



Development of Next Generation Fiber Optic Sensing System

SKYLER SZOT

CODE 540: SENSORS AND SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT

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Previous Work:

Summer 2019 – Internship at Los Alamos National Laboratory

- "Actinide Isotopic Analyzer"
- Fall 2018 Spring 2019 NASA Connecticut Space Grant
- $^\circ$ "Helicopter Vibration Analysis Through Spectral and Chaotic Methods"

Summer 2018 – Published at the International Conference of Signal

Processing (ICSP) in Beijing, China

• "A Wireless Digital Stethoscope Design"













FOSS vs Resistive Gauges













Fiber Bragg Grating (FBG)

- Fiber Reflector that reflects a particular wavelength and transmit all others
- Bragg Wavelength: $\lambda_B = 2n_e \Lambda$
- ρ = strain-optics coefficient
- Strain (ε) = $\frac{\Delta \lambda_B}{\rho \cdot \lambda_B}$











Temperature Tuned FOSS

- Temperature tuned laser
- Slower scan rate
- Lower cost
- Useful for applications like liquid level monitoring, temperature measurements, and static strains
- Cryogenic fuel management







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Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

ADC Requirements:

- >50 kHz sample rate
- 8 channels simultaneously sampled
- 16 bit resolution



Microcontroller:

- 600 MHz clock
- 40 digital / 14 analog pins
- 3 SPI ports
- 1 USB port







PCB Version 1:

- Separate ADC and microcontroller
- Designed with CAD software
- Worked intermittently, suspected bad connections
- Learned I had to use the SPI interface, and serial data read operation









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PCB Prototyping

PCB Version 2:

- Integrated ADC and microcontroller on one board
- Still working intermittently, suspected grounding problem
- Learned connections were not the issue







PCB Version 3:

- Refined board, minimized path length, avoid vias, maximize trace spacing
- Inspected digital pins with scope
- Needed to tie digital pins directly to 3.3V or GND







PCB Version 4:

- Ordered boards online
- User interface
- User requests amount of data
- Plots data in time and frequency domain





Left: 256 samples of a -1V to 1V, 2kHz sine wave, sampled at 50kHz Right: Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) of the time domain data





PCB Version 5:

- Put chips on component side of board
- Added LED indicators and extra digital ports
- Designed analog filters for input channels



Final Specifications:

- 83kHz max sampling rate
- 8 channels simultaneously sampled
- 16 bit resolution
- USB serial interface
- Approximate cost: \$50
- Savings of \$400 per unit vs industrial DAQ system





Rocket Box

- Power Board for Rocket Box
- First FOSS application for space, ULA Vulcan
- Used a microcontroller and I2C serial interface to power ON/OFF the laser
- Will be integrated into software to disable laser when overheating









- Use the scope properly
- Government can be slow
- NASA is super cool
- California is awesome

Next Steps:

- Integrate and test entire system
- Populate more boards
- Combine ADC board, CPU, and optical amplifier into single board

Knowledge gained:

- General knowledge of space and aerospace
- NASA soldering certification
- PCB design and manufacturing
- Integrated circuits and microcontrollers
- LabVIEW, Arduino, C, Python
- Serial communication

































Future Work

- Study abroad Spring 2020 at KU Leuven in Belgium
- Researching with Marc Moonen, a professor of signal processing
- IEEE fellow, president of the European Association for Signal Processing, previously worked with Bell Labs







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Questions?