

Environmental Stability and Oxidation Behavior of HfO₂-Si and YbGd(O) Based Environmental Barrier Coating Systems for SiC/SiC Ceramic Matrix Composites

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NASA EBC and CMC System Development

- Emphasize temperature capability, performance and *long-term* durability
- Highly loaded EBC-CMCs Prime-reliant coatings
- 2700-3000°F (1482-1650°C) turbine and CMC combustor coatings
- 2700°F (1482°C) EBC bond coat technology for supporting next generation
 - Recession: <5 mg/cm² per 1000 h
 - Coating and component strength requirements: 15-30 ksi, or 100- 207 MPa
 - Resistance to Calcium Magnesium Alumino-Silicate (CMAS), impact and erosion



Outline



- Advanced 2700°F capable EBC and bond coat developments
- Rare Earth Silicon, i.e., YbGd-Si (O) and YbGd-Lu-Si (O) and Hafnia-Si (HfO₂-Si) systems
- Early systems cyclic oxidation results and Si composition optimizations
- Focus on oxidation kinetics studies of selected EB-PVD coatings using TGA
- Oxidation mechanisms and degradation mechanisms
- EBC CMC system thermomechanical environment testing, particularly using laser rigs
- A Key step and capability for developments, and help composition optimization and
- Summary

NASA Advanced 2700°F Silicide Based Bond Coats – and



EBC Systems Processing for Various Component Applications

- Advanced coating systems developed for various processing to improve Technology Readiness Levels (TRL)
- Composition ranges studied mostly from 50 80 atomic% silicon
 - PVD-CVD processing, for composition downselects also helping potentially develop a low cost CVD or laser CVD approach
 - Compositions initially downselected for selected EB-PVD and APS coating composition processing



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C NASA

Oxidation Kinetics and Furnace Cyclic Behavior of RESi EBC Bond Coats -

- Some early multi-component PVD processed systems showed excellent oxidation resistance and furnace cyclic test (FCT) durability at 1500°C
- FCT and steam tests also performed for more advanced RESiO-Hf systems



Oxidation Kinetics and Furnace Cyclic Behavior of RESi EBC Bond Coats - Continued

- Some early multi-component PVD processed systems showed excellent oxidation resistance and furnace cyclic test (FCT) durability at 1500°C
- FCT and steam tests also performed for more advanced RESiO-Hf systems
- FCT durability found to be closely related to temperature capability and oxidation resistance of the coating systems



NASA

Oxidation Resistance of Plasma sprayed Based HfO₂-Si

- TGA weight change measurements in flowing O₂
- Parabolic oxidation kinetics generally observed
- Solid-state reaction is also involved with the systems, and more complex behavior at 1400 and 1500°C
- Improved oxidation resistance through APS plasma spray powder processing optimization (AE10219 II; Sulzer/Oerlikon Metco)



- AE 10219: first Generation HfO₂-30wt%Si composite APS powders
- AE 10218 is HfO₂-30wt%Si composite APS powders used in NASA ERA liner component demonstrations
- AE 10219 Clad II is second Generation HfO₂-30wt%Si composite **APS** powders



AE 10219 Clad

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Polished specimen microstructure after 1400°C test (Hot pressed sample)

Microstructures of Furnace Cyclic Tested GdYbSi(O) EBC Systems

- Cyclic tested cross-sections of early PVD processed YbGdSi(O) bond coat
- Self-grown rare earth silicate EBCs and with some RE-containing SiO₂ rich phase separations
- Relatively good coating adhesion and cyclic durability

- American American





1500°C, in air, 500, 1 hr cycles

- Complex coating architectures after the testing
- Designed with EBC like compositions – Self-grown EBCs



National Aeronautics and Space Administration Microstructures of Cyclic Tested GdYbSi(O) EBC Systems-



Continued

- Cyclic tested cross-sections of early PVD processed YbGdSi(O) bond coat
- Self-grown rare earth silicate EBCs and with some RE-containing SiO₂ rich phase separations
- Relatively good coating adhesion and cyclic durability



10.00

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14.00

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6.00

1500°C, in air, 500, 1 hr cycles



8 00

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Experimental: NASA Yb,Gd,Y Rare Earth Silicate EBCs

- Yb,Gd(Nd),Y (or RE-Silicate) Multi-Component Rare Earth Silicate EBCs
- Sometime using fine alternating HfO₂ and the silicates for top coats
- EB-PVD bond coat systems mostly focused on YbGdSi, YbGd-LuSi, and YbNdSi, and HfO₂-Si
- Initial compositions optimized for the EBC bond coats: RE:Si 1:2; and Hf:Si 1:2 –
 1:1
- Coating processed on SiC/SiC ceramic matrix composites for studies
- Processed using Directed Vapor EB-PVD at Directed Vapor Technologies





Experimental: Oxidation and Durability Tests



- Test specimens with dimensions 25 mm diameter disc specimens for oxidation, laser heat flux and furnace cyclic test (FCT) – briefly reviewed
- Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), using 0.5"x1" CVI SiC/SiC specimens
- Laser long-term thermomechanical fatigue + steam/CMAS water vapor cyclic test using 0.5"x6" dogbone specimens



High heat flux tensile TMF and rupture testing



High heat flux tensile TMF and rupture, with high velocity steam testing

Oxidation Kinetics of EB-PVD Processed YbGdSi(O) Based Coating



- Oxidation kinetics obtained at various temperatures in flowing O₂ for YbGdSi(O) (not necessarily processing optimized)
- Parabolic oxidation kinetics generally observed after initial transient stages
- Activation energy determined 110 kJ/mol





Oxidation Kinetics Comparisons of Several Advanced EB-PVD Processed EBC Systems Compared

- The EB-PVD Systems showed comparable oxidation rates and good oxidation resistance, tested up to 500 h
- Kinetics compared with LuGdSi (O) and HfO₂-Si (O) systems
- Further process improvements help improved oxidation resistance and durability



Microstructures of the Advanced EBCs after the Oxidation Tests



- RE-Si system: forming RE silicate "scales", fully compatible with EBCs
- Reaction and oxidation mechanisms are being further studied, particularly RE containing SiO₂ phase stability
- Further process improvements can help improve the oxidation resistance and durability



Cross-section micrograph of YbGdSi(O) tested at 1500°C, 500hr



Microstructures of the Advanced EBCs after the 500 hr Oxidation Tests in O₂- Continued



- HfO₂-Si bond coat: forming HfSiO_x based scales bond coat, compatible with EBCs
- Reaction and stability being studied
- Further process improvements can help improve the oxidation resistance and durability



Cross-section micrograph of HfO₂-Si tested at 1500°C, 500hr

Microstructures of the Advanced EBCs after the Oxidation Tests - Continued







Composition (mol%) Gd2O3 7.73 Yb2O3 30.54 SiO2 61.73

Area A Composition

Microstructures of the Advanced EBCs after the Oxidation Tests - Continued



- Surface Morphologies of YbGdSi Bond Coat only on CMC after Oxidation at 1400°C, 300hr
- Observed SiO₂ rich phase separation with fine rare earth silicate phases
- Solubility of HfO₂ and rare earth oxides/silicates also being studied using TEM





CMAS Resistance for the Rare Earth-Silicon Coatings

- CMAS resistance of Yb-GdSi (O) at 1500°C, 100 hr
- Higher stability and CMAS resistance observed due to its High Melting Point Coating Compositions
- Observed the Apatite phase formation





High Heat Flux Thermomechanical fatigue Tests of Advanced



- NASA EBC-Bond Coats Systems on CMCs
 Laser High Heat Flux themomechanical fatigue testing of a HfO₂-Si and NASA advanced EBC baseline with steam at 3 Hz, 2600-2700°F, and 69 MPa maximum stress with stress ratio 0.05, completed 500 h testing
- Tsurface = 1500-1600°C
- Tinterface= 1320-1350°C
- Heat Flux = 170 W/cm²
- Specimen had some degradations

3hz fatigue testing at 10 ksi loading Completed 500 hr testing



High Heat Flux Thermomechanical fatigue Tests of Advanced NASA EBC-Bond Coats Systems on CMCs - Continued



 NdYb silicate EBC-RESi bond coat EBC coatings on 3D-architecture CVI-PIP SiC-SiC CMC (EB-PVD processing), tested in combined CMAS and steam thermomechanical fatigue, completed ~300 h testing



High Heat Flux Thermomechanical fatigue Tests of Advanced NASA EBC-Bond Coats Systems on CMCs - Continued

 NdYb silicate EBC-RESi bond coat EBC coatings on 3D architecture CVI-PIP SiC-SiC CMC (EB-PVD processing), tested in combined CMAS and steam thermomechanical fatigue, completed ~300 h testing





Summary

- RE Silicon and HfO₂-Si bond coats with multicomponent rare earth silicate EBCs processed using EB-PVD, and the oxidation kinetics investigated
- The coatings generally showed very good oxidation and cyclic resistance for CMCs with targeted designed bond coat compositions, at 1500°C and up to 500 h tests
- The EBC bond coats grow rare earth silicates or HfSiO_x "scales", compatible with the EBC systems
- Stability of RE, Hf containing SiO₂ rich phases from the phase separation being further evaluated
- Long-term environment durability testing conducted to evaluate the coatings in more complex load, CMAS and/or steam environments, simulating turbine airfoil conditions
- The results helping further design and processing improved environmental barrier coating systems, for achieving more robust, prime-reliant EBC systems

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