#### Biases in VIIRS aerosol optical depth arising from solar band calibration biases

Andrew M. Sayer, N. Christina Hsu,

Corey Bettenhausen, R. E. Holz, Jaehwa Lee, G. Quinn. P. Veglio Climate & Radiation Laboratory, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center andrew.sayer@nasa.gov

With acknowledgements to the MODIS/VIIRS Characterization Support Team, AERONET, Wisconsin SIPS, and the Ocean Biology Processing Group



# Aerosol optical depth (AOD) biases over ocean scenes are larger than expected



Median bias =0.0327; expected < 0.015</li>

## Several prior studies suggest some VIIRS solar bands are too bright



 Wang and Cao (2016), Monitoring the NOAA Operational VIIRS RSB and DNB Calibration Stability Using Monthly and Semi-Monthly Deep Convective Clouds Time Series, *Remote Sens.*, 8(32), doi:10.3390/rs8010032.

## The Atmos SIPS have created 'matchfiles' to aid MODIS-VIIRS cross-calibration



#### We cross-calibrated VIIRS against MODIS Aqua for open-ocean scenes



# Applying these gains removes the bulk of the AOD bias



- Suggests MODIS absolute calibration is closer to the truth than VIIRS
- See my poster in the Atmospheres session for more information

# Results for swIR wavelengths are not as settled



- AOD bias at swIR wavelengths remains ~0.03
- How much is due to retrieval biases, and how much is due to MODIS swIR calibration uncertainty?