

An Overview of NASA TROPICS Applications and Early Adopter Activities

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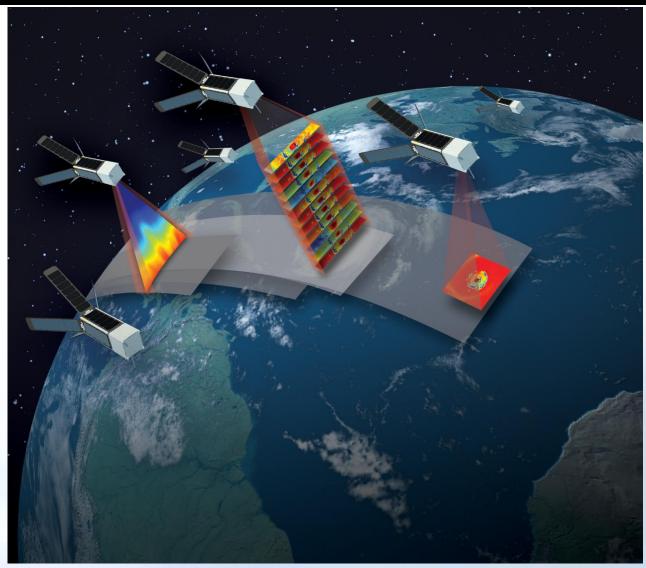
NASA Science Mission Directorate
Earth Science Division
Applied Sciences Program



TROPICS Mission Overview



- Earth Venture Instrument proposal selection by NASA to measure tropical cyclone structure and demonstrate SmallSat technology
- Design
 - 6 CubeSats with 12-channel passive microwave radiometer (MicroMAS-2)
 - Provide rapid-refresh observations of temperature and moisture soundings and precipitation over the tropics with <60 minute revisit time
 - Meet requirements for temporal refresh needed to study storm evolution with ability to see into clouds



TROPICS = Time-Resolved Observations of Precipitation structure and storm Intensity with a Constellation of Smallsats



TROPICS Early Adopter Program



 What is an Early Adopter: Groups or individuals who have an interest in utilizing TROPICS data

• <u>Goal</u>: Build capacity to accelerate the integration of TROPICS in research and application quickly after launch

Objectives:

Identify applied research and applications areas

Use current sensors and proxy data to demonstrate TROPICS capabilities and values

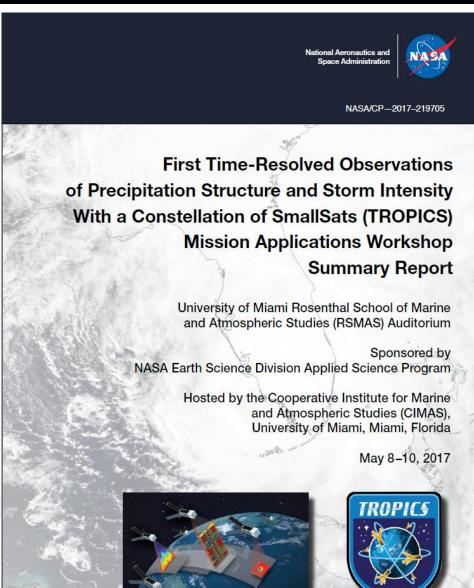
Foster interaction between the Science Team and community

• <u>Value</u>: identify advantages and limitations that can be exploited or addressed prior to launch



First TROPICS Applications Workshop - 2017





Meeting Objectives

- Introduce a broad community of potential end-users to the expected value of TROPICS by reviewing mission specifications and status
- Review TROPICS data applications through presentations and breakout discussions
- Provide a forum for applied researchers and operational decision makers to share insight into how observations from TROPICS can be used in their organizations and challenges to their application
- Begin establishment of a user community that can be used to highlight potential TROPICS applications and accelerate post-launch applications
- Hard copy of the report available upon request (see me at the meeting) or go to Workshop website: http://tropics.ccs.miami.edu/workshop-summary/



Meeting Take-Aways



- Four application areas were identified and reported on
 - Terrestrial: high-temporal resolution precipitation data can supplement tropical regions that lack ground-based radar coverage
 - TC Analysis and Nowcasting: providing mission observations and imagery to operational hurricane forecasters who rely on satellite data to diagnose storm structure
 - TC Modeling and Data Assimilation: increased temporal frequency when used with 4DVAR techniques may aid in improving intensity forecasts
 - Tropical Dynamics: applied research to determine convective extremes and trends in precipitation and severe storms not resolved well enough with current temporal frequency of observations
- End-users want temporal refresh of 30 60 minutes to address research and forecasting challenges related to tropical cyclones; more than 3 hours doesn't add to current datasets
- Most users want data latency of < 1 hour; > 3 hours makes data difficult to use for operations
- Mission data need to be provided in data formats compatible with user modeling and decision support systems



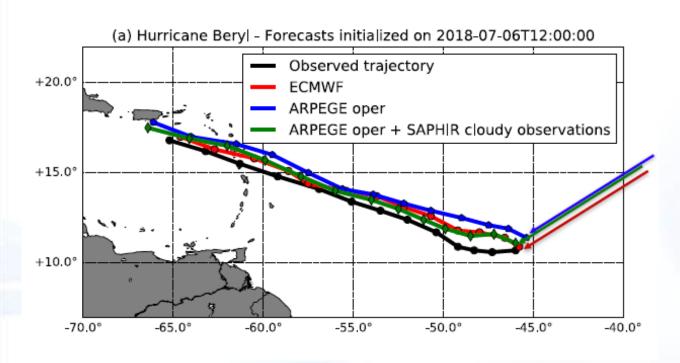
Application Focus Areas



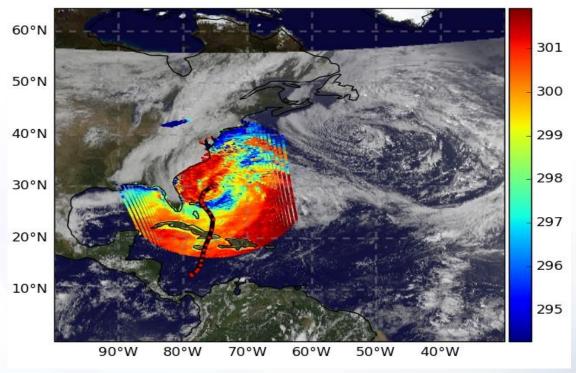
Tropical Cyclone Tropical Cyclone Tropical Cyclone Terrestrial / Analysis and Modeling and and Tropical **Disasters Data Assimilation Forecasting Dynamics** Global and **Tropical** Disaster risk **Formation** mesoscale Cyclone management models Structure Structure & **Assimilation** Madden-Julian Flash Flooding Oscillation Intensity approaches **Tropical Position** Landslides **OSSE** studies Cyclone estimates **Diurnal Cycle** Land surface Rapid Mesoscale Intensity classification Intensification models **Systems Tropical** Radiative Rapid Drought convective transfer Intensification models lifecycle

Early Adopter Examples





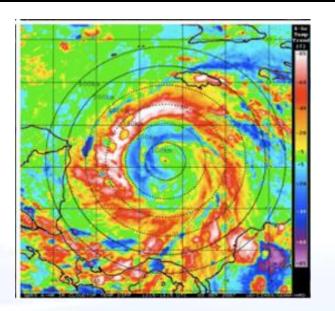
Meteo France developed a data assimilation method for Megha-Tropiques SAPHIR and plan to follow the method to assimilate TROPICS observations



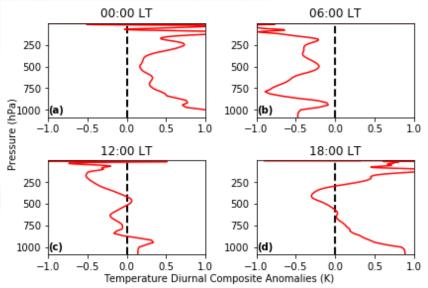
Use ATMS to develop a Bayesian Monte Carlo Integration technique to retrieve atmospheric varaibles and assimilate in GSI+GEOS system

Early Adopter Examples

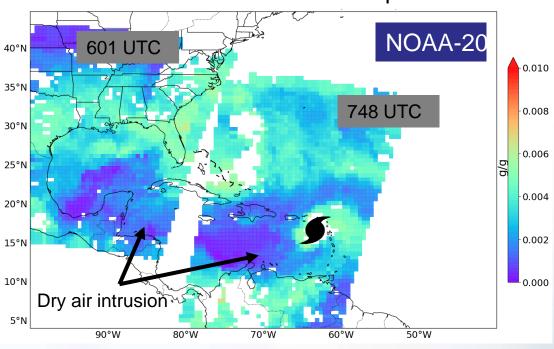




Assessing the ability of the HNR proxy data to resolve the Tropical cyclone Diurnal Cycle



NUCAPS 596 mb water vapor



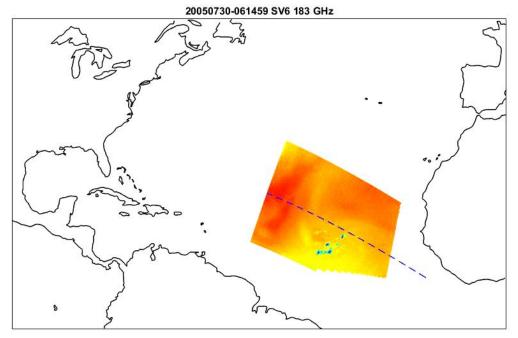
Use of real-time NOAA-20 CrIS/ATMS profiles to support hurricane field campaigns during Dorian as a demonstration of a future TROPICS application



Status of Proxy Datasets



- Goal of proxy data is to accelerate the use of mission data in operational/decision-making environments
- Proxy data are being developed using modeled data from a Hurricane Nature Run and the FY-3C satellite
 - Simulated datasets that match the spatial, temporal, and spectral frequency of planned satellite architecture
 - Plan to make data available in multiple data formats for easier, earlier integration
- Science Team recently released a version consistent with post-launch format



simulated TROPICS data derived from the Hurricane Nature Run



Proxy Data





Proxy Data



Simulated datasets that match the spatial, temporal, and spectral frequency of the planned satellite architecture are being developed using both numerical modeling output and remote sensing observations. These proxy data are available in multiple data formats to facilitate their integration into existing operational systems. Numerically derived L1 and L2 proxy data products at the TROPICS mean revisit rate are created using a highly realistic Atlantic hurricane, simulated with the Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) model (The "Hurricane Nature Run", Nolan et al. 2013). Actual FY-3C MWHS 118 and 183 GHz measurements simulate TROPICS by differencing MWHS-2 channels, utilizing approximately 900 Category 1-5 tropical cyclones overpasses from 2013 to 2017. Proxy data are also derived from the recently launched MicroMAS-2a, but are not available to the wider community. The goal of TROPICS proxy data is to accelerate the use of mission data in operational/decision-making environments prior to the mission launch. Proxy datasets will first be available to the TROPICS Science Team for evaluation, and then will be made available to the Early Adopter community.

Download Hurricane Nature Run Release 4 (~5 GB)

Contact Ralf Bennartz for FY-3 MWHS-2 dataset

Proxy data is currently available here: https://www.nsstc.uah.edu/tropics/get_involved.html



Get Involved



- 2nd TROPICS Applications Workshop 19-20 February 2020 http://tropics.ccs.miami.edu/
- We would love to learn more about how your group uses satellite data to study or make decisions regarding tropical weather or climate
 - Become an EA!
 - Subscribe to our TROPICS Applications Mailing List
 - Participate in quarterly calls
 - Check out the proxy dataset
- Contact me at <u>emily.b.berndt@nasa.gov</u> if you have any questions or would like to get involved
- Our new website will be launched soon: https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/tropics/