

Theodore Fout

Mentor/Supervisor: Henry Yu

IT-B Security

On Board Date : 9 Jan 17

BACKGROUND

Retired from the United States Air Force (2015)

Position held while in the Air Force

- Weapons load crew (F-15) two man
- Weapons load crew (F-16) one man - Squadron Training Manager
- Noncommissioned Officer Unit Weapons Safety, Ground Safety, Flight Safety
- Noncommissioned Officer in Charge Commanders Support Staff

EDUCATION

- Unit Deployment Manager

Associates in Applied Science (2011) – Community College of the Air Force

Bachelors' of Science in Cybersecurity (2015) – University of Manyland University College

Masters of Science in Cybersecurity (December 2017) - University of Manyland University College

Strategic Plans NASA

NASA intends to execute its strategic plan by achieving the following strategic goals:

- . Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space.
- By empowering the NASA community to:
- expand human presence into the solar system
- conduct research on the ISS
- enable and utilize commercial capabilities
- better understand the Sun and its effects of the solar system
- understand the solar system better
- discover how the universe works
- utilize space technologies to advance the Nation's capabilities

2. Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet.

By engaging the workforce and partners to:

- advance aeronautics research

- advance knowledge of Earth to improve life on it.
- optimize agency technology for national benefit
- advance STEM education and collaborate regarding the mission

3. Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure.

By working together to:

- conduct NASA's mission in an innovative work environment with a diverse and highly skilled work force - ensure that strategic, technical and programmatic capabilities are available and advanced
- provide information technologies which are secure, effective, and affordable
- ensure effective management of programs and operations while performing safely and successfully.

Strategic Plans KSC

KSC intends to execute its strategic plan by achieving the following strategic goals:

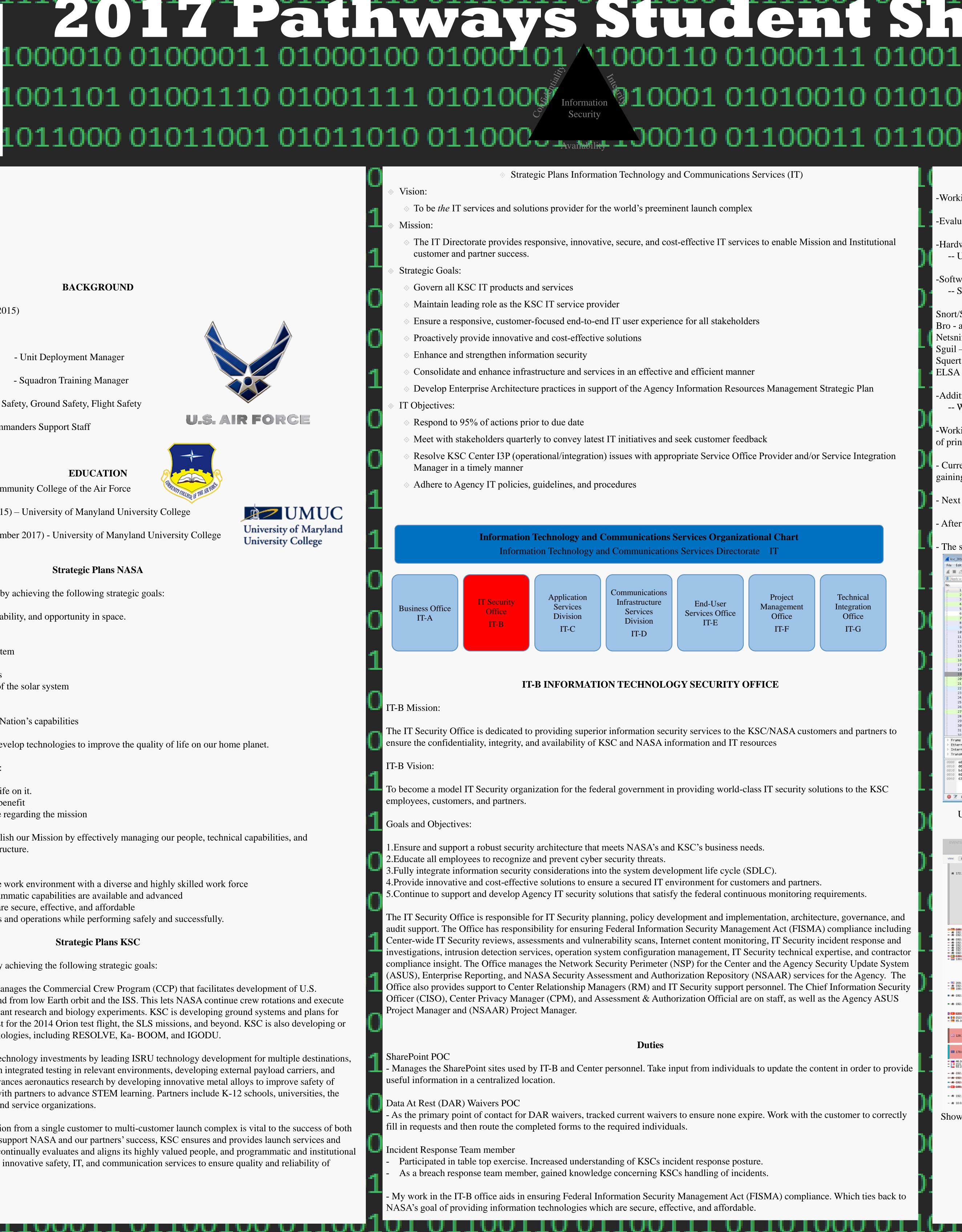
Strategic Goal 1: Kennedy Space Center manages the Commercial Crew Program (CCP) that facilitates development of U.S. commercial crew space transportation to and from low Earth orbit and the ISS. This lets NASA continue crew rotations and execute science on the ISS, including some KSC plant research and biology experiments. KSC is developing ground systems and plans for Orion and SLS assembly and integrated test for the 2014 Orion test flight, the SLS missions, and beyond. KSC is also developing or maturing crosscutting and innovative technologies, including RESOLVE, Ka-BOOM, and IGODU.

Strategic Goal 2: KSC optimizes Agency technology investments by leading ISRU technology development for multiple destinations, advancing research and technology through integrated testing in relevant environments, developing external payload carriers, and fostering innovative partnerships. KSC advances aeronautics research by developing innovative metal alloys to improve safety of spacecraft and aircraft. KSC collaborates with partners to advance STEM learning. Partners include K-12 schools, universities, the Florida Department of Energy, and youth and service organizations.

Strategic Goal 3: KSC's major transformation from a single customer to multi-customer launch complex is vital to the success of both NASA and commercial space industry. To support NASA and our partners' success, KSC ensures and provides launch services and access to space for NASA missions. KSC continually evaluates and aligns its highly valued people, and programmatic and institutional capabilities. KSC implements rigorous and innovative safety, IT, and communication services to ensure quality and reliability of products.







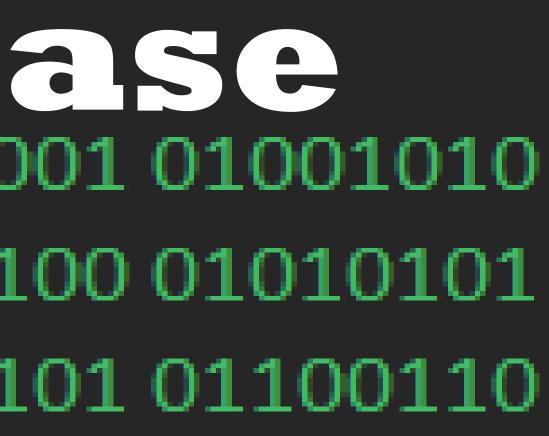
2017 Pathways Student Showcase

End-User Services Office IT-E

Project Management Office IT-F

Technical Integration Office IT-G

Internal Network Monitoring Project	
-Working with fellow team members to evaluate hardware and software	
-Evaluation is taking place in a lab environment	
-Hardware being evaluated is the Interface Masters switch. Used for network data aggregation	
-Software being evaluated is the Security Onion Suite. Security Onion consists of the following components:	
Snort/Suricata – rule-based intrusion detection Bro - analysis-driven intrusion detection Netsniff-ng – for packet capture Sguil – used to view alerts Squert – used to view Sguil data ELSA – used to query logs	
-Additional software used: Wireshark – protocol analyzer	
-Working on internal network monitoring falls in line with current classes in intrusion detection and prevention as well as of principles and skills learned from previous degree.	allows t
- Currently team members involved with the evaluation of hardware and software for internal monitoring are updating software	ftware an
 gaining familiarity with both the hardware and software. Next step will be running simulated network traffic through the test system to ensure it will provide the necessary function. 	ionality
- After all tests have been completed the system will be deployed on the actual KSC network.	ionanty.
- The system will then be adjusted to reduce false positives and false negatives.	
Image: Control of the section of t	
	Expression +
3 0.000109 163.206.212.20 31.13.71.7 TCP 60 53842 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=258 Len=0 4 0.000110 208.85.42.22 163.205.80.62 TCP 1314 80 → 60665 [ACK] Seq=1261 Ack=1 Win=131 Len=1260 5 0.000111 198.117.0.100 163.205.235.35 TCP 60 443 → 64011 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=260 Len=0 6 0.000111 192.77.30.50 128.217.180.65 ESP 1478 ESP (SPI=0x0e=318c8)	
7 0.000112 208.85.42.22 163.205.80.62 TCP 1314 80 → 60665 [ACK] Seq=2521 Ack=1 Win=131 Len=1260 8 0.000113 198.117.0.100 163.205.235.35 TCP 60 443 → 64011 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1635 Win=260 Len=0 9 0.000113 129.166.9.101 128.159.174.175 DNS 154 Standard query response 0x7bb2 A livedata.turner.com A 157.166.249.67 A 157.166.238.237 A 157.166.248.175 A 157.166.239.38 OPT 10 0.000114 163.205.86.50 31.13.71.7 TCP 60 52015 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=9875 Len=0	
11 0.000115 128.159.208.69 198.117.0.100 TCP 60 63651 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=258 Len=0 12 0.000115 31.13.71.7 163.205.86.50 TCP 1464 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU] 13 0.000116 17.110.229.87 128.217.240.90 TCP 66 443 → 60315 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=122 Len=0 TSval=2296516914 TSecr=953259121 14 0.000116 31.13.71.7 163.205.86.50 SSLv2 1464 Encrypted Data	
15 0.000117 31.13.71.7 163.205.86.50 TCP 1464 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU] 16 0.000118 74.125.226.55 128.159.196.42 TCP 66 80 → 61763 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=345 Len=0 SLE=0 SRE=1 17 0.000118 31.13.71.7 163.205.86.50 SSLv2 1464 Encrypted Data 18 0.000119 128.159.200.23 129.166.8.152 TCP 1314 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU] 12 0.002129 162.902.012 TCP 0.00214 TCP 1314 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
19 0.000120 163.206.214.3 72.30.196.161 TCP 66 57365 + 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1260 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1 20 0.000120 17.253.7.202 163.206.193.161 TCP 1514 80 + 49284 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=63 Len=1448 TSval=1694080926 TSecr=935973992 21 0.000169 17.253.7.202 163.206.193.161 TCP 1514 80 + 49284 [ACK] Seq=1449 Ack=1 Win=63 Len=1448 TSval=1694080926 TSecr=935973992 22 0.000170 192.168.248.10 128.159.64.136 UDP 476 1029 + 10515 Len=434 22 0.000170 192.168.248.10 128.159.64.136 UDP 476 1029 + 10515 Len=434	
23 0.000170 163.205.214.6 162.208.21.166 TLSv1.2 294 Client Hello 24 0.000171 50.16.210.163 128.159.75.79 TCP 66 443 + 60300 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=85 Len=0 SLE=0 SRE=1 25 0.000172 128.159.200.23 129.166.8.152 TCP 1314 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU] 26 0.000172 128.159.200.23 129.166.8.152 TLSv1.2 131 Application Data	
27 0.000173 163.206.114.44 208.85.42.21 TCP 60 55418 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=8842 Len=0 28 0.000173 163.205.105.175 192.77.30.1 TCP 280 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU] 29 0.000174 198.117.0.100 163.205.235.35 TCP 60 443 → 64011 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=4155 Win=260 Len=0 30 0.000175 143.114.58.2 163.205.218.44 TLSv1.2 1314 Ignored Unknown Record 31 0.000175 163.206.212.20 31.13.71.7 TCP 60 53842 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=2821 Win=258 Len=0	
32 0.000176 143.114.58.2 163.205.218.44 TLSv1.2 1314 Tenored Hoknown Record > Frame 1: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_6e:8e:bf (00:23:33:6e:8e:bf), Dst: Cisco_e1:7e:c0 (e0:5f:b9:e1:7e:c0) > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 163.205.123.18, Dst: 23.62.189.184	
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 58111, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 0 0000 e0 5f b9 e1 7e c0 00 23 33 6e 8e bf 08 00 45 00 # 3nE. 0010 00 34 d4 f6 40 00 3f 06 72 f7 a3 cd 7b 12 17 3e .4@.?. r{> 0020 bd 8e e2 ff 01 bb fb a6 48 66 b1 e7 ff 7a 80 10	
0030 80 00 d0 fc 00 00 01 01 08 0a 20 70 c9 be 09 fc	
Packets: 2612646 · Displayed: 2612646 (100.0%) · Load time: 1:37.405	Profile: Default
Using a program called Wireshark network activity can be captured. Shown is a capture of the internal network activ	vity.
EVENTS SUMMARY VIEWS INTERVAL: 2016-06-09 00:00:00 -> 2016-06-09 23:59:59 (+00:00) FILTERED BY OBJECT: NO FILTERED BY SENSOR: NO PRIORITY: View: IP SOURCE COUNTRY DESTINATION COUNTRY type: SANKEY DIAGRAM	2010) (223)
★ 172.16.150.20	58.64.132.141 💶
□ = 188.72.243.72 = ↑ 192.168.10.10 = ↑ 192.168.10.120 ■ ↑ 192.168.10.126	66.32.119.38 = - 192.168.3.65 + 65.32.5.111 = - 192.168.10.102 + 192.168.10.101 +
 ^a 192.168 10.125 ^b 192.168 10.127 ^a 192.168 10.129 ^b 192.168 10.123 ^b 192.168 10.123 ^b 192.168 10.124 ^b 192.168.10.124 ^b 192.168.10.129 ^b 192.168.10.128 ^b 192.168.10.128	10.40.0.103 193.47.150.10 - 140.211.166.4 - 64.127.109.133 - 125.86.193.69 - 200.223.236.53 - 219.90.186.1 - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	72.83.129.122 77.203.4145 77.204.217.77 83.191.116.166 99.164.98.203 96.6117.14 92.127.113.191 92.127.113.191
- ■ 209.126.97.209 - ↑ 192.168.137.62 - ↑ 192.168.137.1 - ↑ 192.168.137.63 - ■ 188.40.249.77 - ↑ 192.168.137.63	195790 198 128 195790 198 128 93.114.64.118 109.234.37.192 23.105.11.105 192.168.146.133 192.168.146.133
 192.168.204.129 123.30.128.103 192.168.204.134 	198.102,470,5 198.759,161 - 198.759,161 - 192.231,167 - 192.2652 - 192.168,204,20 - 177,124,228,4 - 205,134,224,148 - 77,72,174,163 -
 ■ 85.10.194.10 □ 128.199.52.211 	205.234.186.111 92.63.88.61 209.239.112.229 211.202.2.110 70.32.94.46 0
■ 178.62.255.107	133,242,54,221 176,9,159,141 10,45,146,93 176,9,245,80 195,245,194,102 168,235,69,248 208,81,237,99 37,25,102,37 9 37,25,102,37 9 37,25,102,37 9 37,25,102,37 9 37,25,102,37 9 37,25,102,37 9 37,25,102,37 9 37,37 10,000,000,000 10,000,000,000 10,000,000,000 10,000,000,000,000 10,000,000,000,000,000 10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,
46.161.41.220 213.186.33.19 - 93.190.48.4 - 192.168.204.139	67,193,123,121 23,248,253,123 37,221,168,59 79,142,168,59 95,164,122,4 95,155,0157 95,85,23,178
□	59.53.91.102 212.252.32.20 89.187.51.0 195.2.253.92 188.124.5.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.107 188.
	23.248.253.254
Shown is the Squert program, which can be used to view event data.	





the use