



X-59 eXternal Vision System (XVS) Technical Overview



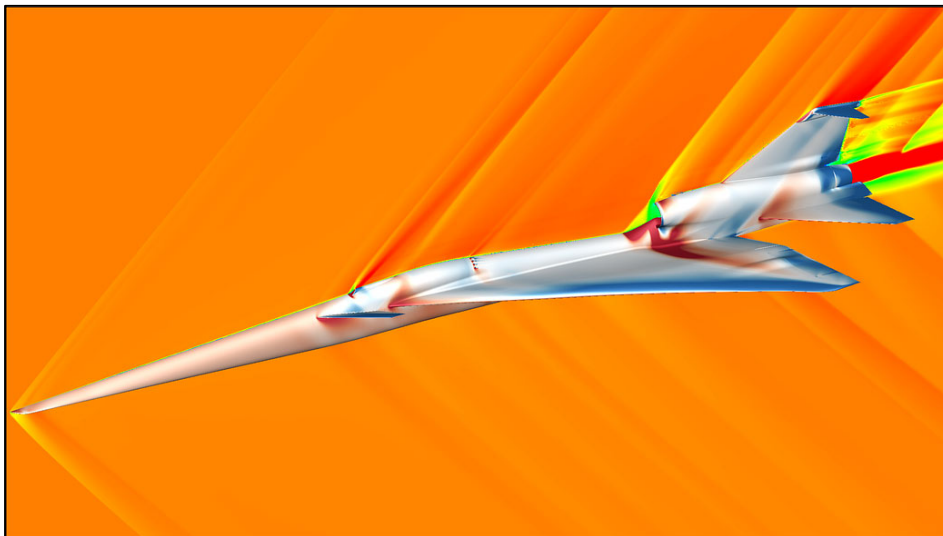
Randall Bailey



X-59 Aircraft



Courtesy: Lockheed-Martin

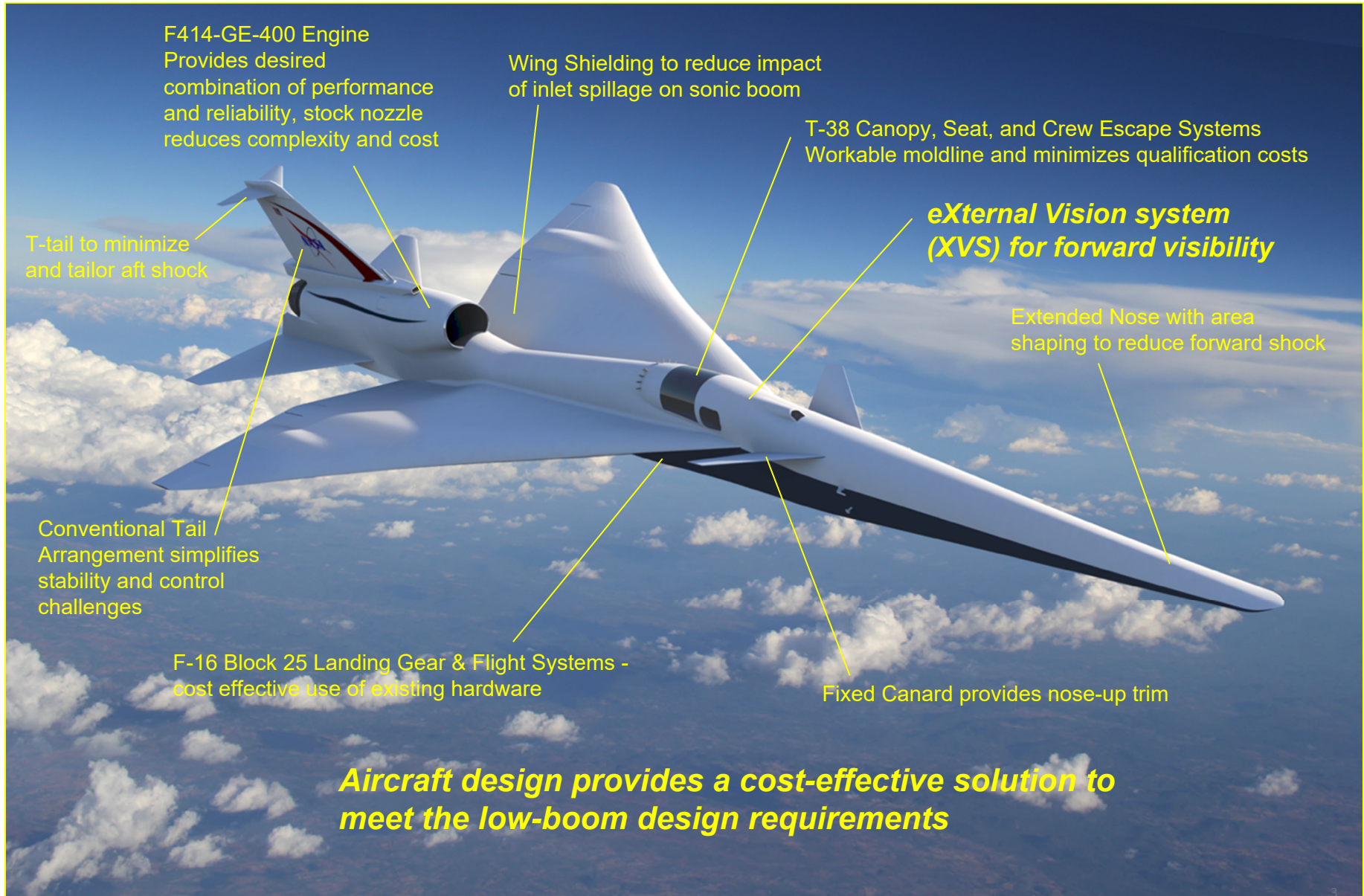


<https://www.nasa.gov/feature/ames/x-59>

- X-59 QueSST – Quiet SuperSonic Technologies
- Low Boom Flight Demonstration (LBFD) Mission
 1. Design and build a piloted, large-scale supersonic X-plane with technology that reduces the loudness of a sonic boom to that of a gentle thump; and
 2. Fly the X-plane over select U.S. communities to gather data on human responses to the low-boom flights and deliver that data set to U.S. and international regulators.



X-59 Design Features





eXternal Vision System (XVS)



- eXternal Vision System (XVS)
 - XVS is the combination of sensor, display and computing technologies that provide visibility of the external scene topography (the natural or manmade features of a place or region) for the flight crew *analogous or equivalent* to forward-facing windows in conventional aircraft
- Mission-Critical
- Affordable State-of-Art Commercial Technology
 - Modified Commercial-Off-The-Shelf

X-59 Flight Deck Artist Conception



Credit: NASA



T-38 Back Seat

Credit: NASA



Legacy for Forward-Visibility Challenges



- The last manned airplane to fly in the National Air Space (NAS) without forward-facing windows:



<https://feedsfree.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/spirit-of-st-louis-768x403.jpg>



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- The previous certificated airplane to fly in the NAS supersonically:

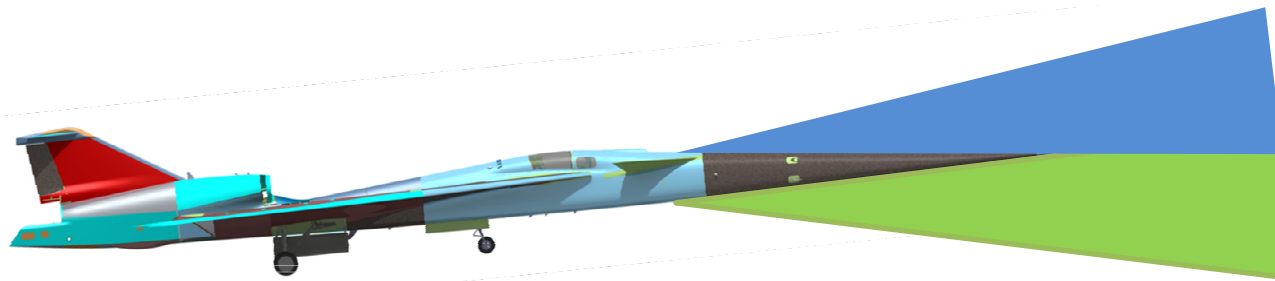


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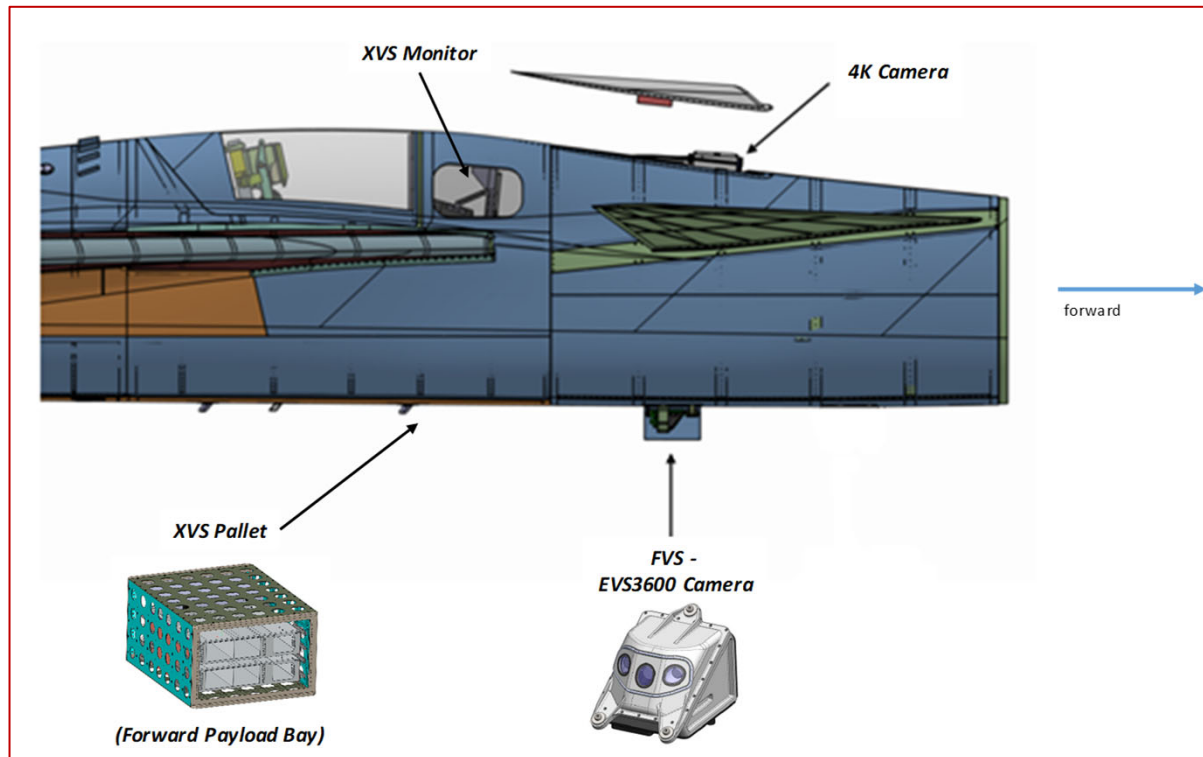


Intended Function – “Electronic Window”



4K Camera

Forward Vision System (FVS)





Field-of-View from DERP



DERP: Design Eye Reference Point

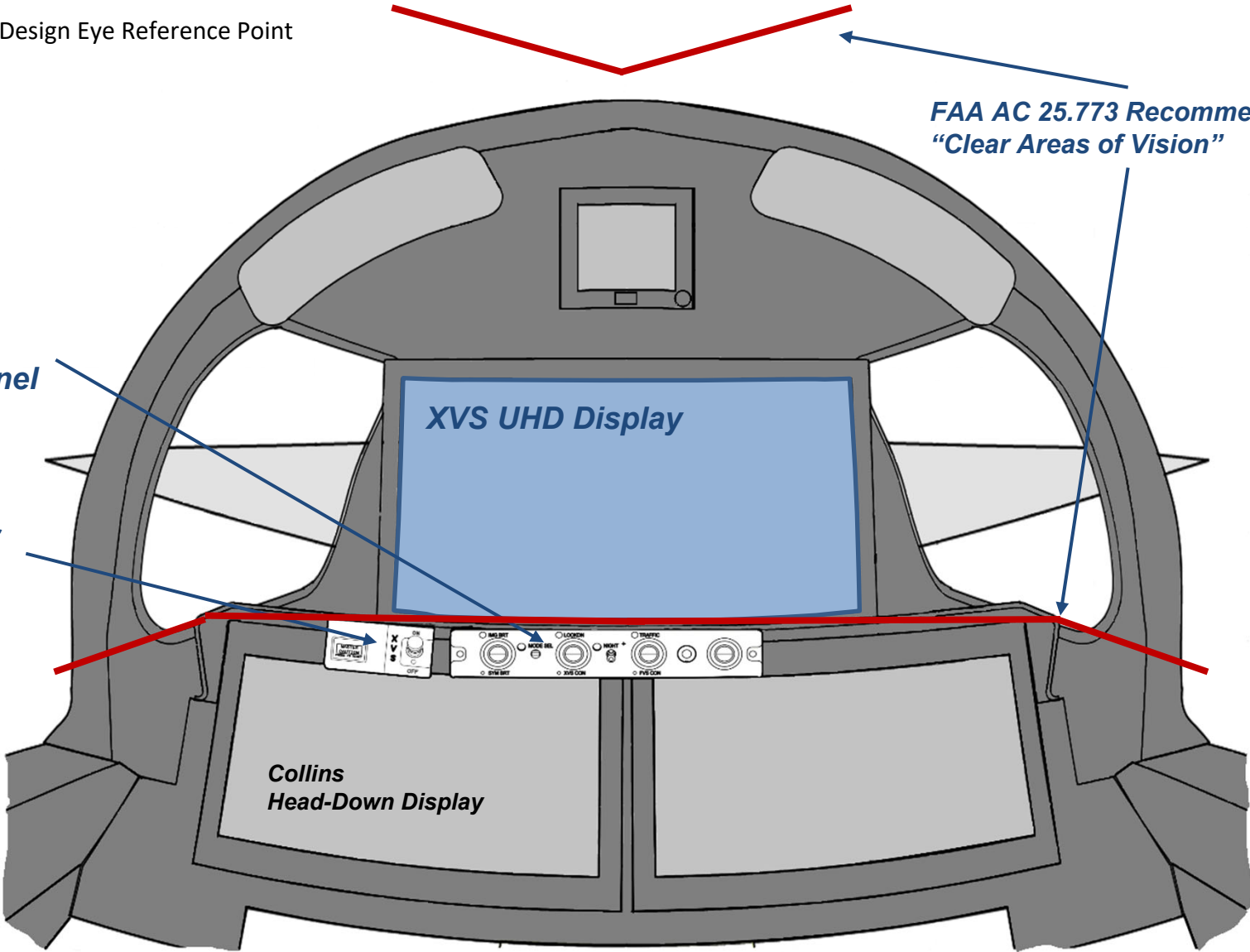
FAA AC 25.773 Recommended
"Clear Areas of Vision"

XVS
Control Panel

XVS Power
Switch

XVS UHD Display

Collins
Head-Down Display

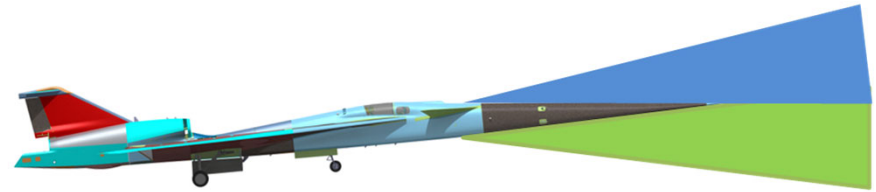




Key XVS Attributes / Requirements



- “Electronic Window” Requirements
 - Derived requirements from “forward-facing windows”
 - Phase 3 mission-critical system / design
- **Near State-of-Art, Near Commercial-Off-the-Shelf**
- Resolution & Contrast
- Conformal, Field-of-Regard
 - 17° V x 29° H
- Real-time Image / Fuselage “fill”
- Low Latency
- Head-Up Display (HUD) symbology
- Traffic awareness
 - Window-equivalence (see-and-avoid)
 - Traffic locator boxes
 - Azimuth / elevation from surveillance data



Credit: NASA



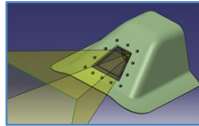
COTS / Modified COTS for Affordability



XVS 4K Camera



<http://www.ioindustries.com/>
Flare IO 12M180CCX



Heated Glass Window
N2-filled Chamber

XVS Pallet

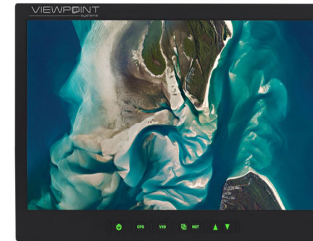


*XVS Mounting Brackets Installed
in X-59 Aircraft; check-fit with
pallet mock-up*

Pseudo-Dual Redundant Design
Mission-Critical

https://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/lowboom/images

XVS Display



<https://viewpointproducts.com>

Viewpoint Systems Monitor
Largest 3840 x 2160 format,
filling allocated X-59 volume
Modified for flight environment



<https://www.trentonsystems.com/>

**Trenton System THS2085 HDEC 2U
rack-mounted computer**

Forward Vision System



Collins EVS360
(LM-Supplied)

XVS Control Panel



Credit: NASA

XVS Maintenance Panel

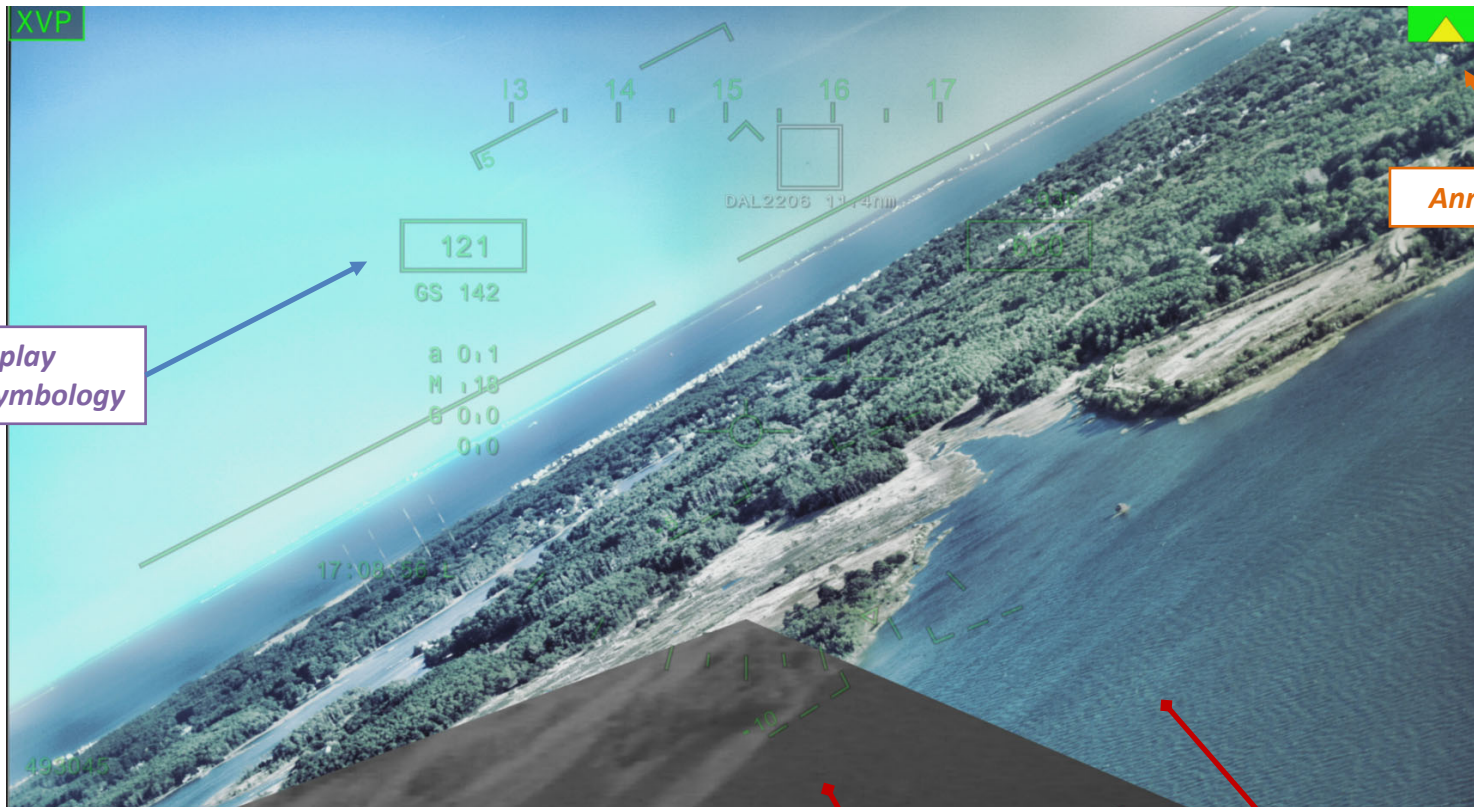




XVS Content – Electronic Window with HUD



- Three Elements: Imagery / Symbology / Annunciations
 - Three Imagery Sources
 - 1) 4K Camera; 2) FVS Camera; and 3) Synthetic Vision



Head-Up Display (HUD)-like Symbology

Annunciations

FVS Imagery

4K Imagery

Credit: NASA



Real-Time Operating System (RTOS) Conversion



- VxWorks® RTOS
 - XVS Operational Flight Program (OFP) runs on VxWorks RTOS
- Required new Graphics and Video Capture Cards
 - Custom Designs and Developments
 - Custom VxWorks Driver Development
 - Vulkan Libraries for Safety Critical Graphics Processing Unit (GPU)

NASA Chooses WOLF Products to Support the eXternal Vision System for the X-59 QueSST Aircraft

Stouffville, ON, September 26, 2018 – WOLF Advanced Technology ("WOLF") is pleased to announce that NASA has chosen two WOLF video graphics modules to take part in the development of NASA's X-59 Quiet SuperSonic Technology (QueSST) aircraft. The X-59 is designed to reduce the noise generated by a sonic boom.

The chosen products, the XMC-E9171-VO (WOLF-3196) and the XMC-FGQ2-SDI-80 (WOLF-3180), provide video capture, process, encode, and display capabilities to help enable NASA's "windowless cockpit display system", the eXternal Vision System (XVS). NASA's XVS is designed to replace a front windshield with video display technology in NASA's Low-Boom Flight Demonstration mission.



NASA's X-59 Quiet SuperSonic

WOLF Announces XMC-E9171-VO for use in Safety Critical Applications with Support for Five 4K Outputs and RTOS Drivers

Stouffville, ON, January 23, 2019 – Wolf Advanced Technology (WOLF) is pleased to announce its XMC-E9171-VO (WOLF 3196) board with support for up to five 4K outputs and support for real-time operating system (RTOS) Windows, Windows and Linux drivers, with additional RTOS drivers available upon request.

"Safety critical applications can require certified real-time operating systems and this product includes RTOS driver support which will enable their use in those demanding military and aerospace applications," said Craig McLaren, CEO of WOLF. "The XMC-E9171-VO is one of the boards we are building for NASA, along with an XMC-FGQ2-SDI-80 (Wolf 3180) to support their X-59 QueSST aircraft."

This product is manufactured in North America with full component traceability and has been designed specifically for use in harsh environments with mission-critical reliability requirements. The XMC-E9171 has been designed to operate within an extended temperature range of -40° to 85°C. These products are designed to pass MIL-STD-883C and RTCA DO-160 environmental tests.

The Wolf XMC-E9171-VO features a chip-down rugged design which incorporates AMD's E9171 Radeon™ GPU. AMD's latest 14nm Polaris architecture provides almost double the performance at the same power compared to the previous generation AMD E8800 GPUs. It features a 4GB GDDR5 memory with a 128-bit width, 1.25 TDRPS GPRPU performance, and dynamic power management with real-time operating control from 10W to 50W.

Video features for the XMC-E9171-VO include support for up to the 4K DisplayPort 1.4 outputs with High-Dynamic Range (HDR) video, 12-bit color depth, and HEVC (H.265) and AVC (H.264) hardware encode and decode. Up to PCIe x8 Gen 3 is supported.

Software API support includes DirectX® 12, OpenGL™ 2.0, OpenGL™ 4.5, and Vulkan™.

NASA Has Selected CoreAVI to Provide Safety Critical Vulkan® API Capabilities on the X-59 QueSST Low-Boom Flight Aircraft

September 11, 2018

Tampa, Florida, Sept. 12, 2018: Core Avionics & Industrial Inc. ("CoreAVI") announced today that it has been selected by NASA to provide their Vulkan® API capabilities for development on NASA's X-59 Quiet SuperSonic Technology (QueSST) aircraft. The CoreAVI SC is designed for DO-178C certification and is available with complete certification evidence. It offers both flexible and powerful graphics and compute capabilities in one package. CoreAVI's TrueCore™ 2.0 Safety Monitor to ensure the health and integrity of the system's GPU and support the GPU's certification levels. The CoreAVI SC will be developed on Windows® 7 RTOS.

The X-59 QueSST will represent state-of-the-art technology in supersonic aircraft," said "Thy Arthur, Aerospace Engineer at NASA. "Working with CoreAVI to build the latest in safety-critical graphics and computing technologies into the X-59."

"The X-59 QueSST is the future of safety-critical graphics," said Dan Jenkins, Executive Vice President of Sales and Marketing at CoreAVI. "CoreAVI is a NASA and Lockheed Martin with all the graphics and compute tools to enable their external vision system in this innovative and revolutionary aircraft."

Please contact CoreAVI if you would like more information.

About Core Avionics & Industrial Inc.

Core Avionics & Industrial Inc. ("CoreAVI") is a global leader in providing products and services designed to enable safety-critical applications. A supplier of real-time and safety-critical graphics and video drivers, program ready, embedded and DO-178C/DO-178C certifiable COTS hardware IP CoreAVI's suite of products enables commercial GPUs, SoC components, and COTS hardware requirements of long-term high-reliability and safety-critical embedded systems with long-term support. CoreAVI products may be purchased at data lists for the most stringent levels of RTCA DO-178C and EUROCAE ED-80/ED-12C. www.coreavi.com

Airbus Defence and Space and CoreAVI Announce Technology Partnership to Bring to Market Safety Certifiable GPU Compute for Autonomous Systems

19 March 11, 2019

Airbus Defence and Space (ADS), Munich, Germany, March 10, 2019: Airbus Defence and Space and Core Avionics & Industrial Inc. ("CoreAVI") announced today a technology partnership to enable the use of GPU compute in an autonomous system and applications for the X-59 QueSST aircraft. The partnership is based on the use of CoreAVI's platform for safety-critical applications, including its "TrueCore™" SC Vulkan-based compute driver. CoreAVI is a NASA and Lockheed Martin with all the graphics and compute tools to enable their external vision system in this innovative and revolutionary aircraft.

On Feb. 20, 2019, the chosen group announced the results of the Value Safety Critical Working Group. The group has identified a set of safety-critical applications to take full advantage of the graphics and compute technology available with the Vulkan API. CoreAVI is the Vulkan SC Computing Driver and is the only vendor to support the GPU compute capabilities using graphics processors. Today, the company offers Vulkan-based safety-critical GPUs for GPU compute and is a DO-178C level safety-critical application. It enables modern avionics applications to take advantage of GPU compute hardware.

CoreAVI's Vulkan-based compute driver is the only vendor to support the GPU compute in an autonomous system. Airbus agreed that the technology is the best for these specific avionics systems with high processing demands, especially for autonomous applications, said Dennis Poretti CEO at CoreAVI. "We are excited to work with Airbus on this technology to bring to market the advanced systems and components that have the full capabilities and benefits of GPU compute technology in their safety-critical platform."

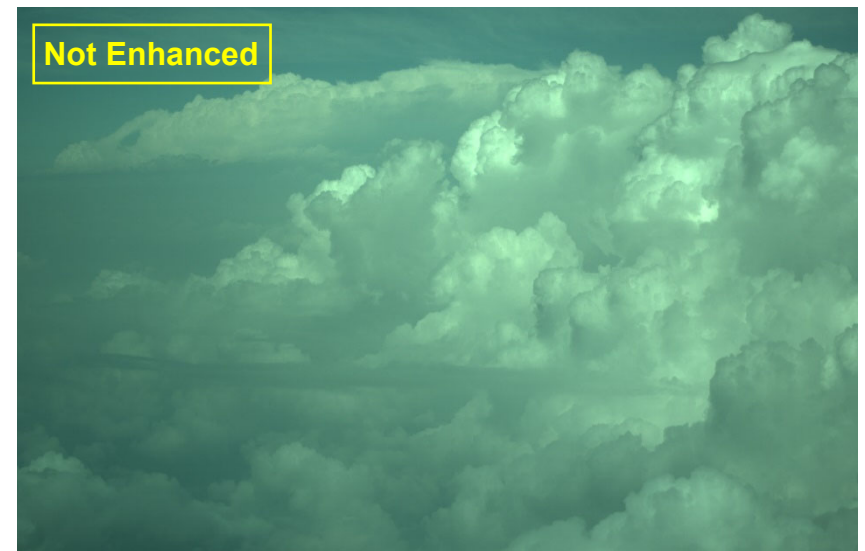
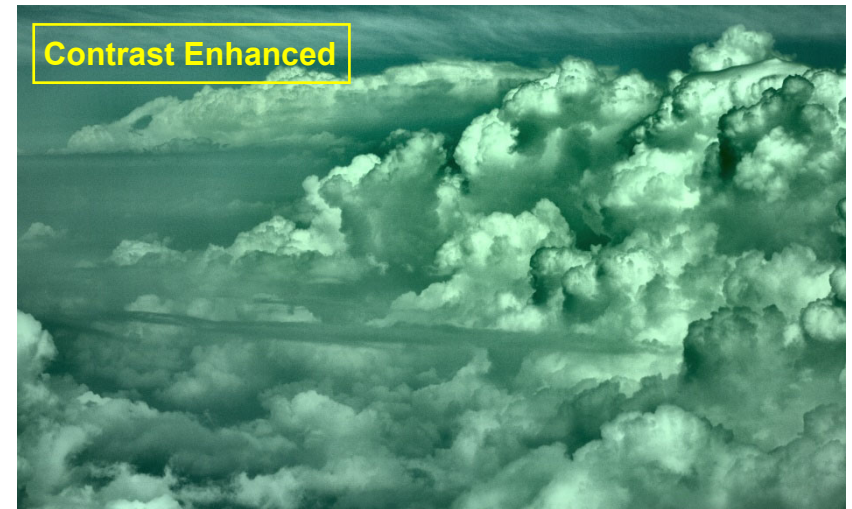
The overall goal of this partnership is to facilitate world-leading compute capabilities in the full spectrum of certified aerospace applications – from control systems to flight management, sensor applications, autonomous flight systems, and fueling and more. And Precision Cockpit Systems Center Head of Airbus Refueling Engineering at Airbus. "CoreAVI's platform for safety-critical applications and Vulkan architecture is the best platform in the market to face this critical challenge to support our safety-critical compute applications."



Contrast Enhancement



- Performance Goal:
 - Equivalent Levels of Performance and Safety to Forward-Facing Windows
 - Project is trying to develop and disseminate quantitative data
- Image resolution is a necessary but perhaps not sufficient prerequisite for “human” equivalent performance
 - Contrast enhancement critical
- Local area contrast enhancement key
 - Working on Luminance
 - Contrast-Limited Adaptive Histogram Equalization (CLAHE)
 - 144 contrast processing threads
 - Created from 12-by-12 tiles of 320 H by 180 V pixels each.



Credit: NASA



Development Path



- XVS Flight Test Development
 - Side-by-side comparative evaluation between forward-facing window (OTW) and XVS
 - *Event marker identified detection*
 - Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) derived time/distance of detection



Credit: NASA



Credit: NASA



Credit: NASA



Low Rez Video, High Rez Target Example



Credit: NASA

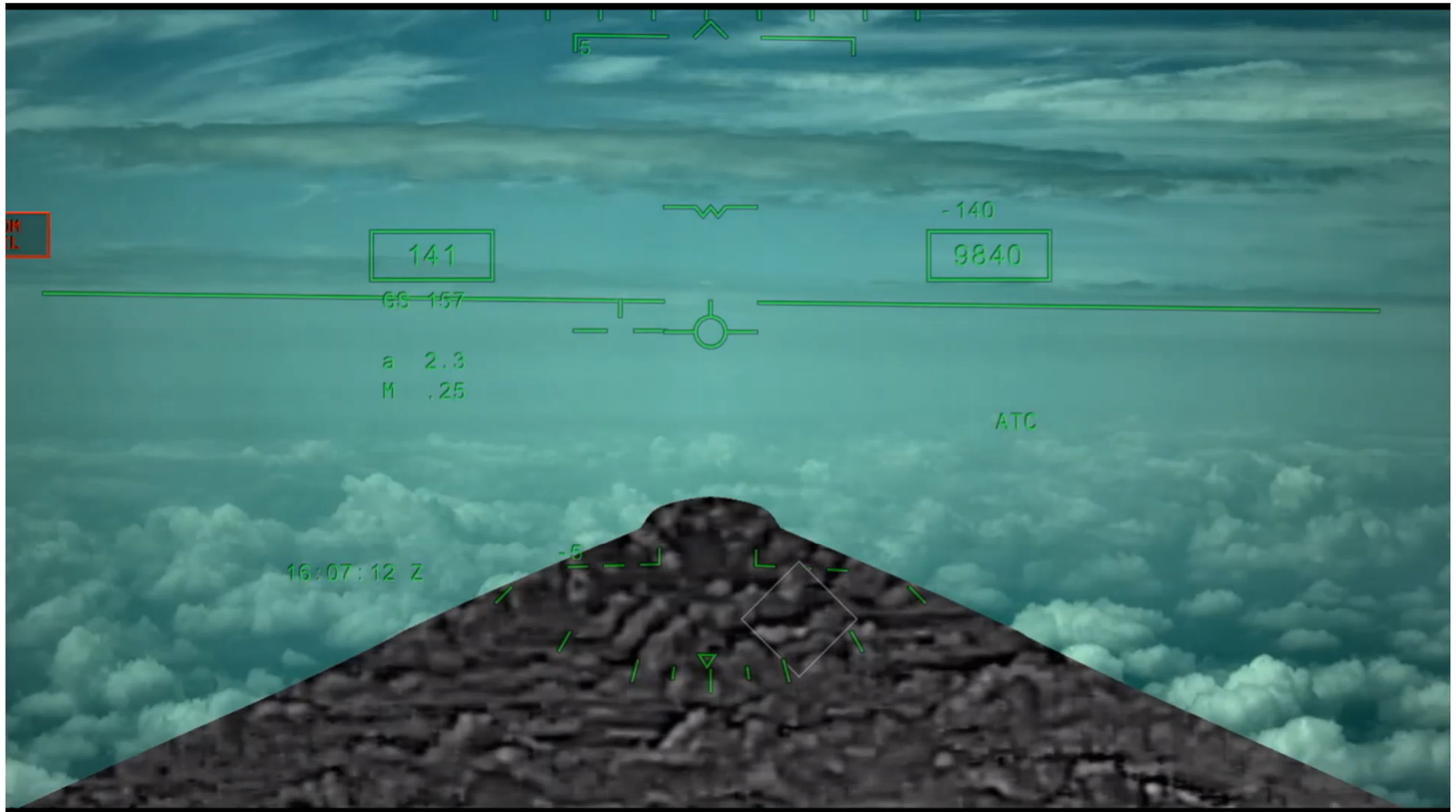




Contrast in See-to-Follow Video



Credit: NASA



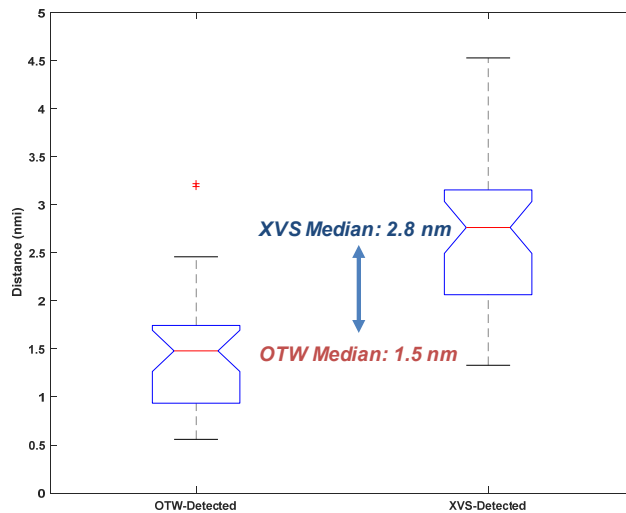


Flight Test Results



- In extremely challenging see-and-avoid, XVS provides equal and most often superior performance than windows

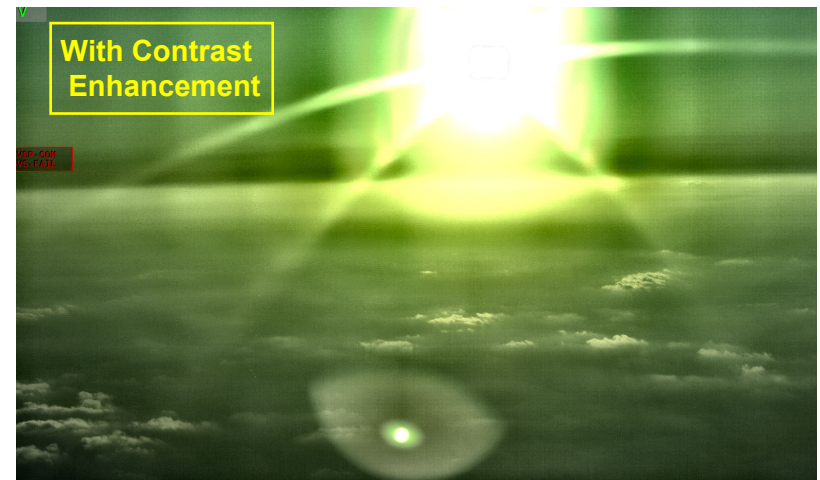
Range at Detection



*Of the 64 runs:
40 detections XVS
35 detections OTW*

Mean closure of 323 kts; Target Aircraft Lancair LC-40

- Sensor Characterization



Credit: NASA



XVS Summary



- Surrogate aircraft flight test conducted as a direct comparative evaluation of XVS performance against forward-facing windows.
 - Extremely demanding see-and-avoid maneuvers, challenging, yet operationally relevant flight conditions.
 - Data suggests XVS equal to and in fact, often superior to forward-facing windows
- Test was a “qualified” proof of Technology Readiness Level of 9 - “actual system is flight-proven in operation”
 - Pilots did not fly the aircraft by reference to the XVS
 - Speed and altitude test profile limited especially in comparison to the X-59
 - The weather conditions were limited.
- XVS Status:
 - Environmental Qual’d for Flight; Integrated into X-59 Systems Integration Lab
 - XVS Delivered and being installed in X-59
 - System checkout on X-59 starts in 2021; ground testing in 2022.
- X-59 First Flight in 2022



First Flight 2022



<https://www.nasa.gov/aeroresearch/x-59-nose-makes-an-appearance>

