

Constructing an Extensive Hail Damage Swath Database Using Satellite Remote Sensing and Geographic Information Systems

Emily F. Wisinski¹, Jordan R. Bell², Emma Gilligan³, Andrew L. Molthan², and Christopher J. Schultz²

¹Department of Atmospheric and Earth Science, University of Alabama in Huntsville, Huntsville, Alabama

²Earth Science Branch, NASA/Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, Alabama

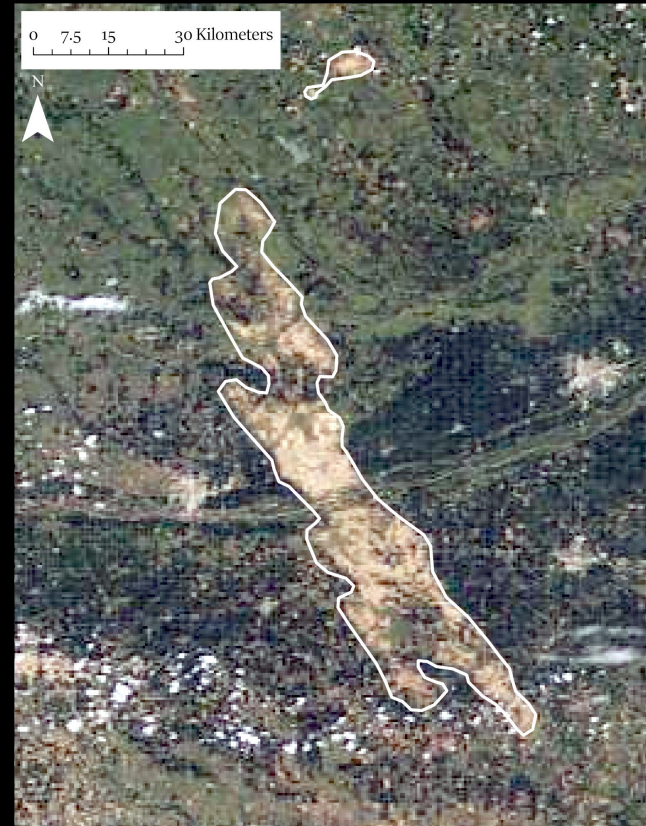
³Geography and Environmental Systems, University of Maryland, Baltimore County, Baltimore, Maryland



Background / Motivation

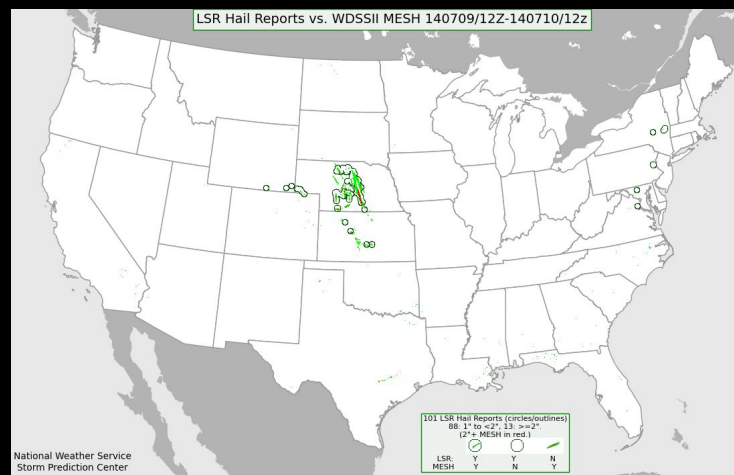
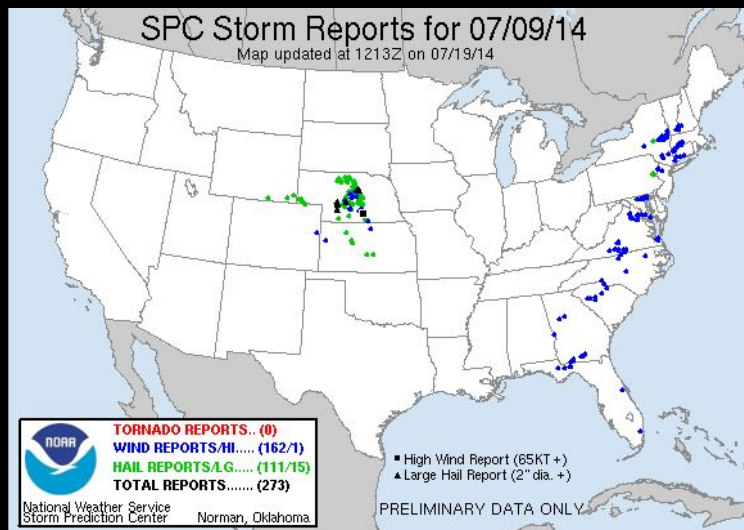
- Growing season overlaps severe & intense thunderstorms that bring damaging winds and large hail (Bell et al. 2020)
 - A number of these storms leave behind visible swaths of damage
- Create database of hail damage swaths events
 - Midwest and Great Plains
 - 2000 – 2020
 - Derived from daily NASA true color imagery
- Improve understanding of geospatial range and frequency

Nebraska, 07/09/2014



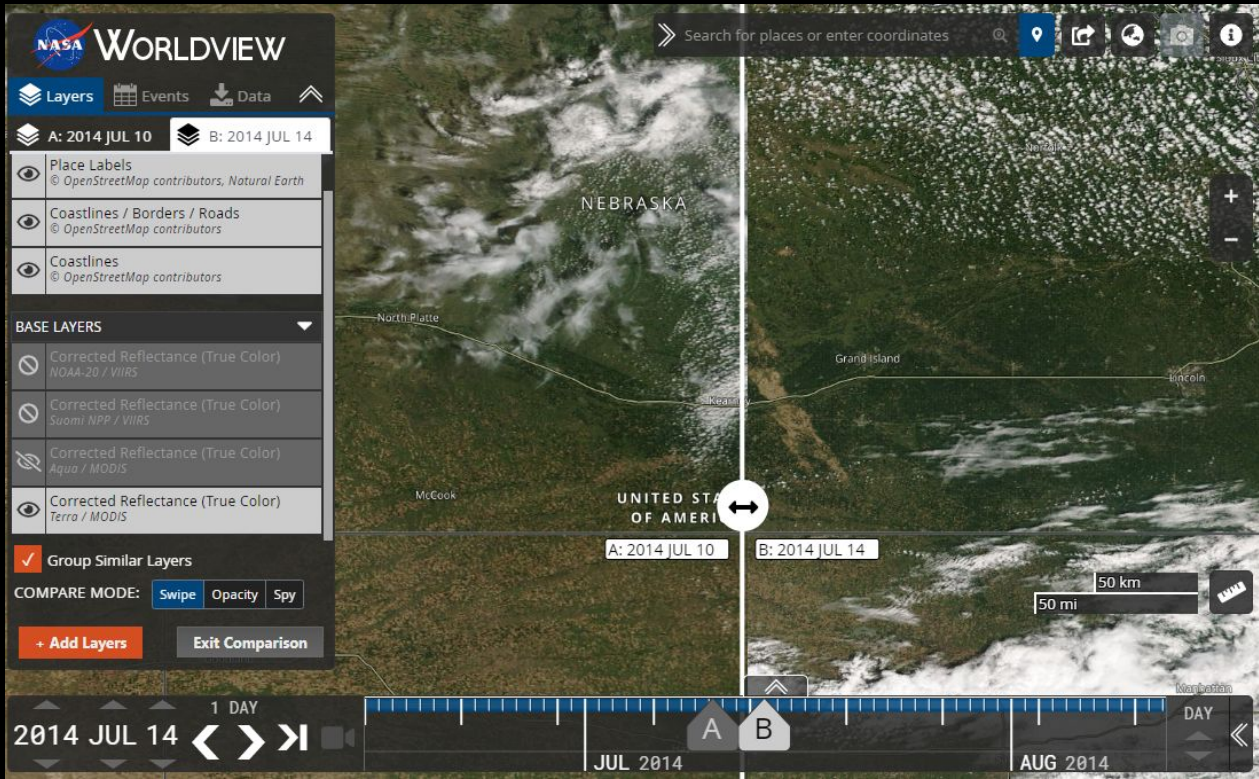
Methods – Archive Work

- Storm Prediction Center Storm Reports
 - 1 May to 15 September
 - 2000–2020
- Local Storm Reports (Hail) vs Maximum Estimated Size of Hail (MESH)
 - Only available 2012–2017



Methods – Archive Work

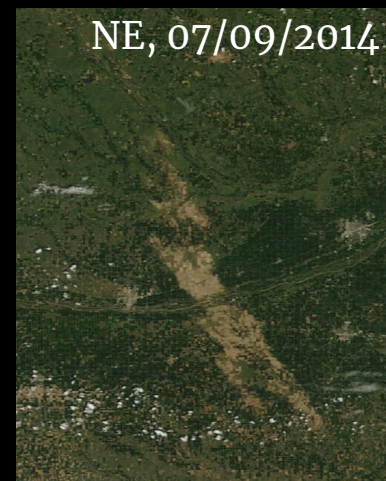
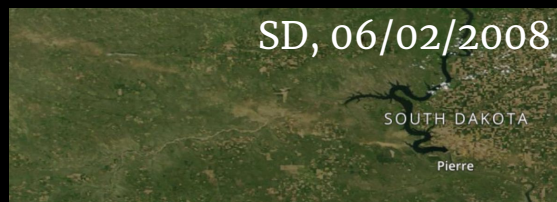
- Storm Prediction Center Storm Reports
- Local Storm Reports (Hail) vs MESH
- NASA Worldview



NASA Worldview Portal

Diversity in Swaths

- Time of the growing season
- Background land cover
 - Agriculture vs grassland
- Size of swath



Methods – Archive Work

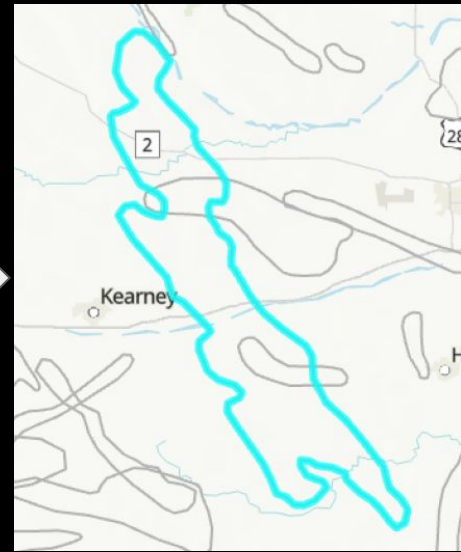
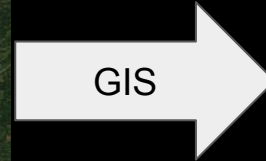
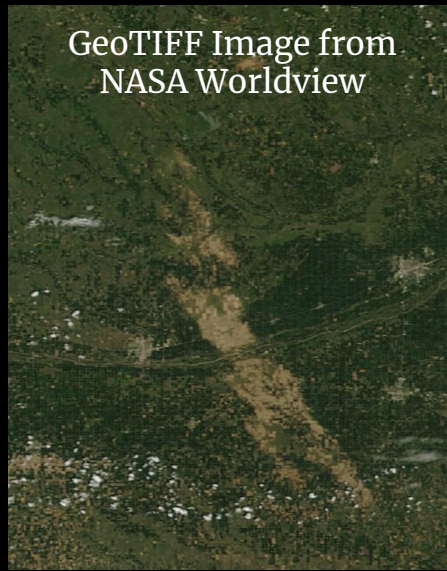
- Storm Prediction Center Storm Reports
- Local Storm Reports (Hail) vs MESH
- NASA Worldview
- Catalog events in Google Sheet

Year	Location	States	Analyst		Event Date	NASA Worldview			Best View Sensor	X-Ref (16-19) Only	Addtl # 1
			Initials	Confid		Worldview Link	First Appears	Best Date*			
2020	East of Rapid City, SD (large event for May, lots of cloud cover so this may not be the entirety of the event)	SD	EW	10	05/03/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/39TwUvR	05/05/2020	05/21/2020	Terra		JB 10
	Northeast of Rapid City, SD	SD	EW	5	05/23/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/2BS38Lg	05/27/2020	06/01/2020	Both		JB 4
	West of Spearfish, SD	WY, SD	EW	10	06/04/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/2DyQAcs	06/11/2020	06/12/2020	Terra		JB 10
	Buffalo, SD to Dupree, SD	SD	EW	10	06/04/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/2DiuGdB	06/05/2020	06/12/2020	Terra		JB 10
	3 separate scars near White River, SD and Pierre, SD	SD, NE	EW	10	06/07/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3fpUoUx	06/08/2020	06/12/2020	Terra		JB 10
	Continuation of June 8th event in NE?	NE, SD	EW	3	06/08/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3folZXi					JB 3
	Southwest of Pierre, SD	SD	EW	10	06/21/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3grgvkC	06/24/2020	06/24/2020	Both		JB 10
	Long scar beginning north of Spearfish, SD	SD	EW	10	06/28/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/30pWvcs	06/29/2020	07/03/2020	Both		JB 10
	East of Hot Springs, SD	SD	EW	6	07/02/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3gqqJlo	07/03/2020	07/03/2020	Terra		JB 7
	East of Buffalo, SD	SD	EW	6	07/02/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/30mMwok	07/03/2020	07/03/2020	Terra		JB 7
	Southeast of Selby, SD	SD	EW	3	07/04/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3kalDe3	07/07/2020	07/12/2020			JB 3
	West of Buffalo, SD	SD	EW	10	07/05/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3hX8Jzk	07/07/2020	07/08/2020	Both		JB 10
	Southeast of Pierre, SD	SD	EW	8	07/06/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3if6k38	07/07/2020	07/07/2020	Terra		JB 8
	Yankton, SD	SD	EW	8	07/06/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/33qQTkf	07/07/2020	07/12/2020	Both		JB 7
Near NE border	SD	EW	3	07/09/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/31g5Ym8	07/10/2020	07/10/2020			JB 4	

- Collected additional metadata on each event
 - Metadata includes when the swath first appeared in imagery, which sensor saw it best, etc.
- Each event was assigned a confidence for identified swaths
 - Swaths that had high confidence did not require additional analysis for confirmation.
 - Swaths that had moderate confidence levels required additional input and analysis from experts involved to confirm.

Methods – Archive Work

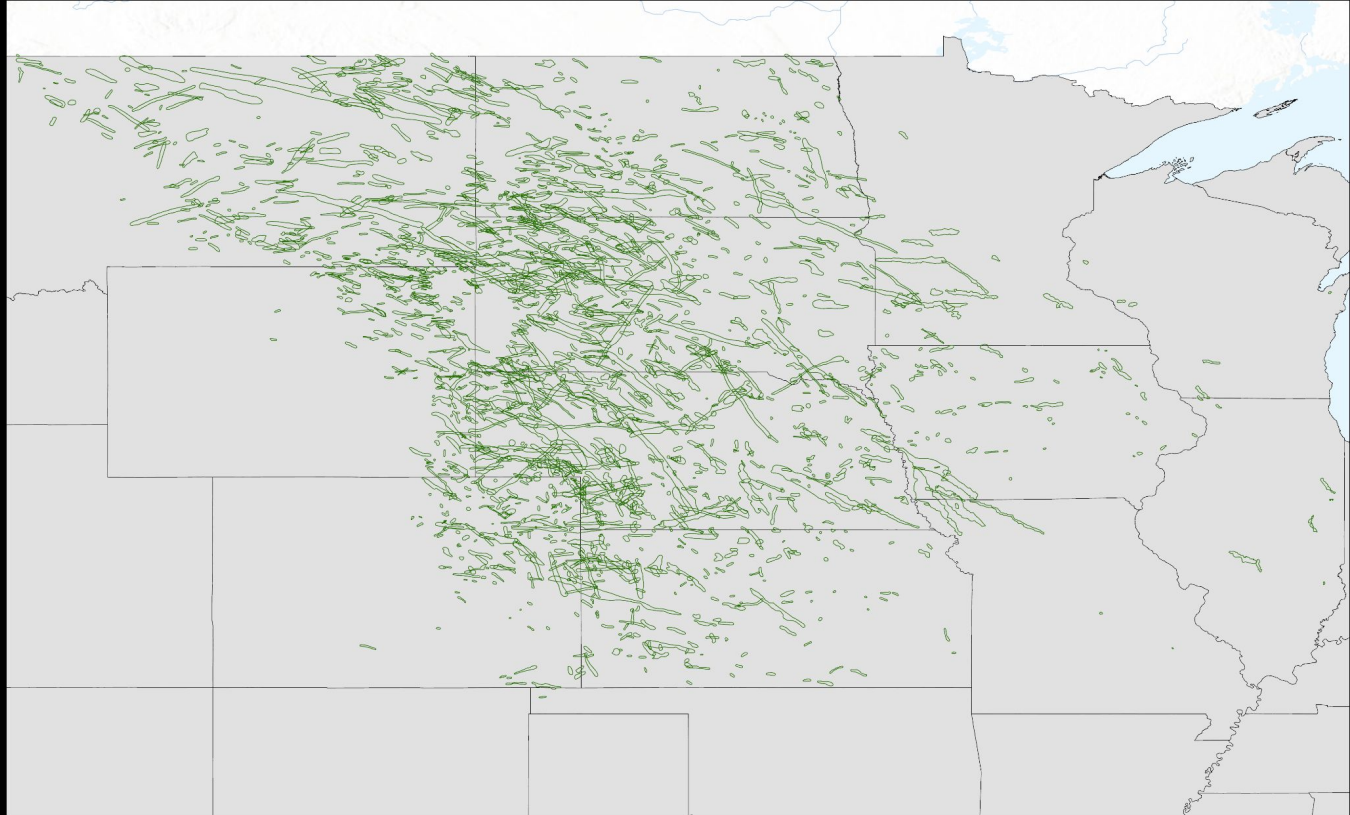
- Storm Prediction Center Storm Reports
- Local Storm Reports (Hail) vs MESH
- NASA Worldview
- Catalog events in Google Sheet
- Create GIS record of event database



- For each confirmed event in Google Sheets
 - True color geotiffs from the “Best Date” were downloaded
 - Geotiffs were imported into desktop GIS software where analysts outline each swath into a shapefile
 - Metadata from Google Sheets were also entered into the shapefile.

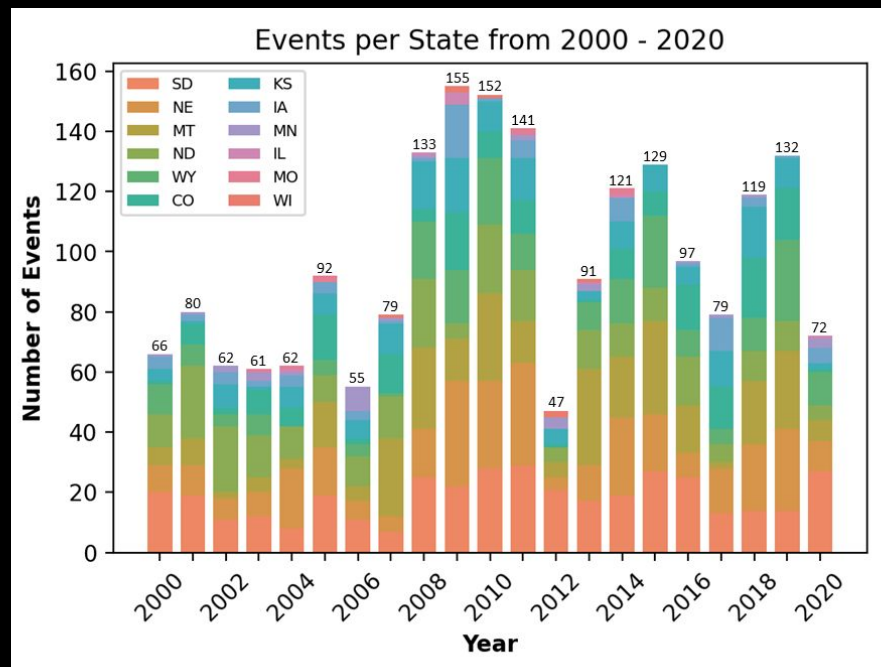
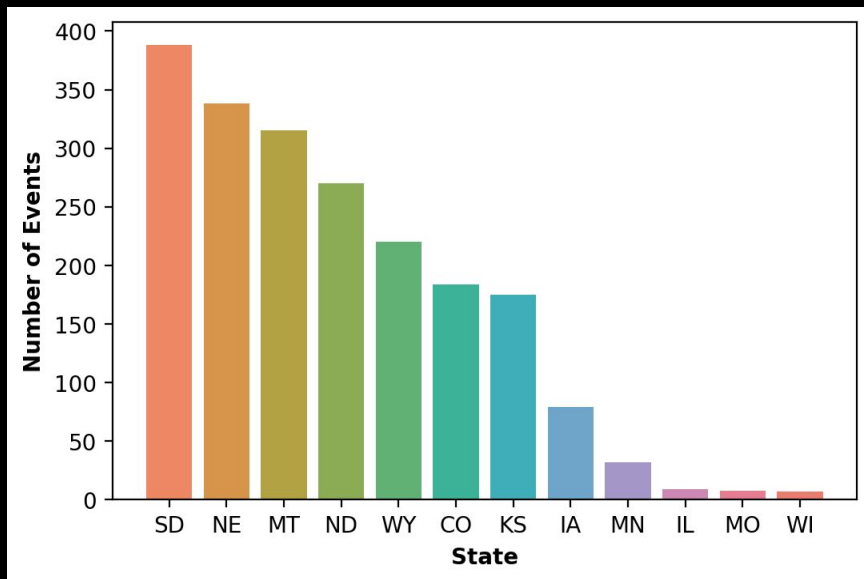
Results

Full extent of the hail swath damage across the Midwest and Great Plains. Over 71,000,000 acres of land were potentially affected by hail damage swaths from 2000 - 2020.

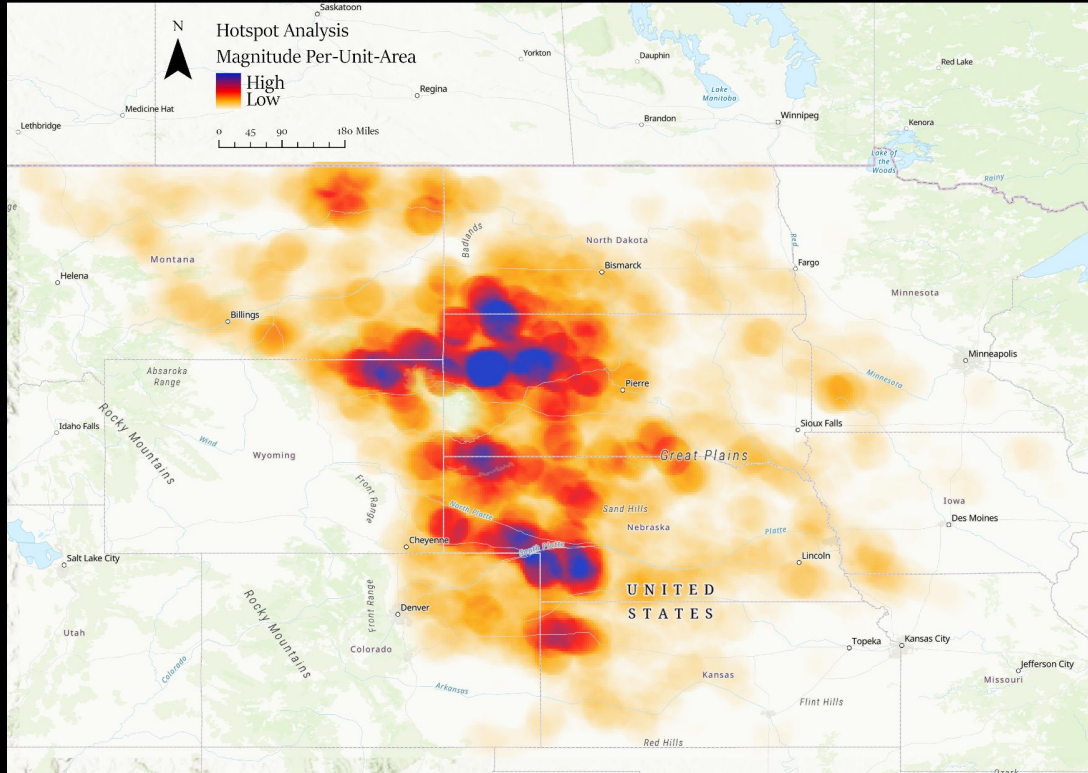


Results

- 1839 events occurred throughout 2000 – 2020
 - 2025 polygons drawn across 12 states



Results



- Analysis visualizes hotspots for hail damage swaths based on the polygons drawn. Western ND, SD, and NE show the largest frequency of events occurring.
- Preparing manuscript that details methodology and impacts to agriculture – submitting Spring 2022.

Continuations of Applications

- Develop machine learning technique to detect swaths through an automated process
 - Create databases in other locations (e.g., Canada, South America) where there is damaging hail events through this process
- Improve seasonal and subseasonal forecasting of active vs inactive years
- Investigate potential climatological teleconnections

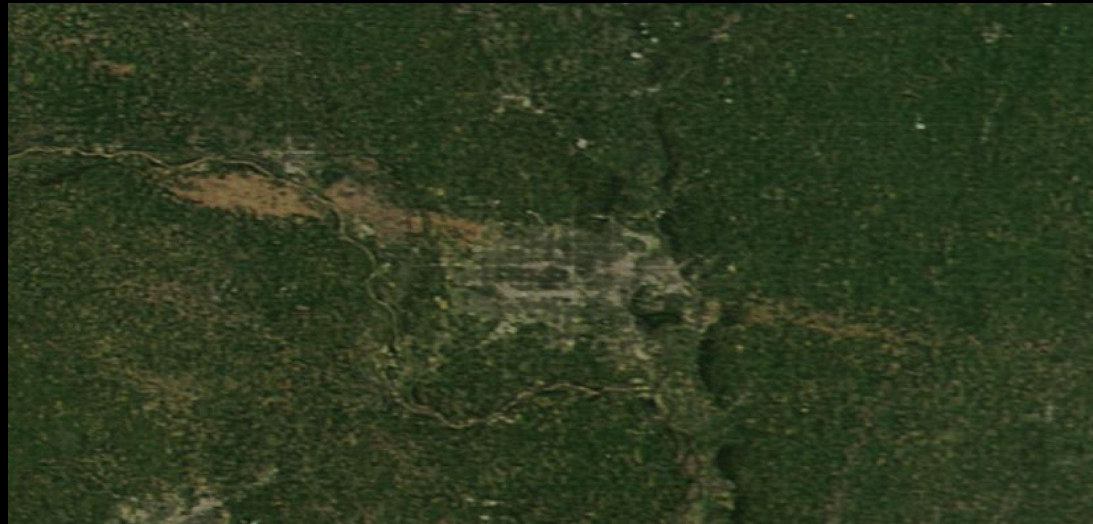


Two South Dakota swaths in 2018

Contact Information

Omaha, NE, 06/27/2008

- Contact information:
 - Emily Wisinski,
efw0003@uah.edu
 - Jordan Bell,
jordan.r.bell@nasa.gov



References

Bell, J. R., Gebremichael, E., Molthan, A. L., Schultz, L. A., Meyer, F. J., Hain, C. R., Shrestha, S., & Payne, K. C. (2020). Complementing optical remote sensing. *American Meteorological Society*, 59(4), 665–685. <https://doi.org/10.1175/JAMC-D-19-0124.1>

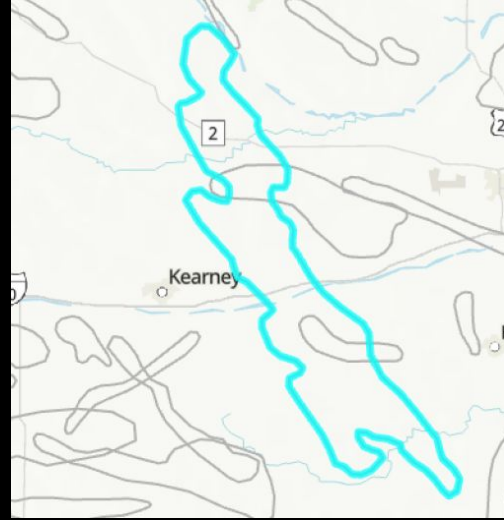
Metadata Fields Within Google Spreadsheet

Year	Location	States	Analyst		Event Date	NASA Worldview			Best View Sensor	SPC Reports Link	Notes/Social Media/WFO Event Summaries	Additional Validation (Initials)		
			Initials	Confid		Worldview Link	First Appears	Best Date*				# 1	# 2	# 3
2020	Cheyenne, WY into CO	WY, CO	EW	10	06/26/2020	https://go.nasa.gov/3bsifdg	06/27/2020	07/01/2020	Terra	https://www.spc.noaa.gov/climo/reports/200826_rpts.html	JB 10			
		Individual State Swaths		0										
		Overlapping State Swaths		1										
		Total Swaths for the Year		1										

- Year
- Location
- States
- Analyst (Initials & Confidence)
- Event Date
- Worldview Link
- First Appears
- Best Date
- Best View Sensor
- SPC Reports Link
- Notes/Social Media/ WFO Event Summaries
- Additional Validations – 1, 2, 3 (if needed)

Investigator #1	Investigator #2	Investigator #3	Included or not Included in Database
7 or Higher	7 or Higher	Not Needed	Included in Database
7 or Higher	7 or Below	7 or Higher	If 2 of 3 Investigator Confidence Above 5, Included in Database
7 or Higher	5 or Below	5 or Below	If 2 of 3 Investigator Confidence Below 5, Not Included in Database

Methods – Archive Work



- Storm Prediction Center Storm Reports
 - LSR Hail vs. MESH Reports (2012 – 2017)
- NASA Worldview
- Google Drive Spreadsheet
- ArcGIS Pro Digitizing & Attribute Table

OBJECTID *	Shape *	swathYear	swathMonth	swathDay	swathDate	firstYear	firstMonth	firstDay	firstDate	bestYear	bestMonth	bestDay
300	Polygon Z	2000	7	21	2000-07-21	2000	7	25	2000-07-25	2000	7	25
301	Polygon Z	2000	7	21	2000-07-21	2000	7	25	2000-07-25	2000	7	25
302	Polygon Z	2000	7	19	2000-07-19	2000	7	21	2000-07-21	2000	7	21
303	Polygon Z	2000	7	10	2000-07-10	2000	7	11	2000-07-11	2000	7	14

bestDate	states_impacted	Sensor	SPC_Report	AREA	Shape_Area	Shape_Length
2000-07-25	NE	Terra	https://www.spc.noaa...	17057.73	0.007459	0.373866
2000-07-25	NE	Terra	https://www.spc.noaa...	4906.82	0.002134	0.281309
2000-07-21	NE	Terra	https://www.spc.noaa...	60002.13	0.025776	0.831265
2000-07-14	NE	Terra	https://www.spc.noaa...	22121.93	0.009852	0.487914
2000-06-30	NE	Terra	https://www.spc.noaa...	28652.92	0.012329	0.502367