

GES DISC Datalist Improves Earth Science Data Discoverability



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NASA/Goddard EARTH SCIENCES DATA and INFORMATION SERVICES CENTER (GES DISC)

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Abstract

At the AGU 2016 Fall Meeting, the Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center (GES DISC) unveiled a novel way to access data, named “datalist.” A datalist is a collection of predefined data variables from one or more archived data sets, curated by a subject matter expert (SME). For that initial unveiling, the GES DISC science support team curated a predefined *Hurricane* datalist, and received very positive feedback from the user community. Datalist uses the same architecture that our new Web site uses, and has the same look and feel as that of the other data sets on our Web site. Datalist provides one-stop shopping for data, metadata, citation, documentation, visualization, and other available services. Since AGU 2016, we have been developing new datalists corresponding to the Big Earth Data Initiative (BEDI) Societal Benefit Areas and A-Train data. We have prototyped four datalists: *Hurricane*, *Wind Energy*, *Greenhouse Gas*, and *A-Train*. We have also started working with our external advisory group members to create their favorite datalists, and with other DAACs to explore the possibility of federated (cross-DAAC) datalists.

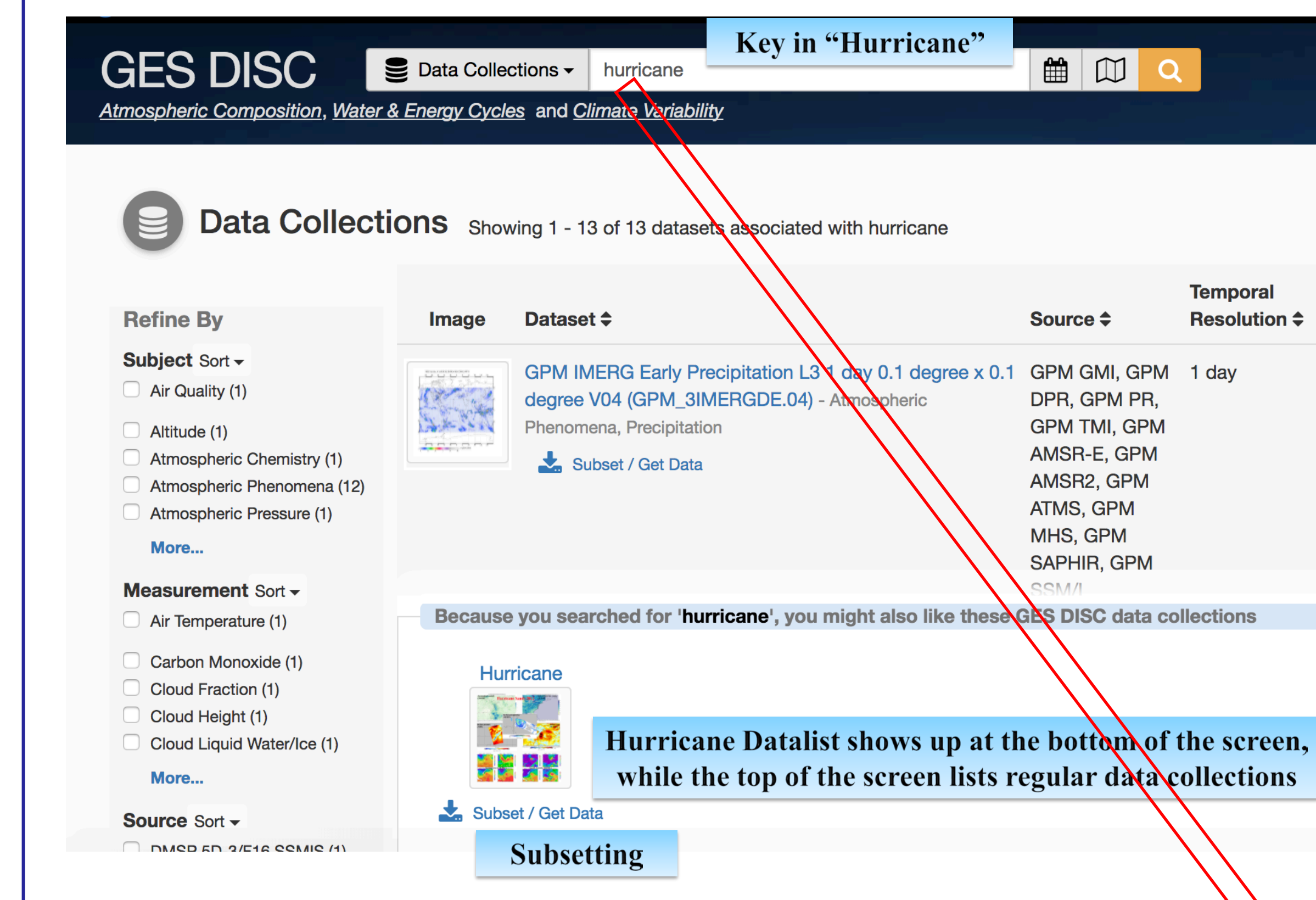
In order to make datalists operational or federated, it is critical to have a common supporting metadata model. To this end, we have mapped our datalist metadata model to the then unpublished UMM (Universal Metadata Model)-Var (Variable) (June version) and found that UMM-Var, together with UMM-C (Collection), and, possibly, UMM-S (Service), will likely satisfy our basic requirements. Data set shortname and version are specified in UMM-C; variable name, long name, units, and dimensions are specified in UMM-Var. UMM-Var also facilitates the use of ScienceKeywords, to allow tagging at the variable level, and of Characteristics, for optional variable characteristics. Measurements is useful for grouping of variables, and Set is promising for defining datalists. The UMM-Service model could be used to specify available services for datalist variables. Together, UMM-Var, UMM-C, and UMM-S would seem to form the basis for federated datalists. Conversely, the development and deployment of datalists would contribute to the evolution of UMM.

Authors

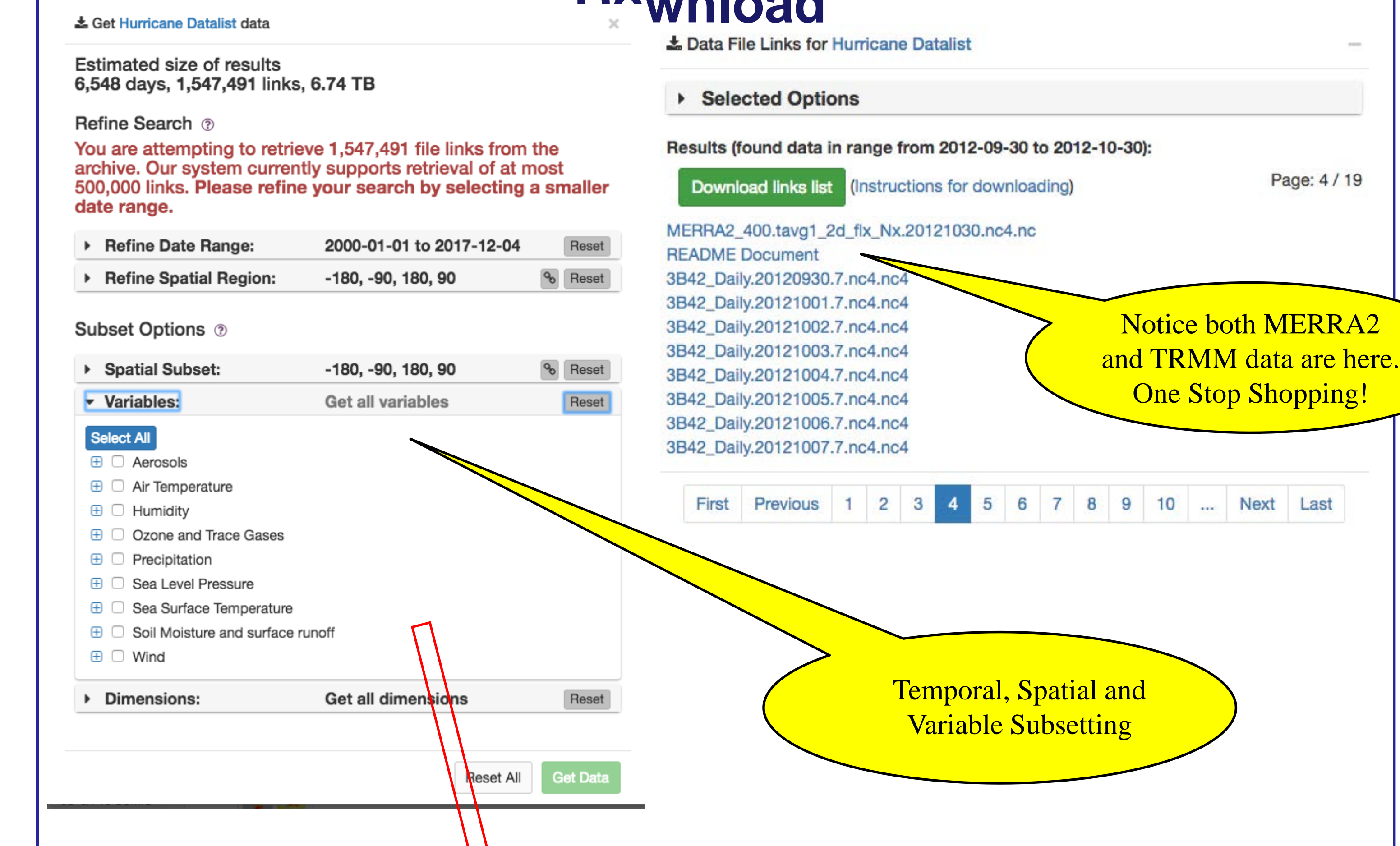
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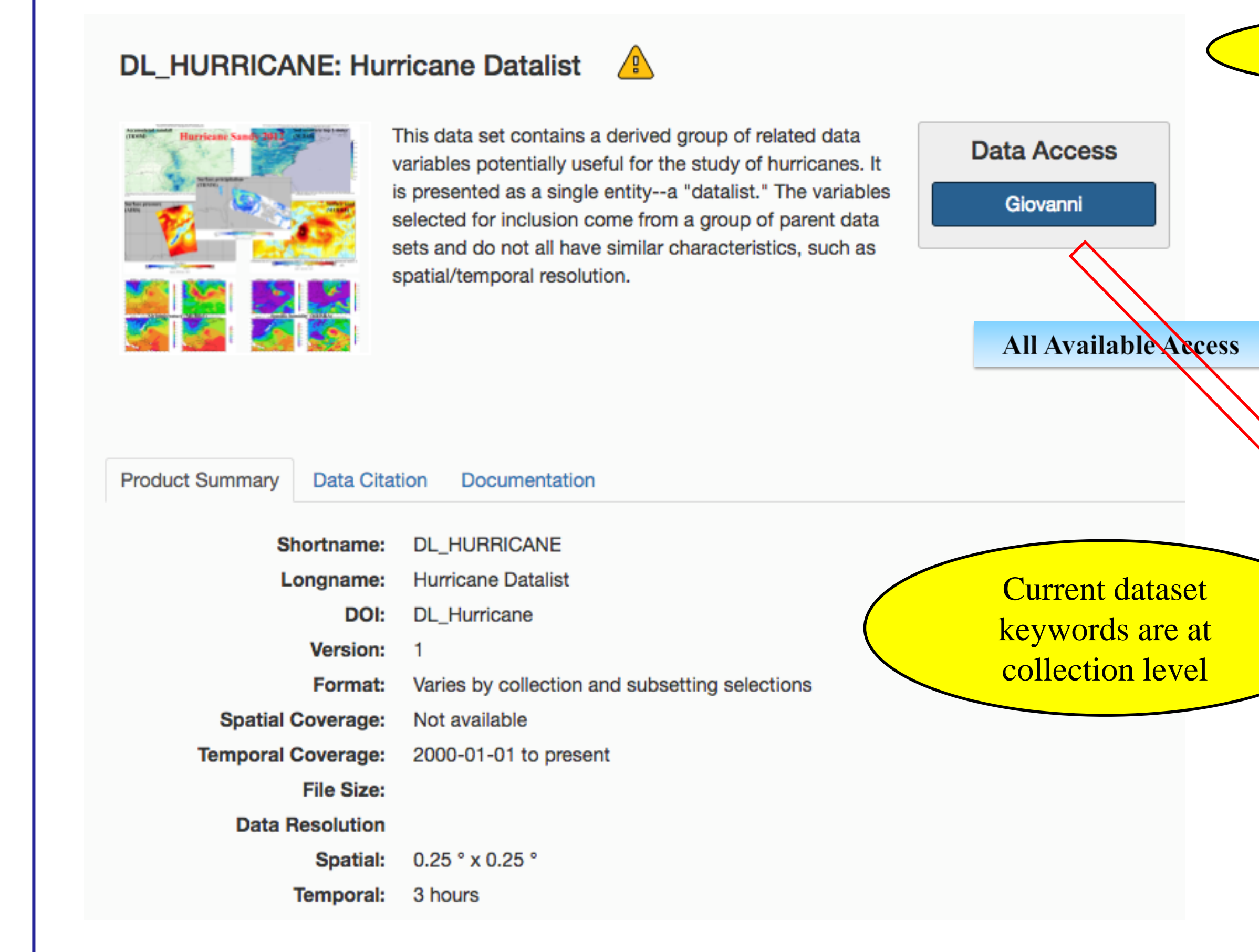
Search and Result



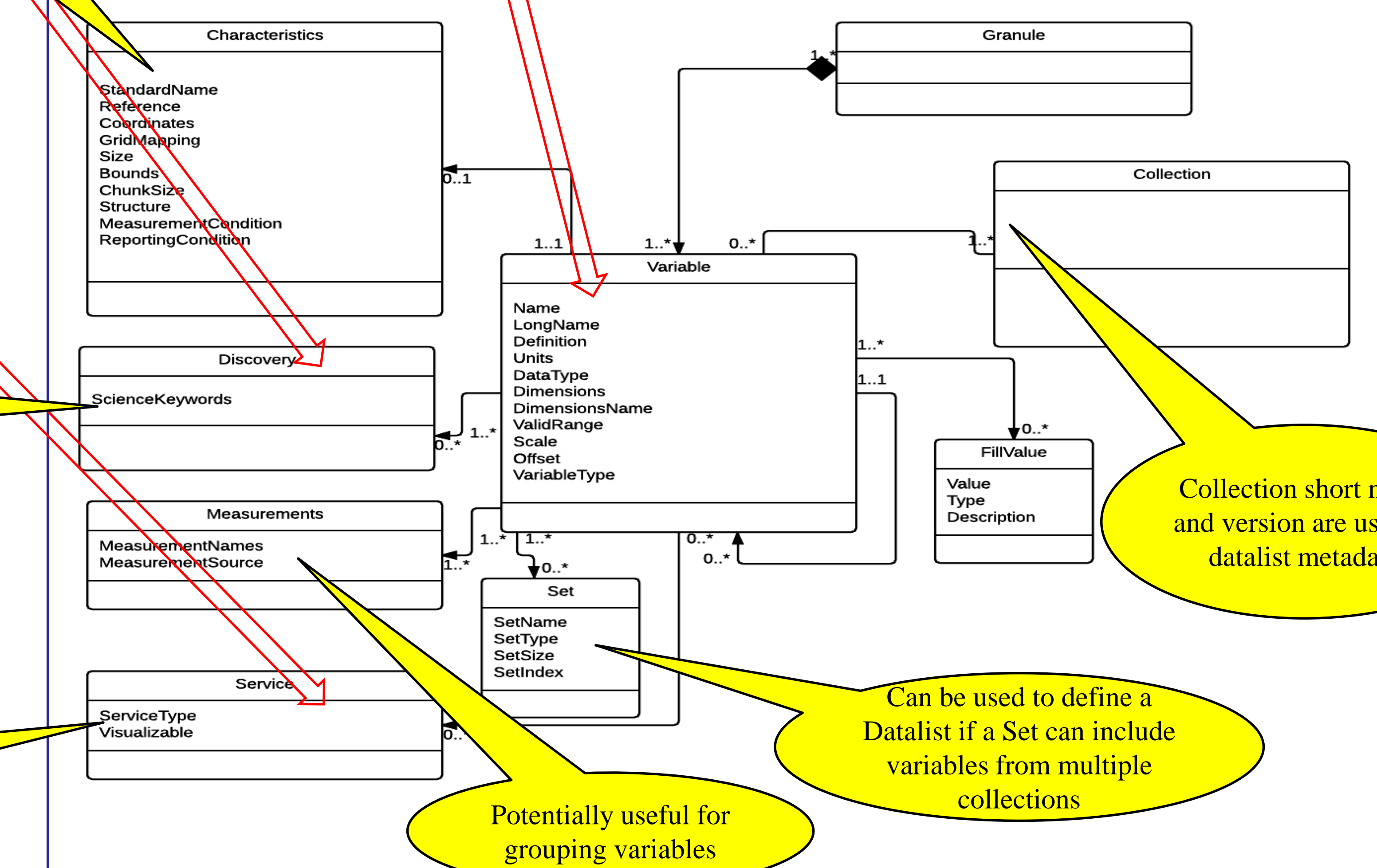
Subsetting and Data Download



Datalist Landing Page



UMM-Var and its Relationship to other models as of June 30, 2017



<https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov>