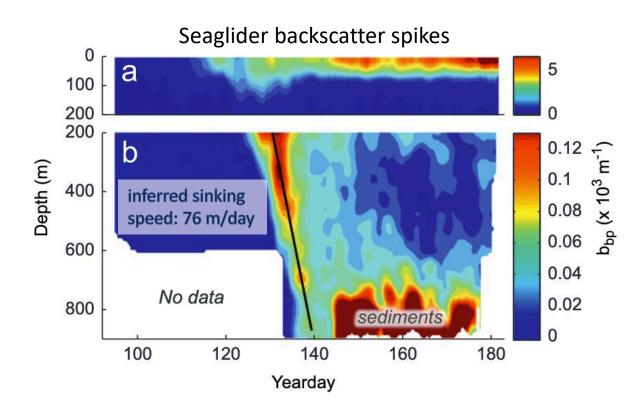
# Carbon export through submesoscale instabilities: Combining in situ and satellite products

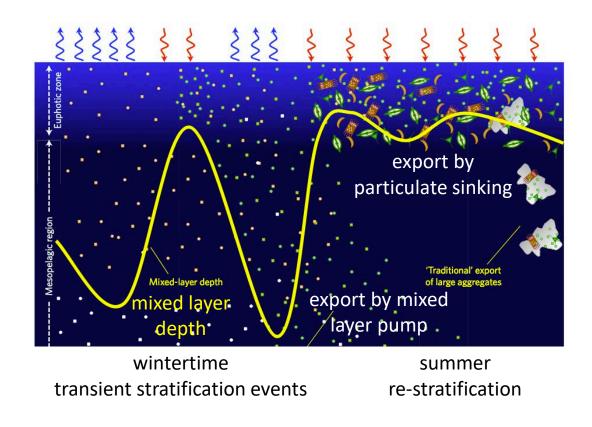
Zachary K Erickson<sup>1,2</sup> and Andrew F Thompson<sup>1</sup>

# **Export mechanisms**

- Particulate sinking
- Mixed layer pump
- Mixed layer baroclinic instability active

passive





Briggs et al., DSRII, 2011

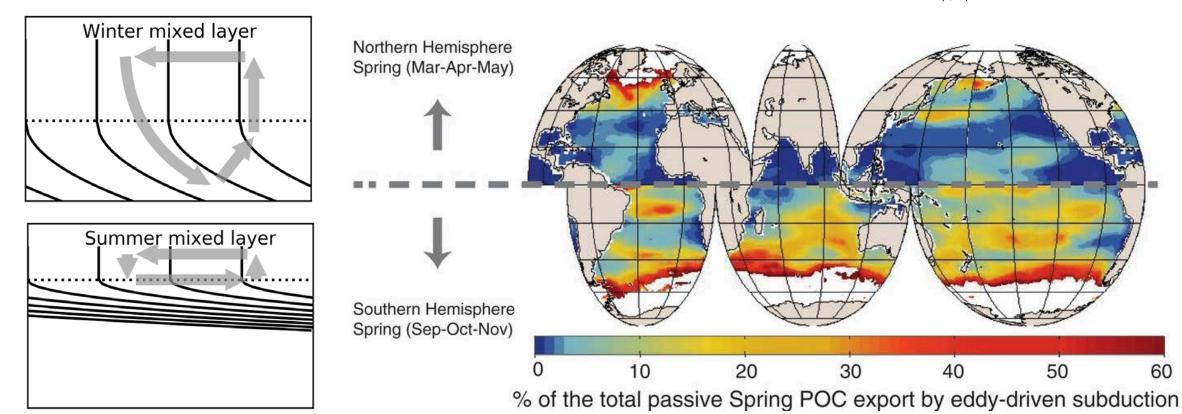
### Export mechanisms

- Particulate sinking
- Mixed layer pump
- Mixed layer baroclinic instability active

passive

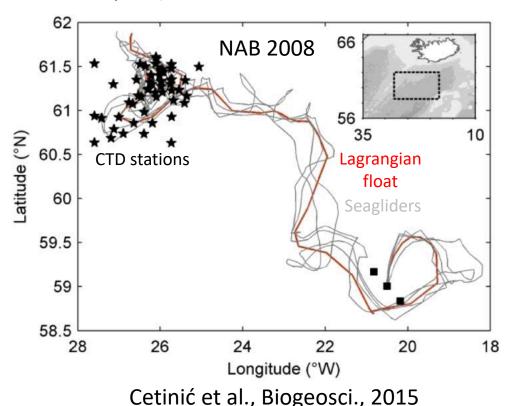
Omand et al. (2015) algorithm (after Fox-Kemper et al., JPO, 2008)

$$E_{O15} = w_{ML}C_{ML} = \frac{c_e \nabla b^2 H}{|f|b_z} C_{ML}$$



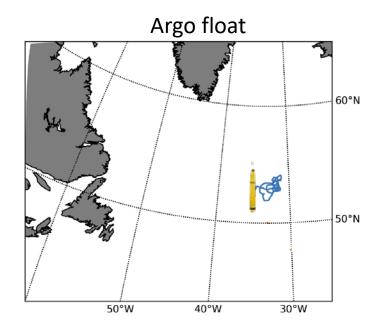
### Lagrangian export studies

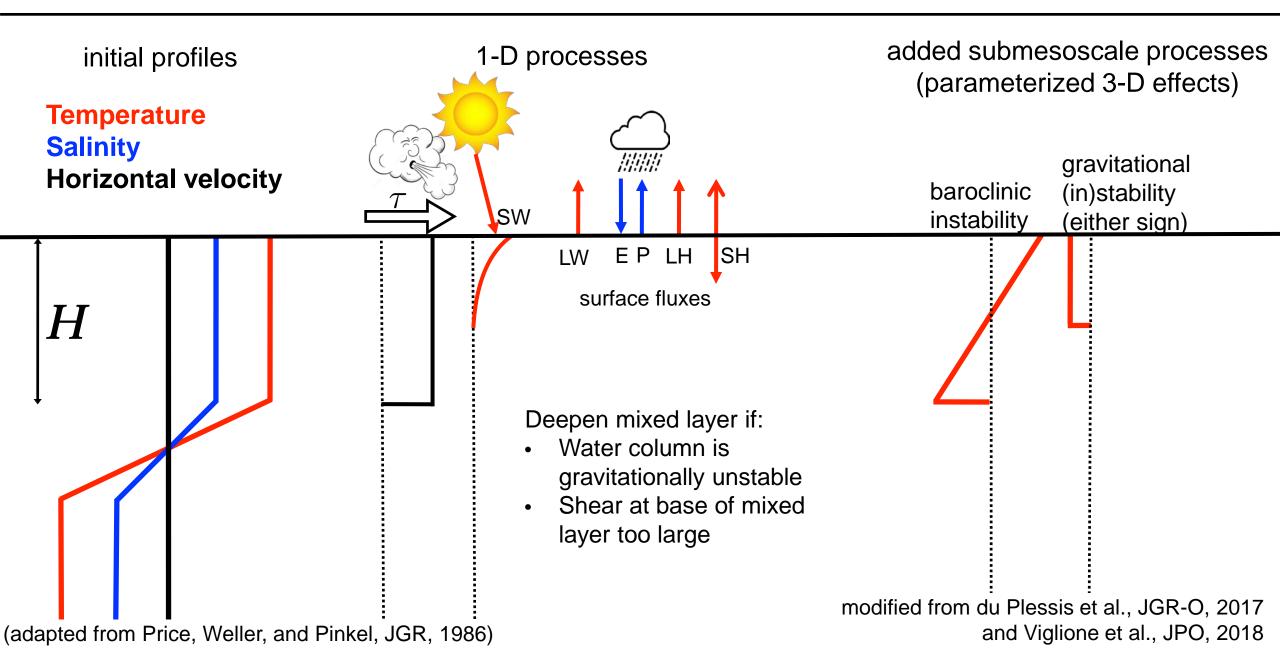
- Most export studies are done in a Lagrangian reference frame (horizontal advection smears out export signal)
- Most satellite-based export metrics are done in a Eulerian reference frame (e.g. individually for each pixel)



Can we use Argo floats and surface properties to augment dedicated research campaigns?

- Use 1-D column model (PWP) to model upper ocean following a Bio-Argo float
- Add submesoscale processes (mixed layer baroclinic instability and Ekman-driving de/re-stratification) to model
- Run model with reanalysis and satellite observations
- Use simple biological model to estimate export

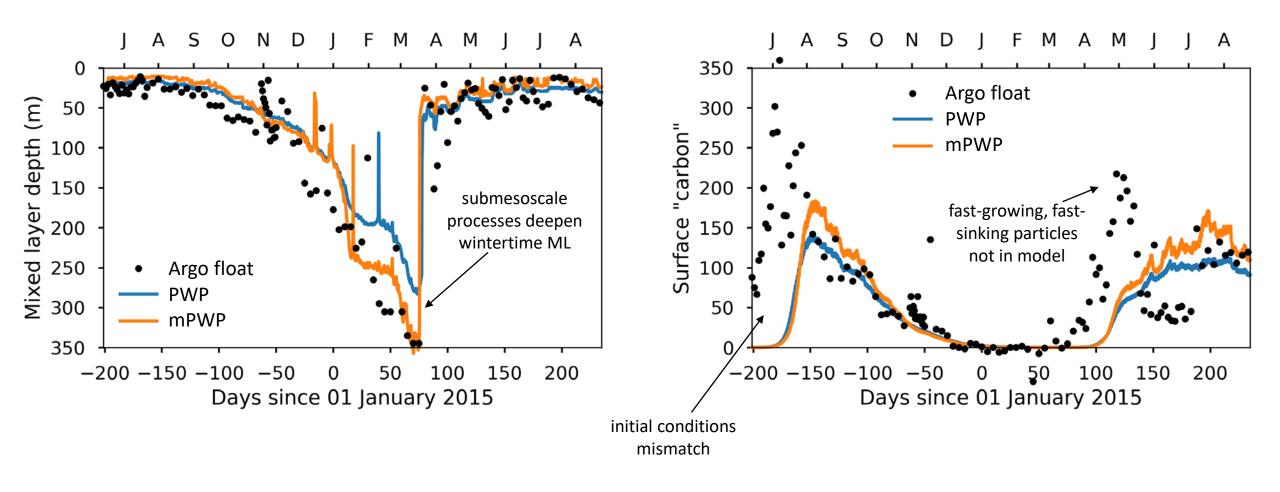




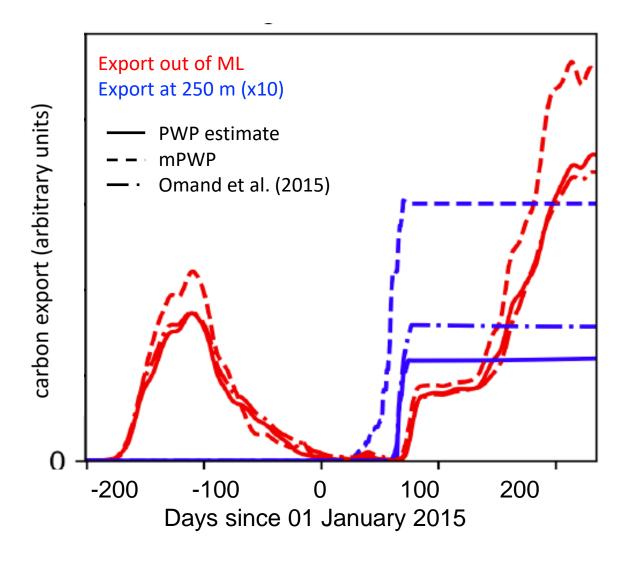
# PWP biological model

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{C_{bio}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = (\gamma - m)\mathbf{C_{bio}}$$
 sinking speed vertical diffusivity 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{C_{bio}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = (\gamma - m)\mathbf{C_{bio}}$$
 
$$-w\mathbf{C_{bio}}_{,z}$$
 
$$+\kappa\mathbf{C_{bio}}_{,zz}$$
 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{DOC}}{\mathrm{d}t} = am\mathbf{C_{bio}}$$
 
$$-k\mathbf{DOC}$$
 
$$+\kappa\mathbf{DOC}_{zz}$$
 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{DIC}}{\mathrm{d}t} = ((1 - a)m - \gamma)\mathbf{C_{bio}}$$
 
$$k\mathbf{DOC}$$
 
$$+\kappa\mathbf{DIC}_{zz} - \mathbf{ASF}$$
 sloppy sloppy feeding both poor decay rate air-sea flux (instantaneous)

(model adapted from Mahadevan et al., Sci., 2012)



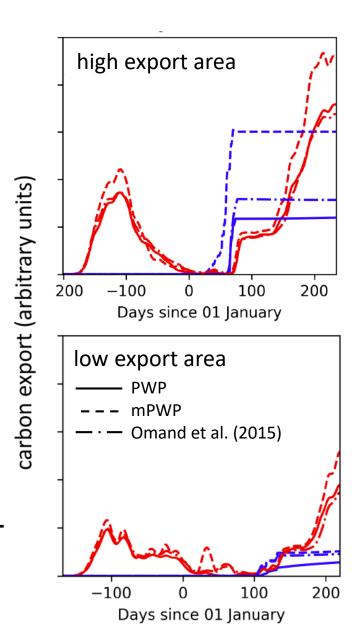
# PWP model results (carbon export)



- Submesoscale processes increase export in both Omand et al. (2015) parameterization and when they are explicitly modeled (mPWP)
- Increase is greater when submesoscales are explicitly modeled
  - Increases production (and death and sinking) in upper mixed layer
  - Pumps carbon to greater depths than just below the mixed layer

#### Conclusions and future directions

- > PWP model (and submesoscale variant) reasonably match Argo float results
  - Supports use of Argo float as a Lagrangian platform
- ➤ Biological model provides vertical carbon flux at all depths
  - Support export calculations at various depth horizons
- > Export increases when submesoscale fluxes are included
  - Increase is above that from the Omand et al. (2015) algorithm
- Multiple Argo platforms provide opportunity for global estimates of carbon export by submesoscale processes
  - Evidence for substantial spatiotemporal variability



For more information, contact me at <a href="mailto:zachary.k.erickson@nasa.gov">zachary.k.erickson@nasa.gov</a> or see Z.K. Erickson, Ph.D. Thesis, Chapter 5 (https://thesis.library.caltech.edu/11729/)