# Introduction to the International Space Station



#### Presenter: Donna L. Dempsey

# Outline



International Partners and Crew



Research Modules and External Payloads



Airlocks and Robotics



More Modules



ISS Video Tour and Assembly Sequence

International Partners

Core Systems

Airlocks/

Robotics

Research Modules ISS Video/ Assembly

More

Modules

# INTERNATIONAL PARTNERS AND CREWS



# **International Partners**

- NASA (National Aeronautics & Space Administration)
- RSA (Russian Space Agency)
- CSA (Canadian Space Agency)
- JAXA (Japanese Aerospace Exploration Agency)
- ESA (European Space Agency)
  - Comprised of 22 member states, 11 of which are participating in ISS

#### International effort of 15 countries

















# Crew Complement

- Proportional to IP's contribution to program's operation
  - The crew compliment in a typical year is:
    - 6 Russian cosmonauts
    - 4 NASA astronauts
    - 1 ESA astronaut
    - 1 JAXA astronaut
  - Every few years, there is
    - 1 CSA astronaut



# RESEARCH MODULES AND EXTERNAL PAYLOADS



# **US Laboratory**

- NASA research laboratory
  24 rack locations, 13 designated for payload racks
   Launched with 5 racks
   Contains many distributed systems
- Built and launched by NASA
  aka "Destiny"



### LAB Installation

LAB on Shuttle Remote Manipulator System (SRMS)



### International Standard Payload Racks



Rack Installation in LAB



Rack Shape



Loading Rack on the Ground



# Combustion Integrated Rack



### NASA Payload Racks



Microgravity Science Glove Box Rack

Exp. 29 Satoshi Furukawa

MELFI Rack Exp. 16 Clay Anderson



### Truss

- Provides attachments points for solar arrays and external payloads
- Based on pre-integrated truss design comprised of bulkheads, longerons and diagonals
- Built and launched by NASA



Truss Segment EVA Astronauts on the Truss (Before the addition of the solar arrays)

#### Alpha Magnetic Spectrometer (AMS-02) Particle physics payload mounted on the Truss



# Columbus Orbital Facility

 ESA research laboratory

 16 rack locations, 10 designated for payload racks

 External payload facility on the starboard end cone
 Built by ESA, launched by NASA
 aka "Columbus"



External Payload Facility on Columbus



# Japanese Experiment Module

- JEM is a multi-component research module:
  - JEM Pressurized Module (JPM)
  - JEM Exposed Facility (JEF)
  - JEM Logistics Module
    Pressurized Section (JLP)
- > JEM includes a robotic arm:
  - JEM Remote Manipulator
    System (JEMRMS)
- Built by JAXA, launched by NASA
  - aka "Kibo"



# JEM Pressurized Module

 JAXA research module
 23 rack locations, 10 designated for payloads
 Provides payload airlock



JPM Outfitting STS-124 Ken Ham and Mark Kelly

#### JPM Airlock Exp. 19 Koichi Wakata

No.

5.65





# JEM Exposed Facility

 JAXA external payload facility
 Payloads are deployed and retrieved via the JPM airlock



JEM Exposed Facility (JEF)



# Mini-Research Module 1

- Russian research laboratory
- Provides Soyuz or Progress docking port
- Built by RSA, launched by NASA
  - aka "Rassvet"



MRM 1 Launched with experiment airlock for MLM and elbow joint for ERA



# Multipurpose Laboratory Module

 Russian research laboratory
 Provides experiment airlock
 Provides Soyuz or Progress docking port (replacing the Docking Compartment port)
 Built by Russia, launched by Russia NET 2017
 aka "Nauka"



# **AIRLOCKS AND ROBOTICS**



# Docking Compartment

- Provides station based spacewalk capability from the Russian segment using Russian Orlan-M suits
- Provides Soyuz and Progress docking port
- Provides two "Strella" cargo booms for moving cargo and cosmonauts
  - Built and launched by RSA
  - aka "Pirs"

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Orlan-M Suit



Docking Compartment As seen from below

Docking Compartment On the ground



# **Joint Airlock**

- Supports EMU-based EVAs and servicing EMUs
- Potential future capability for servicing Orlan-M suits
- Two pressurized, cylindrical chambers
  - Equipment Lock
  - Crew Lock
  - Built and launched by NASA
    - aka "Quest"

# Airlock Installation



EMU Suit

Egressing the Airlock

Airlock



## Mini-Research Module 2

- Provides station based spacewalk capability from the Russian segment using Russian Orlan-M suits
- Provides Soyuz and Progress docking port
  - Built and launched by RSA
    aka "Poisk"



# Space Station obotic Manipulator System

- Self-relocatable robotic arm with seven joints and two latching end effectors, and 10 power and data grapple fixtures on ISS
- Pivotal in ISS assembly and maintenance
- Used for module installation, visiting vehicle berthing, and EVA crewmember translation
   Built by CSA, launched by NASA



# SSRMS EVA Translation EVA Crewmember on SSRMS

### SSRMS HTV-3 Berthing HTV-3 Berthed to Node 2 Nadir





# Cupola

 Provides a pressurized observation and work area
 > Robotics workstation for SSRMS
 > External viewing
 Built by the Italian Space
 Agency for NASA, launched
 by NASA



Looking out of Cupola Dmitri Kondratyev and Paoli Nespoli

#### Looking into Cupola Doug Wheelock





# Iobile Transporter and Mobile Base System

#### Mobile Transporter

- Provides lateral mobility for the SSRMS
- Mobile Base System
  - Sits atop the Mobile Transporter and has 4 power and data grapple fixtures
  - Provides two attachments locations for external payloads
- Built by CSA, launched by NASA



# Special Purpose Dexterous Manipulator

Two armed robot
 Built by CSA, launched by NASA

aka "Dextre"





# JEM Robotic Manipulator System

Robotic arm with six joints

- Used to move experimental hardware
- Small fine arm (SFA) can attached to the end of JEMRMS as needed
- Built by JAXA, launched by NASA



# European Robotic Arm

 Self-relocatable robotic arm
 Launches installed on the MLM NET 2017
 Spare joint stored on MRM1
 Built by ESA, launched by RSA





# **Service Module**

- Russian critical systems and crew support module
  - O<sub>2</sub> generation, CO<sub>2</sub> removal, galley, toilet, exercise equipment, two каюта (crew
    - quarters)
- Provides motion control and reboost capability
- Provides Soyuz or Progress docking port
- Initially, Russian research laboratory
- Built and launched by RSA
- > aka "Zvezda"





SM Solar Array Deploy

ISS Automated Rendezvous and Docking SM maintained station keeping orbit



Elektron O<sub>2</sub> Generation Units in the SM Exp. 28 Andrei Borisenko, Aleksandr Samokutyayev, Sergei Volkov



### Node 3

 Six-way connecting module and passageway to which other modules attach
 Crew support module
 Toilet, exercise equipment, water reclamation, O<sub>2</sub> generation, CO<sub>2</sub> removal
 Built by the Italian Space Agency for NASA, launched by NASA
 aka "Tranquility"

#### ARED in Node 3

Exp. 30 Dan Burbank (Rotated in 2015, so footplate is now forward) WHC in Node 3



# Node 2

Six-way connecting module Connects Lab to JPM & COL Crew support module Four crew quarters Nadir and zenith ports provide CBM berthing port for cargo visiting vehicles In 2015, forward port reconfigured to provide docking port for future manned vehicle. Zenith port will be reconfigured as a backup docking port. Built by the Italian Space Agency for NASA, launched by NASA aka "Harmony"



Crew Quarters in Node 2 Exp. 26 Ron Garan, Paulo Nespoli, Aleksandr Samokutyayev, and Cady Coleman



# Node 1

- Six-way connecting module and passageway to which other modules attach
- Launched with two pressurized mating adapters (PMAs) attached
- In 2015, nadir port upgraded to provide CBM berthing port for cargo visiting vehicles
   Built and launched by NASA
   aka "Unity"





# **Nodal Module**

- Six-way connecting module and passageway to which other modules attach
  - (Image shows SPM attached to starboard port on NM, actual port TBD)
- Provides Soyuz or Progress docking ports
- Will launch NET 2017 and attach to MLM nadir
- Built and launched by RSA



# Functional Cargo Block

- Provides internal stowage for cargo and external propellant storage
- First element launched
- Provided initial propulsion and power
- Built by the Russians for NASA, launched and controlled by RSA
   aka "Zarya"









# JEM Logistics Iodule Pressurized Section

Provides internal stowage
 8 rack locations
 Built by JAXA, launched by NASA



# Permanent Multipurpose Module

- Provides internal stowage
  - 16 rack locations plus end cone
- In 2015, relocated to Node 3 forward
- Formerly the reusable Leonardo Multi-Purpose Logistic Module (MPLM)
   Built by the Italian Space Agency for NASA, launched by NASA



# **External Logistics**

 ExPRESS Logistics Carriers
 (ELCs) attach to the Truss
 Provide mounting surfaces, power, and data connectivity for orbital replacement units (ORUs) and unpressurized payloads



# Pressurized Mating Adapters

- PMA1 is attached to Node 1
  Connects the USOS to the ROS
- PMA2 is attached to Node 2
  - Provided Shuttle docking port
  - In 2016, installed IDA1 (international docking adapter) to provide new docking port for future manned vehicles
- PMA3 is attached to Node 3
  - Provided Shuttle docking port for Lab installation
  - Will be relocated to Node 2 zenith and will install IDA2 to provide new docking port Built and launched by NASA



# Bigelow Expandable Activity Module

 Temporary 2-year module, berthed to Node 3 aft
 Built by Bigelow Aerospace, launched by SpaceX in 2016



**BEAM** Expansion

# ISS VIDEO TOUR AND ASSEMBLY



Research Airlocks/ Modules Robotics

International

Partners

Core

Systems

ISS Video/ Assembly

More

Modules

# **ISS Video Tour**

### **Assembly Sequence**



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# Summary

- State the International Partners and identify their ISS modules or elements
- Describe the primary functions of each ISS modules or elements
- Describe the functions of the ISS core systems

Resource: <u>http://spacestationlive.jsc.nasa.gov/</u>



### Scott Kelly with International Partner Flags