

# Sustaining PICA for future NASA Robotic Science Missions including NF-4 and Discovery

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### **Outline**



#### Entry Systems and Technology Division

#### Background

- Heritage PICA
- PICA Sustainability Challenge
- Lyocell an alternative precursor to rayon
- PICA Manufacturing

#### Establishment of PICA-D as a Replacement for Heritage PICA

- Lyocell Fiberform/PICA Billet and Near Net Shape Cast Processing
- PICA-D Property Testing
- PICA-D Arc Jet Testing

#### CY18/19 work

- Establish PICA-D as a drop-in replacement for Heritage PICA
- Establish the Expanded Capability (Extensibility) of PICA-D
- PICA-D CY18/19 Schedule

#### Summary

#### Acknowledgements

## **Background – PICA**

## State of the Art Low Density Carbon Phenolic Ablators

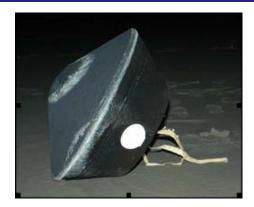
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## Phenolic Impregnated Carbon Ablator (PICA)

- first used as forebody single piece heatshield for Stardust
- Low density coupled with efficient ablative capability at medium-high heat fluxes



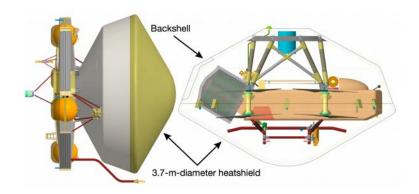
- PICA used on Mars Science Lab (MSL) in a tiled configuration,
- OSIRIS-REx sample return capsule as a single piece
- slated for Mars 2020
- Based on successful mission use across destinations ranging from earth return to Mars, PICA has been proposed as the TPS option for numerous New Frontier and Discovery missions.



Stardust forebody TPS. (~0.8m diameter)



MSL Heat Shield (4.5m diameter)



Dragonfly forebody TPS (~3.7 m diameter)
Currently NF – Phase A

## **Background - Sustainability**



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## Challenges with PICA Sustainability

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- In 2016 NASA learned that the heritage rayon used in PICA was ceasing production, leading to a flight-qualified PICA sustainability concern
  - The carbon fiber precursor for PICA has become obsolete twice since the material was developed and used on Stardust, so a secure source is essential to maintain PICA capabilities for future missions
- In FY16/17, NASA ARC was funded by the Planetary Science Division of the Science Mission Directorate to address PICA rayon sustainability
- Lyocell Based PICA (PICA-D) was manufactured and limited testing performed – initial results indicate Lyocell is a good candidate as a potential replacement for heritage

## **Lyocell – A Sustainable Precursor**

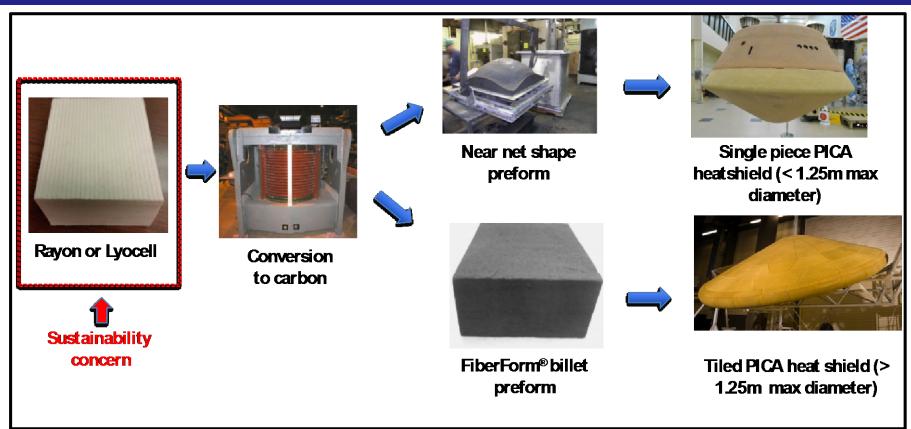


- Traditional rayon manufactured from wood pulp involves many steps and the conversion of wood pulp into rayon or regenerated cellulose results in toxic byproducts
  - rayon manufacturing was discontinued and is no longer a viable process in the US and Europe
- Lyocell solvent spinning technique is simpler and more environmentally sound
  - uses a non-toxic solvent chemical that is 99% recycled in the manufacturing process
- Lenzing sister factories in US and UK able to provide the same Lyocell precursor – dual supply
   Refer to be l'Outes alleviate future sustainability concern

## **PICA Manufacturing Overview**



### Role of Rayon/Lyocell in PICA Manufacturing



- Chopped, graphitized rayon or Lyocell based carbon fiber slurry-cast into either block (billet) or single piece heatshield preforms
- Single piece cast heatshields have fiber oriented to optimize through-thickness thermal conductivity
- Lightweight phenolic sol-gel matrix is infiltrated into preform

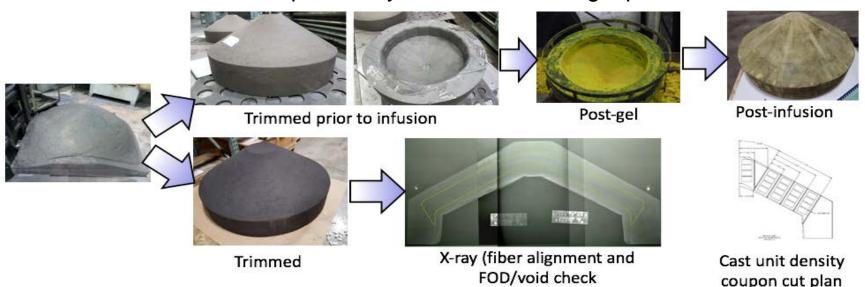
## Establishment of PICA-D as a Replacement for Heritage PICA



- FY17 SMD-PSD funded NASA Ames to manufacture & perform limited property/aerothermal characterization of Lyocell-based PICA (PICA-D)
  - Fiber Processing, billet fabrication, single piece heatshield preform fabrication, conversion to PICA (billets and single piece preform)
  - PICA property testing and arc jet testing
- FY17 task successfully completed limited testing indicates PICA-D has the potential to be a drop-in replacement for heritage PICA
- FY18/FY19 NASA Ames leading an effort to further characterize and extend the capability of PICA-D and establish Lyocell PICA as a drop-In replacement for heritage PICA
  - Establishing PICA-D as a "drop in replacement" will allow missions to depend on and design with PICA-D without having to address further sustainability risks.
  - Establishing extended capability of PICA-D will allow Sample Return Missions with higher entry speed that were not considered before.
    - Extended operational capability
    - Extended single piece heatshield manufacturing

## Lyocell Fiberform/PICA Billet and Near Net Shape Cast Processing

- 9 FiberForm billets manufactured in FY17 to optimize process (Lyocell)
- Fabricated 3 <u>net-shaped</u> Fiberform heatshield blanks (OSIRIS REx scale) in FY17
  - Density targets in all 3 net cast blanks were achieved
- Process refinements and lessons learned have been documented
- Limited Non Destructive Evaluation (NDE) on the near net shape FiberForm unit to evaluate fiber alignment
- FY18/19 demonstrate repeatability and increase single piece net cast >1.2-m



## **PICA-D Property Testing**



- 3 billets of PICA-D were manufactured to support testing
  - Limited In-plane (IP) tension, through-thickness (TT) tension, and through thickness thermal conductivity at 100F and 350F were conducted and compared to heritage rayon PICA
- Overall these results are in family with production rayon PICA however additional testing is needed as only a few coupons were evaluated
  - Limited property data had substantial scatter detailed testing planned for FY18/19
     Mechanical Property Comparison
     Thermal Property Comparison

	Density (g/cc)	Average Failure Stress (psi)
Average Lyocell PICA IP properties	0.28	<b>246</b> 160 - 255 for rayon PICA
Average Lyocell PICA TTT properties	0.28	44 43 to 54 for rayon PICA

	Thermal Conductivity (BTU-in/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -°F)	
	at 100°F	at 350°F
Average Lyocell PICA TTT properties	0.94	1.32
Rayon PICA TTT properties	1.0 – 1.5	1.5 – 2.1

## **PICA-D Arc Jet Testing**



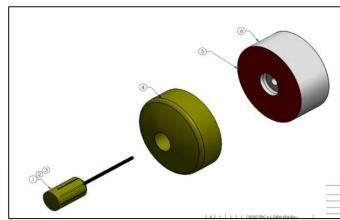
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#### Primary test objectives

- compare the thermal response and recession behavior of Lyocell derived PICA to rayon derived PICA
- initial look at any performance differences or off-nominal behavior in PICA-D
- 3 conditions testing completed in Oct 2017
- NF proposers provided guidance on target test conditions

#### **Arc Jet Test Matrix**

Target Conditions	Objective	Comments	
~ 220W/cm <sup>2</sup> and 0.08 atm (4" iso-q)	thermal response, recession	Instrumented coupon, calibration included Testing in Oct 2017	
~ 400W/cm <sup>2</sup> and 0.3 atm (4" iso-q)	thermal response, recession	Instrumented coupon, <b>Testing</b> complete Aug 2017	
~ 1550W/cm <sup>2</sup> and 1.3 atm (4" iso-q)	Failure mode evolution, thermal response, recession	Instrumented coupon, <b>Testing</b> complete Aug 2017	



#### Coupon Geometry

- 4" iso-q coupons
- Each coupon instrumented with a plug containing 5 indepth thermocouples consisting of 2 type-R and 3

type-K

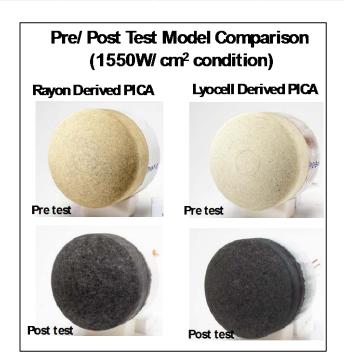
## **PICA-D Arc Jet Testing - Results**



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#### **Recession Comparison**

Material	Average centerline recession (1550W/cm <sup>2</sup> and 1.3 atm)	Average centerline recession (400W/cm² and 0.3atm)	Average centerline recession (220W/cm <sup>2</sup> and 0.08atm)
Lyocell PICA	4.0mm	6.02mm	3.79mm
Rayon PICA	4.2mm	5.97mm	3.89mm



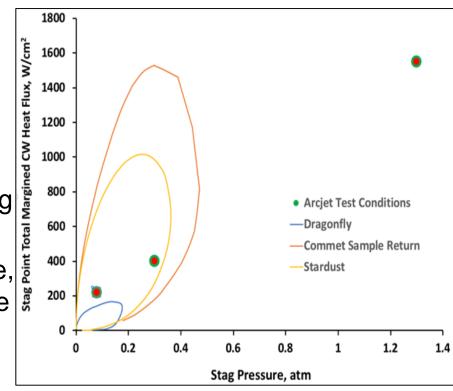
## Limited # of models of each version of PICA tested at each condition

- Initial tests gives confidence that PICA-D will be a drop in replacement for heritage PICA
- Comparable recession and thermal response observed between PICA-D and heritage PICA
  - all coupons at a given condition had the same exposure time
- Run condition very relevant for NF proposers considering PICA as a forebody or backshell material
- Presence of dulling agent in PICA-D resulted in a slight decrease in char emissivity – future PICA-D precursor (Lyocell) will not use a dulling agent

## CY18/19 work - Establish PICA-D as a Drop-In Replacement for Heritage PICA



- Develop comprehensive material property database
  - Perform comprehensive material property testing (range of temperatures) for thermal and mechanical properties
- Perform comprehensive arcjet test campaign
  - Test at multiple conditions, including different material lots
  - Testing to include thermal response, instrumented stagnation and wedge shear coupons
- Develop PICA-D thermal response model utilizing arcjet test data and new material

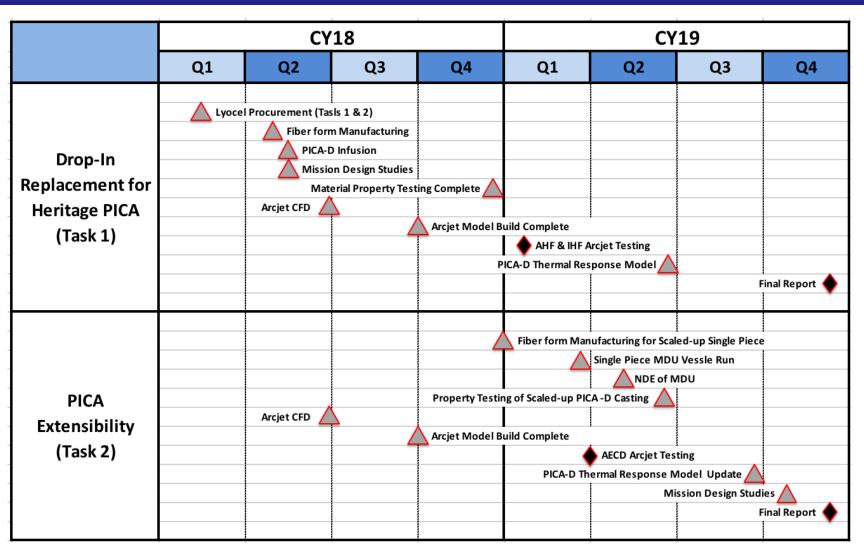


## CY18/19 work - Establish the Expanded Capability (Extensibility) of PICA-D Entry Systems and Technology Division

- Demonstrate Manufacturing and Scale-Up of a Single
   Piece Heatshield at > 1.2m Diameter
  - Perform comprehensive characterization and evaluation of single piece Fiberform casting
  - Characterize fiber alignment, mechanical properties and nondestructive evaluation (NDE)
- Establish Expanded Design Space of PICA-D
  - Perform arcjet testing at heat flux / pressure conditions beyond which PICA has previously been tested and / or flown (> 2000 W/cm², > 0.5 atm, TBD shear)
- Increased single piece heatshield size currently return speed limited to 12.9 km/s vs future potential of 13.5 – 14.5 km/s for entry bodies of diameter 1.5 X that of Stardust

## PICA-D FY18/19 Schedule





## **Summary**

- NASA ARC / FMI is working with the Planetary Science Division of the Science Mission Directorate to address PICA rayon sustainability concerns
- In FY16/17, Lyocell Based PICA (PICA-D) was manufactured and limited testing performed show it to be a good candidate replacement for heritage rayon
- Establishing PICA-D as a "drop in replacement" will allow missions to design with PICA-D without any competitive disadvantage over other competing proposals.
- Establishing the extended capability of PICA-D will allow Sample Return Missions with higher entry speeds not considered before.

## Acknowledgement



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