



2019 CNES International Conjunction Assessment Workshop

Solar Cycle Effects on Earth Observing System (EOS) Operational Collision Avoidance Activities

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Topics



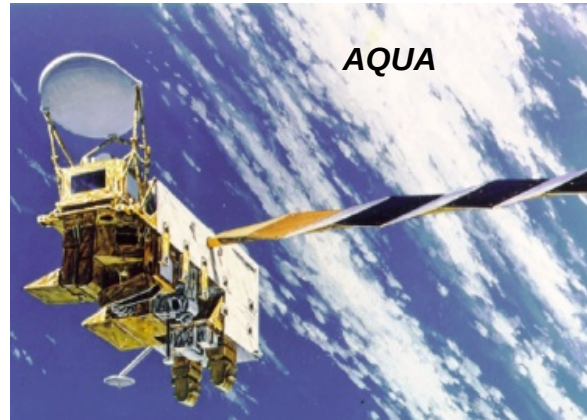
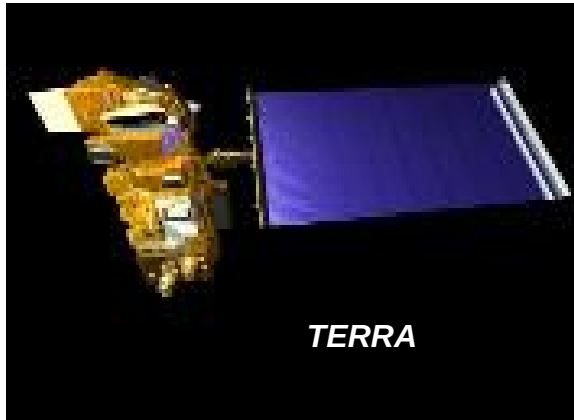
- **Earth Observing System (EOS)**
- **International Earth Science Constellation (ESC)**
- **Solar Cycle Background, History and Predictions**
- **EOS Experience with High Interest Events (HIEs) during periods of Solar and Geomagnetic Activity**
- **EOS High-Interest Events (HIEs) Statistics**
- **Observations and Challenges**
- **Questions**



EOS/ESC Background



NASA's Earth Observing System (EOS)



As of 6/26/2019	Terra	Aqua	Aura
Launch Date	12/18/1999	5/4/2002	7/15/2004
Current Orbit #	103,832	91,193	79,499
Duration	19y 6m 8d	17y 1m 23d	14y 11m 12d
HIEs	176	226	241
DAMs	16	11	10

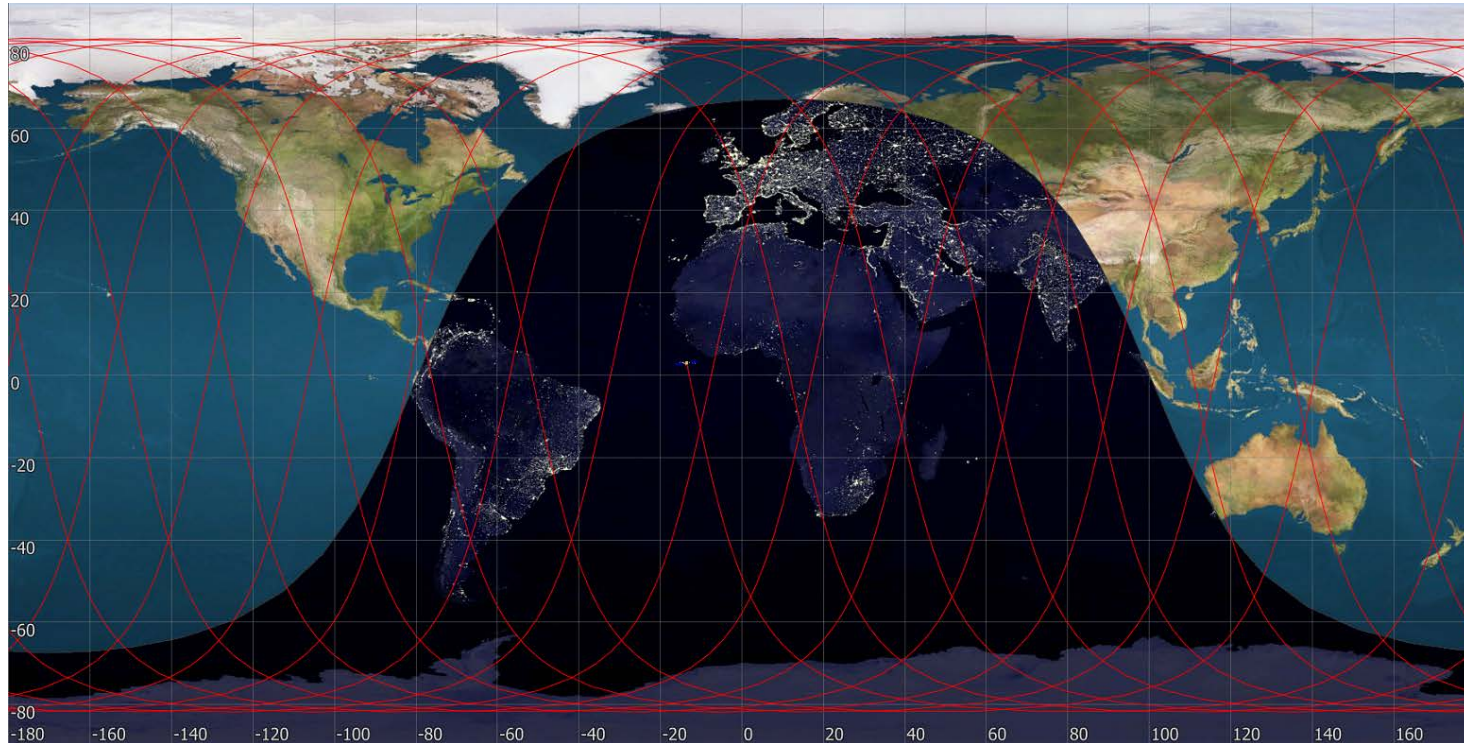
Combined 51+ years of orbital debris collision-free safe operations



EOS Mission Orbit Constraints

(16-day, 233-orbit Repeat Cycle)

Source: EOS Flight Dynamics, 2016



- Flying at 705km sun-synchronous orbit provides the benefit of repeating the same exact ground track every 16 days
- Both the **Altitude** and **Mean Local Time (MLT)/Inclination** have to be controlled to achieve this benefit



Spacecraft Design/Constraints

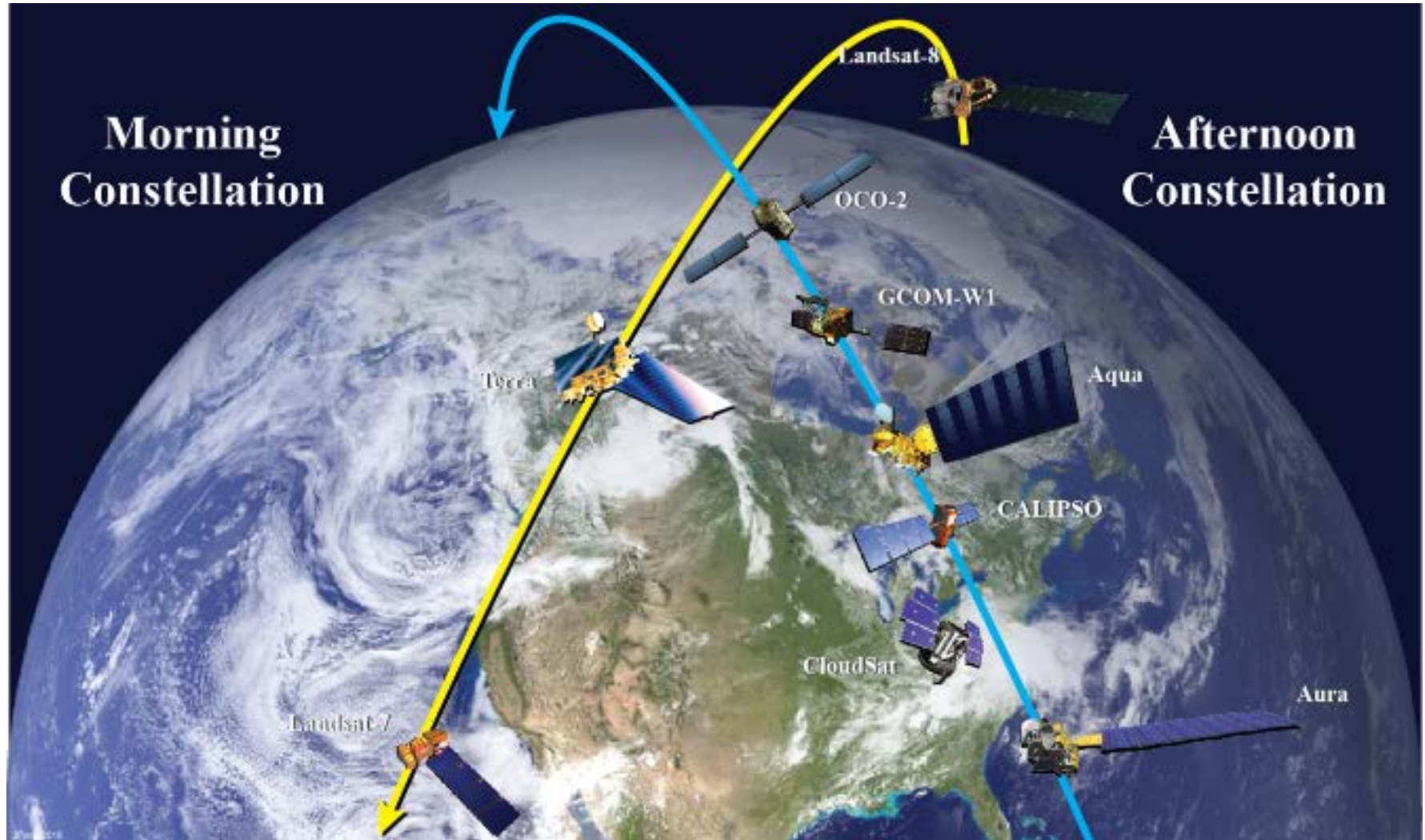


- EOS Missions fly in repeat ground track orbits at 705km
- Spacecraft designed to perform Drag Make-Up (DMU) and Inclination Adjust Maneuvers (IAMs)
 - Retrograde capability not part of nominal maneuver set
- Drag Make-Up Maneuvers therefore used as Debris Avoidance Maneuver (DAM) to mitigate collision risk
 - Raise altitude (can only go up, one direction)
- Differences in DMU & DAM concepts are significant

	DMU	DAM
Purpose	Maintain Orbit Altitude	Avoid Debris
Notification Time	Several Weeks	Few Days or Less
Ops Mentality	Routine, Methodical	Urgent, Quick Turnaround
Contingency Action	Reschedule	Health & Safety Concern
Burn Duration	Well Defined	Variable
Burn Options	One	Multiple
Execution Time	Day Shift Only, M-F	Anytime, Any Day



International Earth Science Constellations



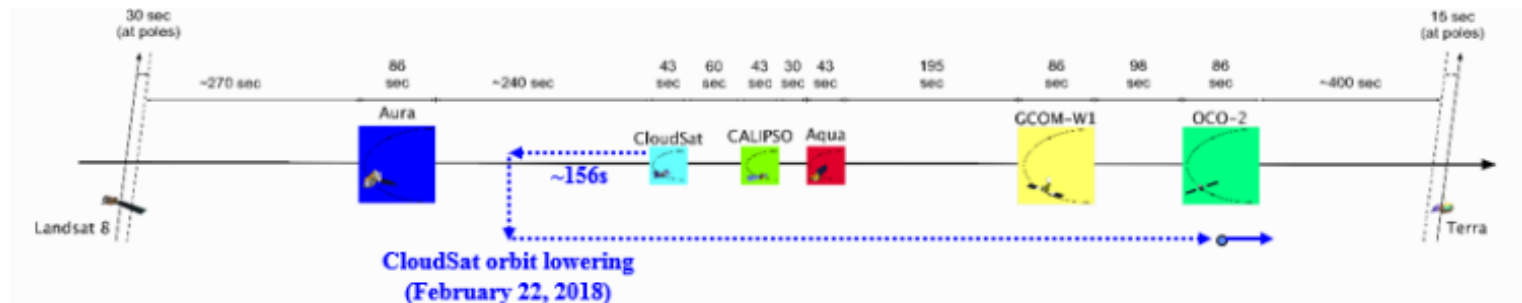


EOS Mission Orbit Constraints

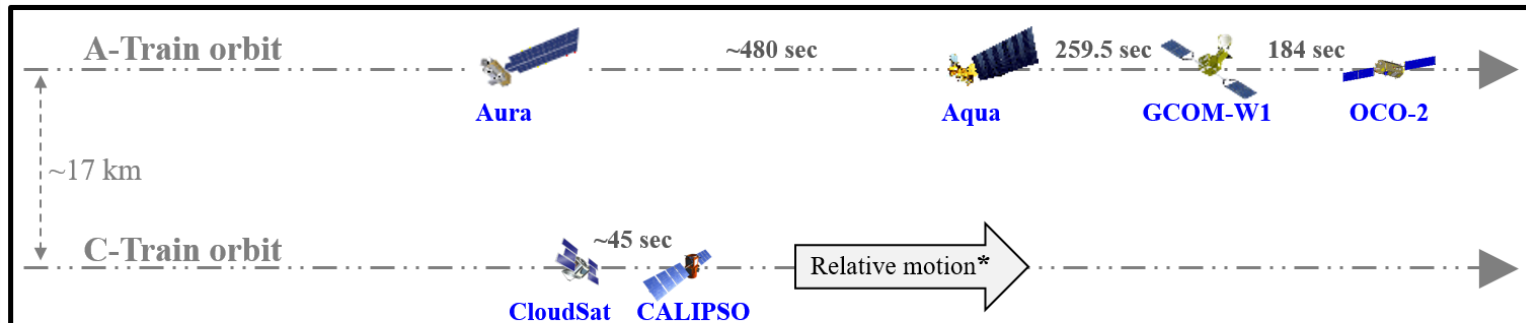
(Afternoon Constellation (aka “A-Train”) view)



- EOS Missions fly in 705 km, polar sun-synchronous orbits at 98.2° Inclination with 16-day, 233-revolutions repeat cycle
- Mission Science goals dictate orbital maintenance requirements including **ground track error** (GTE) and **mean local time** (MLT) of the node crossings
- EOS Missions fly in constellations, therefore must fly inside their **control box** (orbital safety & science)



A-Train and C-Train Relationship



*CALIPSO and CloudSat will pass underneath the A-Train every ~20 days



Solar Cycle Background and History

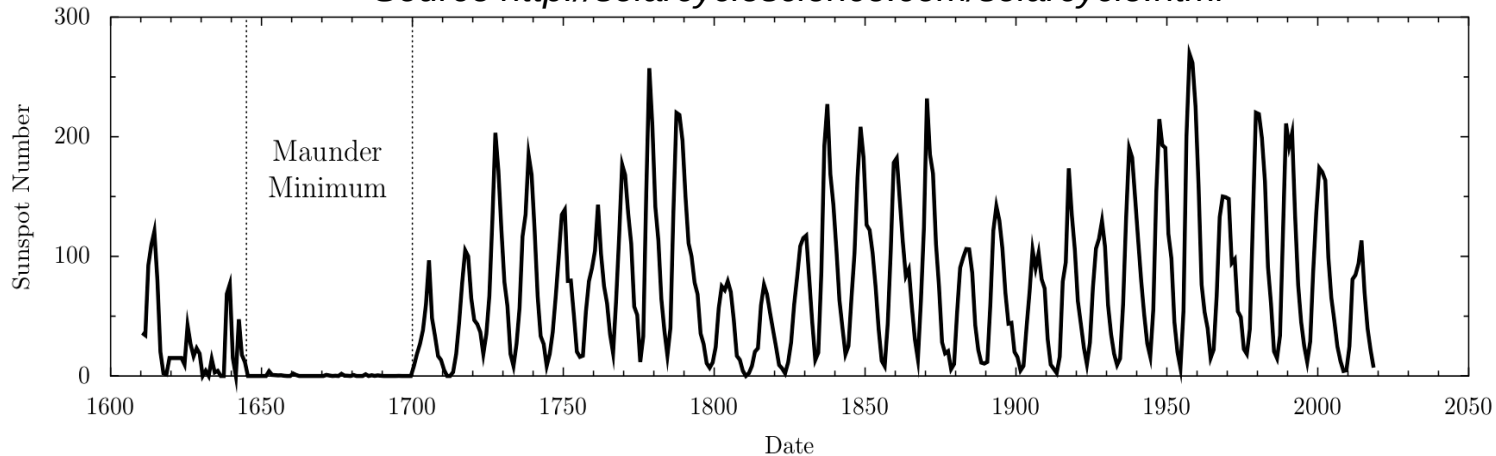


Solar Cycle

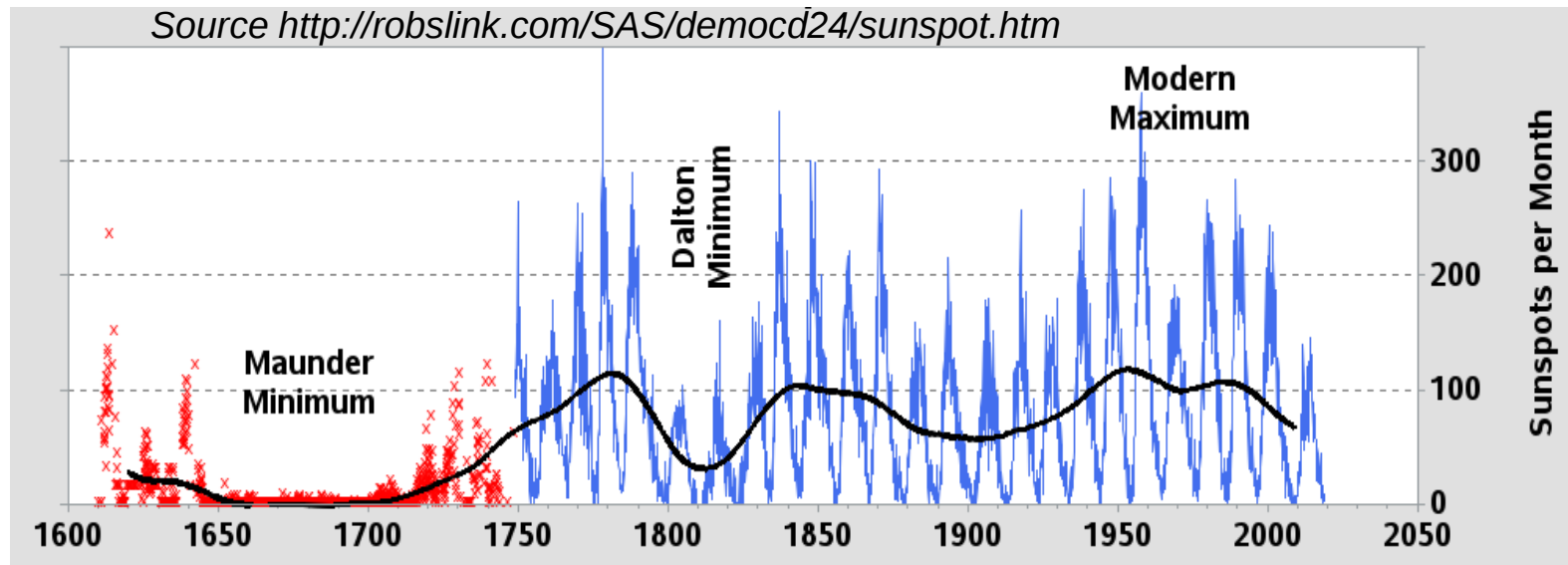
400 Years of Sunspot Observations



Source <http://solarcyclescience.com/solarcycle.html>



Source <http://robslink.com/SAS/democd24/sunspot.htm>

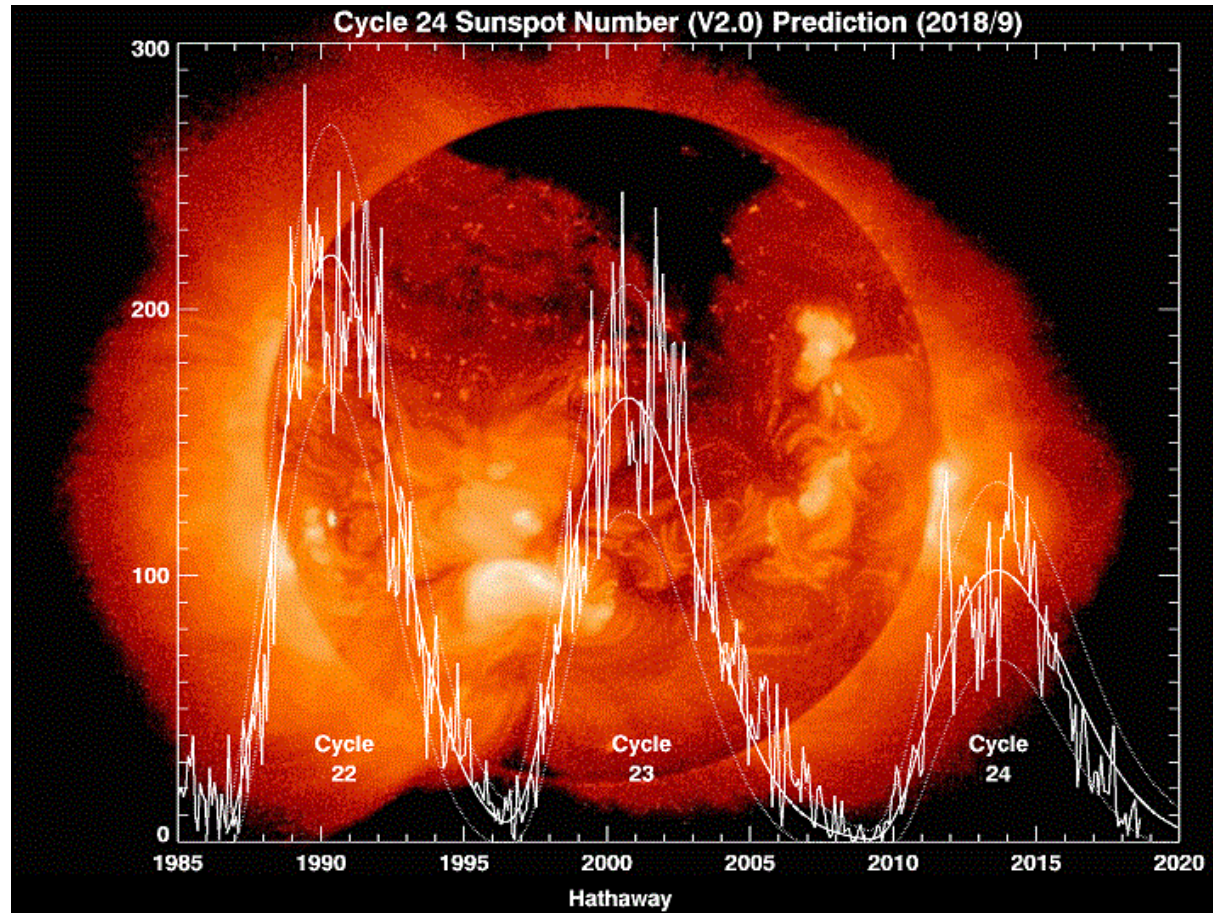




Solar Cycles 22-24

Sunspot Numbers (SSN)

Source <http://solarcyclescience.com/solarcycle.html>



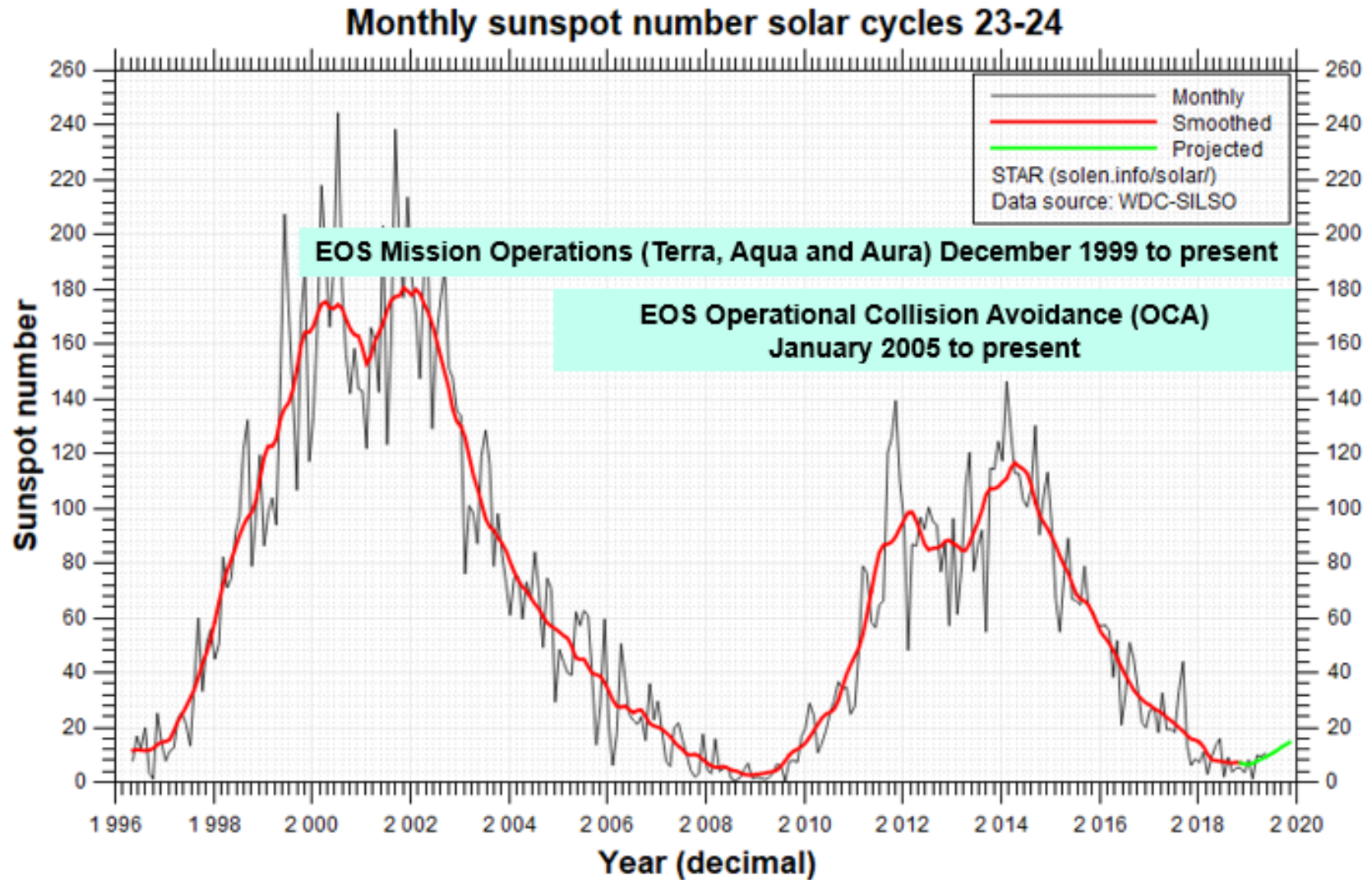
CREDIT: This website was developed and is maintained by two solar physicists: Dr. Lisa Upton and Dr. David Hathaway. Solar Image: Yohkoh/SXT 8 May 1992



Solar Cycles 23-24

F10.7cm Radio Flux

Source http://www.solen.info/solar/images/cycles23_24.png

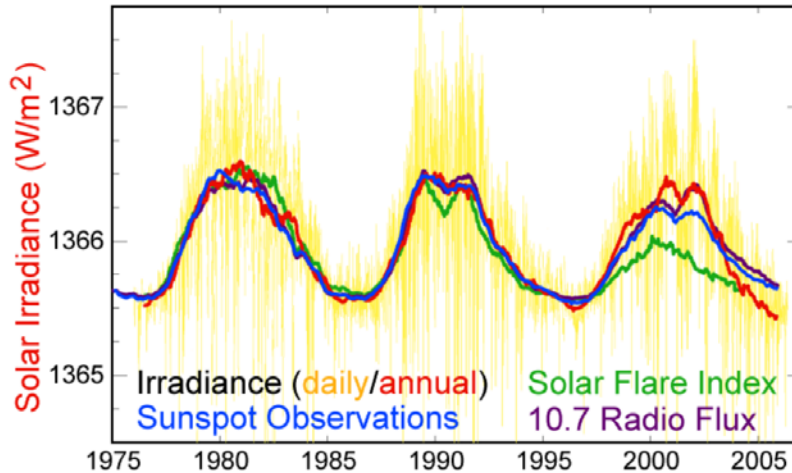




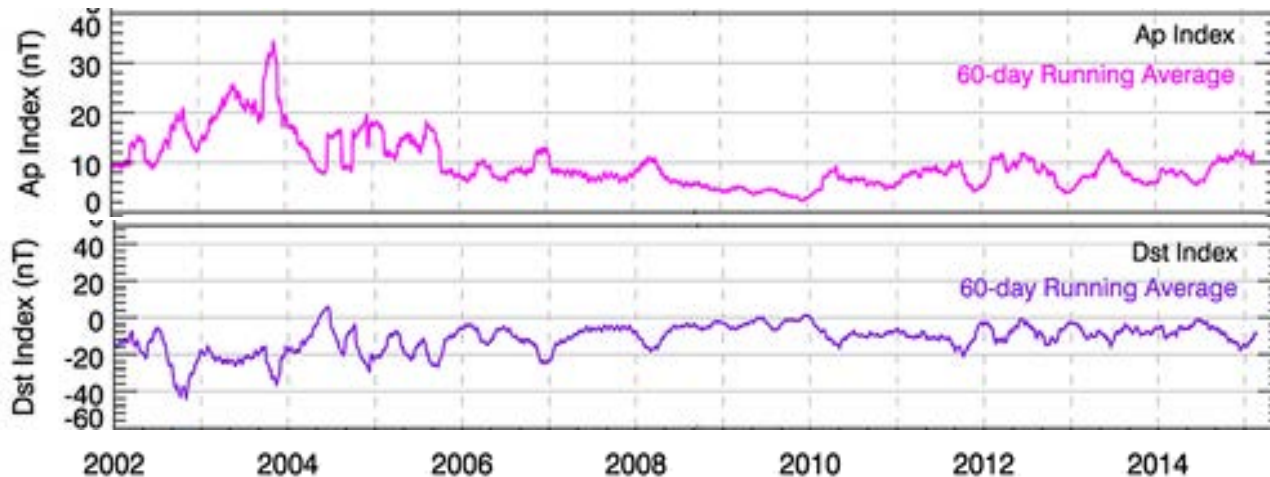
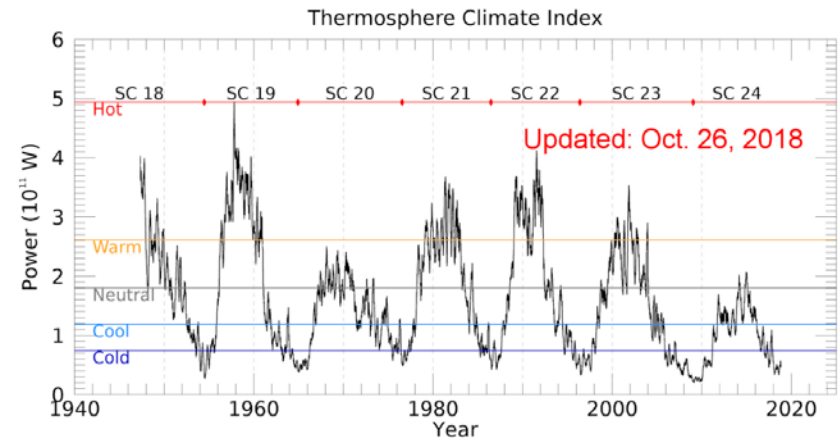
Some Other Solar Cycle Representations



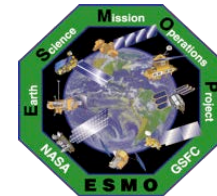
Source https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solar_cycle



Source http://spaceweather.com/images2018/26oct18/TCI_Daily_NO_Power_Percentiles_26oct18.jpg?PHPSESSID=gc33gjo9euvar464fvdtp4i5q0



Source: A combined solar and geomagnetic index for thermospheric climate,
Volume: 42, Issue: 10, Pages: 3677-3682, First published: 29 April 2015, DOI: (10.1002/2015GL064038)

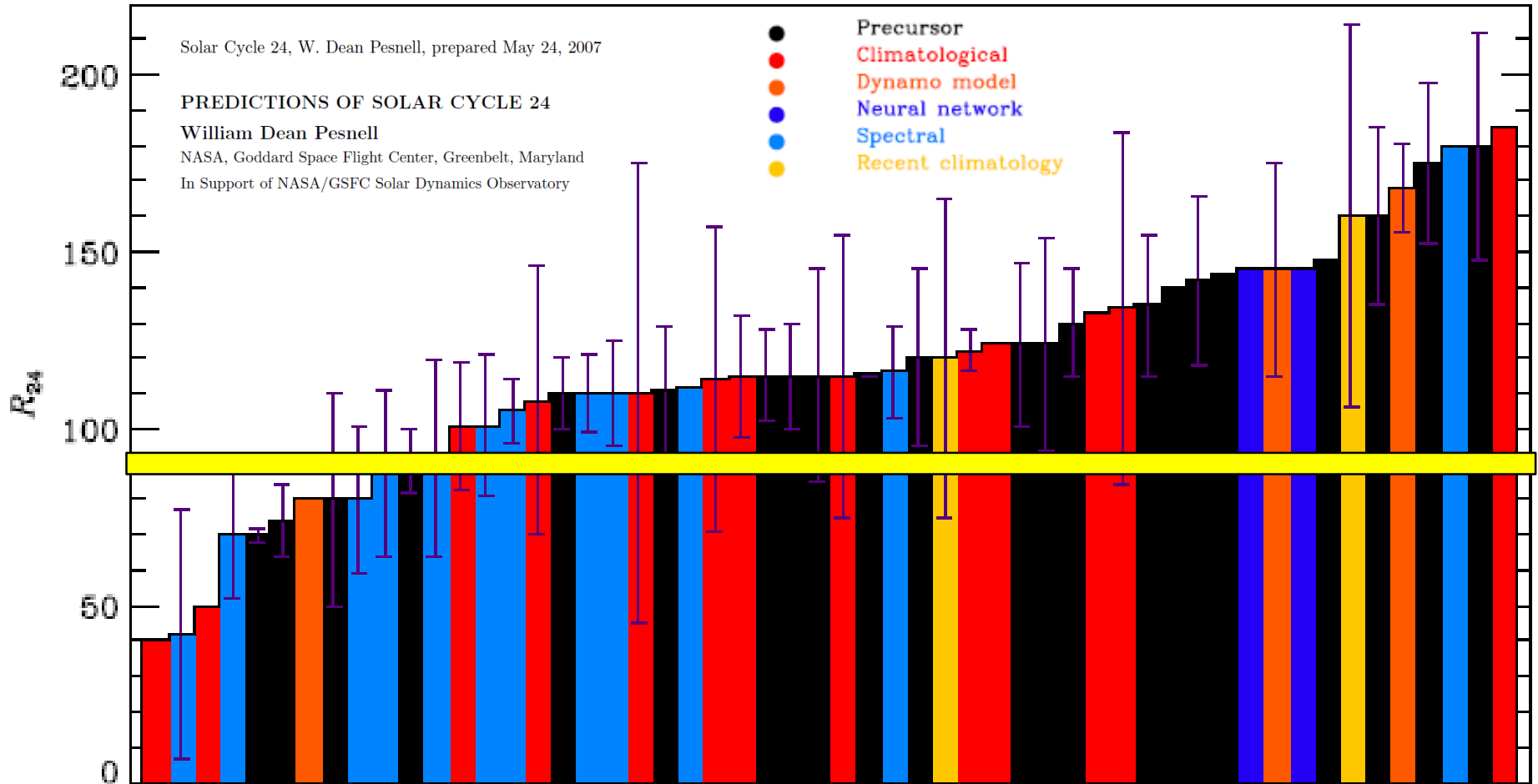


Solar Cycle Predictions



Solar Cycle #24 (2009 – 2019)

Here's what was predicted in 2008



Source: NOAA/SWPC Space Weather Workshop 2014 Biesecker SolarCycle24

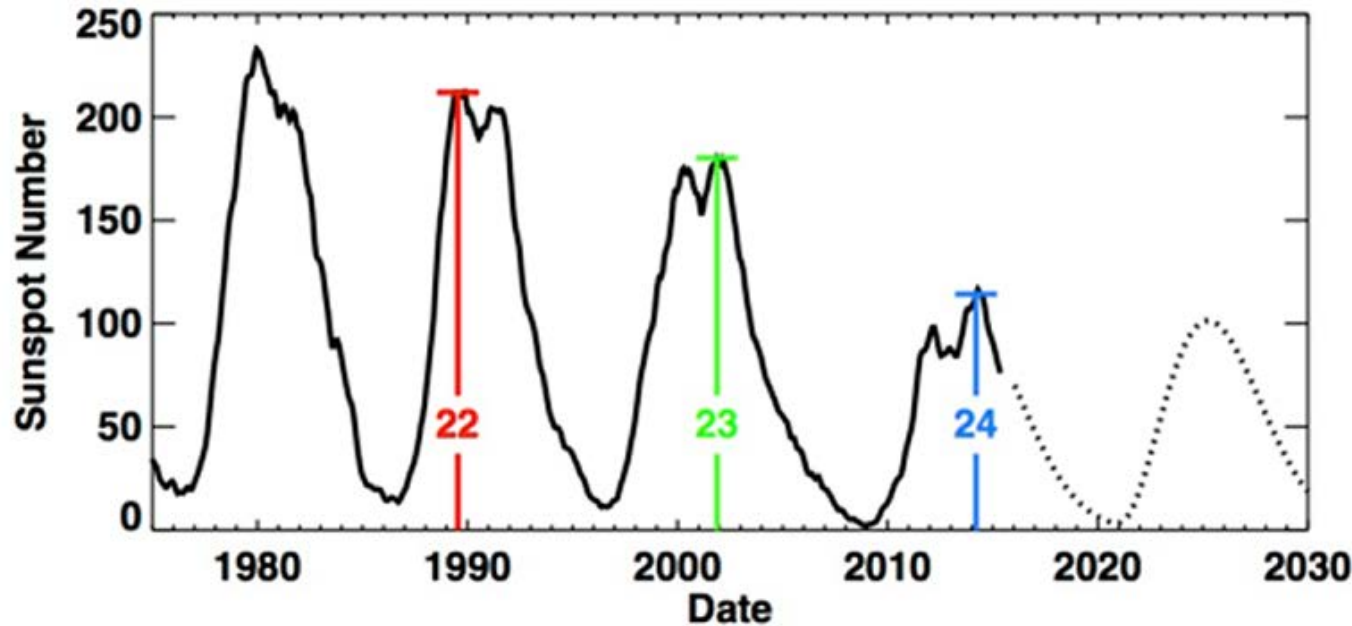


Solar Cycle #25 Prediction

(November 2016)



Source <http://solarcyclescience.com/solarcycle.html>



Cycle 25 will be similar or slightly smaller than Cycle 24.

Cycle 25 will start late with deep extended minima.

Extended minimum for the Cycle 24/25 with minimum in 2020.

Reference: David H. Hathaway and Lisa A. Upton

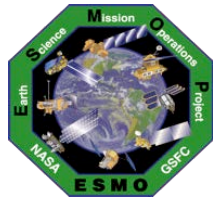
“Predicting the amplitude and hemispheric asymmetry of solar cycle 25 with surface flux transport”

Journal of Geophysical Research: Space Physics, Volume 121, Issue 11, pp. 10,744-10,753 “



NOAA

Space Weather Prediction Center



Space Weather Workshop

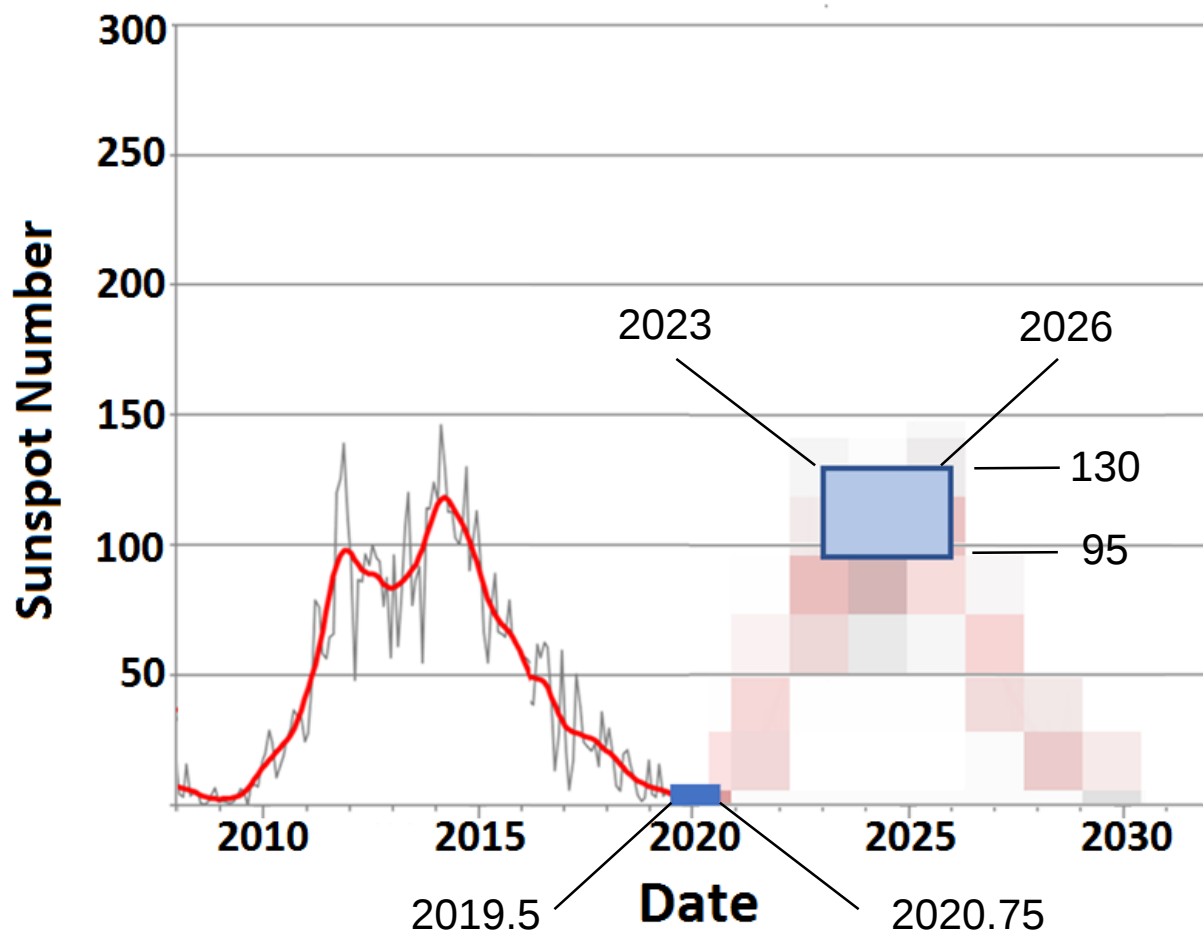
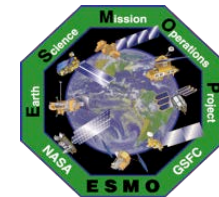
**The Meeting of Science,
Research, Applications,
Operations, and Users**

April 1-5, 2019 • Boulder, CO



Solar Cycle #25 Prediction

(April 2019)



Reference: NOAA/SWPC Space Weather Workshop, April 1-5, 2019 Boulder, Colorado
Lisa Upton; Doug Biesecker and the Solar Cycle 25 Prediction Panel



ESMO Experience with Space Weather



ESMO/ESC Experience with Space Weather



- **2011: CloudSat High Interest Event (HIE) with radial miss distance changing signs on successive updates (space weather?/modeling?)**
 - ESMO Project raised concerns about managing HIEs during solar activity
- **2014: 6th GSFC Space Weather Workshop ([Aura/35380 TCA: 2014-02-16](#))**
 - CME predicted to arrive about 30-hours prior to planned potential DAM, Planned DAM waived off Saturday, February 12th
- **2015: 7th GSFC Space Weather Workshop ([Aura/89477 TCA: 2015-08-29](#))**
 - Short-notice (16-hours), high-risk HIE complicated by intense solar and geomagnetic activity prior to planned DAM – Planned DAM waived off shortly before TCA
- **2016: ESC/A-Train Mission Operations Working Group (MOWG) Meeting Presentation: CARA Short-Notice HIEs – Matt Hejduk**
 - [Aura vs. 89477](#): Concluded JSpOC space weather predictions missed significant solar storm was the most-likely cause of changes in Pc
- **2016: 8th GSFC Space Weather Workshop Presentation:**
 - CARA Conjunction Assessment Late-Notice HIEs (Hejduk & Pachura)
- **2017: 9th GSFC Space Weather Workshop ([Aura/39858 TCA: 2017-09-10](#))**
 - High-risk HIE complicated by intense solar and geomagnetic activity



ESMO/ESC Experience with Space Weather



- **Presented at CNES CA WS 2017 (2 Aura Case Studies)**
 - Aura vs. 39858: 9/10/2017 – A significant Space Weather event (No DAM)
 - Aura vs. 89477: 8/29/2015 – JSpOC space weather predictions missed significant solar storm was the most-likely cause of changes in Pc (No DAM)
- **The Aura HIEs were similar to a number of other EOS short-notice HIEs some of which also included potential Space Weather effects.**
 - Aura vs. 37765: 9/03/2013 – SJ-11-02 HIE, CME on 8/28, DMUM on 9/2
 - Aura vs. 35380: 2/16/2014 – CME 30-hours prior to planned DAM
 - Aura vs. 34215: 1/19/2016 – A CME occurred on 1/18 – Aura DAM #6 (1/18/2016)
 - Aura vs. 34726: 3/16/2016 – Mild Geomagnetic Storm – Aura DAM #7 (3/15/2016)

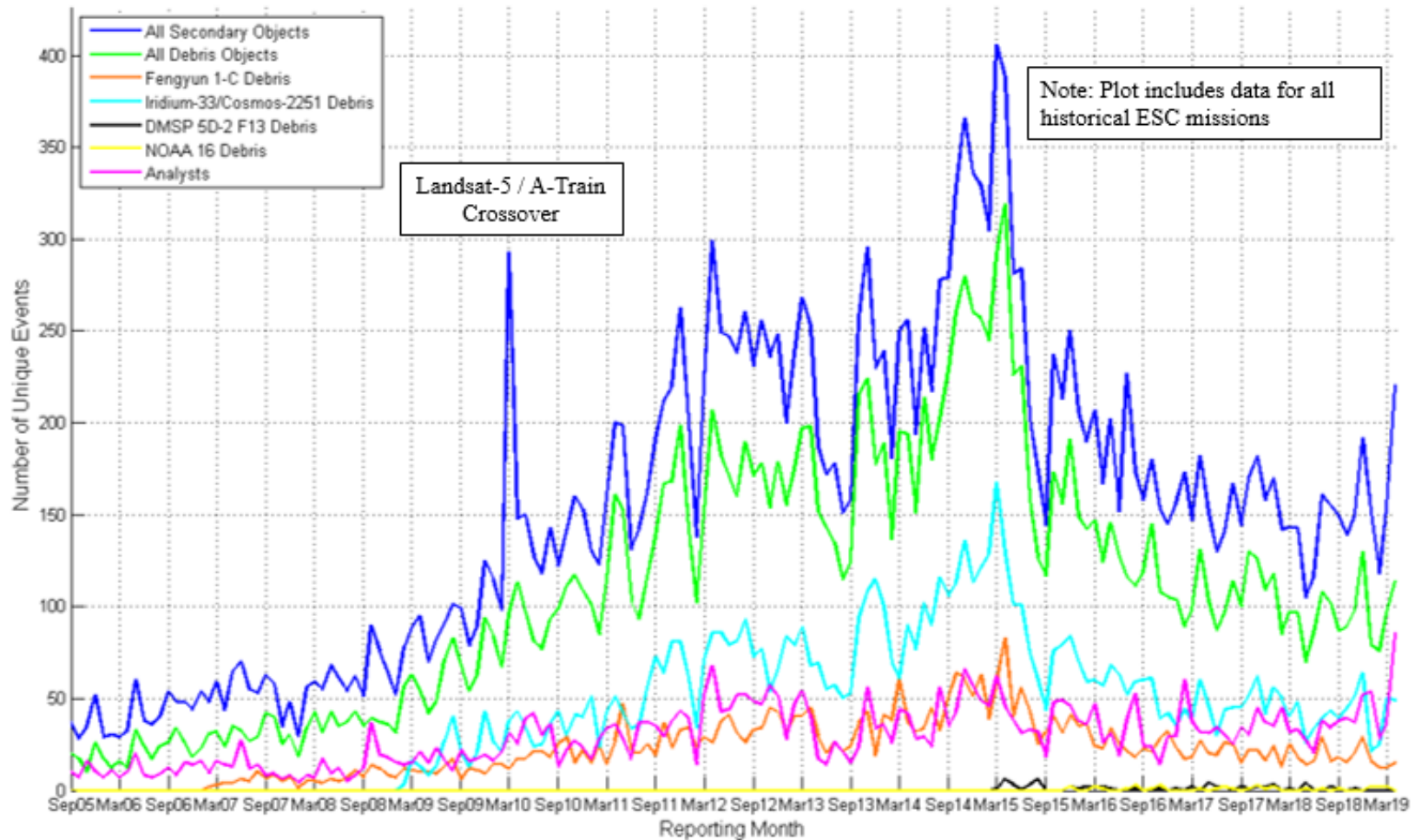
What do we know about the effects of the solar cycle on conjunction assessment and collision avoidance?



ESC Conjunction Assessment Statistics



(Monthly Average – September 2005 thru March 2019)

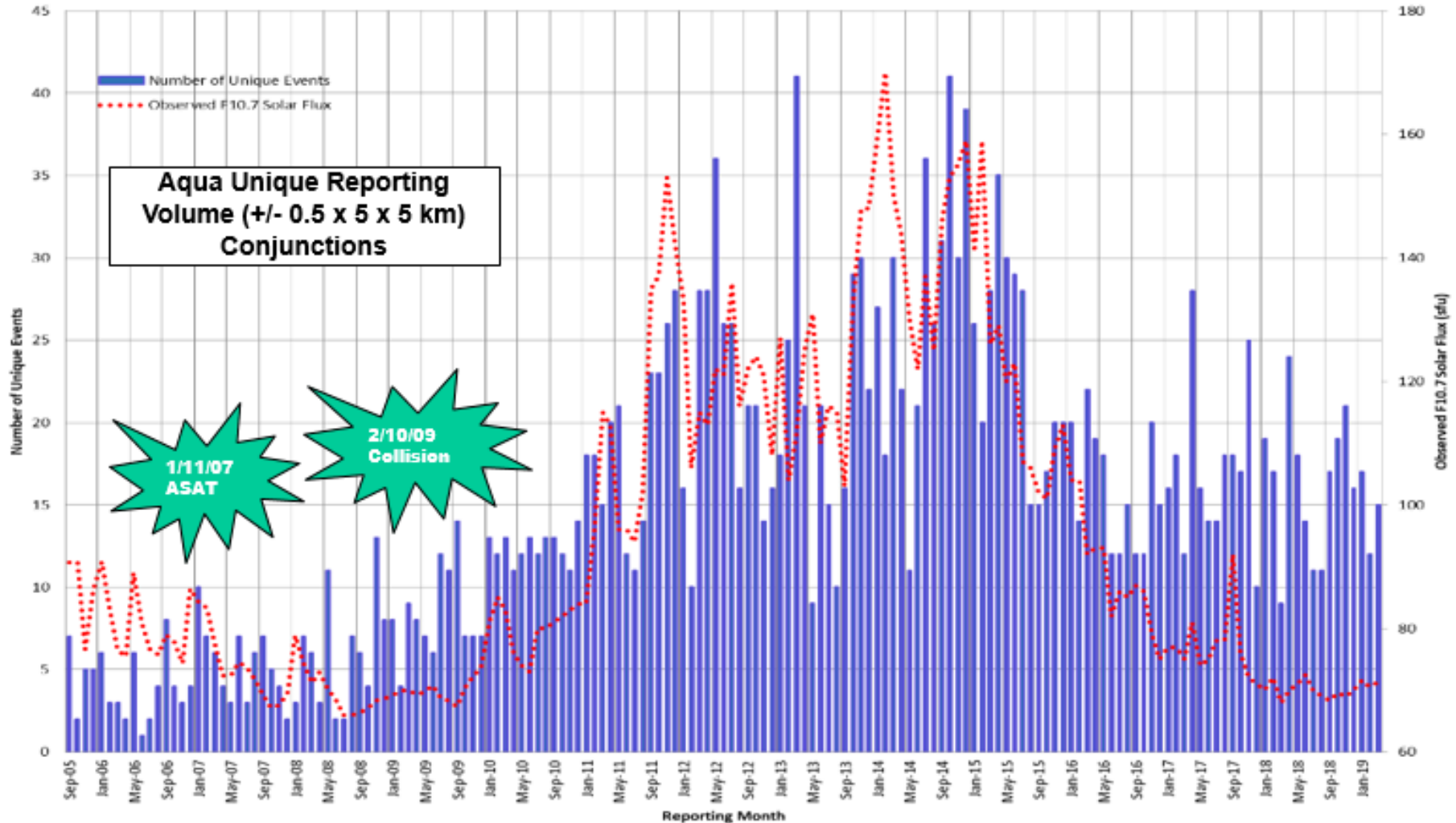


CREDIT: Megan Johnson & Joseph Bryce/CARA Team



Aqua Conjunction Assessment Statistics vs. 10.7 cm Solar Flux

(Monthly Average – September 2005 thru March 2019)

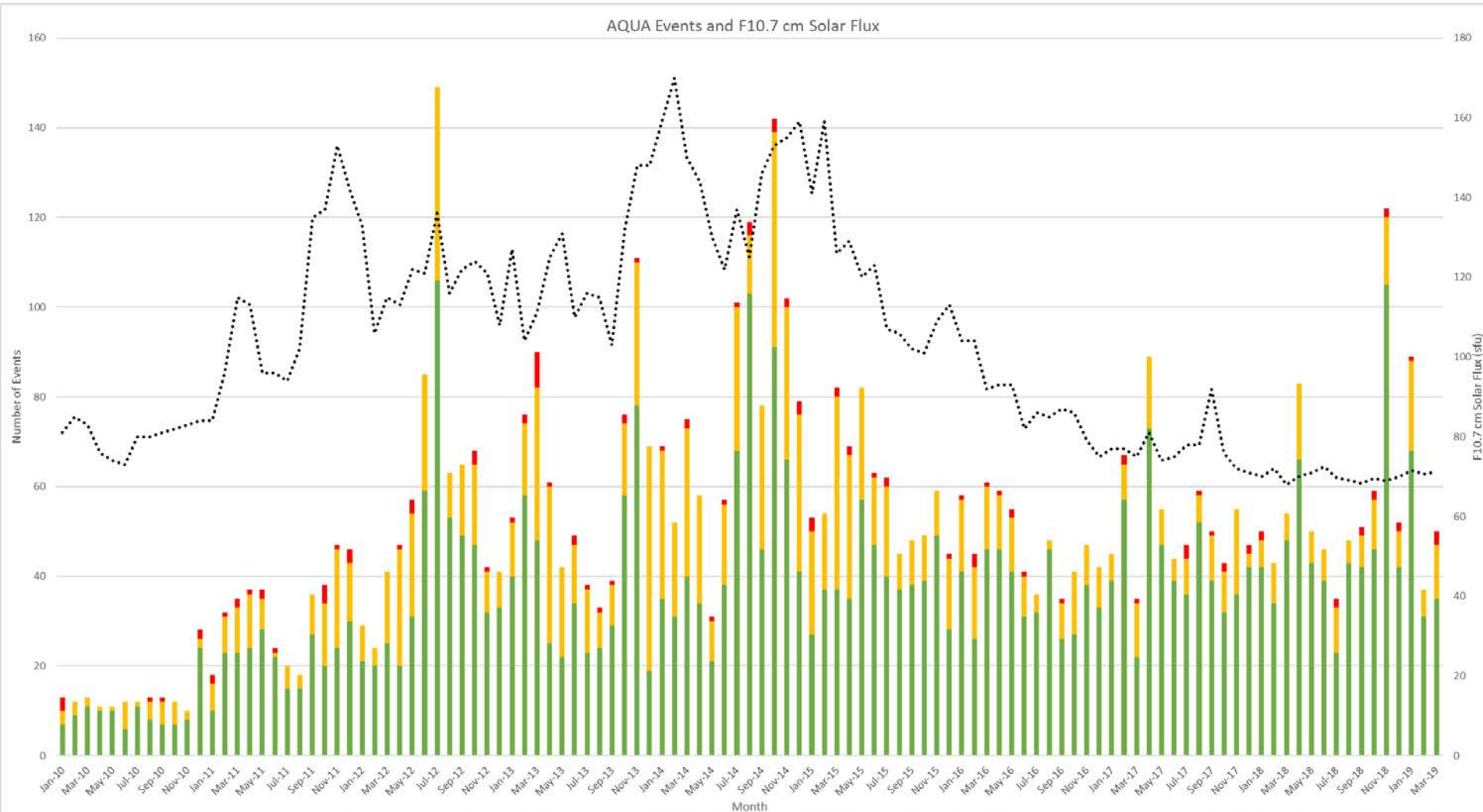


CREDIT: Megan Johnson & Joseph Bryce/CARA Team



Aqua Conjunction Assessment Statistics vs. 10.7 cm Solar Flux

(Monthly Average – January 2010 thru March 2019)



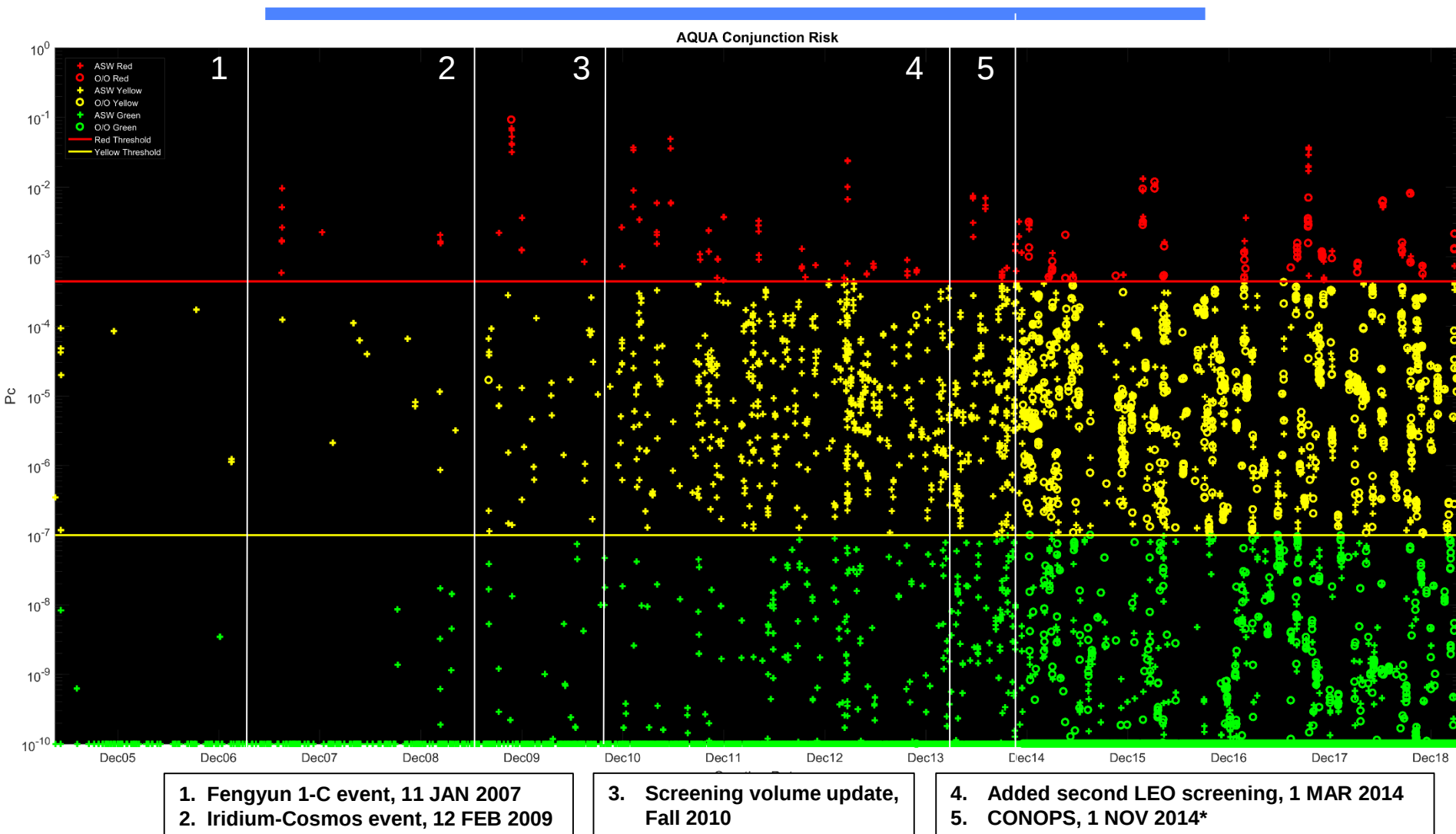
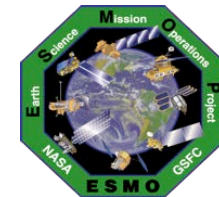
CREDIT: Megan Johnson & Joseph Bryce/CARA Team

6/27/2019

This document has been reviewed and determined not to contain export controlled technical data



Aqua Historical Events by Risk Category



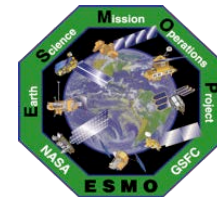


EOS High-Interest Event (HIE) Statistics



EOS Debris Avoidance Maneuvers

(2005 – 2019-05-31)



Year	Terra 25994	Aqua 27424	Aura 28376	Total DAMs	Waive-offs Re-plans
2005	1	0	0	1	0
2006	0 (1)	0	0	0	1
2007	1	0	0	1	0
2008	0	0	1 (2)	1	2
2009	0	1	0	1	0
2010	1	0	1	2	0
2011	0	4 (5)	0 (1)	4	6
2012	0 (1)	0 (1)	1 (1)	1	3
2013	3	4 (2)	1 (3)	8	5
2014	3 (3)	1 (2)	1 (2)	5	7
2015	2 (4)	0 (4)	0 (4)	2	12
2016	0	0	2 (3)	2	3
2017	1	0	1 (3)	2	3
2018	2	1 (2)	1	4	2
2019	2	0 (1)	1	3	1
TOTAL	16 (9)	11 (17)	10 (19)	37	45



Challenges



- **Space Fence:**
 - Conservatively a 3-5 fold increase
 - Maybe larger? an Order-of-magnitude? Maybe more?
- **Mega Constellations: The BIG Three**
 - SpaceX Starlink: 4,425 – 11,943
 - Boeing: 1,396 – 2,956
 - OneWeb: 720 – 2,720

Source <http://www.parabolicarc.com/2017/03/03/spacex-launch-12000-satellites>

- **Solar Maximum is coming**

Bottom Line: Nothing will happen until something happens

A photograph of space debris in orbit over Earth. The Earth's blue and white surface is visible on the right side of the frame. In the center, a large, cylindrical piece of debris is oriented horizontally. To its left, a long, thin, cylindrical object is also oriented horizontally. Above the large debris, a smaller, irregularly shaped object is visible. The background is the blackness of space, filled with numerous small, dark specks representing other debris or distant stars.

**Thank you for your
time and attention**

Questions



Abbreviations/Acronyms List



A-Sat –	Anti-Satellite	FST –	Flight Support Team	SP –	Special Perturbations
ASW –	Astroynamics Workstation	GMT –	Greenwich Mean Time	SXT –	Soft X-Ray Telescope
CA –	Conjunction Assessment	GSFC –	Goddard Space Flight Center	TBD –	To Be Determined
CAE –	FOT Collision Avoidance Engineer	GTE –	Ground Track Error	TCA –	Time of Closest Approach
CAM –	Command Authorization Meeting	HIE –	High Interest Event	TDRSS –	Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System
CARA –	Conjunction Assessment Risk Analysis	HIEB –	High Interest Event Briefing	USSTRATCOM –	United States Strategic Command
CME –	Coronal Mass Ejection	HQ –	Headquarters	UT –	Universal Time
CMOC –	Cheyenne Mountain Complex	ISAS –	Institute of Space and Astronautical Science	UTC –	Coordinated Universal Time
CRMS –	Collision Risk Management System	JAXA –	Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency	WDC-SILSO –	World Data Center - Sunspot Index and Long-term Solar Observations
CSpOC –	Combined Space Operations Center	km –	kilometer		
DAM –	Debris Avoidance Maneuver	LUPI –	Length of Update Interval		
DMUM –	Drag Make-up Maneuver	MD –	Mission Director		
EDT –	Eastern Daylight Time	MLT –	Mean Local Time		
EDR –	Energy Dissipation Rate	MOWG –	Mission Operations Working Group		
EOS –	Earth Observing System	MTS –	Maneuver Trade Space		
ESC –	Earth Science Constellation	NASA –	National Aeronautics & Space Administration		
ESMO –	Earth Science Mission Operations	OD –	Orbit Determination		
FDS –	Flight Dynamics System	OSA –	Orbital Safety Analyst		
FOT –	Flight Operations Team	Pc –	Probability of Collision		
		RIC –	Radial, In-track, Cross-Track		
		RMM –	Risk Mitigation Maneuver		