Solar Eclipses: Front Line Experiences, and Some Science

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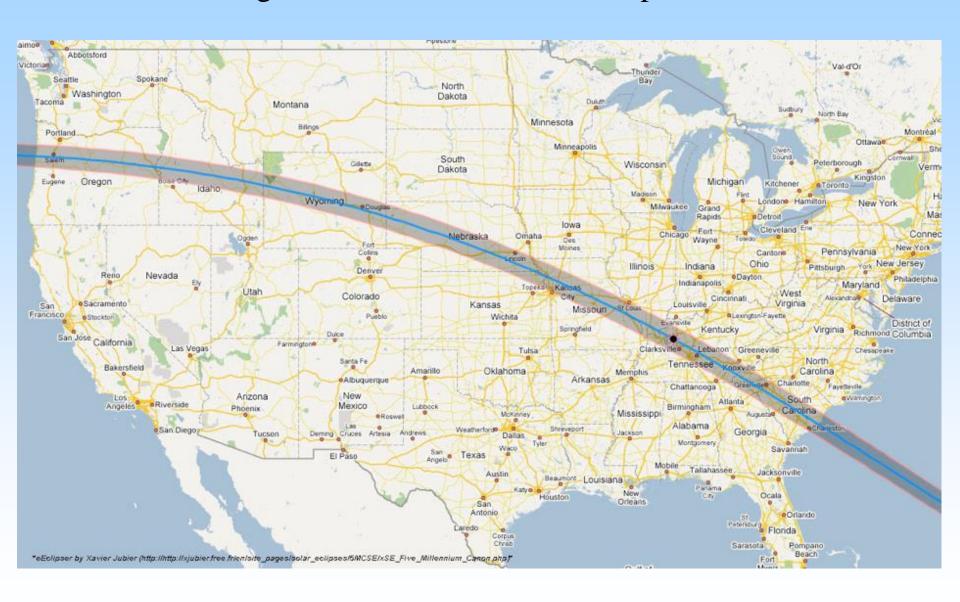
Today's Discussion:

• A brief review of the 21 August 2017 eclipse.

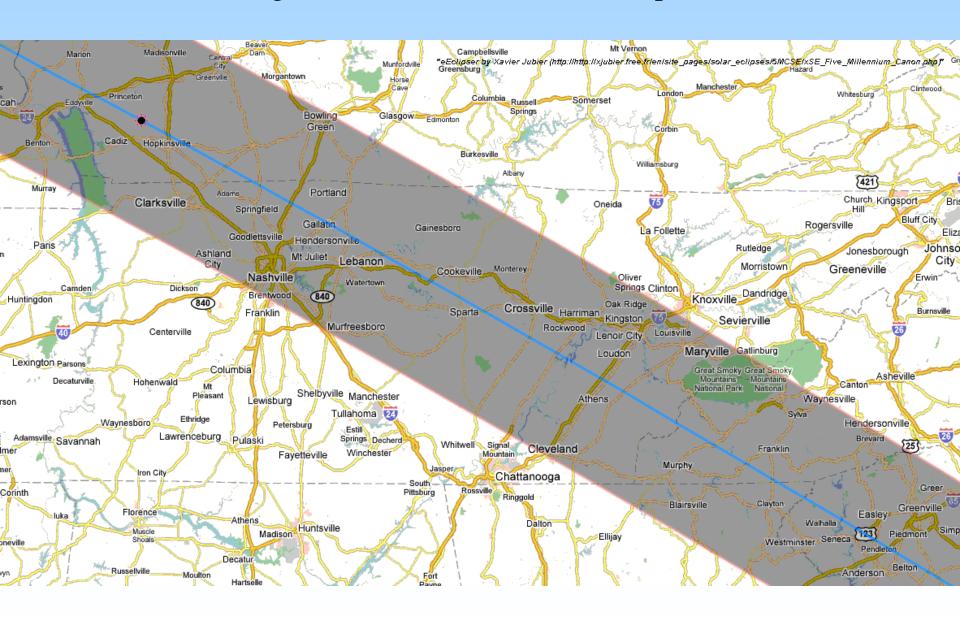
• A couple of experiences from the "front line" of past eclipses.

• The motivation for doing solar eclipse studies (just an outline...).

August 21, 2017 Total Solar Eclipse Path



August 21, 2017 Total Solar Eclipse Path



Do not Risk Your Precious Eyes!!

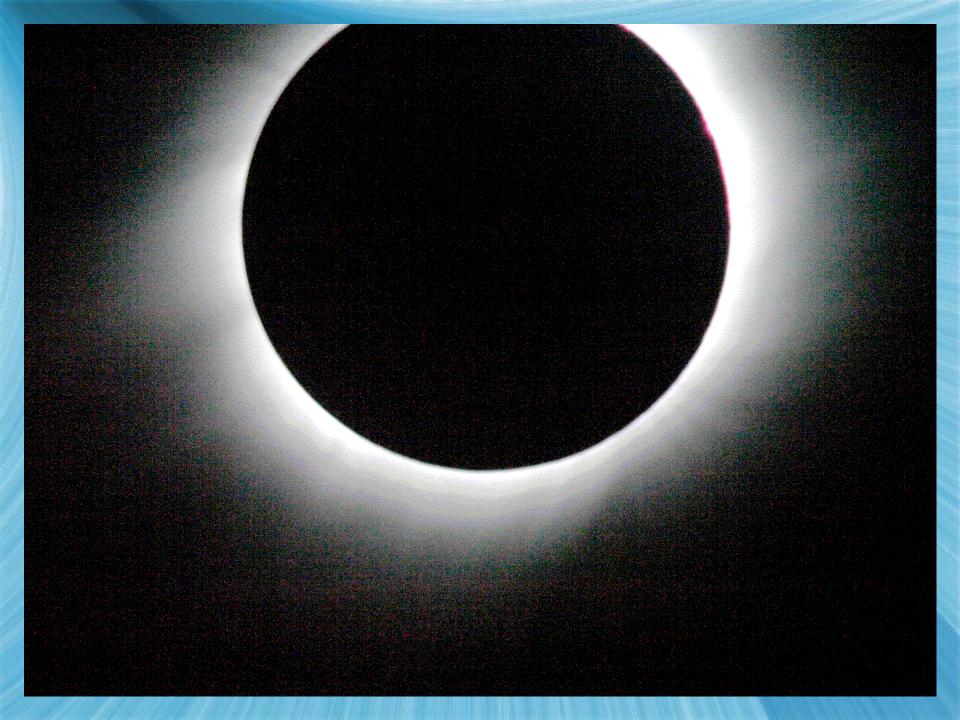
- Do *not* look at the partial phases of the eclipse directly without certified eye protection!!
- There's no point to staring at partial phases....

• Look without protection only if you're in the totality path, and then only during totality! (About 2 minutes.)

How *Not* to do Eclipse Science! Ghana 2006 Version

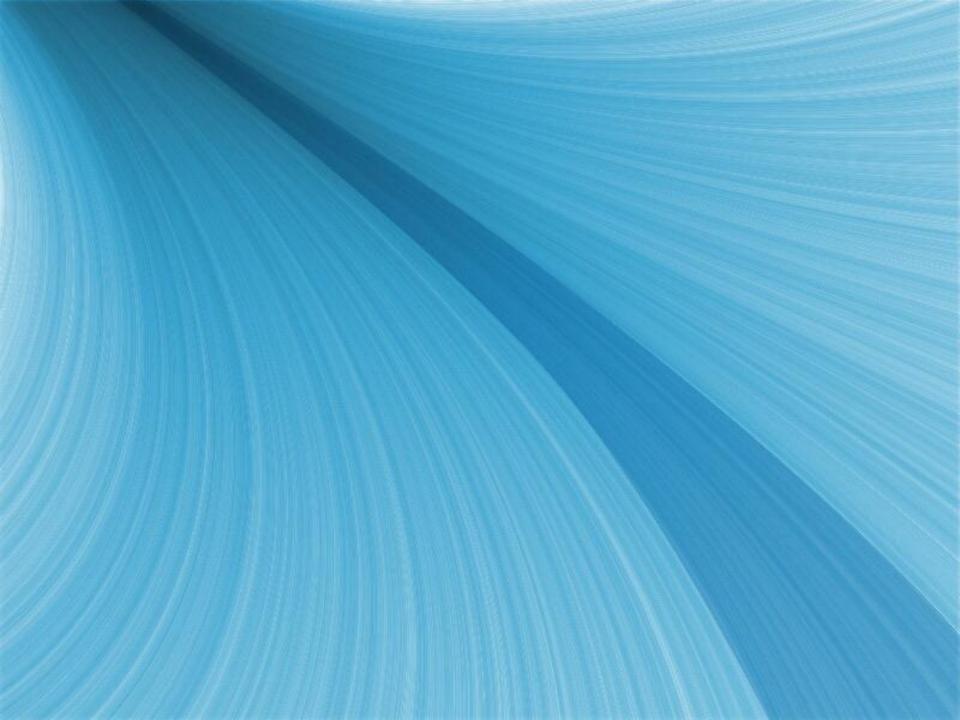
(Useful information for picture takers too.)





Lessons Learned (Science at Eclipses)

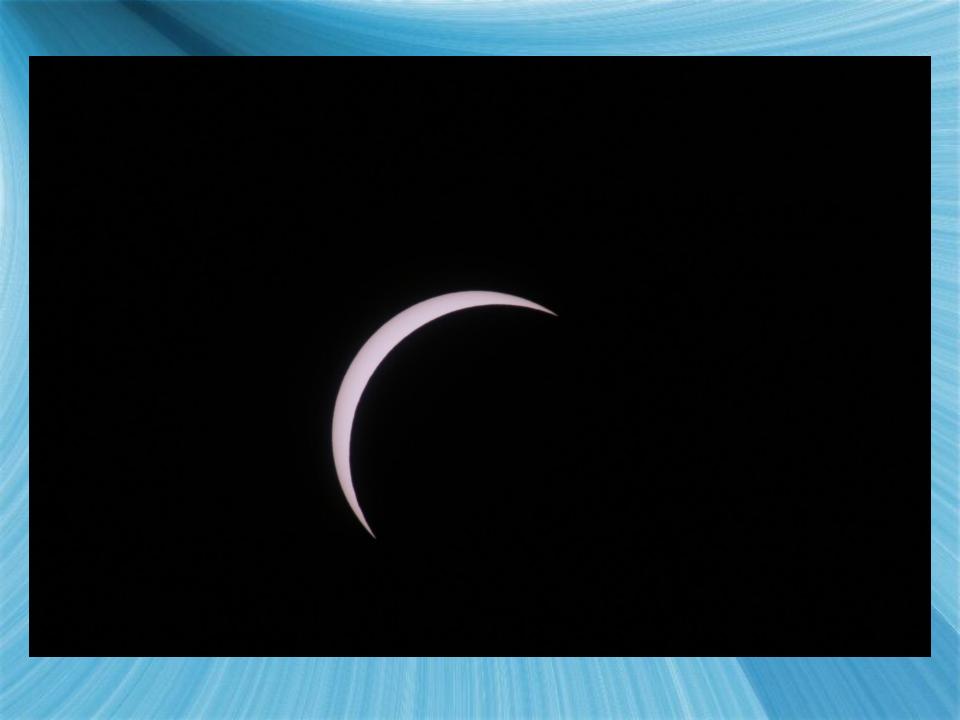
- 1 No new equipment.
- Settle on a location, and stick to it if at all possible.
- Practice, practice, practice!

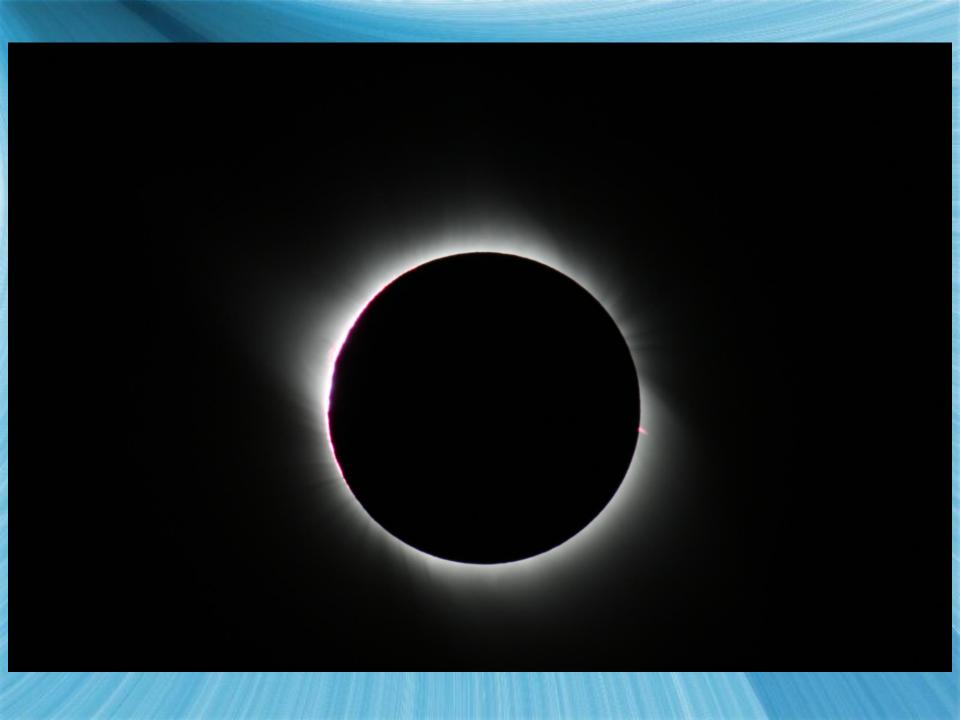


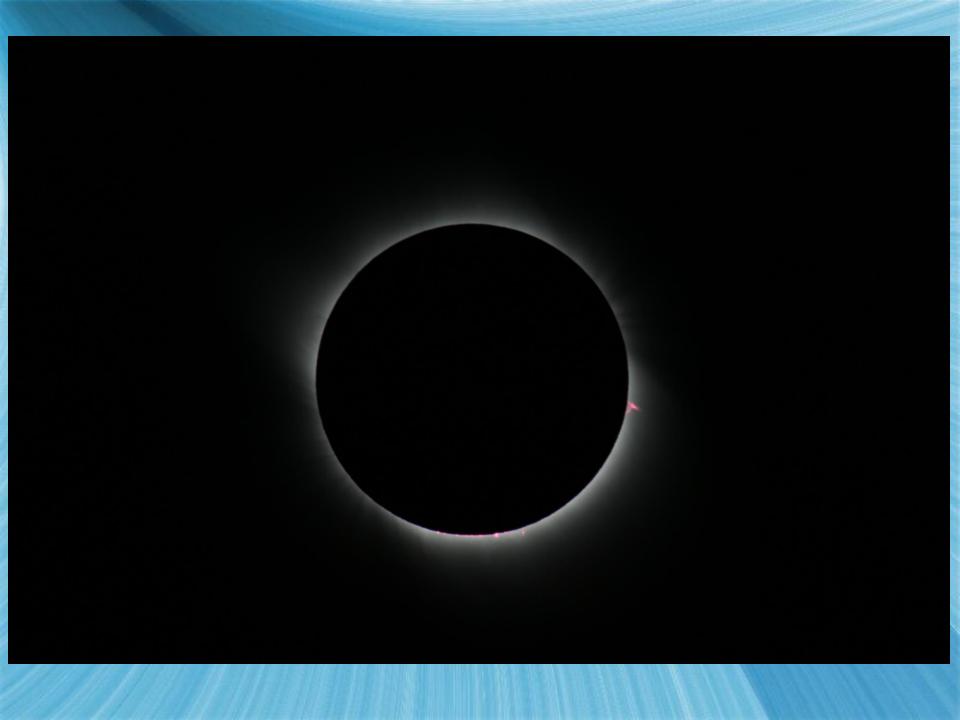
Gansu Province, China, 2008

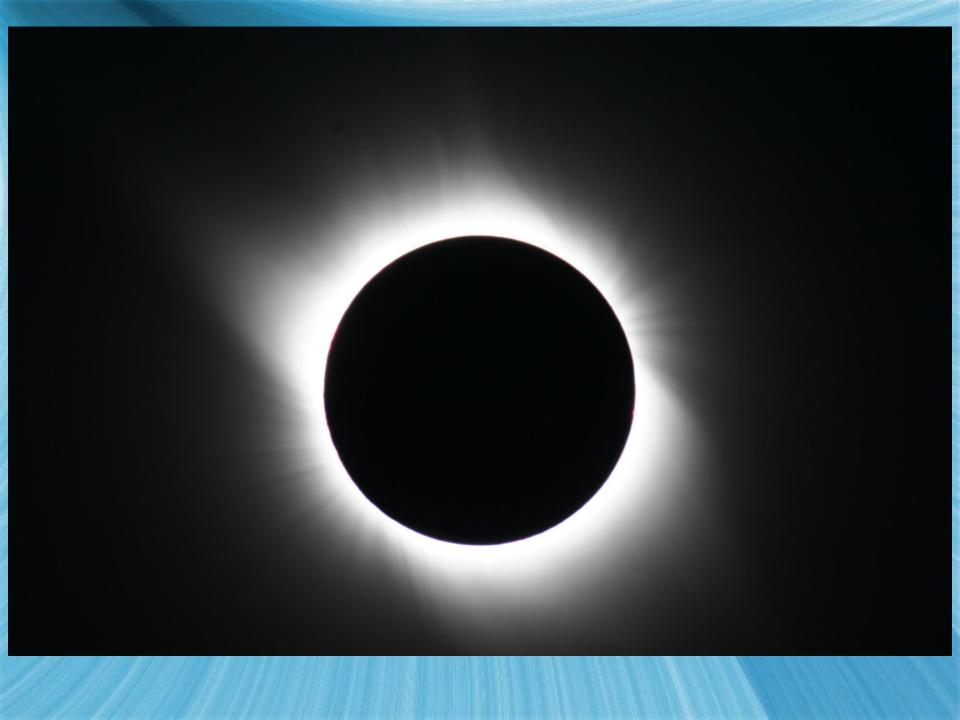












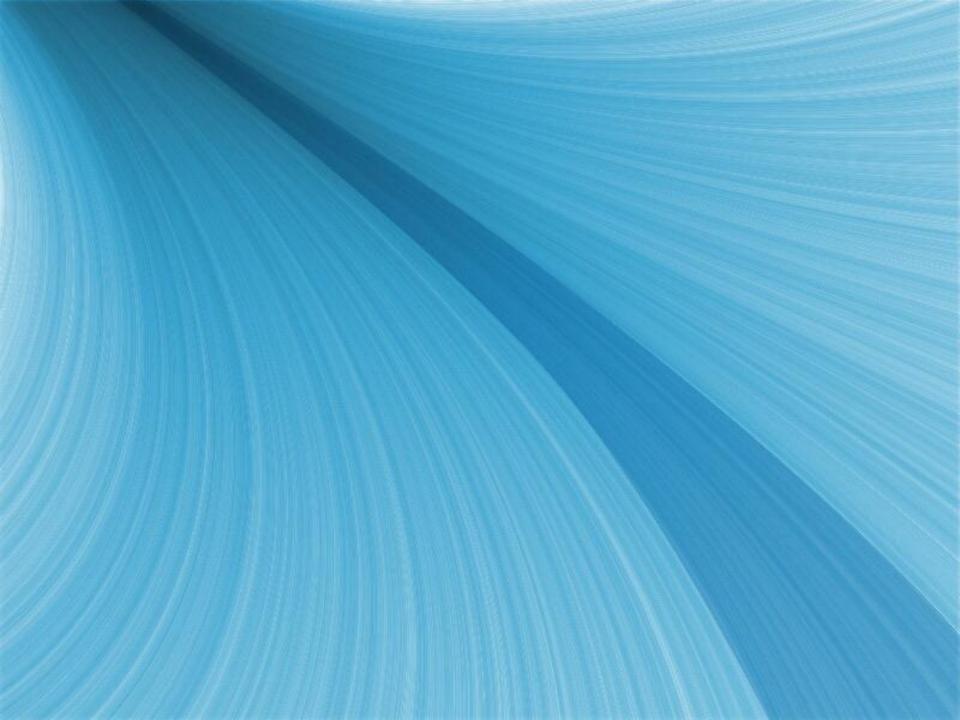




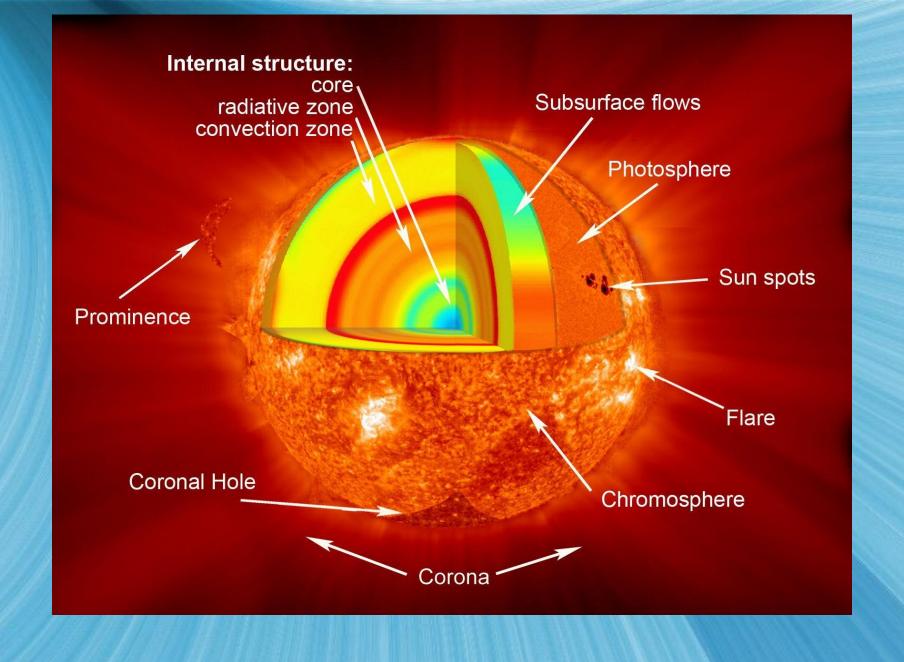


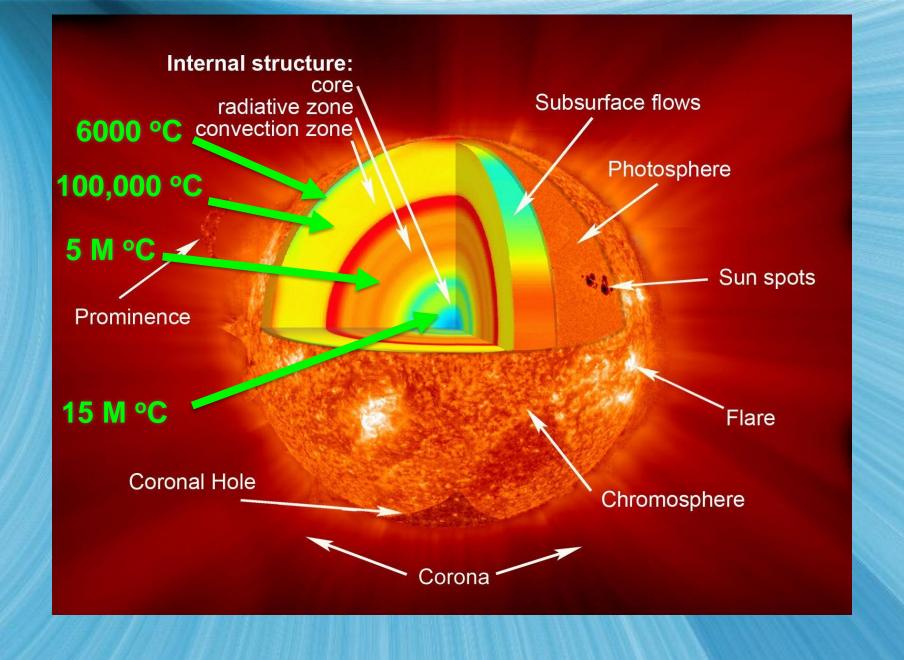






Science of the Sun. A key Problem: The Temperature of the Corona

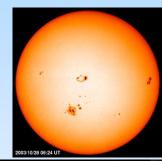




The Solar Atmosphere

The Outer layers (Atmospheres) of the Sun:

Photosphere



• Chromosphere



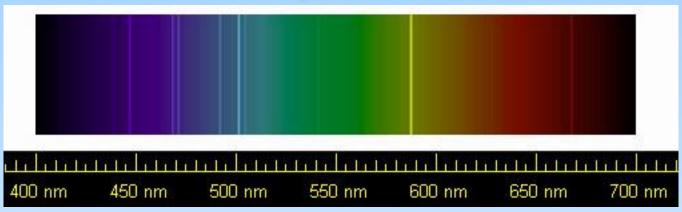
•Corona



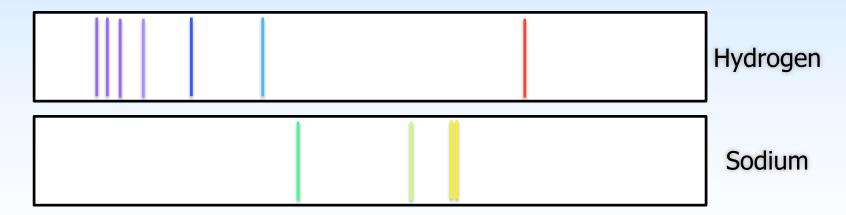
But....

- A "problem" resulted from 1869 eclipse observations of the corona.
- Used a recently developed instrument the "spectroscope," to study the corona.

Spectra



- Breaks light into "rainbow" colors, with lines.
- Different elements produce different lines.
- So these lines are like "fingerprints" for elements.



 Hence, spectra can be used to determine the composition of far-away objects, like the corona.

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- Used a recently developed instrument the "spectroscope," to study the corona.
- Found lines that could not be identified!

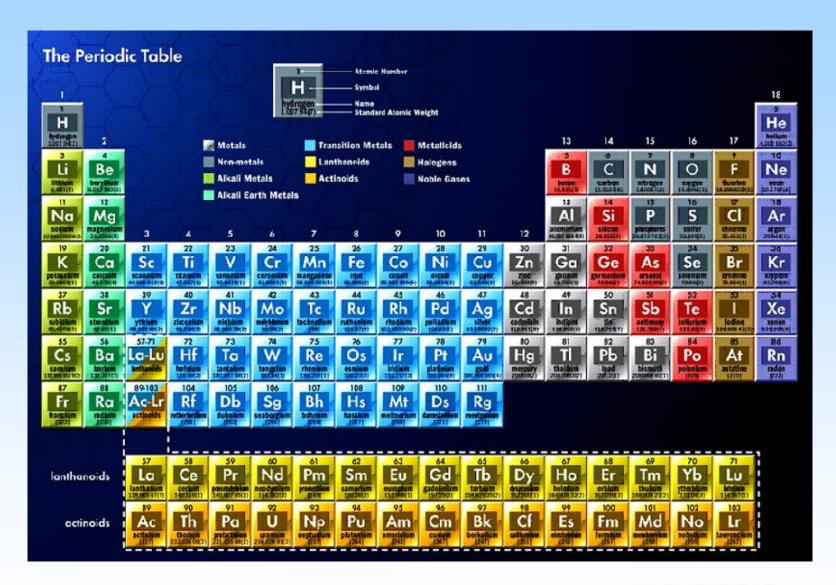
But...

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- Many explanations considered, including a "new" element: *coronium*.

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But this didn't work....



NASA/CXC/SAO

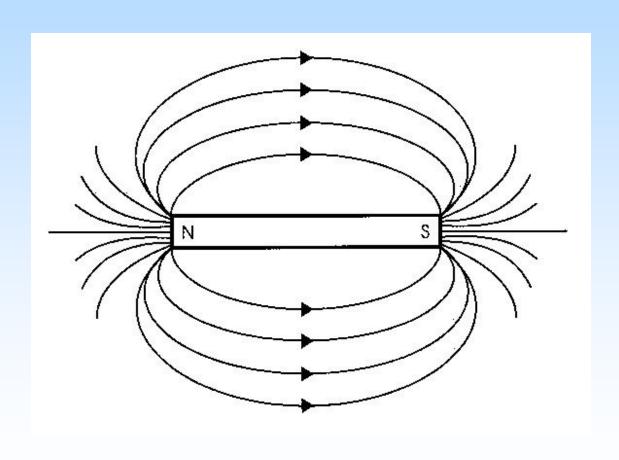
The Corona: Continued...

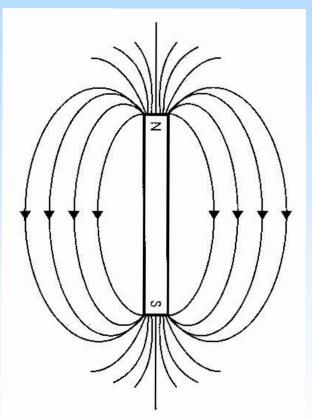
• The mystery spectral lines found to be due to very hot ("highly-ionized") familiar elements ~1940.

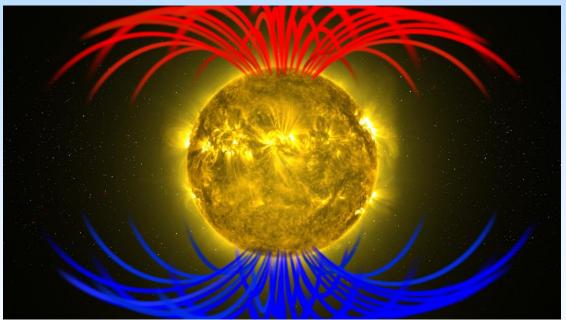
So this was a sloooow process: 1869 eclipse observations, and 1939~1943 explanation!!

- Structure of the corona: late 1960s and 1970s observations from balloons, Skylab, etc.
- This structure due to the magnetic field.

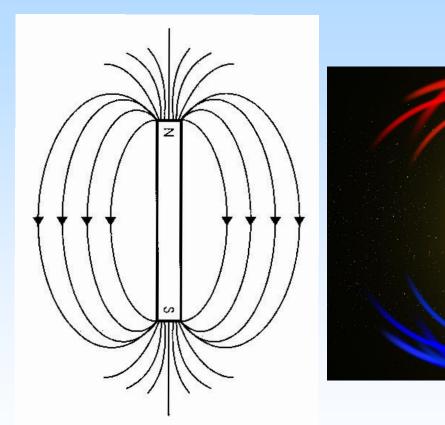
Magnetism is the key to why the corona is hot. (It is also responsible for many of the changing features of the Sun.)

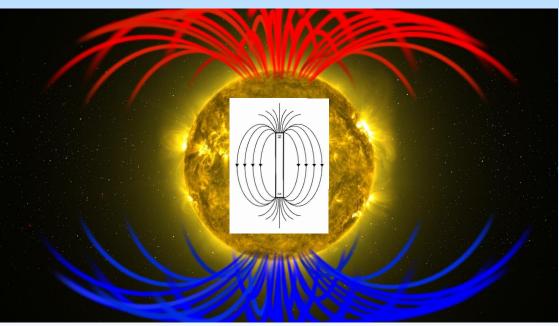




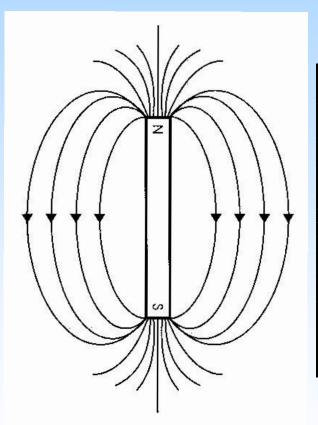


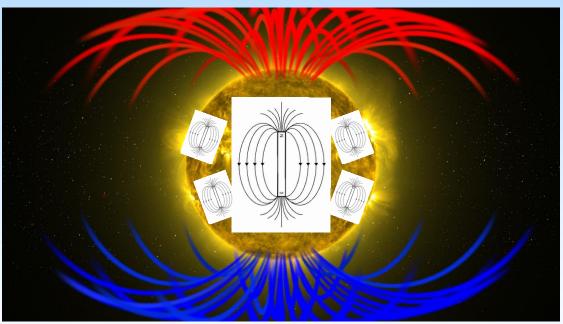
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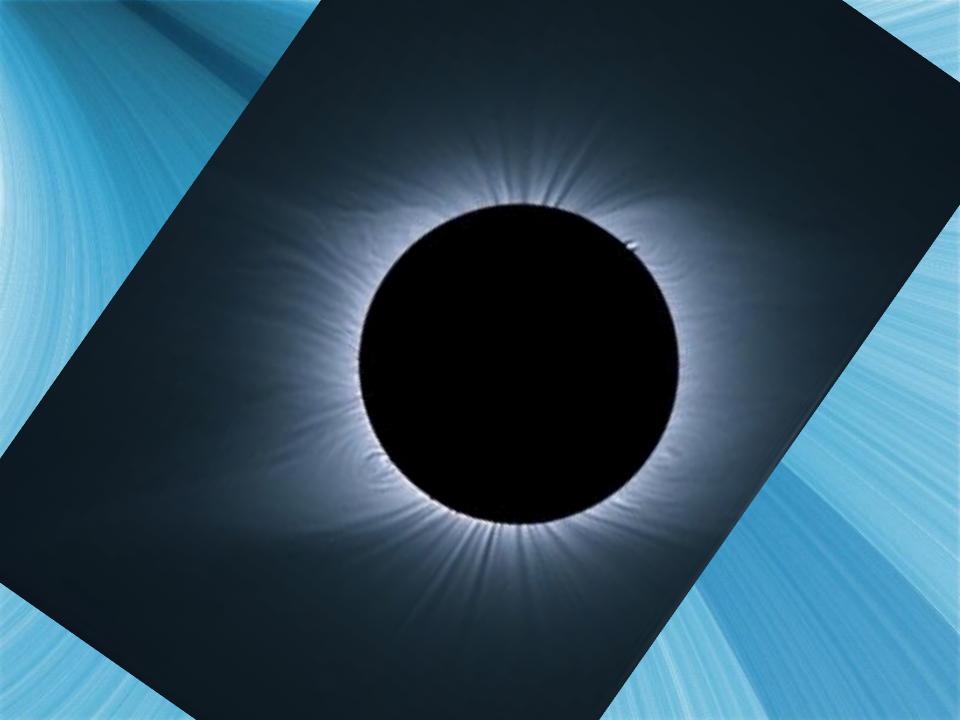




Magnetism is the key to why the corona is hot.



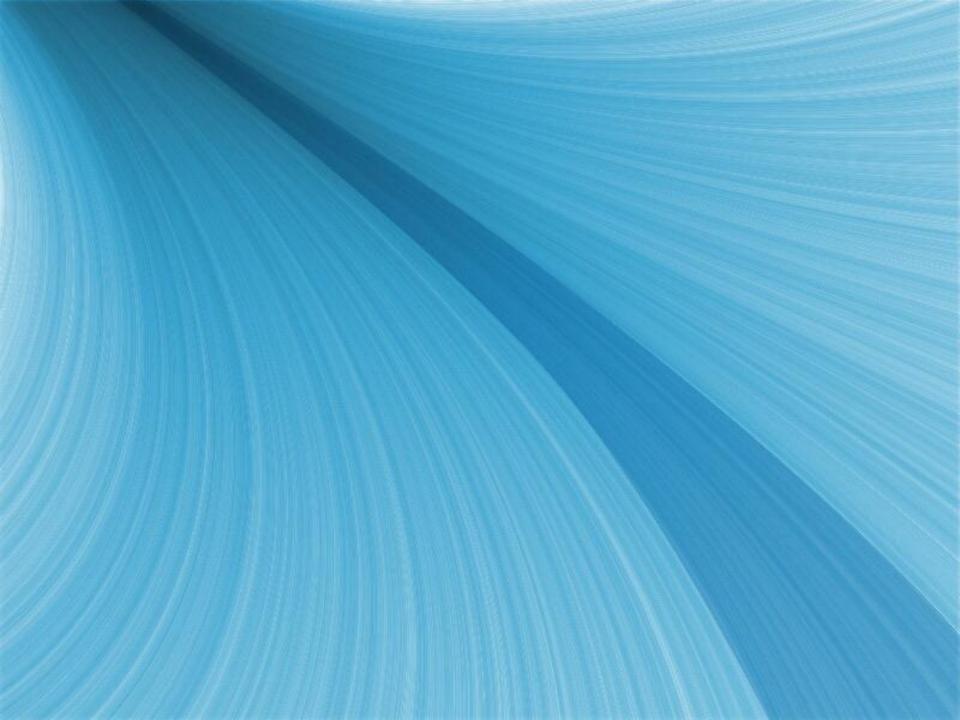




A Key Objective of Solar Physics:

Unravel details of how the magnetic field heats the corona!

- This is one goal (direct or indirect) of many eclipse studies.
- Also, many other stars have hot coronae, and thus understanding the heating of the Sun's corona tells us about other stars too.









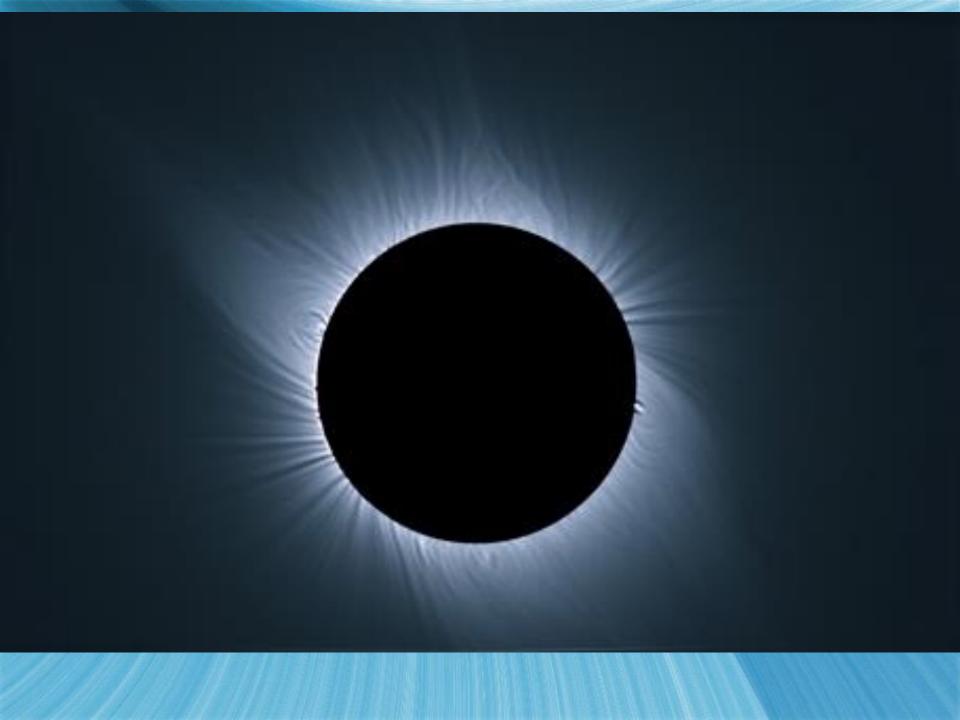




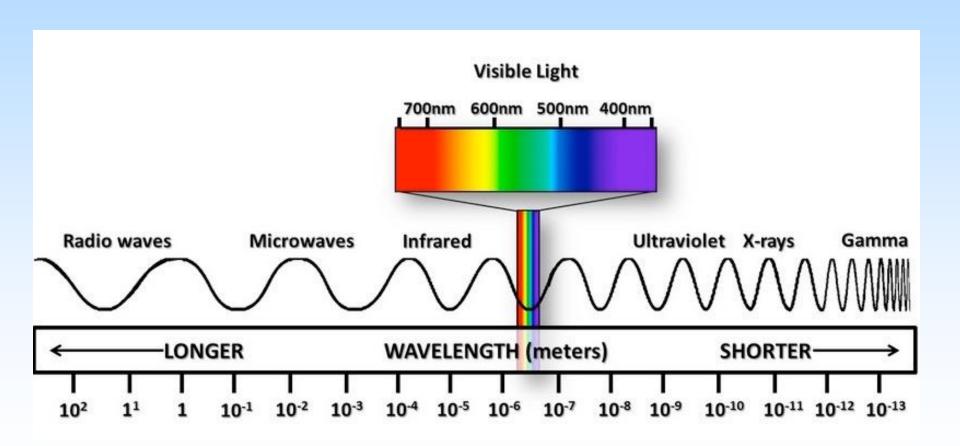






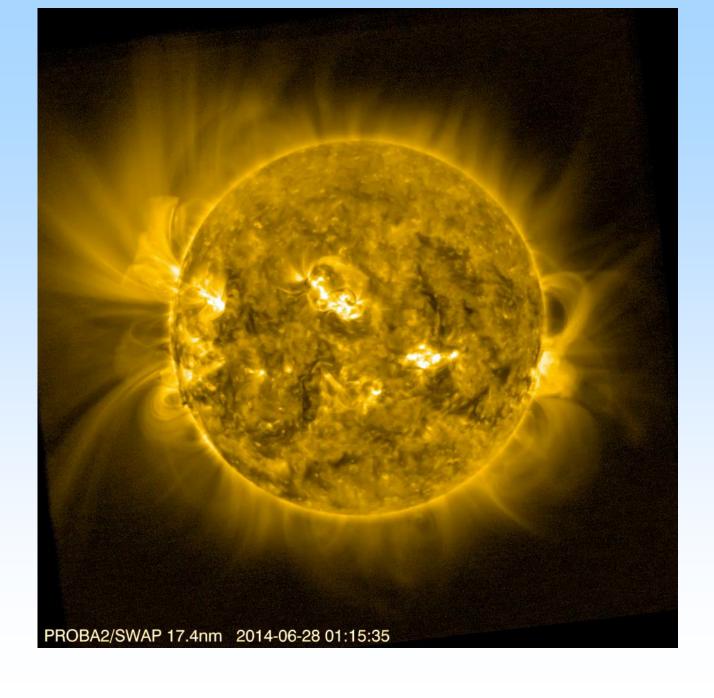


We have to go to *space* to see the Sun's outer atmosphere with regularity.





The Corona from Yohkoh/SXT



The Corona

• Expected to be cool, but found strange spectral lines, first during 1869 eclipse.

- Many explanations considered, including a "new" element: *coronium*.
- But this didn't work....