

### Wallops Arc Second Pointer

Wallops Flight Facility



WASP Description
Subsystems
X-Calibur Flight
2017 Test Flight
Current Collaborations

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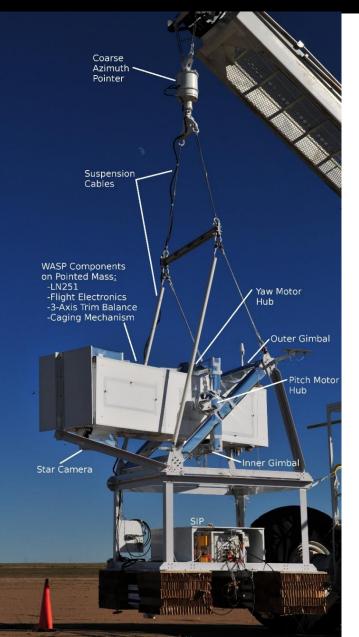
### WASP



- WASP is a NASA developed Fine Pointing System adaptable to a variety of Science Instruments.
- Standardized System with Reusable Parts to Minimize the Cost to Users and NASA.
- Supports Multiple Science
   Disciplines and a wide range of
   Masses and Inertias.
- Currently Operational and Available for Science Collaborations



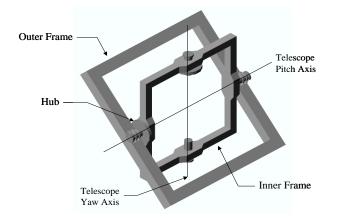
# **WASP Functional Overview**



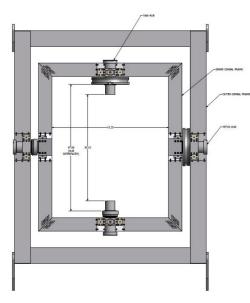
- Rotator provides coarse azimuth pointing of gondola (to within ~<u>+</u>3°)
- Fine instrument pointing achieved using gondola mounted pitch/yaw gimbal
- Two opposing gimbal hubs per axis enable sub-arcsecond stability with a design that eliminates static friction
- Control torque for each axis provided by
  large diameter brushless DC torque motor
- Instrument inertial attitude integrated from
   LN251 Fiber Optic Gyro
- Extended Kalman Filter (EKF) used to merge unit vectors from Star Tracker and other sources (e.g. sun sensor or science target) into integrated solution
- Control torques computed from modified
   Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID)
   compensator in each axis



## **WASP Standard Parts**



- Gimbal Frames hold Hubs, Maintain alignment critical to minimize required torque.
- Outer Frame can be used as Gondola Structure.
- Recent Developments
  - Larger Inner Frame Provides full 1 meter clearance with existing Outer Frame
  - XL Design provides ~1.2 meter clearance and has embedded hubs to eliminate counterweights



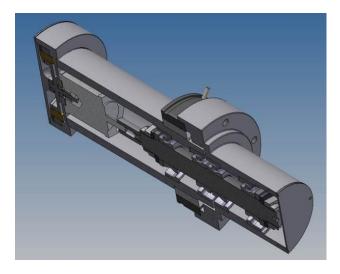


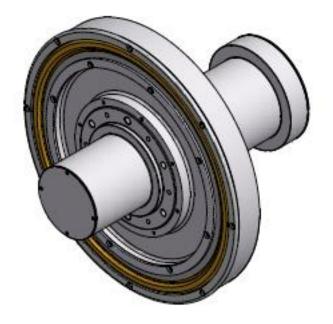


**GHAPS XL Inner Frame** 



## WASP Hubs





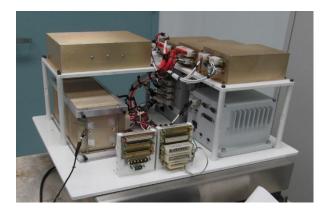
#### WASP Motor Hubs and Resolver Hubs

- Each Axis uses One Motor Hub & One Resolver Hub.
- Constantly Rotating central shaft eliminates static friction (Stiction) when direction is reversed.
- Shaft Rotated with Electric Motor through Reduction Gear.
- Motor Hub has large diameter Torque Motor which provides the control torque.
- Resolver Hub has resolver which provides Angle Measurement between two halves of the Hub.
- Hubs support full mass of Pointed Structure and 10 G loading.



## WASP Avionics Deck & Gyro

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#### **Avionics Deck**

- ~21" x ~17" aluminum deck
- Main Flight Computer, CARDS Flight Computer, Enclosures for Resolver Interface, Power Relays, Motor Driver Interface, GPS Receiver, H-Bridge Circuits, and Housekeeping.



#### 3 Axis Fiber Optic Gyro

- Northop Grumman (NG) LN-251 Inertial Navigation System
- Used by WASP as Inertial Rate Unit (IRU).
- NG installed new firmware in 2016 reducing noise and improving pointing performance.



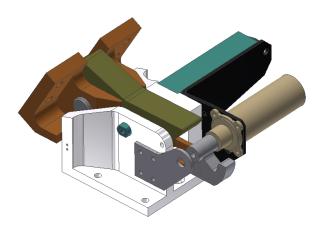
# WASP Trim Weights & Latch

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#### **Dynamic Balance Trim Weights**

- Three Dynamic Balance Trim Weights flown, one in each Axis.
- Commanded from Ground if needed.
- Brass Weight driven by small DC motor.



#### **Caging Mechanism**

- Linear Actuator and electric motor driven cam provide redundant methods for releasing and recaging.
- Uncage Linear Actuator shaft retracts or motor cam pushes latch hook.
- Cage Shaft extended, hook spring loaded or drive into place, then extend shaft.



# WASP Daytime Star Tracker



#### CARDS – Celestial Attitude Reference and Determination System

- COTS camera and processor, custom light baffle
- Low-cost system for providing attitude inputs into WASP Control System

#### **Operational specifications**

- Point Grey Camera, 100 mm Stingray Lens, RTD flight
   processor
- Field of View: 5.9 x 4.4 degrees
- Tracking solutions: 10 Hz
- Supplies target matched unit vectors or quaternions, depending on the application, over Async Serial or Ethernet interface





## WASP Test Flights

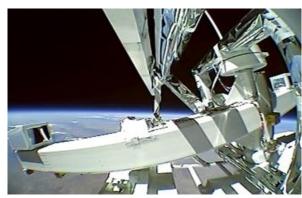


Test Flight 1 Gondola

- 5 Test Flights conducted between 2011 and 2014
- All 5 from Fort Sumner, New Mexico
- Three Flights included Science Instruments
  - 2 flights with LASP Earth Science (HySICS)
  - 1 flight with GSFC Planetary and Exoplanet Science (OPIS)
- All 5 demonstrated arc-second pointing



WASP HySICS Gondola



Test Flight 2 at Float

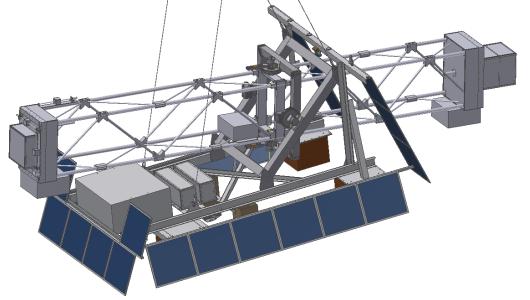


HySICS Yaw Scan Image of Moon



## X-Calibur Science Flight

- First Science Mission with WASP
- PI Henric Krawczynski, Washington University in St. Louis (WUSTL)
  - Measure Linear polarization of hard X-rays in the energy range of 25-70 keV.
  - 255 shell X-ray focusing mirror and a rotating Polarimeter.
  - Rigid truss to maintain alignment between mirror and the detector 8 meters away
  - Pointing Requirements
    - Compute attitude with knowledge uncertainty within 30-asec (3-sigma)
    - Hold X-ray mirror boresight to target within 30-asec (3-sigma)
- September 17, 2016, flight duration 24 hours and 37 minutes
  - Fort Sumner, NM. Longest flight of WASP to date

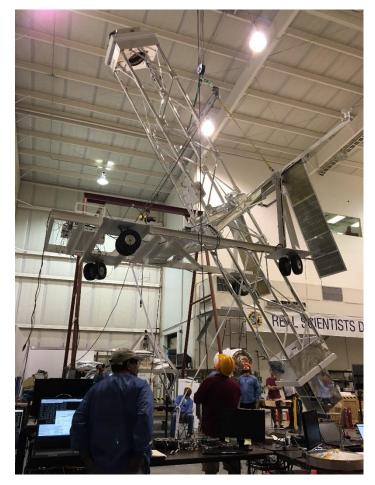


X-Calibur Design with Antarctic Flight Solar Panels



## X-Calibur Science Flight

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X-Calibur High Elevation Pointing Test at Fort Sumner



#### X-Calibur on Launch Vehicle

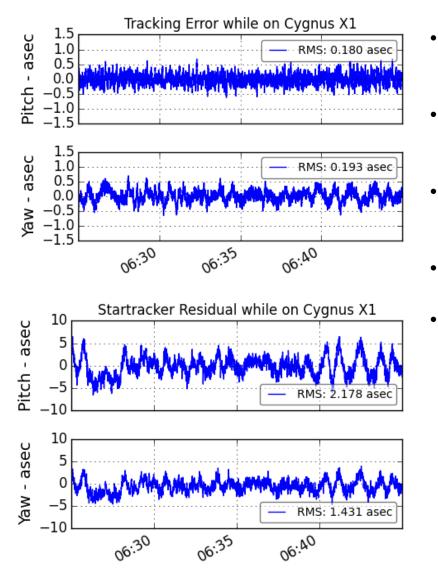


X-Calibur Pointing during Flight



# **X-Calibur Pointing Performance**

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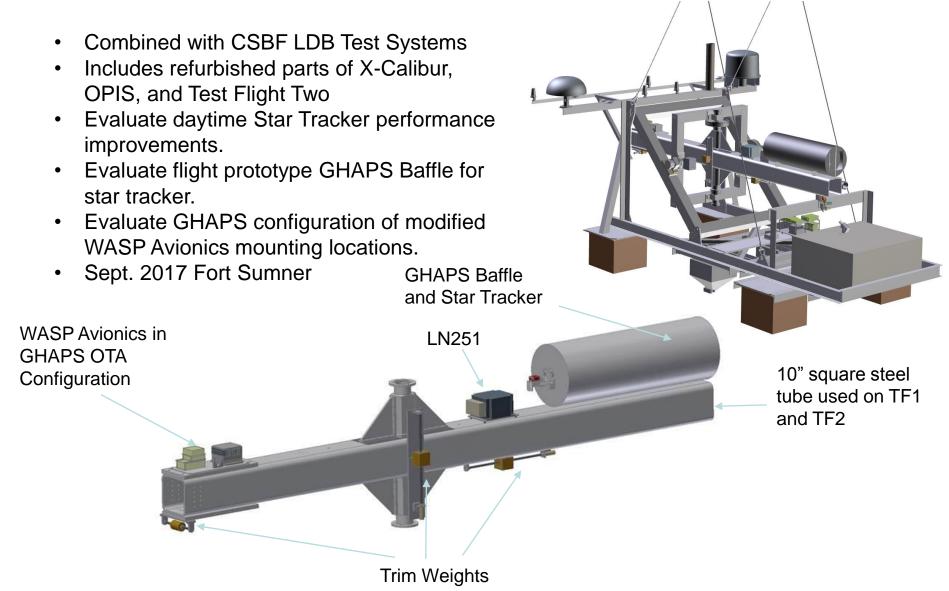


- Tracking errors consistent with preflight simulation and ground testing – sub-arc second.
- Star Tracker Residual provide indication of attitude estimation errors that contributes to absolute pointing error
- Roll coupling into pitch/yaw axes indicative of misalignment between Star Tracker and Inertial Rate Unit
- Able to identify misalignment by batch processing 5-10 min segments of flight data
- Post Flight Improvements
  - Misalignment correction technique ground tested that eliminates roll coupling.
  - New centriod algorithm ground tested that improves daytime performance with high ambient background levels.
  - Both to be tested on 2017 WASP Test Flight.



# WASP 2017 Test Flight

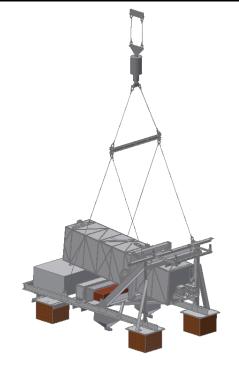
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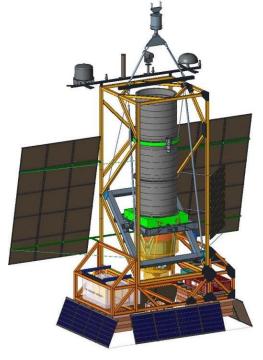




## **Current WASP Mission Support**

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### **PICTURE-C**

#### Planetary Imaging Concept Testbed Using a Recoverable Experiment – Coronagraph

- PI Supriya Chakrabarti U Mass Lowell (UML)
- 60 cm Telescope with Coronagraph to Image Debris Disks of Nearby Systems
- Flights planned for 2018 and 2019.

#### GHAPS

#### Gondola for High Altitude Planetary Science

- NASA GRC, MSFC, GSFC, WFF
- Developing a Reusable Gondola Platform for Planetary Science Instruments
- One Meter optical telescope, UV, IR, visible
- Initial flight planned for 2020.