ESTIMATING CO₂ EMISSIONS USING REAL AND SIMULATED TOTAL COLUMN XCO₂ OBSERVATIONS

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BACKGROUND AND MOTIVATION

Rising atmospheric CO_2 concentrations necessitate deeper understanding of urban sources and sinks. Various sensor technologies and data assimilation strategies can be used to determine short- and long-term atmospheric trends. We seek to find the optimal synthesis of various measurement types in order to characterizing different types of sources in an urban environment.

SURFACE MEASUREMENTS





1. Select 3 study areas to assess surface, column measurements for understanding point emissions sources in a city, using WRF-CHEM modeled data from June 2013 at 1 km resolution.



Figure 1. Total Daily Emissions over SF Bay Area (Log Scale)

- 1] Refineries, Richmond, CA 46x larger than surroundings
- [2] Power Plant, Upper SF Peninsula 9x larger than surroundings
- [3] Power Plant, Lower SF Peninsula **2x** larger than surroundings

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Operationally Complex

2. Integrate the difference of each model box diurnal cycle from the diurnal cycle of the source model box and evaluate downwind patterns.









POINT SOURCES



Emissions Compared To Surroundings



- reductions in emissions

CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE WORK

• Larger sources show clear declining enhancement pattern downwind of emissions and can be detected with both approaches

• Smaller magnitude sources are overwhelemed by other emissions, with column measurements failing at intermediate levels and both methods failing at the lowest emissions tested

linear + area sources

APPLICATIONS

Figure 2.	AB32	California
Climate	Action	Plan:
Greenhouse	Gas	Emissions
and Reduction Targets for 2050		

• AB32 California Climate Action Plan Goal: reduce emissions to 1990 levels by Year 2020 & further reductions by 2030 and 2050

• Assessment of greenhouse gas emissions reductions will need atmospherically measured validation

• Surface and XCO, measurements need to be synthesized to find the optimum method for assessing total reductions and sector-wise