

# INNOVATIVE ELECTROSTATIC ADHESION TECHNOLOGIES

(Flexible Electrostatic Tools for Capture & Handling [ FETCH] )

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### **Background**

Capture is quite difficult for Orbital object handling and satellite servicing:

- Most satellites and upper Stages are not designed for docking, refueling, and Disposal
- Billion dollar satellites become inoperable due to fuel depletion
- Thousands of abandoned Satellites, spent Upper-stages and discarded structures create daily threats to operational Satellites, ISS, Exploration
- New Capture technology will impact hundreds of existing satellites in service by extending mission lifetimes and allowing handling of threatening derelict orbital objects

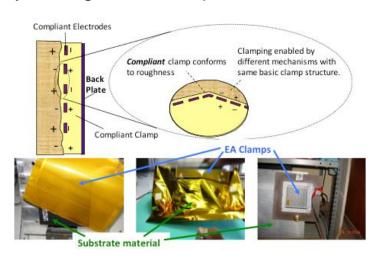
#### The Challenge:

Conventional robotic arms and grippers have difficulty finding suitable capture structures

#### The Answer: Electrostatic Grippers

Why Explore Electrostatic Grippers?

- 1. Able to grip and release various materials on command
- 2. Able to conform to different surfaces due to flexibility
- 3. Fewer moving parts, potential to be more reliable



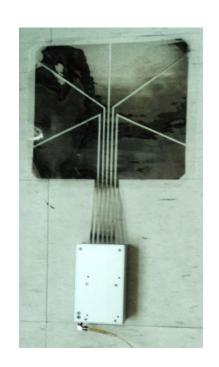


# Innovative Technology – Electrostatic Adhesion

#### Modes of Manipulation

	Pull	Shear	Twist
Sheet Metal	Poor	Exceptional	Exceptional
Painted Metals	Poor	Inconclusive	Inconclusive
Photovoltaics	Poor	Inconclusive	Inconclusive
MLI	Poor	Exceptional	Exceptional
Kapton/Mylar	Poor	Effective	Effective
Wood	Poor	Poor	Poor
Paper	Effective	Effective	Effective

- Results of testing using ElectroGrip© 11.5" x 11.5" DR5 Electrostatic chucks
  - 2-4kV high Voltage range with 6 poles & 3 phases
  - Close Proximity Sensing up to about ½ meter
- 3-phase gripper performance increases marginally in low moisture @ 1 atm. (from 51% RH vs. 0.1% RH at 68°F)
- Toggling down period of voltage cycling rate from quick to slow induces notable stronger Johnsen-Rahbek attraction effect





ES\EA grippers by ElectroGrip, Co. and GrabIt, Inc



## **Technology Development**

#### The I-Lock 75



To use the Innovative gripping capability of Electro-Static Adhesion to Capture Unstable Satellites and Orbital Objects, we need a retractable boom that allows the retrieval vehicle to observe from a safe stand-off distance and extend and synchronize the flexible ES Gripper with the unstable object's center of rotation to grip with minimal impact and use its grip to de-spin before moving the object toward the retrieval vehicle by boom or releasing and re-capturing it.





# Proof of Concept Ground Testing (On MSFC Flight Robotics Lab Flat Floor)

Re-Active (Unstable) Satellite Simulator: To evaluate the planned capture mechanism and methodology, a 5-axis air-bearing simulator was built that can support various simulated spacecraft surfaces at different angles and spun up by de-coupled air jets. Misalignments between the ES Gripper and the simulator will result in relative motion or gripping failure. A collection of optical pointers, smart cameras and lidars will be tried.





### **Conclusion**

- Electrostatic grippers are able to interface with conductive and nonconductive materials
- Highly finished surfaces (e.g. sheet metal) provide better gripper—object contact for less static charge loss, provides greater grip force
- Electrostatic grip strength increases with the square of voltage
- Shearing & twisting operations are more effective modes of manipulation than normal pull
- Greater risk of gripper peeling and detaching with normal pull operations, believed to be related to mounting configuration
- Docking simulations on frictionless flat floor conclude the electrostatic robotic end effector as a viable primary contact/capture arm, with a secondary robotic arm to perform servicing operations