



Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Integration in the National Airspace System (NAS) Project

**Maintain and Regain Well Clear:
Maneuver Guidance Designs for Pilots
Performing the Detect-and-Avoid Task**









Introduction

- UAS in the NAS Project Objectives
 - Address technical and safety barriers to the expansion and integration of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) into the National Airspace System (NAS)
 - Produce research findings that guide the development of RTCA Special Committee 228's Minimum Operational Performance Standards (MOPS) for UAS
 - Identify minimum DAA display information/guidance elements that result in acceptable pilot performance and response times
- Detect-and-Avoid (DAA)
 - Existing regulations for manned flight operations require onboard pilots to “see and avoid” other aircraft in order to remain well clear (14CFR, Sec 91.113)
 - Unmanned operations will require a traffic display equipped with a “detect and avoid” system that provides the information necessary for remaining DAA well clear (DWC)
 - Detect potential threat(s) → Determine response → Execute resolution
 - UAS traffic displays with advanced conflict resolution tools have reduced DWC violations and have been rated favorably by pilots (Bell et al., 2012; Draper et al. (2014))



DAA System: Multi-Level Alerting Structure

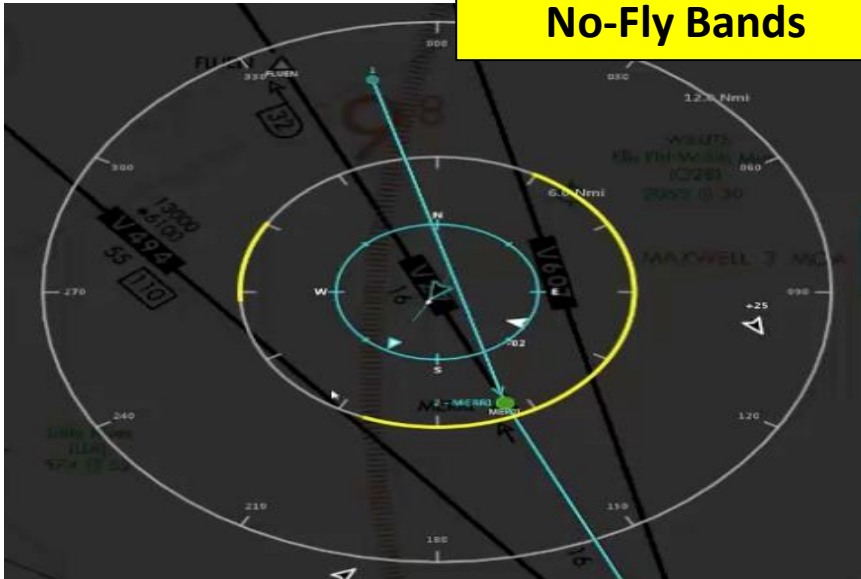
Symbol	Name	Pilot Action	Time to Loss of DAA Well Clear	Aural Alert Verbiage
	DAA Warning Alert	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Immediate action required• Notify ATC as soon as practicable after taking action	25 sec	"Traffic, Maneuver Now"
	Corrective DAA Alert	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• On current course, corrective action required• Coordinate with ATC to determine an appropriate maneuver	55 sec	"Traffic, Avoid"
	Preventive DAA Alert	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• On current course, corrective action should not be required• Monitor for potential increase in threat level	N/A	"Traffic, Monitor"
	None (Target)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No action expected	X	N/A



Background

- Suggestive DAA displays with maneuver guidance bands have improved pilot performance compared to informative displays
 - Quicker response times (Fern et al., 2015; Rorie & Fern, 2015)
 - Fewer DWC violations (Santiago & Mueller, 2015)
 - Depicts predicted safety level of nearby heading/altitude options:

No-Fly Bands



- Conflict regions: Yellow
 - No indication of severity
- Conflict-free regions: No bands

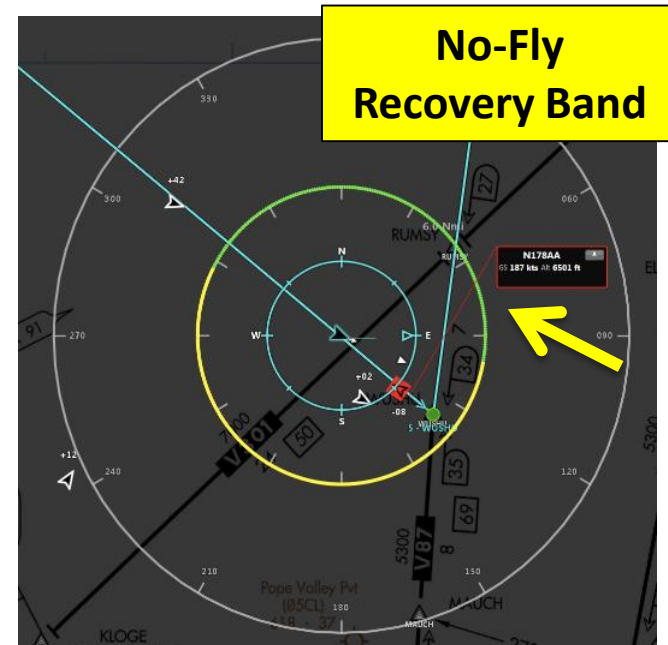
Omni Bands



- Conflict regions: Yellow or Red
 - Based on predicted threat level
- Conflict-free regions: Green

- Suggestive DAA guidance was identified as a minimum display requirement in the DAA MOPS, and shall provide:
 - Threat severity of trajectory options predicted to result in loss of DWC
 - Bands distinguish caution-level (yellow) vs. warning-level (red)
 - Positive maneuver guidance to *recover* from a DWC violation once it is unavoidable
 - Regain DWC function
 - Conflict bands remain saturated

- Open Issues
 - Are conflict-free bands necessary?
 - DWC Recovery guidance concept
 - Direct assessment
 - MOPS compliant



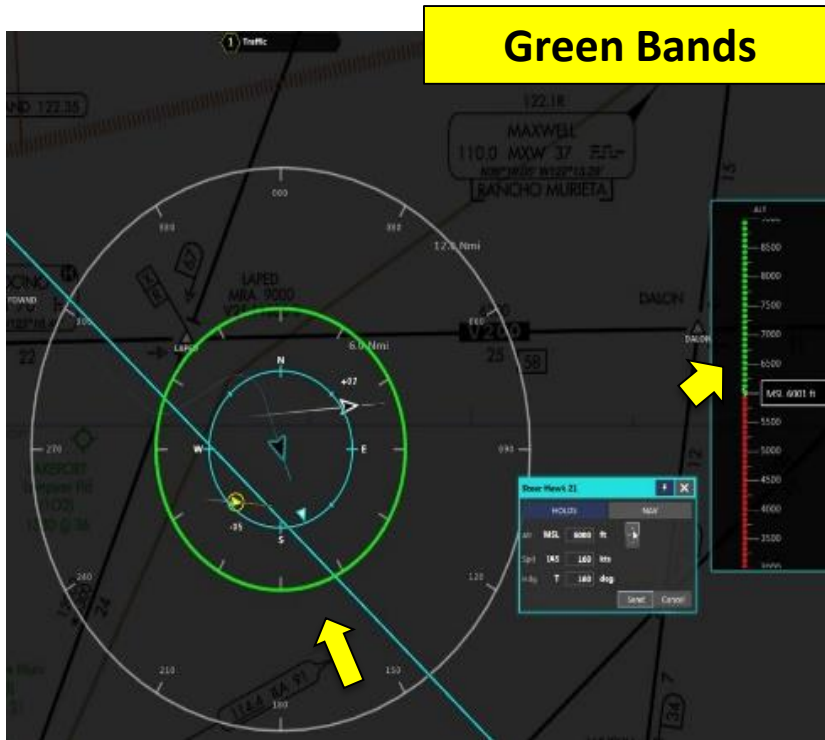


Purpose

- Examine whether the presence or absence of green conflict-free DAA bands impact pilots' ability to maintain DWC
 - Response time (RT)
 - Loss of DWC (LoDWC) rate
- Evaluate two 'well clear recovery' design concepts that aid in regaining DWC
 - 'Limited Suggestive' vs. 'Directional'
 - Does well clear recovery display type impact response times, LoDWC severity, or compliance rates?
 - Which recovery guidance design is more preferred?

Experimental Design

- Conflict-free DAA Bands (between-subjects)
 - Green: conflict-free trajectory options depicted by green bands
 - No Green (None): conflict-free trajectory options are left blank





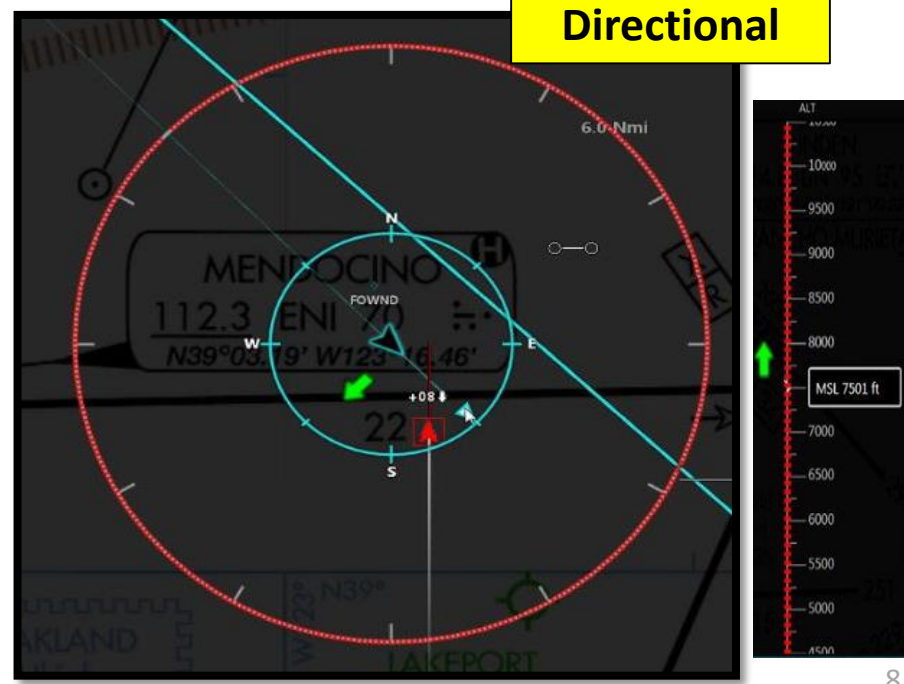
Experimental Design

- Well Clear Recovery guidance display option (within-subjects)
 - Generated maneuver recommendation for a timely regain of DWC
 - Appeared once DAA guidance became saturated with red bands
 - Limited Suggestive: displayed a green wedge with a suggestion range of optimal headings *or* altitudes to fly in order to maximize separation
 - Directional: displayed a green arrow indicating the general direction of the recommended horizontal *or* vertical maneuver

Limited Suggestive



Directional





- Participants
 - 6 active-duty UAS pilots
 - $\mu_{\text{age}} = 36$ years old
 - 1,400 hours of unmanned flight experience
 - 1,600 hours of manned flight experience
 - 4 commercial pilots
 - $\mu_{\text{age}} = 30$ years old
 - 9,000 hours of manned flight experience
- Simulation Environment
 - Vigilant Spirit Control Station (VSCS)
 - Developed by Air Force Research Laboratory (Feitshans et al., 2008)
 - Primary field of view was Tactical Situation Display (TSD):
 - Command-and-control interface
 - DAA guidance & traffic
 - Mission route



Procedure

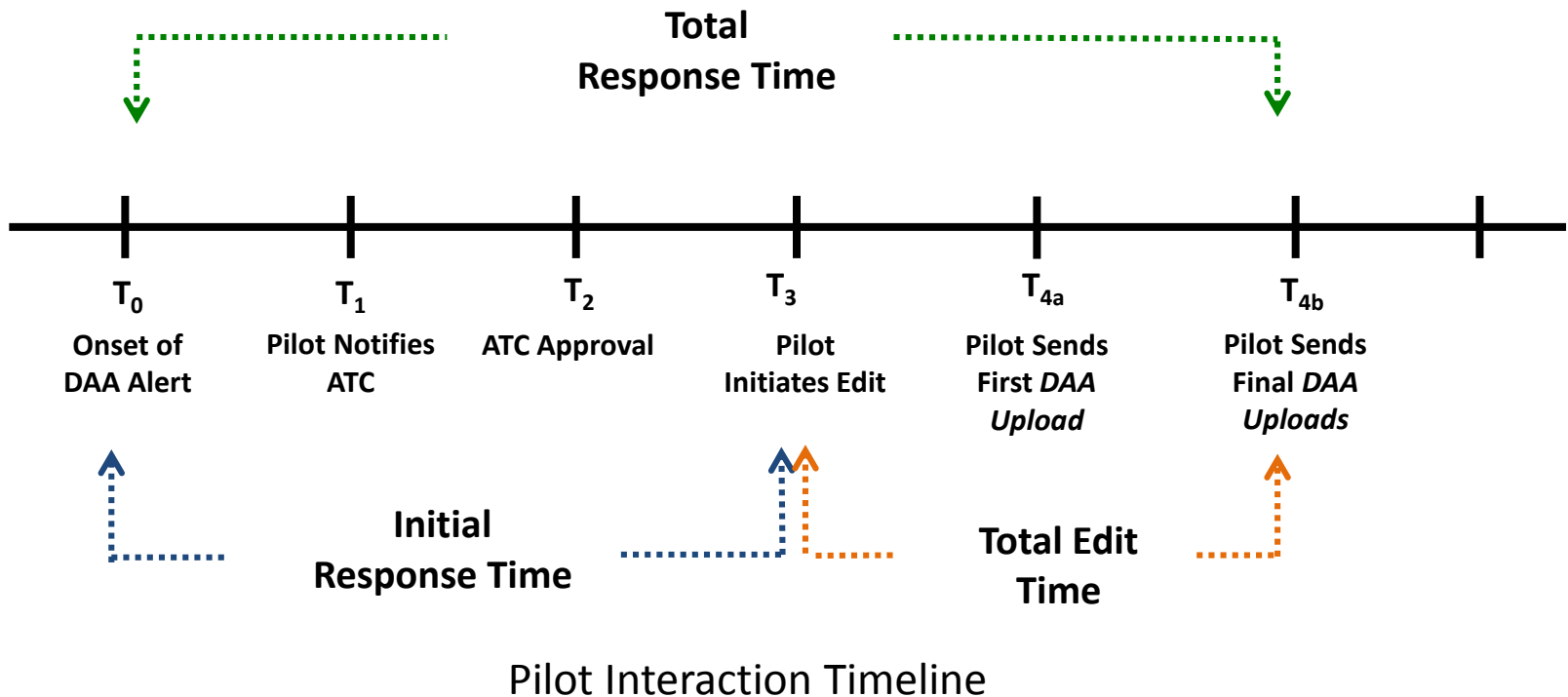
- DAA Pilot Task
 - Operate simulated MQ-9 through Class E airspace under Instrument Flight Rules
 - Maintain DWC with surrounding aircraft
 - Regain DWC when necessary
- Four 40-minute scenarios
 - 16 encounters scripted to lose DWC without pilot action
 - 8 blunders that forced an immediate loss of DWC at first alert
 - Triggered onset of well clear recovery guidance



Measures

- Measured Response

- Primary response time metric is Total Response Time
 - Comprised of Initial Response Time and Total Edit Time





Measures

- LoDWC Severity
 - Defined by 'DAA Well Clear Penetration Integral' metric (DWCPI)
 - Combined amount of time spent within DWC threshold and geometric separation at CPA into single measure
 - Higher value = more severe
 - Reported by recovery display type
 - Only 1 DWC violation across all non-blunder encounters
- Well clear recovery compliance rate

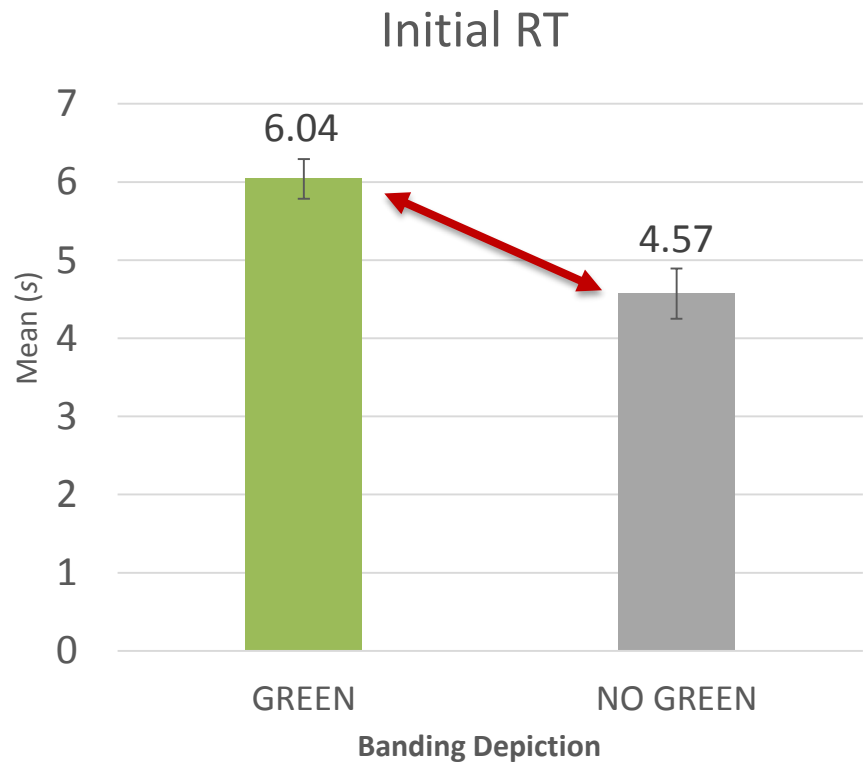
$\alpha = .05$



Results: Conflict-free DAA Bands

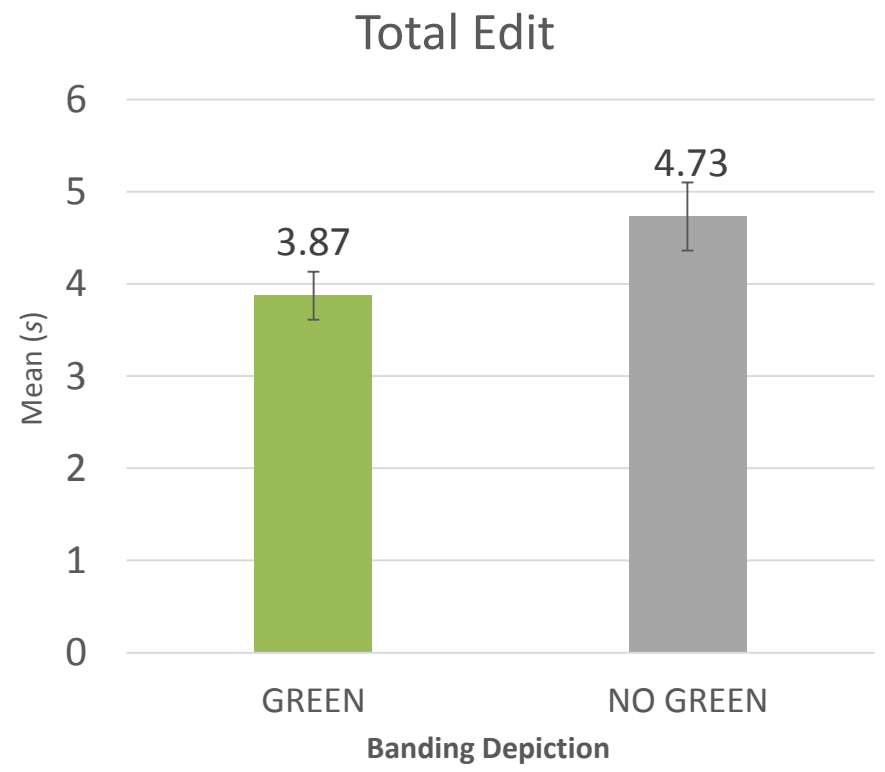
- Initial RT

- Initial RTs were, on average, **1.47s** quicker with No Green Bands display ($p < .001$)



- Total Edit

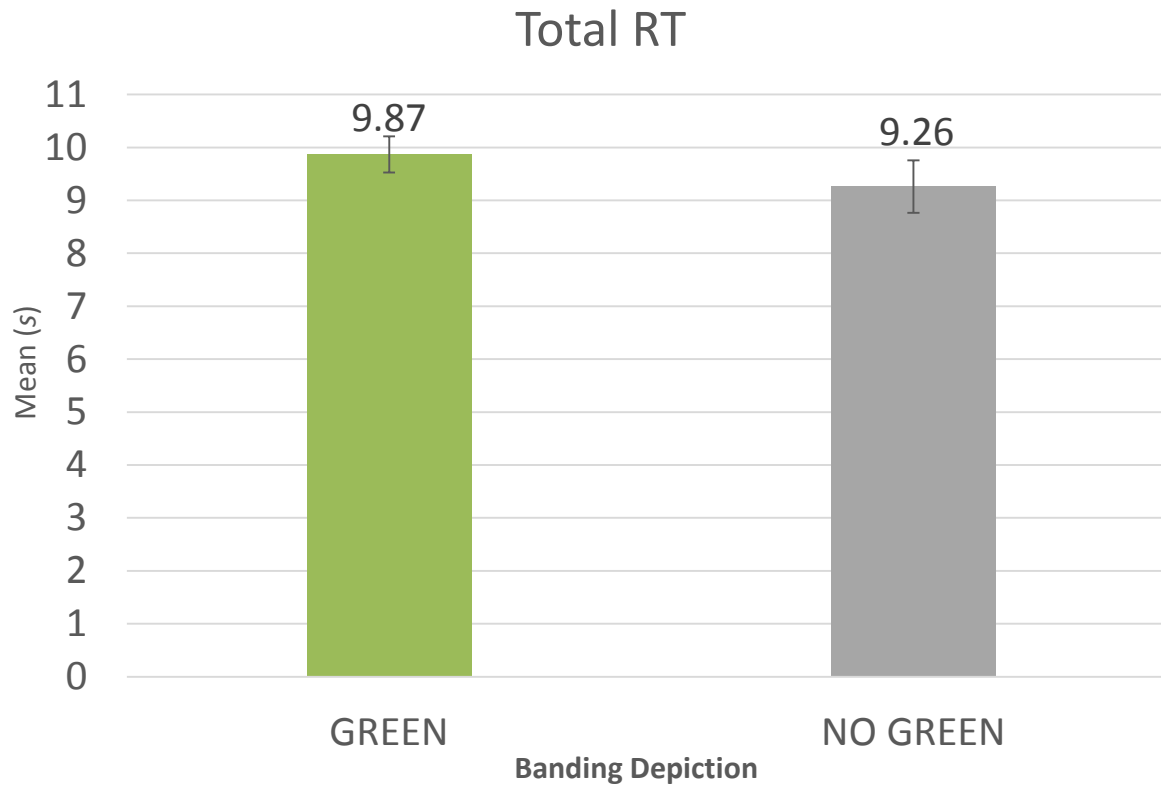
- Pilots with green DAA bands completed their edits **0.86s** quicker ($p = .054$)





Results: Conflict-free DAA Bands

- Total RT
 - Banding depiction did not significantly affect Total RTs ($MD = 0.61s$)





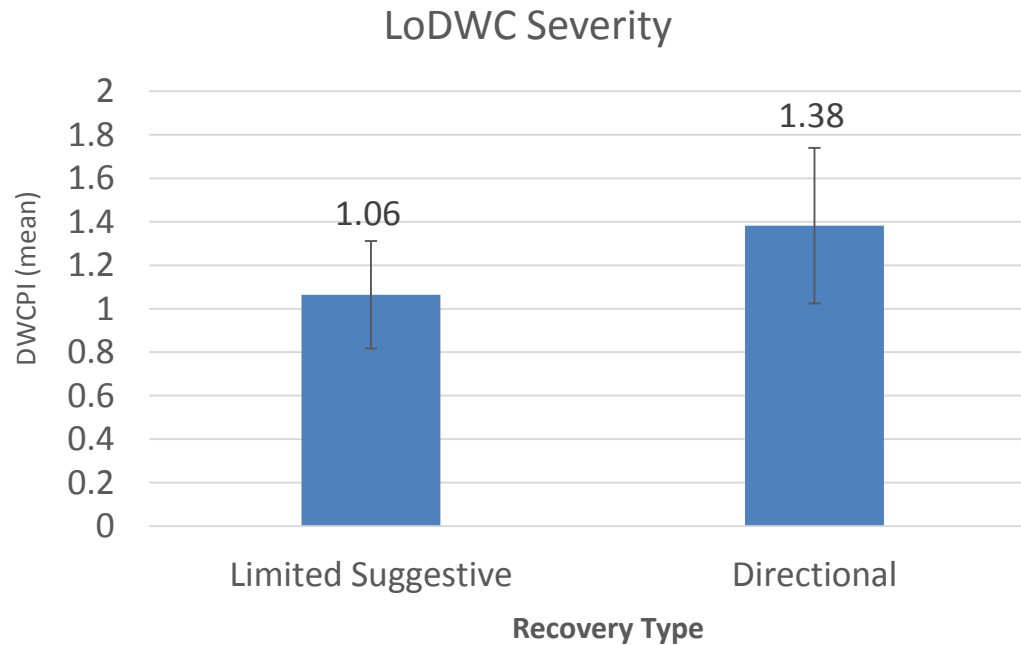
Results: Recovery Guidance Type

- Measured Response
 - Initial RT
 - No significant difference found by display type ($MD = 0.37s$)
 - Total Edit
 - No significant difference found by display type ($MD = 0.51s$)
 - Total RT
 - No significant difference found by display type ($MD = 0.14s$)
- Compliance Rate
 - Pilots complied with recovery guidance **98%** of the time
 - Equal compliance rate between displays



Results: Recovery Guidance Type

- LoDWC Severity
 - DWC violations were slightly less severe with the Limited Suggestive display
 - Difference was nonsignificant (high variability)





Conflict-free Bands for Remaining DWC

- Suggestive DAA Banding Guidance remains effective at supporting the primary DAA task, regardless of whether conflict-free bands are present
 - Maintained DWC at a nearly equal rate with each display
 - Performance comparable to previous analyses
- Implementation of green conflict-free bands is considered optional in DAA MOPS



Recovery Guidance for Regaining DWC

- No significant impact of recovery type on pilot performance, preference or compliance
 - Response times were nearly identical
 - Recovery guidance calls for immediate action
 - Minimal decision-making required
 - Limited Suggestive preferred by 60% of pilots
 - Presented a more specific solution range
 - Slightly less time spent within DWC threshold compared to Directional
 - Referenced as a viable recovery design in DAA MOPS
- Multiple viable guidance options for DWC maintenance/recovery



THANK YOU!

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