### **Asteroid Impact Risk Assessment**

**Lorien Wheeler** 

Asteroid Threat Assessment Project NASA Ames Research Center

#### **Asteroid Threat Assessment Project**





Damage & Risk

#### Characterization

- Measurements
- Inference
- Data aggregation

#### **Entry Simulations & Testing**

- Coupled aerothermodynamics
- Ablation & radiation modeling
- Arc jet testing

#### **Hazard Simulations**

- 3D blast simulations
- Tsunami simulations
- Impact crater simulations
- Thermal radiation models
- Global effects

#### **Probabilistic Risk Assessment**

- Analytic physics-based entry and damage models
- Probabilistic Monte Carlo simulation using uncertainty distributions

### **NASA Supercomputing**



# Supercomputing helps address the challenging unknowns of asteroid threat assessment by enabling:









- Analysis of millions of impact cases to assess risk probabilities, including uncertain asteroid properties, entry modeling, local populations, and multiple hazard sources
- High-fidelity simulations to improve understanding of key
  impact effects and refine probabilistic risk models
- Inference of asteroid properties from automated entry modeling of observed meteors
- Rapid-turnaround risk assessment to support mitigation and response planning in the event of a potential impact threat.

#### **Probabilistic Asteroid Impact Risk (PAIR)**



### **Fragment-Cloud Model (FCM)**





FCM Modeling of Chelyabinsk Meteor



# Analytic model of energy deposited in the atmosphere during entry and breakup

- Represents breakup process using a combination of discrete fragments and aggregate debris clouds
- Can represent range of asteroid structures and breakup characteristics

FCM results can match observed meteor light curves to:

- Infer pre-entry asteroid properties
- Investigate breakup characteristics
- · Guide model refinements

#### Energy deposition results used to estimate airburst altitudes and ground energies in probabilistic risk model

\*Chelyabinsk energy deposition curve from: Brown et al., 2013. A 500-kiloton airburst over Chelyabinsk and an enhanced hazard from small impactors. Nature 503 (7475), 238–241.

#### **Automated Meteor Inference**



## Developing automated approach for matching Fragment-Cloud Model (FCM) energy deposition results to observed meteor light curves.

- Automates entry modeling for thousands of asteroid and entry parameter variations.
- Objective function evaluates quality of matches to observed data.
- Genetic algorithm approach evolves selection of the input parameters to produce the best fits.





Modeling & Image Credit: Ana Tarano, Stanford/NASA Ames

### **Blast Overpressure Modeling**

#### CFD blast propagation simulations improved ground damage estimates in risk model

- Height-of-burst maps estimate the extent of ground overpressures as a function of airburst altitude, based on nuclear test data
- Yield-scaling based on smaller nuclear sources becomes inaccurate for higher impact energies due to buoyancy effects (KE >10-50 megatons, diameter > 50-80m)

See demo "Simulating Atmospheric Impacts" by Marian Nemec

CFD results provided improved height-of-burst map for higher asteroid impact energies



Cart3D blast propagation simulation

# Simulation vs. nuclear-based (G&D) height-of-burst map



Image: Michael Aftosmis, Ana Tarano, NASA Ames



Image/simulation: Michael Aftosmis, NASA Ames

### **Asteroid-Generated Tsunami Simulations**



- High-fidelity simulations address big unknown of whether asteroid impacts or airbursts of various sizes could cause significant tsunamis
- Recent results show asteroid impacts to pose less tsunami threat than previously thought
- Results used to refine analytic tsunami risk model





GeoClaw simulations of long-range wave propagation and inundation (M. Berger, NYU)

→ For more on asteroid tsunami simulation, see demo "Simulating Atmospheric Impacts" by Marian Nemec

### **Tsunami Risk Modeling Advancements**



- Analytic model estimates wave run-up based on energy impacting surface of the water and propagation distance from impact to shore (Chesley & Ward 2006)
- Improved energy coupling estimates for airbursts and splashdowns based on ALE3D and GeoClaw simulations of wave formation and propagation.
- Supercomputing enables risk model to include inundation of specific coastal topography for millions of ocean impact/airburst cases, enabling damage assessment based on local populations and flood depths.







#### Risk model inundation including local topography

#### **Asteroid-Generated Tsunami Simulations**



Simulation & movie credit: Darrel Robertson, NASA Ames

#### **Asteroid-Generated Tsunami Simulations**





Simulation & movie credit: Darrel Robertson, NASA Ames

#### **Ground Impact Simulations**



#### ALE3D simulation of a 1 gigaton asteroid ground impact



Simulation & movie credit: Darrel Robertson, NASA Ames

### **NEO Science Definition Team Study**



Performed comprehensive impact risk assessment for the 2017 Near-Earth Object (NEO) Science Definition Team (SDT) study

- SDT convened by NASA's Planetary Defense Coordination Office (PDCO) to reevaluate the level of threat posed by asteroids of various sizes
- Will guide survey systems and search criteria for future NEO surveys

Risk modeling on Pleiades Supercomputer provided substantial advancements since the prior 2003 study



### **SDT Impact Risk Results**



- 60 million impact cases analyzed on Pleiades Supercomputer
- Asteroid sizes 20m 10km in diameter
- Assessed local damage from blast waves and thermal radiation, tsunami inundation from water impacts, and global effects from large-scale impacts.



#### **Impact Response Exercises**



- Have participated hypothetical impact exercises to vet and improve assessment tools, response protocols, and decision support.
- Risk model takes impact trajectory inputs from JPL orbital models and evaluates risk probabilities along a potential impact corridor.
- Pleiades Supercomputer enables rapid risk assessment for emergency response.

Probabilistic risk assessment for HYPOTHETICAL impact exercise performed at the 2017 Planetary Defense Conference in Tokyo

