



National Aeronautics and
Space Administration



Space Technology Mission Directorate

JANNAF 2021

JPM/PIB/MSS/LPS/SPS MEETING

Session 3A – WORKSHOP

**Discernment of a Joint Approach to
Identify & Select Advanced Concepts
for Transformative Impact**

**Transformational
Propulsion Research &
Technology Strategy**

Ronald J. Litchford, Ph.D., P.E.
Principal Technologist for Propulsion
NASA/STMD | HQ

June 2021

www.nasa.gov/spacetech

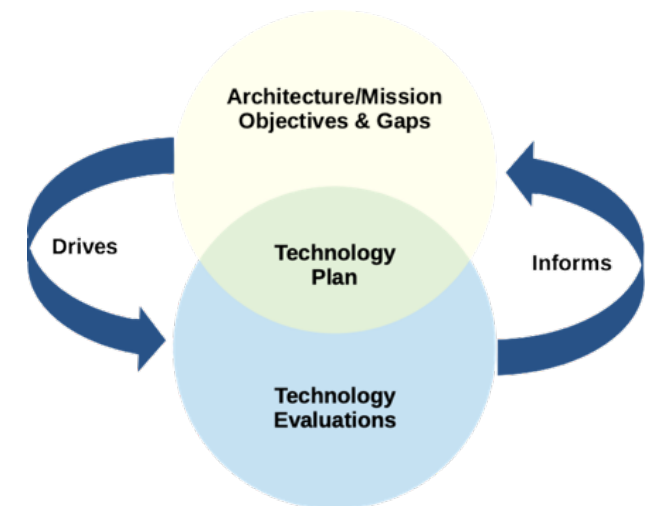
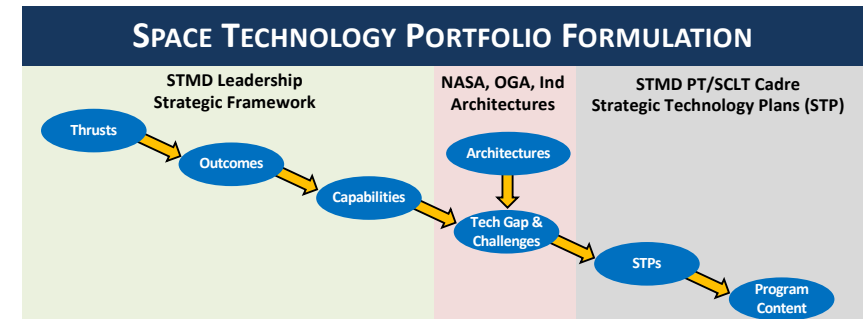


STMD STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK

A Data Driven Space Technology Investment Portfolio



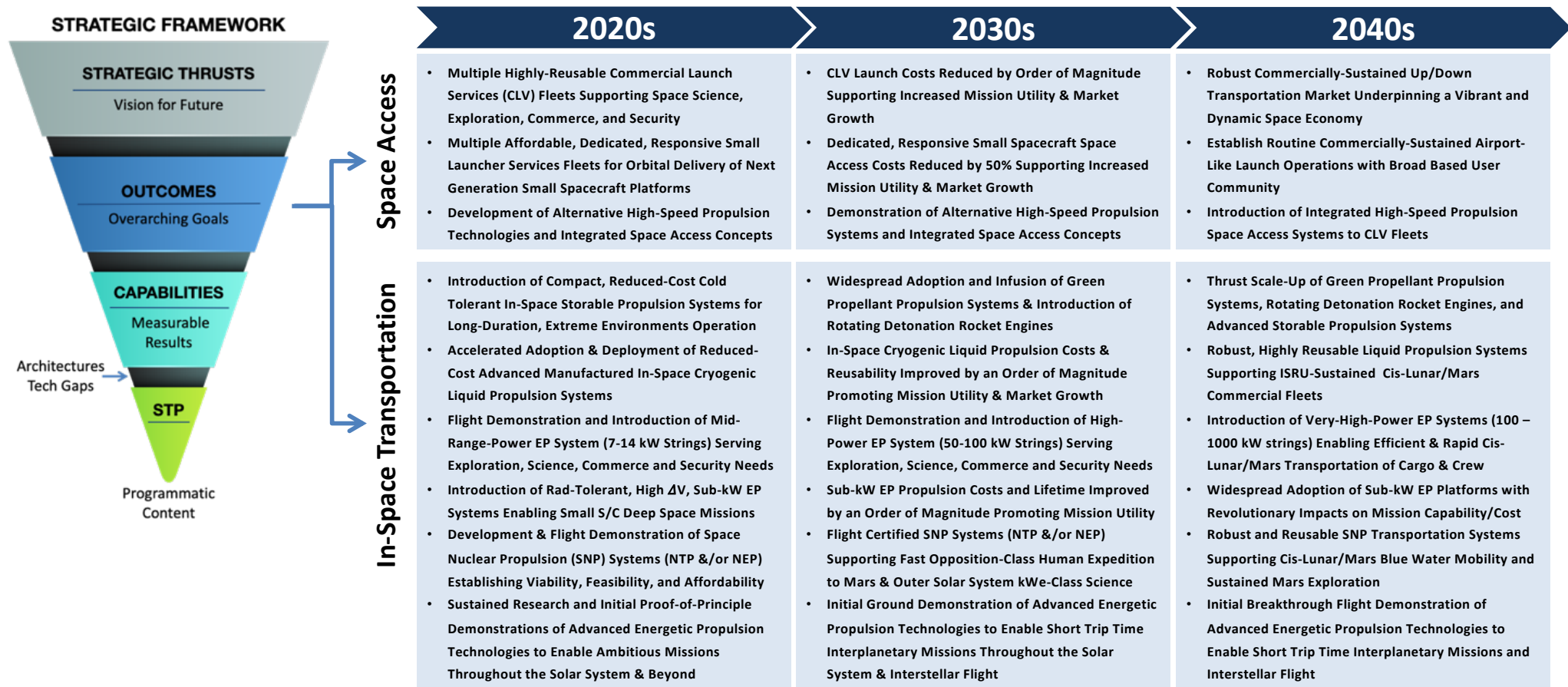
STMD STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK	
Thrusts	Space Technologies
 Go Rapid, Safe, & Efficient Space Transportation	- Develop nuclear technologies enabling fast in-space transits. - Develop cryogenic storage, transport, and fluid management technologies for surface and in-space applications. - Develop advanced propulsion technologies that enable future science/exploration missions.
 Land Expanded Access to Diverse Surface Destinations	- Enable Lunar/Mars global access with ~20t payloads to support human missions. - Enable science missions entering/transiting planetary atmospheres and landing on planetary bodies. - Develop technologies to land payloads within 50 meters accuracy and avoid landing hazards.
 Live Sustainable Living and Working Farther from Earth	- Develop exploration technologies and enable a vibrant space economy with supporting utilities and commodities - Sustainable power sources and other surface utilities to enable continuous lunar and Mars surface operations. - Scalable ISRU production/utilization capabilities including sustainable commodities on the lunar & Mars surface. - Technologies that enable surviving the extreme lunar and Mars environments. - Autonomous excavation, construction & outfitting capabilities targeting landing pads/structures/habitable buildings utilizing in situ resources. - Enable long duration human exploration missions with Advanced Life Support & Human Performance technologies.
 Explore Transformative Missions and Discoveries	- Develop next generation high performance computing, communications, and navigation. - Develop advanced robotics and spacecraft autonomy technologies to enable and augment science/exploration missions. - Develop technologies supporting emerging space industries including: Satellite Servicing & Assembly, In Space/Surface Manufacturing, and Small Spacecraft technologies. - Develop vehicle platform technologies supporting new discoveries.





GO THRUST

Overarching Strategic Goals

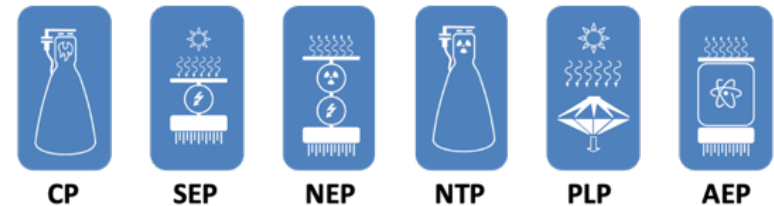


SPACE TRANSPORTATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Architecture/System Drivers & Technology Taxonomy



PROPULSION TECHNOLOGY TAXONOMY



CP – Chemical Propulsion

SEP – Solar Electric Propulsion

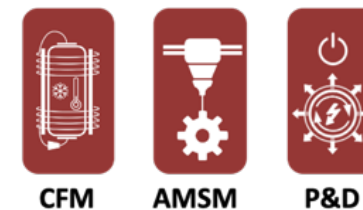
NEP – Nuclear Electric Propulsion

NTP – Nuclear Thermal Propulsion

PLP – Propellant-Less Propulsion

AEP – Advanced Energetic Propulsion

CROSS-CUTTING SUPPORT TECHNOLOGIES



CFM – Cryogenic Fluid Management

AMSM – Advanced Materials, Structures, & Manufacturing

P&D – Power & Distribution



SPACE FLIGHT DOMAINS

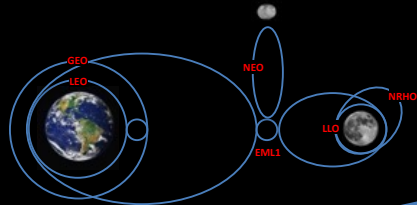
Science, Exploration, Commerce & Security



CIS-LUNAR CLPS/ARTEMIS & CIS- LUNAR DEVELOPMENT

- ❖ Science Payloads
- ❖ Mining & Resource Extraction
- ❖ Manufacturing
- ❖ Fuel Depots
- ❖ Space Solar Power
- ❖ Outposts (In-Space & Surface)
- ❖ Tourism
- ❖ Rule of Law Compliance
- ❖ Planetary Defense Assets
- ❖ National Security Space Assets

"Commercially Sustained Cis-Lunar Infrastructure"
 $\Delta v < 5 \text{ km/s}$



CP | SEP | NTP | NEP

"Littoral & Blue Water Mobility Analog"

MESO-SOLAR MOON-TO-MARS & EXPANDING SCIENCE/EXPLORATION

- ❖ Humans on Mars
- ❖ Search for Life
- ❖ Sample Return
- ❖ Outer Planetary Science
- ❖ Resource Mapping
- ❖ Asteroid Prospecting

Mars
1.5 AU

Jupiter
5.2 AU

Saturn
9.5 AU

Uranus
19 AU

Neptune
30 AU

Pluto
40 AU

Advanced Energetic Propulsion Processes & Concepts
"Rapid & Efficient Deep Space Transit"

EXTRA-SOLAR OUTER SOLAR SYSTEM & INTERSTELLAR

- ❖ KBOs & Primitive Bodies >50 AU
- ❖ Heliosphere / Local ISM 100-200 AU
- ❖ Pristine ISM 200-400 AU
- ❖ Solar Gravity Lens 500-800 AU
- ❖ Nearby Stars / Exoplanets 4.5-20 LY

PROPULSION TECHNOLOGY TAXONOMY



CP

CP – Chemical Propulsion



SEP

SEP – Solar Electric Propulsion



NEP

NEP – Nuclear Electric Propulsion



NTP

NTP – Nuclear Thermal Propulsion



PLP

PLP – Propellant-Less Propulsion



AEP

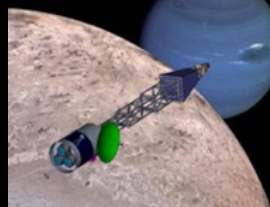
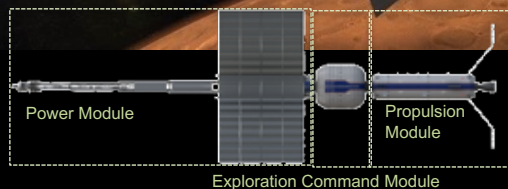
AEP – Advanced Energetic Propulsion

ARCHITECTURE & INNOVATION DRIVEN PROPULSION R&T

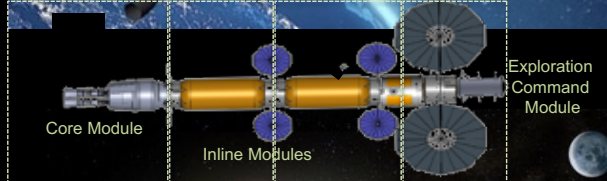
Envisioned Space Nuclear System Capabilities



ARCHITECTURE DRIVEN NUCLEAR PROPULSION TECHNOLOGIES SCIENCE/EXPLORATION/COMMERCE/SECURITY CAPABILITIES

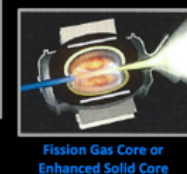


10-kW-Class NEP
Neptune-Triton Spacecraft



INNOVATION DRIVEN RESEARCH AEP TRANSFORMATIONAL CAPABILITIES

Sustained investment in Advanced Energetic Propulsion research & innovation enables the possibility for new breakthrough technologies



Capability Goals:

- $\alpha \leq 5 \text{ kg/kW}$
- Thrust-to-Weight ≥ 0.6
- Relativistic S/C Velocity $\geq 0.1c$

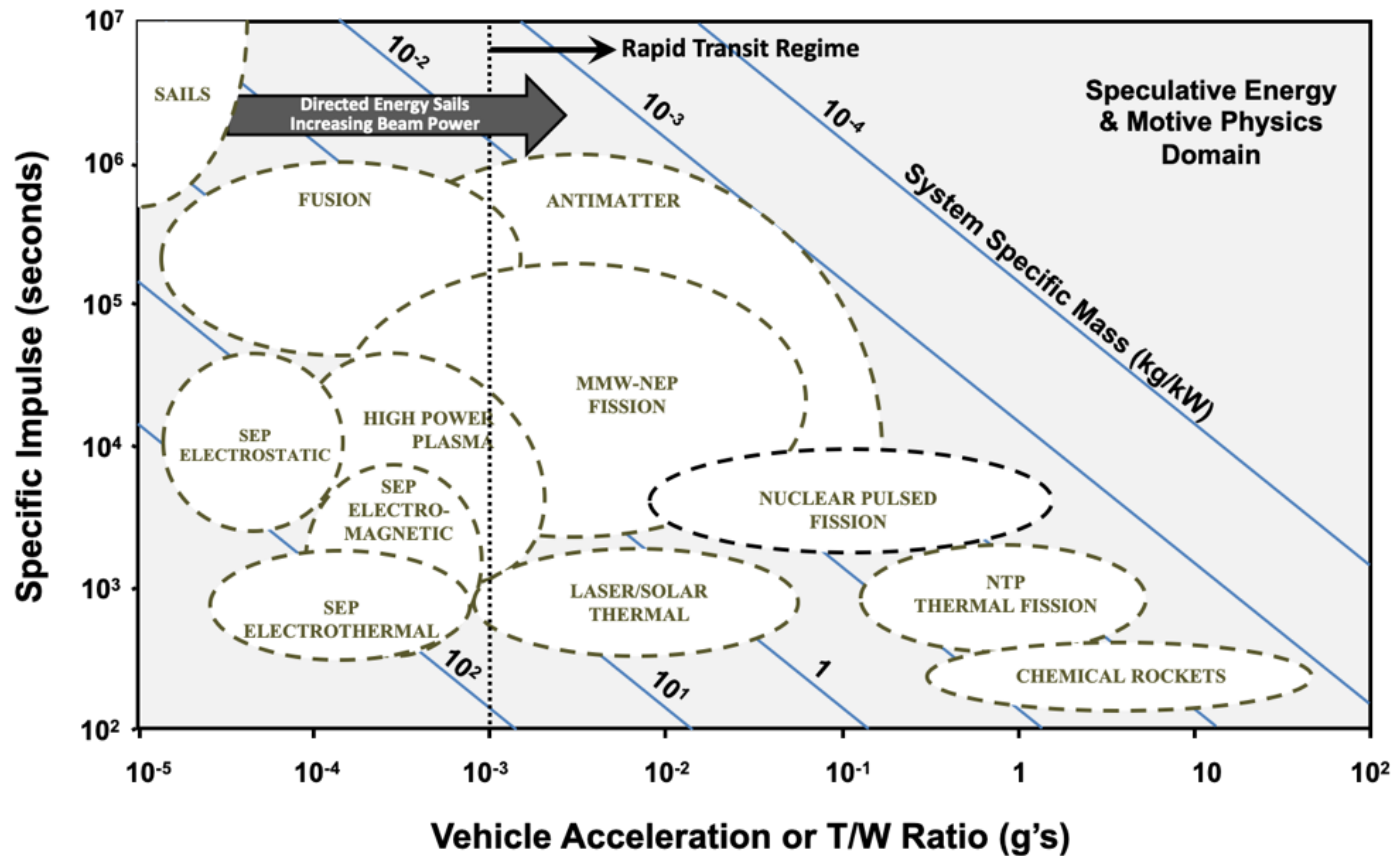


ADVANCED ENERGETIC PROPULSION CAPABILITIES

Landscape of Technology Options



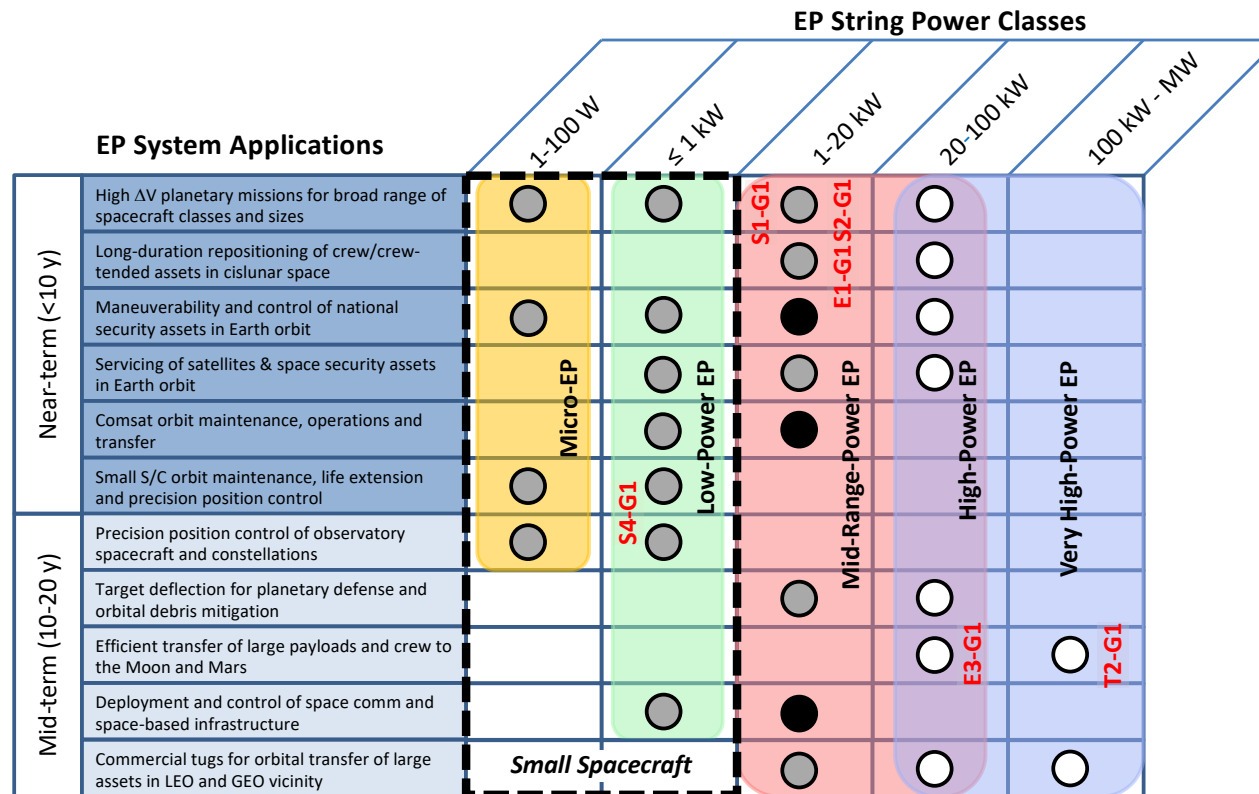
The Advanced Propulsion Technology Landscape





ELECTRIC PROPULSION SYSTEMS

Historical Developments & Projected Capabilities



Note: Not all funding coming from NASA sources



Flight systems available



Development underway to meet application requirements.



Significant Development / Requirements not defined

Technology Gap Index

- E1-G1** Gateway PPE-SEP
- E2-G1** Cryogenic Propulsion
- E3-G1** NEP/CP
- E3-G2** NTP
- S1-G1** NEXT-C EP
- S2-G1** KiloPower Derived NEP
- S3-G1** Baseline TALOS
- S3-G2** Extensible TALOS
- S4-G1** Sub-kW SEP
- S4-G1** Solar Sail Propulsion
- S6-G1** Green Propellant
- T2-G1** AEP



CHEMICAL PROPULSION SYSTEMS

Historical Developments & Projected Capabilities



In-Space CP Applications		CP Propellant Families							
		Solid Propellant (Ispvac = 275 – 290 s)	Hydrocarbon HC/Hybrid (Ispvac = 320 – 340 s)	LOX/LCH4 (Ispvac = 340 – 365 s)	LOX/LH2 (Ispvac = 415 – 445 s)	MON/MMH (Ispvac = 315 – 340 s)	Green Monoprop (Ispvac = 220 – 225 s)	NTP – LH2 (Ispvac = 900 – 1000 s)	RDRE (10% Increase Ispvac)
High Thrust (Pump-Fed)	Large ΔV , Fixed Thrust Surface Ascent								
	Large ΔV , Variable Thrust Descent, Hover & Landing								
	Limited ΔV , Fixed Thrust In-Space Transfer								
Low-to-Moderate Thrust (Pressure-Fed)	Large ΔV , Fixed Thrust Surface Ascent								
	Large ΔV , Variable Thrust Descent, Hover & Landing								
	Reaction/Attitude Control Systems								
	Limited ΔV , Fixed Thrust In-Space Transfer								
		Flight System Available Flight System Out of Production Development Underway to meet application requirements Significant Development / Requirements Not Defined							

Technology Gap Index

- E1-G1** Gateway PPE-SEP
- E2-G1** Cryogenic Propulsion
- E3-G1** NEP/CP
- E3-G2** NTP
- S1-G1** NEXT-C EP
- S2-G1** KiloPower Derived NEP
- S3-G1** Baseline TALOS
- S3-G2** Extensible TALOS
- S4-G1** Sub-kW SEP
- S4-G1** Solar Sail Propulsion
- S6-G1** Green Propellant
- T1-G1** RDRE

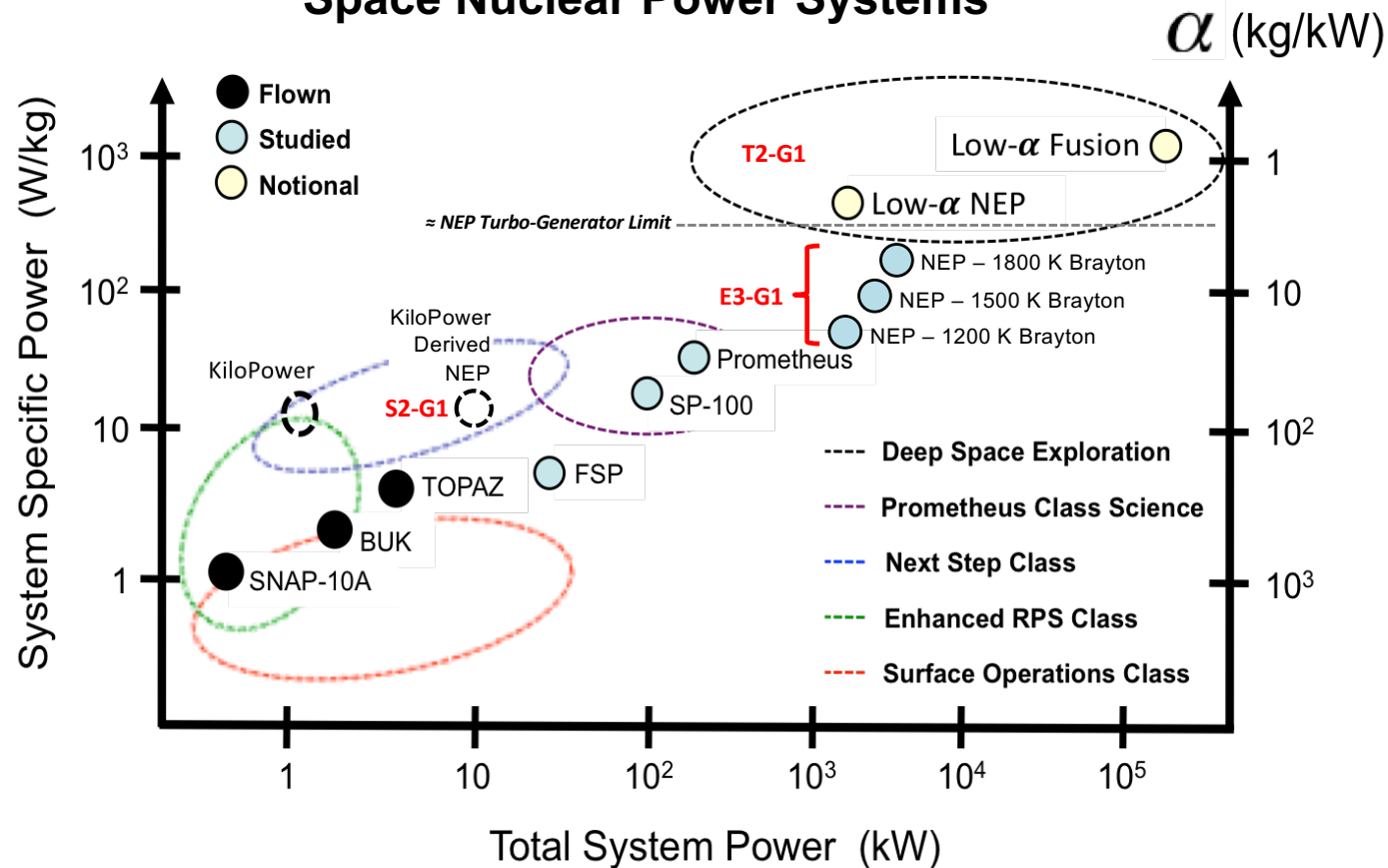


SPACE FISSION POWER SYSTEMS

Historical Developments & Projected Capabilities



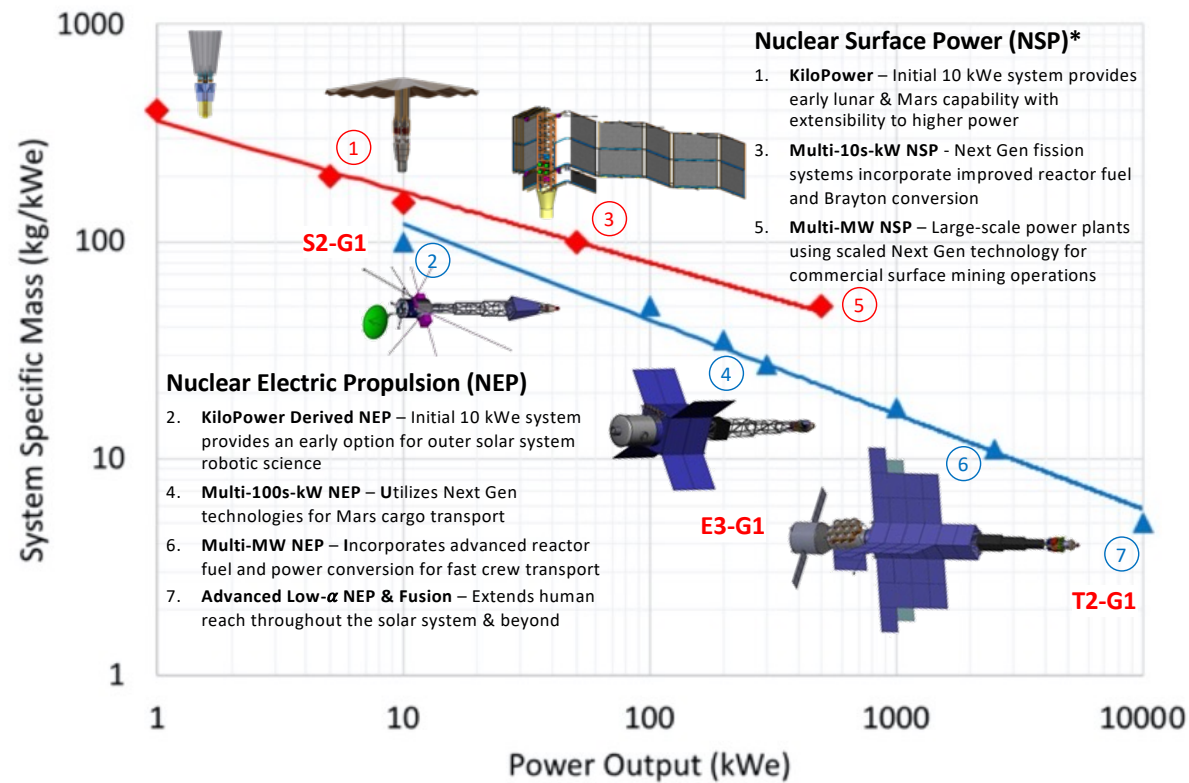
Space Nuclear Power Systems





SPACE FISSION POWER & PROPULSION SYSTEMS

Synergistic Development of NSP & NEP

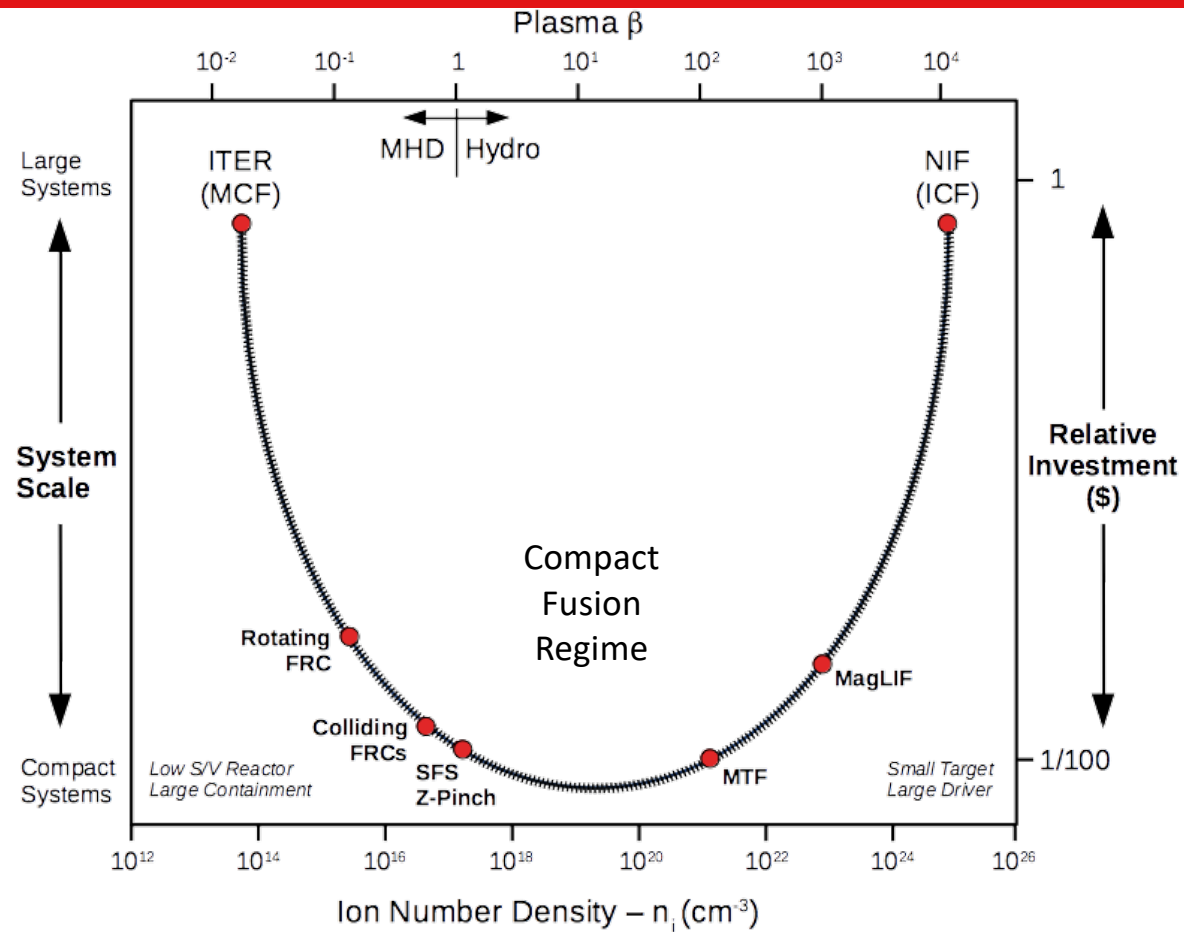


* Apportioned to Advanced Power STP



COMPACT FUSION TECHNOLOGY DOMAIN

Low- α System Swath Trend



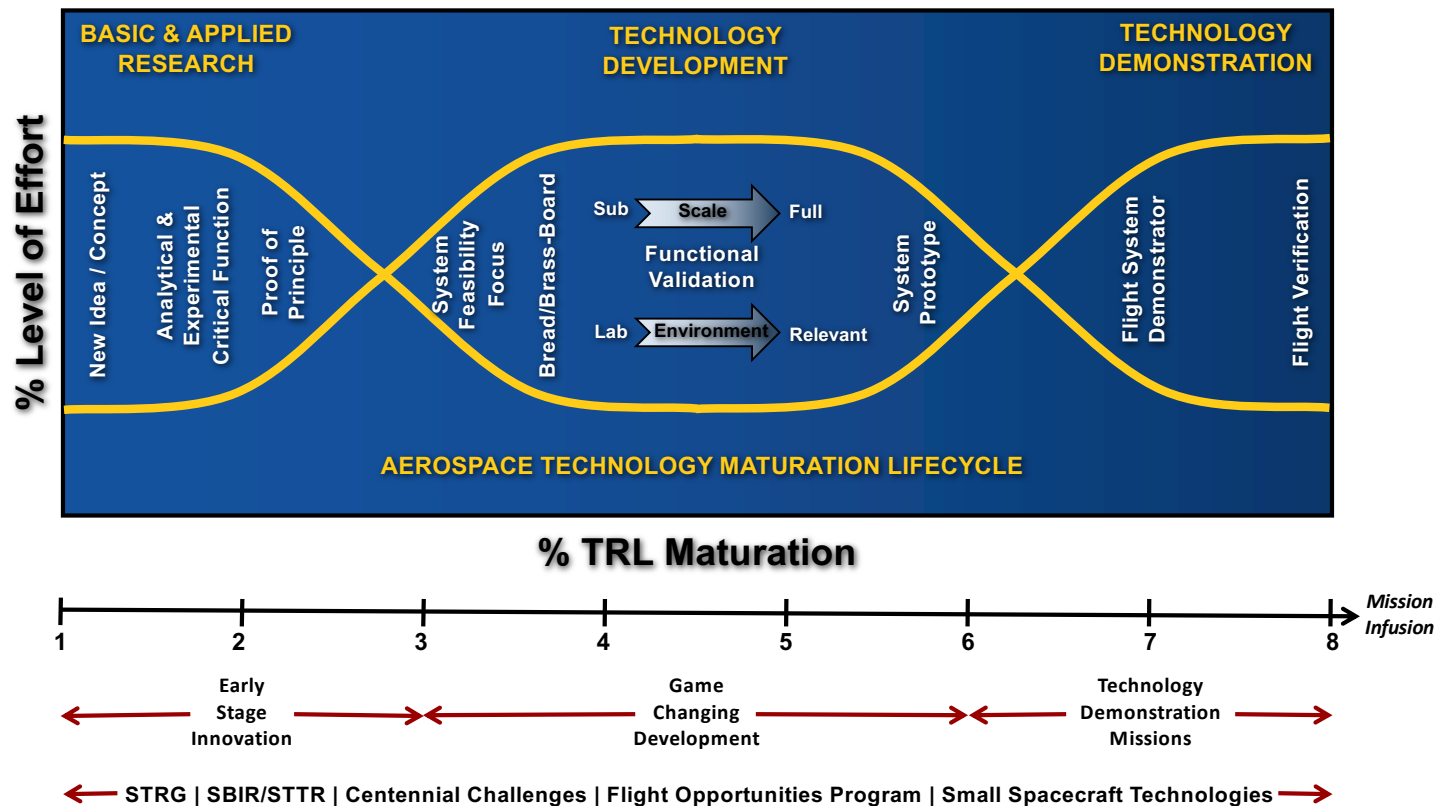


STRATEGIC CROSS-PROGRAM INTEGRATION

STMD Technology Lifecycle



DOUBLE HOURGLASS TRANSITION & INFUSION MODEL



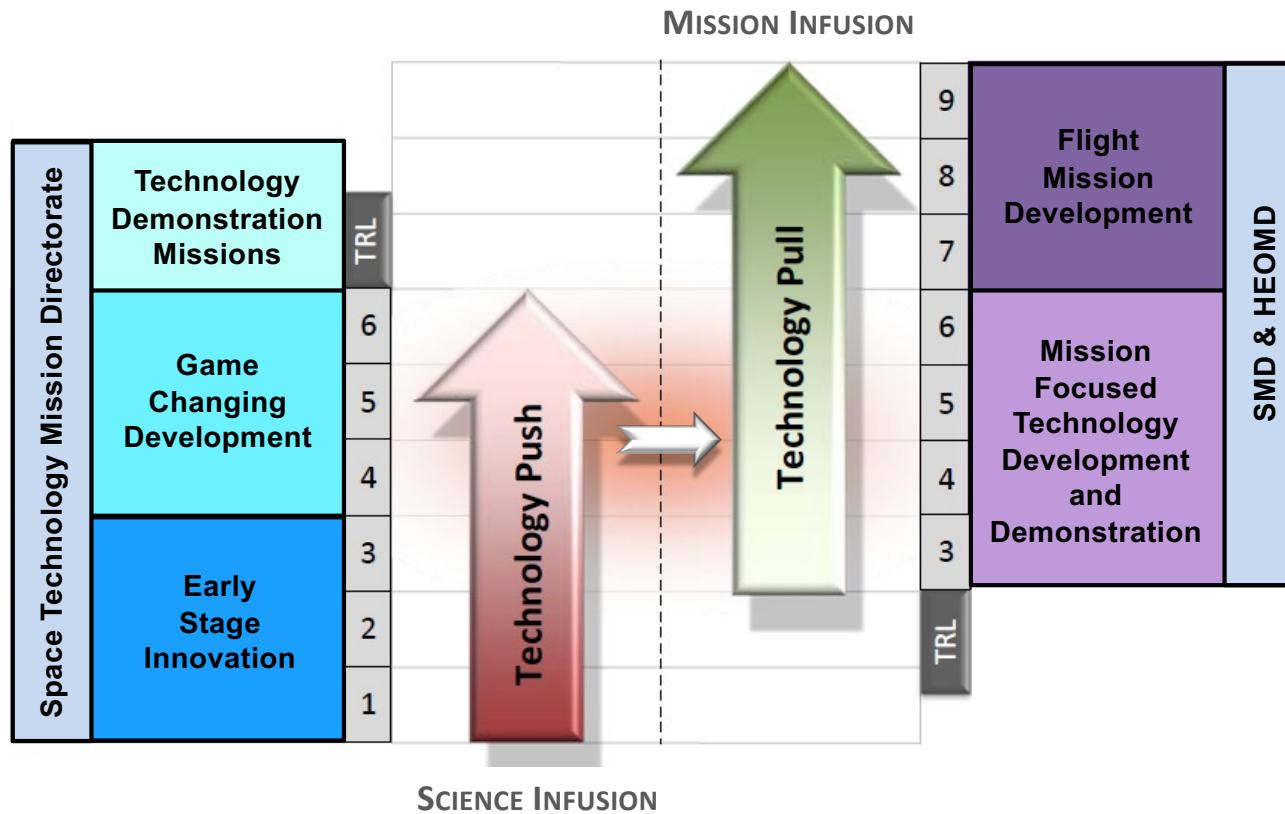
SPACE TECHNOLOGY MISSION DIRECTORATE PROGRAM PORTFOLIO

JANNAF 2021 JSM | Workshop: Discernment of a Joint Approach for Transformative Impact | June 2021



STRATEGIC CROSS-PROGRAM INTEGRATION

Space Technology Programmatic Flow



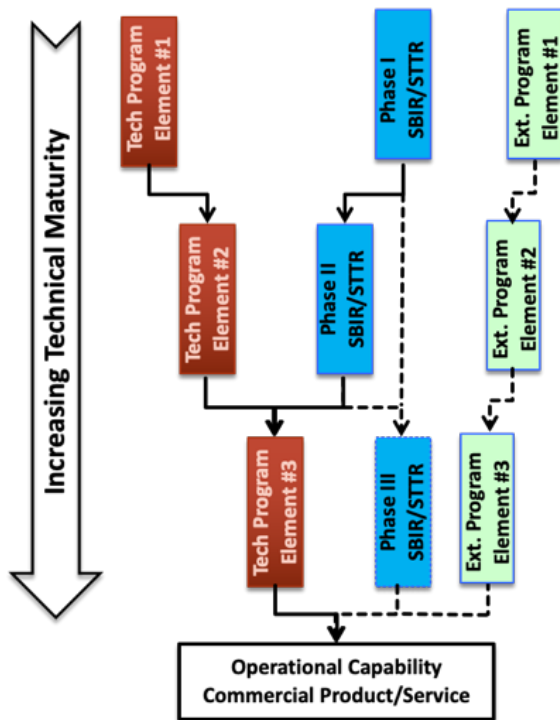


STRATEGIC CROSS-PROGRAM INTEGRATION

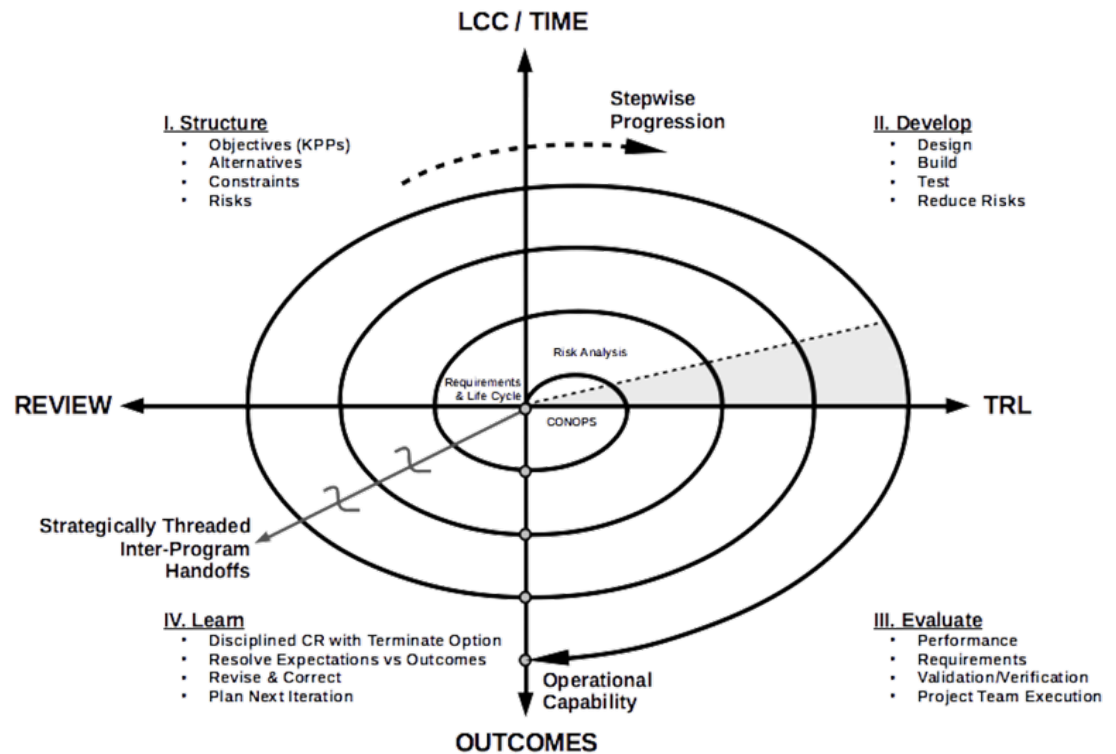
Integrated Program Elements



INTEGRATED PROGRAM ELEMENTS



CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT COMMITMENT PARTITION



INTER-AGENCY WHOLE OF GOVERNMENT MINDSET

A National Imperative

