The South/Southeast Asia Research Initiative (SARI) Priorities and Progress

Krishna Prasad Vadrevu NASA Marshall Space Flight Center













Presentation topics

• Background to the SARI initiative

Meeting Objectives



How it started - strong interest in a SARI from local scientists



Jan-10-13th, 2013-Regional Science Meeting, Coimbatore

Total participants =120

US – 18 researchers

Nepal-3; Srilanka-2; Myanmar-1; Afghanistan, Myanmar, Bangladesh-1 each Pakistan, China invited but could not attend – Visa issues

India - University Researchers, Government, Non-Government, NGO's



Meeting Summary-Need for SARI NASA The Earth Observer

The Farth Observer

March - April 2013

Volume 25, Issue 2

Summary of the 2013 NASA Land Cover/Land Use Change Regional Science Meeting, South India Krishna Prasad Vadrevu, University of Maryland, College Park, krishna@hermes.geog.umd.edu

Chris Justice, University of Maryland, College Park, justice@hermes.geog.umd.edu Prasad Thenkabail, United States Geological Survey, pthenkabail@usgs.gov Garik Gutman, NASA Headquarters, ggutman@nasa.gov

meeting/workshop summaries

The 2013 NASA Land Cover/Land Use Change (LCLUC) Regional Science Meeting was held in South India and had three components

- · a focused workshop on water resources at the Centre for Water Resources Development and Management (CWRDM), held in Kozhikode, Kerala in India, from January 7-8, and a Land Use (LU) Transect Study from Kozhikode, Kerala, to Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu, in India¹, on January 9;
- a NASA international regional meeting, held January 10-13, at Karunya University in Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu; and
- · a training workshop titled Remote Sensing and Geospatial Technologies for Land Cover and Land Use Change Studies and Applications, held January 14 at Karunya University.

The goal of the meeting was to discuss land cover/land use change (LCLUC) issues and impacts in the South Asia region. The meeting was organized around eight technical sessions:

- 1. Agricultural land-use change;
- 2. LCLUC-related Earth observations (missions, data, and products):
- 3. Atmosphere/land-use interactions (aerosols, greenhouse gases);

1 Kerala and Tamil Nadu are two of the 28 states in India

4. LCLUC and the carbon cycle;

- 5. Forests and LCLUC in mountainous areas;
- 6. Coastal zones and water resources;
- 7. Urban LCLUC: and
- 8. Working towards a Regional Global Observation for Forest and Land Cover Dynamics (GOFC-GOLD) South Asia Regional Information Network (SARIN) (including prospects, opportunities, and challenges).

The meeting was a joint effort of the NASA LCLUC Program; GOFC-GOLD Program; International System for Analysis Research and Training (START) Program; Monsoon Asia Integrated Regional Studies Program (MAIRS); University of Maryland College Park (UMD); Centre for Water Resources Development and Management (CWRDM) in Kozhikode, Kerala; and Karunya University, in Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.

NASA LCLUC Workshop on Water Resources and Land Use Transect

Thirty top-level delegates from different institutes and universities in India attended the meeting in addition to twelve researchers from the U.S. Narasimha Prasad [CWRDM], welcomed the participants and highlighted the CWRDM water research activities.

After the welcome, Garik Gutman [NASA Headquarters] addressed the workshop's participants, presenting an overview of LCLUC issues in South Asia, with focus on agricultural land-cover conversion



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neeting/workshop

On January 9, participants departed for a Land Use Transect Study from Kozhikode, Kerala, to Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu, involving local scientists. The processes of urban expansion and forest degradation were quite evident during the transect study. During the transect, the participants observed forest fires in the mountains, 50 km (~31 mi) away from Coimbatore.







being converted to urban areas and/or left aban-· This paddy conversion is complex, and crosses economic, ecological, sociocultural, structural, and

class dimensions

. The most important LCLUC issue impacting agri-

culture in south India is paddy fields (wetlands)

doned, with the attendant deficit in rice production.

- · Economic return from paddy cultivation does not tend to encourage conservation—due to labor costs.
- · At present, land is seen only as real estate needed for residence status, and is the safest and best investment to maximize profits.
- · Coconut farming is shrinking due to the unavailability of skilled labor.
- · Pollution and sedimentation from anthropogenia activities seriously affects aquatic systems/wetlands in South India. This requires more-stringent regulations and greater wetland protection.
- · The roles of coastal vegetation and mangroves in protecting lives and property require more research to address contamination-possibly due to saline water intrusion, likely from inadequate drainage systems and poor maintenance of the well surroundings.

The CWRDM arranged several field visits to highlight local LCLUC issues and responses, including urban green park and wetlands conservation, mangrove conservation, and coastal and riparian land use management.



Smoke from forest fires, Palakkad, Western Ghats. Kerala.

March/April 2013



SARI - Goal

To develop an innovative research, education, and capacity building program involving state-of-the-art remote sensing, natural sciences, engineering and social sciences to enrich LCLUC science in South/Southeast Asia.

Thanks to the Vision of Garik, Chris and SARI core team members.



NASA ROSES Ongoing SARI Projects - 2016-Current

- Assessing the Impacts of Dams on the Dynamic Interactions Among Distant Wetlands, Land Use, and Rural Communities in the Lower Mekong River Basin
- Land Use Status, Change and Impacts in Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos
- Land-Cover/Land-Use Change in Southern Vietnam Through the Lenses of Conflict, Religion, and Politics, 1980s to Present
- A Cobra in the Forest? Quantifying the Impact of Perverse Incentives from Indonesia's Deforestation Moratorium, 2011 to 2016
- The Agrarian Transition in Mainland Southeast Asia: Changes in Rice Farming 1995 to 2018
- Agricultural Land Use Change in Central and Northeast Thailand: Effects on Biomass Emissions, Soil Quality, and Rural Livelihoods
- Spatiotemporal Drivers of Fine-Scale Forest Plantation Establishment in Village-Based Economies of Andhra Pradesh
- Consequences of Changing Mangrove Forests in South Asia on the Provision of Global Ecosystem Goods and Services
- Landscapes In Flux: The Influence of Demographic Change and Institutional Mechanisms on Land Cover Change, Climate Adaptability and Food Security in Rural India
- Urban Growth, Land-Use Change, and Growing Vulnerability in the Greater Himalaya Mountain Range Across India, Nepal, and Bhutan
- Understanding the Role of Land Cover/Land Use Nexus in Malaria Transmission Under Changing Socio-Economic Climate in Myanmar
- Complex Forest Landscapes and Sociopolitical Drivers of Deforestation The Interplay of Land-use Policies, Armed Conflict, and Human Displacement in Myanmar
- The Future of Food Security in India: Can Farmers Adapt to Environmental Change?
- Impacts of Afforestation on Sustainable Livelihoods in Rural Communities in India
- Understanding Changes in Agricultural Land Use and Land Cover in the Breadbasket Area of the Ganges Basin 2000-2015: A Socioeconomic-Ecological Analysis
- Tropical Deciduous Forests of South Asia: Monitoring Degradation and Assessing Impacts of Urbanization
- The Global Land Rush: A Socio-Environmental Synthesis



Background to LCLUC in the Region

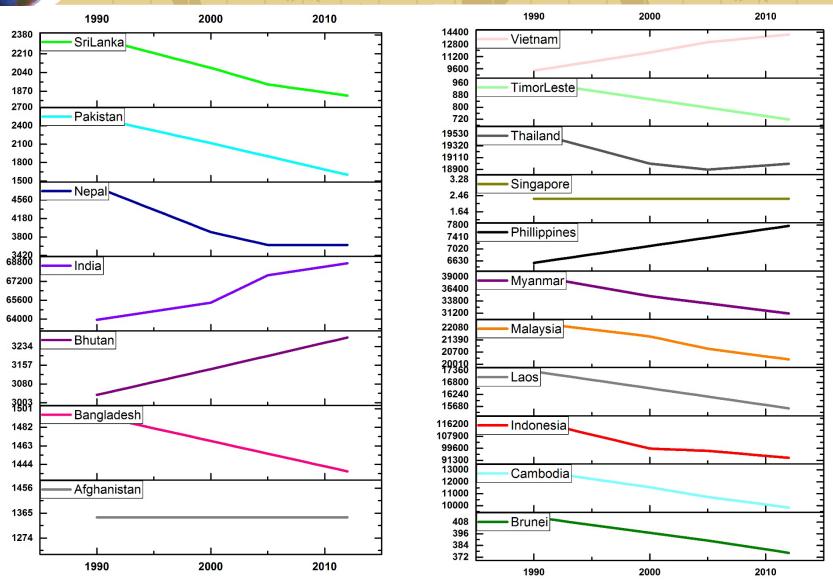


Background to the LCLUC

- In Asia, there is an increasing concern that <u>Land</u> <u>Cover/Land Use Changes (LC/LUC)</u> have been increasing due to population growth, urbanization, deforestation, agricultural intensification, etc.
- Recent LCLUC suggests significant decrease in Agricultural lands raising questions on Food Security.
- Agricultural LCLUC are closely tied to Water and Energy related issues including Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.



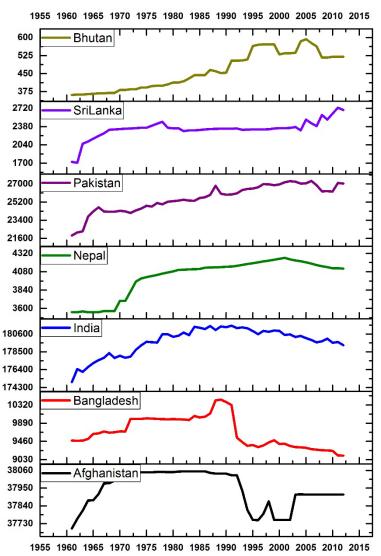
Forest Area in South/SE Asia

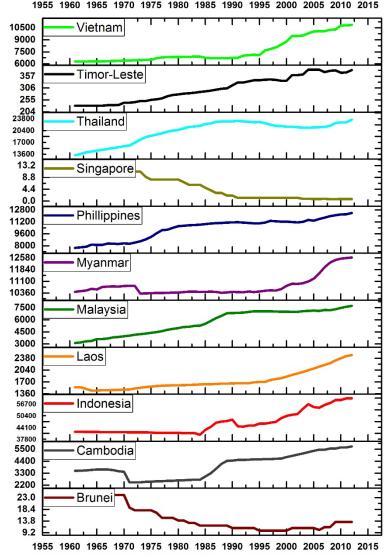


Significant decrease in Forest Area (x 1000ha) in Several South and Southeast Asian Countries



Agricultural land use in South/SE Asia



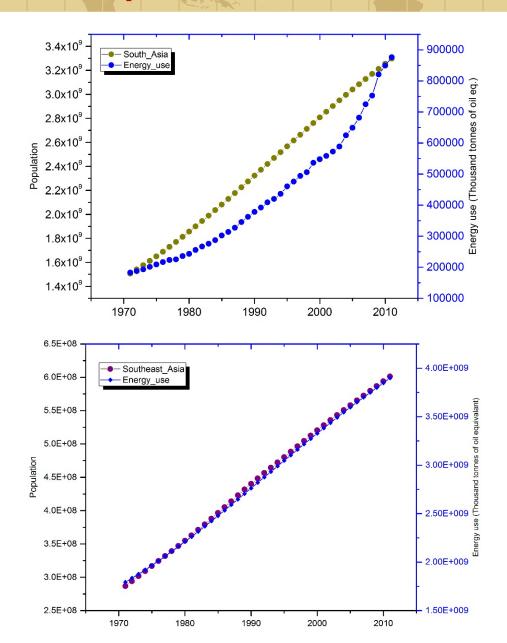


Significant increase in Agricultural Land Area (x 1000ha) in Several South and Southeast Asian Countries

*Drivers and impacts poorly understood! Vadrevu et al., ERL, (12) 120201 Data Source: FAO, 2015



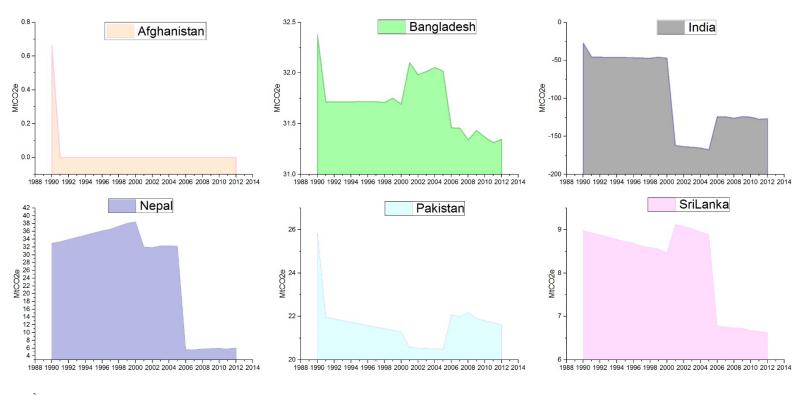
Population and Energy Use

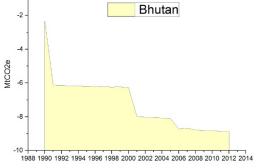


Data source: FAO.org (public domain)



GHG emissions from LUCF in South Asia

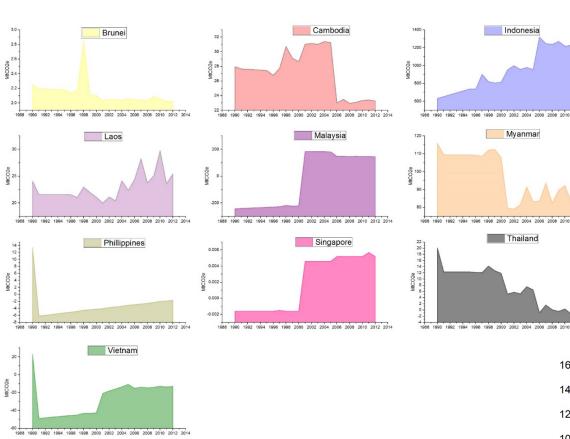




GHG emissions from LUCF sector seems decreasing significantly in South Asia

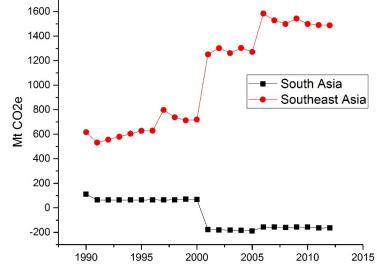


GHG emissions from LUCF in Southeast Asia



GHG emissions from LUCF sector seems decreasing in Southeast Asia too, however, not rapidly as in South Asia

Some of the drivers to be discussed in the workshop





SARI Focus and Priorities

Agriculture and Water Resources are very important topics of SARI

SARI Focuses on building research collaborations between the US and regional scientists

Meetings/Workshops help in identifying Needs and Priorities for the region (NASA LCLUC calls)

Training events are integral to SARI (eg: 3-day training after the meeting)



SARI Research Needs and Priorities – Meetings/Workshops Funded by International/Regional partners

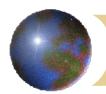












2017 LCLUC SARI Meeting - Chiang Mai, Thailand



165 participants – 22 countries representation 3-day meeting + 3-day training

Collaborations are the Key Chiang Mai Meeting Facilitated by 20-Different Organizations

National Astronomical Research Institute of Thailand
Chiang Mai University

Sponsors and Partners











































Philippines meeting



University of Philippines Institute of Environmental Science and Meteorology



Sponsors and Partners



































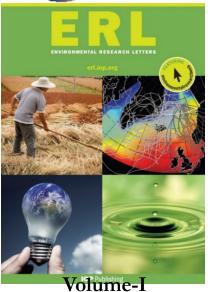
SARI Focused Thematic Meeting – Agriculture - New Delhi, India, May, 2017

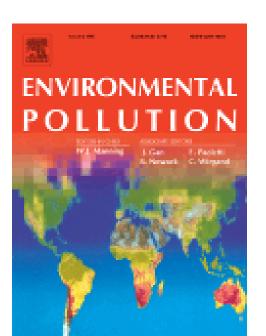


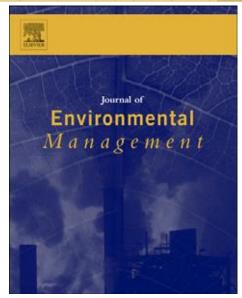
- -Total Meeting Participants = 84
- -Meeting Outputs IJRS Special Issue
- -ISRO + Regional scientists involvement



For SARI - Research Outputs are Priority!









springer.com



Land-Atmospheric Interactions in Asia Book Series: Springer Remote Sensing/Photogrammetry Editors: Krishna Prasad Vadrevu, Toshimasa Ohara, Chris Justice

Forthcomina, Summer 2016

►Maximizes reader insights into the quantification of land cover/land use changes (LCLUC) and greenhouse gas emissions in Asia. Focuses on large spatial scales integrating satellite remote sensing and

►Broadens understanding on integrated approaches combining top-down and bottom up methodologies including modeling for characterizing ECLUC

Explores the causative factors and impacts of LCLUC and emissions due to

In Asia, high population growth together with rapid economic development are causing immense pressure to convert land from natural and agricultural areas to residential and urban uses with significant impact on emissions and cosystem services. This edited valume sheds new light on the causative factors and impacts of LCLUC on the greenhouse gas (GHG) and aerosols in Asia. The volume will also focus on the use of remote sensing, geospatial

echnologies, and integrated approaches to characterize LCLUC and Articles are invited from international researchers working on remote

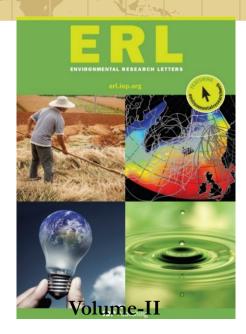
sensing of LCLUC, fires, GHG emission inventories, aerosols, and land-atmospheric interactions in Asia.

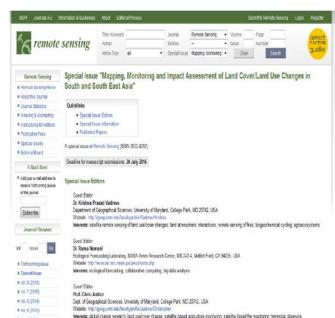
Submission Deadline: December 31st, 2015 Email: krisvkp@umd.edu

Dr. Krishna Prasad Vadrevu (<u>krisvkp@umd.edu</u>), Associate Research Professor, Department of Geographical Sciences, University of Moryland, College Park, USA.

Dr. Toshimasa Ohara (tohara@nies.go.jp), Researcher, National Institute of Environmental Studies (NIFS), Image Dr. Chris Justice (ciustice @umd.edu), Head, Department of Geographical Sciences, University of Maryland, College Park, USA.







Book Published (2018)

Springer Remote Sensing/Photogrammetry

Krishna Prasad Vadrevu Toshimasa Ohara Chris Justice *Editors*

Land-Atmospheric Research Applications in South and Southeast Asia 30 Chapters
101 (authors +
co-authors)
732 pages

2-other books in progress:

-Biomass burning in Asia (CRC Press – 2 Volumes, 2019)

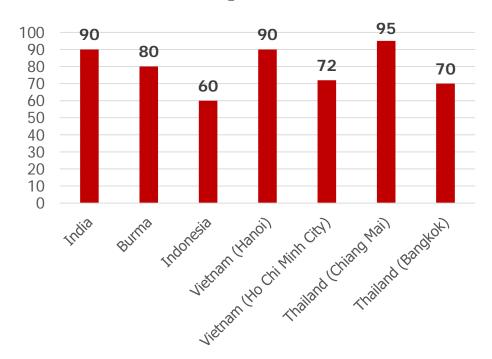
-Remote sensing of Agriculture in Asia - Springer (2019)





Training Events -Early Career Researchers

Total Participants = 557





Promoting Open Source Tools and Cloud Computing Platforms (Ex: GEE)

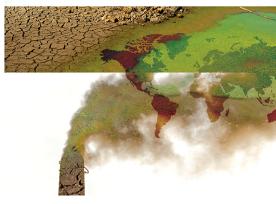
Training participants for this meeting: 130



3-Different Outputs of the Recent Meeting

Journal Special Issue





Journal Special Issue





An Open Access Journal by MDPI

Land Cover/Land Use Change (LC/LUC) - Causes, Consequences and **Environmental Impacts in South/Southeast Asia**

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Deadline for manuscript submissions 1 March 2019

Message from the Guest Editors

The current Special Issue invites articles on the use of remote sensing and geospatial technologies focusing on South/Southeast Asia in the in the following LUCC areas:

- Use of remote sensing data for LUCC mapping/monitoring, quantifying the causes/consequences including impact assessment studies integrating both biophysical and social datasets;
- · Remote sensing of forest cover changes and impacts on biogeochemical cycling;
- · Agricultural monitoring and land use change mapping including remote sensing of crop production, farming practices and impacts on water/energy balance, et al:
- LUCC, urbanization and associated impacts (urban climate, air and
- LUCC, fires, biomass burning and pollution impacts;
- Integrating remote sensing data for emission inventories linking bottom-up and top-down approaches
- · Mapping and monitoring of land management practices, disturbances, and interactions;
- Detecting long-term trends in LUCC and impacts on hydrological variables, such as runoff, ET, and soil moisture:
- Spatio-temporal data mining, modeling, and analysis for LUCC data and impact assessment studies:
- New tools and methods for LUCC data generation and dissemination.

2-Volume Book



Biomass Burning in South/Southeast Asia - Volume-1 Inventory, Mapping and Monitoring

Biomass Burning in South/Southeast Asia – Volume-2 Impacts on **Biosphere**

Guest Editors

Dr. Krishna Vadrevu (NASA) Dr. Toshimasa Ohara (NIES)

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Book Editors

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SARI forthcoming meetings (2018-2019)

- 2018 Forest cover mapping and monitoring in South Asian Countries, Nepal
 - Meeting: November, 2018
 - Training: TBD
- 2019 Agriculture Focus SARI + EOFSAC + India-Ministry of Agriculture collaboration, India
 - Meeting: February, 2019
 - Training: TBD
- 2019 SARI LCLUC all-hands, Bangkok, Thailand
 - Meeting (TBD)
 - Training (TBD)