# THE LUVOIR MISSION CONCEPT: UPDATE & TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

Matthew R. Bolcar (NASA GSFC)

**SPIE Mirror Tech Days** Greenbelt, MD November 1, 2016

#### What is the Large UV/Optical/Infrared Surveyor?

General purpose, multiwavelength observatory with broad science capabilities

Roots in previous studies over last decade(s):

ATLAST, HDST, etc.

Acronym comes from 2013 Astrophysics Visionary Roadmap



### Cosmic origins science goals in Roadmap



### Exoplanet science goals in Roadmap



## Study Update

### Study progress to date:

- 1<sup>st</sup> Science & Technology Definition Team (STDT) Face-to-Face Meeting (May 2016)
  - Science overview and objectives
  - Initial technology gap assessment
  - Organized into working groups
    - Further develop science objectives, technology needs, and simulation tools

## LUVOIR community working groups

#### Exoplanets

• Leads: Mark Marley (Ames), Avi Mandell (GSFC)

#### **Cosmic Origins**

• Leads: John O'Meara (St. Michael's), Jane Rigby (GSFC)

#### Solar System

• Leads: Walt Harris (LPL), Geronimo Villanueva (GSFC)

Simulations

• Leads: Jason Tumlinson (STScI), Aki Roberge (GSFC)

Technology

• Leads: David Redding (JPL), Matt Bolcar (GSFC)

## Study progress to date:

- 1<sup>st</sup> Science & Technology Definition Team (STDT) Face-to-Face Meeting (May 2016)
  - Science overview and objectives
  - Initial technology gap assessment
  - Organized into working groups
    - Further develop science objectives, technology needs, and simulation tools
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Face-to-Face Meeting (Aug. 2016)
  - Identified first-generation instrument suite
  - Formed instrument teams to refine science case and performance metrics

#### Current LUVOIR instrument suite

High-contrast instrument – Lead: Laurent Pueyo (STScI)

Imaging and low-resolution spectroscopy

UV instrument — Lead: Kevin France (U of Colorado)

- Imaging (> 1 arcmin field-of-view)
- High-resolution point-source spectroscopy and mediumresolution multi-object spectroscopy

Wide-field imager – Lead: Marc Postman (STScI)

Imaging (4 – 6 arcmin field-of-view)

Vis / NIR spectrograph – Lead: Courtney Dressing (Caltech)

• Multiple resolution modes up to  $R \sim 10^5$ 

## Upcoming work...

● 3<sup>rd</sup> Face-to-Face Meeting (Nov. 9-10, Yale)

- Day 1: Select architecture(s) to study
  Aperture size, on- vs. off-axis, etc.
- Day 2: Joint meeting with Habitable Exoplanet (HabEx) STDT
  - Collaborate on science & technology topics relevant to both studies
- Dec. 2016:
  - Gather inputs from instrument teams
  - Kick-off detailed engineering design studies
    Integrated Design Center at GSFC

## LUVOIR as currently envisaged

#### Summary of Capabilities

- FUV to NIR wavelength sensitivity
- Suite of imagers and spectrographs
- High-contrast capability (~ 10<sup>-10</sup>)
- Aperture diameter of order 8 16 m
- Serviceable (astronaut or robot)
- "Space Observatory for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century" decades of science, instrument upgrades (like Hubble), capability to answer questions we have not yet conceived







Technology

## The Technology Working Group

 Over 50 members from NASA centers, academia, industry, and international partners

- Six subgroups working on technology areas
  - Coronagraphy
  - Ultra-stable Opto-mechanical Systems
  - Detectors
  - Mirror Coatings
  - Starshades
  - Instrument Components

#### **Initial Technology Prioritization**

• "O1" Deliverable from Study Management Plan

 Delivered to NASA HQ and Program Offices in June 2016

Prioritization will be revised each June as the Study progresses

Full prioritization report available at: <u>http://asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/</u> <u>luvoir/tech/</u>

Technology Area	Difficulty	Urgency
High-Contrast Segmented-Aperture Coronagraphy	CRITICAL	CRITICAL
Ultra-Stable Opto-mechanical Systems (includes Sensing, Control, Mirrors, and Structures)	CRITICAL	CRITICAL
Large Format, High Sensitivity, High-Dynamic Range UV Detectors	HIGH	HIGH
Vis/NIR Exoplanet Detectors	HIGH	MED
Starshade	HIGH	MED
Mirror Coatings	MED	MED
MIR (3–5 µm) Detectors	LOW	LOW

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Ultra-Stable Opto-mechanical Systems (includes Sensing, Control, Mirrors, and Structures)	CRITICAL	CRITICAL
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Range UV Detectors	HIGH	HIGH
Vis/NIR Exoplanet Detectors	HIGH	MED
Starshade	HIGH	MED
Mirror Coatings	MED	MED
MIR (3–5 µm) Detectors	LOW	LOW

High-contrast imaging through wavefront stability

- Stiff, thermally-stable materials and structures
- Active and passive dynamic isolation
- Thermal sensing & control at the milli-Kelvin level

High-contrast imaging through wavefront stability

High-contrast imaging through wavefront control

- Slow, low-order wavefront control from stellar photons
- Fast, higher-order wavefront control from metrology
  - Edge sensors, laser truss, artificial guide star
- Go from 10 minutes to seconds or less

- High-contrast imaging through wavefront stability
- Igh-contrast imaging through wavefront control
- High-contrast imaging through wavefront tolerance
  - Design coronagraphs that can tolerate >10 pm of WFE
  - New optimization techniques open up the design space
    Vector vortex, aperture masks, nulling interferometry, etc.
  - Insensitive to 100s of pm or even nanometers of WFE

- High-contrast imaging through wavefront stability
- Igh-contrast imaging through wavefront control
- High-contrast imaging through wavefront tolerance
- Solution consists of a combination of all three

### Technology Assessments (in progress...)

- <u>Rigorous</u> assessments of <u>demonstrated</u> performance for <u>specific</u> technologies
  - Specific technology components and systems, instead of broad technology areas
  - Demonstrated performance supported by references instead of perceived state-of-the-art
  - Rigorous, quantitative description of test configuration, environment, and results

#### Technology Assessments (in progress...)

- Distinguish true technology development needs from engineering or manufacturing challenges
- Identify highest-maturity, lowest-risk technologies
- Inform engineering design efforts of likely capabilities
- Draft specific development plans for promising technologies

#### Summary

- LUVOIR Study well underway
  - Diverse participation from academia, industry, NASA centers, and international partners
- Detailed architecture designs of telescope and instruments to begin early 2017
- Technology Working Group hard at work
  - Assessing technologies for current readiness
  - Drafting technology development plan

Get Involved with LUVOIR

Website : http://asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/luvoir/

Contact us!

**Study Chairs** 

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Erin Smith – <u>erin.c.smith@nasa.gov</u>



## Backup

### STDT voting members







Jacob Bean (Chicago)



Daniela Calzetti (U Mass)



Rebekah Dawson (Penn State)





Jay Gallagher (Wisconsin)



Ilaria Pascucci





**Olivier Guyon** (Arizona)



Marc Postman (STScl)



Karl Stapelfeldt (JPL) 26

Debra Fischer (Yale)

Walt Harris

(Arizona / LPL)

Laurent Pueyo

(STScl)

**Brad Peterson** (Ohio State / STScI)

Mark Marley

(NASA Ames)

David Redding

(JPL)



Lee Feinberg (NASA GSFC)



John O'Meara (St. Michael's)





Vikki Meadows (Washington)



**David Schiminovich** (Columbia)

(Arizona)







Jane Rigby

(NASA GSFC)

Leonidas Moustakas (JPL)



Aki Roberge (NASA GSFC)







**Britney Schmidt** (Georgia Tech)

**Kevin France** 

(Colorado)





#### Face-to-face meetings

3<sup>rd</sup> meeting Nov 9 – 10, 2016 @ Yale University, joint w/ the HabEx team

Observers welcome at all LUVOIR meetings

#### Large UV/Optical/IR Surveyor (LUVOIR)

Science and Technology Definition Team Study Office, and friends

> LUVOIR STDT Meeting #1 Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt MD May 9 - 10, 2016

## A possible LUVOIR architecture





#### "Tech Notes"

- Series of brief, high-level notes
- Intended to inform the STDT on technology challenges and trades:
  - Coronagraphs
  - Starshades
  - Cold Temperature
    Considerations
  - Long-wavelength Performance
  - Exoplanet Detectors

- UV Detectors
- Launch Vehicles
- Polarization & Coronagraphy
- UV Coatings & Shortwave Cutoff

• Available at <u>http://asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/luvoir/tech/</u>