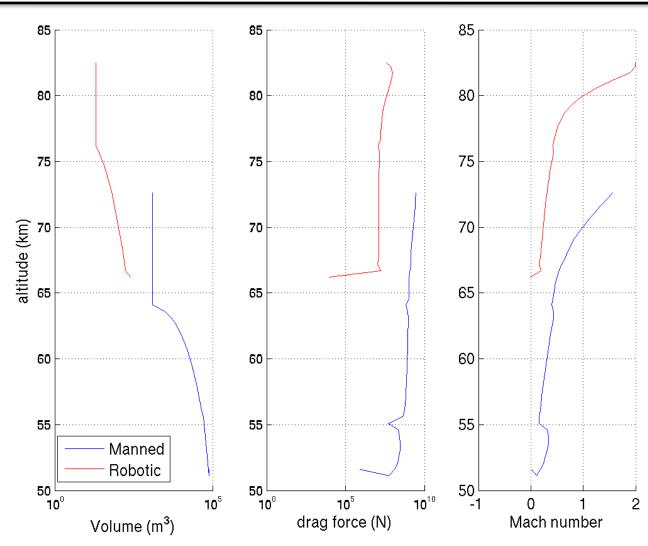


- Manned mission unable to reach low enough dynamic pressure to deploy conventional supersonic parachute
  - Continue analysis by assuming there is technology available (e.g., ballute, IAD, etc.) that permits a decelerator deployment at high dynamic pressures (3-4 kPa)
- Terminal Descent Model (TDM) developed to analyze how aerodynamic, buoyancy, and inertial forces combine to adjust terminal velocity during unpowered descent
  - TDM determines aerodynamic and buoyancy forces acting on vehicle configuration as function of time at altitude increments of 500 m
  - Distinct modeling and calculations applied to each phase of descent due to characteristically different vehicle configurations, weights, and buoyancy forces
- Assumptions: All terminal descent operations occur under parachute
  - Atmosphere molecular weight of 43.58 g/mole (97% CO<sub>2</sub>, 3% N<sub>2</sub>) & helium lifting gas weight of 4.0 g/mole
  - Multiple tanks are used in sequence and jettisoned when depleted
  - Airship inflation begins & aeroshell jettisoned when velocity is 100 m/s
  - Parachute jettisoned when buoyancy to parachute drag ratio exceeds 90%

# **Airship Inflation Results**



- ◆ Airship inflation begins at V<sub>∞</sub> = 100 m/s
  - Constant inflation rate
- "Kinks" in drag force profile due to jettison of aeroshell and parachute
- Corresponding sudden increases in Mach number
- Altitude at full inflation higher than 50 km
  - Designed neutral buoyancy point will bring airship to 50 km



## **Thermal Protection Materials Selection**

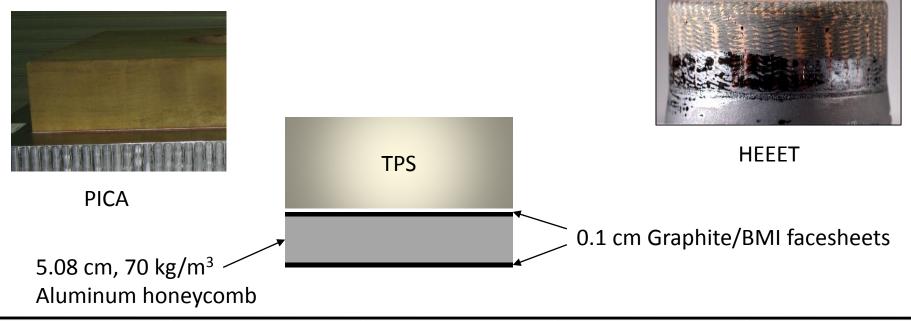


## **♦** Thermal Protection System (TPS) Candidates

 HEEET (Heatshield for Extreme Entry Environment Technology): dual layer material, high density outer "recession" layer woven in the through thickness direction to a lower density "insulation" layer, 3D woven carbon fibers infused with phenolic resin

PICA (Phenolic Impregnated Carbon Ablator): monolithic resin infused fiber-





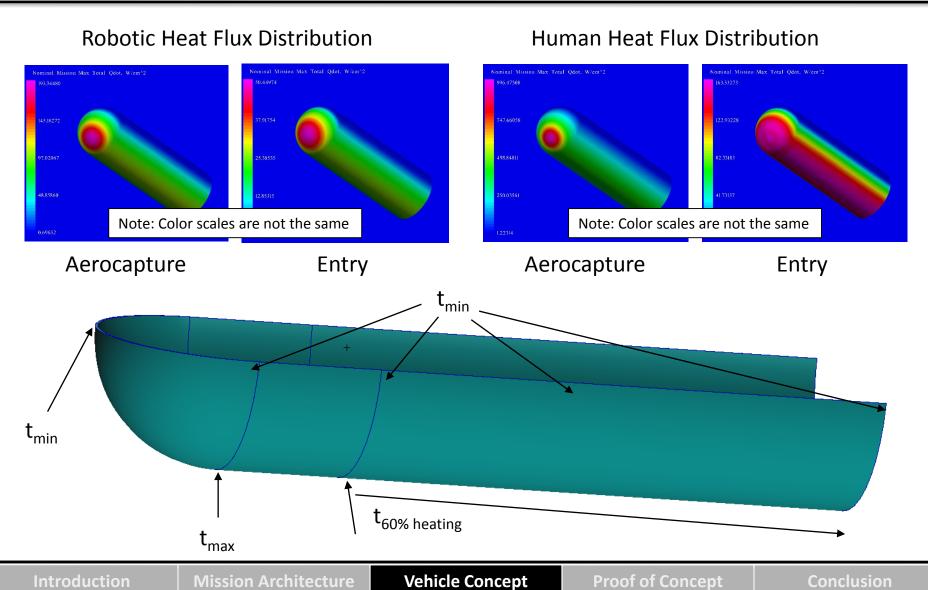
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**Proof of Concept** 

# **TPS Tailoring Overview**





## **TPS Results Summary**



## TPS Tailoring

- No TPS required on back side of the sphere or cylinder sections
- Maximum thickness at the intersection of the sphere and cylinder at the centerline
- Longitudinally: Thickness falls from t<sub>max</sub> to 60% of t<sub>max</sub> down the cylinder along the centerline
- Circumferentially: Thickness drops from the centerline thickness to minimum thickness (t<sub>min</sub>) in the circumferential direction
- Minimum thickness that can be manufactured is assumed to be 5 mm

### Robotic Mission

PICA selected because it is the lower mass option

### Human Mission

- HEEET selected because PICA is approaching its heat flux limit
- Could look at multi-material heat shield using HEEET and PICA to save mass
- Human mission has less flexibility in tailoring

## The dual pulse capability must be verified for either material

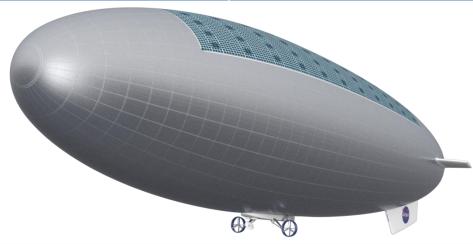
Mission	Assumed Mass (kg)	Calculated Mass* (kg)
Robotic – PICA	1,050	2,360
Manned – HEEET	33,300	34,500

<sup>\*25%</sup> mass margin

# **Robotic Mission Mass Summary**



Element	Mass (kg)
Payload and Instruments	750
Airship	652
EDI and Aerocapture	1,049
Cruise Stage	122
Trans-Venus Injection Stage	4,604
IMLEO	7,157



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# **Human Mission Mass Summary**



Element	Mass (kg)
Atmospheric Habitat	5,085
Ascent Habitat	2,172
Ascent Vehicle	62,743
Airship	25,772
EDI and Aerocapture	33,278
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 2	109,351
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 1	109,351
IMLEO	348,455

Element	Mass (kg)
Transit Habitat	20,151
Trans-Earth Injection Stage	52,367
Aerocapture	26,496
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 2	63,348
Trans-Venus Injection Stage 1	103,877
IMLEO	266,238