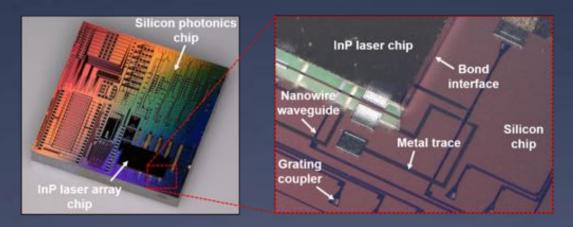


Integrated photonics for NASA applications



Michael Krainak^{*a}, Mark Stephen^a, Elisavet Troupaki^a, Sarah Tedder^b, Baraquiel Reyna^c, Jonathan Klamkin^d, Hongwei Zhao^d, Bowen Song^d, Joseph Fridlander^d, Minh Tran^d, John E. Bowers^d, Keren Bergman^e, Michal Lipson^e, Anthony Rizzo^e, Ipshita Datta^e, Nathan Abrams^e, Shayan Mookherjea^f, Seng-Tiong Ho^g, Qiang Bei^g, Yingyan Huang^h, Yongming Tu^h, Behzad Moslehiⁱ, James Harris^j, Andrey Matsko^k, Anatoliy Savchenkov^k, Guangyao Liu^l, Roberto Proietti^l, S. J. B. Yoo^l, Leif Johansson^m, Christophe Dorrerⁿ, Francisco R. Arteaga-Sierraⁿ, Jie Qiao^o, Songbin Gong^p, Tingyi Gu^q, Osgar John Ohanian III^r, , Xingjie Ni^s, Yimin Ding^s, Yao Duan^s, Hamed Dalir[†], Ray T. Chen^u, Volker J. Sorger^v, Tin Komljenovic^w



This work was funded by NASA.

^aNASA-Goddard Space Flight Center, ^bNASA-Glenn Research Center, ^cNASA Johnson Space Center, ^dUniversity of California Santa Barbara ,^eColumbia University, ^fUniversity of California San Diego, ^gNorthwestern University, ^hOptoNet, ⁱIFOS Inc., ^jStanford University, ^kOEWaves Inc., ^IUniversity of California-Davis, ^mFreedom Photonics Inc., ⁿAktiwave LLC, ^oRochester Institute of Technology, ^pUniversity of Illinois, ^qUniversity of Delaware, ^rLuna Innovations Incorporated, ^sPennsylvania State University, ^tOmega Optics, Inc., ^uUniversity of Texas at Austin, ^vGeorge Washington University, ^wNexus Photonics



NASA Integrated Photonics



NASA Applications:

- Sensors Spectrometers Chemical/biological sensors:
 - Lab-on-a-chip systems for landers
 - > Astronaut health monitoring
 - Front-end and back-end for remote sensing instruments including trace gas lidars
 - Large telescope spectrometers for exoplanets.
- Microwave, Sub-millimeter and Long-Wave Infra-Red photonics:
 - Opens new methods due to Size, Weight and Power improvements, radio astronomy and THz spectroscopy

> Telecom: inter and intra satellite communications.

Can obtain large leverage from industrial efforts.



NASA Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD) Early Stage Innovation (ESI) Integrated Photonics for Space Communication



* Keren Bergman & Michal Lipson, Columbia University

Ultra-Low Power CMOS-Compatible Integrated-Photonic Platform for Terabit-Scale Communications

* Seng-Tiong Ho, Northwestern University

Compact Robust Integrated PPM Laser Transceiver Chip Set with High Sensitivity, Efficiency, and Reconfigurability

* Jonathan Klamkin, University of California-Santa Barbara,

PICULS: Photonic Integrated Circuits for Ultra-Low size, Weight, and Power

* Paul Leisher, Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

Integrated Tapered Active Modulators for High-Efficiency Gbps PPM Laser Transmitter PICs

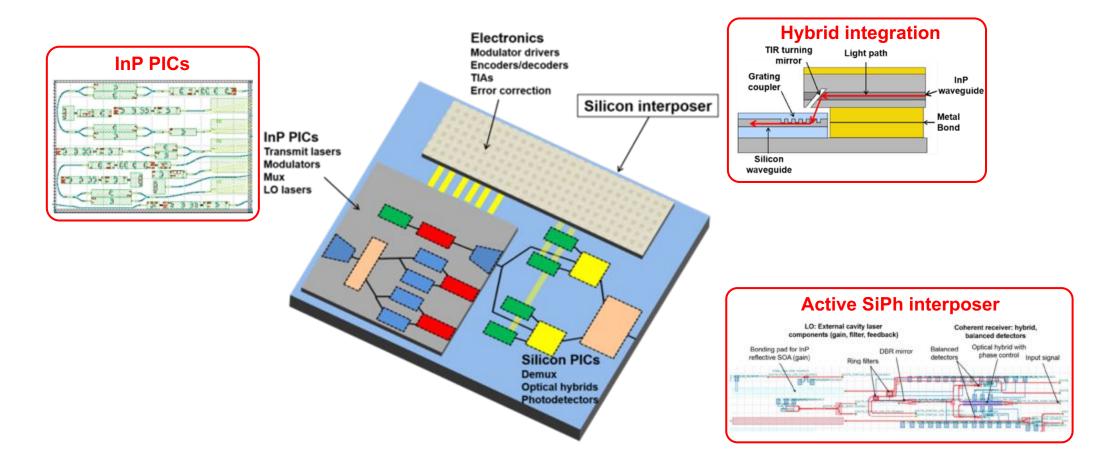
* Shayan Mookherjea, University of California-San Diego

Integrated Photonics for Adaptive Discrete Multi-Carrier Space-Based Optical Communication and Ranging



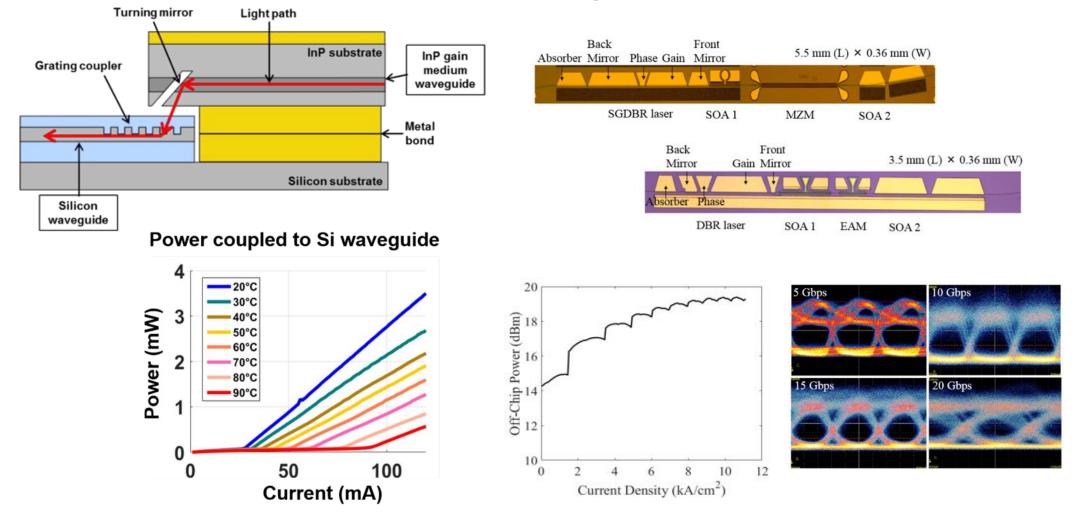
Program Summary

In addition to overall transceiver architecture, guided by our collaborators, we are developing a silicon photonic interposer platform for space optical communications.





3D Hybrid Integration



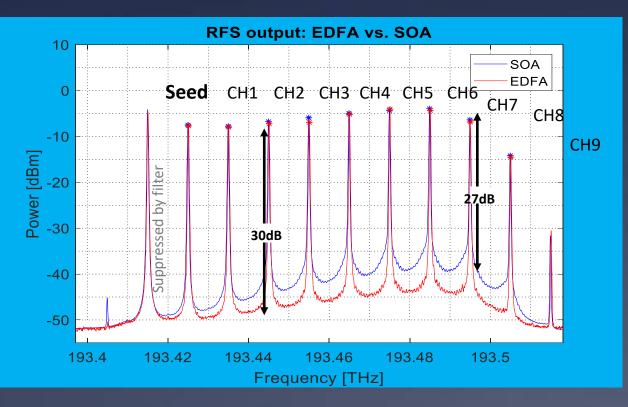
High Power Indium Phosphide PICs

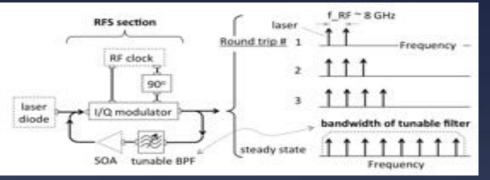


Program: Early Stage Innovation PI: Shayan Mookherjea, UC San Diego Integrated Photonics for Adaptive Multi-Carrier Space-Based Optical Communication & Ranging



I. Generate variable # carriers from 1 seed.





Flatness (deviation from mean power for tones 1-7 in spectral region where the filter has flat transmission):



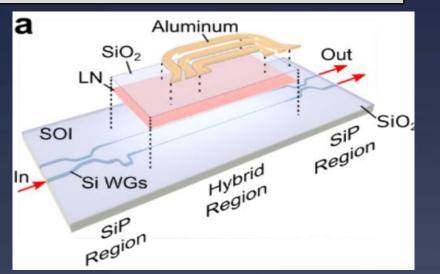
X. Wang and S. Mookherjea, "Performance Comparisons between Semiconductor and Fiber Amplifier Gain Assistance in Recirculating-Frequency-Shifter" Optics Letters Vol. 43 No. 5, 1011-1014 (2018).

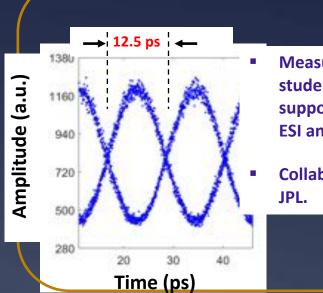
X. Wang and S. Mookherjea, "Optimizing Recirculating-Frequency-Shifter performance with Semiconductor Optical Amplifier gain assistance" CLEO 2018 Proceedings of the Conference on Lasers and Electro-optics, paper JW2A.63 (2018).

Program: Early Stage Innovation PI: Shayan Mookherjea, UC San Diego Integrated Photonics for Adaptive Multi-Carrier Space-Based Communication & Ranging

A

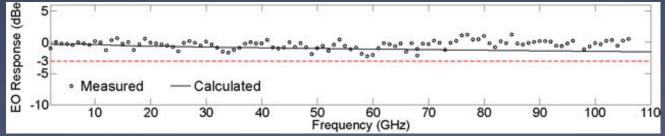
II. Directly achieve 100 Gbit/s NRZ, PPM etc.





- Measured by grad student Josh Wang, supported by NASA ESI and NSTRF'17.
- Collab. with NASA JPL.

- Electro-optic BW: 1.5 dBe BW ~ 106 GHz, measured. 3 dBe BW estimated >> 200 GHz.
- Eye SNR > 10 dB beyond 60 GHz.
- Half-wave Voltage ~ 10 V versus 4.4 Volts for Harvard-Bell Labs etched LN. We have re-design (LN thickness) underway to achieve ~5 V, without etching, achieving comparable performance eventually.



P. O. Weigel, J. Zhao, K. Fang, H. Al-Rubaye, D. Trotter, D. Hood, J. Mudrick, C. Dallo, A. Pomerene, A. Starbuck, C. DeRose, A. Lentine, G. Rebeiz and S. Mookherjea "Bonded Thin Film Lithium Niobate Modulator on a Silicon Photonics Platform Exceeding 100 GHz 3-dB Electrical Bandwidth" **Optics Express** Vol. 26, No. 18, 23728-23739 (2018) [URL]

7

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Program: Early Stage Innovation PI: Keren Bergman & Michal Lipson



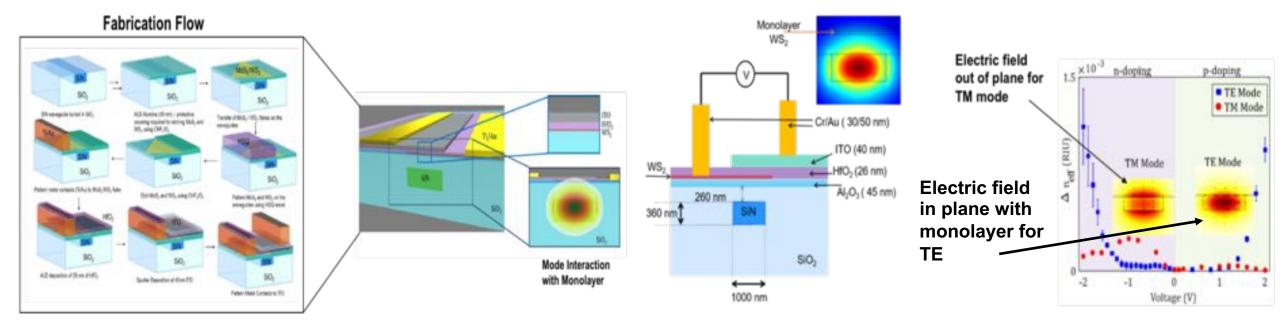
Ultra-Low Power CMOS-Compatible Integrated Photonic Platform for Terabit-Scale Communications

Photonic Integration Platform for 2D Material Monolayers

- CMOS fabrication is mature and low cost, but suffers in optical loss and power consumption
- Embed monolayers of 2D materials (graphene, WS2, MOS2) in CMOS-compatible photonic waveguides
- 2D materials enable large changes in the refractive index with minimal power consumption and provide pure dielectric response without any associated absorption

Principle of Device Operation

- · Evanescent tail of confined optical mode interacts with embedded monolayer
 - Electric field must be in plane with monolayer for mode overlap (TE mode strongly interacts)
- · Applied voltage leads to ion accumulation in monolayer (capacitive doping)
 - Average carrier density of 1.5 × 10¹³ cm⁻² in WS₂



I. Datta et al., "Composite photonic platform based on 2D semiconductor monolayers," CLEO (2019)

I. Datta et al., "Giant electro-refractive modulation of monolayer WS2 embedded in photonic structures," CLEO (2018)

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

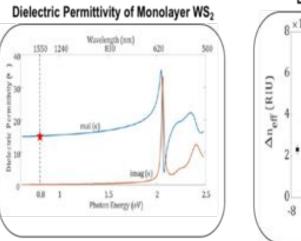
Program: Early Stage Innovation PI: Keren Bergman & Michal Lipson



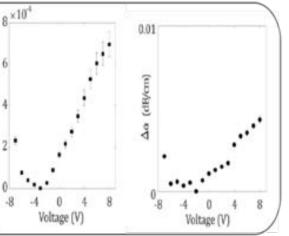
Ultra-Low Power CMOS-Compatible Integrated Photonic Platform for Terabit-Scale Communications

Advantages of 2D Monolayers for Modulation and Switching

- · Low electrical power consumption and low optical loss
 - Carrier injection/extraction based modulation introduces excess loss due to free carrier absorption
- · Pure phase modulation (negligible absorption modulation)
 - Measured phase efficiency of V_πL = 0.8 V·cm in WS₂ device with induced absorption of α = 0.01 dB/cm



Experimental Results for WS₂ Phase Shifter

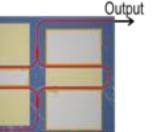


Mach Zehnder Switch Element with WS₂ Monolayer Phase Shifter

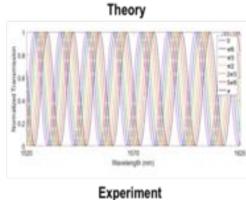
- Experimentally demonstrated MZI switching element with WS₂ monolayer embedded in single arm
- Results verify strong phase shift with applied bias and minimal absorption modulation
- Individual switching elements can be combined in high radix switches
 - Enables scalable, reconfigurable photonic switch fabrics with low power consumption

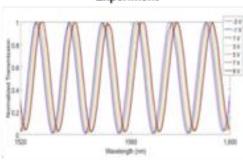
Fabricated Device

Input



100





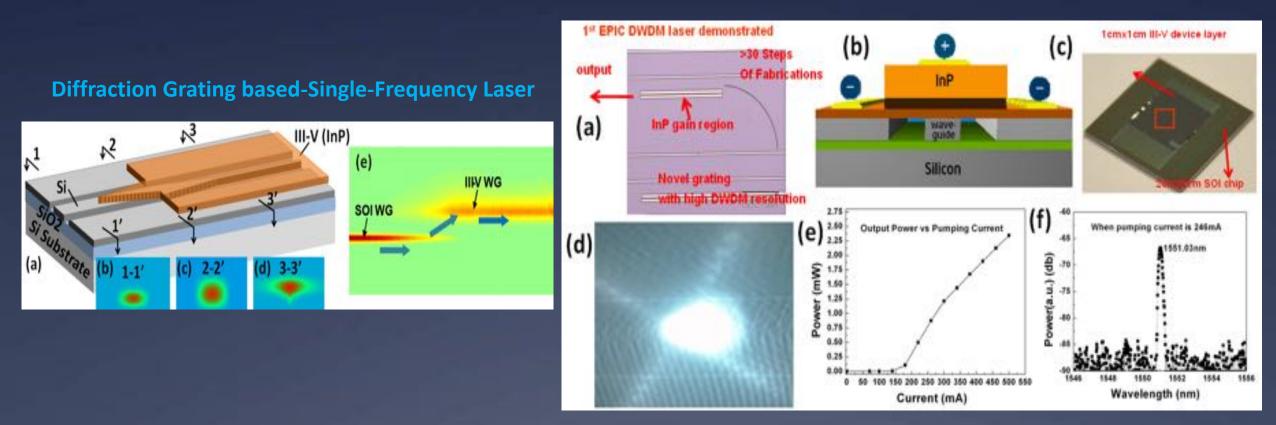
Y. Li et al., "Measurement of the optical dielectric function of monolayer transition-metal dichalcogenides," Phys. Rev. B 90, 205422 (2014)



Program: Early Stage Innovation PI: Seng Ho – Northwestern University Compact Integrated PPM Laser Transceiver Chip Set with High Robustness and Re-Configurability



Approach: Use Silicon Photonics Passive-Active Photonic Device Integration Technology with Optical Gain Capability

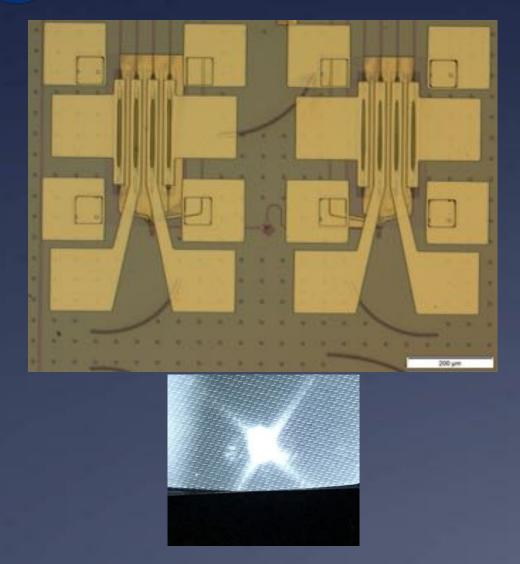


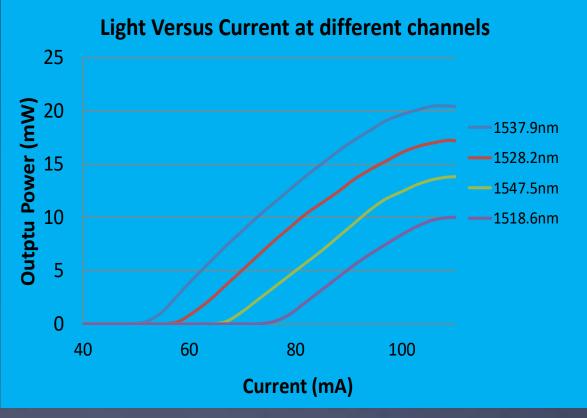
The basic processes are based on Diffraction Grating laser on Si (SOI) substrate.



Program: Early Stage Innovation PI: Seng Ho – Northwestern University Compact Integrated PPM Laser Transceiver Chip Set with High Robustness and Re-Configurability







Output powers at 4 different channels for the laser chip



NASA Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD) Early Career Faculty(ECF)



Topic: Space Communication – M. Krainak (2014 - 3 year award)

* Jonathan Klamkin, University of California-Santa Barbara,

HELIOS: Heterogrneous Laser Transmitter Integration for Low SWaP

Topic: Integrated Photonic Sensors and Science Instrument Subsystems – M. Stephen (2018 - 3 year award)

* Tingyi Gu, University of Delaware

Hybrid integration of nonlinear crystals on silicon photonics for space communication and sensing

* Xingjie Ni, The Pennsylvania State University

Ultra-compact On-chip Integrated Spectrometers based on Metasurfaces

* Songbin Gong, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Lithium Niobate Based Photonic Integrated Circuits for Reconfigurable Sensing and Signal Processing

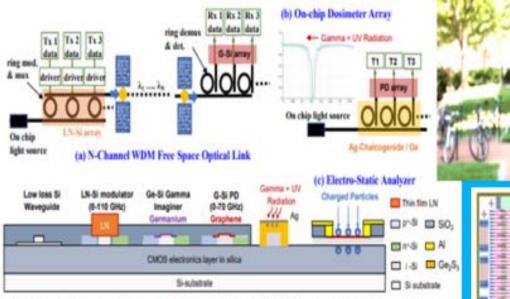


Program: Early Career Faculty PI: Dr. Tingyi Gu, University of Delaware

Hybrid integration of nonlinear crystals on silicon photonics for space communication and sensing

lapeout Sep. 2018





Hybrid integration on a silicon nanophotonic platform for (a) high-speed space communication, (b) Ionization radiation detection and (c) charged particle detection

- Ultrafast and low power optoelectronic link enabled by hybrid silicon photonics
- In-situ instruments and sensors to fields and particles for space weather observations

Media reports:

https://www.nasa.gov/directorates/spacetech/strg/ecf17/Hybrid_Integration_of_Nonlinear_Crystals_on_Silicon_Photonics https://www.udel.edu/udaily/2017/august/tingyi-gu-nasa-grant-photonic-devices/

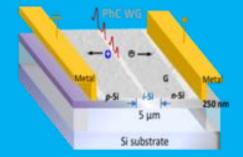
Silicon Photonics – wireless interface

- Silicon photonics-wireless interface (PWI) ICs for millimeter-wave fiber-wireless networks
- · Active components based on nonlinear crystals
 - E/O and O/E converters



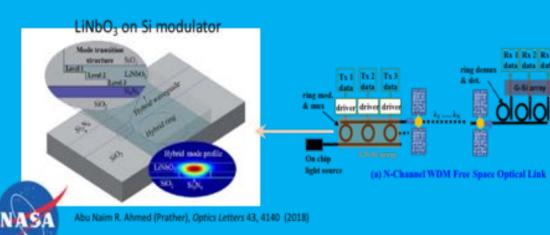
The Laser Communications Relay Demonstration (LCRD) is a NASA mission that will test the use of laser light to transfer data from orbit to ground and all around the Solar System

G/Si p-i-n junction PD



T. Li (Gu), NPJ 2D Materials and Applications 2, 36 (2018)

Rs I Rs 2 Rs





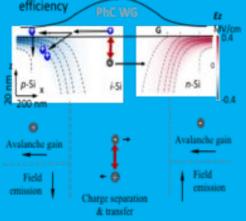


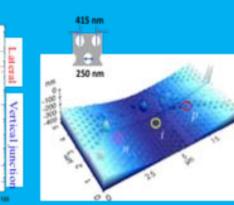
Program: Early Career Faculty PI: Dr. Tingyi Gu, University of Delaware Hybrid integration of nonlinear crystals on silicon photonics for space communication and sensing



Broader band optical interconnect: graphene integration

Charge collection



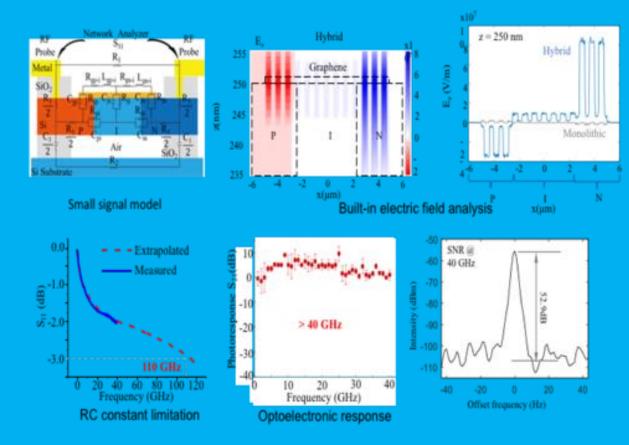


- Operation mechanism: Separate Absorption, Charge, and Multiplication (SACM) APD on the graphene-silicon two dimensional junction
- Device schematics of graphene on active silicon photonic crystal waveguide: ultrafast low noise photodetector
- SNR> 50dB @ 40 GHz (critical for single photon detection on chip)

Band diagram of photothermonic generated hot carriers on graphene-intrinsic silicon interface



Broader band optical interconnect: graphene integration RC constant limit of the hybrid *p-i-n* diode > 110 GHz



D. Mao, ... P. Dong, T. Gu, Bandwidth limitation of directly contacted graphene-silicon optoelectronics, ACS Applied Electronic Materials and Applications (In revision)



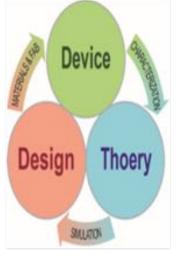
Program: ECF

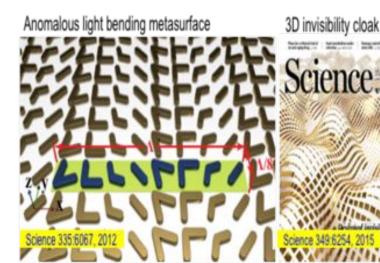
PI: Dr. Xingjie Ni, The Pennsylvania State University

Nanophotonics and **Optoelectronics Lab (Ni Group)**

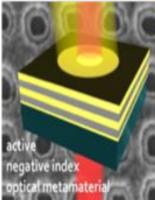
Ultra-compact On-chip Integrated Spectrometers based on Metasurfaces

Engineered nanostructures directly change the light properties: phase, amplitude, and polarizations, etc.

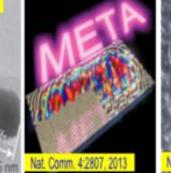




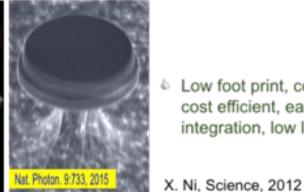
Negative refractive index



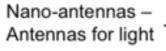
Amorphous metamaterials Ultrathin meta-holograms lat. Nanotech. 9:1002. 2014



2D excitonic laser



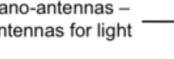
Metasurface – a 2D nanostructure *directly* manipulates light behaviors: 2D works better than 3D!



Low foot print, compact,

integration, low loss, etc.

cost efficient, easy







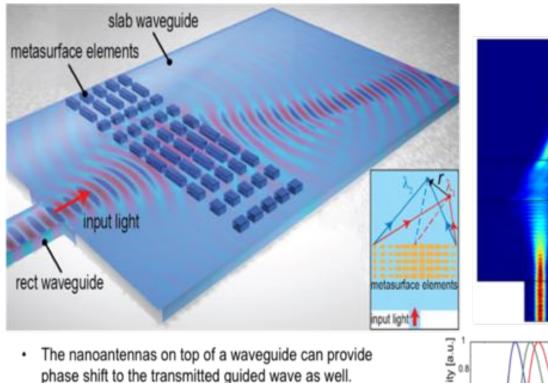
Program: ECF

PI: Dr. Xingjie Ni, The Pennsylvania State University

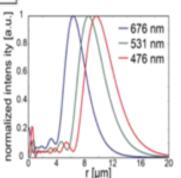
Nanophotonics and Optoelectronics Lab (Ni Group)

Ultra-compact On-chip Integrated Spectrometers based on Metasurfaces

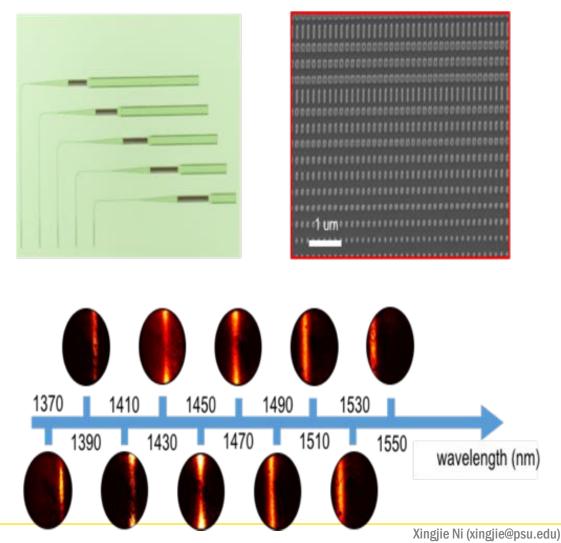
Phase control of guided wave – integrated spectrometers



- An off-axis lens can be formed in a dielectric slab waveguide by generating a corresponding phase profile
- Spectral information of the input can be read out by spatial location of the focus



Nanofabrication and characterization of the integrated spectrometers





NASA STTR Photonic Integrated Circuits 2016 awards (Completed)



Title	Company	University
Integrated Optical Transmitter for Space Based Applications	Freedom Photonics, LLC	University of California, Santa Barbara
Photonic IC Spectrometer for Spacecraft	Nanohmics, Inc.	Catholic University of America
Integrated InAs QD Laser Based Si Photonic Optical Transceiver	Zenith Optronics LLC	University of Massachusetts Lowell
Thin Film Lithium Niobate Microring Modulators for Analog Photonics	Partow Technologies LLC	University of Central Florida



NASA STTR Photonic Integrated Circuits 2017 awards – Phase 1



Title	Company	University
Heterogeneous Silicon Photonics OFDR Sensing System	Luna Innovations, Inc.	University of California, Santa Barbara
High Performance 3D Photonic Integration for Space Applications	Freedom Photonics, LLC	University of California, Santa Barbara
Tunable Opto-electronic Oscillator Based on Photonic Integration of Ultra-High Q Resonators on a SiN Chip	OEwaves, Inc.	University of California-Davis
Multifunctional Integrated Photonic Lab-on-a-Chip for Astronaut Health Monitoring	Intelligent Fiber Optic Systems Corporation	Stanford University

Program: STTR PI: Dr. Andrey Matsko, Oewaves Partner: ProfS. J. B. Yoo, University of California-Davis Tunable OEO based on photonic integration of ultra-high Q resonators on a SiN chip

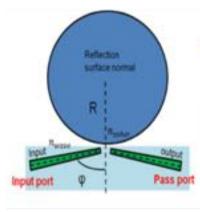
The team comprising OEwaves Inc. and UC Davis offers to develop and demonstrate a SiN-platform integrated photonic circuit suitable for a spectrally pure chip-scale tunable Kerr opto-electronic RF oscillator (KOEO) that can operate as a flywheel in high precision optical clock modules, as well as radio astronomy, spectroscopy, and local oscillator in radar and communications systems. The effort comprises integration of an ultra-high quality (Q) crystalline whispering gallery mode (WGM) microresonator with multiple lithographically defined photonic and electronic components and devices (including a laser, a detector and waveguides) on a single platform with nanometer-scale feature sizes.

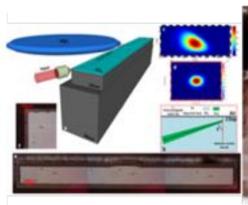
Metric	Ph	ase I	Phase II	(tentative)
Planar waveguide insertion loss	5	dB	1	dB
Planar waveguide-WGM resonator coupling efficiency	30%		7	/0%
<i>Q</i> -factor of the integrated monolithic resonator	109		1	010
<i>RF frequency*</i>	30 GHz		30 GHz	
<i>RF frequency tuning range</i>	100 kHz		1 MHz	
<i>RF frequency tuning bandwidth</i>	10 kHz		100 kHz	
Output power	1 mW		10 mW	
Volume (physics package)	3 cc		1 cc	
Weight	10 g			5 g
DC power consumption	2.	5 W	0.	25W
Phase Noise	Offset (Hz)	$L_{f}(dBc/Hz)$	Offset (Hz)	$L_{f}(dBc/Hz)$
	1	-30	1	-30
	10	-60	10	-60
	100	-90	100	-90
	1,000	-120	1,000	-120
	10,000	-140	10,000	-140
	>1,000,000	-160	>1,000,000	-160

*Different RF frequency (~8-120 GHz) can be generated if desired

Program: STTR PI: Dr. Andrey Matsko, Oewaves Partner: ProfS. J. B. Yoo, University of California-Davis Tunable OEO based on photonic integration of ultra-high Q resonators on a SiN chip

Prism Waveguide Development





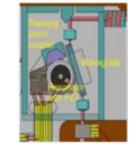
Embedded optical couplers enable mode matching of the SiN waveguides with the magnesium fluoride microresonator. The tapers are needed since the refractive index of the resonator is 1.37.

The waveguide was designed, created, and tested with the resonator. We used a well established evanescent field prism coupler to verify the coupling efficiency with the waveguide.

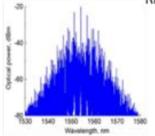
A whispering gallery mode resonator was integrated with waveguide and ~1 dB insertion loss was demonstrated. A self-injection laser was built using the configuration.

Supported by NASA and DARPA, see G. Liu, V. S. Ilchenko, T. Su, Y. C. Ling, S. Feng, K. Shang, Y. Zhang, W. Liang, A. A. Savchenkov, A. B. Matsko, L. Maleki, and S.J. Ben Yoo, "Low-loss prism-waveguide optical coupling for ultrahigh-Q low-index monolithic resonators," Optica 5 (2), 219-226 (2018).

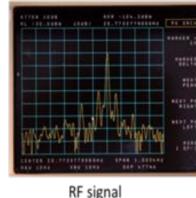
Resonator with PZT

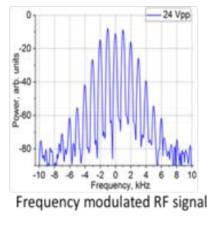


The resonator was laminated with PZT to achieve Kerr comb actuation/period modulation.



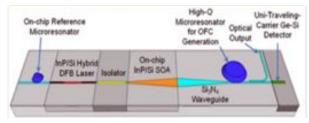
Tunable Kerr Frequency Comb NASA Demonstration





The Kerr optical frequency comb demodulated on a fast photodiode produced spectrally pure RF signal that became frequency modulated RF signal, where the RF modulation was applied by the PZT actuator.

Next step: true PIC integration of the oscillator in Phase II of the effort







NASA STTR Photonic Integrated Circuits 2017 awards – Phase 2

Title	Company	University
Integrated Optical Transmitter for Space Based Applications	Freedom Photonics, LLC	University of California, Santa Barbara
Multifunctional Integrated Photonic Lab-on-a-Chip for Astronaut Health Monitoring	Intelligent Fiber Optic Systems Corporation	Stanford University
Heterogeneous Silicon Photonics OFDR Sensing System	Luna Innovations, Inc.	University of California, Santa Barbara



Program: STTR PI: Dr. Behzad Moslehi, IFOS Partner: Prof. Jim Harris, Stanford University

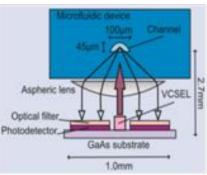


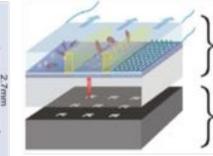
Multifunctional Integrated Photonic Lab-on-a-Chip for Astronaut Health Monitoring

Photonic Integrated Circuit (PIC) Approach

Benefits to NASA & Non-NASA Applications

- IFOS Bio*Sense™ is miniaturized, low-SWaP-C photonic integrated lab-on-chip biosensor
- · Capable of real-time, multi-analyte detection using minimal sample
- · From discrete components to platform integration
- Microfluidic channels enable continuous flow, future multiplexed detection

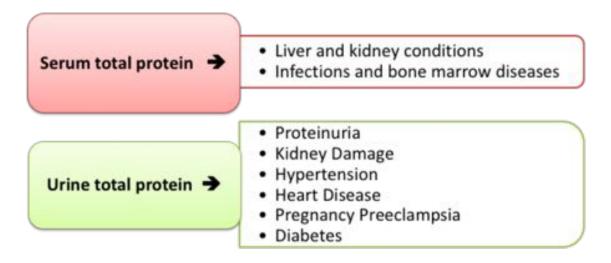






Microfluidic laver

Light source/ detection layer Photonics: VCSELs, PDs, filters Electronics: LIA, sign. generator, DAQ



- Bio*Sense[™] provides real-time, sensitive, accurate, and inexpensive portable testing
- IFOS-Stanford team envisions providing multi-analyte sensing in different body fluids (e.g. urine, saliva, sweat, tears) that will be even less invasive

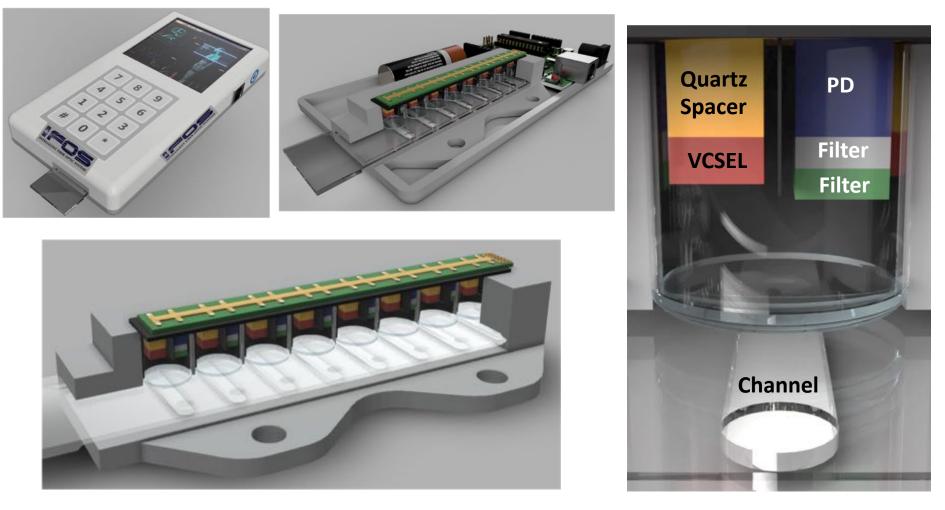


Program: STTR PI: Dr. Behzad Moslehi, IFOS Partner: Prof. Jim Harris, Stanford University Multifunctional Integrated Photonic Lab-on-a-Chip for Astronaut Health Monitoring



IFOS Bio*Sense™ Product Concept

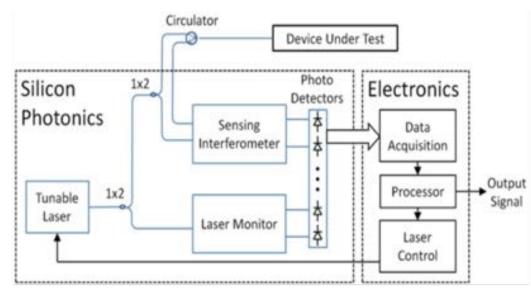
Bio*Sense[™] offers portability with design for space reliability



LUNA

Program: STTR PI Dr. John Ohanian - Luna Partner: Prof. John Bowers– Y. of California, Santa Barbara Heterogeneous Silicon Photonics OFDR Sensing System

Replicating OFDR Network on PIC



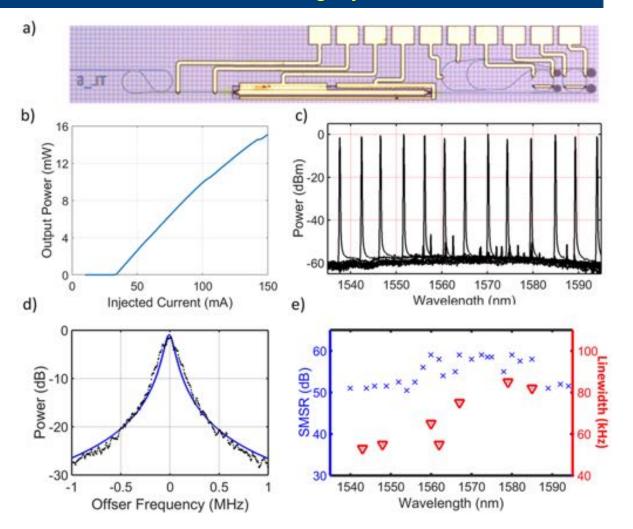
High-level system architecture for silicon photonics OFDR system. Key components:

Laser

Couplers/splitters

Delay line

Complex receiver for laser monitor and sensing interferometers Sensing receiver must also be polarization diverse: polarization manipulation components required



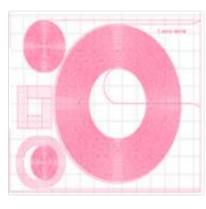
a) Image of fabricated laser b) $I_{threshold}$ = 34 mA, with P= 15 mW @ 150 mA c) Stepped tuning range of 55 nm in 3.2 nm steps d) 52.5 kHz linewidth e) 50-60 dB SMSR



Program: STTR PI Dr. John Ohanian - Luna Partner: Prof. John Bowers– Y. of California, Santa Barbara Heterogeneous Silicon Photonics OFDR Sensing System

Delay Line Challenges

- A delay line is necessary in the laser monitor interferometer, which is used to correct for laser tuning nonlinearities
- Example: 1 m spiral Si₃N₄ waveguide on SiO₂





Actual size of spiral delay line on PIC - 1 cm²

UCSB

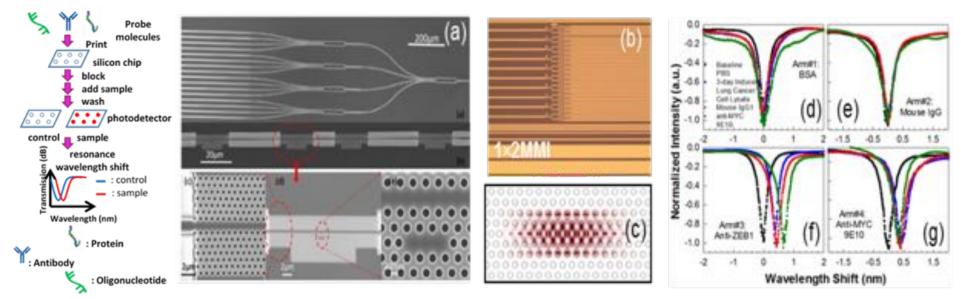
- Delay line optical path length should ideally be appreciable fraction of max sensor length
- Si waveguides generally have higher loss than SiO₂ or Si₃N₄ but superior to InP
- Several designs in Si waveguides were prototyped; further trials needed to improve loss

- Luna has partnered with UCSB to implement an OFDR sensing system using heterogeneous Si photonics.
- We demonstrated an OFDR sensor interferometer network with coherent receiver fabricated in Si waveguide on SiO₂ with external laser
- Demonstrated a hybrid silicon laser suitable for integration with above OFDR PIC:
 - 15 mW, 55 nm tuning range, 52.5 kHz best linewidth, > 50 dB SMSR
 Future work:
 - Implement polarization diverse coherent receiver on PIC
 - Improve delay line loss
 - Integrate laser with OFDR network
 - Explore manufacturing and packaging issues via American Institute for Manufacturing Integrated Photonics (AIM Photonics)



Program: STTR PTICS A PI: Dr. Hamed Dalir – Omega Optics Inc., Partner: Dr. Volker J. Sorger - George Washington University Partner: Dr. Ray T. Chen- The University of Texas at Austin PTICS A Partner: Dr. Ray T. Chen- The University of Texas at Austin Flash Drive Integrated Label Free Silicon Nano-Photonic Bio-Assays for Space Station **Bio-Diagnostics**

Probe Protein Patterning and Sensing



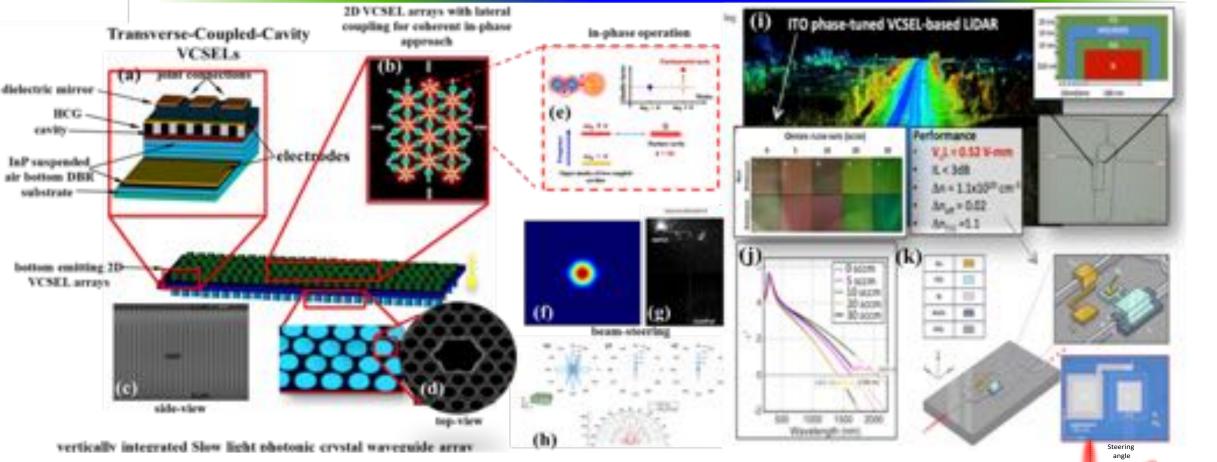
(a) Multiplexed 1×4 multimode interference (MMI) power splitter that splits an input light into 16 optical paths, each with 4 photonic crystal microcavity sensors for 64 sensors in total. Light from the TCC VCSEL will be input in this research, integrated on chip at the input to the MMI shown here. (b) Microscope image of foundry fabricated silicon photonic crystal sensor devices. (c) Highly confined electric field in a photonic crystal microcavity for enhanced analyte sensitivity. Multiplexed simultaneous specific detection of ZEB1 in lung cancer cell lysates with four arms of the MMI derivatized with (d) bovine serum albumin (e) isotype matched control mouse IgG1 (f) anti-ZEB1 antibody and (g) anti-MYC 9E10 antibody.

Frontier of Optoelectronics 9, 206-224 (2016).



Program: SBIR PI: Dr. Hamed Dalir – Omega Optics Inc., Partner: Dr. Volker J. Sorger - George Washington University Partner: Dr. Ray T. Chen- The University of Texas at Austin PTICS A Partner: Dr. Ray T. Chen- The University of Texas at Austin Monolithically Integrated TCC VCSELs with Surface-Normal 2D Slow-Light PC Waveguide Arrays

> Dual ITO Electrodes



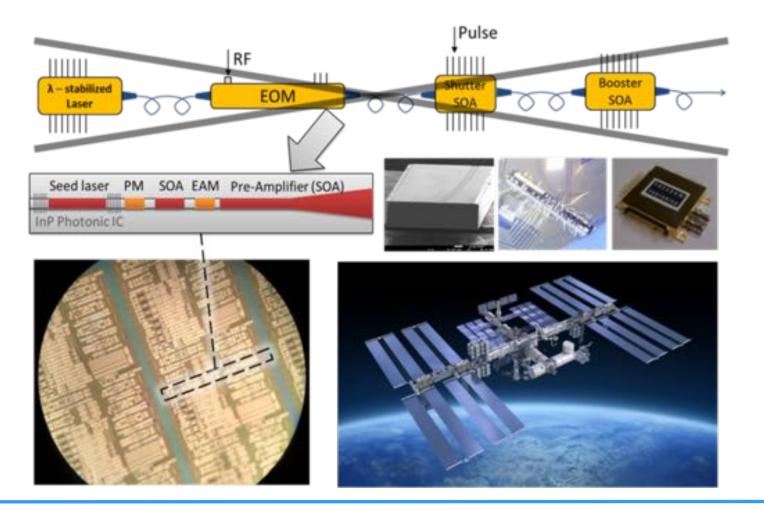
The schematic of the proposed Transverse-Coupled-Cavity (TCC) VCSEL with vertically integrated slow light photonic crystal waveguide array that is capable of providing the needed phase delay within few micron thickness. The input surface normal beams are provided through an integrated photonic circuit with 2D VCSEL arrays that is monolithically integrated to its substrate.



Program: STTR PI Dr. Leif Johansson - Freedom Photonics Partner: Prof. Jonathan Klamkin – University of California, Santa Barbara Integrated Optical Transmitter for Space Based Applications



APPROACH



SBIR Data Rights Apply.

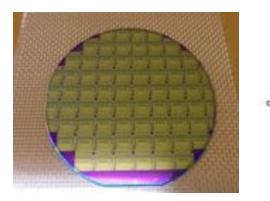


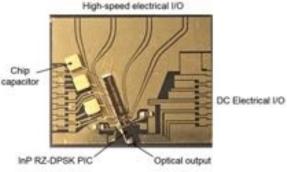
Program: STTR PI Dr. Leif Johansson - Freedom Photonics Partner: Prof. Jonathan Klamkin - University of California, Santa Barbara Integrated Optical Transmitter for Space Based Applications

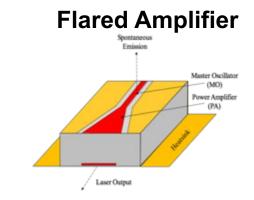


Freedom Photonics has demonstrated single Photonic Integrated circuit incorporating:

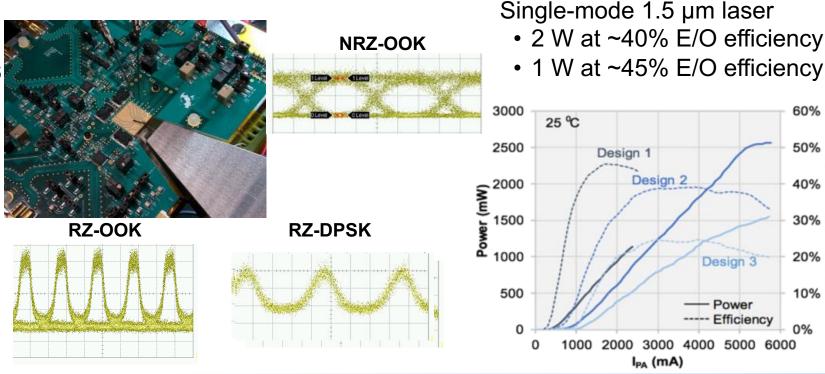
- Widely tunable SG-DBR laser
- Ns-Burst gating SOA
- PSK encoder
- Pulse carver







- Results:
- Wafer containing first prototypes of the InP RZ-DPSK transmitter
- Transmitter PIC mounted on carrier and wirebonded
- UCSB-designed driver board integrated with Freedom PIC demonstrating up to 10 Gbps



60%

50%

40%

30%

20%

10%

0%

Efficiency

Wallplug





NASA STTR Photonic Integrated Circuits 2018 awards – Phase 1

Title	Company	University
Si-Based Lab-on-A-Chip Integrated Photonic Spectrometer	Structured Materials Industries, Inc.	Arizona State University-Tempe
Flash Drive Integrated Label Free Silicon Nano-Photonic Bio-Assays for Space Station Bio-Diagnostics	Omega Optics, Inc.	The University of Texas at Austin
Chip-scale THz Spectrometer	Nexus Photonics, LLC	University of California-Santa Barbara
Integrated Photonic Filters for RF Signal Processing	OEwaves, Inc.	Georgia Institute of Technology
Femtosecond-Laser Fabrication of Waveguides in Laser Materials	Aktiwave	Rochester Institute of Technology

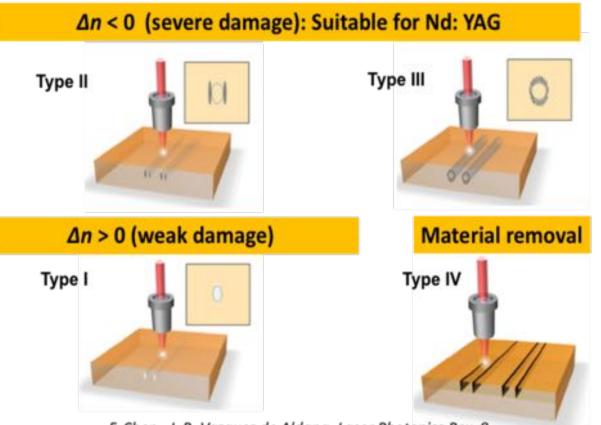


Program: STTR PI Dr. Christophe Dorrer, AktiwaveDr. Jie Qiao Rochester Institute of TechnologyFemtosecond-Laser Fabrication of Waveguides in Laser Materials



- Phase I: write waveguides; Phase II: demonstrate waveguide lasers in Nd:YAG crystal
- Waveguide writing with femtosecond laser:
 - Highly localized (sub-micron) and controlled irreversible index modification
 - Large change of optical index, allowing for strong guiding
 - Very flexible compared to other techniques (metal-ion diffusion, ion/proton exchange, epitaxial layer deposition, chemical vapor deposition, pulsed laser deposition, and ion-beam irradiation)
- Nd:YAG choice
 - One of the most favorable gain media for solid-state lasers owing to its excellent properties
 - Can be used at different wavelengths (946 nm, 1064 nm, 1120 nm, 1320 nm, and 1440 nm)

Writing waveguides with a femtosecond laser is a highly flexible process



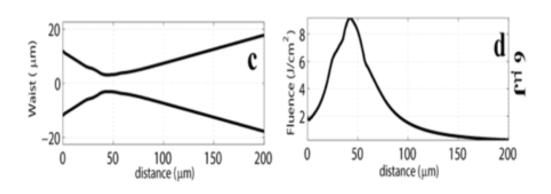
F. Chen, J. R. Vazquez de Aldana, Laser Photonics Rev. 8, 251–275 (2014). 31



Program: STTR PI Dr. Christophe Dorrer, AktiwaveDr. Jie Qiao Rochester Institute of TechnologyFemtosecond-Laser Fabrication of Waveguides in Laser Materials



The unidirectional Pulse Propagation Equation (UPPE)*, derived from Maxwell's equations, is used to determine the impact of linear and nonlinear effects

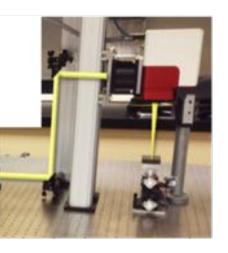


- · Propagation of writing femtosecond laser in ND:YAG:
 - Linear effects (diffraction, chromatic dispersion)
 - Nonlinear optical effects (self-phase modulation, Raman)
 - Electrons generation (multi-photon ionization, avalanche ionization) leading to defocusing

*M. Kolesik and J.V. Moloney, Phys. Rev. E 70 036604 (2004)

Waveguides are being written in Nd:YAG using a femtosecond fiber laser

Parameter	Value
Pulse Width	400 fs to 10 ps
Wavelength	1030 nm and 515 nm
Repetition Rate	500 kHz – 2 MHz
Average Power	50 W



- Optimum laser parameters are being numerically and experimentally determined (energy, focusing conditions, and scanning rate)
- Optical manufacturing and metrology tools at RIT's Advanced Materials Laboratory will also be used





Chip-scale THz Spectrometer



PI: Tin Komljenovic - Nexus Photonics, LLC and University of California, Santa Barbara

Development of integrated chip-scale frequency-domain THz spectrometer with improved frequency accuracy, resolution and stability. Goals of the project:

- > 10x weight reduction
- > 500x size reduction
- > 5x cost reduction
- > 1000x frequency accuracy improvement
- > 10x frequency resolution improvement
- Guaranteed long-term stability with built-in calibration until (EOL)

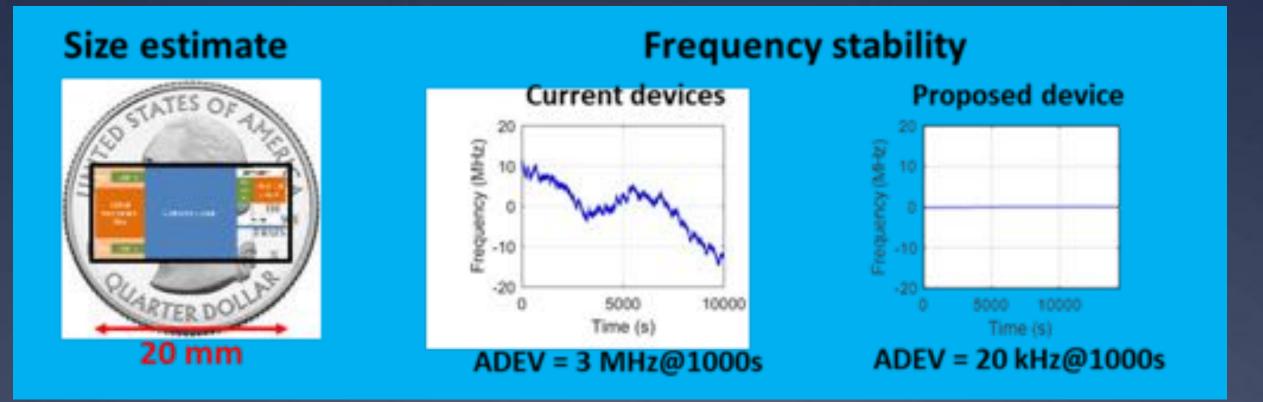








Team: Nexus Photonics, LLC and University of California, Santa Barbara









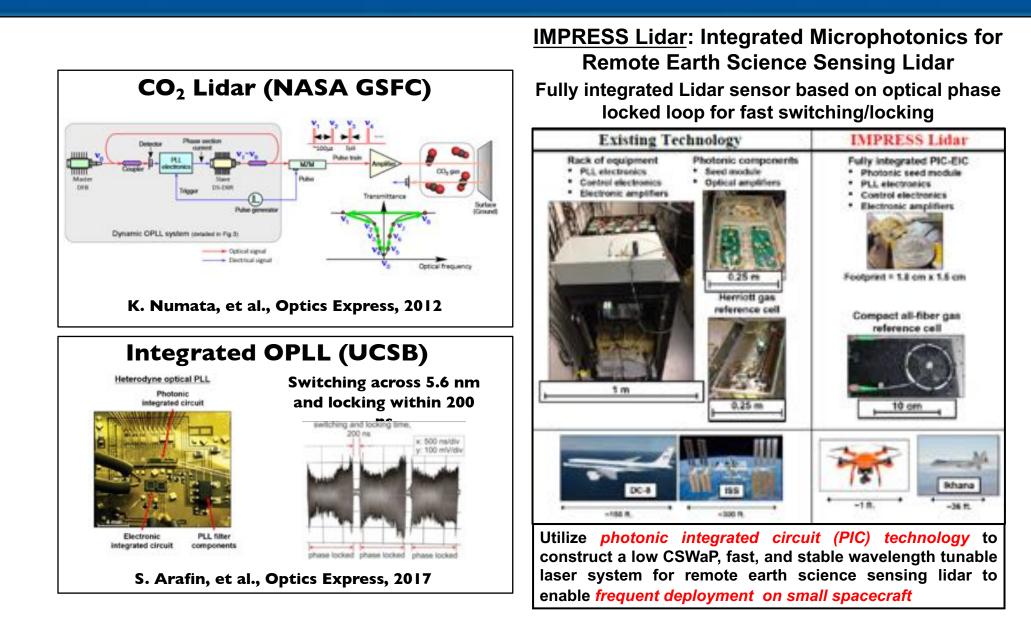
NASA Earth Science Technology Office (ESTO) Advanced Component Technology (ACT) Award

Title	University	Government
IMPRESS Lidar: Integrated Micro- Photonics for Remote Earth Science Sensing Lidar		NASA-Godard Space Flight Center

NASA Earth Science Technology Office (ESTO) Advance Component Technology (ACT)

IMPRESS Lidar (UCSB and NASA Goddard







NASA Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR) Award

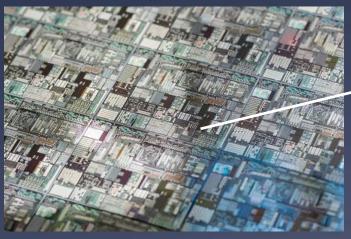


Title	University
	University of Delaware



Program: NASA's Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR)
International Space Station (ISS) Flight Opportunity Cooperative.
PI: Dr. Tingyi Gu, University of Delaware
Evaluation of graphene-silicon photonic integrated circuits for high-speed, light weight and radiation hard optical communication in space

- 2018 RockSat-C Program launch on June 22, 2018 at NASA's Wallops Flight Facility of Chincoteague Island, Virginia.
- Devices survive but wire bonding broke after launching...
 - Extra capping is needed to protect the ISS flight.



RockSat-C launch of packaged Si photonic chips





NASA Integrated Photonics



NASA Applications:

- Sensors Spectrometers Chemical/biological sensors:
 - Lab-on-a-chip systems for landers
 - > Astronaut health monitoring
 - Front-end and back-end for remote sensing instruments including trace gas lidars
 - Large telescope spectrometers for exoplanets.
- Microwave, Sub-millimeter and Long-Wave Infra-Red photonics:
 - Opens new methods due to Size, Weight and Power improvements, radio astronomy and THz spectroscopy

> Telecom: inter and intra satellite communications.

Can obtain large leverage from industrial efforts.