BioNutrients-1 (BN-1) Payload Overview

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BioNutrients-1 Experiment Summary

Principal Investigators	John Hogan, Ph.D. NASA Ames Research Center						
Sponsor	Technology and Science Research Office						
Funding Authority	NASA / Human Exploration & Operations / Advanced Exploration Systems (AES)						
Experiment Duration	Five years						
Ground Control	Near-synchronous Ground Control performed at PI Laboratory at Ames						
Research Objectives	The goal of the BioNutrients experiment is to determine the effect of long-duration, low-Earth-orbit stowage on the ability to biologically generate nutrients through organism activation and growth.						



BioNutrients Key Stakeholders

- PI The Principal Investigator of the BioNutrients Project, Dr. John Hogan at NASA Ames Research Center
- AES The Advanced Exploration Systems Office at NASA Headquarters
- HRP The Human Research Program Office at NASA Johnson Space Center
- ISS The ISS Payload Program at NASA Johnson Space Center
- Code SC The Space Biosciences Division at NASA Ames Research Center
- Code SCF The Flight Systems Implementation Branch at NASA Ames Research Center
- Code SCB The Bioengineering Branch at NASA Ames Research Center
- ARC OCE The Office of the Chief Engineer at NASA Ames Research Center



Need and Goals

Need: To enable rapid, safe and reliable in situ production of needed dietary nutrients using minimal mass, power and volume for long duration missions.

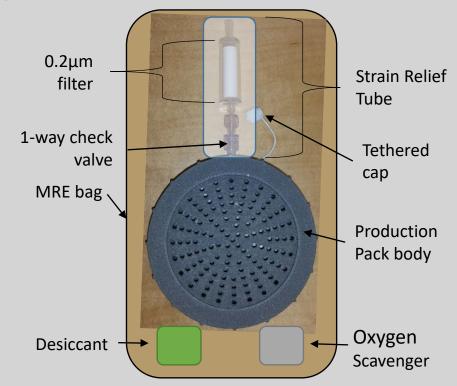
Goals:

- Evaluate system for maintaining shelf-life of contents and enabling organism growth and nutrient production on ISS
- 2. Demonstrate long-term in-situ nutrient production on ISS
- 3. Collect ISS-based data on long-term viability of candidate future experiment organisms



Hardware Overview

- Production Packs
 - ISS Activation Production Packs
 Activated on-orbit. 14 runs over 5
 years. 4 packs/run.
 - Earth Activation Production Packs Flown controls. Activated on Earth after exposure to ISS. 13 returns over 5 years. 4 samples/return.

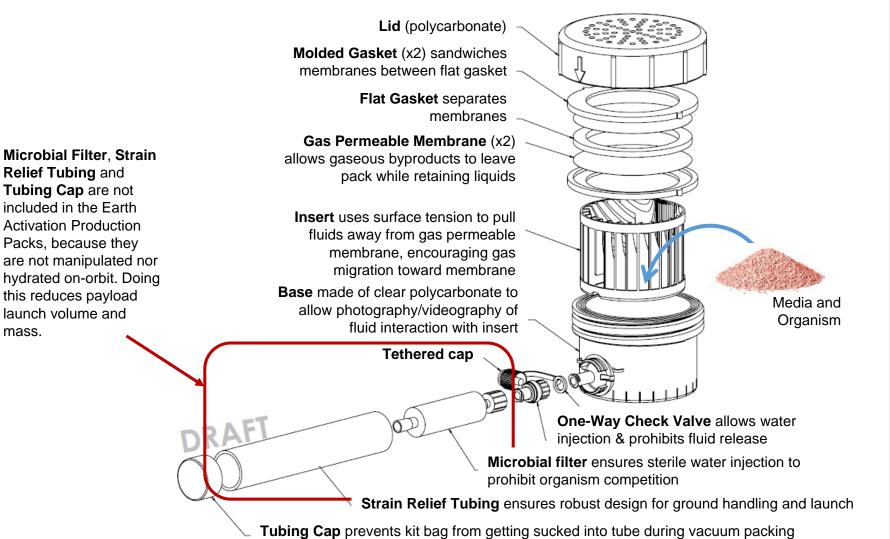


 Stasis Packs – Matrix of various sample types to study changes in organisms and media after exposure to ISS.
 Candidate samples for future BioNutrients payloads. 13 returns from ISS over 5 years, at specific intervals.



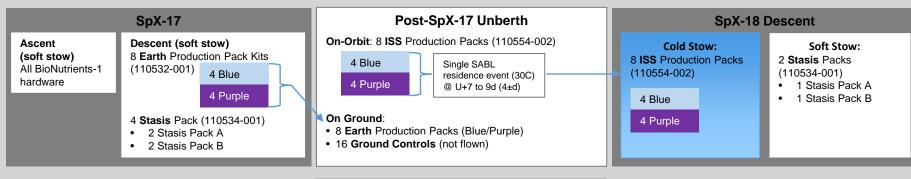


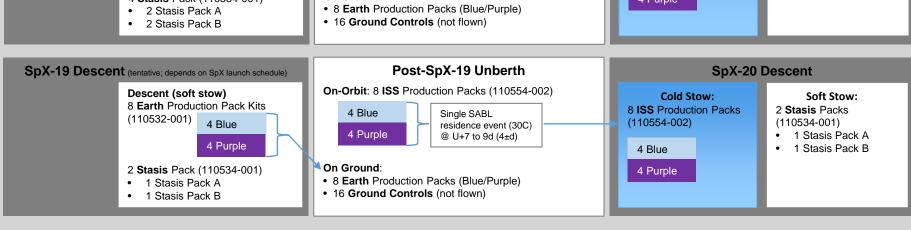
Exploded View of Production Pack





BioNutrients-1 Experiment Schedule

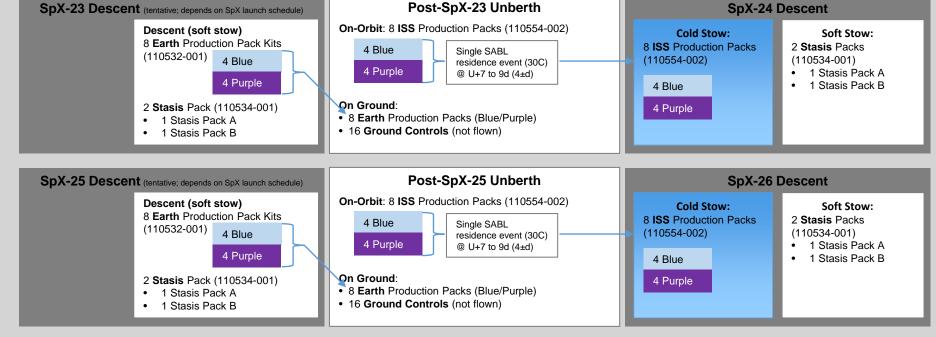


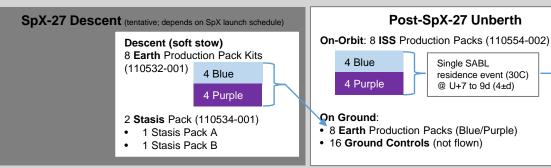


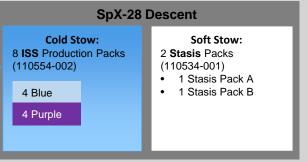




BioNutrients-1 Experiment Schedule









Production Pack Assembly





Configuration Inside SABL





Stasis Pack Kits

Contents, Quantities & Return Timetable

Contents & Number of Vials	1M	4M	8M	12M	16M	20M	24M	30M	36M	42M	48M	54M	60M	Spare	Total
S. Boulardii CAHS +Beta-carotene - dessicated (x4)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	15
S. Boulardii WT -dessicated (x4)															
S. Boulardii CAHS +Beta-carotene															
+trehalose +Skim milk +MSG (x4)															
Y55 spore +encapsulation (x4)															
Y55 WT spore (x4)															
Bacillus subtilis WT (x4)															
Bacillus subtilis Del-SkfA (x4)															
Media only (x4)															

Return events 1-13 for Stasis Samples

A duplicate of the above set of hardware will be built in-parallel with the to-beflown hardware, for execution of near-synchronous ground controls.

Concept of Operations



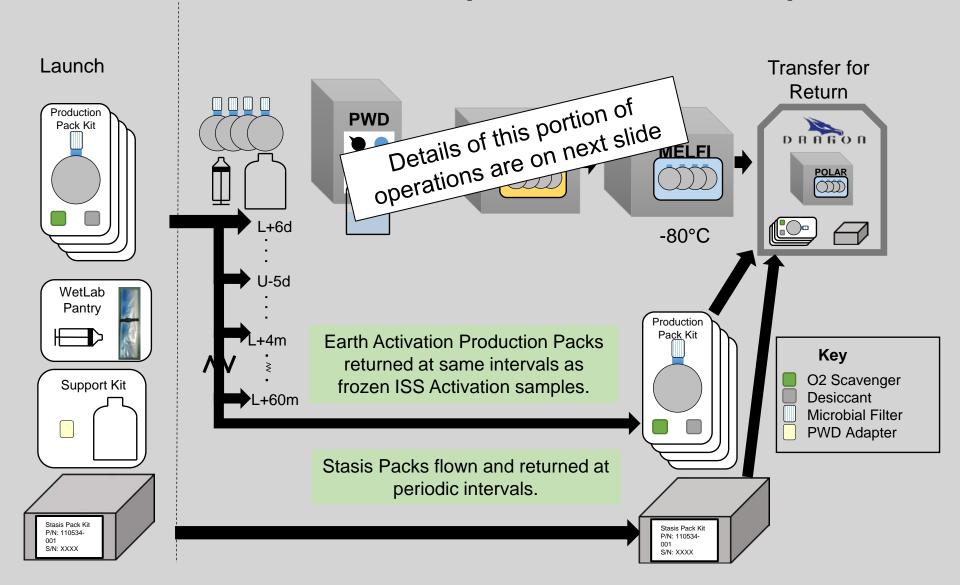
Assumptions and Constraints

Assumptions & constraints bound complexity, schedule, and cost, while enabling features needed for quality science:

- Pre-flight sample and hardware prep occurs at ARC.
- All hardware launched in single launch event.
- Payload launched soft-stowed at ambient temperature.
- Payload launched to ISS in the SpaceX Dragon spacecraft or comparable vehicle
- ISS Activation Samples return in ≤-70°C cold stowage. Earth Activation Samples and Stasis Samples return at ambient temperature.
- Payload returned from ISS in SpaceX Dragon spacecraft.
- Samples are early de-stow items.
- Earth-bound, near-synchronous ground control is conducted by the PI.



Overview of On-Orbit Operations for All Samples





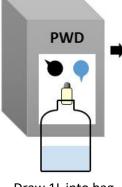
Agitation #2

Production

Pack

ISS Activation Sample On-Orbit Experiment





Draw 1L into bag using PWD adapter and 1L bag provided by JSC EHS group and launched by BioNutrients-1 payload

Water Draw



Use syringe to draw ~50mL water from bag

Syringe for hydration and bitran bag for freezer containment obtained from Wetlab **Pantry**

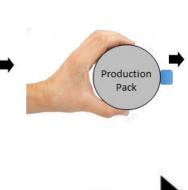


Hydration



Use syringe to inject ~50mL water into production pack. Trash microbial filter.

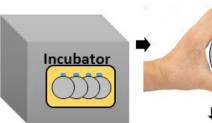
Agitation #1



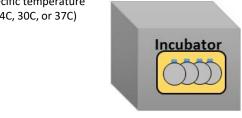
Repeat 8x per run

specific temperature (~24C, 30C, or 37C)

Incubation



Incubation ~6hrs @ specimen-

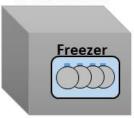


~42hrs @ specimen-specific temp



Preservation

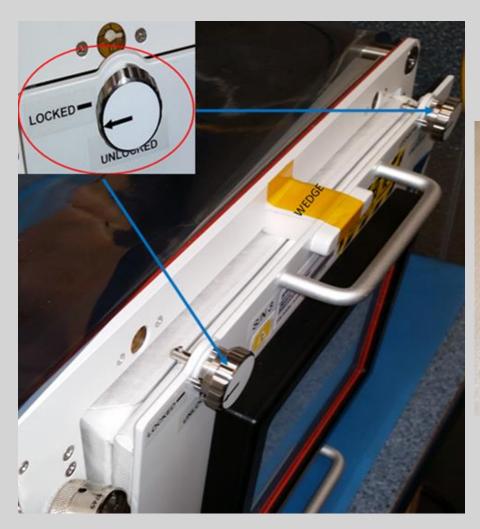
Use bitran bag to contain production pack prior to insertion into MELFI.

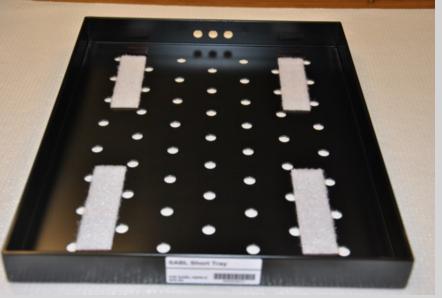


-80°C



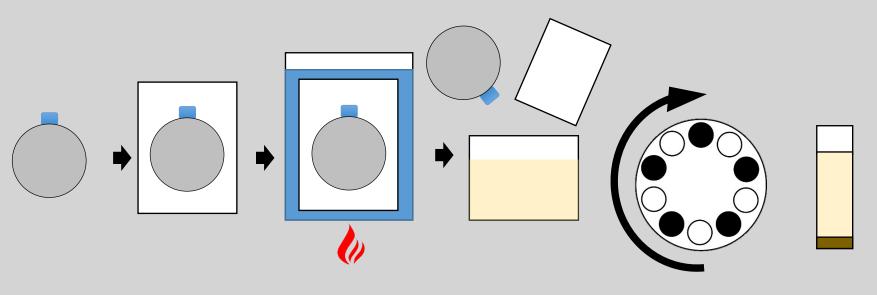
SABL







Post-Flight Sample Processing



- 1. Delivery
- 2. Protection
- 3. Thaw
- 4. Empty and Wash
- 5. Centrifuge
- 6. Analyze

Payload Safety Package Overview and Status



Phase III Safety Review

- Phase III Safety Review held on September 26, 2018
- All hazard reports were approved with minor editorial modifications and some standard open work.
- One Non-Compliance Report (NCR) was approved with modification as Equivalent Safety
 - NCR addresses temporary lack of fault tolerance regarding containment of the Tox 1 oxygen scavenger
 - The Equivalent Safety designation allows the NCR to be approved by the ISS Safety Review Panel and it will not require approval by the ISS Program



Unique Hazard Reports

- Release of Toxicity Hazard Level 1 Material
 - BN1-001, Critical severity
 - The Oxygen Scavenger has been identified as Toxicity Hazard Level
 1 as a potential eye and respiratory irritant
 - Hazard report shows the required two levels of containment (COTS sachet, Kit bag) for almost all operations
 - NCR addresses temporary loss of failure tolerant containment when the Kit bag is opened to retrieve the Production Pack
- Release of Ethanol
 - BN1-002, Critical severity
 - The amount of ethanol produced in the Production Packs each run is considered an ECLSS Level 6 hazard
 - Hazard report shows the required two levels of containment (at least two membranes or seals for any potential release path) at all times following activation



Stowage Overview: SpX-17

Ascent

Return

Soft Stowage

- ISS Activation Production Pack Kit (x40)
 - Each Kit contains two Production Packs, for a total of 80 ISS Activation Production Packs
- Earth Activation Production Pack Kit (x56)
 - Each Kit contains one Production Pack
- Stasis Pack Kit (x15)
 - Each Kit contains 32 sample vials (see slide 9)
- Support Kit (x14)
 - Contains PWD Adapter and Water Bag
 - One Support Kit used to hydrate one set of four ISS Activation Production Packs
 - Trashed onboard after use

Cold Stowage

- ISS Activation Production Pack (x8)
 - -70°C or colder
 - First two sets (L+6d and L+25d)
 - Each Production Pack will be individually bagged in a Bitran bag
 - Early retrieval at Long Beach

Soft Stowage

- Earth Activation Production Pack (x8)
 - First two sets (different organisms)
 - Early retrieval at Long Beach
- Stasis Pack Kit (x1)
 - Return event #1
 - Early retrieval at Long Beach



Stowage Overview: Return on SpX-18 and Subsequent

Cold Stowage

- ISS Activation Production Pack (x4)
 - -70°C or colder
 - Depending on vehicle traffic, may be multiple sets on one vehicle
 - Each Production Pack will be individually bagged in a Ziploc bag
 - Early retrieval at Long Beach

Soft Stowage

- Earth Activation Production Pack (x4)
 - Depending on vehicle traffic, may be multiple sets on one vehicle
 - Early retrieval at Long Beach
- Stasis Pack Kit (x1)
 - Early retrieval at Long Beach

