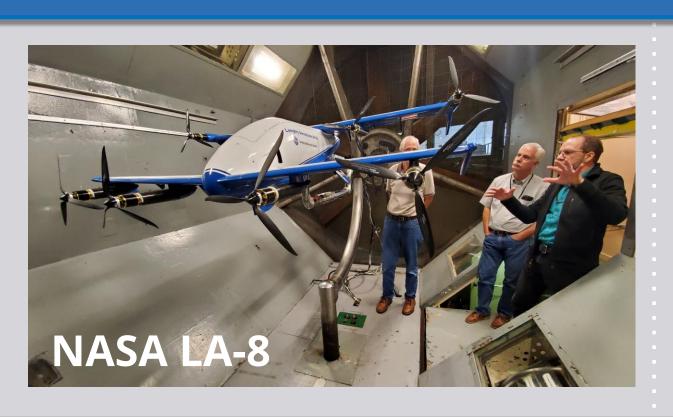


# **IMPROVED PERFORMANCE FOR DRONE AND UAM PROPELLERS AT LOW RPM FOR NOISE REDUCTION**

**Rotors for new** Urban Air Mobility vehicles and small delivery drones are noisy.



### BACKGROUND

ODU has a performance test capability for small propellers in the Low-Speed Wind Tunnel. Recent work has been in support of NASA's LA-8 Urban Air Mobility concept vehicle. Three, four, Five and Six blade folding propellers were characterized – high blade count is used for low-noise applications. A performance loss due to low RPM was identified in studies.

## **OBJECTIVES**

- 1) Referencing the work of Leslie\*, investigate the efficacy for adding trips (thin tape strips) to the propeller blade to improve blade lift by eliminating a laminar separation bubble
- 2) Demonstrate the potential of this approach by showing efficiency may be improved with the trips – start with a 2-blade propeller

### METHODS

- 1) Perform a trip sensitivity experiment where the location and size of trip was varied on the blade – compare performance to untripped blade over small range of velocity and RPM
- 2) With best solution, fully characterize the treated propeller versus the untreated in a statistically rigorous comparison test

### BACKGROUND

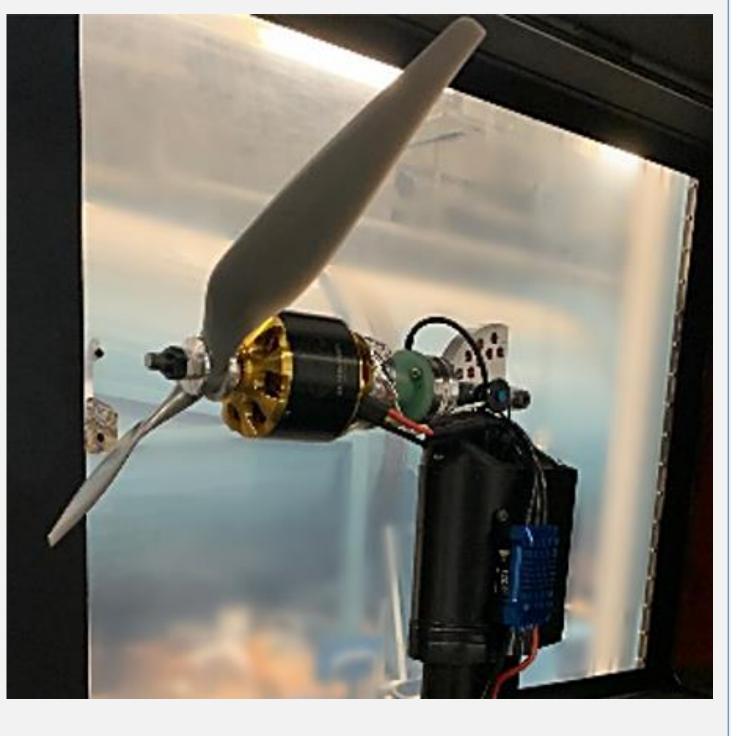
The propeller test stand at the ODU Low-Speed Wind tunnel measures three forces and three torques produced by the propeller and may be inclined to the flow direction

- 6-Axis load cell measurements
- RPM monitoring by retroreflective laser diode
- Statistical Design of Experiments used to generate test matrices and perform analysis

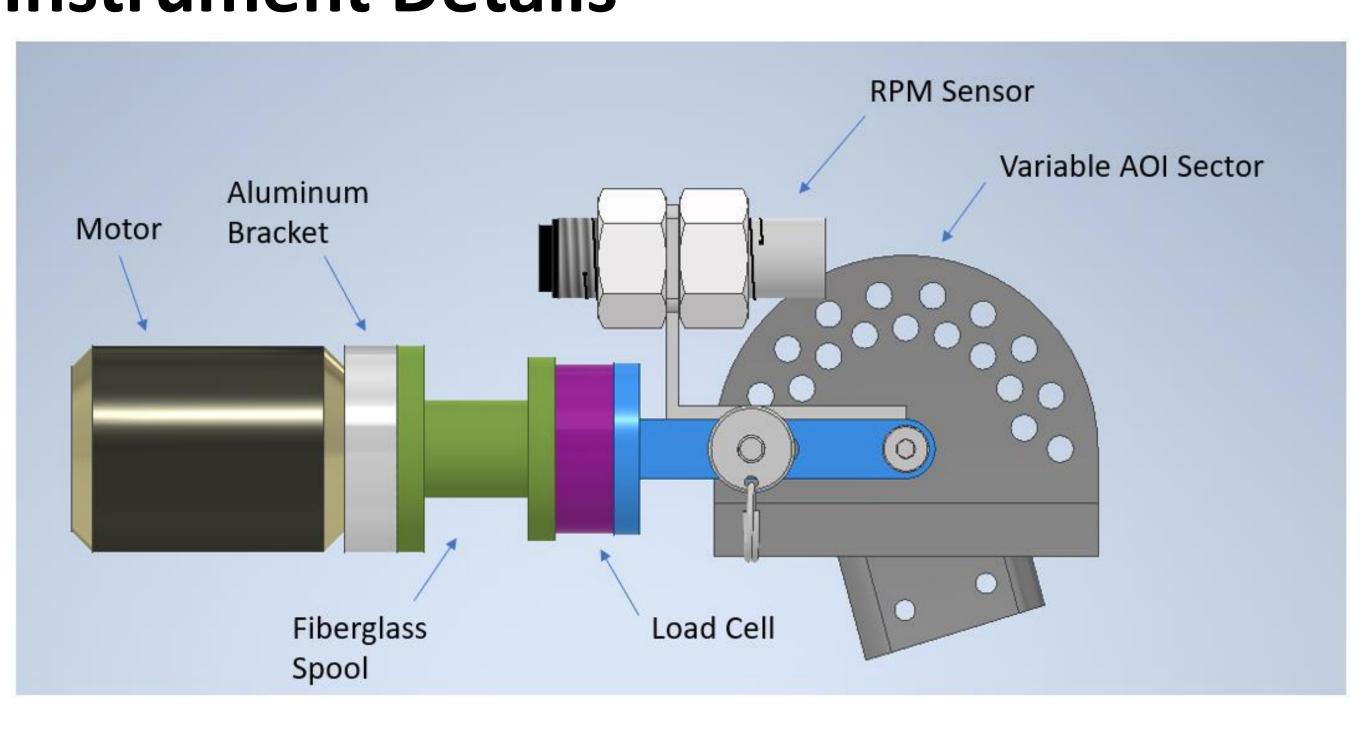
# WHAT WE LEARNED

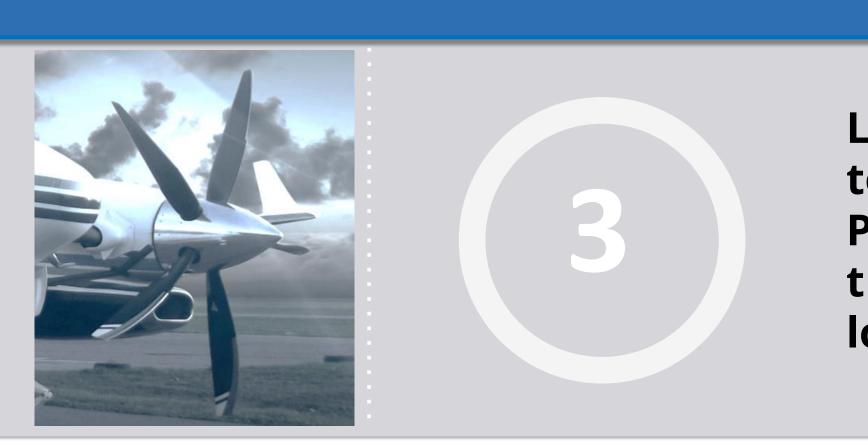
Increasing blade count on propellers while lowering **RPM has historically been** used to decrease noise on aircraft.

**Propeller Test Stand ODU Low-Speed** Wind Tunnel

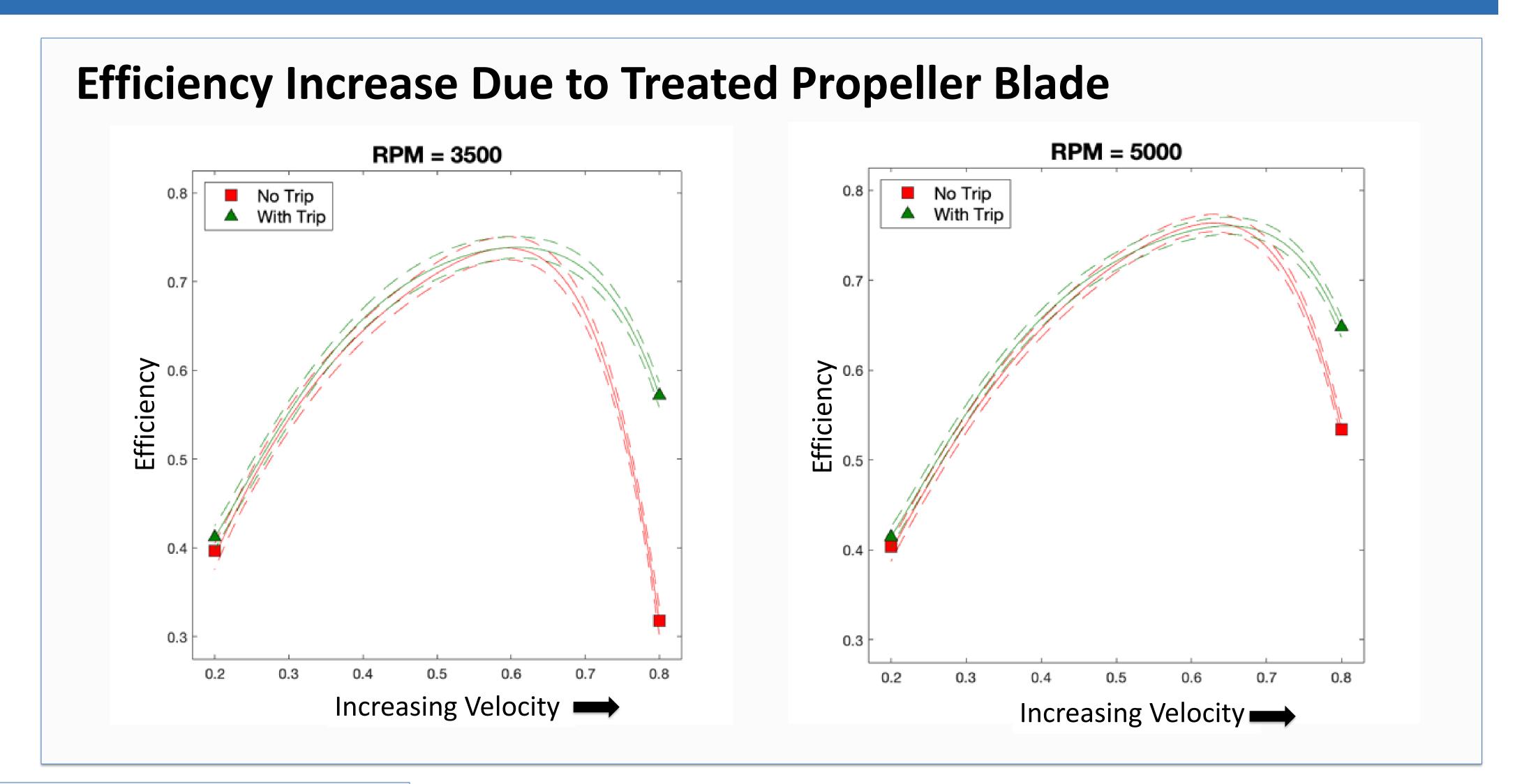


#### **Instrument Details**



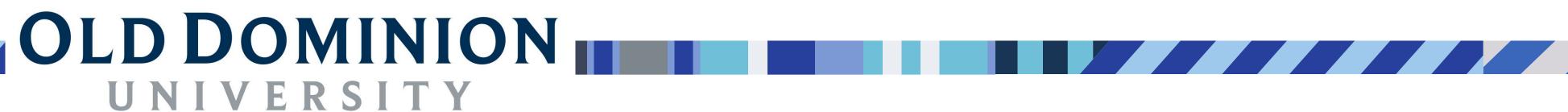


#### RESULTS



#### **Propeller Treated with Trip**









Lowering RPM requires small propellers to operate at low Reynolds Number. **Performance is reduced – forced** transition by using trips helps mitigate losses and lower noise.